when Miss Alice was united to one of his "chums," a noble-hearted lieutenant, now a Commodore, who fell in love with the rescued maiden during the Constellation's homeward passage.

Lebanon Advertiser.

"WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1859.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
Richardson L. Wright,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
John Rowe,
OF FRANKLIN COUNTY.

WAR!

BETWEEN SARDINIA AND AUSTRIA.

By the late arrival from Europe, the intelligence is of the utmost importance. Europe is about plunging into a war, the effect of which no one can foresee, but which will probably involve in the contest all the enlightened or christian powers of the old world. It has been brewing for some time, and although inducements and efforts for the preservation of Peace have been made, the advantages to be derived from a conflict, not only by the French Emperor, Louis Napolean, but by the revolutionary spirits of Italy and Germany, are of such vast importance that the opportunity to seize them cannot be foregone.—The crown of Napoleon depends upon a foreign war; at the same time he has a longing eye upon Italy, as the elder Napoleon had. Victor Emanuel, the king of Sardinia, who is entirely in his interests and his power, has for some time been at "outs" with Austria, and encouraged by Napoleon, he has invoked, and called to his aid, the revolutionary spirits of Italy.—Political malcontents and refugees have flocked from all parts of the Peninsula under his banners. He has gathered an army of some 30,000 of them, officered by the most desperate men of their own, such as Garibaldi and others; has raised their hopes; flattered their vivid imaginations with the picture of a united, regenerated Italy; roused their inveterate hatred of Austria; and inspired them with martial enthusiasm. Austria, irritated and annoyed by this concentration upon her Italian possession, of all the fillibustering and revolutionary spirits of Italy and Europe, after parleys, diplomacy, and threats, has at length taken a bold stand, by sending a note to the Sardinian Government demanding the disarmament and dispersion of the volunteer forces in her service, granting three days for a reply. In case of a refusal war was to be declared. 80,000 Austrian troops have also been ordered to advance upon the Ticino, a small river forming the boundary line between Lombardy, where according to precious accounts, 100,000 Austrians were already in cantonments and fortified entrenchments.—Should the proposal or command of Austria to disarm be rejected, and it undoubtedly will be, the next steamer may bring news of actual commencement of hostilities. Although the war would be ostensibly between Austria and Sardinia, in reality it will be between Austria and France. The total French force destined to co-operate with Sardinia is 80,000. 30,000 were at Toulon ready to embark. Others are on their march for Piedmont. England has as yet acted in the capacity of pacificator and negotiator; but now, as war is to be the next act of the drama, she will be obliged to play a part in that also. The probabilities are that she will join Austria. Russia, if disposed to take a hand, will side with France, so that the curtain about to rise will display a sanguinary scene.

THE PHILADELPHIA ELECTION

The Election in Philadelphia, on Tuesday of last week, resulted in the success of the opposition ticket by 2171 majority. In view of the fact that one year ago Mayor Henry was elected by 5900 majority, and that last fall the opposition Sheriff was elected by a majority of over 6000, the present result is not at all discouraging to the democracy. We have reduced the majority of a combined opposition, nearly five thousand votes, and proven that the Democracy 'still live.' A party calculating to elect a President in 1860 can realize but little comfort from so paltry a start as the opposition majority in Philadelphia last Tuesday. They were united and active, while the Democracy were divided and in a great measure indifferent. When the alarm is sounded the "unterrified" will sweep away their 2171 majority like Pharoah's army was swept away by the waves of the Red Sea.

☞ The Lancaster *Examiner* exposes a Dr. Witmor, alias Dr. Lorentia, of that city, as an "arrant imposter and humbug."

"TREASON SURE ENOUGH.—The "National Americans" have issued a call for a State Convention to meet at Harrisburg on the 25th inst. Who would have thought that the "Americans" would have the courage to set up house keeping for themselves, after acting as hewers of wood and drawers of water for the opposition for so long a time.

"The iron market is not as good now as it was in February, when there was a slight prospect that a beneficial change might be made in our revenue laws.—*Courier.*".

Had the political friends of the *Courier* sustained the President and his friends in their efforts to revise the tariff, the matter would have been accomplished with flying colors. Instead of that they preached protection and acted free-trade. An illustrious gentleman who lives far "down below" is in the habit of preaching and by acting similarly.

☞ The "dissatisfied democrats," under the lead of Forney, met in Committee at Altoona on Wednesday last. They resolved it inexpedient, at the present time, to nominate a State Ticket. They repudiate the Republican doctrine of Congressional intervention against slavery in the Territories; profess adherence to the Cincinnati Platform of 1856; and advise their friends not to vote for any ticket not pledged to the support of their principles. The proceedings are tame and spiritless.

☞ Joseph M. Church, of Philadelphia, a member of the last Legislature, died at New York, after a brief illness, on Tuesday of last week.

