The Advertiser:

TERMS, - - - - - - $1 50 A YEAR

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1859.

HOME AFFAIRS.

We respectfully invite the attention of the public, to Dr. Ross' pure fountain Soda Water, prepared in iron fountains lined with porcelain, from the best materials, and flavored with the choicest fruit syrups. All who desire a delicious, healthy and ice-cold beverage should call at Dr. Ross' Drug Store, opposite the Court House.

Lemberger's Soda Water, is the drink for the season, it is drawn from Porcelain Fountains, through a Magnificent silver cooler, is free from copper or any other injurious substance and always pleases. Try it.

MORE CANDIDATES.--Messrs. Henry T. Hoffman, Philip Fisher, and C. O. Meily, have announced themselves as candidates for the County Treasuryship, subject to the decision of the opposition County Convention. These hard times it is worth while to have a snug office, and we are surprised that the candidates are so few. However, there is still time to come out.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—On Tuesday afternoon, a dreadful accident occurred in the steam barrel manufactory of Messrs. Myers & Shour, of this borough, by which one of the employees, Mr. John Francis Langly was so severely injured, that he died at 4 o'clock, the next morning. Mr. L. and another hand were engaged at one of the machines in trimming a barrel, when the machinery was started by a misunderstanding between them, and Mr. L.'s arm being caught in the Knives was dreadfully fractured and lacerated. Our doctors were in attendance upon the injured man, but as no reaction took place in the system, they were unable to amputate the arm. He retained his faculties until the last moment. He was interred on Thursday afternoon in the M. E. Cemetery.

Tomatoes in a new Fashion.—As the tomato season will soon be here, the following method of preparing them for the table, we are assured by one who has made the experiment, is superior to anything yet discovered for the preparation of that excellent article:—Take good ripe tomatoes, cut them in slices, and sprinkle over them finely pulverized white sugar, then add claret wine sufficient to cover them. Tomatoes are sometimes prepared in this way with diluted vinegar, but the claret wine imparts to them a richer and more pleasant flavor, more nearly resembling the strawberry than anything else.

☞ Dr. Jacob Horlocher, an Independent Political Missionary, paid our town a visit last week. He is incapacitated from work on account of several accidents to his limbs, and sells a work entitled "The Democratic National Platform." In addition, he makes speeches wherever he can find an audience, his subject being principally slavery—the settlement of which question, and the restoration of harmony between the North and South, he states to be his aim and object. He contends there is no wrong in slavery as long as the slaves are properly treated, and in this position he quotes numerous passages from scriptures. He also pitches into the abolitionists—characterizing them as disturbers of the peace and as dangerous to the harmony and union of the country. His Platforms sell for 25 cents.

☞ Our old friend ADAM HAAK has taken the large Hotel of the R. R. Company, at Cold Springs, in this county, and is now ready to receive the public. There is no place in the country, where picturesque scenery, hunting, fishing, bathing, and all other enjoyments of summer can be found in more abundance than at the Cold Springs. The arrangements of the Hotel are all in the most fashionable style, and the entertainment under the supervision of Adam will be to the satisfaction of all who may give him a call. Families, Parties, &c., can also be entertained.—His friends in Lebanon should make up a party and give him a bumper.

"A HIGH OLD TIME."—On Friday evening the new Restaurant and Lager Beer Saloon, in the basement, and the splendid Billiard Saloon, on the third story, of Funck's New Building, were thrown open to the public under the Proprietorship of Mr. George F. Reinhard.—His friends (and everybody in town appeared to be such) were invited in to a free social glass of Lager "regardless of expense!" A. K. Hess' String Band was also in attendance, enlivening the jolly entertainment with good music. Mr. Reinhard thinks that by keeping an orderly and pleasant establishment he can make it pay. If it can be done he is the very man to do it. The Billiard Saloon on the 3d story is a very pleasant place for those fond of the exciting game.—The tables are of the latest and best improved kind, and in beauty of workmanship are not to be excelled. They were procured at a heavy expense. The game is one which does not come under the head of those denominated gambling games, but is purely a physical and intellectual exercise. Let it be used as such and for amusement only, and to such an extent as to repay Mr. R. for his enterprize.

The Commencement Exercises of the College of New Jersey, at Princeton, were held Tuesday of last week. The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred upon fifty-five members of the Graduating Class, among whom we notice the name of Grant Weidman, son of Gen. John Weidman, of this borough. The one-hundred and twelfth anniversary of the College was celebrated at the same time.

