WHEN DEMOGRATIC PRINCIPLES CRASE TO LEAD, WE GRASE TO POLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor. LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1859.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL: Richardson L. Wright.

OF PHILADELPHIA. FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL: John Rowe. OF FRANKLIN COUNTY

Messrs- Cochran and Keim, the nominees of the opposition State Convention, are no doubt, as represented, respected and honorable gentlemen, but they are also inveterate | Secretary of State as inconsistent with office hunters. Every year during the our naturalization laws, and an outlast ten years, one or the other, and rage upon the rights of our adopted was rumored in Paris that the French frequently both together, have been citizens. Let us see how the matter loss was between 9,000 and 12,000. up for some office, such as Canal Com- stands. If the French government missioner, State Treasurer, Congress, claims the services of the natives of Auditor General, or Surveyor General. They are standing candidates.

STATE FAIR.—The Executive Committee of the State Agricultural Society, met in Philadelphia on Tuesday last. A resolution was adopted accepting of the grounds at Powelton, West Philadelphia, for the next An- France or any other country in Eunual Exhibition, to be held on the 27 | rope, and becomes a citizen thercof, th, 28th, 29th and 30th of September; would anybody pretend that if he and Messrs. Taggart, Heister and Engle were appointed a Committee to make the necessary arrangements.

Golly.-The Courier asks its friends to be satisfied with 50,000 majority ship? We have no more right to this fall. If they aint, spose we add make laws for France than France another ought and give them 500,000. has for us; hence Mr. Cass is right, Any figures for any day in the year, and natives of France, if they do not except the 2d Tuesday of October, wish to pay their natural debt to their when the Democrats have determined country, must postpone their visits to have some 10,000 or 15,000, over until after the war. Mr. Cass is a all the parties and factions of the tried statesman, and when he makes five staff officers were wounded at the state combined.

A new and dangerous counterfeit \$10 note on the Bank of North ... America has just made its appearance in Philadelphia. The vignette is an Indian family, with a plough and corner is the figure of a woman lean-Justice in the lower left corner. The figure "10" in both the upper corners and "X" in red, ten times, on the back calculated to deceive.

nation of Hon, Jeremiah S Black the candidate for Governor of Pennsylva- more freely in that section. The far-

There will be a meeting of the on the subject. The panic pervaded Democratic State Central Committee | the entire section of country from the at Buehler's Hotel, Harrisburg, on Allegheny mountains west to Pitts-Wednesday, the 29th inst., at 2 burg. o'clock, P. M.

them without hope of recovery. They human rights will be benefitted one are now endeavoring to shake off the lota by this immense murder. acted said amendment

ocrats, 29; Americans, 10. It was carried by a

see that the Republicans, for the Know particulars are given. Guayaquil was Nothing vote, will oppress them more, to be raised. than the Know Nothings themselves A Sailor Robber.—John Monoban, ever preposed. Give the opposition a sailor who recently returned from both branches of the Pennsylvania a four years' cruise, and had been Legislature and they would speedily enact their long cherished amendments to the constitution, requiring a 21 years residence before naturali-

Fourth avenue, New York—the finest the watch have been recovered. and most costly edifice belonging to that denomination in America, the that denomination in America, the spire of which is the highest in New York—received last week its topmost tieut State Constitution are now be gaged. In the afternoon, the Austrians York—received last week its topmost finishing touch—the cap-stone of the The first provides that each town in Grasso and Bivasco. The Austrians have taken many prisoners. spire. This stone is a solid block of the first provides that each town in the state shall be entitled to but one have taken many prisoners. ing in graceful curves to a sharp point, on each side are rudely cut the initials of several of the prominent man distinction of color in the qualification had the best of it. The absence tials of several of the prominent men connected with the church. The church and spire, now completed, form one of the finest specimens of reside in the State one year after nates. ecclesiastical architecture in the city. uralization before they will be allowed to vote.

The Supreme Court of California has decided that idol-worship is not 8th, is assured by a gentleman from enna, announcing an Austrian victory. forbidden by the constitution of the New-York, that Teresa Bagioli (Mrs. ... United States.

Illinois may be inferred from a story autumn. that is told of a pair of yoke cattle, which securely fastened to a white oak stump; when the storm passed of his age, was drowned in the Amerby the head, horns and yoke were ican river, twelve miles from Sacrafound attached to the stump, but the mento City, California, on the 15th remaindor had "gone up."

A NEW KINK IN THE PIG'S TAIL.-The opposition are trying hard to make a little political capital out of the following recent letter of Gen. Cass, the Secretary of State:—

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

WASHINGTON, May 17, 1859.

To Mr. Felix Le Clere, Memphis, Tenn.

Sir.—Your letter of the 13th inst., has been re SIR—Your letter of the 13th late, has been re-coived. In reply, I have to state that it is under-stood that the French Government claims military service from all natives of France who may be found within its jurisdiction. Your naturaliza-tion in this country will not exempt you from that claim if you should voluntarily repair thither.

I am, sir, your obedient servant, LEWIS CASS.

After having for a series of years oppressed the adopted citizens though its various phases of Native Americanism, Know Nothingism, Republicanism, and lately by the Massachusetts laws of exclusion, the opposition would now turn round and take adopted citizens to their arms, upon promise of receiving their votes.— France within its borders, as a debt owing and which cannot be discharged, the United States has no right to say the contrary. The laws of France are paramount in France; so are those of the United States here. If a citizen owes a debt in this country, or commits a crime, and goes to voluntarily presented himself again in this country, that the debt would not be collectable, or the crime not punishable, because of his foreign citizena decision on international laws knows | battle. exactly what he is about.

