

Lebanon Advertiser.

WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE OWE TO FOLLOW. W. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA. WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1860 JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, OF KENTUCKY.

FOR GOVERNOR HENRY D. FOSTER, OF WESTMORELAND.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

- DEMOCRATIC ELECTORS: 1. Frederick Steiner, 2. Wm. C. Patterson, 3. Geo. Crockett, 4. J. W. Jockey, 5. Charles Kelly, 6. O. P. Jones, 7. David Schell, 8. J. S. Lightner, 9. T. H. Walker, 10. Joseph Leach.

It is a melancholy fact that a respectable man, now-a-days, hesitates long before he will consent to go to either branch of the legislature...

Yes, but why is it that the character of the Legislature is such only when the Courier's political friends are in the ascendancy? The people, of all parties, were so disgusted with the opposition-Legislature of 1856, that they rose in their might and hurled them from power, because of their evil legislation brought about by corrupt influences.

Now they are again in power without an check. Bank bills are passed, vetoed by the Governor, and re-passed by a two-thirds vote. Other bills are forced through, and according to the broad assent of the Courier, by the power of money, and so openly "that a respectable man hesitates long before he accepts a seat in either branch."

It does not happen, however, that the opposition have just been unfortunate in the selection of their men for the present legislature. The evil is constitutional with them. They have no principles to contend for, and consequently, like children, they must be at something, so they take to "spoils." Their whole history proves this.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. The partisan majority in the lower House of Congress, received a "dig under the fifth rib," last week, which knocked the breath out of them for the time being. Such men as Covode, of Pennsylvania, made a step above their natural level when they were elected to Congress, and a "spanking," as the one administered by the President, is just as necessary to them as it is to children. Instead of attempting to drag the President down to their own degradation they should rather strive to raise themselves. The President's reply to their unconstitutional and undignified proceeding, it is hoped will bring them to their senses, so that they will now proceed with the public business in other words mind their own business and leave the President attend to his. If the President does any wrong there is a way pointed out by the Constitution. Do not punish him by impeachment, but punish him by appropriate Star Chamber procedure.

Republicanism can be any more degraded than it is already, it need only follow the lead a little while longer of such ignorant fanatics as Covode, Blake of Ohio, and a few others. It is said that the reading of this Message threw the opposition into confusion and that, after several attempts at explanation, Mr. Groves got off the best of all, forgetting however that by defending the infamy of Covode they make his act their own. Mr. Groves admitted that, if the House proposed to impeach by any Committee, the President would be right in his conclusions. He however asserted, that an inquiry whether the President had used influence to affect the legislation of the country, of course carried with it no impeachment. The answer to this assertion is easy. If the President used nothing but a proper influence to affect the Legislature—the influence of his arguments, or his weight of character—he was not to blame, indeed, he did but his duty. If he used improper influence—money, or patronage corruptly bestowed—then, of course, he did commit offences, and impeachment ought to follow. Mr. Groves alleged result, therefore, is the direct reverse of what ought to have followed from his own premises. The Message was referred to the Judicial Committee, and is as follows:—

MESSAGE OF THE PRESIDENT. To the House of Representatives:—After a delay which has afforded me ample time for reflection, and after much careful deliberation, I have the honor to inform you that I have signed as a co-ordinate branch of the Federal Government, to protest against the first two clauses of the first resolution, adopted by the House of Representatives on the 27th of January, 1860.

These clauses are in the following words: "That the House of Representatives be authorized to investigate whether the President of the United States, or any other officer of the Executive branch of the Government, or any member of Congress, or any Committee thereof, or any person acting in behalf of any of them, has used influence to affect the legislation of the country, of course carried with it no impeachment."

I again declare, emphatically, that I make this protest for no reason personal to myself, and I do so with perfect respect for the House of Representatives, in which I had the honor to be elected a member for five successive terms. I have lived long in this country, and have enjoyed all the offices and honors which my country could confer upon me. I have never been disgraced, and I have never been disgraced by any official act, and I have never been disgraced by any official act, and I have never been disgraced by any official act.

Mr. Ryan, who made so many boasts last fall that he would out Mr. Florence out of his seat in Congress, on accounts of frauds and illegal votes, now that the time has come to make good his boasts, has backed out of the contest, acknowledging that he can produce no proofs sufficient to make good his allegations.

The Reading Cotton Factory was sold last week, at public sale, to Thomas P. Scofield, Esq., for Gardner & Co., of New York, for \$152,400. The original cost of the establishment was \$220,000. The good people of Reading were surprised that their Mill should fetch such a good price, and are now kicking up a breeze about the matter. It is alleged that the stock was depreciated by the managers and big share-holders for the purpose of buying out the smaller share-holders at a sacrifice.

They had a fugitive slave case last week in Philadelphia. A young negro, named Moses Horner, was arrested in Dauphin county, and returned to his master in Virginia. The darkest and abolitionists tried to get up a row, which resulted in the arrest of about a dozen of them and their commitment to prison, while the slave went on his way to his home.

THE FREE BANKING LAW. The following are the main provisions of the bill: A certificate stating the particulars as to the bank to be established, must be drawn up, approved by the Attorney General, published in the newspapers, and recorded in the Auditor General's office. The Auditor General has the notes engraved and printed. Every note must be signed by him or his clerk, numbered and registered, and stamped on it "secured by the deposit of public stock."

