

WEEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE GEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA. WEDNESDAY, JULY 13, 1859.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL : Richardson L. Wright, OF PHILADELPHIA. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:

tution and the laws for the sake of votes. But we find the opposition anything but office for the sake of office. During the late canvass in Virginia, Goggin the opposition candidute, come near defeating Letcher by his intense devotion to the slave interest. In Kentucky and other southern states the opposition candidates

TERRIBLE.—In looking over the local items of a Philadelphia paper dition to which there were eighteen Hospital cases of persons mained by fire arms; and nineteen fires. This was celebrating the 4th of July with gave a distressing account, in his sorrow in the city of 'Brotherly Love.' The Corporation refused to approprihis song was, "I would if I could, if ate money as usual for a general cele- I couldn't could I?—You would not bration, and the consequence was ev- without you could; I wouldn't would erybody got up independent celebra- you?" His yarn about Tuantepec tions, and consequently the innumerable accidents.

From our exchanges we learn that the peach crop this season promises to be immense.

The address of the State Central Committee is published on the consistant narration, but unfortunately first page. Do not fail to read it.

Charles Roth, a well known merehant tailor of Philadelphia, commit- der a confusion of ideas. ted suicide on Wednesday morning, by taking strychnine. Some years stockbroker; but unfortunate specu- nesday trip. lations soon stripped him of every cent, and he was obliged to go back to tailoring again, He leaves a wife and children.

## JEREMIAH SHINDEL.

We learn, from the Allentown Dem. ocrat, that this gentleman, who has Senator,) incompatible with that of through the wrist and the hand nearthe clerical, resigned his Ministerial office, to take effect as soon as the congregation under his charge can be Pennsylvania for nearly thirty years, the mercury indicating only 50 deg. erend body will not stop with his resignation, but he will continue to respect and defend both the Synod and the Church of which it is the repre-

Hors DE COMBAT.—This expression is now and will be in constant use Simon Cameron. waile the war lasts. We therefore propose to book our readers on its The official vote of Virginia is at last meaning. It includes all who, being published. Letcher's majority is 4,yet put out of the battle-used up, cratic vote is 6,162, and in the Oppoput under, done for, knocked down, disarmed, or otherwise incapaciated tion,) 150,483; and in 1855, 126,629. like the definition, give us a better one.

made its appearance. It is unlike key, 100 nounds of venison, 10 demi-the original. The vignette is a herrings, 1 barrel of whiskey, 1 barmade its appearance. It is unlike the original. The vignette is a steamboat; on one end of the note is a picture of Washington; the word "the" is above "Clinton Bank," on the word "the wo the genuine note, while on the counterfeit it is in the same line, but in man is not a tremendous enter. smaller letters; and the connterfeit has the word "five" in red letters un- is Napoleon is succeeding beyond her der the vignette.

TEVALUATE ADVETTIBET. have nominated Leland Sanford for From St. Louis to Jefferson County in Eigh-Governor; J. F. Kenneday for Lieutenant Governor; Congress, E. D. Baker and P. H. Libley.

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION .--The next annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will be held in West Chester, commencing on Tuesday, the 2d of August .--A large number of Teachers from different parts of the State will be pres-DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

A parcel of Philadelphia rowdies had a prize fight on Sunday week in New Jersey. The fighters were the champions of two fire companies

pupils for the Reading High School, some of the candidates passed through party at present in the south belying the ordeal with flying colors. They its principles, and ready to sacrifice had obtained, a few hours before the examination, a copy of the printed list of questions and answers!

A BULL DOG ATTACKING AN ELE-PHANT.—The Pittsburg (Va.) Express says: An amusing incident occurred while Van Amburgh's menagrie was crossing the Apomattox, a short disare yielding everything to slavery, tance above the Pocahontas bridge, and go far beyond what Democrats strikingly illustrative of the fact that ever did or ever will on that subject. the bull dog is the most courageous Yet, northern abolitionists and Republof all animals, and will attack any licans are in ecstacies at the prospects elephant entered the water with his licans are in ecstacies at the prospects of their political friends—the opposition of the opposi tion to the Democracy in the South. dividual in the crowd, prompted by a spirit of mischief, hied on a large bull

dog to attack the huge animal.

The dog instantly obeyed, and of Tuesday morning, we noticed the plunging into the water, seized hold of following headings to the items of the hind legs of the elephant; on day before (July 4:)—A shameful which the latter only twitched him outrage; Fire; Run Over; Shocking; fly, but not ridding himself of his aswith his tail as he would brush off a Broke down; Finger Shattered; Lit-sailant by such gentle means, and had mounted towards at which the balloon had the Girl Burned; Riot; Drowned; Fire; feeling sharp teeth at work upon his Throat Cut; Fires; Shooting Case; snout, turned and scizing the dog, Skull Fractured; Hand Shattered; held mm under the water and shart and nearly drowned; then raising him held him under the water until he was from the change of vir; and with all the clothing Stabbed; Drowned; Accident; Pick-high in the air, threw him at least a eter at 23, and this was the lowest of both instrupocket Caught; Child Run Over; hundred feet out into the stream.-Awful Accident; Found Drowned; Fully satisfied with the punishment ing of Lake Ontario.