LAGER BEER.—The Lager Beer consumers in Lebanon county, who are accustomed to drink the beverage in its purity and freshness, will smile at the following description from the *News*, of the mode adopted by many of the Philadelphia venders at Pic Nics. It says that on the occasion of Picnics, in some shady grove of stately trees, bars of rough boards are erected, from which the Lager is dispensed in rapid succession, because almost everybody is determined to have "several" drinks of the Teutonic beverage. "Take a peep behind the bar, and tubs may be seen (on some occasions) nicely arranged to catch the drippings from the returning glasses. Little concave grooves may be observed by a close inspection of the tops of the bars, diverging from a common centre. The surplus lager running into those grooves, is conveyed in the inner edge of the bar, and it drops, or sometimes runs into the tubs. This economizing of lager may be well enough, if cleanliness was only observed. But such is not always the case. Imagine a crowd of half drunken young men, with faces bloated, and sweltering with unnatural heat, arranged along a bar front, swilling lager, coughing in their drink, and while turning away gagging from a swill fed stomach, overturn their glasses on the bar, and the remaining contents thereof following the course of the little grooves, and finally to the receptacle aforesaid. The continual demand for lager sometimes causes the bar-tenders to let the beverage flow from the spigots into the tubs, and then dip it up, half dozen glasses at a time, to accelerate the business."

The 4th of July was celebrated on Monday, in this place, in the usual manner by the Sunday Schools of the different churches. The day was very pleasant, perhaps more so than any 4th of July in many years, on account of the fresh and rather raw breeze blowing all day. In the early morning there were bon-fires, ringing of bells and some carousing. Between 7 and 8 o'clock the schools migrated to the country, and from that time until evening the town was in a measure deserted.

The Junior Sons of America paraded in the evening before sundown, and afterwards proceeded to the Court House, when they were addressed by I. J. Neal, Esq., of Philadelphia, and Wm. M. Derr, Esq., of this place. They numbered about 50 members and were accompanied by the Perseverance Band. The Juniors are an opposition political association of young men who have not yet attained their majority.

In connexion with the return to town of the school which we visited, we observed a pleasing and reflective sight. The procession was met by two persons in full dress as an Indian and his Squaw. They accompanied the procession, in silence, with a firm and dignified step, all of which said, we are natives here, you dispossessed us of this land and exterminated our race. The freedom you enjoy, and which you celebrate to day is upon our hunting grounds. We submit to our fate, but cannot join in your hilarity. The train of thought we fell into would have made a capital 4th of July Oration. The costume of the Indians was rich, and although they were at first mistaken for some of the fantasticals of the morning, their dress and deportment soon dispelled that supposition, and the propriety of the character was appreciated. It was a lesson full of meaning.

Rev. Irwin delivered a beautiful Oration at the M. E. Celebration.

In the evening there were numerous independent displays of fire works, and any amount of "shooting crackers" burnt.

With the exception of a fall from a horse by one of the fantasticals, there was, we believe, no accident of any kind. We saw some few drunken folks, but, merely enough to show to the young the degradation resulting from excess.

☞ Paul Bornsten, the well-known optician, has made a professional visit to our Borough, where he will stay *until the 12th day of July next*, to accommodate those who are suffering for the want of sight, through age, short sightedness, cataract or tending to it, with his wonderful Periscopic Parabola strengthening eye-glasses, which are beyond doubt the *only and best* in the world in regard to strengthening and assistance to the eyes. They are ground and polished by himself according to the latest improvement, and adjusted with great care, and scientifically fitted to the exact power of the Optic nerve in all stages of failing sight, no matter from what cause it originated. Office two doors below the Buck House, next door to the Lebanon Deposit Bank, on Cumberland street. It

Patent Door Register.—Mr. J. Miller, of this place, has shown us and advertises in an other column, a very neat and convenient invention in the shape of a Patent Register, one of which ought to be in the possession of every professional and business man, as well as private family. It will save to professional men the trouble and expense of keeping a clerk or attendant, and prove an excellent substitute for front door waiter for private families. See advertisement.

BUDDING.—The Germantown *Telegraph* reminds us that this is the period for "budding" fruit trees. After July it will be too late. The cherry especially is easily propogated by budding, and many who failed the year in the spring resort to this substitute.

KEEPING COOL.—A contemporary, the other day, in passing along the street, was shower-bathed from a swill or *other* pail.—He looked aloft and perceived a female, the author of the *douch*, to whom he addressed several slightly profane remarks, in return for the compliment. Shower baths are very acceptable at this hot season, get printers, as well as other folks, prefer to select their own time and material for the operation. This is intended is a sly notice, to that effect. It is also advised that slops are unhealthy at this season to be standing about the house, yet, the proper disposal of them is not out of an upper window, especially if pedestrians are in the habit of passing below.

