THE LEBANON ADVERTISER.---A FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

Lebanon Advertiser.

"WHERE DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28, 1858.

Democratic State Nominations.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

WILLIAM A. PORTER,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

CANAL COMMISSIONER:

WESTLEY FROST,

OF FAYETTE.

☞ Henry Welsh, Esq., has been elected President of the York Bank, in place of Michael Doudel, resigned.

☞ It is feared that the yellow fever has made its appearance at Philadelphia, being introduced from a ship late from Rio Jeneiro.

☞ Hon. Ellis Lewis, Hon. J. C. Knox and C. R. Buckalew, Esq., have been appointed a commission to codify the criminal laws of Pennsylvania.

☞ A counterfeit $5 on the Princeton Bank, New Jersey, has just made its appearance. The general appearance of the note is good. The signature of the President is lithographed.

☞ Rev. DUDLEY A. TYNG died on Monday of last week from the effects of the dreadful accident which happened to him by one of his arms being caught in a threshing machine.

☞ President Buchanan has appointed Hon. John Cadwalader, of Philad'a., Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Kane.

☞ The terms of 8 Democratic and 3 Opposition State Senators expired with the late Legislature. 13 Democrats and 9 opposition hold over. The probabilities are strong that the next Senate will also be Democratic.

☞ A bill passed the Legislature relative to interest and usury. It permits any rate of interest agreed upon, but when there is no contract six per cent. is still the legal rate. We are not advised whether it has received the Governor's signature.

☞ The Legislature has passed a bill abolishing the Board of Canal Commissioners. The duties of the present Board expire with the transfer of the public works to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company, but they remain in office until July 1, 1858, to settle up the business. Not being advised whether the Governor signed the bill we still keep the name of Mr. FROST at our editorial head.

☞ We are glad that the attempt to legislate Judge Wilmot out of office, by abolishing his judicial district, failed in the Legislature. He may be a political weathercock and agitator, but that does not follow that we should be guilty of the same spiteful, petty and unlawful deeds, for which the opposition set a precedent in New York by legislating the Democrats there out of office, and recently again, by their outrageous action in respect to Judge Loring, of Massachusetts. Although there would be plenty of precedents for ousting Wilmot, they are bad ones, and we do not wish our party to dirty itself by such mean acts.

☞ The Legislature of Philadelphia adjourned on Thursday, without passing a law removing the seat of government to the vicinity of Moyamensing prison.

Mr. John C. Cresswell, of Blair, was elected Speaker of the Senate for the recess, receiving 21 votes out of 31.

Addresses were delivered by the retiring Speakers, votes of thanks were adopted, and the members, as soon as they had pocketed their pay, ($700) fled to their homes, many of them no doubt glad in being relieved of the cares of State.

☞ The Kansas Committee of Conference appointed by the two Houses of Congress made a report on Friday last, proposing to admit Kansas as a State under the Lecompton Constitution, on certain condition, but not differing from the Senate bill or the House amendment. The Senate will at once act on the report, but the House, in conformity to its factious opposition, and with the determination to keep the country agitated, postponed its consideration to the second Monday of May, by a vote of 108 yeas to 105 nays. The opposition in Congress will have to answer their sovereigns at the ballot-boxes for their unusual and revolutionary proceedings on this question. They act in defiance of the wishes of a large majority of the people of the Union as well as of those of Kansas, the latter being importunate to be admitted as a State, knowing that they can alter or change their constitution whenever they please, and that so long as they remain in their present unhappy state their difficulties are only protracted.

Since the above was written the House has reconsidered its votes of postponement, and will act on the Conference Com.'s report to-day.

PLENTY OF MONEY.—The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, under date of the 22d inst., writes thus:

"I have never heard so many and loud complaints of the scarcity of first-class business paper, and eligible means of investment, than I heard to-day among those connected with the banks and large discount houses. The amount of capital is daily, nay hourly, growing in volume, and not the least indication of any movement in business circles likely to absorb a little of the money hold in this city, and not bringing its owners one cent of profit.

"There seems some disposition on the part of lenders to make the market rates even easier than they have been. It is said that the brokers with first-class securities have been offered, and importuned to accept, loans for sixty and ninety days, at three and a half to four per cent., and that good long paper, that is over ninety days and under six months, is finding greater favor at the banks, and is entering their pocket-books in larger quantities than heretofore."

