Lebanon Advertiser.

"WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1859.

FOR PRESIDENT IN 1860,

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE,

OF KENTUCKY.

(Subject to the Decision of the Charleston Democratic National Convention.)

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:

Richardson L. Wright,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:

John Rowe,

OF FRANKLIN COUNTY.

THE SIMPLE DIFFERENCE.

Senator Douglas contends that Popular Sovereignty, as applied to slavery in the Territories, means that the people of a territory, without regard to number, have the power to decide whether slavery shall be introduced or prohibited. The regular Democratic party contends that the territories should be free to all, subject only to the Constitution of the United States, and that the proper time to dispose of the Slavery question is when a State Constitution is formed. Then a majority of the people of a territory would be in a proper condition to decide to a finality a question of so much importance.—This makes the difference between popular sovereignty and squatter or mob sovereignty. While the two wings of the Democratic party thus differ, and which difference will be reconciled by the Charleston National Democratic Convention, either view is infinitely preferable to that entertained by the opposition, or rather Republican, party which contends that Congress has the power to enforce the abolition of slavery upon the people of a Territry—even against their will. If Congress has such power it also has the power to force slavery upon an unwilling people. The result would be, in the case of either Douglasism or Republicanism, interminable strife; under the former principle in the Territory and under the latter in Congress. The only safe and pacific measure is that advocated by the regular Democracy.—Let the Territories be free property to all—emigrants from the whole Union to go there with their property whatever it be. In all cases, by the time a sufficient population is there to form a state government, self-interest will dictate the policy to be pursued in reference to slavery.—If slave labor is profitable and desirable in the State it will be introduced, and if not it will be abolished.

☞ By a late arrival from San Juan, the Island belonging to Washington Territory, and which was lately taken possession of by General Harney, we have a report that it was attacked by a British Man-of-War and that thirty Americans were killed.—If so there will be a breeze of war, but it is hoped that the report is false.

The importation of a cargo of real live negroes into a Southern port, direct from the coast of Africa, would be a God send just at this time to the Republicans. In lieu however of the genuine importation, they are daily manufacturing imaginary stories of such transactions, which they hope will answer their deceptive purposes as well. If they were only content with this extent of lying they might go on in their harmless occupation.—But when they go so far as to give statements like the one now going the rounds of their papers, that Judge Douglas should have recently said to a company of his friends at Washington, that tens of thousands of slaves are annually imported, it is time that their propensity to falsehoods should be checked. Judge Douglas and several others of the gentlemen named, who should have composed the party, publicly state that the assertions charged are not only false, but that no such meeting took place at Washington or any other place. The truth is, the only importation of slaves into the United States in the last thirty years, was by the bark Wanderer, in defiance of law, and to the regret and dismay of all honest and law-abiding men, south as well as north.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.—The steamship Europa arrived at Halifax on the night of the 7th inst., with news from Europe to the 27ult. The Zurich Conference was still in session, and it was supposed that it would conclude its labors early in September. Sardinia has refused to permit the annexation of the Italian Duchies to her dominions without the consent of the other Powers, particularly France, but no disposition has yet been evinced by the inhabitants of Tuscany and Modena to allow their exiled sovereigns to resume their former position.

GEORGIA is probably the lightest taxed State in the Union. Its State tax is only two-thirds of a mill on the dollar. A man owning $10,000 of property pays only $6.62 taxes. Georgia is one of the most flourishing States, also rapidly rising in manufacture as well as in agriculture.

From this it would appear that all the Southern States have not the galloping consumption, as northern Republicans would have us believe.—While northern politicians are devoting their time, attention and tears to the amelioration of the people of southern states, and neglecting their own, southeners lend a helping hand, thus being doubly cared for. While we are oppressed with outrageous taxes, and living under annoyances and anxieties, they are lightly taxed and live happy and contented. Hence, the impropriety, if nothing worse, of the Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania, devoting upwards of two long columns to a consideration of the imaginary sufferings of others, when the same ability employed upon the dissection and consideration of wrongs and abuses at home, would have, probably, been of some benefit. When seeking out the Heathen afar off, polititions as well as Christians are too apt to overlook the Heathen at their own doors.

BBIBERY.—The opposition candidates for the Legislature in Berks county, publicly offer $200 each to the voters of that county if they will elect them. Never in the history of politics have we seen anything so barefaced. They propose to pay the money in this way:—Failing to have the compensation of members reduced to $500 they will pay $200 apiece into the county Treasury. Perhaps the people of Berks county will not choose to be bribed for $600 in the aggregate, which would amount to exactly 3⅔ cents a voter, there being about 16,000 voters in Berks county. Messrs. Hottenstein, Klopp and Holloway must have rather a poor opinion of the value of votes in Berks county.

