Lebanon Advertiser.

VIRTUE LIBERTY & INDEPENDENCE

VOL. 11—NO. 52. LEBANON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 13, 1860. WHOLE NO. 573.

Job Printing:

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Neatly and Promptly Executed, at the
ADVERTISER OFFICE, LEBANON, PENN'A

This establishment is now supplied with an extensive assortment of JOB TYPE, which will be increased as the patronage demands. It can now turn out PRINTING, of every description, in a neat and expeditious manner—and on very reasonable terms. Such as

Pamphlets, Checks,
Business Cards, Handbills,
Circulars, Labels,
Bill Readings, Blanks,
Programmes, Bills of Fare,
Invitations, Tickets, &c., &c.

☞ DEEDS of all kinds, Common and Judgment BONDS. School, Justices', Constables' and other BLANKS, printed correctly and neatly on the best paper, constantly kept for sale at this office, at prices "to suit the times."

*** Subscription price of the LEBANON ADVERTISER One Dollar and a Half a Year.

Address, WM. M. BRESLIN, Lebanon, Pa.

REAL ESTATE.

For Rent.

A NEW two story BRICK HOUSE and LOT OF GROUND, on Plank-Road (Mulberry) street.
May 26, 1860. GEO. W. KLINE.

A fine Business Room
FOR RENT

A fine business Room in S. J. Stine's new building, two doors east of the Buck Hotel, near the Court House. Inquire of S. J. STINE
Lebanon, Nov. 30, 1859.

For Rent.

A DWELLING HOUSE with two Rooms on the first floor, and three on second, with yard, garden, &c., for rent. Apply to
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.
Lebanon, May 9, 1860.

For Rent.

A BUSINESS ROOM, room for the residence of a family, two cellars, &c., for rent.—Possession given immediately. Apply in Cumberland street near the Black Horse Hotel, to
SOLOMON M'CAULLY.
Lebanon, April 25, 1860.

FOR RENT.

A FINE BUSINESS ROOM, suitable for a hardware or clothing Store or any other kind of business, near the corner of Cumberland and Plank Road streets, lately occupied by H. R. Dundore's Cabinet Ware, is offered for rent by the undersigned.
Possession of the above given at any time. Apply to
JOHN B. RAUCH.
Lebanon, Jan. 25, 1860.

Private Sale.

A NEARLY NEW TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, with Summer-kitchen is offered at a low price at private sale. The property is in a good neighborhood, in the eastern part of this borough, has a never-failing well of wholesome water, with pump, different kinds of Fruit Trees, and other improvements on the premises. For other information and particulars apply at the ADVERTISER Office. Lebanon, May 30, '60.–tf.

Brick Dwelling House
FOR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for rent his two-story brick House, situate in Mulberry street, corner of Jail Alley.
ALSO,
A Bakehouse and Oven, corner of Cumberland and Spring streets. JACOB FUNCK.
Lebanon, May 2, 1860.

For Sale or Rent.

2 NEW BRICK HOUSES and ONE FRAME. A Double TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE on the corner of Centre and Chesnut Streets, not quite finished, and a SINGLE TWO STORY BRICK, on Chestnut Street now occupied by John Krick, and a frame 1½ Story in North Lebanon, near John Arnold, are offered at Private Sale, and will be sold Cheap and upon easy terms. Possession given of the two Brick in August next, by SIMON J. STINE.
Lebanon, June 29, 1859.

Private Sale.

THE Subscriber offers at private sale all that certain farm or tract of land, situate partly in Pinegrove township, Schuylkill county, and partly in Bethel township, Lebanon county, bounded by lands of Eckert and Guilford, Benjamin Ayerigg, Daniel Doubert and others, containing one hundred and forty-eight acres and a quarter, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two story log dwelling-house, (weather boarded) a 1½ story log dwelling house, a new bank barn, other out-buildings, and a new water power saw mill. For terms, &c., which will be easy, Apply to
C. W. MATCHIN, Agent.
Pinegrove, April 20, 1859.–tf.

VALUABLE BOROUGH PROPERTY AT
PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscribers offers at Private Sale, the following Real Estate, situate on Mulberry street, in the Borough of Lebanon, viz:

A PART LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND, fronting 25 feet 3 inches on said Mulberry street, and running back to an alley, on which is erected a new *BRICK HOUSE*, 21 by 48 feet including a two-story back building, with necessary out-buildings. The house is finished in the best style and the location is a very pleasant one. It will be sold on easy terms. For particulars apply to
Lebanon Aug. 18, 1859. D. S. HAMMOND.