"A CURIOUS CASE, involving the right of a father to dispose of his children by will, at his death, although their mother be alive, has just been decided at Pittsburg, Pa. Geo. S. Hamilton died in that city in December, leaving a widow, Margaretta, and three children, aged nine, eleven and thirteen years. As the husband was a Protestant and the wife a Catholic, he appointed guardians for the children, by will, and directed them to be brought up in the Protestant faith. The children were accordingly taken from the mother and placed at a Protestant school, but the mother applied for a writ of *habeas corpus* to recover them. Judge Williams, of the District Court, decided, however, that the power to constitute a guardian by deed or will, attested by two witnesses, given by the statute of Charles II, ch. 24, was in force in this State. This statute enacts that any father, under age or of full age, may by deed or will dispose of the custody of his child, either born or unborn, to any person except a Pupish recusant, either in possession or reversion, till such child attains the age of one and twenty years. The will was therefore sustained, and the mother has to go without her children."

The father must have been a Know-Nothing. The Judge must be a Know-Nothing to give force to such a bigoted Know-Nothing statute. The guardians must be Know-Nothings, and, in the whole, the proceedings just show what Know-Nothingism leads to.

☞ A *Mysterious Case* of murder was brought to light in Philadelphia on Thursday. The dead body of the victim, a young man namen John E. Clark, who was missed since the 3d of April after being foully dealt with, was thrown into the Schuylkill, and was found floating near the Market street bridge. The blow falls terribly upon a young wife and aged mother. The deceased, on the day of his disappearance, left his Store with $400 in his possession, and was not seen alive afterwards. The money was not found upon his person, and it is therefore supposed he was murdered for the purpose of robbery.

☞ The Parke county (Ind.) *Republican* relates the following singular instance of delusion in regard to religious duty: "It becomes our sad office to record one of the most sad incidents which have ever fallen under our observation. Mr. Aaron Stewart, late a citizen of Boone county, but for some five months a citizens of our town, has been in a state of depression of spirits for about two months past. Religious excitement seems to have overpowered his reason, and, on Monday night, after the return of himself and wife from church, he conceived the idea that the Scripture required him to sacrifice his right hand and other members of his body, under penalty of eternal punishment. He at once left the house without making known his object, and first perpetrating dangerous wounds upon his person with a knife, he next proceeded with an axe to cut off his right hand. After striking five severe blows, ranging from the centre of the hand to some inches above the wrist joint, and severing the hand from the arm except some of the tendons, he walked to the door, fell into it and fainted. Dr. Rice was called in, who dressed his wounds; and at the writing he is yet alive, though his wounds are dangerous."

BURNT TO DEATH—SHOCKING CARELESSNESS—On Saturday last, near York, Pa., a little son of George Reibling was burnt to death. The father assisted by another man, was engaged in burning brushes, which had been collected at different places in the field, and had several stacks burning at once. While so engaged, it was discovered that the child, who had been at one of the brush-heaps, was burning in a blaze. Reibling rescued the child, whose stockings and clothing prevented any serious bodily injuries from the burning. Provoked at the child for its mishap, the father took him to the house, where there were no inmates, and, throwing the child in a bed, departed to his work in the field. Some minutes elapsed, when the man who assisted Reibling directed the attention of the latter to a cloud of smoke coming out of the house. On reaching the building it was found that the child, still in bed, was completely surrounded by fire, with all its clothes in a blaze. When rescued, the child was burnt almost to a crisp—the head completely bare of hair—and survived only three or four hours.

☞ *A shocking affair* took place in the town of Le Roy, New York, a few days since. A farmer named Daniel Comstock has been living with his four little daughters, Mary, Maria, Colena, and Cora, alone in his house, on what is known as the Philadelphia road. His wife has been absent some two months, in Auburn, under medical treatment. Last Saturday night, about nine o'clock, it was discovered that the residence of Mr. Comstock was in flames, and before assistance could be rendered it was burned to the ground, with its five inmates! A correspondent of the New York *Times*, writing from Watertown, says that as if this affair were not sufficiently shocking in itself, we are compelled to turn to the poor wife, who, away in Auburn, is contemplating the happiness of her little ones, and the prospect of a speedy reunion with them. Before I left the vicinity, to return to Watertown, to-night, a letter was placed in my hands, which had just been received from the poor woman, addressed to her husband, and dated at Auburn, last Friday. I extract for you these portions:

"MY DEAR ONES AT HOME:—You will all be surprised, and I trust, like me, you will be joyfully surprised, when I tell you that I am coming home next week. * * *

I should have started this morning if I had had an answer to the letter that I sent on Tuesday last. I feel as if I cannot possibly wait till it comes. * * *

I am not strong enough to endure much, though I am gaining. I am very much excited with the prospect of going home; hope I shall get calm before I start. I think I see you all looking very happy, my dear children, when you read this to you. Be good children, and I hope before another Friday noon to be with you.