☞ A parcel of adventurers recently left New York, in the brig Africa, for a fillibustering descent upon Cuba. The vessel was wrecked upon the Island of St. Domingo, where the fillibusters remain in a destitute condition, dependent upon charity The Spanish officials of Cuba will no doubt arrest them.

☞ Upon the burning of the stables at West Chester, last week, and when the fire had made considerable headway, it was discovered that one of the Circus ponies of great value was still in the burning building.—The Proprietor of the Circus offered $500 to any man who would bring him out safe. A man in the crowd named Miller Snare, immediately rushed through the flames, untied the pony, took fast hold of him by the ear and nose, and got him out safely. He declined the reward and said "no man should take money for saving life or property at a fire." The sentiment is a generous one and does him great credit; and he has no doubt been handsomely rewarded both for his daring and principles.

☞ The Richmond Whig tells a pretty good story of a Virginia negro boy who professed to be dreadfully alarmed at the cholera. He took to the woods to avoid it, and was there found asleep. Being asked why he went to the woods he said, "To pray." But said the overseer, "how was it you went to sleep?"

"Don't know massa, "cactly," responded the negro, "but I spec I must have overprayed myself."

☞ The Pittsburg *Post* says:—"Years ago the significant letters G. T., Gone to Texas—were used as a means of marking upon the ledger bad debts. Now the initials G.P.P.—gone to Pike's Peak—are used for the same purpose."

ATHENIAN.—The Bostonians have done up the "Sickles tragedy" into a real stage play, and are placing it upon the stage. The taste of the modern Athens is rapidly improving.

STOPPAGE OF FLOUR MILLS.—A letter from Rochester and Oswego, N. Y., states that nearly all the flour mills in these two cities have stopped running, owing to the high price of wheat.

PAINTING.—Paint your houses, fences and outbuilding. It not only adds a hundred per cent, to its appearance, but will pay a good interest in the preservation of your property. If you cannot afford paint, use whitewash; but let it be seen that you feel a pride in neatness.

LANCASTER FAIR.—We learn from the Lancaster papers that the Historical, Agricultural and Mechanics' Institute of Lancaster, are to hold a "Mechanical and Horticultural Fair," at Fulton Hall, commencing on Monday, June 13th.

CONVICTION AND SENTENCE.—Elias Nevilla, who has been on trial for several days in the Superior Court at Halifax, N. C., for the murder of a man named Phillips, has been found guilty and sentenced to be hung. The Court ruled out the evidence offered by the prisoner, to show the attempt, the day before the homicide, on the part of the deceased, to commit a rape on his (the prisoner's) wife, and the communication of the facts to him by his little son, immediately preceding the homicide. An appeal to the Supreme Court has been taken.

☞ A singular occurrence, says the Albany Knickerbocker, of the 27th, was discovered in a vault attached to one of our burial grounds on Sunday last. It was that of a female, who was deposited therein for dead some two months since, being found, on opening the coffin, to be lying on her side with one hand under the head. From this it was evident that the woman was alive when placed there, and awaking from the trance into which she had fallen, endeavored to extricate herself from her entombment.

☞ The Western *Times* relates a very interesting case of "a husband and father" who found himself at the beginning of the winter with no visible means of support for a large family, except half a peck of oatmeal, five pounds of salt pork, a handful of wood, and three dollars in cash. By the time the pork and the oatmeal were consumed a bright idea occurred to him. He brought a box of herrings, givings, each one of his family one for breakfast.—The inordinate thirst produced caused such a demand for cold water as to take away all appetite for dinner. When supper time came the children were bribed to go to bed supperless, for a cent apiece. The next morning the herrings were sold to the children for one cent each. This course was pursued through the winter, "greatly to the satisfaction and pecuniary prosperity of the frugal sire."

☞ A man living near Nashville, who had been absent in California some three years, on coming home recently, found a baby only three months old laying in the cradle. With a cruelty utterly diabolical, he at once cut off the infant's ears to avenge his "wounded honor." The screams of the little sufferer called in the family, when the infuriated man learned that the child belonged to a neighbor who was visiting his wife. He had to flee to escape a lynching.

☞ The tax levy of the city of New York for the present year amounts to $9,841,305—showing an increase over the levy of last year of $1,220,395.

I AND J. There are no two letters in the manuscript alphabet of the English language, which occasion so much trouble, or cause so much misconstruction as the two letters, I and J, as many persons inadvertently write them. The rule for writing them properly, and which should be universally understood and adopted, is to extend the J below the line. If those who write I for J knew how it sometimes puzzles printers, they would remember the above suggestions.

HEAVY ROBBERY AT WILMINGTON, DEL.—On the night of the 1st inst., the counting-house of S. & M. Pencock, at Wilmington, Del., was burglariously entered. The robbers obtained access by means of a crowbar, and the same implement was used, to force open the fire proof safe, from which they took about $1,000 in money.