☞ Some of the parties engaged in the sale of the public works of this state, are beginning to "blow." Mr. Petriken, an opposition member of the Legislature, says that it will be proven that while the North Branch Canal was sold to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company, for 1,500,000, in promises to pay, $2,000,000 was offered by other parties. The next "points" upon which we would like Mr. P's information is, how much did some of the members of the Legislature recieve for the passage of the sale bill; or, are they still unpaid and is that the cause of Mr. P's blowing? Were the biters bit? The world will yet learn that the "sale" of the public works of our State was one of the greatest pieces of plundering rascality ever perpetrated upon a people.

GARDNER WALKING ON THE WATER.

It was announced some days since in an Oswego paper that a Mr. Gardner would perform the feat of walking on the water. According to promise an experimental trip was made Thursday afternoon in the presence of a *limited* number of gentlemen, as we learn by a communication in the Oswego *Paladium*. There is also a person residing in a small village in Wisconsin, who writes to the Chicago Leader that he will attempt to walk across Lake Michigan in a pair of patent shoos. We give place to the Oswego account, and also the proposition to the Leader. Our readers must be their own judges about the probability of accomplishing such a feat.—The *Paladium* says:

In accordance with an invitation, a limited party of gentlemen assembled yesterday afternoon, at a point upon the river a short distance above the second dam, to witness an experimental performance by Mr. S. Gardner, the water pedestrian. Taking our seat in our carriage, we started more with the anticipation of enjoying a pleasant drive than of witnessing any remarkable exhibition, but we were destined to be disappointed. Arriving upon the spot we found Gardner nearly ready to proceed with his feat, and a party of thirty or forty gentlemen in attendance. At about 3 o'clock Gardner adjusted his apparatus, and was ready to start.

Whatever where the expectations of the spectators, Gardner seemed to have perfect confidence and proceeded as if the business was no new thing to him; he had evidently assured himself by previous experiment and practice. The spot selected was one where the bank receded directly into deep water. Supporting himself on the start by a pole which was held by several persons on shore, on reaching the end he let loose, and stood upon the surface of the water. Gardner also used a balancing pole, for the same purpose and in the same manner of the tight rope performer.—He proceeded directly out from the shore, with a kind of swinging gait, his body swaying to and fro as he stepped.

A short distance from shore the apparatus was hardly discernible, and the pedestrian had every appearance of walking upon the surface of the water, with no artificial aid, with the exception of his balancing pole. His progress was about the same as in ordinary walking upon land, and apparently with nearly the same ease. He reached the opposite shore, without stopping, in six minutes and a quarter. Mr. G. did not step upon the shore, but merely rested upon his feet a moment or more, supporting and balancing himself by placing his pole upon the bottom. Shortly he started upon his return, and reaching the middle of the river again stood still. Here Gardner turned himself around several times without moving his feet, but simply by the act of swinging his balancing pole. He then started again, and quickly strided to the shore. He appeared very little fatigued or excited by the performance, and the success of the present experiment was nothing more than he expected. The whole time occupied upon the water was a trifle over eighteen minutes.

THE NEXT CENSUS.—Next year the eight census of the United States is to be taken. This enumeration is one of the most laborious and difficult tasks which the Government has to perform. A timely suggestion is made by the National Intelligencer which is worthy of consideration, and which we quote in the hope that it may be heeded before the census takers shall be called upon to discharge their duties. The suggestion is this:

"That each farmer this fall, as he gathers his crops shall keep something like an accurate account of the quality and value of the same; and if he will take trouble, to make out a statement of the names and ages of his family; the number of acres of land cleared and timbered! the number and ages of his servants; the number and value of his horses and mules: the number of bales of cotton, barrels of corn, bushels of wheat, oats, rye, barley, corn, potatoes, &c., and the value of each; and leave it some place where any member of the family, who may be at home when the deputy marshal shall call, can readily get hold of it. It will save time to all concerned, and very greatly assist to make the census returns perfect, complete, and satisfactory.