Box Drowned I Traid Dod. Traid the had received the dog made his Boy Drowned; Found Dead. In ad- he had received, the dog made his way to the shore, and beat a hasty

> I Would IF I Could.—Poor Joe speech the other night, of his baffled labors for California. The burden of mind the quartette of the Twister:

When a twister twisting would twist him a twist, But if one of the twists untwists from the twist.

Joe tried hard to twist the threads of his discourse into a connected and one of the twists would always get wrong, and the whole became there-

The Postmaster General has ago he retired from business, with 3197, from Harrisburg to Jonestown, sixty thousand dollars, and became a to twice a week, omitting the Wed-

FROM MEXICO.

to be awaiting shipment.

MANGLED BY A MOWING MA-CHINE.—On last Friday, George F. for many years been an acceptable Shelmire, proprietor of the Spread clergyman or Minister in the German

Evangelical Lutheran Church, has in consequence of the recent action a consequence of the recent action of machine while it was in motion. One the Church authorities declaring the of his hands was entirely off above holding of a political office (State the wrist, and the other one cut must have been Fort Wayne. At 6 A. M., we through the wrist and the hand near passed Toledo, and about an hour afterward we

MR. MERRIAM writes that for a period of twenty-one years, the temperature on the 4th has never fallen suited with a clergyman. The Dem- so low as it did on Monday last, when ocrat states that "Mr. Shindel has it was down to 54 deg. at 6 A. M. been connected with the Synod of and its highest point was 68 deg.-Tuesday morning it was colder still,

> BLONDON—having made himself famous, is now at the Rochester Theatre as a rope dancer.

DEAD-James Burnsides, President Judge of the 25th Judicial district, was thrown from his buggy on Friday week and instantly killed .-He was married to a daughter of Hon.

following as the necessary articles of outfit for a Pike's Peaker :- 100 bar-LOOK OUT FOR IT.—A counterfeit rels of flour, 2 barrels of whiskey, 50 \$3 note on the Clinton, N. J., has barrels of bacon, 40 gallons of whisthe other articles will hold out if the

> Mrs. Partington says, that Lonmost sanguinary expectorations.

The opposition in California THE GREAT BALLOON VOYAGE wheels, intended for the working of the fan count of the battle published at Paris.

Private desnatches intimate that the

toon Hours. Thrilling Adventurer. A Plunge into Lake Ontario. Descent into a tree. A hugh limb carriedaway. Collapse in another tree. An Æronaut's Nar-

rative.

From the New York Tribune.

Although it was inlended to have staited on this voyage on the 23d of June, were delayed in our preparations until the 1st of July. By 6 o'clock, P. M., the air-ship Atlantic was duly inflated, and while we were putting her in trim with ballast and provisions, Mr. Brooks, lessee of the okinast and provisions, are brooks iessee of the St. Louis Museum, who had kindly volunteered to execute over the Mississippi in his balloon Comet, got ready for the occasion, and upon a signal agreed ascended from the ground. At 7. 20 P. M., the Atlantic was ready to sail. Massrs. La Mountain and Gager, thinking some difficul-ty might arise at the start if they should attach the fan wheels to the shafts and wheel gearing, determined to omit that until we should be fairly under way next morning. Having had much experience in hard winds, and the perils of landing a balloon under them, we had constructed at St. Louis a good wicker-work car (which, with a good place on one end; Mr. Gager took the other end and took charge of the charts and compass; Mr Hyde, local editor of the St. Leais Republican, took his seat in the middle, with note book and pencil, as historian. Although Mr. Hyde was not in the original programme, we unanimously agreed to let him accompany us, provided it would not interfere with our ultimate design; and as it and the water horizon, but we were swooping at was arranged that, under any circumstances, when the balloon should fail, the boat and its occupants should be disposed of, and myself or Mr. Lamountain should proceed with the voyage alone.

The basket contained 350 pounds of ballast, a barometer, wet and dry bulb, thermometer, besides a quantity of wines and provisions; and I

clear place, about sunset. Father of Waters, though it continued light until after 9. Mr. La Mountain having suffered from sickness on Thursday, and being too widel to work hard under a burning sut at the inflation, left much hard labor for meat the twork. I submitted the whole thing to his charge for the night, with the understanding to have me waked whenever he wanted the valve worked, and he become completely distended, and where we found the current due cast. Here it became chilly, and Mr. La Mountain, as well as all of us, suffered we could put on us it was still uncomfortable,

current as long as it would take us but a few points north of east, and I told him to do as he leemed hest, and report his reckoning in the morning. After bidding the party in the hoat a good night and God speed, I coiled myself up in blankets, and laid down as I could, and in a few but repose until 11.30, P. M.