FAMINE PANIC.—Owing to the destruction of the wheat in western Milan, and the people had declared Pennsylvania by the late frosts, the short-sightedness, (not to say ignorsheaf of wheat; river and mountains ance, of many honest-minded men in the distance. In the lower right was illustrated at the expense of their pockets. Because the wheat was de- at Magenta. ing on a horn of plenty, a figure of stroyed in their section, they supposed that it was likewise in every other part of our great continent, and that it must necessarily cause a fam- been illuminated in honor of the vicof the note. The note is very well ine. Hundreds and thousands bought tory of the French army at Magenflour to last their families for six ta. months and a year, at enormous pri-The Reading Gazette is out in ces. The town of Indiana we ina strong article in favor of the nomi- stance, where no less than one thousand barrels were sold in one week, at present Attorney General of the Uni- a profit of at least \$3000 to the deal- the Ticine, is fully confirmed. ted States, as the next Democratic ers. They should "take the papers"

Tens of thousands of human The opposition have got them- beings have again been sacrificed on selves into a mess by their amend- an Italian battle-field to satisfy the der was well executed, though the encment to the constitution of Massa- ambition of a Napoleon and a Fran- my in great force offered a determined chusetts disfranchising citizens of for- cis Joseph, and to indicate them as resistance. The road-way was narrow, eign birth until two years after natu- "great and glorious" in the history and during two hours the Imperial Guard ralization. The act was so ill-advised of the world. When the profit and sustained, unsupported, the shock of the that several of the Western States loss comes to be added up, we queshave in consequence, been lost to tion if civilization, christianity and

responsibility, but the following, from LATE FROM SOUTH AMERICA. -A the record, will show exactly who en- battle was fought in Chili, on the 29 th of April, between the government "The Legislature which recommended this troops, under Gen. Vidaurri, and the amendment to the people of that State, consisted as follows: Senate—Republicans, 37; Democrats, 3; Americans, 0. House—Republicans 197; Democrats, 28: Americans, 10. It is a latter was defeated and fled, having lost, 2000 killed. This hattle and ing lost 2000 killed. This battle endtwo thirds vote in each House—all the Democrate voted against it. And when it came before the people it was voted for by the great mass of the Republicans, and by them mades part of the Constitution of Massachusetts."

In static endition of the government had opened the northern ports. Business was reviving. The dates from stitution of Massachusetts."

Lima are to May 12. A slight revosiness was reviving. The dates from Lima are to May 12. A slight revo-Citizens of foreign birth can thus lution had occurred at Arequipa. No still blockaded, but was expected soon

a 21 years residence before naturali- the house, and a man John Garvey the Ticino. were arrested on suspicion of being The new Methodist Church in Brennan. Neither the money nor the robbers, and locked up by Justice

> CONNECTICUT LEGISLATION. - Three representative in the General Assemtions for an elector. The third pro- of late despatches via Paris is not convides that naturalized citizens shall sidered as indicative of French success-

THE Cincinnati Enquirer of the spatch from the British Minister at Vi-Sickles,) is preparing for the stage, The violence of the late tornado in and will appear on the boards next

> Drowned.-Mr. Peter Lynch, formerly of Lebanon, and in the 32d year of May.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ry important news .- Greatest Battle of the age .- Austrians defeated .-Revolt at Milan .- The Austrians evacuate Milan.—Prospect of Peace.
—Cotton and Breadstuffs declined.

The steamer Anglo Saxon brings most important news from the seat of war. A great battle has been fought near Milan, in which the Austrians were defeated with the loss of twenty-five thousand killed and disabled. Five thousand Anstrians were Empress: taken prisoners. The French loss is stated at twelve thousand (12,000,)-The Austrians evacuated Milan.

SECOND DISPATCH. A desperate battle was fought at Magenta, on the 4th of June, between the allied army, under Emperor Napoleon, and the Austrian army, under General Hess, in which unlimited forces were engaged on both sides.

Emperor Napoleon, in his dispatches to the Empress, at the Tuilleries, claims a decisive victory, saying that They denounce the doctrine of the his army took 7000 prisoners, disabled 12,000, and captured three cannons and two standards. He estimates the loss of his own army at 3,000, but it It is reported that there were from 150,000 to 180,000 Austrians and

> 130,000 French engaged in the battle. The Austrian accounts differ widey from those of the French. Their bulletins speak of several battles being fought, with varying success on both sides.

> It was still undecided on the night of the 6th as to who gained the vic-Great losses on both sides are re

ported. General Espinasse, of the second corps d'armée, was killed, and Mar-

shal Canrobert, commander of the third corps, was mortally wounded. General Maurice McMahon, commanding the second corps d'armee, had been created Marshal and Duke de Magenta, as a reward for his bravery on the battle field.

Five of the French Marshals and Generals were wounded.

Marshal Count Baraguay d'Hilliers has been superseded in his command of the first corps d'armee by General Forey. Four of the Austrian Generals and

REVOLT OF MILAN. Evacuation by the Austrians.

There had been a general revolt at in favor of the King of Sardinia.

The Austrians retired from Milan, but the city had not yet been occupied by the French. Later rumors detract from the French the victory It was believed that proposals of

peace would follow the entrance of the French army into Milan. FRANCE.—The city of Paris had

The Paris Bourse was active, and threes had advanced.

