Lebanon Advertiser.

VIRTUE LIBERTY & INDEPENDENCE

VOL. 11—NO. 36. LEBANON, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1860. WHOLE NO. 557.

Job Printing:

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Neatly and Promptly Executed, at the
ADVERTISER OFFICE, LEBANON, PENN'A

This establishment is now supplied with an extensive assortment of JOB TYPE, which will be *increased* as the patronage demands. It can now turn out PRINTING, of every description, in a neat and expeditious manner—and on very reasonable terms. Such as

Pamphlets, Checks,
Business Cards, Handbills,
Circulars, Labels,
Bill Headings, Blanks,
Programmes, Bills of Fare,
Invitations, Tickets, &c., &c.

☞ DEEDS of all kinds, Common and Judgment BONDS, School, Justices', Constables' and other BLANKS, printed correctly and neatly on the best paper, constantly kept for sale at this office, at prices "to suit the times."

*** Subscription price of the LEBANON ADVERTISER One Dollar and a Half a Year.

Address, WM. M. BRESLIN, Lebanon, Pa.

REAL ESTATE.

Public Sale.

THE undersigned will, *on Saturday, the 25th inst*, expose to sale by Public Vendue, at the Public House of Henry Ramler, in the borough of North Lebanon, a certain

LOT OF GROUND,

situate at the Southwest corner of Light & Millar streets, in "Light's Addition," North Lebanon township.

Also, one other LOT OF GROUND adjoining the above. Each of said lots being 50 feet in front, and in depth to Sarah Alley, late the property of L. Zimmerman.

Sale to commence at 6 o'clock, in the evening, when terms will then be made known by

J. B. HIESTER, Assignee
of Leo. Zimmerman.

Lebanon, February 8, 1860.

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, FOUR certain LOTS of Ground situate in the Borough of Lebanon, bounded on the East by Market street, on which street, the said lots front about one hundred and fifty six feet and extend back, in depth to Partridge Alley, about one hundred and eighty-eight feet, on the North by an Alley and on the South by a lot of Ground, now in possession of Catharine Rohrer. With the appurtenances, situate and being in the Borough of Lebanon, in the said County:—late the Estate of MICHAEL HETTERMAN, deceased. For terms, &c., apply to PHARIS CASSIDAY,

Administrator of said Estate.

Lebanon, February 1, 1860.-3t.

2 Building Lots for Sale.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, 2 fine BUILDING LOTS, fronting 22 feet on Water street, and 66 feet deep. Said lots are situate near Walnut street, 1½ squares from the Court House and the same distance from the L. V. R. R. Depot, and opposite Salem's Lutheran Church. For terms, &c., apply to

Lebanon, Dec. 14, 1859.-3m. PETER HESS.

A fine Business Room FOR RENT

A fine business Room in S. J. Stine's new building, two doors east of the Buck Hotel, near the Court House. Inquire of S. J. STINE

Lebanon, Nov. 30, 1859.

Store Room, &c., for Rent.

A LARGE STOREROOM, BASEMENT, and TWO Business or Office ROOMS on the second floor, in the new brick building lately erected by the subscriber, on Cumberland street, east of Walnut, are offered for Rent. The above will be rented separate or together, as may be desired. Apply on the premises, to S. P. KENDALL,

Lebanon, March 9, 1859.

For Sale or Rent.

2 NEW BRICK HOUSES and ONE FRAME. A Double TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE on the corner of Centre and Chestnut Streets, not quite finished, and a SINGLE TWO STORY BRICK, on Chestnut Street now occupied by John Krick, and a frame 1½ Story in North Lebanon, near John Arnold, are offered at Private Sale, and will be sold Cheap and upon easy terms. Possession given of the two brick in August next, by SIMON J. STINE.

Lebanon, June 29, 1859.

Private Sale.

THE Subscriber offers at private sale all that certain farm or tract of land, situate partly in Pinegrove township, Schuylkill county, and partly in Bethel township, Lebanon county, bounded by lands of Eckert and Gulford, Benjamin Ayerigg, Daniel Deubenbend others, containing one hundred and forty-eight acres and a quarter, with the appurtenances, consisting of a two story log dwelling house, (weather boarded) a 1½ story log dwelling house, a new bank barn, other out-buildings, and a new water power saw mill. For terms, &c., which will be easy, Apply to

G. W. MATCHIN, Agent.

Pinegrove, April 29, 1859.-tf.

VALUABLE BOROUGH PROPERTY AT

PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscribers offers at Private Sale, the following Real Estate, situate on Mulberry street, in the Borough of Lebanon, viz:

A PART LOT OR PIECE OF GROUND, fronting 25 feet 8 inches on said Mulberry street, and running back to an alley, on which is erected a new *BRICK HOUSE*, 21 by 48 feet including a two-story back building, with necessary out-buildings. The house is finished in the best style and the location is a very pleasant one. It will be sold on easy terms. For particulars apply to

Lebanon, Aug. 18, 1859. D. S. HAMMOND.