We perceive among the patents issued for the week ending June 28, one to Christian Gingrich and Joseph K. Gingrich, of Annville, Lebanon county, for improved rotary harrows.

ACCIDENT.—A young man, Henry Chase, son of Mr. Ezra Chase, of Dauphin, fell from a cherry tree, on Tuesday, and broke his arm.

The Hollidaysburg Register notices as something extraordinary the arrival of a boat load of iron ore from Lebanon county.

HOG CHOLERA.—Hog Cholera is prevailing to an alarming extent among the hogs at Bridgeport, Fayette county. A large number of very fine ones died from its effect during the past four weeks.

A LEG BROKEN BY A HOOP SKIRT.—We learn that on Wednesday afternoon, the amiable wife of a clergyman residing in ward 11, caught one of her feet in her hoop skirt in such a manner as to throw her down with such a violence as to break one of her legs. Yesterday the sufferer was as comfortable as could be expected.—*Boston Journal.*

☞ The War Department has issued general orders, with a view of enforcing the greatest possible economy in the military service, especially as to the conveyance and distribution of supplies. No buildings are to be erected, nor extraordinary expense incurred, except by the authority from the War Department. No person shall be hired for purposes immediate by connected with the troops, excepting the necessary guides and interpreters. All hired persons not authorized by the tenor of these orders will be forthwith discharged and the service, if necessary, performed by enlisted men.

A British officer writing from Teheran, Persia, to the 'London Times,' remarks:—"A Cathartic Pill manufactured by an American Chemist' (Dr. J. C. AYER, of Lowel, Mass.) has cured the Shah of a Liver Complaint that threatened his life. This simple fact, as might be expected, renders the Americans immensely popular here, while we English are overlooked.—Doubtless our own scholars made the discoveries which he employs, and thus it is in everything; we do the labor, then the mousing Americans put their mark on it and take the reward. Doct. AYER is idolized by the Court and its retainers here which will doubtless be reflected to him on a gold snuff box, or diamond hilted sword, while not the name even of Davy, Christodon or Brodie—the great lights by which he shines, is known."—*New York Sunday Paper.*

SHOOTING A FOOL AND AN IRISHMAN.—An Irishman, in Danbury, Conn., undertook to shoot a cat the other day, and the following account shows, shot a fool instead: "First, he put in a charge of shot, which he covered by ramming home a wad; next, a charge of powder. To make sure of his victim, he wound up the loading with a small handful of corn in the kernel. Thus prepared, he brought the instrument of death to bear upon the cat, and snapped. To his great chagrin the gun was not discharged. He snapped, and snapped, and snapped again; but it was no use—the gun would not go. Irritated beyond measure at his failure, he draw the iron ramrod from the gun, put the point in the fire until it was red hot, inserted it at the muzzle, and then wormed it down through the core until it reached the powder, when wheng! went the charge down to the shot, sending the ramrod through his hand, between the thumb and fore-finger, burying the corn in various parts of his hand, and badly singing his face with the powder! The cat survived, and the Irishman is doing as well as could be expected."

MATRIMONIAL STATISTICS.—We take from the *Courrier des Etats Unis* the following matrimonial particulars which that paper claims were furnished by a member of the English Parliament. There is ingenuity, at all events, in the arrangement of them. Says our authority:

There are at present in London (which contains nearly three millions of inhabitants)—

1,363 wives who have left their husbands to follow their lovers.

2,371 husbands who have run away from their wives.

4,120 couples living apart by consent,

191,123 couples living under the same roof in a state of warfare.

162,320 couples hating each other cordially, but masking, in public, their ferocious hatred under a feigned politeness.

510,132 couples living in a state of indifference to each other.

1,102 couples reputed happy by the world, but who are not quite so in reality.

135 couples happy in comparison with others more unhappy.

7 couples really and truly happy,

It is recommended that this able statistician now investigate the matrimonial statistics of Paris, and set them side by side with those of London. If he find in that gay metropolis so few as seven couples, only, perfectly happy or 510,132 couples living in a state of indifference to each other, then let him come to the United States. We have two or three pretty smart cities this side the Atlantic.

Crossing Niagara Falls on a Tight Rope.

THE FEAT PERFORMED WITH SAFETY.

NIAGARA FALLS, June 30.—Mons. Blondin performed his hazardous feat to day, of walking across the river on a tight rope, in the presence of from five to ten thousand spectators. He first crossed from the American side, stopping midway to refresh himself with a drink of water, which he drew up in a bottle with a rope, from the steamer "Maid of the Mist." This steamer accompanied him to be of service in case of accident. He crossed over in 17¼ minutes, and returned in 12 minutes.