THE DETAILS. The latest news by the Europa, reporting the Austrians in retreat across

The French crossed the Ticino at Buffalaro and Turbigo. There was considerable fighting at both places.
THE VERY LATEST. mers, it appears, were excited most

QUEBEC, June 19, P. M. The Anglo-Saxon having arrived, the papers received furnish some details of

the battle of Magenta. It appears that on the 4th inst., the French troops were under orders to cross the Ticino at Turbigo. The Emperor, enemy. Meantime Gen. Mc Mahon made himself master of Magenta, and after the most sanguinary conflicts, the enemy was repulsed at every point."

It is said that the Austrians, in the precipitation of their evacuation of Milan, left their cannon and treasure be-

The Emperor says that the troops have captured 12,000 Austrian muskets. The municipalities of Milan present ed an address to King Victor Emanuel,

in the presence of the Emperor. The King was to enter Milan on Tues day, the 7th.

The Austrian official bulletin says :-"The conflict was desperate between the first and third army corps and the enemy, in considerable force. The contest was undecided, and continued on Sunday. Our troops threw thhmselves on the enemy with ardor and perseverance worthy of the most glorious feats of the imperial army.

A Vienna dispatch, unauthenticated, in the Frankfort papers, says the Austrians were victorious, after a hot fight, and the French were thrown back over

The Loudon Times says there was very hard fighting at Buffalora, with varied success. The battle lasted till late at night, and was continued the next day

French had the best of it. The absence

The London Advertiser says that it is rumored that the Government has a de-The opinion was strengthening in Lon-

don that the French were defeated. It is thought that the rapid movement of the Allies across the Ticino had compelled the Austrians to accept the bat-

but did not command.

The Emperor Napoleon was present, Marshall Vaillant has been superseded by Marshal Randon, and Gen. Ho- an engine criver is, that or

visionally, in place of Marshal Randon. Gen. Neil and McMahon are both said to be wounded.

The latest intelligence from Gen. Garibaldi states that he had quitted Lecco, Monza, upon which Garibaldi was supposed to be marching.

FRANCE. The following is the first announcement of the great battle fought on the the latter replied as follows: 4th, by despatch from Napoleon to the

Novarro, June 4—11 30 P. M.—A great victory has been won at the bridge of Magenta. Five thousand prisoners have been taken; fifteen thousand of the have been taken; fifteen thousand of the constitution and laws, and are destined in the history of this country to do enemy are killed or wounded. The details will be despatched by telegraph.

The above was published in Paris on

spatches from the Emperor to the Em-MAGENTA, June 5 .- Yesterday our army was under orders to march on Milan, across the bridges thrown over the Ticino, at Turbigo. The operation was had repassed the Ticino in great-force, offered a most détermined resistance.-

unsupported, the shock of the enemy. In the meantime, Gen. McMahon erny is estimated at 15 000 killed and

MAGENTA, June 5. Evening .- The combat are 20,000. Three pieces of cannon and two flags were captured from

To day our army rests, for the purpose of re-organizing itself. Our loss is about 3000 killed and wounded, and one cannon taken by the enemy.

The following despatch also from the Emperor to the Empress was received on the 6th, and bulletined on the Bourse: "HEAD QUARTERS, Monday, 8, A. M. -Milan is insurgent. The Austrians have evacuated the town and castle, leaving in their precipitation the cannon and treasure of the army behind them. We are cumbered with prisoners and have

taken 12,000 Austrian muskets." A despatch, dated Paris, Monday night, says the municipality of Milan proclaimed Victor Emanuel, and have presented an address to him, in the presence of the Emperor. To-morrow, the King will make his entry into Milan. AUSTRIAN ACCOUNTS.

The following are Austrian accounts, by way of Vienna. The information is meagre and unsatisfactory :-

The official Austrian Correspondence of Sunday, the 5th contained the followng authentic communication: - The details and results of the battle at Magen. ta are still expected. The Austrian army had been transferred during the Abbiate Grasso.

The same news states that the combut was undecided, and that a further fight was expected the next day.

The following official bulletin was is-VIENNA, June 6, 11.30 A. M .-- A des. perate combat took place on Saturday, between the 1st and 3d Count Olavis' and Prince Lichstenste n's corps d'armee, and the enemy also had passed the Ticino in very considerable force. The result of the contest was undecided .-The contest was continued on Sunday. Our troops threw themselves upon the enemy's ranks with ardor, and showed a valor and perseverance worthy of the most glorious feats of the Imperial army. Milan is perfectly tranquil.

The head-quarters, yesterday, were still at Abbiate Gras-o. An Austrian despatch, from Verona, gives a similar view, but adds, that the authorities and weak garrison of Milan, with the exception of the Castle garrison, have withdrawn, at the command of

Count Gyulai. The town is quiet. The following message from Vienna, had been published by the Frankfort papers without any guarantee as to its au-

VIENNA, Monday .- Through the opportune arrival of the corps d'armee of Field Marshal Clain Gullas, on the bat. tle field, the Austrians were victorious after a hard fight, and the French were

thrown back over the Ticino.

morning publishes a summary of official nows received at Vienna up to midnight of Monday. It was as follows:

There was a fierce battle at Turdigo and Buf-

falors, on the 4th. At first only two brigades of the first corps were engaged, but they were sub-sequently reinforced, and the afternoon of the same day, the third Austrian corps took part in same day, the third Austrian corps took part in the action. There was very hard fighting at Buffalora, sometimes to the advantage of the French and sometimes to that of the Austrians. The battle lasted till late in the night, and on the 5th was continued at Magenta. The allies gaged. In the atternoon, the Austrians took a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Bivasco. The Austrians have taken many prisoners.