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale his new two-story brick DWELLING HOUSE, situated in Elizabeth street, Lebanon, Pa. The House is 17 by 28 feet, has 2 rooms on the first floor and 3 on the second. The other improvements are a good WASH-HOUSE, Bake-oven, Cistern and Garden. The Lot is 59½ by 66 feet. The above property is all new and in a good condition, and will be sold on easy terms. Possession will be given on the 1st day of April, 1860.—Apply to J. H. KEIM, Photographer.

Lebanon, Aug. 3, 1859.-tf.

VALUABLE BOROUGH PROPERTY AT

PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscribers offer at Private Sale, their NEW DWELLING HOUSE, situated on Cumberland Street, corner of Pinegrove Alley, East Lebanon, *and at present occupied by them*. The HOUSE and two story KITCHEN are substantially built of brick, contain 11 Rooms most of them papered and lighted by gas; a never failing Well with excellent water, as well as a Cistern in the yard. Summer Kitchen, Bake Oven, and other out buildings. The LOT is 2[illegible] feet front, and runs back to Jail Alley, 193 feet. On the rear part of the Lot is erected a two story Frame SHOP, Pig Sty, &c., &c. The Garden is in a first rate state of cultivation, and contains a variety of Fruit Trees and Vines, &c., &c.

☞ The above Property is all in good condition, and will be sold low. Title indisputable, and possession to be given when desired.

☞ Any person desirous of purchasing and securing a pleasant residence, will call and learn the terms of

REIZENSTEIN & BRO.,
Lebanon, Sept 7, '59.] opposite the Court House.

FOR RENT.

A FINE BUSINESS ROOM, suitable for a hardware or clothing Store or any other kind of business, near the corner of Cumberland and Plank Road streets, lately occupied by H. K. Dundore's Cabinet Ware, is offered for rent by the undersigned.

Also, 3 ROOMS suitable for a small family, in the residence of the undersigned. Possession of the above given at any time. Apply to JOHN B. RAUCH.

Lebanon, Jan. 25, 1860.

North Lebanon Mills.

THE subscribers having leased are now prepared to furnish customers regularly with a very superior article of FLOUR, as cheap as it can be obtained from any other source. They also keep constantly on hand and for sale, CHOP, BRAN, SHORTS, &c.

☞ They are also prepared to do all kinds of CUSTOMERS' WORK, and respectfully invite all the former customers of the Mill, as well as new ones, to give them a call.

☞ They will pay the highest market prices for all kinds of Grain, such as

WHEAT, RYE,
CORN, OATS,
CLOVER and TIMOTHY SEED,

and afford all facilities and accommodations to those who will sell. KREITZER & IMMEL.

N. Lebanon, February 3, 1860.

Notice

LEBANON BANK, December 31, 1859.

STATEMENT of unclaimed balances, accrued upon settlement, January 1, 1860, viz:

Henry S. Kupp,	$67 37

Orphans' Court of Lebanon county.
J. B. Heister, Adm'r of Peter Batdorff, dec'd., 30 16

E. A. UHLER, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed before me, February 4, 1860.
JOSEPH GLEIM, J. P. Feb. 9, 1860.

REMOVAL

OF THE
LEBANON GROCERY.

THEO. OYES has removed his Grocery Store to the fine and commodious room opposite Mrs. Rise's Hotel, where he has just received a complete assortment of all kinds of

FRIUT AND GROCERIES,

which he is determined to sell cheap for CASH.

His stock consists in part of

SUGARS.—A cheap lot of REFINED and BROWN SUGAR.

COFFEE.—A prime article of RIO, JAVA, and also, Rio Coffee, ground, ready for use, and JAVA in Cans for families.

TEAS.—Choice article of BLACK and GREEN TEA.

RAISINS.—FINE VALENCIA BAKING RAISINS cheap, also, Bunch by the Box and Pound. CRANBERRIES and CITRON, &c.

DRIED FRUIT.—APPLES, PEACHES, CHERRIES, &c., &c.

SPICES.—All kinds pure and fresh, cheap.

SOAPS.—A choice selection of SOAPS, consisting of Fine Home-made, Rosin, Olive, Detersive, Poncine, and Fancy Soaps, and Perfumery of all kinds.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—A choice article of family Buckwheat by T. OYES.

Canned Fruit—Peaches and Tomatoes. Sweet Dried Corn and Beans, cheap by T. OYES.

Ketchup, Tomato, Walnut, and pure Woostershire Sauce, by T. OYES.

MOLASSES.—The cheapest SYRUP in town.