EXTRAORDINARY DISCOVERY OF AN ANCIENT PRINTING PRESS IN INDIA.

When Warren Hastings was Governor General of India, he observed that in the district of Benares, a little below the surface of the earth, is to be found a stratum of a kind of fibrous woody substance, of various thicknesses, in horizontal layers. Major Robuck, informed of this, went to a spot where an excavation had been made, displaying this singular phenomenon. In digging somewhat deeper for the purpose of further research, they laid open a vault, which on examination proved to be of some size, and to their astonishment, they found a kind of printing press, set up in the vault, and on it moveable types, placed as if ready for printing. Every inquiry was set on foot to ascertain the probable period at which such an instrument could have been placed there, for it was evidently not of modern origin, and from all the Major could collect, it appeared probable that the place had remained in the state in which it was found for at least one thousand years. We believe the worthy Major, on his return to England, presented one of the learned associations with a memoir containing many curious speculations on the subject. Paper we know to have been manufactured in the East many centuries before we had any knowledge of it; and we have many reasons to think that the Chinese had been acquainted with the mode of printing they now employ many centuries before Faust invented it in Europe. It certainly does no credit to the inventive genius of the Romans, to know that they approached so as to engrave in a style not to be equalled in the present age, on gems and stones, and of course the taking of impressions from them, that they should still have remained ignorant of the art which has bestowed so many blessings upon mankind.

Science Answering Simple Questions.

Why is rain water soft? Because it is not impregnated with earth and minerals.

Why is it more easy to wash with soft water than with hard? Because soft water unites freely with soap, and dissolves it instead of decomposing it, as hard water does.

Why do wood ashes make hard water soft?—1st. Because the carbonic acid of wood ashes combines with the sulphate of lime in the hard water, and converts into chalk; 2d. Wood ashes convert some of the soluble salts of water into insoluble, and throws them down as a sediment, by which the water remains more pure.

Why has rain water such an unpleasant smell when it is collected in a rain tub or tank? Because it is impregnated with decomposed organic matters washed from the roofs, trees, or casks in which it is collected.

Why does water melt salt? Because very minute particles of water insinuate themselves into the pores of the salt by capillary attraction, and force the crystals apart from each other.

How does blowing hot food make them cool? It causes the air which has been heated by food to change more rapidly, and give place to fresh cold air.

Why do ladies fan themselves in hot weather? That fresh particles of air may be brought in contact with their faces by the action of the fan; and as every fresh particle of air absorbs some heat from the skin, this constant change makes them cool.

Does a fan cool the air? No, it makes the air hotter, by imparting to it the heat of our face; but cools our face by transferring its heat to the air.

Why is there always a strong draught through the key hole of a door? Because the air in the room we occupy is warmer than the air in the hall; therefore the air from the hall rushes thro' the key hole into the room, and causes a draught.

Why is there always a stronger draught under the door and through the crevice on each side?—Because the cold air rushes from the hall to supply the void in the room caused by the escape of warm air up the chimney, &c.

Why is there always a draught through the window crevices? Because the external air, being colder than the air of the room we occupy, rushes through the window crevices to supply the deficiency caused by the escape of the warm air up the chimney, &c.

If you open the lower sash of a window there is more draught than if you open the upper sash. Explain the reason of this. If the lower sash be open, cold external air will rush freely into the room and cause a draught inward; but if the upper sash be open the heated air of the room will rush out, and of course there will be less draught inward.

By which means is a room better ventilated—by opening the upper or lower sash? A room is better ventilated by opening the upper sash; because the hot, vitiated air, which always ascends towards the ceiling, can escape more easily.

By what means is a hot room more quickly cooled—by opening the upper or lower sash?—A hot room is cooled more quickly by the lower sash, because the cold air can enter more freely at the lower part of the room than at the upper.

Why does the wind dry damp linen? Because dry wind, like a dry sponge, imbibes the particles of vapor from the surface of the linen as fast as they are formed.

Which is the hottest place in a church or chapel? The gallery.

Why is the gallery of all public places hotter than the lower parts of the building? Because the air of the building ascends, and all the cold air which can enter thro' the doors and windows keeps to the floor till it has become heated.

Why do plants often grow out of wall and towers? Either because the wind blew the seed there with the dust; or else because some bird, flying over, dropped the seed there, which it had formerly eaten.

Cards, Circulars, Handbills, Posters, &c., printed at the *Advertiser* office, at low rates and short notice—and in the most elegant style.

Special Notices.

HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE.
Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!
The Original and Best in the World!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided if you wish to escape ridicule.