"Your affectionate mother,

A. M. C."

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO.—A book with this title has recently been published in England, and is extensively noticed in the London papers.—The book gives interesting particulars about matters in 1757–58. The following item is quoted from the volume:

"FASHIONABLE GAMBLING.—My lords of Rockingham and Orford made a *match against* each other for five hundred guineas, as to whether five turkeys or five geese would in the shortest time perform the journey from Norwich to London.—The result vindicated Lord Orford's sagacity; for, though at first the turkeys had it all their own way, the geese waddled past them at night, while they were lazily roosting upon the trees beside the hedgerows."

☞ An immense number of rafts passed Harrisburg on Thursday, on their way down the Susquehanna.

☞ One establishment in New York, with the aid of 500 workmen, turns out daily 4,000 hooped skirts for the ladies.

☞ A letter from Rome in the *Boston Pilot* says that six Cardinals have died within a few months, and eight or nine were to be created on the 15th of March—among them Bedini.

THE BURDELL MURDER.—The Detroit *Advertiser* of April 17th says that it has learned confidentially of new developements which warrant the supposition that the perpetrator of the Burdell murder will soon be disclosed.

RESURRECTION.—The bodies of Anderson and Richards, hung at Lancaster, have been exhumed by the doctors. Anderson disappeared from his grave on Saturday morning, and Richards was *non est* a day or two later.

☞ The Secretary of the Treasury has received fifteen hundred dollars in treasury notes from an unknown individual in New York, who states that he had cheated the Government to that amount during Pierce's Administration.

ASSIGNMENT.—The Dauphin and Susquehanna Coal Company have made a general assignment of their property in trust to Pierre Chotean, jr., Wm. H. Gebhard, and John F. Butterworth, for the benefit of creditors.

☞ The passenger railway companies of New York city, having calculated carefully that mules would be more economical than horses to draw their cars, have been using them all along, until at last they find that horses are cheaper. Accordingly they are disusing the mules and substituting horses.

NO ERROR AT ALL.—An exchange contains an advertisement by an Express Company of uncalled for goods. By an accident the letter *l* had dropped from the word "lawful," and it now reads, "Persons to whom these packages are directed, are requested to come forward and pay the *awful* charges on the same, etc."

☞ A Methodist missionary in the Puget's Sound District writes that his charge embraces an extent of country two hundred miles long, one hundred and fifty of which has been travelled in an ocean steamer. No county west of us; no preachers beyond us. We have 14,000 Indians, and about 7,000 whites, and one hundred church members.

☞ The Lucinda furnace, at Clarion, Pa., partly owned by President Buchanan, and for a number of years carried on by Nathan Evans, Esq., is soon to be put out of blast permanently. The buildings and four hundred acres of the land adjoining have been sold to Mr. Lewis Mahle for the sum of five thousand dollars. A large body of the land hitherto connected with the furnace remains unsold.

Venerable Mistakes.

A NEWER AND BETTER PHILOSOPHY.—We honor the man who is not afraid to denounce those privileged errors in which the world for centuries has tacitly acquiesced, and is bold enough to advance and advocate a newer and truer theory which the slaves of precedent may choose to call heresy. Such a man is Thomas Holloway, the MEDICAL REVOLUTIONIST of our age. His system of medical treatment is his own. It is based on new principles; it has been perfected by research, experiment, and observation; it is preeminently successful. The wonderful results produced by his Pills in all the varieties of internal disease, and the no less astonishing effects of his Ointment in external disorders, are notorious in this country and throughout the globe. We have had many opportunities of witnessing the rapidity and completeness with which ulcerous complaints are subdued or rather extirpated, by the combined action of the Ointment and the Pills.—These two great specifics seem reciprocally to assist each other in the cure of this class of diseases. Many practitioners are afraid to undertake the healing of a sore leg, or a deep-seated abcess; the reduction of a wen or a humor. Well, they may be, for with the exception of HOLLOWAY's all the methods of treating these forms of disease are wholly superficial. But he refers them, primarily, to a vitiated condition of the blood, and attacks the poison thrown into the circulation by the secretive organs; at its fountain head, the *stomach* and *liver*. While the Pills are acting upon these organs and upon the fluids they eliminate, he applies the Ointment to the outlets of disease on the surface, and strikes at the external inflammation and decomposition through the pores. Thus the ulcer, sore, abcess, tumor or cancer, is subjected to a double assault from within and without. To use a military phrase, it is completely invested; its supply of poison from the interior is cut off, and the virus already circulating in the exterior vessels is neutralized. This being done, the morbid action ceases, and the cure is safely and radically accomplished. The philosophy upon which his practice is based is sound; its results always salutary.—*Liverpool "Journal."*

The Lebanon Market.