UNDER CLOTHES, such as Drawers and Shirts, Comforts, Hosiery and Gloves, which defy competition, by T. OYES.

November 9, 1859.

Lime and Stone.

THE undersigned has constantly on hand, and for sale a good supply of the best lime and stone for building purposes near the Donaghmore Furnace, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms.

Lebanon, June 1, 1859. CUNRAD BANKS.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold at public sale, on *Thursday, March 1, 1860*, at the residence of the undersigned, in North Lebanon Township, 4 miles from Lebanon, at Hellman's Dale, near the Union Canal, between Lebanon and the Union Water Works, the following personal property, viz:—

3 HORSES, (one a Mare with foal,) 1 Colt, 3 Cows, 2 Springers, 2 young Bulls and other Young Cattle, 1 broad-wheeled Wagon, Wagon-box, 2 setts Hay Ladders, Straw-bench, Ploughs and Harrows, Harness for 4 horses, Carriage-harness, shovels, forks, rakes, scythes, cradles, log, cow and halter chains, front, double and single-trees, POTATOES by the bushel, and many other articles too numerous to mention. ☞ Sale to commence at 12 o'ck, M., when terms will be made known, and a credit of 11 months given, by REUBEN HEILMAN.

February 8, 1860. F. EMRICH, Auct'r.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold at Public Sale, on *Monday, March 5 1860*; at Union Forge, in Union Township, 4 miles north of Jonestown, and 2½ miles below the "Big Dam," the following Personal Property, viz:—

1 BAY HORSE, 4 MULES, 3 COWS, Seven Pigs (about 3 months old,) 1 Secretary and Bookcase, Bureaus, 1 Lounge, 1 Settee, Tables and Chairs, 9 Bedsteads and Bedding, 5 Stoves, pipe, 3 Brass Clocks, Tubs and Stands, Iron Kettles and Pots, 1 Copper Kettle, 2 Rolling Knives, Crockery, Glassware, Looking Glasses, together with a variety of HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when attendance will be given and conditions of sale will be made known by The UNION FORGE CO.

Union Forge, February 2, 1860.

Private Sale.

THE undersigned offers at private sale, the following property of Emanuel Reigart, dec'd., viz:—

1 HORSE,
1 BUGGY,
A STOCK OF LIQUORS,
Of various kinds such as Wines, Brandies, Whiskey, &c., &c. Apply at the office of

JACOB WEIDLE, Agent.

Lebanon, Nov. 30, 1859.

Lebanon Mutual Insurance Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pa.
CHARTER PERPETUAL!
OFFICE AT JONESTOWN, LEBANON COUNTY.
GUARANTEE CAPITAL $55,000!

THIS COMPANY is in full operation, and ready to make *Insurance* on all kinds of property, in *Town or Country*, and on as favorable terms as any well governed and safe company, either on the Mutual or joint stock principle.

President—JOHN BRUNNER, Esq.
Vice President—D. M. RANK.
Treasurer—GEO. F. MEILY.
Secretary—WM. A. BARRY.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN BRUNNER, Esq.	GEO. ROSS,
GEO. F. MEILY,	D. M. KARMANY,
NAPOLEON DESH,	JEFF. SHENK,
JOHN C. SELTZER,	S. K. TRESCHLER,
DAVID M. RANK,	DAVID RANK,
DANIEL H. BIEVER,	WM. A. BARRY.

ANTHONY S. ELY, *Agent for Lebanon and vicinity*

Jonestown, Feb. 23, 1859.

Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Annville,

LEBANON COUNTY, PENN'A.

THIS COMPANY was incorporated, March. 1859, and is now in full operation and ready to make insurance on Dwellings, and other Buildings, on Furniture, and Merchandise generally. Also on Barns, Contents, Stock, Farm Implements, &c., on a Mutual Principle.

MANAGERS.

Christian Bachman,	John N. Smith,
William Early, jr.,	John H. Kinports,
David B Gingrich,	George Rigler,
Christian Hoffer,	John Allwein,
Samuel Meyer,	Rudolph Herr,
John D. Belver,	Joseph F. Matz,
Dr. Henry Sting.	

JOHN ALLWEIN, President.
RUDOLPH HERR, Treasurer.
JOSEPH F. MATZ, Secretary.

Annville, January 19, 1860.-1y.

Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Company,

OF PHILADELPHIA.
INCORPORATED 1835.

THIS Company is mutual in the division of the profits, and not of the losses.

The profits of the business are funded and remain with the Company as a guarantee and protection to the insured against loss; which fund is represented by scrip or certifices issued by the company to the insured, bearing interest not exceeding six per cent.