GRAY, RED, OR RUSTY HAIR Dyed instantly to a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black without the least injury to Hair or Skin.

FIFTEEN MEDALS AND DIPLOMAS have been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1839, and over 80,000 applications have been made to the Hair of his patrons of his famous Dye.

WM. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE produces a color not to be distinguished from nature, and it WARRANTED not to injure in the least, however long it may be continued, and the ill effects of Bad Dyes remedied; the Hair invigorated for Life by this Splendid Dye.

Made, sold or applied (in 9 private rooms) at the Wig Factory, 233 Broadway, New-York.

Sold by all druggists and dealers of the United States, by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

☞ The Genuine has the name and address upon a steel plate engraving on four sides of each box, of WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, 233 Broadway, New York.

Sold at Dr. Ross' Drug Store, Lebanon, Pa.
Dec. 1, 1858.-1y.

WIGS—WIGS—WIGS.
BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND TOUPEES surpass all.—They are elegant, light, easy and durable.

MATRIMONIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.—We take from the *Courrier des Etats Unis* the following matrimonial particulars which that paper claims were furnished by a member of the English Parliament. Says our authority:

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Fitting to a charm—no turning up behind—no shrinking off the head; indeed this is the only Establishment where these things are properly understood and made.
Dec. 1, 1858.-1y. 233 Broadway, New York.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR.

In all diseases inflammation more or less predominates—not to allay inflammation strikes at the root of disease—hence an immediate cure.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, *and nothing else*, will allay inflammation at once, and make a certain cure.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR will cure the following among a great catalogue of diseases: BURNS, SCALDS, CUTS, CHAPES, SORE NIPPLES, CORNS, BUNIONS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BITES, POISON, CHILBLAINS, BILES, SCROFULA, ULCERS, FEVER SORES, FELONS, EAR ACHE, PILES, SORE EYES, GOUT, SWELLINGS, RHEUMATISM, SCALD HEAD, SALT RHEUM, BALDNESS, ERYSIPELAS, RINGWORM, BARBERS ITCH, SMALL POX, MEASLES, RASH, &c. &c.

To some it may appear incredulous that so many diseases should be reached by one article; such an idea will vanish when reflection points to the fact, that the salve is a combination of Ingredients, each and every one applying a perfect antidote to its appropriate disorder.

DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR

In its effects is magical, because the time is so short between disease and a permanent cure; and it is an extractor as it draws all disease out of the affected part, leaving nature as perfect as before the injury. It is scarcely necessary to say that no house, work-shop, or manufactory should be one moment without it.

No Pain Extractor is genuine unless the box has upon it a steel plate engraving, with the name of Henry Dalley, Manufacturer.

For sale by all Druggists and patent medicine dealers throughout the United States and Canadas.

Principal Depot, 165 Chambers St., N. York.
C. F. CHACE.

Sold at Dr. Ross' Drug store, Lebanon, Pa.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—Dr. Cheeseman's PILLS.—The combinations of Ingredients in these Pills, is the result of a long and extensive practice; they are mild in their operation, and certain of restoring nature to its proper channel. In every instance have the Pills proved successful. They are certain to open those obstructions to which females are liable, and bring nature into its proper channel, whereby health is restored, and the pale and deathly countenance changed to a healthy one. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular; and whenever an obstruction takes place, whether from exposure, cold, or any other cause, the general health immediately begins to decline, and the want of such a remedy has been the cause of so many consumptions among young females. Headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, loathing of food, and disturbed sleep, do most always arise from the interruption of nature; and whenever that is the case, the Pills will invariably remedy all these evils. In all cases of nervous and spinal affections in the back and limbs, lowness of spirits, hysterics, &c. Nor are they less efficacious in the cure of Leucorrhœa, commonly called the "Whites." These Pills should never be taken during pregnancy, as they would be sure to cause a miscarriage. Warranted purely Vegetable, and free from anything injurious to life or health. Full and explicit directions which should be read, accompany each box.

These Pills are put up in square flat boxes. Persons residing where there are no agency established, by enclosing One Dollar in a letter *prepaid*, to any authorized agent can have them sent to their respective addresses by return of mail.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, General Agent for the U. States, 165 Chambers st., New York. To whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

Sold at Dr. Ross' Drug Store, Lebanon, Pa.
Dec. 1, 1858.-1y.

Religious Notices.

Preaching in the Methodist Episcopal Church next Sunday morning and evening.

Union Prayer Meeting at the Temperance Hall, at 8 o'clock, every Monday evening.

English preaching next Sabbath morning at 9½ o'clock, and German at 2½ o'clock in the afternoon, in Salem's Lutheran Church.