CHARGED WITH MURDER—A MYSTERIOUS CASE.—Considerable excitement was created in town on Friday afternoon, and during Saturday, in consequence of a rumor being circulated that a man had been murdered and buried in a garden near the Rolling Mill. The facts of the case, as near as we can learn, are as follows:

It appears that a colored woman, named Catharine O'Brian, who has been for sometime and is still confined in the jail at Carlisle, on the charge of assault and battery made some revelations in regard to a murder which she said had been committed in the Spring of 1858, at the house of Mrs. Sarah Black, on the Railroad near the Rolling Mill.—She states that she resided in the house at the time. Wm. Knox, in company with a friend of his and a stranger, came to the house; they played a game of cards for $1.00 aside; a quarrel occurred; the stranger accused the gamblers of cheating; the lie passed, and the stranger drew a knife, when Knox drew a pistol and shot him through the head. The body was wrapped in a sheet, and buried in the garden at midnight. The girl and Knox scrubbed up the spots of blood, and in the morning Mrs. Black sowed seed over the spot where the corpse was buried. She also states that a sister-in-law of Knox, when she heard the report of the pistol fainted, and went into hysterics, and was confined to her bed for several days after.

The girl says for a long time the affair has weighed heavily upon her mind, but through threats and a liberal supply of money, she has been induced to keep the matter quiet. While in prison she was taken sick, and fearing she was about to die, she revealed the circumstances of the affair. The girl was brought from Carlisle, on Friday, and taken to the house, when she pointed out the spot. Search was immediately made, but for some cause was discontinued and not resumed till morning.

In the meantime, Mr. Herr telegraphed to the Mayor of Philadelphia, to arrest and hold Wm. Knox. This was done, and officer Becker left here in the half past two o'clock train to bring him up, but Knox, who appeared to be anxious to meet the charge, left in charge of one of the police in the 11 o'clock train, and arrived here at an early hour on Saturday morning. A warrant was then issued by Justice Beader, and placed in the hands of officer Raudabaugh, who arrested Knox and placed him in jail.

On Saturday afternoon, Knox was brought before Judge Pearson, on a writ of *habeas corpus*, where he entered bail in three securities, to the amount of fifteen thousand dollars, to appear at court and answer the charge of murder. He was held in his own reconizance $5,000, Samuel Knox, a brother of the accused, $5,000, and Stewart Maloney, of Philadelphia, $5,000.

The whole affair is involved in mystery, and will, perhaps, always remain so.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

☞ Remarkable developments in financiering have been made in Pittsburg, in the course of a judicial investigation into certain fraudulent transactions connected with the Monongahela Valley Bank. Warrants were issued a few days since for the arrest of Stephen D. Dillaye and S. G. Langdon, of New York, to answer a charge of forgery and conspiracy. The offence charged is that Dillaye and Landon presented forged certificates of deposit on the American Exchange Bank, of New York, to the amount of $27,500, in exchange for stock of the Monongahela Valley Bank, at the time that institution began operations. The Directors sent Commissioners to New York to investigate the circumstances of the fraud, and on their return to Pittsburg the warrants of arrest were issued. Langdon was secured by the Pittsburg officers, and is now under arrest in that city. Dillaye, being out of town, has not yet been arrested. The details of the fraud form a very curious story.

WHITENING OF THE HAIR.—Mr. D Parray, staff surgeon at Aldershott, gives a very interesting account of a case of sudden whitening of the hair. On the 19th of February, 1858, after an engagement with the rebel force, in the south of Oude, a captured Sepoy of the Bengal army was brought before the authorities for examination. Apparently aware from the first of the danger of his position, he trembled violently, intense horror and despair were depicted on his countenance, and he seemed almost stupefied by fear. While under observation, within the space of half an hour, his hair, from the glossy jet black of the Bengalee, became gray on every portion of his head.

A FATAL JOKE.—A man named Shreeves, in Knox county, Ill., discovering two men on a night of last week, helping themselves on his premises to water melons without leave, knocked one of them down with a club. The man sprung to his feet, and closing with Shreeves, stabbed or cut him with a knife which he had been using on the melons. The scuffle was soon over, when Shreeves recognizing the trespassers to be a couple of his friends and neighbors, accepted their apologies, regarded the affair as a joke, and invited them to partake of refreshments. The cut he had received was passed over as a trifling matter, but it was more serious than he supposed, and the next day caused his death.

CAUSE OF THE AURORA BOREALIS.—M. de la Rive, the celebrated French astronomer, explains the production of the Aurora Borealis in the following manner: "When the sun, having passed into the southern hemisphere, no longer heats our atmosphere, the aqueous vapors which have accumulated during the summer in this part of the atmosphere begin to condense, the kind of humid cap enveloping the polar regions extends more and more, and facilitates the passage of electricity accumulated in the upper portions of the air. But in this elevated region, and especially at this period of the year, the aqueous vapors must most frequently pass into the state of minute particles of ice or snow floating in the air, similar to those which give rise to the halos: they form as it were, a kind of semi-transparent mist. These half frozen fogs conduct the electricity to the surface of the earth, near the pole, and are, at the same time, illuminated by these currents or electric discharges. In fact all observers agree in asserting that the aurora borealis is constantly preceded by a mist, which rises from the pole, and the margin of which, less dense than the remainder, is colored the first; and, indeed, it is very frequent near the pole in the winter months, and especially in those where there is an abundance of vapor in the air.