The assets of the Company amount to over

$800,000

and consist principally of Philadelphia City Loans, Pennsylvania State loans, United States Treasury notes and Mortgage bonds of Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Insurances made against loss by fire at as low rates as can be made by any Safe Company. No premium notes required. ISAAC HOFFER,

January 11, 1860. [Agent for Lebanon and Vicinity.

GREAT WESTERN Insurance & Trust Comp'y.

OF PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTER PERPETUAL!
CAPITAL $500,000!!

FIRE INSURANCE ON STORES, DWELLINGS, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, Barns and contents, Stock, Farm Implements, and Merchandise generally. Limited or Perpetual. Also, Inland Insurance on GOODS, to all parts of the country. ☞ Office in the Company's Building,

No. 403 Walnut Street, corner of Fourth.

CHARLES C. LATHROP, President,
WM DARLING, Vice President,
JAMES WRIGHT, Sec'y and Treasurer.

WM. M. BRESLIN, Agent for Lebanon, Pa.

Philadelphia, February 8, 1860.

American Life Insurance Company.

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

COMPANY'S BUILDING, WALNUT Street S. E. Corner of FOURTH, Phila. Life Insurance at the usual MUTUAL RATES, or at JOINT STOCK RATES, at about 20 per cent. less, or at TOTAL ABSTINENCE RATES, the lowest in the world.

J. C. SIMS, Sec'y.] A. WHILLDIN, President.

☞ GEORGE GLEIM, Esq., is Agent for Lebanon county. [February 8, 1860.-1y.

John W. Mish, Agent for

FAME INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 411 CHESTNUT Street, PHILADELPHIA

INCORPORATED APRIL, 1856, BY THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CONFINED TO FIRE AND INLAND RISKS.
GEORGE W. DAY, President,
JONATHAN J. SLOAUM, Vice Pres't.
WILLIAMS I. BLANCHARD, Sec'ry.

August 24, 1859.

J. B. Hiester,

AGENT OF FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Philadelphia. By statement published it appears that the assets of the Company were on the 1st of January, 1860, $2,208,051 68. Feb. 8, 1860.

REMOVAL.

NORTH LEBANON
Saddle and Harness Manufactory.

THE undersigned has Removed his Saddlery and Harness Manufactory to a few doors South of the old place, to the large room lately occupied by Billman & Bro. as a Liquor store, where he will be happy to see all his old friends and customers, and where he has facilities for attending to all the departments of his business. Being determined to be behind no other establishment in his abilities to accommodate customers, he has spared neither pains nor expense to obtain and make himself master of every modern improvement in the business and secure the services of the best workmen that liberal wages would command. He will keep a large stock on hand, and manufacture at the shortest notice, all descriptions of *HARNESS*, such as

Saddles, Bridles, Carriage Harness, of all kinds: heavy Harness, Buggy Whips of the best Manufacture, Buffalo Robes, Fly Nets.

such as Cotton, Worsted, Linen, and a new kind, lately invented; *WHIPS* of every kind, such as Buggy Whips, Cart Whips, &c.; *HAMES* of all descriptions, *HALTER CHAINS*, home-made *TRACES*, &c., &c., all of which he will warrant to be equal to any that can be obtained in any other establishment in the country. All he asks is that those desiring anything in this line, should call at his place and examine his stock. He feels the fullest confidence in his ability to give entire satisfaction.

☞ All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. SOLOMON SMITH.

North Lebanon Borough, Jan. 25, 1860.

STOVES and TIN-WARE.

One Door East of the Lebanon Valley Bank.

BUBB & BRESSLER are now prepared to offer the best assortment of STOVES and TIN-WARE to the public, ever offered in Lebanon.—They most respectfully invite their friends and public to call and see before buying elsewhere.

Also, the SELF-SEALING AMERICAN FRUIT CAN, the best invention of the age, as it is 20 per cent. cheaper than any other offered to the public.

We also have on hand all kinds of Ranges, which will be put up at the shortest notice.

All kinds of Job Work done in the best workmanlike manner, and at the shortest notice.

☞ Also, particular attention is paid to SLATING.—We have always on hand the best Lehigh Slate, which cannot be surpassed in quality.

Aug. 24, '59-tf. BUBB & BRESSLER.

Selling off at and below Cost.

REIZENSTEIN & BROTHER intend to increase their Clothing Business, are selling off their stock of

WATCHES & JEWELRY,

without regard to Cost. All who wish to obtain Bargains are invited to call.

Now is your time to get good Bargains. Watches going at ruinous rates.

Fine 18 caret gold hunting watches, formerly sold at 50 Dollars, are sold now at $35. All kinds of Silver Hunting watches sold at 16 to 18 Dollars are going now for 9 and 10 Dollars. Openfaced silver watches worth 10 Dollars for 5 and 6 Dollars.

Jewelry sold for merely a Song.