German preaching in the morning, and English in the evening, in Zion's Lutheran Church next Sunday.

English preaching next Sabbath evening, in the the Reformed Church.

English preaching next Sabbath morning, and German in the evening, in the Moravian Church.

Episcopal service—Sunday, July 10th, in the afternoon, at 3 P. M., in the Town Hall.

The Lebanon Market.

Carefully Corrected Weekly by Myers & Shour.

LEBANON,		WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1859.	
Leb. Mills Ex. Fam	$8 50	Potatoes, ⅌ bu,	65
Smith " Extra	8 00	Eggs, ⅌ doz.,	12
Leb. Val. Super. Fine	7 50	Butter, ⅌ lb.,	12
Prime White Wheat,	1 45	Lard,	10
Prime Red Wheat,	1 40	Tallow,	9
Prime Rye,	75	Ham,	12
Corn,	70	Shoulders,	10
Oats,	45	Sides,	10
Clover-seed,	5 00	Soap,	6
Timothy-seed,	2 50	Beeswax,	25
Flax-seed,	1 50	White Rags,	5
Dried Apples, ⅌ bu.,	1 00	Mixed Rags,	2
Dried Apples, peeled,	1 50	Flax, ⅌ lb.,	12½
Peach "Snitz,"	2 50	Bristles, ⅌ lb.,	40
Peach "Butzels,"	1 25	Feathers, ⅌ lb.,	62½
Cherries,	1 50	Wool, ⅌ lb.,	40
Onions,	50	Soup Beans, ⅌ qt.,	6
		Vinegar, ⅌ gal.,	12½
		Apple Butter, ⅌ crock,	45

The Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, July 4, 1859.

FLOUR.—The Flour market continues dull and drooping, and standard superfine is offered at $6 25 without finding buyers, which establishes a further decline. There is no demand for export, and the sales are only in a small way to the trade at from this figure up to $7@7 50 ⅌ bbl. for superfine, extra and fancy brands, as in quality. The receipts continue very light.—Corn Meal is steady, and about 400 bbls. Pennsylvania sold at $3 75 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is lower, and a small sale was made at $4 25 ⅌ bbl.

GRAIN.—In wheat there is very little movement and the market is dull and unsettled, the receipts however are light, and about 3000 bushels have been disposed of at $1 50 to $1 60 for reds, the latter for choice, and $1 60@170 for white. Rye is lower, and 800 bushels Pennsylvania sold at 65 c. Corn is more inquired for to-day and there is little or none offering; good yellow would readily command 82 cents afloat. Oats are more active but at a further decline, and 9@10,000 bushels have been disposed of at 40c. for Delaware, and 41@42c. for Pennsylvania, afloat. Of Buckwheat we hear of no sales.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET.—The very large increase this week, amounting to over 2100 head at the different yards, which, with the hot weather, put down prices fully $1 the 100 lbs. the sales generally ranging at from $10 to 11½ the 100 lbs, as in quality; there were some left over unsold, and the market closed dull. No Berks County Cattle were offered at either of the yards. Of Cows and Calves the arrivals at the Martin's were 150 head, sales ranging at from $35 to $50 for prime Milch Cows, and $25 to $30 for common quality. Some 700 fat Hogs were yarded and sold at Imhoff's this week, at prices ranging from $8¾ to 9½ the 100 lbs. net. Of Sheep about 6000 were disposed of, at Martin's, at 4@4½c. ⅌ lb, gross, for good quality.

New Advertisements.

Miller's Patent Door Register.

The Right to Make and Sell

This new and improved DOOR-PLATE REGISTER, for a few *unsold eastern* Counties, Dauphin and Philadelphia included, will be sold on the most liberal terms if application is made before the subscriber leaves for the west.—See Circular.

JOSEPH MILLER.

July 6, 1859.—3t.

Public Notice.