SENTENCE OF JUDGE VONDERSMITH.—*Twenty years!*—On Thursday morning, in the U. S. District Court, Daniel B. Vondersmith, of Lancaster, convicted on two bills of forging applications for pensions, was brought from prison for sentence. Mr. Phillips for the prisoner said that he had not anything to say, as the Court was in possession of all the facts. Judge Cadwalader remarked that the case was one in which he did not conceive he had any discretion.—There were not any extenuating circumstances, and he should impose the full extent of the law. The prisoner was then sentenced to ten years imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary on each bill, (twenty years in all,) and to pay a fine of $5,000. The Judge stated that if $30,000 of the amount fraudulently obtained were restored to Government he would recommend that ten years of the sentence be taken off.

☞ Judge GREENWOOD, of Arkansas, who has been appointed by the President, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, in place of Hon. J. W. DENVER, resigned, has consented to accept the appointment.

FAILURE OF THE AFRICAN GROUND NUT CROP.—Late advices from the ground nut districts on the Coast of Africa inform us of a great deficiency in the yield of this crop at Goree and Senegal, and at Gambia it is supposed the crop will not exceed 8,000 tons, or 600,000 bushels, against 14,000 tons, or 1,050,000 bushels last year. Prices on the coast had advanced considerably in consequence.

STRANGE COINCIDENCE.—The Pottstown *Ledger* says, it has been observed as a remarkable fact, by the citizens of Douglassville, Berks county, and vicinity, that whenever a funeral takes place at St. Gabriel's Church, at that place, it is almost invariably followed, soon after, by two others, making three funerals in succession. This curious circumstance has become proverbial among the residents of the vicinity, and has been noticed by many of the oldest citizens for many years. As a proof that it is no idle superstition or rumor, the present Rector of the Church has recently made an examination of the Church registry, which proves that this curious coincidence has been of remarkably frequent occurrence ever since the first interments in the graveyard. The Church it one of the oldest in this part of the country.

MAN BURNED ON THE CARS.—*Stealing a Ride at the Risk of Death by fire.*—On Thursday night, a short time after the express train on the Great Western Railway had left Windsor for Suspension Bridge, the passengers were annoyed by a smell of smoke, as if wood were burning. At length, however, the engineer discovered a light at the front end of the baggage car, and stopped the train to ascertain the cause. As soon as the train stopped, a man jumped to the ground in flames, screaming with pain and fright. The sufferer was relieved as soon as possible from further danger, and proved to be pretty badly burned. He was a poor traveler, who had got upon the forward platform of the baggage car, which is narrow, to steal a ride, and while there his clothing had taken fire from a spark. He wore cotton overalls, which readily ignited. The man screamed for help, but could not be heard while the train was in motion. He was really in a desperate situation—consuming by fire while the train was running at a speed which would have made jumping fatal. He could not reach the tender before him to go forward, and as there was no door in the end of the car he occupied, he could not go back among the passengers. A few minutes longer, and he would have been reduced to helplessness by the fire, and then might have fallen upon the track beneath the wheels of the train.—*Rochester Union.*

THE BRIDE OF A WEEK RETURNS AFTER A TWELVE YEARS' ABSENCE.—We have been requested to suppress the names in the following curious history, which has recently transpired, or rather the last chapter of which recently occurred in this county. A farmer's son, twelve years ago, married a neighboring girl—the daughter of a very respectable family. They removed immediately to a distant place, where they had been living but a few days when, upon his return home one evening, the wife of a week was missing. She did not return that night, during which he felt, of course the utmost anxiety, and in the morning he started in search of her. He could only learn that she had taken the stage alone, which led to a railroad station some miles distant. He followed, but at the depot lost all traces of her. He wrote to her former home, and published notices in the newspapers, but could obtain no clue to her whereabouts. He grieved in loneliness at the supposed criminal act, and to escape the scene where his week of unsullied happiness had been followed by so great a grief, he removed to this then sparsely settled wilderness. He here settled upon a promising piece of land, and in its cultivation, and the cares of life, sought forgetfulness of the past. He succeeded measurably, has filled offices of trust, and grown wealthy. After a few years, his home requiring attention, he married, but his wife lived only long enough to bear him a son, and witness the first year of the little one's existence.

A few weeks since, as the well-to-do man of the world was sitting by his own fireside, there entered the house a woman well clad, of fuller form, and twelve years older, but the picture of the long-lost bride of a week, and she was accompanied by a girl of near a dozen years.