Carefully Corrected Weekly by Myers & Shour.

LEBANON, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28, 1858.

Leb. Mills Ex. Fam.	$5 50	Potatoes, ⅌ bu	65
Smith's Extra	5 00	Eggs, ⅌ doz.,	8
Leb. Val. Super. Fine	4 50	Butter, ⅌ lb.,	15
Prime White Wheat,	1 05	Lard, ⅌ lb.,	8
Prime Red Wheat,	1 00	Tallow, ⅌ lb.,	9
Prime Rye,	60	Ham,	11
Corn,	55	Shoulders,	8
Oats,	30	Sides,	8
Clover-seed,	4 50	Soap,	5
Timothy-seed,	2 50	Beeswax,	25
Flax seed,	1 50	White Rags,	5
Dried Apples, ⅌ bu.,	1 00	Mixed Rags,	2
Dried Apples, peeled,	1 50	Flax, ⅌ lb.,	12½
Peach "Snits,"	2 50	Bristles, ⅌ lb.,	40
Peach "Hutzels,"	1 25	Feathers, ⅌ lb.,	62½
Cherries,	1 50	Wool, ⅌ lb.,	40
Onions,	50	Soap Beans, ⅌ qt.,	6
		Vinegar, ⅌ gal.,	12½
		Apple Butter, ⅌ crock,	45

The Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, April 26, 1858.

Flour—The receipts and stocks of Flour continue small and holders are firm in their demands, but the market is very quiet, there being very little inquiry for shipment and moderate inquiry for home consumption. The only sale reported for shipment is 500 bbls "Jenny Lind" extra on terms not made public, 5000 bbls choice Western extra family at $5 40. Sales in lots to the retailers and bakers from $4 50@5 for common and extra brands, and $5 25@6 50 for extra family and fancy lots. Nothing doing in Rye Flour. We quote at $3 25 ⅌ bbl. 300 bbls Penn'a Corn Meal sold at the same figure.

GRAIN—There is a fair amount of Wheat offering, but the most of it is of undesirable quality, and unsaleable, except at comparatively low prices. Sales of 2000 bushels Pennsylvania and Southern in small lots at $1@1 10 ⅌ bushel for fair and prime red, and, $1 17 @ 1 25 for white. A lot of mixed sold at $1 13. Rye continues in demand, and further sales of 800 bush. were at 70c. The demand for Corn has fallen off in consequence of the want of freights, and there is a fair amount offering. Sales of 6000 bushels yellow at 71c, afloat, and 69@70c from store, including an inferior lot at 65c, and 1000 bus white at 67@70c, the latter for an extra prime lot.—Oats are less active. Sales of 3000 bus Pennsylvania at 41c ⅌ bus, and 700 bus Maryland at 40c ⅌ bus. Barley and Barley Malt are dull.

PHILADELPHIA CATTLE MARKET.—The arrivals of Beef Cattle at Bull's Head were larger this week than last, reaching about 850 head, but prices are well sustained, notwithstanding the increase, and all the lots offered were disposed of at from $8½ to $10½ the 100 lbs. the latter for extra quality. Among the stock at this yard were 22 head owned by S. Rhoads, of Berks county, and 20 head owned by H. Theoff. At Wardell's Avenue Drove Yard the offerings were 636 head of Beef Cattle. The demand was good and all sold readily at from $8 00 to $10 00. A few extra cattle brought $10½ the 100 lbs. Messrs. Ullman & Beckle, of Berks county, sold 27 head at this yard at $8 a $10 per 100 lbs.

Of Cows and CALVES, the arrivals were 500 head, mostly at the Washington Drove Yard, Ridge avenue, with sales ranging at from $35 to $45 for Fresh Cows; extras $60; $25 to $30 for Springer and $15 to $18 for Dry Cows.