At this-time Mr. La Mountain again mounted for the upper current; being desirous of making a little more easting, he hailed me to open the valve, as the balloon had become so tense, and the gas was a shift from the neck with a noise, but without you could; I wouldn't would you?" His yarn about Tuantepec and the railroad, and appropriations, was awfully tangled. It needed an Cedepus to unravel it. It brought to mind the guartette of the Twistow. soon brought me back to a knowledge of what was going on, and I resolved to sleep no more during the night At midnight I felt quite well, with an invigo

rated spirit of observation and interest in our experiment. The whole dome of heaven was lit up with a mellow phosphorescent light, the stars shone with a crystalline brilliancy, and the milky way look like an illuminated stratum of cumuluclouds. Whenever we crossed water the heaven-lit dome was as visible below by reflection as by confused. In fact Joe labored un-der a confusion of ideas. translucent, and looked like light shining through oiled paper. We could also tell prairie from forest, and by keeping the eye for a moment down. We could also tell prairie from fe over a mile, and even at the greatest elevation we could discorn prarie from woodland, and from wa-

Whenever we halloed it was followed by a dis NEW ORLEANS, July 7.—Vera Cruz index to height. We always found a response in numerous bow-vow vows, and those, too, were always indicative of the fullness and sparseness of tinct echo, and even this served as a differential ta, which was recently seized by Gen-eral Robies, to have arrived there, and many miles around as. Mr. La Mountain renarked that nobody lived in that country but dogs, or else the people baked like dogs, he having got a little out of humor, because nobody would tell him

but could not make it out, but at 5 A.M., we discovered Lake Erie ahead of us, and then concludlowered on the margin of the Lake a little north of Sandusky. After a few moments consultation, and a review of our ballast, we determined to risk the length of Lake Erie, and to test the notion that balloons cannot be kept up long over water. ecause of some poculiar affinity of the two-n tion that never had any belief with me. Just as

we merged upon the lake, a little steam screw that was propelling up the river or bay headed for our track, and some one aboard of her very quaintly cried aloud to us: "That is the Lake ahead of you." Mr. La Mountain cried back, "Is it Lake Erie?" and the answer was, "Yes, it is, and you had bette back wit." had better look out." Our good friend the propellor, finding that we discarded his kindness,
rounded off again, sounded us a good-by with his
steam whistle, and went his way up the river.

Here we mounted up until the balloon get full,
and the barometer fell to 23, in order to make along near the southern shore of the Lake, but a Mr. La Mountain's suggestion, that we could make the city of Buffalo by sailing but a few hundred feet above the surface of the water, I opened the valve until we gradually sank to within five hundred feet of the water. Here we found a gentle galo of about a speed of a mile per minute, and we resolved to float on it until we should heave in sight of Buffalo, and then rise and sail over it. This was a most interesting part of our voyage. We overtook seven steamboats, passed mutual sal-utations, and would soon leave them flitting on either killed, wounded or missing, are 470. The falling off in the Demo- utations, and would soon leave them mixing on the horizon in our rear. One of these lonely travcratic vote is 6,162, and in the Opposition vote 1,711. The aggregate vote is 148,756, in 1856, (Presidential election,) 150,483; and in 1855, 126,629. Suffalo in our track, but we circled up into it be-A Western paper gives the tween Buffalo and Ning ra Falls, crossing Grand llowing as the necessary articles of Island, leaving Buffalo to the right, and Lockport to the left of us in our onward course. Finding ourselves in the State of New York, but too far north to make the City of New York, it was agreed that we would make a landing near Rochester, de-tach the boat, leave out Mr. Gager and Mr. Hyde, told my friends certain destruction awaited as if we should touch the earth in that tornado. The huge "Atlantic" was making a terrific sweep earthward; already were we near the tops of the trees of a tall forest, and I cried out somewhatex-citedly, "for God's sake, heave overboard any-

thing you can lay your hands on La Mountain," and in another moment he responded "all right," standing on the side of the boat with a shaft and,

ome necessary.

Mr. Hyde looked up to my car, and very solemuly said, "This is an exciting time Professor. What shall we do?" "Trust to Providence and all our energies" said I. We were fast running on to Lake Ontario, and oh! how terribly it was to Lake Untario, and oh! how terribly it was foaming, meaning and howling. I said "La Mountain, I have 150 pounds of ballest in my car yet, and a heavy valise, an Express bag (sont to the U. S. Express Company's office in Broadway, New York,) and a lot of provisions."

"Well, if that won't do, I will cut up the boat for ballest, and we can keep above water until we

for ballast, and we can keep above water until we reach the opposite shore," which was near a hundred miles off in the direction we were then go-

ing.

Here I handed my ballast down to La Mountain, as we were rapidly mounting above the ter-rific gale, believing that by that course we should at last get out of its main track.

at last get out of its main track.