☞ Barnum is said actually to have offered Mr. Spurgeon, the celebrated English Baptist preacher, £2,000 a year to come to America and make a lecturing tour. Mr. Spurgeon replied by writing simply "Acts xiii, 10," and sending it to Barnum. The verse reads thus: "O, fool of subtlety and all mischief, thou child of the devil, wilt thou not cease to pervert the right ways of the Lord?"

THE DIFFERENCE.—Though Blondin and De Lave, the two rope walkers, have not yet broken their necks, an Irishman and an American have, both being spectators of their feats. One fell from a rock at Niagara Falls, and the other tumbled into the Genesee. This is the difference between carefulness and carelessness.

A LIVING HEAD ON A DEAD BODY.—The Newburgh Index gives the following curious but melancholy particulars of a respectable farmer in that neighborhood, who was once a resident of that city:

Mr. Archibald Campbell, a respectable farmer in the township of Camden East, while engaged in finishing a new dwelling on his premises, the scaffold gave way, and he was precipitated headforemost to the ground and dislocated his neck, but very fortunately and mysteriously did not kill him. When his head was brought to its proper position, the vertebræ of his neck returned to their place with a dull, but distinct snap. The whole body is paralyzed and dead from the neck downwards. He is not capable of moving a muscle or experiencing the slightest pain. Fortunately the nerves supplying the muscles used in respiration were not paralyzed, and he can breathe and live. Had the injury of the spinal cord been a little higher, he would have died immediately.—"The sense of sight, hearing, smelling, &c., are normal, and his intellect unimpaired."

Special Notices.

The heavens were illuminated on the evening of August 28th, 1859, by the most splendid Aurora Borealis ever seen in the country. Rays of parti-colored light flashed across the sky, and the changes were beautiful in the extreme. At one time a rapt observer remarked that he fancied he could see the sparkling lights form themselves into the following words:—Buy all your garments at the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St., above Sixth, Philadelphia. Sept. 7, '59.

☞ See Dr. Sanford's advertisement of Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills, in another column.

HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE.

Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!

The Original and Best in the World!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.

GRAY, RED, OR RUSTY HAIR Dyed instantly to a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black without the least injury to Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1839, and over 80,000 applications have been made to the Hair of his patrons of his famous Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and is WARRANTED not to injure in the least, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of Bad Dyes remedied; the Hair invigorated for Life by this Splendid Dye.

Made, sold and applied (in 9 private rooms) at the Wig Factory, 233 Broadway, New-York.

Sold in all cities and towns of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

☞ The Genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraving, on four sides of each Box, of

WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR,

233 Broadway, New York.

Sold at Dr. Ross' Drug Store, Lebanon, Pa. Dec. 1, 1858.–1y.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES---Dr. Chocsoman's PILLS.—The combinations of ingredients in these Pills, is the result of a long and extensive practice; they are mild in their operation, and certain of restoring nature to its proper channel. In every instance have the Pills proved successful. They are certain to open those obstructions to which females are liable, and bring nature into its proper channel, whereby health is restored, and the pale and deathly countenance changed to a healthy one. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular; and whenever an obstruction takes place, whether from exposure, cold, or any other cause, the general health immediately begins to decline, and the want of such a remedy has been the cause of so many consumptions among young females. Headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, loathing of food, and disturbed sleep, do most always arise from the interruption of nature; and whenever that is the case, the Pills will invariably remedy all these evils. In all cases of nervous and spinal affections in the back and limbs, lowness of spirits, hysterics, &c. Nor are they less efficacious in the cure of Leucorrhœa, commonly called the "Whites." These Pills should never be taken during pregnacy, as they would be sure to cause a miscarriage. Warranted purely Vegetable, and free from anything injurious to life or health. Full and explicit directions which should be read, accompany each box.

These Pills are put up in square flat boxes. Persons residing where there are no agency established, by enclosing One Dollar in a letter, *prepaid*, to any authorized agent can have them sent to their respective addresses by return of mail.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, General Agent for the U. States, 165 Chambers st., New York. To whom all Wholesale orders should be Addressed.

Sold at Dr. Ross' Drug Store, Lebanon, Pa. Dec. 1, 1858.–1y.