The sober man of forty was startled, but asked the strange visitor to be seated. Then came her long and agonizing story. All was oblivious to her for the first ten years of their separation. She could tell nothing, except of one hour of returned reason, when the little girl beside her, his daughter, was brought into the world. After that long time, fitfully and at periods remote from each other, came back reason and memory. She had wandered to a distant city, in a state of mild insanity; there she fell among some kind people and was installed in an insane asylum. After the birth of the daughter and ten years more spent within its walls, thoughts of her youth, her home and husband came back. She slowly recovered, then visited her parents, learned where her husband was, and flew to him. Be sure he clasped her in his arms, and they wept upon each other's necks. Again going before the altar, they were united, and she now presides with careful dignity and ease over his household.

But little is said about it in the neighborhood, except expressions of wonder at 'Squire D.'s sudden and unexpected marriage to one whom they suppose to be a fair widow with whom he had recently become acquainted.—*Madison (Wis.) Argus, April 19.*

☞ A Norwegian shoemaker living in Minnesota, has obtained $26,000 for a piece of land near Chicago, which he bought eleven years ago, for the sum of $20.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN WEST CHESTER.—A serious fire occurred at West Chester, about 4 o'clock on Monday morning, of last week. The large stables and barns of the Green Tree Hotel were totally destroyed with all their contents. At the time the fire broke out some 40 horses belonging to Van Amburgh's Circus Company, were in the building, but they were all got out without injury, although, at the latest accounts, one or two, that had been turned loose in the street, had not been recovered. One horse and one cow were burned. From the stables the fire communicated to the freight depot of the (old) West Chester Railroad, which was entirely destroyed. The cars were run out without injury.—A valuable lot of books belonging to the "National Library," just being established were destroyed. The fire originated by the breaking of a lantern in the hands of one of the showmen, as the Circus people were getting ready to start on a journey. The loss is about $5000, of which a portion is insured.

MORMON CRUELTIES.—Extract from a letter dated the 23d of March, 1859, written by an officer of the army at Camp Floyd, Utah:—No longer ago than yesterday, while sitting in the General's quarters, a knock at his door announced a poor unfortunate young man, about nineteen or twenty years old, a handsome Danish lad, who had been barbarously mutilated, and fled for protection all the way from San Pete Valley, to our camp. He shed tears while telling his story. The case of this handsome young lad excited our sympathy much. He had, it seems, paid his court to a young Danish girl, who had emigrated here with him, whom he had known from childhood, with a view to marriage,—The attachment was mutual, but some hoary headed old scoundrel of a bishop, or other official, wanted the girl for his harem, and jealous of the handsome youth, had him tied, and thus mutilated him, first giving him a chance between that and death.

ASPARAGUS A REMEDY FOR HYDROPHOBIA.—A correspondent of the Providence *Journal* sends that paper the following recipe as a remedy for hydrophobia:

"Eat the green shoot of asparagus raw, sleep and perspiration will be induced, and the disease can thus be cured in any stage of canine madness."

A man in Athens, Greece, was cured by this remedy after the paroxysms had commenced.

PROBLEM.—A man bought a certain number of sheep for $1204, how much was that per head, and how many sheep did he buy, providing if you divide the number of sheep by 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, respectively, there will always remain 1, but if you divide the number by seven there will remain none?

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT.—The man who is obliged to be constantly employed to earn the necessaries of life and support of his family, knows not the unhappiness he prays for when he desires wealth and idleness. To be constantly busy is to be always happy. Persons who have suddenly acquired wealth, broken up their active pursuits, and begun to live at their ease waste away, and die in a very short time. Thousands would have been blessings to the world, and added to the common stock of happiness, if they had been content to remain in an humble sphere, and earned every mouthful of food that nourished their bodies. Persons who are always busy and go cheerfully to their daily tasks, are the least disturbed by the fluctuations of business, and at night sleep with perfect composure.

BARN CELLARS.

Barn cellars are very important to the stock farmer. The cost of a cellar under a barn, 30 by 40 feet, is but a small matter to most farmers who have shovels, and rocks, to excavate and build the walls. 30 by 40 make 1200 square feet of room for cattle, hogs, roots, and manure. All this room, warm in winter and cool in summer, is gained without cost of roof or boarding and clapboarding. Nothing in the article of room comes so cheap to the working farmer as a barn cellar under the whole building.

Some of our best farmers clear out the cow-yard twice each year, and fill in again with soil from the roadside and soil from the sides of old walls, which has accumulated there for many years. This is usually the richest soil, as farmers never plant close to the fence. And leaves and dust gather there to aid the annual abrasion from the stone walls.