Everything now indicated that we should perish in the water or on the land; and our only salvation was to keep afloat until we got out of the gale, if we could. I said, "You must all get into the basket, if you want to be saved, should we over reach the land. And I truly tell you that the perils of the land are even more terrible than those of the water with our mediums; and it John Rowe,

of Franklin county.

The opposition are constantly talking of the devotion of the democracy to the slave interest. We do not believe that the Democratic party ever yielded one iota to the south in disregard of principles, the consti
The opposition are constantly talking of principles, the consti
the champions of two fire companies and it to companies and it to companies and it these perils, which was suspended between the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the fifty-six rounds when Mulholland was unable "to come to time." Leeds was declared the victor and the rabble dispersed. The purse was \$250.

At the recent examination of the champions of two fire companies and it is a policy in the perils of the land are even more terrible than the these perils, which was suspended between the boat about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and within 6 feet of the hoop, so that the boat and balloon, and about 8 feet above the former and wi had weight. Our carpet bags, our instruments, the Express bag, our previsions, were all ready to go, and go they did, one after another, until we were reduced to the Express bag-that went

werboard last.
We now descried the shore, some forty miles a fearful rate upon the turbulent water, and, in another moment, crash went the boat upon the water sideways, staving in two of the planks, and giving our whole craft two fearful jerks by two succeeding waves. La Mountain stuck to the boat like a hero, but lost his hat, and got a dash of the wayes, but soon recovered and threw over took my place in the basket and charge of the valve rope, and director of the general plan of the voyage, by the unanimous consent of the party engaged in this long devised enterprise. I must say here that Mr. LaMountain took in charge a part of the programme, that none but a cool head and most accomplished erronaut could be trusted up a few bundred feet again, and the steam-pro-pellor Young America was tacking across our track. I now proposed to swamp the boat and balloon in the lake, and trust to being picked up by the Young America, but the desire was that with; and especially the night sailing. At 7.20 P. M., we set sail from Washington Square of St. we should make the shore and try the land, and as we crossed the bow of the steamer they gave us a hearty hurrah. In Mountain had now cut out of the boat all he could, and we were within fifteen miles of the shore, the gale still raging be-At 8 30, P. M., the shades of the evening shut from our view the noble city of St. Louis and the boat below, and jumped out at the first touching the earth, and I saw no impropriety in that, as then we might have had another hour or two to wait the lulling of the gale; but he said he would share our fate, and he also clambered into the asket, just as we were reaching the land.

basket, just as we were reaching the land.
I saw by the swaying to and fro of the lofty trees into which we must inevitably dash, that our worst perils were at hand, but I still had a foliad hope that we would be saved. I ordered two men upon the valve rope, and we struck within a hundred yards of the water, among some scattered trees, our hook, which was of an inch and a quarter iron, breaking like a pipe stem at the first catch of it in a tree, and we hurling through the tree tops at a fearful rate.

After dashing along this way for nearly a mile. After dashing along this way for nearly a mile, crashing and breaking down trees, we were dashed most fearfully into the boughs of a tall elm, so that the basket swung under and up through the crotch of the limb, and while the boat had caught in some of the other branches, and this brough us to a little, but in another momentile "Atlan-tie" puffed up her huge proportions, and at one swoop away went the limb, basket and bont into the air a hundred feet, and I was afraid some of the crew were impaled upon the serngs. This limb, about eight inches thick at the butt, and full of branches, not weighing less than six or eight hundred pounds, proved too much for the "Atlantic," and brought her suddenly down upon the top of a very tail tree and collapsed her It was a fearful plunge, but it left us dangling between heaven and earth, in the most sorrowful looking plight of machinery that can be imagin

None of us were seriously injured, the many cords, the strong hoop made of wood and iron and the close wicker work basket saving us from and the removal of the neck of the halloon from harm, as long as the machinery hung togother, my face, with plenty of pure celd air around me, and that could not have lasted two minutes lon-

> Whitney, town of Henderson, Jefferson coun-New York. We will soon have the "Atlantie" rebuilt, for what, I hope, may prove a more successful demonstration of what we proposed to do on this ineresting occasion. JOHN W STANWIX HALL, ALBANY, July 3, 1859.

[From the Philadelphia Evening Builetin.]
GRAPE CULTURE AT HAMMONTON.—A numbe of grape growers from Ohio have introduced the culture of the grape at Hammonton, New Jersey. It is twonly five miles south-east from Philadelphia, and the soil and climate is considered by many the best adapted for the grape of any in the Hain. Prosts never injury the vice and reduced the mail service on route No. ward we could see the roads, fences, fields, and many the best adapted for the grape of any in the Union. Frosts never injure the vine, and even houses, quite distinctly at any elevation not there is a high district of land between the little and the great Egg Harbor rivers, where they have never been known to suffer from mildew or rot — We understand that some forty vineyards were set out the past season, mostly Catawba and the

grapics bringing twice the sum they do in Cincin-nati: being within but several hours of either New York or Philadelphin by railroad, the market is unlimited. Adjoining Hammonton is a bottle manufactory, and every appliance necessa-ry for extensivo wine making. Hammonton is a new settlement but of mar-

else the people of all the people of all the people of an else the of an old place introduced. It was a portion of an old tract of land, which has been held for gen-erations in one family, and is only now thrown in the market for sale.

