her competent help, but she must spend half of her time in gossipping around among the idle or well-to-do ladies of the congregation—take part in their sewing circles, and attend all their various meetings for good or doubtful purposes. Now all this is wrong; and if you are not satisfied with my husband because I will not imitate so bad an example, you must give him notice accordingly; or if you think my services absolutely essential to the prosperity of the church, just state the amount of salary you can afford to give, and if, for the sum, I can procure a person in every way as competent as myself to assume the charge of my children and household, I will take into serious consideration your proposition. Beyond this, ladies, I can promise nothing.'

'Thank you again my dear madam,' said I, with a warmth that expressed my real feelings, 'for giving this matter its right solution! You have spoken out like a true, independent woman, as you are, and I will see that your views are correctly reported. Consider me as your friend!'

She turned upon me a grateful look, and, as she did so, I could see that my earnest words had brought a dim moisture to her eyes.

'I could wish,' she answered, in a lower voice, 'to number you all as my friends. I have come among you as a stranger, seeking no pre-eminence, but only desiring to do my duty as a woman, side by side with other women.—The fact that my husband is your minister gives me of right no position among you, and gives you no right to demand of me any public service. If my husband fails in his duty, admonish him; but in the name of justice and humanity, do not establish any supervision over me. Let my private life be as sacred from intrusion as that of any other woman. This I have a right to demand, and I will be satisfied with nothing less.'

Silenced, if not convinced, was Phœbe Lane, and she retired in due time with her committee of remonstrance and accusation, their colors trailing upon the ground. I lost no time in giving my history of the interview; repeating almost word for word the clear, strong language of Mrs. Newton, that she might have the full benefit of her own statement of the case. And I am happy to say that there was common sense enough and right feeling enough in the parish of St. Charity to do her ample justice. Her husband is still our minister, active, useful, and beloved; but as no salary has yet been set for his wife, she has not assumed any duties in the congregation, and from present appearances, I think, has no intention of doing so. But as a wife and mother her life is beautiful; and her example of far more benefit to the people under her husband's care than all her more public acts could be, had she entered upon every duty that was so generously assigned to her.

Lebanon Advertiser.

"WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1859.

A DOUGLAS MOVEMENT.

The *Pennsylvanian* of Friday professes to have obtained knowledge of a private meeting of the friends of the Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, which was held at the St. Lawrence Hotel, in Philadelphia, last Friday evening. The persons who convened the meeting, were the chiefs and leaders of the late reception given to Mr. Douglas. After the gentlemen who had been invited were assembled, the object in view was made known by Mr. Forney, who acted as the spokesman and leader.—To them he made the proposal that instant and prompt action should be taken to invite Mr. Douglas to accept of an independent nomination for the Presidency in 1860, and to consent that his name should be put before the Union as a candidate, without regard to the selection of the Charleston Convention. Mr. Attorney-General Knox was also present, and dissented from the proposal of Mr. Forney. The ground taken by him was that it was inexpedient to act as Mr. Forney proposed, and that the wise and prudent course would be to submit the claims of Mr. Douglas to the Charleston Convention, and to make every effort to secure the nomination for him at the hands of that body; but should he be defeated there, that then he (Mr. Knox) would willingly leave the party, and with Mr. Douglas for his leader, try their fortunes with the people. Other persons who were present differed from both of these gentlemen, and particularly Mr. McGinnis and Mr. McCormick, who were opposed to any action that would be contrary to the usages and discipline of Democratic party. Here the movement appears to have rested, for the present. What it will result in, if anything, we shall doubtless learn in good time.

☞ The "dissatisfied Democrats" of Berks county, last week, held a convention for the purpose of adopting a new system for nominating candidates for office. Mr. Schwartz acted as President. The plan proposed and adopted is incomprehensible in the main, and the parts understood are unjust and impracticable, so that the whole is laughed at by all parties except the projectors of the scheme, who hope to project themselves into office by it. The Republicans, also are becoming displeased with the arrogance of the dissatisfied, and as Mr. Jones, the point of their opposition, is now out of the way, they are entirely at sea, and probably in as woeful a minority as ever.

☞ There are a few men in this country at the present time evidently determined to use their influence to bring matters and things in our government back to first principles, as it was in the early ages of the Republic and should be now. A proposition in Congress last week, to strike out all the appropriations for salaries of ministers and commissioners to foreign countries, was defeated by a majority of only twelve. It is absurd to be paying from $5,000 to $20,000 per annum to men to play the gentleman at the court of every foreign prince and potentate. If our government has business with any foreign government, let an agent be sent there to do the business, and then come home, and thus we would save many of the millions yearly appropriated for consular and diplomatic purposes.