This accumulation of matter is too often permitted to lie undisturbed for many years in succession. It is a slovenly practice, and should be corrected.—Old walls are made much better by the removal of these stepping stones for unruly cattle, and a handsome fence is made by the renovation of an old stone wall.—*Plowman.*

A WOMAN SWORN AS A CITIZEN.—A novel proceeding—novel at least in this State—took place in the Court of Common Pleas, on Saturday. Catharine Zellers a German woman, made formal application, and was sworn and admitted as a citizen of the United States.—It was a current surmise among many, who witnessed the proceeding, that Mrs. Zellers was one of the 'strong-minded,' and is therefore confident of "the good time coming," when it will be necessary only to prove citizenship to take turn at the helm of State. Although it is the first case of this kind which has come under our notice, it is no unusual thing for spinsters or widows to vote in local elections in England and some parts of Europe, and perhaps Mrs. Zellers may have heretofore enjoyed these privileges, and hopes to do so again; but the more probable inference is that she wants to sell "red-eye" and lager, and has taken this preliminary towards applying for a license.—*Lancaster Express.*

AGE OF SHEEP FOR MUTTON.—A late English writer says: "A sheep to be in high order for the palate of the epicure, should not be killed earlier than five years old, at which age the mutton will be rich and succulent, of a dark color and full of the richest gravy, whereas if only two years old, it is flabby, pale and flavorless."

READ AN HOUR A DAY.

There was a lad, who at fourteen, was apprenticed to a soap-boiler. One of his resolutions was to read one hour a day, or at that rate, and he had an old silver watch, left him by his uncle, which he timed his reading by. He staid seven years with his master, and said when he was twenty-one that he knew as much as the young squire did. Now let us see how much time he had to read in, in seven years, at the rate of one hour a day. It would be twenty-five hundred and fifty-five hours, which at the rate of eight reading hours per day, would be equal to 11 months; nearly a year's reading.—That time spent in treasuring up useful knowledge, would pile up a very large store. I am sure it is worth trying for. Try what you can do. Begin now. In after years you will look back upon the task as the most pleasant and profitable you ever performed.

PLEASE LET ME BE A LITTLE BOY.—"Oh, Johny," cried a nervous mother, "do have some pity upon my poor head! Can't you play without shouting so?"

Poor Johny drew up the tape reins with which he was driving two chairs tandem, and called out in a loud whisper, "Get up, whoa!" But at length finding little pleasure in this suppressed amusement, he threw down the reins, and laying his hand on his breast, said with a long breath, "Oh mother, its full of noise in here, and hurts me to keep it in? Don't all little boys make a noise when they play?"

"Yes, Johny I believe they all do," replied the lady.

"Oh, then, mother dear," cried Johny in a winning tone, "please let me be a little boy?"

We join poor Johny heartily in this petition. Please mothers, let your sons be little boys while they may. Let them have free and happy childhood; that when your heads are low in the grave, they will point back to these days and say: "We were happy children for there was sunshine where our mother was."

POPPING THE QUESTION.—One evenin', as I was settin' by Hetty, and had worked myself up to the sticking pint, says I, "Hetty, if a feller should ask you to marry him, what wud you say?"—Then she laughed, and sez she, "That would depend on who asked me." Then sez I, "suppose it was Ned Willis?"—Sez she, "I'd tell *Ned Willis*, but not you." That kinder staggered me. But I was to 'cute to loose the opportunity, and so sez I agen, "Suppose it was *me*?" And then you ought to have seen her pout up her lip, and sez she, "I don't take no supposes." Well now, you see there was nothin' for me to do but touch the gun off. So bang it went. Sez I, "Lor' Hetty, *its* me. Won't you say yes?" And then there was such a hullaballoo in my head, I don't know 'xactly what tuk place, but I thought I heerd a yes whisperin' somewhere out of the skirmish.

☞ A dentist in one of our large cities advertises that he inserts teeth cheaper than anybody else. He might find a bull dog that would do it still cheaper.

☞ A lazy over-fed lad, returning from his dinner to his work one day, was asked by his master "if he had no other motion than that?" "Yes," replied the youth, drawling out each letter, "but it is a little slower."

ROGUES ARRESTED.—Two fellows, whose names we have not heard, were arrested on Saturday last, at Laurel Hill Locks, on the Schuylkill Canal, nearly opposite Pottstown, by Deputy Marshal Stewart, charged with passing counterfeit coin. The men were arrested upon a small Union canal boat, upon which it is supposed they had been accustomed to pass up and down the Schuylkill canal, pass counterfeit money, plunder, rob, and do things up brown generally. The officer, in company with a hotel keeper upon whom these chaps had passed some bogus dollars, came up to Pottstown on Friday evening, went to the Locks on Saturday morning, waited until the boat came up at half past ten o'clock, and when it had fairly got into the lock chamber, stepped down and took them into custody. Three counterfeit gold dollars were found upon one of them, who stated that he had bought a lot of them in Philadelphia, at forty cents on the dollar. It is supposed they concealed some in the boat.—They were taken to Philadelphia for trial.—*Pottstown Ledger.*

SWARTZ & BRO.