The receipts of HOGS at Philips' Union Drove Yard were 2264, for the past week. The market was brisk, and all offered sold at prices ranging from $7 to $7 75 the nett 100 lbs., according to condition.

Some 5000 SHEEP were at market, mostly at Wardell's Yard, 600 of which were taken to New York, the balance sold at from $4 to $6 each, equal to 9 a 11c. per lb. dressed.

About 150 HORSES arrived there, and were all sold. Sixty-five MULES remain over unsold.

[Correspondence of the Lebanon Advertiser.]

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 24, 1558.

The legislative branch of the government, is frittering away the time they have allotted to themselves for the transaction of public business, and unless a spirit of harmony actuates the members of the House, much of the business now upon the speaker's table will remain in "statu quo." Yesterday (Friday) the conference committee on part of the House reported a bill for the admission of Kansas.

Mr. English of Indiana the chairman of the committee submitted the report, and in a short speech, recapitulated the circumstances which surround the question, and which influenced the committee, in making up their report; and most strenuously urged its adoption by both houses of congress.

A great multitude of citizens and strangers, filled the galleries, all of whom, anticipated the final settlement of the question of adopting the report. This belief was founded upon the assertions of certain political soothsayers, who had figured up a majority of fifteen for the report.

Mr. English moved that the report be printed, and made the special order for Monday 26th at 1. P. M: which motion was amended by Mr. Hill (K. N.) of Ga. to postpone until the second Monday in May, which was carried ayes 108—noes 105, four Southern democrats, vis: Messrs. Quitman of Miss., Shorter and Statworth of Ala., and Bonham of S. C. voting with the Republicans.—The result disappointed all who are anxious to have this bug-bear out of the way, and thus to put a stop to the noise and confusion, *in and out of Congress.*

Victory was within the reach of the democracy, and the honor of the administration could have been maintained, and its policy sustained, but for the votes of those Southern members, who are opposed to any and every modification of the Senate Bill. If they cannot, trust their own men, who composed one-half of the committee, viz:—Green, Hunter and Stephens, in the name of every thing great and good, in whom are they willing to confide?

It is *again* confidently asserted that the conference report will be adopted, as enough of those democrats who heretofore opposed the administration have declared their intention to vote for its adoption; and the second Monday in May next will be, the birth-day of the "State of Kansas." Quite a scene was witnessed on the floor of the House prior to its adjournment yesterday. Mr. Hill (K. N.) of Ga., feeling no doubt, ashamed of the vote he had given on his own motion to postpone, was exceedingly anxious to explain the motives which prompted him to act with the union-sliding Republicans; but it not being in order, was objected to by his colleague, Mr. Gattrell, upon which high words ensued accompanied with mysterious gestures, the countenances of the gentlemen meanwhile showing fight. Friends rushed to seperate them and for a short time the utmost confusion prevailed, when the Speaker ordered the Sergeant at Arms, to conduct the gentleman (Mr. Hill) to his seat, which ended the scene, and disappointed the fancy, who are always on the alert, to catch any new licks. Whether the "code of Honor" has been examined yet, or no, has not been announced. If not, personal explanation will be made on Monday, and the Telegraph will announce to the troubled Country, that the difficulty has been, *amicably arranged.*

The Senate has been for some days discussing the Deficiency Bill, the Republicans halting between two opinions, whether 'tis better to starve our army in Utah, and thus end the Mormon war, or to vote the necessary supplies, and let them fight it out. Much depends upon the passage of the Deficiency bill, as all the expenses incurred in the operations against the Mormons, are to be paid out of the appropriations asked for in said bill. Congress has determined, that Washington City shall protect itself; a majority having voted against every proposition to establish an adequate police force, for the same. The nominations for Mayor and Councils having been made by the respective parties of this city, and the Mayor being the highest elective officer for which the citizens of Washington, under the Constitution, I think, can vote, the campaign is conducted with as much spirit, as a Presidential canvass in any of the States.

Hon. Wm. H. Dimmick of Pa., who represents the 13th district in the present Congress, and who has been very ill for some days is recovering. Mr. Dimmick has, by his kind bearing to all who approach him, and the cordial welcome extended to all who visit him, made for himself a host of friends, and much anxiety is felt for him; and heartfelt wishes for his speedy return to his seat in the national legislature are expressed.

Yours, &c., B. H. C.

JOSHUA BROWER. JOHN WOLF.