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale his new two-story brick DWELLING HOUSE, situated in Elizabeth street, Lebanon, Pa. The House is 17 by 28 feet, has 2 rooms on the first floor and 3 on the second. The other improvements are a good WASH-HOUSE, Bake-oven, Cistern and Garden. The Lot is 59½ by 66 feet. The above property is all new and in a good condition, and will be sold on easy terms. Possession will be given on the 1st day of April, 1860.—Apply to J. H. KEIM, Photographer.
Lebanon, Aug. 3, 1859.–tf.

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, his valuable Tract of Land, containing 22 Acres and 35 Perches of SAND-LAND. There are about 3 Acres of HEAVY TIMBER, on this tract, situate in Londonderry township, Lebanon county, on the road leading from Colebrook to Campbelltown, about ½ mile West of the former place. The improvements thereon are a good
STONE BARN, LOG HOUSE,
HOG-PEN and other necessary Out Buildings. A never failing SPRING of Water near the house, with a good SPRING-HOUSE. Besides a running stream of water through the tract.

ALSO, a good APPLE ORCHARD, besides Peaches, Plums and Cherries. If the above property is not sold before *Saturday, October* 6, 1860, it will be offered on that day at Public Sale. Possession will be given on the first day of April 1861, with a good and indisputable title. JACOB YOUTZ.
May 23, 1860.

VALUABLE BOROUGH PROPERTY AT
PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscribers offer at Private Sale, their NEW DWELLING HOUSE, situated on Cumberland Street, corner of Pinegrove Alley, East Lebanon, and at present occupied by them. The HOUSE and two story KITCHEN are substantially built of brick, contain 11 Rooms most of them papered and lighted by gas; a never failing Well with excellent water, as well as a Cistern in the yard. Summer Kitchen, Bake Oven, and other out-buildings. The LOT is 26 feet front, and runs back to Jail Alley, 198 feet. On the rear part of the Lot is erected a two story Frame SHOP, Pig Sty, &c., &c. The Garden is in a first rate state of cultivation, and contains a variety of Fruit Trees and Vines, &c., &c.

☞ The above Property is all in good condition, and will be sold low. Title indisputable, and possession to be given when desired.

☞ Any person desirous of purchasing and securing a pleasant residence, will call and learn the terms of
REIZENSTEIN & BRO.,
Lebanon, Sept 7, '59.] opposite the Court House.

NEW GOODS!! NEW GOODS!!
AT
HENRY & STINE'S.

Henry & Stine have just opened a splendid stock of DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, &c.

NORTH LEBANON BOROUGH
DIVIDED!
GREAT EXCITEMNET.

Grand Rush for the People's Head Quarters!
THE ACTION

OF the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in reference to the Borough of NORTH LEBANON, has caused an unusual degree of excitement among its quiet inhabitants, but not near so much as the Fresh Arrival of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
at the MANSION HOUSE STORE OF
Messrs. Funck & Brother.

☞ The Proprietors feel confident that they are still able to supply all their customers, and the "rest of mankind," who will favor them with a call, with any variety of the
CHOICEST GOODS.

The new system enables them to sell at *greatly reduced prices*, which they hope will be a great inducement for all desirous of buying cheap, to give them a call. Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies and Gentlemen are most cordially invited to give them a call, and examine for themselves.
North Lebanon Borough, April 28. 1859.

New York Dry Goods!

THE undersigned have just returned from
NEW YORK and
PHILADELPHIA,
with one of the largest assortment of all kinds of Spring Goods, which they have purchased from the Manufacturers, and at Auctions, and can be sold considerably lower than ever offered in Lebanon.

Among the Ladies' *Dress Goods*, are Silk Lustres, Delaines, Black and Fancy Silks, Challes, Tissues, Berages, Lawns and Ginghams, which will create smiles and astonishment.

In Gentlemens' Wear we are not behind the times, and our Stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Vestings, Linens, Cravats, Collars, and Goods for all the year round, are not to be surpassed either in magnificence of
STYLES, PRICES, OR QUALITIES,
Also, GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, &c.,
the largest assortment ever brought to the Borough of Lebanon, which we are determined will and shall be rapidly disposed of, as they are
Goods to suit the Season,
Qualities to suit the County,
Styles to suit the Taste,
Prices to suit the Times.

Give us an early call, so what you hear you may see and seeing may believe that the BEE HIVE STORE is up to the times. GEORGE & PYLE.
Lebanon, March 14, 1860.

Lebanon Mutual Insurance Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pa.
CHARTER PERPETUAL!
OFFICE AT JONESTOWN, LEBANON COUNTY.
GUARANTEE CAPITAL $55,000!