Gold Breastpins	worth $5	at	2 50
" Eardrops	" 5	"	2 50
" Setts	" 3	"	1 00
" Studs	" 3 50	"	1 75
" Fingerrings	" 3 00	"	1 50
" do.	" 2 00	"	1 00
" do.	" 1 50	"	75

A large assortment of Fancy goods sold below Cost. REIZENSTEIN & BRO.

Lebanon, Feb. 1, 1860.

CLOCKS.

Thirty Day,
Eight Day,
Thirty Hour,
CLOCKS,
Just Received at
J. J. BLAIR'S Jewelry Store,
Lebanon Pa.

Feed---Feed!

PERSONS in want of Feed for Cows or Pigs, can obtain it daily at the Lager Beer BREWERY of the subscriber in North Lebanon township. Price, 10 cents a bushel. HENRY HARTMAN.

Lebanon, Feb. 2, 1859.

Swatara Collegiate Institute

Jonestown, Lebanon Co., Pa.

THE Edifice being finished, the Summer Term will commence on *Monday, 4th of April*. Males and Females of the age of eight years and upwards, will be instructed by a competent board of teachers. Pupils from abroad will board with the Principal. For circulars containing particulars, address any one of the subscribers.

JOHN BRUNNER, Esq., Pres't of the Board.
HENRY J. MEILY, Secretary.
I. D. RUPP, Principal.

Jonestown, Feb. 16, 18.9.

Lebanon Female Seminary.

THE EIGHTH SESSION of the "Lebanon Female Seminary" commenced on the 1st day of February, 1860, under the supervision of MODESTE DECAMPS, who has associated with him as Assistant, Miss JANE MOORE, *a Graduate of the New Hampton School, N. H.* who is not only well qualified, but has also had considerable experience as a Teacher.

☞ Mrs. Decamps will attend to the Sewing Department. For further particulars inquire for Circular.

Lebanon, Feb. 8, 1860.

Blanket Shawls,

CLOTH, WOOLEN CLOTHING of all colors, dyed Fast Black or Blue Black, pressed, the color warranted and goods turned out equal to new, by

LYON LEMBERGER,
East Hanover.

☞ Articles to be dyed can be left at *Jos. L. Lemberger's* Drug Store where all orders for the above will be attended to. [Feb. 8, 1860.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted on the books of John B. Rauch, Merchant in Lebanon, to make settlement between this date and the 1st of January, 1860, as the books will be placed in the hands of a Justice of the Peace after that day for collection.

Lebanon, Nov. 9, 1859. JOHN B. RAUCH.

New Invention.

Wood Burned Lime.

BY late improvements in the art of LIME BURNING the subscriber is now enabled to produce the best WOOD-BURNED LIME that was ever made in this section of country, and in quantities without limit, at short notice.—His improvements are such that he is enabled to sell his Lime at 1½ cents per bushels wholesale, instead of 25 cents, which has been the prices heretofore. LIME, burned with COAL, can also be obtained at low rates by the boat-load, or in less quantities, as may be desired.

WOOD taken in exchange for Lime. Having gone to a great expense in the perfection of his improvements for lime burning on a large scale, at low prices, the subscriber hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

His location is at the old and well known place on the Union Canal, in North Lebanon.

DAVID BOYER.

N. Lebanon, May 18, 1859.

CRANBERRIES,

15 CENTS PER QUART. T. Oyes has just received a fresh lot of Cranberries which he is selling at the reduced price of 15 cents per quart. Also a fine lot of fresh Lemon Raisins very cheap. All kinds of Dried and Canned fruit. Persons in want of the above Goods at the low Prices, had better call soon as they are selling fast.

Lebanon, January 11, 1860.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Wm. M. DERR,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office Walnut street, opposite the Court House, lately occupied by Amos R. Boughter, Esq. Lebanon, May 11, 1859.

GEORGE W. KLINE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office with LEVI KLINE, Esq., Lebanon, Pa. [Lebanon, May 4, 1859.

JOSIAH FUNCK,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HAS REMOVED his office to Mr. Rohland's new building, (second story, at the alley,) two doors east of his present location. [Lebanon, March 2, 1859.-1y.

J. H. BOWMAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, has REMOVED his office to Funck's New Building, (second story,) Cumberland street, Lebanon, Pa.

Lebanon, April 6, 1859.

J. J. BLAIR

AGENT FOR
SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES!

All kinds of Sewing Machines manufactured by I. M. Singer, at prices ranging from $55 to $100. Machine Oil, Needles, &c. kept constantly on hand.

Lebanon Oct. 12th 1859.

McCann & Weigley

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Nos. 236 North Delaware Avenue and 233 North Water Street, PHILADELPHIA.
Liberal Cash advances made on

FLOUR,
GRAIN,
WHISKEY,
SEEDS, &c.