CASH

DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS, QUEENSWARE,

GROCERIES, &c.

HALL BUILDING,

MARKET STREET.

Cash paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

News Goods.

Just received, a new lot of WATCHES, such as Gold and Silver Hunting, Anchors and Cylinders, AMERICAN WATCHES, and a large Variety of new style JEWELRY, cheap as usual, by REIZENSTEIN & BRO.

Come and See.

The large assortment of Fancy Goods and Jewelry, fine Cutlery, Musical Instrument, Revolvers, Pistols, Guitar and Violin strings, and a great many other fancy and useful articles, just *opened and sold at low prices*, at REIZENSTEIN & BRO'S. Jewelry and Fancy Store.

Porte monaies, Purses and Pocket Books.

Banker's cases, Wallets, Money-belts, of different sizes, Ladies Bags, Card Cases, Combs, Brushes, Needles, Working Scissors, Penknives, Pencils, &c., &c., very low at REIZENSTEIN & BRO'S., Opposite the Court House.

Pedlars,

and other small dealers, can buy all kind of notions at Philadelphia prices at REIZENSTEIN & BRO'S. Opposite the Court House.

Great Stock of Spring Goods

I WOULD take occasion to inform my friends and customers that I am now, for the *Second* time in the East, for SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, which will be opened by the close of this week or beginning of next. It will be as fine a Stock of Foreign and American Dry Goods, as can possibly be selected by any Merchant from this County.

I would cordially invite all *cash* buyers, or what is equivalent, approved Four Month's Buyers, or buyer in Exchange for produce, to call and examine my stock. I assure you it will well repay the trouble.

Thanking you for past favors, I am yours truly,
Lebanon, March 23, '59. GEO. PFLEGER.

Town Lots at Private Sale.

THESE BUILDING LOTS are pleasantly situated in a thriving part of the Borough of Lebanon, and will offer an excellent opportunity to persons desirous of investing profitably in real estate. Prices ranging from $75 to $100. For further particulars apply to
Lebanon, April 20, 1859 SAMUEL HARBESON.

SPRING. 1859.

HENRY & STINE

Have just received a splendid assortment of FANCY DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE, Comprising Dress Fabricks in all varieties.

Black and fancy Silks of every description, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, Mitts, Cravats, Hdkfs., white Goods; Linen Goods, Embroideries, Laces, Shawls and Mantillas.

Also, a full and Complete assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS, to which we invite the attention of Cash and prompt four months buyers.

There's no use doubting, Our DRY GOODS ARE BOUGHT RIGHT,

When we offer Prints at 6¼ cents per yard, Lawns at 6¼ cents per yard, Fine Brown Sheeting 6¼ and Bleached Muslin 6¼ cent, Challey, Delanes, fancy, at 12½ cts. per yard, Rich Black Silk at 75 and 87 cents per yard, Nice Plaid Silk at 62½ cents per yard, and an endless variety of Valencia and Byadere, Striped Dress Goods, for ladies. Call and Examine, at HENRY & STINE'S.

FRESH GROCERIES.

FOR Cheap N. O. Sugar, Call at HENRY & STINE'S

FOR Cheap Molasses, Call at HENRY & STINE'S.

FOR Good Canvassed Hams, Call at HENRY & STINE'S.

FOR Good Rio, Old Congress and Java Coffee, Call at HENRY & STINE'S.

NORTH LEBANON BOROUGH

DIVIDED!

GREAT EXCITEMNET.

Grand Rush for the People's Head Quarters!

THE ACTION

OF the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in reference to the Borough of NORTH LEBANON, has caused an unusual degree of excitement among its quiet inhabitants, but not near so much as the Fresh Arrival of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, at the MANSION HOUSE STORE OF

Messrs. Funck & Brother.

☞ The Proprietors feel confident that they are still able to supply all their customers, and the "rest of mankind," who will favor them with a call, with any variety of the

CHOICEST GOODS.

The new system enables them to sell at *greatly reduced prices*, which they hope will be a great inducement for all desirous of buying cheap, to give them a call. Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies and Gentlemen are most cordially invited to give them a call, and examine for themselves.
North Lebanon Borough, April 20, 1859.

Assignee Notice.

WHEREAS, the undersigned have been, by a voluntary deed of assignment, appointed Assignees of HENRY H. MISSEMER and Wife of Millcreek township, Lebanon county, in trust for the benefit of creditors, all persons indebted to the said Assignor, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against him, will make known the same without delay.

The Books are in the hands of URIAH B. STEWART, Esq., of Millcreek township, who is authorized to make settlement, and to whom all those indebted to, or having claims against said Assignor, will please apply.

JONATHAN ILLIG, Millcreek,
GEO. H. MILLER, Heidleberg,
April 20, 1859. Assignees.