There is at present a proposition before Congress, to increase the pay of the officers in the Navy. This is urged because officers in the army of equal grade receive higher pay. A wiser plan, under the circumstances, and in consideration of the pressure of the times, would be to *decrease* the pay of the *army* officers to those of an equal grade in the navy. If any increase is to be made let it be in the pay of the soldiers and sailors, who do not receive one-tenth the pay of the officers.

SOME FIGHT, AND A NEW TOUCH.—Tuesday evening a fight occurred at a hotel in Kittanning, in which one party got considerably "worsted." On the following day, his son and son-in-law came back to have vengeance on the fellow that whipped the "old man."—That individual, it seems, was a Scotchman, who introduced a way of self-defence not dreamed of by those who handle the gloves in the engine house.—While the preliminaries of the fight were coming off, our Scotchman *heated the poker* in the grate. When the "engagement" commenced he aimed a moderate blow at antagonist No. 1, who clutched the poker and quickly let go his clench; whereupon "diverious" blows were given in quick succession. Antagonist No. 2, was served similarly; and by the time he had got "siverial" applications of the hot poker, both concluded that it was best to let the old man "stay whipped."

Moral—When you're out of a scrape, "stay out."

☞ During the past year, eighteen Revolutionary soldiers died. There are yet two hundred of the patriots of the Revolution living and receiving their pensions.

☞ A brute in New York, recently drove his wife from their home, after which she returned at night and seated herself at the door, where she fell asleep when the husband set her clothes on fire and burned her so severely that she died the day after.

☞ The British Government, it is said, contemplates also going into the annexation business on this continent. Their first effort will be to acquire Maine, with a view to its annexation to British America.

IMPORTANT FOREIGN NEWS.—The screw steamship *City of Washington*, from Liverpool Jan. 5, arrived here yesterday morning. She brings news of unusual interest. The anticipation of a conflict between France and Austria upon the Italian question has suddenly passed from a possibility to a likelihood; insomuch that the money markets of Paris and London have sunk beneath the panic, and the Press generally concedes the urgency of the symptoms. At the usual *levee* at the Tuileries, Jan. 1, the Emperor remarked to Baron Hubner, the Austrian Ambassador, that he regretted their relations were so bad; but that his personal sentiments for the Emperor of Austria were the same as ever. The phrase taking wind, at once caused serious consternation out of doors, which was increased by an official correction issued through the *Constitutionnel*, substituting for the word "bad" the words "not so good as they were," but otherwise accrediting the rumor. It was also stated that on the same occasion the Papal Nuncio had retired disgusted with his chilling reception. These facts, with the ardor of preparations in Sardinia, the movement of Austrian troops into Lombardy, and the intense excitement and insubordination of Austrian Italy give color to the intimations of war. The members of the British Cabinet had been summoned to London. Lord Derby, it was said, desired to have Parliament meet earlier than the time previously fixed. Of general news, there is little of moment. The Spanish ministry, with the approbation of the Cortes, has announced its final resolution not to part with Cuba. From Cracow we have rumors of a formidable insurrection at that place, in which several Russians were concerned. Its repression is reported. The revolution in Servia was still successful, neither Turkey nor Austria having as yet intervened. Rumors of a revival of the Herat quarrel between Persia and England had come from the East. In India, the Oude campaign of Lord CLYDE had been attended with brilliant success; one of the principal rebel leaders having been utterly routed near Futtehpore. The intelligence from Australia is without interest.—*New York, Jan. 21.*

☞ The negroes of the Island of Hayti, have been enjoying another revolution, in which the black Emperor Soloque was dethroned. The accounts thereof are very pompous, but in plain English are about as follows:—Towards evening of the 22nd of December last, Geffrord, the Insurgent General, accompanied by three terrific darkies, armed to the teeth, landed at Gonalves, rode through the town, to the residence of the Governor, where, notwithstanding the holding of a pistol to his head, the single sentinel refused to give way.—The "terrific" party not wishing to shed blood then and there, proceeded to the prison, where no sentry was on duty, and liberated 40 prisoners, with which accession they returned to the Governor's palace, kicked the sentry out of the way, dispossessed the Governor and proclaimed the Republic. The "Black Republicans" then proceeded to other places, all of which they took without resistance and the revolution was complete. Soloque is thus no longer an Emperor, but what the upshot of the whole affair will be is hard to tell, as France will probably interfere, in which event this ridiculous revolution may yet be of great national importance. To such interference on the part of France, the United States cannot be indifferent. England and France cannot be our masters much longer on this continent and do just as they please both here and elsewhere. The Yankee spirit will soon rebel under the guardianship.