Sept. 21, 1859.-1y.

EAGLE HOTEL, LEBANON, PA.

THE subscriber wishes to inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has again taken the above well-known House. He will be much pleased to accommodate all who may favor him with a call.

LOCATION.—Corner Cumberland and Market streets.

☞ Omnibusses running in connexion with the Rail Road Trains. H. SIEGRIST.

Lebanon, Nov. 10, 1858.

WILLIAM CONWAY, SOAP & CANDLE MANUFACTURER,

No. 316 South SECOND St., Philadelphia.

Palm, Variegated, White, Chemical, Olive, Extra Yellow, Pale and Brown Soap, Stearine, and Tallow Candles, &c.

N. B.—The highest prices paid for Tallow.

Oct. 12, 1859.-1y.

Michael Lauser,

Corner of Mulberry and Chestnut streets, Lebanon, Pa.,
MANUFACTURER OF
ORNAMENTAL CAST AND WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS

FOR Cemeteries, Verandas, Balconies, Public and Private Grounds, &c., &c., which he offers in great variety of designs at lower prices than the same can be obtained elsewhere. Also, CHAIN FENCES of every description constantly kept on hand.

August 25, 1858.-tf.

LAFAYETTE BROWER, GAS FITTER,

WALNUT STREET, next door to A. S. ELY'S Office, LEBANON, PA. [Jan. 4, 1860.

Jacob K. Stoud,

(Late of the firm of Thompson & Stoud,)
A few doors south of Strickler's Mill, Lebanon.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he continues HOUSE and SIGN PAINTING and PAPER-HANGING, and by strict attention to business hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage.

☞ Orders from town and country promptly attended to. [Lebanon, Oct. 5, 1859.

Eli Thompson,

(Late of the firm of Thompson & Stoud,)
Market Street, ½ square north of Water, Lebanon,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he continues HOUSE and SIGN PAINTING and PAPER HANGING, and by strict attention to business hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage.

☞ Orders from town and county promptly attended to

Lebanon, Nov. 9, 1859.—1 y.

Choice Poetry.

LOVE ME MUCH AND LOVE ME LONG.

"Love me little, love me long,"
That may do for book and song,
But for woman's fond heart—never!
She loves deeply, and forever.
Love me much; and love me long,
Is the burden of her song.

Trusting all her soul's devotion
On love's wild, uncertain ocean—
Hoarding dream, nor hope, nor prayer,
But your image mingles there.
Thinkest thou she e'er can be
Content with any less from thee?

Little knows he woman's heart,
Who deems her half content with part—
Content with a divided treasure—
Wooed by rule and loved by measure.
Love me much, and love me long,
Is the burden of her song.

Love her wholly—love her ever—
Love her thus, or from her sever,
Ere her heart has twined around thee,
Ere she curses the hour she found thee.
Ere to breathe the word farewell
Be to her like funeral knell.

The sudden love may burn to waste,
And sudden vows repent their haste;
So let it be, ere thou dost bring
A cool and cautious offering.
Love me much, and love me long,
Is the burden of her song.

And in your poverty or wealth—
Or in your sickness or in health—
High on the pinnacle of fame,
Or in the lowest depths of shame.
Where thou art, there will she be,
Clinging fondly still to thee.

Let no icy caution, stealing
O'er your heart congeal its feeling,
Fear you not to trust too much,
Woman shrinks from jealous touch,
Love me trustingly and long,
Is the burden of her song.

Such the love that she would gain;
All cooler feeling comes in vain,
Or, coming, breaks a blissful spell,
And true love weeps her last farewell,
Love me deeply, love me long,
Is the burden of her song.

When hope is young, and life is new,
And pleasures many—sorrows few,
We lightly meet and lightly part,
With many a fond and faithful heart;
But memory brings, in after years,
Regret, remorse, and bitter tears.

Miscellaneous.

DANGER OF ANOTHER DELUGE.

We have had occasion to peruse a remarkable work just published, entitled "Courants et Revolutions de l' Atmosphere et de la Mer," by Lieut. Julien, a distinguished officer in the French navy. The greater part of the book is devoted to a general description of Lieut. Maury's splendid theory of currents and winds, by which he explains the recurrence of storms and other meteorological phenomena; but what has chiefly attracted our attention is a new theory on the inevitable periodical return of a cataclysm similar to that known under the name of the Universal Deluge—a subject which the author treats with singular lucidity, and of which we will here endeavor to give an outline:

The author starts from certain facts, some of which are generally known, namely: first, that the isothermal lines (lines where the same degree of warmth is observed on our globe) of the highest temperature are unequally distributed between northern and southern hemispheres, the space they occupy in the former being about double of that which they occupy south of the equator, so that the southern hemisphere is considerably colder, especially towards the pole, than the northern one; second, that the accumulation of ice at the antarctic pole is much more considerable than at the northern; third, that the earth performs the shortest portion of its revolution, namely, that nearest to the perihelion, much more rapidly than the other, and at that period of the year which comprises the autumn and winter of the latter is shorter (by about eighty days) than that of the southern hemisphere; and it is during this long winter, when the earth is furthest from the sun, that the solar rays must lose in strength what they gain in duration.