The London Times, in its editorial, Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians took up a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians took up a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians took up a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians took up a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians took up a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians took up a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians took up a flank position between Abbiate Grasso and Binasco. The Austrians took and Binasco and have taken many prisoners. The loss on both sides was very great. The Austrians had four Generals and five staff officers wounded. One

Major was killed. The movement which preceded the battle of Magenta, is not clearly stated, but it was pre-viously announced that the Allies were about to cross the Tieino, to the number of 100,000 men, and it is presumed the rapid movement of the Allies prevented the Austrians from completing the retreat which they had commenced and compelled them to accept battle on the banks of the river.

The London Post says that Gen. McMahon was raised, on the battle field, to the rank Mar-The Paris correspondent of the London Post says that the Emperor was present at the battle,

says that he simperor was present at the observe, but did not command in person.

There is a report that Gen. Caurobert was mortally wounded, and that five French Mar-shals or Generals, were wounded. The difference between a schoolmaster and an engine driver is, that one minds the train, and

ranna becomes Minister of War, pro- REMARKS OF THE PRESIDENT AT CHAPEL HILL.

A correspondent of the "South Carolinian. published at Columbia, South Carolina, gives a more extended report of the remarks of the President and of the Secretary of the Interior, on the and General Urban had retreated from occasion of their reception at Chapel Hill, than we have found elsewhere. On the beautiful lawn in front of the mansion of the President of the University, that Jearned functionary appeared and welcomed the Chief Argistrate of the nation in an appropriate and dignified address, to which

> SPEECH OF PRESIDENT BUCHANAN. I thank you for your kinkness, and I am thankful for the kindness with which I have been remuch to preserve our glorious Union.
>
> I thank you must heartily for the kind reference which you have made to my native State. I am

proud to hear her associated with North Carolina Sunday, the 5th, and on the evening of that day, the cannon of the Hotel des Invalides announced the victory, and the city was brilliantly illuminated.
On the following day (Monday) the Moniteur published the following despatches from the Emperor to the E

intense love for his A ima Mater. He was a good man, a great man, an honest man. No man ever performed the duties of his high office more conscientiously than James K. Polk. Justice has not yet been done to his memory. But the impartial historian, when he comes to collect the events of that period, will place James K. Polk on the list of the most noble and distinguished men well executed, although the enemy, who of the country. He was a laborious man, and had repassed the Ticine in great force, sacrificed himself with intense labors. I might refer to other distinguished men who have gradunted at this college, which would probably be inviduous. Of the dead we may speak; it is best The roadway was narrow, and during two hours the Imperial Guard sustained,

o say nothing of the living.
I have come to this institution of learning because mind with me is everything. It has produced the best fruits of the country. It is a pracmade himself master of Magenta. After a sangular and tical institution, and, I may venture to say, ter sangulary conflicts, we repulsed the vate education. It creates emulation. The boy enemy at every point, with a loss on our who is compelled to recite with his master, not instead of 3000 men. The loss of the entermingled with others; has not a due spirit of emulation aroused, while each boy at college entermined at 15,000 brilled and wounded, and 5000 Austrian prisoners to acquire superiority over the other, and hs. becomes the acquire superiority over the other, and hs. becomes the original preparation has been seen in the hosts of men whom you have sent to other States. As far as I know, they Anstrians taken prisoners are at least which characterizes the people of this State in an ominent dogree. They have been scattered over the wilds and have contributed essentially to give character to the place of their choice.

I wish I could address all the young men in my hearing. A vast responsibility rests upon them. As generations of men rise and sink and are forgotten, principles remain and are eternal. I would advise them to devote themselves to the preservation of the principles of the Constitution, for without these blessings our liberties are gone. Let this Constitution be torn into atoms; let the Union separate; let thirty republics rise up against each other, and it would be the most fainl day for the liberties of the human race that ever dawned upon any land. Let this experiment be tried, and mankind and every friend of liberty would deplore the sad event. I belong to a passwould deplore the sad event. I belong to a passing generation. My lamp of life cannot continue long. I hope I may survive to the end of my presidential term, but so emphatically do T believe that mankind, as well as the people of the United States, are interested in the preservation of this Union, that I hope I may be gathered to my fathers before I should witness its dissolution.

In the flux and reflux of public opinion things are constantly passing away. Events that may are constantly passing away. Events that may be considered great to-day the reflux of public opinion may remove to-morrow. Let us keep together, then, for better, for worse, as man and wife. Let it be the same. For though troubles, as they say, sometimes prevail in the married state, yet still the couple hold together and pursue their quietweet.

I thank you for the hind and cordial reception. I have no doubt it will prove one of the most interesting periods of my life.

A feature of the Commencement Exercises was the presentation of the prize for the most merito. rious English Composition by President Buchanan, who said:

"I confess I am taken by surprise at this incident of this evening; but I am bappy to be the honored medium in the presentation of this token my had been transferred during the to the young gentleman. He is distinguished for night from the 4th to the 5th inst., to the most meritorious composition, and that is the who writes clearly must think clearly, and will by practice come to speak clearly. There is great merit in short sentences. The author who uses long sentences is always laboring with difficulty.
One distinct idea, distinctly set forth, has more potency than a book full of those in which everyhing under the sun is jumbled together, as is so commonly the case among our modern writers.— The ancient style was the best style, and that was the style of Calhoun and Wobster. I wish you, Sir, great honor and great prosperity in whatever pursuit and life you may engage. I have been delighted with this examination. I have never beard more genuine sense, humor and wit, than beard more genuine sense, humor and wit, than in the address delivered by the gentleman who spoke to you this afternoon (Dr. Hooper.) and who was formerly a professor here, and, with regard to the more sober portions of it, I hope they gard to the more some portions of it, I nope they have sunk deep into the minds of every student in this college. The grout curse of our country, which has involved so many in crime, hadrank-endess. It is more dreadful than the positione, than the yellow fever, than the plague, than all the calamities that visit man. In it we bring on ourselves a greater calamity than Heaven has ourselves a greater cannuity than heaven has brought upon us in any form or shape of misery. I wish, with all my heart, to repent what has been best said, what that speaker said, and to ask of you all to take care of that fatal vice which do grades man to the level of the brute, and brings him into disgrace in the eyes of the whole world."