WIGS—WIGS—WIGS.

BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND TOUPEES surpass all.—They are elegant, light, easy and durable.

Fitting to a charm—no turning up behind—no shrinking off the head; indeed this is the only Establishment where these things are properly understood and made.

Dec. 1, 1858.–1y. 233 Broadway, New York.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR.

In all diseases inflammation more or less predominates—not to allay inflammation strikes at the root of disease—hence an immediate cure.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, *and nothing else*, will allay inflammation at once, and make a certain cure.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR will cure the following among a great catalogue of diseases: BURNS, SCALDS, CUTS, CHAPES, SORE NIPPLES, CORNS, BUNIONS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BITES, POISON, CHILBLAINS, BILES, SCROFULA, ULCERS, FEVER SORES, FELONS, EAR ACHE, PILES, SORE EYES, GOUT, SWELLINGS, RHEUMATISM, SCALD HEAD, SALT RHEUM, BALDNESS, ERYSIPELAS, RINGWORM, BARBERS ITCH, SMALL POX, MEASLES, RASH, &c. &c.

To some it may appear incredulous that so many diseases should be reached by one article; such an idea will vanish when reflection points to the fact, that the salve is a combination of ingredients, each and every one applying a perfect antidote to its app site disorder.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR

In its effects is magical, because the time is so short between disease and a permanent cure; and it is an extract or salve that draws all disease out of the affected part, leaving nature as perfect as before the injury. It is scarcely necessary to say that no house, workshop, or manufactory should be one moment without it.

No Pain Extractor is genuine unless the box has upon it a steel plate engraving, with the name of Henry Dalley, Manufacturer.

For sale by all Druggists and patent medicine dealers throughout the United States and Canadas.

Principal Depot, 165 Chambers St., N. York.

C. F. CHACE.

Sold at Dr. Ross' Drug store, Lebanon, Pa.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

ANOTHER NEW LOT OF

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

JUST RECEIVED BY

J. W. ACKER,

Cumberland St., next door to Dr. Lineaweaver's.

CLOCKS.

Thirty Day,

Eight Day,

Thirty Hour,

CLOCKS,

Just Received at

J. J. BLAIR'S Jewelry Store,

Lebanon Pa.

OCEAN TELEGRAPH!

CALL & SEE THE NEW STOCK

—OF—

Dry-Goods, Grocery & Crockery,

—AT THE—

FARMERS' STORE.

LEONARD ZIMMERMAN informs his friends and the public that he has just received a new stock of

Goods for the Winter Trade,

which will be found as cheap as any stock of the kind in this town, consisting of all such GOODS as are usually kept in a first-class store.

Particular attention is given to Staple Goods for the country trade, not neglecting the fancy articles for LADIES' WEAR—such as Laces, Lawns, Edgings, Undersleeves, Handkerchiefs, &c.

GENTLEMEN are invited to examine his CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cashmets, Tweeds, Fancy and other Vestings, Velvets, Cords, &c.

In the GROCERY department may be found a splendid assortment of every need in the Family. Coffee, Sugar, Spices, Teas, Mackerel, &c. In CROCKERY the stock is well selected.

LEONARD ZIMMERMAN.

☞ The highest market price will be paid for COUNTRY PRODUCE. [Lebanon, Sept. 22, 1858.

Feed---Feed!

PERSONS in want of Feed for Cows or Pigs, can obtain it daily at the Lager Beer BREWERY of the subscriber in North Lebanon township. Price, 10 cents a bushel. HENRY HARTMAN.

Lebanon, Feb. 2, 1859.

John Farrel,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he is receiving a large stock of

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE,

which he will sell, wholesale and retail, on such terms as will suit purchasers. [July 27, '559.

IF YOU WANT

A PHOTOGRAPH of yourself or friend, the best are to be had at DAILY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposit Bank.

JUST RECEIVED A superior PORT WINE, very delicate; also SCOTCH ALE, LONDON PORTER, CATAWBA BRANDY, and CINCINNATI CHAMPAGNE, at

REIGART'S Wine and Liquor Store.

Swatara Collegiate Institute

Jonestown, Lebanon Co., Pa.

THE Edifice being finished, the Summer Term will commence on *Monday, 4th of April.* Males and Females of the age of eight years and upwards, will be instructed by a competent board of teachers. Pupils from abroad will board with the Principal. For circulars containing particulars, address any one of the subscribers.

JOHN BRUNNER, Esq., Pres't of the Board.

HENRY J. MEILY, Secretary.