To this cause of diminution of temperature must be added the loss of caloric by radiation, and it will then be easy to perceive the reason of the difference of temperature between the two hemispheres. Observation, moreover, has shown that the quantity of caloric lot at the south pole in the course of a year, is equal to the surplus absorbed at the north pole.—Now let us, with the author, mentally represent to ourselves the earth at the momont of its creation, when its whole surface was covered with water, and its center of gravity coincided with it geometrical center. From that moment its revolution around the sun commenced, and all those causes which have led to the inequality of the temperature between the two hemispheres began to operate. In the course of a few centuries the ice at the south pole became, in consequence, heavier than that accumulated at the north pole, and the center of gravity was displaced southwards. Mathematicians, in fact, state the distance between the latter and the geographical center to about one thousand seven hundred metres. Under these circumstances, what could the liquid surface of the globe do but flow south-ward, leaving all the continent we are so familiar with uncovered? Here Mr. Julien observes that all the regions of the southern hemispere bear unmistakeable marks of submersion; that America, Africa and India, ond in points all turned towards the south pole; that the islands of the southern regions have the appearance of the summits of mountain ranges, and that Lieutenant Maury's soundings show that the coasts on that side all descend abruptly into the sea. He further states the curious fact that, in going from the north to the south pole, at every parallel the ratio of the extent of land to that of the sea diminishes regularly and progressively.

Let us now take into consideration the phenomenon called the procession of the equinoxes, in virtue of which the first point of Aries recedes upon the ecliptic by about fifty seconds in a year. This gradually causes a complete change in the seasons; and, counting from any giving time, there must elapse at least twenty-two thousand before the season can return at precisely the same periods of the year. It has been ascertained that up to the year 1248 of the Christian era—a year in which the first day of winter precisely coincided with the earth's passage through its perihelion—the temperature of the southern hemisphere had been in constant course of diminution. It is, moreover, clear that after the lapse of ten thousand five hundred years the seasons on our globe must be exactly reversed; hence, about ten thousand five hundred years before 1248, or eleven thousand years before our present time, it was the north pole, and not its opposite one, which was in its maximum of refrigeration; our present continents were then submerged, according to the Mosaic tradition of the deluge, and there were continents unknown to us in the southern hemisphere; and again, by the same astronomical and natural laws, ten thousand five hundred years after the last cataclysm, a new one will occur, which will again submerge the northern hemisphere, and allow a new world to emerge from the ocean in the southern one.

Such is the theory of Mr. Julien—a theory, we may add, which is in perfect accordance with facts within the sphere of our actual knowledge.

—*Galignani's Messenger, December 25.*

ADDRESS

Delivered by Dr. D. Stanley Gloninger, of Philadelphia, before the Young Men's Christian Association of Lebanon, in the Court House, on Wednesday evening, February 8, 1860.

Subject—Christian Associations.

Gentlemen, Members of the Y. M. C. Association and Citizens:—We have selected for our evenings' discourse "Christian Associations." We will view "the field of labor, objects, duties and results." We acknowledge "the Church" as its mother, our interests are hers.

Men were first called Christians at Antioch, 18 centuries ago; it was expedient that they should have the protection of union among themselves; they were as "sheep among wolves." Christianity was in its infancy; the new dispensation was scarcely known; heathenism feared the innovations—at Ephesus the Craftsmen cried "Great is Diana of the Ephesians"—and the self-righteous Jew would not have Christ as King."