☞ Hon. David Taggart, has been elected President of the State Agricultural Society, at an election held at Harrisburg on the 18th inst. We are of the opinion that the State Agricultural Society has dwindled down into the keeping of half-a-dozen persons, who, probably, make a pretty fine sum annually out of the affair. No notice is given, that we are aware of, of the time and place for holding the annual elections; no statements or accounts are published, and in general, the whole seems to be in the keeping of a few individuals, who shun publicity as much as possible.

☞ The Commissioners of Clearfield county advertise for proposals until the 29th inst., for the building of a new Court House, 60 feet by 96.

Across the Atlantic in Sixty Hours.

Prof. Steiner, the young American Æronnut, has been engaged for some time in attempts to solve the problem of Ærial navigation, and, it is thought, has been successful. The Xenia *News* announces that he is about to make a practical application of the result of his experimenting. The editor of that paper has been shown the plans and specifications of a monster airship, designed to cross the Atlantic in Sixty hours, for the construction of which Professor Steiner desires to secure the aid of Congress. The general idea of the plan for its construction is thus given:

The bottom is to be of thin sheet copper, weighing not more than half a pound to the square foot. It is to be cigar shaped, very much like the Winnan's steamer, 300 feet long and 80 feet in diameter at the centre, tapering towards each extremity. Beneath this balloon is to be suspended by wire cables a platform of the same conical shape with the balloon itself. On the central part of this platform is to be placed the machinery of the air ship and the cabin for passengers. The surface measure of the balloon will be 151,425 square feet, and its total weight will be 37½ tons. It will contain 2,894,460 cubic feet of gas, which will support in the air a weight of 86½ tons. The platform, cabin, machinery, &c., are estimated at 18 tons, leaving still power enough to elevate 21 tons of passengers, of freight and ballast.

It is proposed to propel this vessel by means of large paddles or fans, to work in the air as the paddles of a steamboat work on the water. There is to be one wheel on each side of the vessel, and at the stern is to be a screw propellor, all of these to be worked by steam engines placed at the centre of the platform.—The side wheels have the paddles so arranged as to fold up like a lady's fan as they enter the wheel house above, and to unfold again as they strike the air in the desired direction. There are to be three small oscillating engines, of five horse power, one for each wheel.

To confine the balloon to a given height above the water, it must be evenly ballasted, attached to a copper float in the water connected to the platform underneath the air ship by a coil of wire rope. An ingenious contrivance, which cannot be satisfactorily explained on paper, is attached to the platform, whereby the balloon is as certainly steered as a vessel in the water.

Prof. S. thinks he has effectually overcome the two great difficulties encountered by all experimenters in ærial navigation, viz., the expansion and contraction of gas, and the difficulty in exhausting the common air from the balloon with rigid sides, without having it crushed. The means used to obviate these difficulties we have not the space to explain; but suffice it to say, the process seems wholly practicable and effective.

It is calculated that with head winds a speed of 40 miles an hour can be obtained with this air ship, and with favorable gales the speed would be increased to 100. Prof. S. estimates the cost of building such a balloon at $40,000.

The following advertisement appeared in a Harrisburg paper, under date of June 9, 1809:—

"*Rifemen attention!*—A man to be shot for the benefit of his wife and children—$1 a shot, one hundred yards distance, with rifles—on Wednesday, the 13th inst., at Govanstown, at 3, P. M.—The above mentioned man is in a very low state of health, and wishes to leave his family snug."

LEGISLATIVE.

MONDAY, Jan. 17, 1859.

In the *Senate*, a resolution calling upon the Governor for information relative to the sale of the Delaware Division of the public works to the Sunbury and Erie R. R. Company was adopted. There is a leak in the transactions, by which nearly $100,000 evaporated out of the pockets of the Commonwealth, and the enquiry is to ascertain the why, when, where, &c. The Senate then proceeded to the Hall of the House of Representatives to participate in the election of a State Treasurer, and shortly after returning, adjourned.

After the presentation of petitions, reading of bills, &c., in the *House*, the Senate was introduced, and both Houses in joint convention proceeded to the election of a State Treasurer, for one year from the first Monday of May next. There was but one ballot, as follows:—

Eli Slifer,	80
Henry S. Magraw,	43

The Senate having retired the House proceeded to the consideration of the resolution abrogating the contract with R. J. Haldeman for the publication of a Legislative Record. Without coming to a conclusion the House adjourned.

TUESDAY, Jan. 18, 1859.