Lime and Stone.

THE undersigned has constantly on hand, and for sale a good supply of the best lime and stone for building purposes near the Donaghmore Furnace, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms.
Lebanon April. 6, 1859.–1m. CUNRAD BANKS.

100 Pounds of Soap,

FOR SIXTEEN CENTS.—Oves & Miller, are selling the condensed Lye, an improved form of the Article heretofore sold as Concentrated lye. It is the Best Saponifier or Soap Maker ever offered to the Public. It is put up in Blocks, each accompanied by full printed directions for use. One Block costs 16 cts., and will make 100 lbs. Soap. Sold by Oves & Miller, opposite Mrs. Rise's Hotel.

POTATOES.

Oves & Miller have just received a fine Lot of Superior Potatoes, which they will sell low.

Sweet Corn, Hominny and Soup Beans, cheap, by OVES & MILLER.

OVES & MILLER'S is the place to buy your Hams, Shoulders and Dry Beef, sold cheap.

Spices, Spices; if you want Pure Fresh and cheap Spices, go to Oves & Miller's.

TEAS.—Best Black and best Green Teas. Also Baker's Chocolate and Cocoa, for sale, very cheap, by Oves & Miller.

Bond's Boston Crackers, a superior article, by OVES & MILLER.

DARKNESS DISPERSED!

A GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF

COAL OIL LAMPS.

WE are now prepared to furnish those, that wish to *use this safe, brilliant and Cheap Light*, with LAMPS, at a *reduction of 50 per cent*, on former prices. We are enabled to do this by having our Manufacturing facilities increased. *Every* family that studies their own interest will buy them: they are so well known that a description of their many virtues is unnecessary.

We will also, have a supply of the best COAL OIL on hand, so that no difficulty can arise from that source.

THE LAMPS ARE ALL WARRANTED, TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

When you come to the City, call and see them, and you will not regret your visit. Wholesale Dealers will at once see the advantage of buying from the Manufacturing Depot. Send for a Price List, or we will forward samples by express.

Also, Manufacturers of the LATEST STYLE of

GAS-FIXTURES,

comprising Chandeliers, Pendents, Entry lights, Brackets and Portable Lights.

THE NON EXPLOSIVE GAS LAMP, which is the best Lamp of the kind extant. LARD OIL and CAMPHENE LAMPS. Committees of Churches, Halls, and other Public Edifices, can select from a large and varied assortment, at a lower rate than elsewhere.

☞ All persons sending orders by mail, by distinctly writing for what they want, will have them attended to as advantageously as if they favored us with a personal visit. HORNING & HEIDRICK, Agents,
No 321 North Second Street, above Vine, Philad'a.
March 30, 1859.

NEW GOODS AT THE PEOPLES' STORE

Corner of Market & Chestnut Streets.

LOUSER & BROTHERS

Beg leave to inform their friends, and the public generally, that one of the firm has just returned from the City, where no has carefully selected a heavy and cheap supply of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
HOLLOW-WARE, STOVES!

All are cordially invited to call and see us at our New Stand, and examine the large and cheap Stock, which we will sell at prices to suit the times, pleasant, and with a small profit to the seller.

☞ Thankful for past liberal patronage, they would respectfully solicit the continued favors of their old friends and the public.

F. S.—Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.
Lebanon, March 30, 1860. LOUSER BROS.

W. G. WARD,

(Successor to J. M. Good,)

Bookseller and Stationer,

MARKET SQUARE, LEBANON.

WARD has always on hand the latest publications. Histories, Biographies, Sketches of Travels, the Poets of Europe and this country, Classic Literature of the German, English, French, Latin, Greek and Hebrew, and light reading matter, can be obtained at his store; also, Biblical histories of various authors, on Church and other subjects. The Preacher, Teacher, Doctor, Lawyer, Mechanic, everybody, can be accommodated at WARD'S BOOKSTORE.

School Books, Blank Books and Stationery of every description on hand, and sold at the lowest possible CASH PRICE.

Also. Piano, Flute, Violin, and Guitar Music, and Instructors. The great feature of WARD'S BOOKSTORE Is that you can get all the Monthly Magazines of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all the DAILY AND WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS Of every city and town of importance in the United States.

PAPER HANGINGS Of every variety of patterns and prices; also *Window Shades*, a new article, and sold at a little advance on cost price. WARD'S the place, in short, to go to for all you want in his line. He does not think it too much trouble to wait on his customers; he is obliging, and what is better than all, his customers will get what they want, and at prices that will suit them.

Country Storekeepers and Retailers can be supplied at WARD'S and will save 25 per cent. by purchasing from him, instead of at Philadelphia or elsewhere.

☞ ORDERS for books, periodicals, &c., will receive prompt attention.

REMEMBER—Ward's Bookstore is the place. Anybody can direct you there on inquiry.
Lebanon, March 24, 1859.