Notwithstanding the opposition, the Church grew and multiplied; its influence was felt in Sardis, Philadelphia, Laodicea, Smyrna, Ephesus, Thyatira and Pergamos, and these became centres of the new doctrine. Before the close of the 1st century it had reached England on one extreme, and China on the other. The stone has become the mountain, and fills the earth. Its rapid strides point to greater conquests, and the millenial dawn is breaking upon the Church.—The increase within the past one hundred years numbers tens of millions; and each year aggregates the triumphs of the one hundred and twenty who in an upper room, full of faith, awaited the coming of the promised Comforter—the strength of the Church. Your object is similar; you meet for mutual comfort—the Comforter sustains you; you lean for support on no "broken reed;" neither is your trust confounded.—Yours is a contest against sin; a many-headed monster, alluring by as many ways; too many of the allured, perish under the Charmer's deadly poison. You have become workmen in the vineyard; the weeds must be uprooted; the fallow ground broken; the fruit gathered and properly garnered and kept from premature decay.—You must be unceasing in vigilance, lest in the night "an enemy sow tares" and thus encumber the harvest. The tender plants must be cared for; the youth sought; the dangers to their growth exposed; the evils removed, a place of safety found. This is your duty as outposts of the Church; the first alarm given, must be improved. The vices of your towns and cities; the decoys for the destruction of youth to be brought to view; not an inch of ground should be left waste or unoccupied. Such a vast work requires method and organization. In the out-start you become instructors; the alphabet learned you may advance the learner into the more abstruse sciences of our holy religion—in this body of the Church he becomes "fully armed." The association, thus, never dies! In this wise it becomes the philanthropist; no suffering goes unheeded, no cure unrelieved. It seeks from the highways and waste places and brings to such "peace in believing." Like your Divine Master, Jesus Christ, who went about doing good, should your solicitude be; the publican should be as near to you as He sitting "Chief at the feast;" you should be no respecter of persons; the soul in jeopardy the only care. As a branch of Zion this must be to you a "labor of love." As the nursery of the Church you can gather in the rough stones for the temple; the Master Builder will fit them to be lively stones in that spiritual temple whose corner stone is Christ. Ease in Zion, there is none. Yours is a constant warfare; your weapon, the "sword of the spirit;" your Captain, "Prince Emanuel." With this weapon the pruning is done; and the excrescences, hurtful and deadly, removed. We enumerate as excrescences: Intemperance, and all abettors; the Dance, a falsely called innocent amusement; gaming for pleasure, unless restricted, or gain; theatres, opera houses, &c., are a few of your labors. Parents too often injure their children and hope to screen themselves with the excuse that they allow their children to go to dancing school to become graceful—and dancing at home to polish their manners; it is sociable! Forgetting that in "putting grace on the feet they take grace from the heart." In illustration: Mary Ann was a beautiful girl, 18 or 19 years of age, of an esteemed intelligent family. Though acknowledging some regard for religion, she believed with some of its worldly professors, that it was right to indulge in fashionable amusements. She was very fond of balls and dances. In the time of a revival, when her young friends were becoming pious, she was urged by her family physician to dedicate her soul to God. "How can I think" said she "of becoming pious, when in doing so, I shall debar myself of the privilege of attending balls? Our minister says, dancing is wrong. If the Rev. Mr.——were our Pastor, I think I would venture to be pious, for he allows this "innocent amusement." "It was in vain that I tried" said the physician "to convince her of this delusion, and solemnly reminded her, that she would see a difference between a life of amusement and a life of prayer." She listened respectfully, and not without a tear, but still clung to her favorite amusement. Ere long the physician was summoned to her bed-side. He found her dangerously ill with "typhus fever." He alluded to the state of her soul; but she told him she was too weak then to converse with him; yet she requested an interest in his prayers. After an absence of several hours he returned, and found her on the brink of dissolution. The patient had fallen into a state of stupor, so fearfully ominous of the fatal termination of typhus fever. The tongue and lips were covered with a dark tenacious tar, the speech was scarcely intelligible, and the eyes were partially closed. A sort of low murmuring or moaning was heard from her half opened lips. Yet when called by name, she would open her eyes, and seemed to recognise those around her. She continued in this condition for several hours, during which period she occasionally uttered the most heart-rending and unearthly groans I ever heard from mortal being. They distressed me, said the physician,—they distressed us all. At last putting my mouth to her ear, I said: Mary Ann, do tell me what mean these unearthly groans which we hear from you? What is the matter, my dear child? If it is within your power to tell me, do, I beseech you. And never shall I forget the reply. She opened her once beautiful eyes, slowly raised her pale and attenuated hand, and fixing on me a look that made my very soul ache—such was its solemn intensity—she said, with an audibleness of her voice that utterly astonished all!! "Doctor! Doctor! there is a difference between a life of amusement and a life of prayer." "Oh! is is hard to die without an interest in Christ." She closed her eyes, her hand fell, and all was silent. And my soul! what a silence was that!—Soon the earthly anguish of the sufferer was ended—she spoke not again."

Billiard and Bowling Saloons we particularize as fruitful sources of vice and depravity.—Blended as they are with the "Inebriating Cup" they can be none other. Ruin and dissipation are the necessary consequences. While the play, unattached to these snares, may be considered innocent, if used for its legitimate purpose, recuperation of the body; with the proprietors it is too often made a source of profit at the expense of conscience, and "he is hail fellow, well met" that can add most to the coffers of the Bar. Says the Rev. John Todd: "From the boy on his knees in the dirty side-walk playing marbles, up to those gorgeous houses commonly called "hells" and where half a million or more may be