Chair Manufactory.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. The subscribers take this method to inform their friends and the public that they have commenced the above business, in all its branches, in 'BOROUGA OF LEBANON, on *Pinegrove Road*, near what is known as Ehrenner's Foundry. They hope to receive the patronage of those in want of anything in their line, as they promise to use the best materials and employ the best of workmen.

Old Chairs repaired and painted.

*** The following different kinds of Timber or Lumber taken in exchange for Chairs, viz: Hickory, Walnut, Poplar, Maple, Beech, Birch, and Cherry of different kinds. BROWER & WOLF.

Lebanon, March 31, 1858.–1y.

$12,000 Worth Store Goods

AT VERY LOW PRICES!

THE UNDERSIGNED, having purchased at Sheriff's Sale, the large and complete assortment of STORE GOODS of SHIRK & TICE, at a very low price, and being desirous to close up the concern at an early day, will retail the stock at lower prices than Goods have ever been sold in Lebanon, and much cheaper than the same kind of Goods can be bought at Wholesale in the cities. The original cost of the GOODS was $12,000, and the stock is large, complete and well-assorted.

☞ Such an opportunity to obtain CHEAP GOODS is rarely offered. DRY GOODS, GROCERIES and QUEENSWARE in great quantities.

Notes of all solvent Banks taken in exchange for Goods.

Lebanon, Oct. 7, '57. ABRAHAM SHIRK.

UNION HOTEL.

NORTH LEBANON BOROUGH. The undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues at the "UNION HOTEL," in the borough of North Lebanon, formerly kept by Mr. John H. Miller, where he is now prepared to welcome his friends and travelers, and cheer them with the good things of the land. His table shall be provided with the best the seasons can afford, and his Bar shall furnish the choicest liquors.—His efforts will be to make all stopping with him feel entirely at home, and enjoy all the conveniences that can be given in a public house. The Stabling is large and roomy and in excellent order.

☞ BOARDING.—He is also prepared to take a number of Boarders. Boarding as reasonable as can be obtained at any other place. He extends a cordial invitation to all visiting North Lebanon, to give him a call.

JONATHAN GEESAMAN.

North Lebanon Borough, March 24, 1858.

Notice.

AT A MEETING called by advertisement in the *Lebanon Advertiser* and *Lebanon Courier*, of the Commissioners named in the Act, incorporating the "LEBANON VALLEY BANK," on Friday, the 9th of April, A. D. 1858, at the Public House of Adam Haak, in the Borough of Lebanon, the following named Commissioners were present:—

G. Dawson, Coleman, Simon Cameron, Levi Kline, George Smuller, James Young, George Gleim, C. B. Forney and A. Boyd, they being a majority of the Commissioners named in the Act.

On motion, GEO. DAWSON, COLEMAN was called to the Chair, and *A. Boyd* appointed Secretary.

The following Resolution was offered by Levi Kline—*Resolved*, That we deem it inexpedient, to open the Books for Subscriptions of Stock of the Lebanon Valley Bank at present; and for the purpose of giving ample time for due consideration of the subject, and to secure a meeting of all the Commissioners, named in the Act of Incorporation, the meeting when it adjourns, will adjourn to meet again at the Public House of ADAM HAAK, in the Borough of Lebanon, on *Saturday, the 8th day of May*, next, at 12 o'clock M., of said day.

Which Resolution was seconded by Simon Cameron, and on the vote being taken, was unanimously agreed to.

On motion it was *Resolved*, that the proceedings of the meeting be signed by the *officers*, and published in the newspapers in the Borough of Lebanon.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

G. DAWSON COLEMAN, President.

A. Boyd, Secretary. April 14, 1858.–4t.

Feed—Feed!

PERSONS in want of Feed for Cows or Pigs, can obtain it daily at the Brewery of the subscriber, in Cumberland street, West of Plank Road. Price, from 10 to 20 cents a bushel.

Lebanon, March 3, '57. HENRY HARTMAN.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEM'TS.

1858. RICHARDSON'S 1858.

Advertising House,

360 *Broadway, N. Y.*—Invites the special attention of all Agents, Dealers, and Readers generally to the following fresh and valuable Advertisements from New York City.

Cristodoro's Hair Dye.

Within a nut-shell all the merits lie,
Of Cristadoro's never-equalled Dye:
Red it makes black, to brown transforms a grey,
And keeps the fibres always from decay.

THIS matchless, re-vitalizing Hair Dye, still holds its position as the most harmless and efficacious Hair Dye in THE WORLD. Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and applied in ten private rooms, at CRISTADORO's, *No. 6 Astor House, Broadway, New York*, and by all Druggists and Perfumers in the United States.