We find nothing in the proceedings of the *Senate* to-day, of sufficient importance to our readers to justify re-publication.

In the House, Mr. Thorn, opposition, moved the buying of maps of Philadelphia, for the railroad committee. Mr. Irish, opposition, moved to amend so as to include a map of Pittsburg. Mr. Rose moved to amend so that each member of the House be furnished with copies of the same.—Cost $1000. Fortunately the extravagance was defeated by one majority. Our opposition friends of the House are becoming rather free with the peoples' money. The balance of the day was consumed by the House in the discussion of a series of Tariff resolutions. The vote on their passage stood 91 in favor, and 2 against. The noes were Messrs. Geepp and Laird, who voted against them, not because they were opposed to a tariff, but because they think it improper for a State Legislature to interfere, as a body, in any question of National Legislation. They think they are sent to Harrisburg to legislate for certain objects, and they were not afraid to do right, while 91 others preferred to consume the peoples' money, in time for which they are paid, by placing themselves "right" on a record got up for political clap-trap. The cost of the passage of the resolutions is about $500.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 19, 1859.

Considerable time was occupied by the *Senate* in the discussion of the bill to abolish the Canal Board. Without coming to a conclusion, the tariff resolutions from the House were taken up and passed by a vote of 30 yeas, 0 nays. Adjourned.

In the *House*, Mr. Hottenstein, democrat, of Northumberland, offered a preamble and resolution relative to the annual purchase for the Members of Purdon's Digest and other books. He contends that to do so without the joint action of both Houses and the signature of the Governor, is unconstitutional, and he for his part refuses to receive his share of the stealings. His resolution is to the effect that at the close of the session the State Librarian collect from the members all the books not belonging to them, and keep them for the use of the members of the next session, and so on indefinitely. Of course, the resolution was not adopted. What a pity it is for the interests of the tax-payers that there are not about fifty more Hottensteins in the House. They would be worth $50,000 at least in one session. The House having refused to re-consider a resolution by which Mr. Donavon was excluded from the floor, for his assault upon Mr. Church, proceeded to the consideration of the resolution abrogating the contract with R. J. Haldeman for the publication of a Legislative Record. By an almost strict party vote the resolution was adopted. The point achieved the House adjourned.

THURSDAY, Jan. 20, 1859.

The further supplement to an act relating to buckstering in Berks and Lebanon counties, was reported to the *Senate*. The reverend Senators then had a slight quarrel over the spoils arising from the appropriation of $1,000, voted by the House to Mr. Zeigler, for compiling his Legislative Manual, after which the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the bill abolishing the Canal Board.

In the House, the members not satisfied with the adoption of a resolution, yesterday, annulling the contract of Mr. Haldeman, for the publication of a Legislative Record, brought up a bill to-day for the same purpose, which was discussed and passed. This action reminds us of the darkey who killed the coon, but not satisfied with his death, proceeded to kill him again, thus making him dead, and then deader. The House adjourned; for all the good it does tax-payers it might as well stay adjourned for this session at least.

FRIDAY, Jan. 21, 1859.

A considerable portion of the session of the *Senate* was occupied with the consideration of a resolution appointing a committee of three to investigate the condition of the Shamokin Bank, after which the resolution was postponed for the present. After the transaction of some other unimportant business, the Senate adjourned to Monday, at 3 o'clock.

The House appointed a committee of three to whom was referred that part of the Governor's Message relating to the Shamokin Bank. By a vote of 54 to 30 the House refused to adopt a resolution, not to take the Legislative Record after to-day. Mr. Palm, opposition moved adjourn to Monday—not agreed to. Mr. Patterson, opposition, moved the appointment of an additional Door-keeper—not agreed to. Mr. Pugh, opposition, moved the printing of 1000 Lists of County officers—not agreed to. Mr. Barnsley, opposition, moved the buying of a railroad map for each member—not agreed to. [We are glad to find that there are a sufficient number of opposition in the House, joining with the Democrats in voting down all such useless expenditures.] The Committee of Ways and Means, reported, with a negative recommendation, a bill directing the collateral inheritance taxes to be applied to the school fund. The House then passed, finally, the bill, as amended by the Senate, for the abolition of the Canal Board. Mr. Eckman read and presented to the Chair, "an act relating to the borough of Lebanon." Referred to the committee on Corporations. [What is it about?] Adjourned to Monday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

THE CHEAPEST AND VERY BEST

Ready-Made Clothing!

YOU will find at the Centre Building. RABER & BROTHERS have again opened to their already extensive stock of Ready Made Clothing a very large assortment of all kinds of OVER COATS, RAGLINS, SURTOUTS and BANGUPS.