New York city, in which case however, they legislated the Democrats out of office, while here they legislate to keep their own men in. Why resort to such acts, and not leave the matter to the people? The Governor has vetoed three coal company bills and two bank bills, all of which have been re-passed by the Opposition, over his veto. Which is the monopoly and special privilege party?

On Friday the Sanitary and Erie Railroad bill was defeated in the House by a vote of Yeas, 45; nays, 48. Mr. Bokman voted nay. This kills the bill, but it is understood that the vote will be reconsidered. We do not believe that there is a man among the nays with sufficient hardihood, to make such a motion.

The Legislature was to have adjourned yesterday, the 3d of April, but as the business is in a very unfinished condition, a prolongation of the session will probably be effected for a few days. It is hard to tell which would be the greater evil—an adjournment yesterday or an extension of the session.

In the Appropriation bill under consideration in the Senate last week, the salary of the Deputy Secretary of State was reduced from \$1800 to \$1500 and the salary of the Auditor General increased from \$1700 to \$2500. The former official is a Democrat and the latter a Republican!

The following amendment providing for the proper equalization of the salaries of County Superintendents of Common Schools was also adopted. To allow the Superintendent the sum of \$5 for each school not exceeding one hundred in his district; the sum of \$6 for each school when the number of schools is over one hundred; the sum of \$2 for each school when the number of schools is over two hundred; and not exceeding three hundred; the sum of \$1.50 for each school when the number of schools is over three hundred.

John Covode is Treasurer of National Republican Executive Committee, and but a week ago was sending circulars all over the country begging money for Republican electioneering purposes, while at the same time he acted the accuser and Judge of the President for alleged similar acts. We warn the Republicans of these "digging" to beware of placing their contributions into such hands. We wouldn't consider them safe.

Who has not seen the New Sign? Put up a sign for your business. The sign is made of iron, and is the best of its kind. It is made of iron, and is the best of its kind. It is made of iron, and is the best of its kind. It is made of iron, and is the best of its kind.

Lebanon Deposit Bank. We will pay the following RATES OF INTEREST: For 6 months, and longer, 5 per cent per annum; For 12 months, and longer, 6 per cent per annum; For 18 months, and longer, 7 per cent per annum; For 24 months, and longer, 8 per cent per annum.

THE NEW BAKERY. The undersigned has respectfully informed the public that he has commenced the BAKERY BUSINESS in all the varieties of his trade, at the corner of Chestnut and Third streets, in the building lately occupied by the late GARDNER & CO. He is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

Feed—Feed! The undersigned has on hand a large quantity of the best of his trade, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade. He is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

H. WARD, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN STRAW GOODS, SUEW AND LACE GOODS. W. E. are now receiving our SPRING STOCK, which will comprise a large and desirable assortment of all kinds of STRAW AND LACE GOODS.

1860 Spring Stock Now Open. Full Stock of SILKS, Full Stock of SHAWLS, Full Stock of LIVER GOODS, Full Stock of COTTON GOODS, Full Stock of BLACK GOODS, Full Stock of WHITE GOODS, Full Stock of FINEST GOODS, Full Stock of FINEST GOODS, Full Stock of FINEST GOODS.

O'Rourke's Merchant Tailoring Establishment. N. E. next door to the Court House, Cumberland street, Lebanon, Pa. I have the honor to inform you that I have opened a Merchant Tailoring Establishment in the city of Lebanon, Pa., and am now receiving a large and desirable assortment of all kinds of FINEST GOODS.

Swatara Collegiate Institute. The School has been opened, and the Summer Term will commence on Monday, the 12th day of February, 1860. The School is open to all who are desirous of acquiring a liberal education, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

Lebanon Female Seminary. The Seminary was opened on the 1st day of February, 1860, under the supervision of MRS. DEBBIE CAMPBELL. The Seminary is open to all who are desirous of acquiring a liberal education, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

GEORGE W. KLINE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office with Latt. King, No. 1, Lebanon, Pa. JOSHUA FUNCK, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in the City of Lebanon, Pa.

McCann & Weigley, COMMISSION MERCHANTS. No. 223 North Delaware Avenue and 223 North Water Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Eagle Hotel, Lebanon, Pa. This building is now open, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

Michael Lattner, MANUFACTURER OF ORNAMENTAL CAST-IRON WROUGHT IRON RAILROADS. No. 123 North Delaware Avenue and 223 North Water Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Jacob K. Stoud, MANUFACTURER OF HOUSEHOLD GOODS. No. 123 North Delaware Avenue and 223 North Water Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Great Bargains at No. 4—Eagle Buildings. Hats, Caps, &c. The undersigned has on hand a large quantity of the best of his trade, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

HOSLETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSLETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States.

Business Cards. GEORGE W. KLINE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office with Latt. King, No. 1, Lebanon, Pa.

Business Cards. J. H. BOWMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in the City of Lebanon, Pa.

Business Cards. D. S. RABER'S Wholesale and Retail Drug Store. No. 123 North Delaware Avenue and 223 North Water Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Business Cards. PALMYRA BOARDING SCHOOL. The school is open to all who are desirous of acquiring a liberal education, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

Business Cards. Collectors and Tax Patrons. The undersigned has on hand a large quantity of the best of his trade, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

Business Cards. Carpets and Oil Cloths. The undersigned has on hand a large quantity of the best of his trade, and is prepared to furnish all the best of his trade.

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