AGENTS—T. W. DYOTT & SONS, Philadelphia, Pa.

March 17, 1858—3m.

A SPLENDID ILLUSTRATED NEWSPAPER!

Harper's Weekly:

A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION—Employs the best Talent in the World! TERMS, invariably in advance

1 copy for 20 weeks,	$1 00	5 copies for 1 year,	$9 00
1 " " 1 year,	2 50	12 " " "	20 00
1 " " 2 years,	4 00	25 " " "	40 00

Harper's "Weekly" and "Magazine," one year, $4.00.

Postmaster's sending a club of twelve or twenty-five, will receive a copy gratis.

Subscriptions may commence with any number.

Specimen numbers gratuitously supplied.

Back numbers can be furnished to any extent.

Clergymen and Teachers supplied at lowest Club Rates.

HARPER & BROTHERS, *Publishers*,

March 17, '58–3m. Franklin Square, New York.

It is not a Dye.

WE subjoin a few names of those who recommend Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER AND ZYLOBALSAMUM. Prest. Eaton, of Union University: "The falling of hair ceased, and my grey locks changed to original color." Rev. C. A. Buckbee, Treas'r Am. Bible Union, N. Y.: "I cheerfully add my testimony." Rev. H. V. Degan, Ed. "Guide to Holiness," Boston: "We can testify to its effects." Rev. E. R. Fairchild, Cor. Sec. Ch'n Union, N. Y.: "Used in my family with beneficial effects." Rev. A. Webster, "Ch'n Era," Boston:—"Since using your preparation, I am neither bald or grey as heretofore." Rev. Jas. H. Cornell, Cor. Sec., etc., N. Y.: "It has restored the hair of one of my family to its original color, and stopped its falling out, etc., etc. We can quote from numerous others of like standing in Europe and America, but for further information, send for circular to MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S World's Hair-Restorer Depot, No. 355 Broome st., N. Y.

March 17, '58–3m. ☞ *Sold Everywhere.*

Consumption, Scrofula,

COUGHS, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, DEBILITY, and all diseases arising from a Scrofulous or Impoverished state of the Blood. ☞ HEGEMAN, CLARK & Co.'s

Genuine Cod Liver Oil,

Has stood the test of over ten year's experience, and is recommended by all the most eminent physicians as the most valuable remedy in use. Dr. Williams, the celebrated Physician of the London Consumption Hospital, took notes of its effects in about 500 cases, and found it more efficacious than all remedies yet discovered. This remedy, so valuable, *when pure*, becomes worthless or injurious when adulterated. See that the label has the eagle and mortar, and the signature over the cork of each bottle, as thousands have been cured by the use of the genuine article who had used others without success.—Sold by all Druggists.

March 17, '58–3m. HEGEMAN & CO.

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THIS is the title of one of the most intensely interesting biographies of the day. It is the plain history of an American slave in the far South, who, after two or three escapes and recaptures, finally, an old man, found freedom and rest in one of the Northern States.

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☞ A thorough CANVASSER is wanted in each county in the free States, to engage in the sale of the above work immediately. Such can easily clear from

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The work is beautifully printed and bound, and is as large as the books that sell for $1,25; but as we mean to sell at least ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES, throughout Agents we have made the retail price only ONE DOLLAR.

A Sample Copy of the book will be sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of the price, and our private circular to Agents, with terms, etc. Address

H. DAYTON, *Publisher*,

March 17, '58–3m. No. 29 Ann street, New York.

"Death to all Vermin!"

HENRY B. COSTAR'S RAT, COCKROACH & EXTERMINATOR DEPOT 358 BROADWAY N.Y.

"COSTAR'S"

Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator.

Put up in 20c., 35c., 65c., and $1 Boxes. For the Destruction of Rats Mice, Ground or Field Mice, Moles, Roaches, Croton Bugs, Ants, &c.

"COSTAR'S"

Bed Bug Exterminator.

Put up in 25c., 50c., 75c., and $1 per bottles.

"COSTAR'S"

Electric Powder.

Put up in 25c. and 50c. Boxes. To destroy Moths Bed Bugs, Mu-quitoes, Ants, Fleas, Plant Insects, Vermin on Fowls and Animals.

☞ The above are now acknowledged the ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN!

☞ Terms Cash.

☞ No goods sent on commission.

☞ Liberal wholesale Terms made to Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

☞ "Costar's" Private Circular to Druggists and Dealers sent by mail, on application.