Frock Coats and Dress Coats all colors and Styles; Business and every day Coats, at all prices.

Pantaloons, every variety in price and Style.

Boy's Clothing, a large variety.

A very handsome assortment of Vests all very cheap. Undershirts, Drawers, Woolen and Cotton, Dress Shirts, Gloves, Hosiery, Stocks, Hdkfs, Collars, in short every thing for a Dress from top to toe.

The great advantages to buy your Clothing at the "Centre Building" are, that you will find their Clothing well made, and cut to fit, samewise if made to order. As practical Tailors they understand how to select their Clothing. Call and see, and try them, as so many have done and found it to their advantage.

H. & J. M. RABER give their undivided attention to FASHIONABLE TAILORING, having had many years experience in cutting, and now having some of the Best Workmen employed, they are prepared to turn out the most fashionable Garments at short notice, warranted to fit, or need not be taken.

Persons dealing at other stores will find the same attention as if they purchased their Cloth of them.

Lebanon, Nov. 10th.

ALL colors of Woolen Stocking YARN, at RABER & BROS.

APPLES,—A fine Lot just received and for sale, cheaper than elsewhere in Lebanon, by OVES & EUSTON.

DRIED APPLES and PEACHES, just received, and for sale by OVES & EUSTON.

THE

GREAT BEAUTIFIER

So Long unsuccessfully sought,

FOUND AT LAST.

FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY GRAY HAIR to its original color; covers luxuriantly the bald head; removes all dandruff, itching and all scrofula, scald head and all eruptions; makes the hair soft, healthy, and glossy; and will preserve it to an imaginable age, removes, as if by magic, all blotches; &c., from the face, and cures all neuralgia and nervous head ache. See circular and the following.

DOVER, N. H., Feb. 2d, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.—Gents: Within a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that today we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity, (the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold,) while we might order a quantity from you. Every bottle we have sold seems to have produced three or four new customers and the approbation, and patronage it receives from the most substantial and worthy citizens of our vicinity, fully convinces us that it is A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.

Send us as soon as may be one gross of $1 size; and one dozen $2 size; and believe us yours very respectfully.

(Signed) DANIEL LATHROP & Co.

Hickory Grove, St. Charles Co., Mo., Nov. 19, 1856.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last Summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.

Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeing his sufferings advised us to use your Restorative, we did so with little hope of success, but, to our surprise, and that of our friends, a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy has as healthy a scalp, and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child. We can therefore, and do hereby recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair. We are, yours respectfully,

GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAM,
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAM.

Gardiner, Maine, June 22, 1855.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the hair. Before using it I was a man of seventy. My Hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind.

Yours Respectfully,
DANIEL N. MURPHY.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, N. Y., (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. ☞ Sold in Lebanon by JOSEPH L. LEMBERGER, also by Dr. Ross, and by all good Druggists everywhere. Oct. 13, '58—3m.

BUCKWHEAT.

An extra Article just received and for sale, cheap, by OVES & EUSTON.

FRESH FRUIT.

A fine Assortment of canned Fruit, consisting of Pears, Peaches, Pine Apples, Strawberries, Tomatoes and Green Peas, has just been received by OVES & EUSTON.

ELDERBERRIES.

Dried Elderberries for sale by OVES & EUSTON

PICKELS.

Pickeled Cucumbers for sale by OVES & EUSTON.

NURSERY.

WE are happy to inform our readers that Mr. J. B. WRIGHT, of York county, has a large NURSERY, of very choice FRUITS of all kinds, viz:—Apple, Plum, Cherries, Apricot, Peaches, Pear, and Nectarine. The trees are all grafted, and may be relied upon as such, and are sold and delivered on moderate terms. In order that the people of Lebanon county may supply themselves with a variety of the choicest and most reliable FRUIT TREES, Mr. Wright will offer them an opportunity of doing so, as he has appointed Mr. JACOB WITMER, Jr., of Cornwall township, as his Agent, to whom applications can be made for such fruit trees as may be desired, and they shall be readily and promptly furnished. Reference, Dr. J. W. Geninger, Lebanon. January 12, 1859.—1t.*

LEMBERGER'S

Cattle Liniment.

FARMERS AND OTHERS owning horses and cattle can find nothing superior to *Lemberger's Cattle Liniment* for Stiffness, Sprains, Lameness, &c. It heals but a single trial to convince. Prepared and Sold only at LEMBERGER'S Drug Store.

Lebanon, Nov. 10, 1858. Market Street.

First Premium and Diploma Awarded by the Lebanon County Agricultural Society to the celebrated

AMERICAN WATCHES.