Its proximity to market and advantages of climate insures its rapid improvement. The soil is said to be early and very productive. The crops raised are excellent. Many persons from this state are going there, and we are sure it is much more desirable than many points at the West.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EU-ROPE,

The Battle of the Mincio. 7000 Prisoners, three Flags, and thirty Cannon captured by the French.-35,000 Austrians reported to be placed hors de combat.-Loss of the French 12,000 killed and wounded .- Five French Generals wounded.—The Austrians preparing for another battle. FARTHER POINT, below Quebec, July -The steamship Hungarian, from Liv-

to Quebec. She brings dates to Wednesday, the 29 ult. tween the Allies and the Austrians on

again victorious. The following are particulars thereto. A despatch dated the 25th June, from the Emperor to the Empress Eugenie, says that "the enemy withdrew last night," and that he slept in the room oc-

of Austria. General Niel has been appointed Marshal of France.

French with their whole force, but were could be accomplished. obliged to adandon their position and

trians had 35,000 placed hors de combat, and lost sixteen flags and seventy-five love! That is easy enough to say,

There has been no circumstancial ac-

in killed and wounded at twelve thou- good heart. Do you blame me?" sand. The battle was fought at Salferi-

The Austrians are preparing for another great battle under Gen. Hess, who has already displaced Gen. Schlick as commander-in-chief.

The Emperor Napoleon issued a stiring address to the army after the battle of Salferino. The Austrian despatches acknowledge that they were obliged to retreat

after suffering extraordinarily heavy loss-The Emperor Napoleon was constantv in the hottest of the battle, and Gen-

eral Larrey, who accompanied him, had his horse killed under him. General Niel's corps covered themselves with glory.

The Sardinians fought with great fuagainst superior numbers. The Emperor of Austria is to return

o Vienna on important business. The Paris correspondent of the London Times says that another battle is expected, and is considered as inevitable before the siege operations can commence.

Large reinforcements are constantly eaving France. The attack on Venice was expected

o commence on the 28th. One hundred and seventy-five thoucalled the flower of the Austrian army

eight years. it the battle of Salferino.

months an army of 450,000 men.

A despatch, received at Paris from Cariani, on the 29th ult., says that the divine airs?" "I will show you," said French troops passed the Mincio with. Guido, (who found what he was about) out interruption, the enemy having with. so he called his color-grinder, a great Irawn therefrom.

Great naval preparations are going on

On the 25th ult., Prussia made a proposal to the Federal Diet to place an turn his head and look up to the sky; army of observation on the Rhine, un- and then taking his chalk, drew a Mager the superior orders of Bavaria. The dalen after him, exactly in the same proposal was referred to the Military Committee.

The story in the eastern papers bout a man leaving \$275,000 in the Count, but tell your painter that the cars while asleep, and then having an beautiful and pure idea must be in the exciting race after it, grew out of a story in a western paper of a person hav. ing such a race for \$11,000. But it turns out, after all that there was no money involved in the case-he had simply stepped out of a car, leaving his produce of his subjects' chins. He orwife to pursue her journey without him. The secret of his haste was, he was afraid she would get a divorce if she roubles for the privilege of retaining went through the State of Indiana one

IMPERTINENT. - An exchange says: Miss Tulip, in speaking of old bachelors, says that they are frozen out old covy, and both religion and manners gardeners in the flower bed of love. As were thought in iminent danger. But hey are useless as weeds, they should be treated in the same manner—choked ?"

Demotrat.

Journal asks .- "Wonder if Miss T. would not like to choke one with the inside of her elbow?"

What is the best guard against an adversary?' said a pupil in the art of self-defence to his teacher, a noted pugilist. Keep a civil tongue in your head,' was the unexpected and significant reply.

How to Manage the LITTLE ONES. -We find in one of our exchanges the following suggestions, in behalf of the little folks, which are deserving of consideration. The writer says, 'now that the warm weather has come, let your children amuse themselves out of doors. Don't keep them shut up like house plants, until they become as pale and thin as ghosts. Strip off the finery, put on coarse garments, and turn them out to play in the sand-to make "mud cakes"-to daub their faces with any. thing of an earthly nature, which will make them look as though they had entered into a co-partnership with dirt .-Keep them in the house and they will soon look like, and be of about as much value, as a potato which grows in a cellar, pale, puny, sickly, sentimental wrecks of humanity. Turn them out, we say, boys and girls, and let them run, snoff the pure air and be happy. Who cares if they do get tanned? Leather must be tanned before it is fit for use, and hoys and girls must undergo a hardening process before they are qualified to engage in the active duties of active