THIS COMPANY is in full operation, and ready to make *Insurance* on all kinds of property, in *Town or Country*, and on as favorable terms as any well governed and safe company, either on the Mutual or joint stock principle.

President—JOHN BRUNNER, Esq.
Vice President—D. M. RANK.
Treasurer—GEO. F. MEILY.
Secretary—WM. A. BARRY.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN BRUNNER, Esq.	GEO. ROSS,
GEO. F. MEILY,	D. M. KARMANY,
NAPOLEON DESH,	JEFF. SHIRK,
JOHN C. SELTZER,	S. K. TREICHLER,
DAVID M. RANK,	DAVID RANK,
DANIEL H. BIEVER,	WM. A. BARRY.

ANTHONY S. ELY, *Agent for Lebanon and vicinity*
Jonestown, Feb. 23, 1859.

Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Annville,

LEBANON COUNTY, PENN'A.

THIS COMPANY was incorporated, March. 1859, and is now in full operation and ready to make insurance on Dwellings, and other Buildings, on Furniture, and Merchandise generally. Also on Barns. Contents, Stock, Farm Implements, &c., on a Mutual Principle.

MANAGERS.

Christian Bachman,	John N. Smith,
William Early, jr.,	John H. Kinports,
David B Gingrich,	George Rigler,
Christian Hoffer,	John Allwein,
Samuel Meyer,	Rudolph Herr,
John D. Reiver,	Joseph F. Matz,
Dr. Henry Stine.	

JOHN ALLWEIN, President.
RUDOLPH HERR, Treasurer.
JOSEPH F. MATZ, Secretary.
Annville, January 19, 1860.–1y.

American Life Insurance Company.

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

COMPANY'S BUILDING, WALNUT Street S. E. Corner of FOURTH, Phila. Life Insurance at the usual MUTUAL RATES, or at JOINT STOCK RATES, at about 20 per cent. less, or at TOTAL ABSTINENCE RATES, the lowest in the world.

J. C. SIMS, Sec'y.] A. WHILLDIN, President.
☞ GEORGE GLEIM, Esq., is Agent for Lebanon county. [February 8, 1860.–1y.

John W. Mish, Agent for

FAME INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 411 CHESTNUT Street, PHILADELPHIA

INCORPORATED APRIL, 1856, BY THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CONFINED TO FIRE AND INLAND RISKS.
GEORGE W. DAY, President,
JONATHAN V. SLOCUM, Vice Pres't.
WILLIAMS I. BLANCHARD, Sec'ry.
August 24, 1859.

H. H. RŒDEL'S
BOOK STORE

Is located on Corner of Cumberland street and Doe Alley,
(FORMERLY WALTZ & RŒDEL.)

HE solicits a share of public patronage, offering as an inducement a large and well selected supply of School, Blank, Miscellaneous and Sunday School Books.

His stock of STATIONERY is the largest in town and well selected.

Of WINDOW SHADES, he has a large variety, plain, fancy, Buff, Green, Gilt, &c., &c.

Of PAPER SHADES, the neatest patterns ever exhibited to the public. He also has Putman's Patent fixture the simplest and best adapted for the purpose extant.

☞ Infant Salvation in its relation to Infant Depravity, Infant Regeneration, Infant Baptism, an admirably little work written by J. H. A. Bomberger, D. D. Pastor of the Race street Evangelical Reformed Church, Philadelphia, has just been received by Mr. Rœdel.—Price, Plain, 50 cents, Gilt, 60.

His stock is kept up by a weekly supply from Philadelphia. [Lebanon, April 18, 1860.]

WALNUT STREET
STILL AHEAD IN THE
Cheapest. Best Selected, and Largest Stock of
WALL PAPERS,
Window Shades, Curtains, &c.,

THE UNDERSIGNED having in connection with his BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE, purchased the entire stock of WALL PAPERS of Messrs. WALTZ & RŒDEL and W. G. WARD, and having also recently received large supplies from New York and Philadelphia, including the latest and most handsome styles of

Paper Hangings, Borders, Decorations, Panelings, Fire Board Prints, Window Curtains, Shades, &c., &c.,

now manufactured. His stock presents the best assortment of Papers, both in style and quality, that has ever been seen in Lebanon, and as he has bought most of his Papers at reduced rates, for Cash, he is able to sell Wall Paper at cheaper rates than they can be obtained at any other place. He has also made arrangements with the best Paper Hangers in Lebanon to put up paper for him, if desired, at the shortest notice on the most reasonable terms.

Give him a call and be convinced.