Is hereby given that the undersigned have loaned Adam Haak and Rosanna his wife, late of the borough of Lebanon, now in the Township of Cold Springs, Lebanon county, Pa., the following personal property, viz: 1 Spring bottom Rocking Chair, 1 Sofa, 3 Beds and Bedding, 1 Walnut Bedstead, complete, 2 window curtains, 27 Napkins, 6 Window Curtains, 24 Towels, 18 Pillow Cases, 10 Bolster Cases and 1 piece Fringe, 1 set Cottage Furniture, (being 1 Bed & Bedstead, Bureau, Enclosed Wash Stand, Towel Rack and Table,) 6 Spring Seated Chairs, 1 Rug, 12 Cane Seated Chairs, 2 Cane seated Rocking Chairs, 6 Cane seated Chairs, with Mahogany backs, 1 Looking Glass, gilt edge, 2 Looking Glasses, gilt frames, 1 small Table, 3 small Cane seated Rocking Chair, 1 Rocking Horse, 1 Cradle, 1 Barrel of Vinegar, 1 Slop barrel, 1 Kettle, half barrel of Brandy, lot of Halters & Chains, 1 Kettle, 1 Chamber Stove and Pipe, 1 Cradle, 1 Side Saddle, 1 barrel of Vinegar, 1 Spade, lot of Crocks, 1 Pot Rook, lot of Soap, 12 Chairs, 2 Card Cans, 1 Patent Washing Machine, cask of Currant Wine, 1 Keg of Brandy, Rake and Fork, 1 Bench, 1 small Table, 1 Washstand, (marble top,) 1 Card Table, 1 Card Table, (marble top,) 2 small Tables, 1 Toilet Table, stand of Sausages, 1 Crib, 1 Towel Rack, 1 Sick Chair, 1 Clothes press, Baby chair, 2 Trunks, 1 Cloth press, 1 Bureau, 1 Enclosed Wash stand, 1 Toilet Table and Towel Rack, 1 Pier Table, 3 Foot Tubs, 1 Cot Bed, 1 Barrel and Tin Ware, 1 Waiter, 1 Dough-trough, 1 Chill's Carriage, 3 Coal Buckets, 4 pieces sheet Zink, 1 Grid Iron, 2 Coal Stoves and Pipe, 1 Kitchen Cupboard, 1 Table, Stands and Empty Bottles, 2 Washing Machines, Sweeping Brush, 4 Bread Pans, 1 bbl. of Gin, 1 Brass Kettle, 2 Lard Stands, 1 Wash Stand, Barrel of Empty cans, Stand and Ice Cream Freezer, 1 Bbl. of Kitchen Utensils, 1 Chest, 2 Bread Pans, Skillet and Smooth Irons, 1 old Table, Fat Press, 2 Feed Buckets, 4 Tubs, Cabbage Stand, 1 High Chair, 1 Crib, 1 Sink, 1 Walnut Tab e, 1 Basket of Champaigne, 12 Window Shades, 24 Comforts, 1 small Looking Glass, 4 Blankets, 1 doz. Egg Glasses, 1 Castor, 2 Celery Glasses, 2 Spoon Glasses, 1½ dozen Iron Handled Knives, 2 doz. Plated Table Spoons, 2 doz. Plated Tea Spoons, ½ doz. Chum: Wine Glasses, 5 small Looking Glasses, 25 yds. Parlor Carpet, 25 yds. Carpet, 1 Glass Pitcher, 1 Plated Cake Basket, 5 Wash Basins and Pitchers, 8 Chambers, a portion of a dinner of Tea Sett, Glass Jars, 60 yds Home made Carpet, 30 yds. Carpet, Old Carpet, 1½ doz plated forks.

All persons are thereby forbidden to molest, or in anyway interfere with said property, under penalty of Law.

JOSEPH LONGENECKER,
JOHN EARLY.

July 6, 1859.

Feed---Feed!

PERSONS in want of Feed for Cows or Pigs, can obtain it daily at the Lager Beer BREWERY of the subscriber in North Lebanon township. Price, 2½ cents a bushel.

HENRY HARTMAN.

Lebanon, Feb. 2, 1859.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

Application of HENRY FOX, for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have applied to the Honorable Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Lebanon, for the benefit of the several Acts of Insolvency of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and they have appointed *Monday, the 15th day of August next* (1859) at 2 o'clock, P. M., to hear mend my creditors, at the Court House, in the Borough of Lebanon, when and where you may attend, if you think proper.

HENRY FOX,
Jackson Township.

July 6, 1859.

GREAT ATTRACTION.
AND NO HUMBUG.
CUSTOMERS WANTED.

JAMES H. KELLEY, *Watch-Maker & Jeweler*, has just opened at the EAGLE BUILDINGS, in the town of Lebanon, a beautiful assortment of Gold Railroad Time-keepers in hunting cases: eight-day Watches, gold Duplex, gold Anchors, gold cylinder Watches, &c.—Silver railroad hunting Watches, duplex, anchors, cylinder, English patent Lever, English Swiss Quartlers, and Boys' Watches. Large Music Boxes, 4, 6, and 8 tunes; gold Vest and Neck Chains; gold Armlets, Brooches; gold Thimbles, Earrings, Breast pins, Necklaces, shirt-Studs, Spectacles, Medallions. Miniature Cases, gold pen and pencil cases, gold Key Seals, &c. Silver Tea and Table Spoons, Soup Ladles, fob and neck Chains, Spectacles, Portmonaies, fine pocket and pen Knives, Violins, Violincelos, Bass Violins, Accordeons, Polkas, Brass Instruments, Drums, Fifes, Flutes, Clarionets, Guitars, Banjos, Tamborines, Ladies' Cabias, Colt's Rifles, Sharp's Rifles, Volcanic Rifle, shoots 25 shot in a minute; Colt's Allen's Volcanic and Damascus Pistols, eight-day and thirty-hour Clocks, &c., the whole comprising the most extensive assortment ever offered in Lebanon county, and will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

Watches & Clocks carefully Repaired and Warranted.