A CHARMING CREATURE .- A young clerk has been for the last four years employed in the counting house of a Paris merchant, in the Spanish trade. This latter has a neice, brought up in Spain, and an orphan. She is not beautiful, but refined and intelligent. At balls erpool, has passed this point on her way which she attended here, the past winter, escorted by her uncle, she danced but little; the truth being that she was Another great battle was fought be- seldom invited, except when the young the 24th ult., in which the former were the civility of requesting her to be his

to demand her hand in marriage from cupied in the morning by the Emperor her guardian, his employer. The latter seemed surprised, and received the proposal with coolness. However, after a long consultation with his niece, he gave The Austrian troops crossed the Min- his consent, and the marriage took place cio for the purposs of attacking the as soon as the necessary formalities

Two days subsequently, at breakfast, withdrew to the left bank of the river, the young bride, observing the disconafter blowing up the bridges at Gorta. tent of her husband at being obliged to The Emperor also says, "we took thirty return to his business so early in the honeymoon, said-"Well, don't go to-day. A private despatch says that the Aus- Don't go any more!"

"Not go to the counting house, my "It is easy enough to do, also,"

"Indeed! how so?"

"Nothing more simple in the world. French army has suffered so severely as I have a million and a half of fortune ! to be unable to resume the offensive. - In my apparently modest position I de-Vague rumors also put the French loss termined to choose a husband with a

The gentleman's reply is not record-

The gentieman's tepty is not recolded.

A Kiss in the Dark.—Holcroft, the well-known dramatist, supped one evening at Opie's. After the cloth had been removed, numerous stories wore told, among which was one of a gentleman, who, having put out his candle on going to bed, read in phosphorant characters on the wall, "Confess thy sins." The gentleman fell on his knees, and, as expected, began to confess his sins aloud—not from terror, however, for aware that it was a trick to terrify him, devised by a waggish young lady in the house, ed by a waggish young lady in the house. and hearing a little bustle on the stairhead, he guessed rightly that she and her comrades were there to enjoy his discomfiture. He confessed as the last. and greatest of his sins, that he "had kissed Miss-frequently in the dark," 1847. and so turned the tables on his formentor with a vengeance-a lesson she nev-

THE PAINTER AND THE NOBLEMAN .-Guido's fancy appears to have been engrossed by an imaginary grace, and to this ideal every other quality of art was made subordinate. The individual was of so little consequence to him, that his women are said to have been painted from an old color, grinder of his. Maisand troops from the Austrian reserves vasia tells a curious anecdote of Guido, were on their way to Italy. They are relating to this subject. Richardson quotes it in his own original way in his -every man having served upwards of chapter on Grace; he says :- "A Bolognese nobleman, (Fillippo Aldrovrandi,) Five French generals were wounded a great patron of Guercino's, was induced by this last to endeavor to get out of It is rumored that an English fleet of Guido what woman was the model he wenty-five sail was cruising off Venice. | made use of for his fine and gracious airs The Gazette de Francesays that prep. of heads. Accordingly, he came to see trations are making to raise within two him, and in conversation with, while he was admiring one of his fine heads .-"For God's sake, Signor Guido, what astonishing beauty of a girl do you hug up to yourself, that supplies you with such greasy fellow, with a brutal look like the devil, and bade him sit down, and view, attitude, and same lights and shadows, but as handsome as an angel. The Count thought it was done by enchantment. "No," said Guido, "my dear head, and then no matter what the model is."

TAX UPON BEARDS .- The Czar Peter had the holdness to impose a tax on the dered that the noblemen and gentlemen, tradesmen and artisans, should pay 100 their beards, and the lower class of peoday ahead of him. - Cleveland (Ohio) ple should pay a copac for the same liberty; and he established clerks at the gates of the different towns to collect these duties. Such a new and singular impost troubled the vast Empire of Mus-Peter was inflexible, and shaving began in good earnest; the Russians very gen. To which Prentice, of the Louisville crally coming to the conclusion that it was better to cut off their beards than to give serious offence to a man who had the power of cutting off their heads.

Merchant Tailoring.

REMOVAL.

S. RAMSEY has removed to the first door south from lienry & Stine's Store, and opposite the Earle Hotel, where he will keep an assortment of Cloths, Cassameres, and Vestings. Also ready made clothing and surnishing goods such as Shirts, llose, Gloves. Handker chiefs, Neckties, &c., &c., —all of which will be sold as cheap as at any other establishment in Lebanou.

CUSTOMER WORK attended to promptly, and good fits guaranteed.

S. S. RAMSAY.

Lobatou, April 13, 1859. fits guaranteed. Lebanou, April 13, 1859.

HENRY & STINE SELL ALL KINDS OF GROCERIES CHEAP. HENRY & STINE inform all Buyers and Consumer who wish to Get Rich Quick

THEY MUST BUY THEIR GOODS HENRY & STINE, who invite all Cash and Pro-Mon, to Come and see Them.

Cheap Groceries and Queens-UGAR for 7, 8, 9, 10, &c. cents; Coffee. Tea, Chocelate &c.; Melasses from 10 cents, upwards, a variety of qualities, and everything else you want, you can buy cheap at RABER & BROS.