Fabulous Accounts from the Pike's

Peak Mines. LEAVENWORTH, Friday, June 10. The Express coaches have arrived, with advices from Denver City, to the 1st inst. They contain extraordinary reports; calculated to renew the gold fever with more virulence than ever. Rich nuggets had been discovered at the north fork of Vasquez Croek, principally coarse gold and decompos-ed quartz. Great excitement prevailed all through the country, and the statements of the yield of Gregory's and other Mining Companies were almost field, the Austrians were victorious fier a hard fight, and the French were hrown back over the Ticino.

On the 4th, a great religious solemnian of the statements of the yield of Gregory's and other Mining Companies were almost fabulus. A company from Indiana was making from one hundred and fifty to five hundred dollars a day. There are other accounts of the same character, not varying in the least.—Many of the letters received seem to have been written under the prevailing excitations. the country, and the statements of the yield o ty, with processions and public prayers, took place at Vienna, the object being to implore Heaven to bless the Austrian arms with victory. All the members of the imperial family and the Ministers, were present. Mass was read by the Popo's Nuncio.

written under the prevailing excitement, and are in strong contrast to previous gloomy reports.—The dust taken out the previous gloomy reports.—The dust taken out to previous gloom graphs and the prev THE LATEST.

London, Wednesday, June 3,—The Times this

This community are touch of the accounts now received differ in tenor. Rich specimens of gold were received by this arrival. This community are intensely excited by the in

THE RECENT FAVORABLE REPORTS CONFIRMED THE RECENT FAVORABLE REPORTS CONFIRMED.

St. Louis, June, 14.—Mr. Swinburn, an agent of Messrs Smoot, Russell & Co., arrived here this morning with \$600 in Pike's Peak gold. Mr. Swinburn will proceed immediately to New York to test the quality and value of this gold. He says that a much larger amount of the dust might have been bought, but the miners demand \$20 an ounce for it, which price is regarded as exorbitant by purchasers. An extra Leavenworth Times furnishes the fol-

owing accounts from the mines:
Claims that were considered worthless four weeks ago, are now commanding from \$5,000 to Mr. Gregory had sold his claim at \$21,000. Several other claims in the same lead had changed hands, at prices ranging from \$600 to

The snow had disappeared from the mountains, and the prospecting was being vigorously con-New and rich leads were being constantly dis-

overed.
At Grogory's diggings, miners were making

Horace Greeley was expected to arrive in Denver City, on the day after the express left.

A Long Bridal Tour.—A happy couple have just returned to Falmouth, Mass.; from their wedding trip, which was a whaling voyage that lasted five years. During their absence the wife gave birth to two babes, one of which was a child of four years when it reached home.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A. R. BOUGHTER A TTORNEY AT LAW. Office removed to House for merly occupied by Micheal Wagner, Cumberlan Street, nearly opposite the Court House. Lebanon, May 11, 1859.-6m.

TTORNEY AT LAW, Office Walnut street, opposit the Court House, lately occupied by Amos R uehter, Esq. Lebanon, May 11, 1859,

GEORGE W. KLINE, TTORNEY AT LAW.—Office with Levi. Kline, Esq. Lebanon, Pa. [Lebanon, May 4, 1859. JOSIAH FUNCK,

TORNEY AT LAW HAS REMOVED his office to Mr. Rohland's new building, (second story, at the alley,) two doors east obis present location. [Lebanon, March 2, 1859.—1y.

J. H. BOWMAN,
A TTORNEY-AT-LAW, has REMOVED his office to
A trunch's New Building, (second story,) Cumberland reet, Lebanon. Pa. Lebanon, April 6, 1859.

S. M. Pettengill & Co's

A DVERTISING AGENCY, 113 NASSAU ST., New YORK & 10 STATE ST., Boston. S. M. Pettengill & Co., are the Agents for the Lebanon Advertiser, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our lowest rates. EAGLE HOTEL, LEBANON, PA

THE subscriber wishes to inform his old friends and the public generally, that he has again taken the above well-known House. He will be much pleased to ecconmodate all who may favor him with a call.

LOCATION.—Corner Cumberland and Market streets.

COmplousses running in connexion with the Rail Road Trains.

H. SIEGRIST. coad Trains. Lebanon, Nov. 10, 1858.

LAFAYETTE BROWER. GAS FITTER.

A DJOINING A. S. ELYS Office, Walnut street, Lebanon, Pa., A large and boantiful assortment of FIX-TURES from the well-known establishner of Connectives.

BAKER. Always on hand at Philadelphia prices.

BA All work warranted to give satisfaction.

BE All orders will be faithfully executed on the most reasonable terms. The best of reference given.

[Sep. 16, 27.