J. D. RUPP, Principal.

Jonestown, Feb. 16, 18 9.

HENRY & STINE inform all Buyers and Consumers who wish to Get Rich Quick

THAT THEY MUST BUY THEIR GOODS OF

HENRY & STINE, who invite all Cash and Prompt Men, to Come and see Them.

TAKE NOTICE.

The old stone worm is come to life again.

JOHN PETER MOYER would respectfully inform the public that he continues the business of LIMESTONE SAWING AND DRESSING by horse power, in Chestnut Street, East Lebanon. He finishes the following articles out of the best and soundest limestone that can be procured in this neighborhood, viz—DOOR SILLS and PAVEFORDS, STEPS, WINDOW SILLS and HEADS, CELLAR DOOR CHEEKS, CURB-STONES, Shoe Scraper blocks, as well as any other article that can be manufactured of limestone. His Curb-stones are from four to five inches thick; and his prices in accordance with the quality.

He was the first person that introduced the lime-stone into this place, and is now prepared to finish off limestone so as to give it an appearance very little inferior to that of the handsomest Marble. In proof of which assertion he directs the public to the finished work at his establishment. He respectfully invites all those who intend erecting new buildings, to call at his establishment and convince themselves of the excellent finish of his work as also of the cheapness of his prices.

Lebanon, April 26, 1859.–1y.

'Who Has not been the New Sign Put up?'

BY STELLWAGEN & BRO., at their WATCH and JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT, 632 Market Street, one door below 7th Philadelphia. But the Sign is nothing to what is exhibited inside. American Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases. Railroad Timekeepers of English and Swiss makes; Fashionable Jewelry and Silver ware, and also fine Table Cutlery, and the best thing of all is that the prices of all the attractions is within the reach of the usallest pockets.

STELLWAGEN & BRO.

April 27, 1859. 632 Market street, Phila'Pa.

New Groceries.

Another New Stock of Groceries, Fruits, &c., have just been received by GYES & MILLER, on Market St, opposite Mrs. Rise's

1000 lbs. New Valencia Raisins, selling at from 6, 7, 8 and 10 cents. per pound.

W. G. WARD,

(Successor to J. M. Good.)

Books ler and Stationer,

MARKET SQUARE, LEBANON.

WARD has always on hand the latest publications Histories, Biographies, Sketches of Travels, the Poets of Europe and this country, Classic Literature of the German, English, French, Latin, Greek and Hebrew; and light reading matter, can be obtained at his store, also, Biblical histories of various authors, on Church and other subjects. The Preacher, Teacher, Doctor, Lawyer, Mechanic, everybody, can be accommodated at WARD'S BOOKSTORE.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery of every description on hand, and sold at the lowest possible CASH PRICE.

Also, Piano, Flute, Violin, and Guitar Music, and Instructors. The great feature of

WARD'S BOOKSTORE

Is that you can get all the Monthly Magazines of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all the DAILY AND WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS

Of every city and town of importance in the United States.

PAPER HANGINGS

Of every variety of patterns and prices; also

Window Shades,

a new article, and sold at a little advance on cost price.

WARD'S

the place, in short, to go to for all you want in his line. He does not think it too much trouble to wait on his customers; he is obliging, and what is better than all, his customers will get what they want, and at prices that will suit them.

Country Storekeepers and Retailers can be supplied at WARD'S

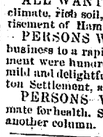
and will save 25 per cent. by purchasing from him, instead of at Philadelphia or elsewhere.

☞ ORDERS for books, periodicals, &c., will receive prompt attention.

REMEMBER—Ward's Bookstore is the place. Anybody can direct you there on inquiry.

Lebanon, March 24, 1859.

NEW LIVERY STABLE.



THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he has opened a NEW LIVERY STABLE, at Mrs. RISE'S Hotel, Market street, Lebanon, where he will keep for the public accommodation a good stock of HORSES and VEHICLES. He will keep gentle and good driving Horses, and handsome and safe Vehicles. Also careful Drivers furnished when desired. Also OMNIBUS for Parties.

Lebanon, April 21, 1858. JAMES MARCH.

SHOE BUSINESS AND FACTORIES can be carried on profitably at Hammonton. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands.

ALL WANTING FARMS IN A DELIGHTFUL climate, rich soil, and secure from frosts. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands in another column:

PERSONS WISHING TO CHANGE THEIR business to a rapidly increasing Country, a New Settlement and delightful. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands in another column.

PERSONS WANTING CHANGE OF CLIMATE for health. See advertisement of Hammonton Lands another column.