TAKE NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE.

The old stone worm is come to life again.

The old stone worm is come to life again.

JOHN PETER MOYER would respectfully inform the public that he continues the business of LIMESTONE SAWING AND DRESSING by horse power, in Chestnut Street, East Lebanon. He finishes the following articles out of the best and seundest limestone that can be procured in this neighborhood, viz.—Door Sills and Platforms, Stees, Window Shils and Heales, Cellar Boor Cheeks, Cleb-Stones, Shoe Scraper blocks, as well as any other article that can be manufactured of limestone. His Curb-stones are from four to five inches thick; and his prices in accordance with the quality.

He was the first person that introduced the lime-stone into this place, and is now prepared to finish off limestone into this place, and is now prepared to finish off limestone into of the handsomest Marble, in proof of which assertion he directs he public to the finished work at his establishment. He respectfully invites all those who intend erecting new boildings, to call at his establishment and convince themselves of the excellent finish of his work as also of the cheapness of his prices.

work as also of the cheapness of his prices.

Lebanon, April 25, 1859.—1y. Sardines, Ketchup, Pure Worcestershire Sauce and Pickels in quart Bottles, all sold cheap by OVES & MILLER. IF YOU WANT

A No. 1 AMBROTYPE, very cheap, go to DAILY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposit Bank. New Tailoring Establishment. clerk chanced to be present and offered the civility of requesting her to be his partner in quadrille. It was thus that their acquaintance was made and ripened.

A fortnight ago the clerk obtained permission from Mademoiselle Fabricia to demand her hand in marriage from

Lebanon, April 6. 1859.-3t. New Groceries. Another New Stock of Grocories, Fruits, &c., have just been received by OVES & MILLER, on Market St, opposite Mrs. Rise's 1000 lbs. New Valencia Raisins, selling at from 6, 7, 8 and 10 cents, per pound.

Waltz & Roedel have just received a large supply of foreign music of which they are prepared to furnish-catalogue to any one making inquiry.

Bond's Roston Crackers by OVES & MILLER. A splendid Lot of New Sugars for 7, 8, and a fine article of refined Sugar, for 9 and 10 cts. PHILAD'A and READING And Lebanon Valley Branch Railroad. REDUCTION OF TOLLS ON IRON ORE.

May 11, 1869.

Awarded to C. MEYER, for his TWO PIANOS, London October Lett., 1851.

MEYER respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has constantly on hand, Pianos equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal, in London, 1851. All orders promptly attended to and great care taken in the selection and packing the same. THE VOICE OF THE WORLD.

The World's Great Exhibi-

tion Prize Medal.

The following MEDALS have been awarded to Conrad The following MEDALS have been awarded to Conrad Meyer, viz:—

1843. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

1845. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

1846. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Pranklin Institute Philadelphia.

1847. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Mechanic' Institute, Philadelphia.

1849. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

1846. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin Institute, recommondation of a Gold Medal.

1851. Diploma and MEDAL, Mechanics' Institute, Boston.

Diploma and Salvar,
ton.
PRIZE MEDAL, Great World's Exhibition, London, since which time, (1851.) C. Meter has not exhibited his Pianos at any Exhibition.
WALTZ & REDEL, Agents.
12 1258. Lebanon, Pa. 1851.

IF YOU WANT

A good PICTURE for a Medallion or Pin, call at DAI.

LYS Gallery, next door to the Lebunon Deposit

NEARLY 2,000,000 FEET!

OF the best and cheapest assortment of LUMBER ever offered to the public, is now for sale at the new nd extensive LUMBER and COAL YARD of BRECHBILL & HORST,

u the Borough of North Lebanon, on the bank of the Union Canal, at the head of Wainut street, a few quares North of the Genessee Steam Mills, and one quare east of Borgner's Hotel.

Their assortment consists of the best well-seasoned White, Yellow, Norway, Pine and Hemlock Boards;—Cherry, Popiar and Pine Boards;

1½ and 2 inch Pannel and Common Plank;

White Pine and Hemlock Scantling and Joists;

White Poplar Boards, Plank and Scantling;
and ½ inch Poplar Boards, Plank and Scantling.

SHINGLES! SHINGLES!

The best Pine and Hemlock Shingles;
Also. Roofing and Plastering Laths;
Chestbut Rails and Posts, and Pailings for fences
and fencing Boards;
FLOORING BOARDS of all sizes and descriptions.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!! The largest stock of Broken, Stove, Limeburners and Hollidaysburg Smith Coal, at the lowest prices.

\*\*E.Confident that they have the largest and best as sortment of Lunsers of all descriptions and sizes, as well as the largest stock of the different kinds of Coal, ever offered to the citizens of Lebanon county, they venture to say that they can accommodate all purchasors satisfactorily, and would therefore invite all who want anything in their line, to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

\*\*BRECHBILL & HORST.\*\*

N. Lebanon, Feb. 21, 1858.\*\*

-IF YOU WANT A PICTURE of your deceased friend, enlarged and colored in oil, call at DAILY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposit Bank.