Michæl Lauser, Corner of Mulberry and Chestnut streets, Lebanon, Pa.,
MANUFACTURE OF
ORNAMENTAL CAST AND WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS

FOR Cemeteries, Verandas, Balconies, Public and Private Grounds, &c., &c., which he offers in great valiety of designs at lower prices than the same can be obtained elsewhere. Also OFAIN FEMORE of every describition constantly leart on hand. ription constantly kept on hand. August 25, 1858,-tf. **Great Stock of Spring Goods**

WOULD take occasion to inform my friends and customers that I am now, for the Second time in the East, for SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, which will be opened by the close of tais week or begining of next. It will be as fine a Stock of Foreign and American Dry Goods, as can possibly be selected by any Morchant from this County.

I would cordially invite all cash buyers, or what is equivalent, approved Four Month's Buyers, or bnyor in Exchange for produce, to call and examine my stock. I assure you it will well repay the trouble.

Thanking you for that favors, I am yours truly, Lebrach, March 24, 759. GEO. PFLEGER.

Who Has not Seen the New

Sign Pat up! By STELLWAGEN & BRO... at their Water and Jeweler Establishment, 632
Market Street, one door below 7th Phil-WATCH AND JEWELRT ESTABLISHMENT, 632
Market Street, one door below 7th Philadelphia. But the Sign is nothing to what is exhibited inside. American Watches, in 60id and Silver Cases, Railroad Timukeepers of English and Swiss makes; Fushionable Jewelry and Silver ware, and also fine Table Cutlery, and the best thing of all is that the prices of all the attractions is within the range of the smallest peckets.

April 27, 1859.

E32 Market street, Philad'a. How to save Money.

THE policy of Saving Money is important to all persons, and in Consideration of this, the undersigned have placed themselves in a position by which they are enabled to farper the citizens of Lebanon and vicinity more than ever with money making bargains.

They have just returned from the city. For the THERD TIME this Spring, and are opening this week, one of the largest. Choicest, and cheapest selections of Spring and Summer Goods, ever offered to the public. The Ree Hive is now abundantly Stocked and honey bargains at the disposal for every person who wishes to avail themselves

Byadere, Striped, Plaid and Plain A heavy stock of all kinus of white upons,
Jucheetts, Muslin, Mull Muslins,
Swiss do, Blonds, do.
Book do, Nathsook, do. &c.
FOR MEN AND BOYS,
We are fully prepared. Just Come forward and make
your wants known, and we can supply them with
Cloths,
Carriers of the prepared of the company of t

Cassimeres,
Twoeds.
Cott nades,
Genomicks,
Cott nades,
GROCERY DEPARTMENT is unsurpassed. Sugars
for 7, 8, 9, and best white at 10 cts. per pound. Mokasscs. Yellow Syrup for 12½. 14 and 16 cts., per quart.—
Raisins from 6½ to 12½ cts., per fb. Prunes. Peaches,
&c. &c., all very reasonable, in short our late purchases
are ten per cent. lower than previous, as the city merchant have altered the prices, the benefit of which can
be had by all who buy at the
BEE HIVE STORE of
Lebanon, May 4, 1859.
THE LARSET NEWS THE LATEST NEWS.

Highly Important Informa PEYENSTEIN & BROTHER, have just received a his and large stock of SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING. It seems as if a new age, a new life was opening upon us, and mating every heart to nobler deeds and higher aims! Art, Liferature and Science, will glow anow and seek to develope sublimer, beauties and grander conception.

The business world too must feel the new influence The business world too, must feel the new influence, and every part be quickessed and strengthened. by an increased virulity, which shall urge us on with electric speed to the consummation of greater things ever dreamed of in the Philosophy of the past.

Animated by the enthusissm which pervades all classes and desirous of doing their share towards "the great events of the age" the subscribers would respectfully inform the good people of Lebanon County and the public generally, that they have just received a large and choice stock of

READY MADE SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING, READY MADE SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING, selected with much care and taste from the best manuacturing establishments, and are offered to the public at the very lowest prices, which will astonish those not posted in the ready pay business.

The public generally in want of any artisle in the line of Clothing and Furnishing Coods. Boys Clothing. Trunks Valises, Carpet bags. Ec. Ac., it fast everything which can be found in a Clothing Store, are respectfully invited to call and examine the goods and the prices. Our motto is "LIVE AND LET LIVE." No charge for showing goods:—every article warranted as represented.

motto is "Live And Let Live." No charge for showing goods,—every article warranted as represented.

We will sell cheap, if not cheaper than the changest a fact purchasers will be convinced of when they call.

We thank our friends and customers for their liberal patronage in times past and hope by strict attention to merit a continuance of the same,

REIZENS EIN & BRO.

Cumberland Street agnosite the Gourt House

Cumberland Street, opposite the Court House. Lebanon, May 18, 1859. GREAT BARGAINS AT NO 4, EAGLE BUILDINGS. Thats, Caps, &c.,

The undersigned, having purchased the entire
Stock of

of JACOB G. MILLER, at Sheriff's Sale, will now dispose of the same at Great Bargains, in order to close out the concern. JACOB G. MILLER, former owner, having been appointed the Agent of the undersigned, will attend to business for them.

ANDREW GARRETT,
HENRY MILLER.

WAR DECLARED AGAINST THE GRAIN & GRASS OF LEBANON COUNTY, PA. Whitenack's New Jersey

Lebanon, May 25, 1859.

Reaper and Mower.

Reaper and Mower.