THIS a dorsement of the merit and character of the Watch should prove a sufficient recommendation to those who contemplate purchasing a good and reliable Time-keeper. They disclaim any part of foreign mechanism in *movement or case*, and in regard to *Time* and durability distance all competition. These Watches are on exhibition at J. J. BLAIR'S Watch and Jewelry Store, corner of Market and Cumberland streets, opposite the Market House, Lebanon, Pa. Nov. 3, 1858.

Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Sinking Springs, Berks Co, Pa,

MONDAY, January 3, 1859.

THE BOARD OF MANAGERS elected to serve the ensuing year, met at Housum's Reading, to organize and appoint officers, &c. President—Kerby, Peacock, Kershner, Kurr, Van Reed, Kemp, Mohr, Illig and Meily, who made the following appointments, viz:

President—Solomon Kerby, Maidencreek.
Secretary—Aaron Moll, Sinking Springs.
Treasurer—William Peacock, Reading.
Agent for Berks and Lancaster counties—Jacob Schueler, Sinking Springs.
Agent for Lebanon and Schuylkill—John B. Heister, Lebanon.
Agent for Lehigh—Joshua B. Seiberling, Wotsenburg.

Daniel Housum, of Reading, is also authorized to transact business for the Secretary, and receive moneys due the Company.

The following gentlemen compose the Board of Managers, who will also attend to any business which members may wish to transact with the Company.

Solomon Kerby, Maidencreek Post Office.	
Isaac H. Mohr, Mohrville	do
John Kurr, Millersburg	do
Peter Kershner, Lower Bern	do
Dr. J. T. Livengood, Womelsdorf	do
George Whitmer, Manatawny	do
John Van Reed, Spring, Reading	do
William Peacock, Reading	do
Aaron Moll, Sinking Spring	do
John Kemp, Maxatawny, Kutztown	do
Jonathan Illig, Millbach, Lebanon county.	
C. O. Meily, Fredericksburg,	do
Benj. F. Weida, Clouseville, Lehigh county.	

N. B.—Those persons in Lebanon county who have not as yet paid their assessments, will save themselves costs by immediately paying to John B. Heister, Esq., the Agent for Lebanon county.

Jan. 12, 1859.

WM. C. FAUBER. BENJAM N YOUNG.

REMOVAL!

Coach-Making Establishment!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that they have REMOVED their COACHMAKING ESTABLISHMENT to *High st., between Hill and Chestnut ½ squares north of G. M. Fauber's Store*, in the Borough of Lebanon, where they intend carrying on the business in all its branches, as heretofore. Each of us having served regular apprenticeships to the business, and having had much experience therein, we feel confident of our ability to give satisfaction. Every article manufactured at our establishment will be under our personal supervision. We shall keep on hand, READY-MADE,

ALL KINDS OF VEHICLES,

which will be warranted of the most superior quality.—We have now a fine stock on hand, to which the attention of those wanting anything in our line is invited. We will also attend to REPAIRING, at short notice.

☞ None but the best workmen will be employed in any branch of the business. We cordially invite the public to give us a call, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

☞ Thankful for the past liberal patronage of a generous public, we solicit a continuance of the same.

FAUBER & YOUNG.

Lebanon, December 22, 1858.—6m.

Lebanon Deposit Bank.

(Late "LEBANON VALLEY BANK,")

Cumberland street, one door east of Reinhard's Hotel.

WILL pay the following RATES of INTEREST on DEPOSITS.

For 1 year, and longer, 6 per cent. per annum;
For 6 months, and longer, 5 per cent. per annum;
For 3 months, and longer, 4 per cent. per annum;

requiring a short notice of withdrawal. Interest paid in full for the Deposits from the date of deposit to the date of withdrawal. We will also afford a liberal line of accommodations to those who may favor us with Deposits, payable on demand. Will pay a premium on SPANISH and MEXICAN DOLLARS, and also on *old Mexican Dollars* and *Half Dollars*. Will make collections on and remit to all parts of the United States, the Canadas and Europe; Negotiate Loans, &c., &c., and do a general EXCHANGE and BANKING BUSINESS.

G. DAWSON COLEMAN, President.
GEO. GLEIM, Cashier.

The undersigned, MANAGERS, are individually liable to the extent of their Estates, for all Deposits and other obligations of the "LEBANON DEPOSIT BANK."

SIMON CAMERON, G. DAWSON COLEMAN,
GEORGE SMULLER, LEVI KLINE,
JAMES YOUNG, AUGUSTUS BOYD,
Lebanon, May 12, 1858. GEORGE GLEIM.