☞ Mrs. Kelly has opened a Fancy Millenery Store in the same room with Mr. Kelly's Jewelry store, Eagle Buildings. [Lebanon, July 6, 1859.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, Lebanon, Pa., July 1, 1859. Persons calling for any of said letters will please say they are advertised.

A	A. L. RUTHRAUFF, P. M.
Alexander, Donald	Loser, Miss Elizabeth
Alleman John	Leeds, L. W.
Attwood, Angeline	Levers, R. R.
B	M
Barto, Sallie	Mitchell, James B.
Bretz, Eliza	Myers, John
Bowman, Levi	Mier, Martin
Bruss, William	Marlet, John
Bechtol, John F.	Miller, Henry
Becker, Joseph	Mast, Abner
Buck, David	Myer, William
Blitz, Signor	Moyer, Mrs. Hannah
Bucher, G.	McCrumuck, Dr.
Beck, Peter	Meets, Conon S.
Bean, Henry	Manisan, Wm. T.
Brashaw, John	Moyer, Wm. S.
Brum, George W.	Miller, Samuel H.
Bowman, Carrie	Mattry, Mr.
Boyle, John	Miller, John M.
Bowman, Elizabeth	N
Bomberger, John	Nelson, Susan B.
Bar, Rev. J.	Neurman, Lewis
Bauer, Dominia	O
Bucher, Isaac	Osborn, Richard
Brenner, Lewis	P
Brame, Andrew	Pritz, John
Bruce, M. F.	R
Beck, Sarah A.	Robeson, Micheal
Brandt, David	Royer, Mary Ann
C	Richards, Samuel
Crowl, Levi	Riddle, Henry
Connel, James	Riddle, Elias
Clay, John	Reifsnyder, C. T.
Conner, Edward	Rader, Albert
Conley, William	Reiber, Reuben
Cavanaugh, Mathew	Root, Henry
Cade, Robert	Reiber, Miss Mary
Carmany, Daniel	S
D	Smiley Mrs.
Deinninger, John H.	Snavely, Samuel
Dyer, William	Snayler, Mary
Davies, Tobias	Shank, J. H. P.
Dawson, G. W.	Shoetz, J.
Derr, Matthias	Stager, David
Druckenmiller, Jacob	Stoever, Jacob & Tobias
E	Shaddy, Bazelius
Eichberger, George P.	Staker, Jacob
Espy, William	Steirwalt, Andrew
Ebright, Samuel	Smith, John
F	Stager, Jonas
Fisher, Samuel	Scott, Edward
Farrel, Miles	Seltzer, Levi
Fritz, Jonathan	Smith, Josiah H.
Fisher, Mary C.	Stachle, Reuben
Frank, L.	Snavely, Joseph
Focht, Hiram	Shipper, Frank
Fessler, Jonathan	Sheetz, Nathaniel
G	Steward, J. S.
Gerhardt, Jonas	Smith, Henry
Gerhardt, Conrad S.	Sturm, Peter
Geeke, Elias	Sigrist, Henry
Gump.	Schaeffer, Nathaniel
Hoffman, Lucy A.	Seager, Jacob
Hetterman, Mrs.	T
Huber, John	Thomas, Ezekiel
Huber, George	U
Hare, John	Utrill, Andrew
Heverling, Cyrus	W
Hartman, Thomas R.	Whipple, Daniel
Hartzler, Mr. E.	Walborn, John C.
Humphin, William	West, Samuel
Hibson, H.	Weirich, Jacob
Hollenbach, S. H.	Witman, Jacob
Johnson, Mr. (Cooper,)	Withers, Samuel
Jackway, James	Witmoyer, Samuel
K	Ward, Daniel
Kerkeslager, E.	Weltman, John
Kreider, Andrew	Williams, James
Kreider, Christian	Woomer, Landi
Kauffman, Mr.	Weriams, J. H.
L	X
Lewis, Leah	Yordy, Peter
Lesher, Jon