This justly celebrated Machine has been successfully used for the last seven years, and has proved itself to be the best combined Machine now in use. It has been in competition with all the most popular Machines now in use, and has invariably sustained itself, or proved more than a match for the best. It is simple of construction, very durable, of light draught, not liable to get out of order, can be easily worked with two horses equally adapted to BOTH REAPER AND MOWER, and warranted to cut all kinds of grass, light or heavy, wet or dry, standing or fallen, to the satisfaction of any farmer. The tongue being hinged, thore is no weight on horses necks, can be run back as easily as forward; being balanced upon casted rollers can be drawn upon the road as easily as a wagon, with lifting arrangement for raising cutter bar over obstructions. The seats for driver and raker are mounted upon Eliptic Springs.—The cutter bar being placed at the near end of Machine, the platform being so arranged that the sheaves can be easily discharged at the side or in the rear as desired.—

In short the

NEW JERSEY MACHINE At Gregory's diggings, miners were making from \$25 to \$100 per day.

The arrivals from the States continue large, and all the emigrants push immediately for the mountains.

The health of that district was excellent, and the miners were in possession of very jubilant spirits.

NEW JERSEY MACHINE

NEW JERSEY MACHINE

Is admitted by the farmers, and Mechanics generally to be the most complete Respectand Mower now in use. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine before purchasing Machines. Sample Massires, and Mechanics generally to be the most complete Respectand Mower now in use. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine before purchasing Machines. Sample Massires may be seen by calling on the following names generally to be the most complete Respectand Mower now in use. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to Examine our Machine in uso. We therefore respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to be adjusted to the most complete Respectfully ask the farmers of Lebanon and adjoining counties to be adjuste

Andrew Garrett, Myerstown,
them:
Andrew Garrett, Myerstown,
William Spahn, .ebunon,
John Stroh, Annyille,
Jacob Dutwiller, Palmyrn,
Joseph H. Hershy, Hockerville,
Samuel Ulrich, Hummelstown
Samuel Ulrich, Hummelstown
REESE, GOULD & LAKE.
Phillipsburgh, N. J., June 1, 1859, -lm.

Pand's Rector Grackers of Superior article, by

The World's Great Exhibition Prize Medal.

Awarded to C. MEYER, for his TWO PI ANOS, London October 15th, 1871.

MEYER respectfully informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has constantly or hand, Pianos equal to those for which he received the Prize Medal, in London, 1831. All orders promptly attended to and great care taken in the selection and packing the same.

THE VOICE OF THE WORLD. Royal Jury on Musical Instruments.
Sir H. R. Bishop, No 13 Cambridge etreet, Hyde Park;
Professor of Music at Oxford, Professor of Music and Marcha: Professor of Music.
W. Sterndale Bennett, 15 Kussell Place, Figgrey Square;
Professor at the Royal Academy of Music.

Professor at the Royal Academy of Music.

Hector Berlioz, France.

J. Robert Black, United States.
Chevalier Black, United States.
Chevalier Neukomm, Zolivereim.
Cipriani Potter, 9 Baker street. Portman Square; Principal of Royal Academy of Music.

Dr. Schafbauti, Zoliverein; Professor of Geoisty, Mining and Metallurgy.
Sir George Smart. St. Anne's Chertse; Organist and Metallurgy.

Sir George Smart. St. Anne's Chertse; Organist and Music and Professor at the Royal Academy of Music.

Rev. W. Cazalet, Tenterden street, Hanover Square; Superintendent of the Royal Academy of Music.

James Stewart, 22 Brecknock Comeant, Camden Town, Piano Forte Manufacturer.

the following MEDALS have been awarded to Conrac The following MEDALS have been awarded to Connad
Meyer, viz.—
1843. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin
Institute, Philadelphia.
1845. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin.
1846. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin.
Institute, Philadelphia.
1847. *First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Mechanic'
Institute, Philadelphia.
1849. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin
Institute, Philadelphia.
1840. First Premium and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin
Institute, Philadelphia.
1851. Diploma and SILVER MEDAL, Franklin
Institute, recommendation of a Gold Medul.
1851. Diploma and MEDAL, Mechanics' Institute, Boston.

ton.
PRITE MEDAL. Great World's Exhibition, London. since which time, (1851.) C. MEYER has not exhibited his Planos at any Exhibition.
WALTZ & REDEL, Agents.
ov. 17, 1858.
Lebanon, Pa. Nov. 17, 1858.

IF YOU WANT

A good PICTURE for a Medallion or Pin, call at DAL
LY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposit

LUMBER. LUMBER NEARLY 2,000,000 FEET! The best and cheapest assortment of LUMBER er-er offered to the public, is now for sale at the new and extensive LUMBER and COAL YARD of

BRECHBILL & HORST,

BRECHBILL & HORST,

In the Borough of North Lebanon, on the bank of the linion canal, at the head of Walnut street, a few quares North of the Genessee Steam Mills, and one quare east of Borguer's Hotel.

Their assortment consists of the best well-seasoned White, Yellow, Norway, Pine and Hemlock Boards,—Cherry, Poplar and Pine Boards,

11/2 and 2 inch Pannel and Common Plank;

White Pine and Hemlock Scantling and Joists;

White Pine and Hemlock Scantling;

and 1/2 inch Poplar Boards, Plank and Scantling;

SHINGLES! SHINGLES!!

The best Pine and Hemlock Shingles;
Also, Roofing and Plastering Laths;
Chestnut Rails and Posts; and Pailings for fences and fencing Boards;
FLOORING BOARDS of all sizes and descriptions.
COAL! COAL!!

The largest stock of Broken, Stove, Limeburners and Hollidaysburg Smith Coal, at the lowest prices.