Lebanon Mutual Insurance Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pa.

CHARTER PERPETUAL!

OFFICE IN JONESTOWN, LEBANON COUNTY.

GUARANTEE CAPITAL $55,000!

THIS COMPANY is in full operation, and ready to make *Insurance* on all kinds of property, in *Town or Country*, and on as favorable terms as any well governed and safe company, either on the Mutual or joint stock principle.

President—JOHN BRUNNER, Esq.
Vice President—D. M. KARMANY.
Treasurer—GEO. F. MEILY.
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ANTHONY S. ELY, *Agent for Lebanon and vicinity*

Jonestown, Feb. 3, 1858.

JUST RECEIVED a superior PORT WINE, very delicate; also SCOTCH ALE, LONDON PORTER, CATAWBA BRANDY, and CINCINNATI CHAMPAGNE, at REIGART'S Wine and Liquor Store.

$1,000 Reward! Look Out.

JAMES H. KELLEY, *Watch-Maker & Jeweler*, has just opened at the EAGLE BUILDINGS, in the town of Lebanon, a beautiful assortment of Gold Railroad Time-keepers in hunting cases: eight-day Watches, gold Duplex, gold Anchors, gold cylinder Watches, &c.—Silver railroad hunting Watches, duplex, anchors, cylinder, English patent Lever, English Swiss Quartiers, and Boys' Watches. Large Music Boxes, 4, 6, and 8 tunes; gold Fob, Vest and Neck Chains; gold Armlets, Brooches; gold Thimbles, Ear-rings, Breast-pins, Necklaces, shirt-Studs, Spectacles, Medallions, Miniature Cases, gold pen and pencil cases, gold Key Seals, &c. Silver Tea and Table Spoons, Soup Ladles, fob and neck Chains, Spectacles, Portmonaies, fine pocket and pen Knives, Violins, Violincelos, Bass Violins, Accordeons, Polkas, Brass Instruments, Drums, Fifes, Flutes, Clarinets, Guitars, Banjos, Tamborines, Ladies' Cabins, Colt's Rifles, Sharp's Rifles, Volcanic Rifle, shoots 25 shot in a minute; Colt's Allen's Volcanic and Damascus Pistols, eight-day and thirty-hour Clocks, &c., the whole comprising the most extensive assortment ever offered in Lebanon county, and will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

Watches & Clocks carefully Repaired and Warranted.

☞ Mrs. Kelly has opened a Fancy Millinery Store in the same room with Mr. Kelly's Jewelry store, Eagle Buildings. [Lebanon, April 14, 1858.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

RACE STREET, ABOVE THIRD,

PHILADELPHIA.

PETER SIDES, SIDES & CARMANY.
CYRUS CARMANY. May 19, '58.—3m.

PROCURE A BODY PROTECTOR and health insurer, in the way of a comfortable and cheap OVERCOAT at REIZENSTEIN & BRO.

INSURE YOURSELVES against cold, by purchasing a suit of warm Clothing sold so cheap by REIZENSTEIN & Bro.

UNDERCLOTHING Woolen socks, Comforts, Furgloves Neckties and Handkercheifs a large assortment sold low at REIZENSTEIN & Bro.

Selling off at Cost.

A FASHIONABLE AND SEASONABLE STOCK OF TISSUE,
BERAGES,
DUCOLLS,
LAWNS,
SHEPHERD'S PLAIDS,
ALPACCAS, &c., &c.,

Which in point of varieties of styles and qualities, in connexion with advantages by which they have been purchased, can be surpassed by none in town. The season, and our heavy stock prompt us to hold forth these inducements. Please give us a call.

GEORGE & SHELLENBERGER.

WOOD and COAL YARD.

I, THE undersigned, having bought Mr. Henry Spoon's Wood and Coal Yard, a short distance north-east of Messrs. Foster & Mutch's Foundry, in the borough of North Lebanon; and also bought from 200 to 300 CORDS OF WOOD and from 600 to 1000 TONS OF COAL, of all kinds and grades, which I will sell at the yard or deliver at as small profits as will suit the times. I therefore invite all those that are in want of any of those articles to call and see the same, ascertain prices, and judge for themselves. DANIEL LIGHT, (merchant.)

North Lebanon, April 14, 1858.—tf.

Health Without Physic;

A Prize Essay on Nervous Diseases.

Just published, the 25th thousand, in a sealed envelope, prices 10 cents; or sent, postpaid, by the Publishers, for 3 stamps.

A MEDICAL ESSAY ON THE PHYSICAL EXHAUSTION AND DECAY of the frame from Indulgence, Infection and the injurious consequences of Mercury, *With the Modern means of cure.*

By R. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, &c., &c., &c.