☞ Remember the place, at the *New Bookstore in Walnut Street, a few doors south of Kurmany's Hardware Store.*
J. HENRY MILLER.
Lebanon, April 4, 1860.

THE CHEAP BOOK STORE
OF
GEORGE WALTZ,

Is located on MARKET SQUARE, North of Cumberland Street, Lebanon, Pa. Where
SCHOOL BOOKS,
Blank Books, and Stationary of every description are always on hand, and sold at the lowest possible
CASH PRICE,

GILT SHADES, and WINDOW PAPER of every variety of patterns and prices are also on exhibition and for sale at
WALTZ'S CHEAP BOOKSTORE.

WALTZ also furnishes the MONTHLY MAGAZINES, of our Eastern Cities, as soon as published.

☞ Orders for books, periodicals, or anything in his line, will receive prompt attention.

Among the New Books,
lately received and for Sale at
GEORGE WALTZ'S
are the following:—

RELIGIOUS.—*The Pillar of Fire*, or Israel in Bondage; The Power of Prayer; Manna in the Wilderness; Cottage Testament, A complete Commentary on the New Testament; The Prince of the House of David, in German.

MISCELLANEOUS:—Knitting Work, by Mrs. Partington; Harp of a Thousand Strings; Black Diamond; Prof. Hare's Spiritualism Demonstrated; Humboldt's Cosmos, A Sketch of the Physical Description of the Universe.

Geo. Waltz is agent to receive subscription for the following Works, now on Press:

"NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA,"
in fifteen Vols. Vol. I to VI are now ready.
Price in Extra Cloth, per Vol. $3.00
do. Library Leather do. 3.50

Diary of the American Revolution, by Frank Moore, completed in two Vols., price in Clo'h, $2.50 per vol.

☞ Mr. Waltz has just received the following valuable New Books:—Helps for the Pulpit, a Sketch Book—Ten Years of Preachers' life, by Milburn; The Life, of Rev. Jacob Gruber; The Bibical Reason Why; a Dictionary of the Bible, Illustrated with the Maps of Canaan, the Holy Land, Paul's Travels; Helper Dissected by Judge Wolfe, of Va.; Grief's German and English Dictionary, in 2 Vols.; Adlers, do., do., Kunst, do., do., Rechner's German Biblical Concordance; Barnhard's do., do.

Mr. Waltz's Book Store is at the old place on Market street.
Lebanon, March 28, 1860.

New Invention.
Wood Burned Lime.

BY late improvements in the art of LIME BURNING the subscriber is now enabled to produce the best WOOD-BURNED LIME that was ever made in this section of country, and in quantities without limit, at short notice.—His Improvements are such that he is enabled to sell his Lime at 12½ cents per bushels wholesale, instead of 25 cents, which has been the prices heretofore. LIME, burned with COAL, can also be obtained at low rates by the boat-load, or in less quantities, as may be desired.

WOOD taken in exchange for Lime. Having gone to a great expense in the perfection of his improvements for lime burning on a large scale, at low prices, the subscriber hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

His location is at the old and well known place on the Union Canal, in North Lebanon. DAVID BOYER.
N. Lebanon, May 18, 1859.

CLOCKS.
Thirty Day,
Eight Day,
Thirty Hour,
CLOCKS,
Just Received at
J. J. BLAIR'S Jewelry Store,
Lebanon Pa.

Trusses! Braces! Supporters!
C. H. NEEDLES,
S. W. Corner Twelfth and Race Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,

PRACTICAL Adjuster of Rupture Trusses and Mechanical Remedies. Has constantly on hand a large Stock of Genuine French trusses, also a complete assortment of the best American, including the celebrated White Patent Lever Truss, believed by the best authorities to be superior to any yet invented. English and American Supporters and Belts, Shoulder Braces, Suspensory Bandages, Self Injecting Syringes, adapted to both sexes, in neat portable cases, French Pessaries, Urinal Sage, &c.

Orders and letters of enquiry, will meet prompt attention. [Aug. 31, 1859.–1y.

Head Quarters!
GEORGE & PYLE
ARE NOW RECEIVING
FROM NEW YORK AND EASTERN MANUFACTURERS,
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,
Ever Offered in this Market.

OUR MOTTO IS
"LOW PRICES WIN."

OUR STOCK CONSISTS of STAPLE & FANCY
DRY GOODS,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
MEN and BOYS WEAR,
MILLINERY GOODS,
WHITE GOODS,
CLOTHS & CASSIMERES.
CROCKERY, GROCERIES,
CARPETINGS & OIL CLOTHS,
The largest assortment ever offered in Lebanon, bought directly of Manufacturers.
OUR GOODS ARE BOUGHT FOR
CASH.