***35_Confident that they have the largest and best as sortment of Lumene of all descriptions and sizes, as well as the largest stock of the different kinds of Coal, ever offered to the citizensof Lebanon county; they venture to say that they can accommodate all purchasers satisfactorily, and would therefore invite all who want anything in their line, to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

N. Lebanon, Feb. 24, 1858.

IF YOU WANT

A PICTURE of your deceased friend, enlarged and colored in oil, call at DAILY'S Gallery, next door of the Lebanon Deposit Bank.

Notice to Farmers. THE undersigned have bought the Patent Right for LEBANON COUNTY, of CALVIN DELANO'S

Independent Horse Tooth Rake. which, with ABRAM DEHUFF'S IMPROVEMENT, they make and sell on reasonable terms. For durability and performance it is not surpassed in the United States.—The best recommendations from persons that have had them in use for several years, can be given. A Patent was granted to Mr. Delano, in 1849, for hanging the Teath on a Rod or Pivot so that they can mount over a large as well as small objects.

as well as small objects.

AP Any Horse Rake that is minde, sold or bought and used, with the teeth hanging in the aforesaid manner, by others, without our consent, is an infringement upon said Patent; and any person buying, making and selling such Eakes, will be dealt with according to law.

WILLIAM SPAIIN,

Lebanon, May 4, '50—3m. HENRY ARNOLD.

Wood Burned Lime.

DY late improvements in the art of Lime Burning the Dy late improvements in the art of Lime Bunning the Subscriber is now enabled to produce the best Woon-Runned Lime that was ever made in this section of country, and in quantities without limit, at short notice.—His improvements are such that he is enabled to sell his Lime at 12½ cents per bushels wholesale, instead of 25 cents, which has been the prices heretofore. LIME, burned with COAL, can also be obtained at low rates by the boat-load, or in less quantities, as may be desired.

WOOD taken in exchange for Lime. Having gone to a great expense in the perfection of his improvements for lime burning on a large scale, at low prices, the subscriber hopes to receive a share of the public patronage.

DAVID BOYER N. Lebanon, May 18, 1859.

REMOVAL.

S. RAMSEY has removed to the first door south from Henry & Stine's Store, and opposite the Eagle Hotel, where he will keep an assortment of Cloths, Cassameres, and Vestings. Also ready made clothing and furnishing goods such as Shirts, Hose, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neckties, &c., &c., —all of which will be sold as cheap as at any other establishment in Lebanon. CUSTOMER WORK attended to promptly, and good fits guaranteed.

S. S. RAMSAY.

NORTH LEBANON BOROUGH DIVIDED! GREAT EXCITEMNET. Grand Rush for the People's Head Quarters!
THE ACTION

CHOICEST GOODS. The new system enables them to sell at greatly reduced prices, which they hope will be a great inducement for all desirous of buying cheap, to give them a call. Call and see for yourselves.

Ladies and Gentlemen are most cordially invited to give them a call, and examine for themselves.

North Lebanon Borough, April 20, 1859.

SWARTZ & BRO.

CASH DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

> HALL BUILDING, . MARKET STREET.

Cash paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

ELLO, Betsy, where are you going that you are HELLO, Betsy, where are you going that you are dressed up so?

Aus.—I am going to J. H. KEIM in Adam Rise's Building to have my Likeness taken.

Ques.—Why do you go to Keim and not to one of the other rooms to have it taken?

Aus.—Because Keim's Pictures are sharper, clearer and more truthful than others and nearly everybody Ques.—Can you tell me why his pictures are superior to others?

Ans.—Yes! he had 9 years practice, and has superior Cameras, and all his other fixtures are of the most improved kind.

Ques.—What kind of Pictures death to the first the content of the most improved kind.

proved kind.

Ques.—What kind of Pictures does he take?

Ans.—He takes Ambrotypes, and Melainotypes, of all sizes and superior finish: and Photographs, from the smallest up to Life Size, Plain and Colored in Oil. He takes all sizes Photographs from Daguerreotypes of decased persons and has them colored life like, by one of the best Artists. His charges are reasonable and his rooms are open every day (except sunday) from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 6, P. M., Don't forget, KEIM'S ROOMS is the place you can get the Best Pictures. GRÆFF'S

New Spring and Summer Stock!

THE Undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has REMOVED his BOOT and SHOE STORE to the room lately occupied by John Graeff's Confectionary store, where he has opened a beautiful stock of Spring and Summer Boots and Shoes, for Ladies, Centlemen and Children, 29. His assortment is very complete, and embraces all the latest styles, which he can sell out at low prices. The public will please call and examing.

DANIEL GRÆFF.

N. B.—TRAVELERS, now is your time if you wish to see a large assortment of Trunks, Valiezs, and different kinds of Bags. Come one, come all!

Bebanon; April 7, 1853. New Spring and Summer Stock!

DRY GOODS, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, &c.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Boot & Shoe Store Removed:

Bond's Boston Crackers, a superior article, by OVES & MILLER

A PHOTOGRAPH of yourself or friend, the best are to be had at DAILY'S Gallery, next door to the Lebanon Deposit Bank.

New Invention.

age.

His location is at the old and well known place on the Union Canal, in North Lebanon.

Merchant Tailoring.

THE ACTION

Of the Legislature of the Commonwealt's of Pear-Sylvania, in reference to the Borough of North-Lebranon, has caused an unusual degree of excitement among its quiet mentaliants, but not near so much as the Fresh Arrival of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
at the MANSION HOUSE STORE OF

Messi's. Funck & Brother. 43 The Proprietors feel confident that they are still able to supply all their customers, and the "rest of mankind." who will favor them with a call, with any