Notice to Farmers. THE undersigned have bought the Patent Right for LEBANON COUNTY, of CALVIN DELANOS

Independent Horse Tooth Rake, Independent Horse Tooth Rake, which, with ABRAM DEHUFFS IMPROVEMENT, they make and sell on reasonable terms. For durability and performance it is not surpassed in the United States.—The best recommendations from persons that have had them in use for several years, can be given. A Patent was granted to Mr. Delasso, in 1849, for hanging the Teeth on a Rod or Pivot so that they can mount over a large as well as small objects.

A37 Any Horse Rake that is made, sold or hought and used, with the teeth hanging in the aloresaid manner, by others, without our consent, is an infringement upon said Patent; and any person buying, making and selling such Rakes, will be dealt with according to law. WILLIAM SPAHIM.

Lebanon, May 4, '59—3m. HENRY ARNOLD.

IF YOU WANT A PHOTOGRAPH of yourself or friend, the best are to be had at DAILY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposit Bank.

New Invention.

Wood Burned Lime.

PY late improvements in the art of LIME BURNING the subscriber is now enabled to produce the best Wood-RUENZO LIME that was ever made in this section of country, and in quantities without limit, at short notice.—
His improvements are such that he is enabled to sell his Lime at 1 ½ cents per bushels wholesale, instead of 25 cents, which has been the prices heretofore. LIME, burned with COAL, can also be obtained at low rates by the boat load, or in less quantities, as may be desired.
WOOD taken in exchange for Lime. Having gone to a great expense in the perfection of his improvements for lime burning on a large scale, at low prices, the subscriber hopes to receive a chare of the public patronage.

age.

His location is at the old and well known place on the
Union Canal, in North Lebanon.

DAVID BOYER

GREAT BARGAINS AT NO 4, EAGLE BUILDINGS.

Hats, Caps, &c.,

The undersigned, having purchased the entire Stock of

N. Lebanon, May 18, 1859.

A Stock of

HATS, CAPS, &c.,
of Jacob C. Miller, at Sheriff's Sale, will now
of the same at Great Bargains, in order to close concern,
JACOB C. MILLER, former owner, having been appointed the Agent of the undersigned, will attend to
business for thom.

ANDREW GARETT,
HENRY MILLER.

Lebanon, May 25, 1859. NORTH LEBANON BOROUGH DIVIDED! GREAT EXCITEMNET

Grand Rush for the Pople's Head Quarters!

THE ACTION

THE ACTION

F the Legislature of the Commonwealt, of Pennsylvania, in reference to the Borough of NORTH LEBANON, has caused an unusual degree of excitement among its quiet inhabitants, but not near so much as the Fresh Arrival of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, at the MANSTON HOUSE STORM OF at the MANSION HOUSE STORE OF MESSYS. Funck: & Brother.

As The Proprietors feel confident that they are still a mankind, who will favor them with a call, with any variety of the

CHOICEST GOODS. The new system enables them to sell at greatly reduced prices, which they hope will be a great inducement for all desirous of buying cheap, to give them a call. Call and see for yourselves.

Ladies and Gentlemen are most cordially invited to give them a call, and examine for themselves.

North Lebanon Borough, April 20, 1859.

SWARTZ & BRO.

CASH DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, QUEENSWARE

> GROCERIES, &c. HALL BUILDING. MARKET STREET.

Cash paid for all kinds of Country Produce. How to save Money. The policy of Saving Money is important to all persons, and in Consideration of this, the undersigned have placed themselves in a position by which they are enabled to favor the citizens of Lebanon and virinity more than ever with money making bargains.

They have just returned from the city, for the rufus this Spring, and are opening this week, one of the largest. Choicest, and cheapest selections of Spring and Summer Goods, ever offered to the public. The Bec Hive is now abundantly Stocked and honey largains at the disposal of every person who wishes to avail themselves of the same.

**Tamatines** Prints, do. do. do. do. A heavy stock of all kinds of White Goods, do Jaconetts, Muslin, Mull Muslins, Swiss do. Blonds, do. Nainsook, do. &c. FOR MEN AND BUYS,

We are fully prepared. Just Come. forward and make your wants known, and we can supply thom with Cloths, Cassimeres, Linens,

Tweeds, Germanicks, Cott nades, Velvets.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT is unsurparsed. Sugars for 7, 8, 9, and best white at 10 cts. per pound. Molarses, Yellow Syrup for 12½, 14 and 15 cts., per quart. Raisins from 6½ to 12½ cts., per fb., Prunes, Peachet, &c., &c., all very reasonable, in short our late purchases are ten per cent. lower than previous, as the city merchant have altered the prices, the benefit of which can be had by all who buy at the BEE HIVE STOKE of Lebenon, May 4, 1859. GEORGE & PYLE.