☞ We find it better policy to sell a large amount of GOODS AT A SMALL PROFIT,
Than to sell a small amount at a large percentage!

CALL & EXAMINE OUR GOODS,
AND COMPARE PRICES.
GEORGE & PYLE.

50 pieces Black and Fancy Dress Goods,
50 do. Muslin Delain.
50 do. Lawns, (very cheap.)
1000 New Style Ladies Collars.
100 Spring (Stella) Shawls.
200 New Style Bonnets.
Large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING.
A large assortment of new style MANTILLAS AND CAPES.

GROCERIES.

5 Hhds. Splendid SUGAR, 7, 8, and 9 cts., per pound.
5 do. SYRUP MOLASSES, 8, 12, 14 and 16.
Lebanon, May 9, 1860.

L. K. LAUDERMILCH,
CUMBERLAND STREET,
LEBANON, PENN'A.
Wholesale and Retail.
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, &c.

FOR LADIES—DRESS GOODS of all descriptions, sold at astonishing low prices, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.

FOR GENTLEMEN—A large assortment of all kinds of Goods for Men and Boys wear for sale very low, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.

GROCERIES—All kinds of Groceries and Provisions constantly on hand and for sale cheap, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.

HAMS, Dried-Beef, Shoulders, Flitch, No. 1 Mackerel in barrels, quarter and half barrels; English Cheese, &c., for sale cheap, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.

POTATOES—For sale cheap, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.

PARASOLS and Umbrellas, for sale cheap, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.

SHAWLS—A cheap lot of Sawls just received and for sale, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.

CARPETS—Just received and for sale cheap, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.

WANTED WANTED!!
ALL kinds of PRODUCE, such as Butter, Eggs, Lard, Tallow, Soap, Hams, Shoulders, Flitch, Dried Apples, &c., for which the highest market prices will always be paid in Store Goods, by
L. K. LAUDERMILCH.
Lebanon, May 9, 1860.

COME AND SEE
THE
Cheap Dry Goods
AT THE
GOLDEN SIGN, OF
HENRY & STINE.

THEY have now open and are exhibiting their splendid stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which were selected with great care and bought at cash prices, enabling them to sell very low, and give Great Bargains to their numerous friends and customers.

HENRY & STINE'S splendid stock of Colored Silks, in Plaids, Stripes and Figures.
HENRY & STINE'S splendid Black Silks for Ladies' Dresses, Mantillas, &c.
HENRY & STINE'S Calla d'Ecose, Molines, Challa Bereges, Fine India Cloth, Fine India Foulards, India Lustres, British Persians, Lavella Cloth, Mohair De Bege, Mattinees, Challa Foulard Robes, Alpacha Lustres &c.
HENRY & STINE'S Brilliants, plain and figured; of various colors and at all prices.
HENRY & STINE'S Lawns, Chintzes, Ginghams, Calicoes, &c.
HENRY & STINE'S White Goods, such as Mulls, Jackonets, Brilliants, Bobinetts, Marseilles, Linens, Lawns, Laces, Edgings, &c.
HENRY & STINE'S Collars, Sleeves, Gloves, Mitts, Stockings, Handkerchiefs, &c.
HENRY & STINE'S Fringes, Ball Trimmings, Buttons, and all kinds of Fancy Trimmings for Ladies' dresses.
HENRY & STINE'S Spring Shawls, Spring Shawls, Spring Shawls.
HENRY & STINE'S Mantillas and Capes, Mantillas and Capes.

In short HENRY & STINE'S stock of Goods for Ladies' Wear, cannot be beat and defies competition. Ladies give them an early call. Just now is the time to buy cheap. [Lebanon, April 18, 1860.]

New Goods! New Goods!
AT THE
CHEAP STORE
OF
RAUCH & LIGHT.

At the Corner of Cumberland Street and Plank Road,
LEBANON, PA.

MESSRS. RAUCH & LIGHT take pleasure in informing their friends and the public generally that they have opened with a large and carefully selected assortment of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES.
QUEENSWARE, &c.,
to which they respectfully invite the attention of the public. Their
DRY GOODS,
have all been selected with the greatest care from the largest Importing Houses in Philadelphia.
GROCERIES,
A large stock of cheap Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Chocolate, and all kinds of Spices. Also, a large assortment of
QUEENSWARE,
among which are the newest patterns, together with almost an endless variety of Goods in their line of business, which will be sold very cheap for cash, or Country Produce taken in exchange.
April 18, 1860.] RAUCH & LIGHT.

SWARTZ & BRO.

CASH
DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS, QUEENSWARE,
GROCERIES, &c.
HALL BUILDING,
MARKET STREET.