CLOKS, CLOCCKS,

JUST BY RECEIVED AT

J. W. ACKER'S,

From 1,25 to $10, 8 day and 30 hour,

Oct. 22, '56.

IF YOU WANT

A good PICTURE for a Medallion or Pin, call at DAILY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposit Bank.

IF YOU WANT GOOD PICTURES GO TO

BRENNER'S

SKY LIGHT GALLERY, over D. S. Raber's Drug Store, on Cumberland street, Lebanon, Pa. AMBROTYPES, MELAINOTYPES, FERROTYPES, PAPYROTYPES and PHOTOGRAPHS, taken daily, (Sunday excepted.) Prices reasonable and in accordance with the size, style and quality of the cases. Rooms opened from 8 A. M., to 4 o'clock, P. M.

Lebanon, June 2, 1858.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

HELLO, Betsy, where are you going that you are dressed up so?

Ans.—I am going to J. H. KEIM in Adam Rise's Building to have my Likeness taken.

Ques.—Why do you go to Keim and not to one of the other rooms to have it taken?

Ans.—Because Keim's Pictures are sharper, clearer and more truthful than others and nearly everybody goes to him.

Ques.—Can you tell me why his pictures are superior to others?

Ans.—Yes! he had 9 years practice, and has superior Cameras, and all his other fixtures are of the most improved kind.

Ques.—What kind of Pictures does he take?

Ans.—He takes Ambrotypes, and Melainotypes, of all sizes and superior finish; and Photographs, from the smallest up to Life Size, Plain and Colored in Oil. He takes all sizes Photographs from Daguerreotypes of deceased persons and has them colored life like, by one of the best Artists. His charges are reasonable and his rooms are open every day (except Sunday) from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 6, P. M. Don't forget, KEIM'S ROOMS is the place you can get the Best Pictures.

Coal, Coal, Coal,

WE, the undersigned, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lebanon county, that we are now prepared to supply the community with COAL, either Wholesale or Retail, as we will keep all kinds of COAL on hand, such as

Pea, Chestnut, Nut, Stove, Egg and Broken COAL, white, red and gray ash,

which we are constantly receiving from some of the best Collieries in the Coal regions, and would here say that we will sell our Coal as low as they can be sold by any Person in the county, which we will sell at our Mill, or any part of the two boroughs.

MYERS & SHOUR.

Genesse Mills, Lebanon, Feb. 3, 1858.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

Selling cheaper than at any other Stove Store in Lebanon for CASH!

THE Subscriber is determined to sell Stoves at from 15 to 20 per cent cheaper than any other establishment in Lebanon. Call and see my stock, next door to the Lebanon Bank, I charge nothing for examining. Thankful for past favors so hopes to still receive a share of public patronage. JAMES N. ROGERS.

Lebanon, Nov. 24, 1858.

ENCOURAGE ENTERPRIZE

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW!

THE News now are a new arrival of the handsomest and cheapest new Goods at the Cheap Store.

IF YOU WANT

To Save money, buy your Dry Goods at Raber & Bros.

IF YOU WANT

To get a cheap, yet handsome Silk Dress, Raber & Bros., is the place to Buy them; they have Fancy and Black Silk from 55 cents, a yard, and upwards.

IF YOU WANT

A handsome SHAWL, cheap, Call at Raber & Bros.

IF YOU WANT

Collars, Sleeves, or other Embroidery, you save money by buying of Raber & Bros.

IF YOU WANT

A good pair of Kid Gloves, or Mitts, Raber & Bros have them and will sell cheap.

IF YOU WANT

Calico, Prints, You can buy them at Raber & Bros., from 4 cents a yard, to 10 cents, and British and French, from 12 to 25 cents per yard.

IF YOU WANT

Ginghams, Raber & Bros have them from 6¼ cents a yard to 25 cents.

IF YOU WANT

Muslins, you can buy them at Raber & Bros., from 3 cents a yard to 20 or 25 cents, any quality you wish.

ANYTHING ELSE THAT

You need for Dress or Family use, you will find cheap, at Raber & Bros.

IF YOU WANT

A Coat, a pair of Pants, or Vest for yourself, Raber & Bros. have the best assortment of Goods for the season, and the prices to suit you

FOR YOUR BOYS

Clothing, select your goods at Raber & Bros. and save money by buying cheap.

THE LARGEST AND

Cheapest assortment of CARPETS you willfind at Raber & Bros. Call and examine for yourself.

SWARTZ & BRO.

CASH

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS, QUEENSWARE,

GROCERIES, &c.

HALL BUILDING,

MARKET STREET.