To Sell at Private Sale.

ABOUT 50 feet Clapboard FENCE, a lot of POSTS, an old ROOF, a WATER BOX, a Carpenter's Work Bench, a Ground Wheelbarrow, Picks, Shovels, &c., by
Lebanon, March 23, 1859. J. C. REISNER.

Lock Making and Repairing

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has commenced the above business in Market Street, Lebanon, a few doors south of Stickler's Mill, where he will keep for sale Locks of every kind, from the most intricate *Thief Proof Lock* to the commonest variety.

He also manufactures all kinds of *Edge and Cutting Instruments*, which will be sold at moderate prices.

He also makes to Order and *Repairs* all work in his line of business. The patronage of the public is solicited. CHARLES DEBOLD.
Lebanon, April 13, 1859.–2m*.

Mowing and Reaping Machine Agency.

633 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Where FARMERS may see and judge for themselves, between SIX OF THE BEST COMBINED MACHINES NOW IN USE! And purchase the Machine of their choice.

EMLEN & PASSMORE,
633 Market St., Philadelphia.
April 6, 1859.–3m.

Youth and Manhood.

JUST PUBLISHED, the 25th Thousand, and mailed in a sealed envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of three stamps.

A Medical essay on the Physical exhaustion and Decay of the Frame, caused by "Self-abuse," Infection, and the injurious consequences of Mercury. By R. J. Culverwell, M. D., Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, &c.

☞ Spermatorchea or Seminal Emissions, General and Nervous Debility, Impotency, Loss of Energy, Depression of Spirits, Timidity, Disease of the sexual Organs, and Impediments to Marriage, are promptly and effectually removed by the author's novel and most successful mode of treatment, by means of which the invalid can regain pristine health without having recourse to dangerous and expensive medicines.

(From the London Lancet.)

The best treatise ever written on a subject of vital importance to all, well worthy the author's exalted reputation.

Address, the Publishers J. C. KLINE & Co., 1st Avenue, cor. 19th street: Post Box 4586, New York City.
April 6, 1859.–3m.

BACK TO THE OLD PLACE!

LAGER. LAGER.

HENRY HARTMAN, the well-known Brewer, has removed his LAGER BEER SALOON to the large and handsome three story house of Mr. Arnold, in Cumberland street, west of the Plank Road, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and the public generally.

☞ Limberger and Sweitzer Cheese, Holland Herring, &c., wholesale and Retail. His BEER is of his own well known Brewery. Lebanon, Jan. 1, 1859.–tf.

Michael Lauser,

Corner of Mulberry and Chestnut streets, Lebanon, Pa.,

MANUFACTURER OF

ORNAMENTAL CAST AND WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS

FOR Cemeteries, Verandas, Balconies, Public and Private Grounds, &c., &c., which he offers in great variety of designs at lower prices than the same can be obtained elsewhere. Also, CHAIN FENCES of every description constantly kept on hand.
August 25, 1858.–tf.

500 Dollars Reward.

A REWARD of $250 will be given for such information as may lead to the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously ran a Freight Car on the main track of the Lebanon Valley Branch Railroad, at Annville Station, on the night of the 17th inst. And a similar Reward of $250 for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who maliciously opened the switch at the same Station on the night of the 25th inst. All good citizens are respectfully and earnestly requested to give any information which may lead to the detection and punishment of these enemies of the community; as the Rail Road Company are desirous of securing the utmost safety to all Passengers using their Route.
March 30, 1859. G. A. NICOLLS, Gen'l. Supt.

New Tailoring Establishment.

THE Subscriber, direct from Philadelphia, has opened a *Fashionable Tailor Shop*, in the room lately occupied by G. W. Daly as a barber shop, where he invites all of the citizens of Lebanon, and surrounding vicinity, to call and see him, particularly if they want a good fitting Coat, Pants or Vest. Having had long experience in his business, he flatters himself that he will be able to satisfy the most fastidious. Boys' Clothing made to order. ☞ Also CUTTING in all its various Branches.

☞ Country produce, taken in exchange for work.—Call and See G. K. REEDER.
Lebanon, April 6, 1859.–3t.

Coal, Coal, Coal,

WE, the undersigned, would respectfully inform the citizens of Lebanon county, that we are now prepared to supply the community with COAL, either Wholesale or Retail, as we will keep all kinds of COAL on hand, such as *Pea, Chestnut, Nut, Stove, Egg and Broken COAL, white, red and gray ash*, which we are constantly receiving from some of the best Collieries in the Coal regions, and would here say that we will sell our Coal as low as they can be sold by any Person in the county, which we will sell at our Mill, or any part of the two boroughs.

MYERS & SHOUR.
Genesse Mills, Lebanon, Feb. 3, 1858.