Cash paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

READ, READ.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS,
has been and continues to be the Motto at the
NEW STORE.

W. K. & J. ECKERT would inform the citizens of Lebanon and the public generally, that they have now received their Second Selection of Goods, embracing a large and general assortment of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, &c.
Lebanon, May 9,1860.

Choice Poetry.

PALLID BEAUTY IN SLUMBER.

Little, pale face, with the dream-shadows over it,
Hushed in the moonlight, peaceful, and calm,
Soft stars drop dew-veils upon it, and cover it;
Zephry lips kiss it with kisses of balm.

Hushed in a slumber so white and so breathless,
"Will she not waken to know of my love?
Know of my worship so holy, so deathless,
Pure as the star-blossoms dropped from above?"

Wan is the moonlight, and fainter and whiter
Quiver the dream-shadows over her cheek;
All her free hair with the dew trembles lighter,
"Will she awake to my love if I speak?"

Now her sweet dream, like a breath over roses,
Melt on her lips in a tender joy smile;
From its brief sorrows her warm heart reposes,
Lost in a vision of love all the while.

"Awake, little maiden to love that is deeper—
Love that for you is so perfectly wise;
Rest your bright head on my heart little sleeper—
Bury my love in the depths of your eyes."

A LYRICAL GEM.

The following lullaby is sufficiently tender and musical to make every woman who reads it wish for a baby to sing it to:—

Come to my arms, you bewildering elf!
Let me gather you, body and soul, to myself,
Bury your ghittiliant eyes and hair,
And all the glory and grace you wear,
From twinkling feet to golden crown,
Deep in the folds of my crimson gown;
Clasping you close to my bosom and heart,
A thing of my holiest being a part;
Crooning a song in the olden rhyme,
Tender and sweet as a vesper chime.

Sleep, baby-boy;
The little birds rest,
Downy and soft,
In the mother-bird's nest;
The lambkins are safe
In the shepherd's warm fold;
The dew-drops asleep
In the butter-cup's gold.

The violet nods
To the daisy's dream;
The lily lies hushed
On the lap of the stream;
And all holy and calm,
Like motherly eyes,
The stars look down
From the silent skies.

Sleep, baby boy,
My birdling, my flower,
My lily, my lambkin,
My dew-drop, my dower!
While heart against heart
Beats softly in time
To the murmuring flow
Of my tender old rhyme.

Miscellaneous.

METEORIC SHOWERS.

The recent fall of meteoric stones in Ohio, has given a renewed impetus to the interest with which the appearance of such mysterious visitants is always attended. That such stones do fall, and that not unfrequently, is certain.

All doubt of the reality of the fact is put at rest by the concurrent testimony of the past centuries, and by the peculiar formation of the stones themselves, which is always nearly the same. On analysis they are found to be composed, with slight variations, of vitrified earth, iron, magnesia and nickel, with a small amount of sulphur. Ashes are someties discovered in them, and iron in pure, bright spicules. The surface is covered with a metallic coating like varnish, which extends even over parts freshly broken.

The Philosophical Transactions (English) and records of the French Academy, contain authenticated accounts of many such falls of stones. In 1705 a stone fell in Yorkshire, England, weighing fifty-six pounds. It was preceded by a report like the discharge of guns, and by two distinct concussions of the earth. It buried itself twenty-one inches in the ground, and was found hot and smoking.

In 1769 three masses of stone fell with a noise like thunder in three separate and distincts provinces of France—Maine, Artois and Cotentin—and were found while hot. They were sent to the Academy, and were all alike, covered with a ferrignous coat, and containing iron and sulphur.

In 1776 a terrific fire ball came from the direction of the Turkish provinces, bordering high on the Adriatic, swept over Italy beyond Leghorn, and burst with a loud report, its fragments falling into the sea with a hissing noise like the quenching of red-hot iron. The height of this meteor was computed at thirty-eight Italian miles.

In 1768 a dark threatening cloud was observed in the province of Main, Germany, from which came thunder, but no lightning. A whizzing noise was then heard, and an opaque body shot out from the cloud, descended in a curved line, and fell in a field. It was found to be a stone, burning hot, similar in formation to other meteoric stones, and weighing seven pounds and a half. It was covered with a black crust, and on analysis, was found to contain, in one hundred parts, fifty-five and a half of vitrificable earth, thirty-five of iron, and eight and a half of sulphur.