Cash paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

NORTH LEBANON BOROUGH

DIVIDED!

GREAT EXCITEMNET.

Grand Rush for the People's Home Quarters!

THE ACTION

OF the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in reference to the Borough of NORTH LEBANON, has caused an unusual degree of excitement among its quiet inhabitants, but not near so much as the Fresh Arrival of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

at the MANSION HOUSE STORE OF

Messrs. Funck & Brother.

☞ The Proprietors feel confident that they are still able to supply all their customers, and the "rest of mankind," who will favor them with a call, with any variety of the

CHOICEST GOODS.

The new system enables them to sell at *greatly reduced prices*, which they hope will be a great inducement for all desirous of buying cheap, to give them a call. Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies and Gentlemen are most cordially invited to give them a call, and examine for themselves.

North Lebanon Borough, April 20, 1859.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

NEARLY 2,000,000 FEET!

OF the best and cheapest assortment of LUMBER ever offered to the public, is now for sale at the new and extensive LUMBER and COAL YARD of

BRECHBILL & HORST,

in the Borough of North Lebanon, on the bank of the Union Canal, at the head of Walnut street, a few squares North of the Cornwall Steam Mills, and one square east of Bowmen's Hotel.

Their assortment consists of the best well-seasoned White, Yellow, Norway, Pine and Hemlock Boards;—Cherry, Poplar and Pine Boards;

1¼ and 2 inch Panel and Common Plank;

White Pine and Hemlock Scantling and Joists;

White Oak Boards, Plank and Scantling;

and ½ inch Poplar Boards, Plank and Scantling.

SHINGLES! SHINGLES!!

The best Pine and Hemlock Shingles;

Also, Roofing and Plastering Laths;

Chestnut Rails and Posts, and Pailings for fences and fencing Boards;

FLOORING BOARDS of all sizes and descriptions.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

The largest stock of Broken, Stove, Limeburners and Hollidaysburg Smith Coal, at the lowest prices.

☞ Confident that they have the largest and best assortment of Lumber of all descriptions and sizes, as well as the largest stock of the different kinds of COAL, ever offered in the citizens of Lebanon county, they venture to say that they can accommodate all purchasers satisfactorily, and would therefore invite all who want anything in their line, to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. BRECHBILL & HORST.

N. Lebanon, Feb. 24, 1858.

THE SECRET INFIRMATIES OF

Youth and Maturity

JUST PUBLISHED, GRATIS, 25th Thousand:

A FEW WORDS ON THE RATIONAL TREATMENT, without Medicine, of Spermatorrhœa, or Local Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions Genital and Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of the system, Impotency, and Impediments to Marriage generally.

BY R. DE LANEY, M. D.

The important fact that the many alarming complaints, originating in the imprudence and solitude of youth, may be easily removed WITHOUT MEDICINE, is in this small tract clearly demonstrated; and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the Author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.

Sent to address, gratis and post free in sealed envelope by remitting (post paid) two postage stamps to Dr. R. DE LANEY, No. 1 East 31st Street, New York City.

June 22, 1859.–3m.

Reigart's Wine and Liquor Store,

CORNER of *Market and Water streets*, Lebanon, Pa., in the room formerly occupied by Jacob Weidle, Esq., where he still continues to keep an assortment of the very best brands of WINES and LIQUORS that can be got. To those who are acquainted with his LIQUORS, it is not necessary for him to speak, as the Liquors will speak for themselves. To Hotel Keepers, and all others, he would state that it is merely necessary for them to call and examine his stock to satisfy themselves, as he warrants to render full satisfaction. EMANUEL REIGART.

N. B.—Remember at Weidle's Corner.

Lebanon, May 5, 1858.

GRAIN WANTED.

50,000 Bushels Wheat.

50,000 Do. Rye.

50,000 Do. Oats.

50,000 Do. Corn.

AT the Store House of the subscriber, on the Union Canal, below Walnut street, in the borough of N. Lebanon, for which the highest Market price will be paid in Cash.

As I have been many years in the business and have always been found to deal fairly and pleasantly with my customers, I trust that our dealings may also continue in the future. JOHN IMMEL.

N. Lebanon, Feb. 9, 1859.–6m.

BACK TO THE OLD PLACE!

LAGER. LAGER.

HENRY HARTMAN, the well-known Brewer, has removed his LAGER BEER-SALOON to the large and handsome three story house of Mr. Arnold, in Cumberland street, west of the Plank Road, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the public generally.

☞ Limberger and Sweitzer Cheese, Holland Herring, &c., wholesale and Retail. His BEER is of his own well known Brewery. Leban