☞ Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Loss of Energy, Depression of Spirits, Timidity, Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and impediments to Marriage generally, are promptly and effectually cured by the Author's novel and successful mode of treatment, by means of which the Invalid can regain pristine health without having recourse to dangerous and expensive medicines.

From the London Lancet.—"*The best treatise ever written on a subject of vital importance to all, well worthy the Author's exalted reputation.*"

Address the Publishers: C. J. C. KLINE & Co., 1st Avenue, cor. 16th Street, Post Box 4586, New York City. Dec. 22, 1858.—3m.-in.

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Get the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," at Good's Book Store.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

Ye Lovers of the Beautiful

AS WELL AS THE

USEFUL!

'Call and See! Now is your time!'

TO BUY CHEAP

THE "Centre Buildings" are full of NEW GOODS.—The taste of the most fastidious will be gratified in every acceptation of the term, when beholding the beautiful New Styles of Ladies Dress Goods. Among the many we will name a few, such as Poile-de-Checre, Circassian Plaid and Stripe; Plaid Stripe, Braders and Printed Valentias; French Printed and plain colors, all-wool Delain; Printed and plain Cashmere, French Merino; Lavella Bysdere; Mde-Lain, English and American Chintz.

Silk.—Black and Fancy, Velvet Bysdere, &c., acknowledged to surpass anything of the kind in this Borough.

Shawls! a variety. Collars, Gloves, Hosiery, &c.

Domestic Goods—Muslin, Ticking, Check, &c., &c., so cheap that you can save money by purchasing your supplies at Raber & Bros.

Flannels, all colors, very cheap. "It will pay" Gentlemen to purchase their Cloth, Over coating, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Vestings, for themselves and their Boys, out of the very large and well selected Stock, just opened at the Centre Buildings of RABER & BROS., who always "Study to please."

READY MADE CLOTHING to please everybody.

Lebanon, September 15th, 1858.

Take Notice.

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, of LEBANON, have opened a large and commodious READING ROOM and LIBRARY, at the TEMPERANCE HALL, opposite the Post-office. The principal Newspapers and Magazines of the country will always be found on file. The valuable collection of books formerly constituting the "WISTAR LIBRARY," are also on our shelves and additional books are now being selected to make the Library of the Association one of the most valuable in the State. Contributions of suitable books are solicited from all who desire to see the young men of our town supplied with a healthy moral and religious literature. We intend that the Library shall be comprehensive and select. SIMON J. STINE, WM. G. WARD and THEODORE OVES, the Committee appointed, will be happy to receive such contributions of books or a note stating where they may be called for. Reading Room open every Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 10 o'clock. Persons desiring to become members should do so immediately. By Order of the Board.

Lebanon, October 6, 1858.

FOR SALE.

FLOUR,
CORN,
OATS,
MIDDLINGS,
SALT BY THE BAG,
BRAN.

at the Genessee Mills of MYERS & SHOUR.
Feb. 3, 1858. Lebanon, Pa.

WANTED.

AT the Genessee Mills, in the borough of Lebanon,

WHEAT,
CORN,
RYE,
OATS,

In any quantity, for which the highest Market prices will be paid in Cash, by MYERS & SHOUR.
Feb. 3, 1858.

North Lebanon Flour'g Mill

THE NORTH LEBANON MILL has been remodeled, and is now completed and in operation and prepared to furnish customers regularly with a very superior article of FLOUR, as cheap as it can be obtained from any other source. They also keep constantly on hand and for sale, CHOP, BRAN, SHORTS, &c.

☞ They are also prepared to do all kinds of CUSTOMERS' WORK, and respectfully invite all the former customers of the Mill, as well as new ones, to give them a call.

They will pay the highest CASH market prices for all kinds of Grain, such as WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, &c., and afford all facilities and accommodations to those who will sell.

N. Lebanon Bo., Nov. 3, 1858. WALTER & BARTO.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

ANOTHER NEW LOT OF

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

JUST RECEIVED BY

J. W. ACKER,

Cumberland St., next door to Dr. Lineaweaver's.

F. & WM. STOEVER'S

Wine and Liquor Store,

NO. 45 FRONT STREET, PHILA.—All kinds of the purest and best LIQUORS constantly kept on hand viz:—Pure French, Cognac, Common, Cherry, Blackberry and Lavender BRANDY; Common and Holland GIN; Old Monongahela, Scotch and Rye WHISKEY; Port, Madeira, Cherry, Lisbon and Champaign WINE; the best BITT