In 1794 a tremendous cloud appeared over Tuscany, coming down from the north, and sending out sparks and smoke with violent explosion like discharges of musketry, and casting down to the ground hot stones. The lightning that came from the cloud was remarkably red, and shone like the flame of a cannon, rather than common discharges of electricity.—The cloud lay very high, and remained for a long time. Professor Soldani examined near twenty stones which fell from it. The heaviest weighed five and a half pounds. Their surfaces were irregular, and covered with a black glaze. One had a crystal point like diamond, and another contained particles of gold and silver, as well as iron.

In 1753 two stones fell in Germany—one in Eichstedt county and the other in Bohemia. The first of these was six inches in diameter, and was seen in its fall and picked up quite hot. The Abbe Stutz, of Vienna, who gave an account of these stones, further states that two others fell in Crotia, Hungary, near Agram, on the 26th of May, 1761. A fiery ball was seen toward the east, which burst into two parts with a report exceeding that of a cannon, and then fell from the sky "in the form and appearance of two chains entangled in one another," and attended with a loud noise. One of these parts fell in an arable field, where it made a "great fissure or cleft, an ell wide," and "singed the earth on the sides." The other piece fell in a meadow, and weighed 16 pounds. Their fall was attended with a shock like an earthquake.

Cardan, in his De Nariate Berum, relates that in 1510 he witnessed the fall of one hundred and twenty stones from the sky; that among them one weighed one hundred and twenty pounds, and another sixty. He describes them as mostly of an iron color, very hard, and smelling of brimstone.

The various theories by which philosophers have attempted to account for these phenomena are none of them free from objections. Anciently it was supposed that these stones were projected from volcanoes in the sun or moon. The moderns, with more propriety, have thought they have been cast out from the internal fires of our own earth. Stones are thrown to the height of many miles from the craters of volcanoes, and ashes from Vesuvius, at times, have been blown by the winds almost all over Europe.

Halley supposed that a meteor was merely a train of inflammable vapor, which, taking fire at one end, burned to the other like a train of gunpowder, giving the appearance of motion. Others, and among them a Professor of Yale College, have suggested that they were solid bodies revolving round the earth like the moon, till, by some accident, losing their course they fall to the earth. Cavalic adopts part of this last theory, and adds, that the orbit of these bodies may be spiral, and continually contracting, in consequence of the superior attraction of the earth; till on coming in contact with our atmosphere, the friction heats them, melting the surface and supplying the black crust, while the unequal expansion of the parts of the body causes them to explode, as stones often do in a common fire.

To all this may be added the plausible conjecture that as clouds of dust, mixed with leaves and mud, and even living reptiles, are often carried to high altitudes by whirlwinds and waterspouts, to say nothing of matter thrown from volcanoes, it would seem not unlikely that the combustion of inflammable gases in the atmosphere, set on fire by electrical currents or other chemical changes, should bring these together and fuse them with the mineral matters of the gases themselves, into a mass; which, immediately taking motion, and exposed to constantly increasing friction and alterations of heat and cold, in passing through the varying strata of the atmosphere, and probably, also, to the action of a strong contrifugal force, finally bursts, and comes in hot, smoking fragments to the earth.

☞ A young lady, beautiful in person and attractive in manner, who resided in the immediate vicinity of Boston, was sought in marriage some years ago by two men. One of these was poor, and a mechanic; the other was rich, and not a mechanic. The woman loved the former; the family of the woman liked the latter. As is the case in such affairs, the woman married to please her friends. Having thus 'sold herself,' she ought to have been miserable, but she was not. Her husband's unaffected love subdued her heart, and his gold smoothed the rough places in the human path. Fortune, feeling that this couple were too happy, frowned, and the man's riches took wings and used them in flight. Thereupon the husband wound up his business, put his wife and children, of whom there were two, at a comfortable boarding house, and then departed for California in search of money. Some letters and some remittances arrived from him at first, then nothing came, and there was a blank of several years. The wife thought herself deserted. The family, whose good opinion of the husband had not lately been so often published as formerly, told her that it was clearly a case for a divorce. When she had become well accustomed to the sound of this unpleasant word, the disconsolate wife was thrown into the society of the mechanic lover, now prosperous, and still unmarried. The memory of her early, real love came upon her, and she believed with secret joy that he remained single for her sake. This thought nourished her affection, and at last she obtained a divorce from her husband, who had deserted her, and remained absent beyond the time allowed by the statute. This accomplished, there was no barrier between her and the mechanic of her youth. She informed him that she was his forever, when he should claim her hand. Her feelings cannot have been pleasant to learn that, since his rejection by her and her marriage to another, the unromantic hewer of wood had drowned his passions for her in the waves of time, and that at the time of her handsome offer he no longer palpitated for her. In fact, Barkis was not willing. As if all this were not embarrassing enough, who should turn up but the husband, who made his appearance in the form of a letter, announcing that he had accumulated a dazzling pile of wealth, that he was on his way home, and that she was to meet him in New York.

The letter also chid her for neglect in not writing to him for years, and it was clear that he had sent assurance of love and also a material aid at intervals during his absence; where these had gone, no one knows. Here, then, was trouble. No husband, no lover. The one she had divorced; the other had refused her. Taking counsel with herself, she packed her trunk, seeing that her wardrobe was unexceptionable, and came to the metropolis. She met the coming man on his arrival, and told him the whole story as correctly as she, naturally prejudiced in favor of the defendant, could tell it. The husband scowled, growled, looked at the charming face and the becoming toilette, remembered California and its loneliness, and took her to his heart. A clergymen was summoned, a marriage was performed, and a new volume in their life's history was opened.

[From the New York Herald, 6th.]

THE PREVAILING CATTLE DISTEMPER.

The "pleure pneumonia," or cattle distemper, which originated in Massachusetts, and caused much consternation and alarm among farmers and cattle breeders, has developed itself in New Jersey. In all cases examined, the ravages were confined to the respiratory organs; in some cases the right and in others the left lung had been the seat of the disease, and in every one involving the whole mass of lung with its covering, and extending from it to the lining membrane of the ribs. The appearance of the bronchial tubes gave evidence of participation in the disease from extension to them, from the substance of the lungs and its coverings.

SYMPTOMS OF THE DISEASE.—Loss of appetite, hanging of the head, and, as the disease progresses, an extension of the head—bright and watery eye, mouth dry, breath hot—breathing quick, with more or less agitation of the flanks, with an occasional cough, always dry; more or less thirst; horns and ears hot. The quick and occasional cough, coupled with great prostration of strength, more particularly mark the progress of the disease.—The ear applied to the side of the animal readily detects the impediment to a free circulation of air through the lungs, from the violent congestion that exists.

ANTIDOTE.—Burn tar freely in the barn or shed two or three times a day, and let the cattle inhale it, but not too close; let them lap freely of salt every other day; dissolve chlorate of potassa in water, washing their nostrils and mouth and rub them all over with a coarse brush wet in the same; sprinkle chloride of lime in and about the stables; give the cattle a few onions if they can be procured, and plenty of sound vegetables and fresh grass and water; no hay if it can be avoided.

Physicians assert that the disease is one of exhaustion, and analagous to the typhoid pneumonia, which occasionally prevails epidemically among the human race.

DRIVING A NAIL.

"A very simple operation, which any fool can perform," says the reader. Not too fast. Scarcely one person in a dozen can drive a nail well. Of course, practice is essential to skill, but a little "gumption" is needed, and perhaps a little instruction does not come amiss. First, set the nail, in all cases, so that its least width at the top, stands across the grain, of the wood. Carpenters would laugh at so simple a direction, but every second boy, and perhaps every third man is just as likely to set the widest part across the grain as with it, and thus split the wood. Second, a succession of light blows will often drive a nail home without spliting, when two or three heavy blows would split or crack the wood. Third, simply wetting a nail will often make it enter much easier. Oiling or greasing will do still better. Fourth, annealing or toughening nails so that they will bend, or clinch, is easily done. Some do this by heating them to redness on a shovel, and then pouring water on to cool them. This toughens them somewhat, but they are still better when allowed to cool slowly. The best plan is to make them red hot, and immediately cover them with ashes or dry sand, so that they shall cool very slowly. Common nails are cut when nearly cold. Heating and slow cooling afterward gives them a great degree of toughness, almost equal to that of wrought nails, which are worked hot and cooled slowly.—For all work, where the nails are to be subjected to bending, or to be clinched, they should be prepared in the manner described.

☞ Some years ago, at a large barbecue gotten up in honor of a political triumph, the dining table was adorned with a monster pound cake, composed of saw-dust, and sufficient flour and perhaps other things, to give it a proper consistency and color.—The party aware it was intended for show only the cake was untouched during the sumptuous feast. After the crowd had nearly all dispersed, and table was pretty well cleared of eatables, old Jimmy Jones, who had been delayed, arrived upon the ground late and hungry. Seeing but little else, he pitched bodily and without ceremony into big cake. He put a large slice in his bosom, and with another in his hand, started for home. Just as he had taken the first bite, he was met by a friend who cried out:

"Hallao! Uncle Jimmy, what have you got there?"

"It's pound cake; but I believe if it wasn't for the name of the thing, I would as soon have a piece of good corn bread?

Lebanon Advertiser.

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