Sold Wholesale and Retail, at "Costar's" Principal Depot, No. 358 Broadway, New York, and by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR THE PEOPLE.

My Preparations are certain Destruction to every species of Vermin, and wherever known, are hailed as the most remarkable discoveries of the age. As a consequence the demand is becoming immense. To meet this demand fairly, and to meet also, in a liberal spirit, these generous persons who may want to test their merits for themselves and their neighbors—in new places—in short, to place them within the reach of every body, every where—

I have arranged a scale of prices and premiums that can't fail to meet the views of all:

I.—On Receipt of One Dollar, I will forward by mail (post paid) a sufficient quantity of the Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator and the Electric Powder, together with the premium of one year's subscription to the "United States Journal," the largest and best conducted monthly newspaper published in the U. S.

II.—On Receipt of Five Dollars, I will forward by express (prepaying the express charges) $5 worth of Rat, Roaches, &c., Exterminator, the Electric Powder, and 216 Bed Bug Exterminator, (this latter being a liquid, cannot be sent in the mail) and the additional premium of one year's subscription to the "United States Journal."

III.—On Receipt of Ten Dollars, the same terms will be made as made to Druggists and Dealers.

☞ See "Costar's" Private Circular to Druggists and Dealers.

☞ Address all letters to

COSTAR'S PRINCIPAL DEPOT,

358 Broadway, New York.

☞ To save mistakes and trouble,

1. Write in a plain hand the name of Post-Office, County and State.

2. Register your letter, and it will come at my risk.

3. New York and Eastern money preferred.

Henry H. Costar

SEE THE FOLLOWING:

Rats, Roaches, Bugs, Insects, &c.

What the Farmers say:

A Rye writer says that "the various species of vermin are multiplying at a fearful rate throughout the land.—Their ravages have become a matter of serious dread."—A Postmaster in Illinois, writing to "Costar's" Depot, says, "The country is literally overrun with them, (rats, mice, &c.") Another from the same State, says, "The rats positively gnaw the halters off my horses while in the stable." An Ohio correspondent remarks, "They (the rats) are everywhere—in the house, the barn, and under every stump in the field." In the South it is still worse. A late order from the Navy Yard at Mobile was for thirty pounds of the Rat Exterminator alone.

What the People say:

NEW YORK, April 12, '56.

Dear Sir—Having a great many rats around my stable and shop, I thought I would try your Rat Exterminator, and bought one of your boxes, and fixed it according to your directions. The next morning I found over one hundred and fifty dead rats. I take pleasure in saying that it will do how what you say it will. I have also tried it on steamboats, and satisfied them that it is the greatest thing of the age.

J. SOUNDERHILL, No. 435 10th st.

CAYE, Ill., June 21st, 18'.

Dear Sir—My brother, J. W. McCreery, P. M., put has a box of your Rat Exterminator, and found it to be what you recommend it to be, a perfect rat deer.—Therewith inclose $5 for more of it.

Yours, &c., ASHLEY McCREERY.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17th, 1857.

Sir—All this summer I have been troubled with roaches and Mice. I was actually ashamed of the house, for the Roaches were everywhere, and I don't know what I should have done by this time. I purchased a box of your Exterminator and tried it, and in one week there was not a Roach or mouse in the house.

JOHN B. GILLEN, No. 94 Elm st.

MOORE'S SALT WORKS, O., June 8, '57.

Dear Sir—I have used it (the rat, roach, &c., Exterminator) three nights, and it is making a sad havoc among the rat tribe. Your, &c., J. P. BECOM.

What the Press say:

We know, by actual experience, that "Costar's" preparations for rats, roaches, bed bugs, and insects generally, are complete and pen cut exterminators. Wherever Costar's Exterminator, as have been used, they have never failed to perform all that is claimed for them.—*House-keepers should not fail to try them.—N. Y. Atlas, May 17.*

"Costar's" rat, roach, &c., Exterminator is an infallible destroyer of these pestilent creatures. His bed bug Exterminator is valued beyond measure by every housewife who has had occasion to use it. So is his Electric Powder, which is certain death to Musquitoes, Moths, Flies, Fleas, and vermin of every sort.—*Indianapolis Sentinel.*

What the Druggists say:

A. J. BLOCKSOM, (Druggist) New Lisbon, O. "Your Exterminators prove satisfactory."

G. & T. E. MCDONALD, (Druggists) New Brunswick, N. J. "We tried the rat, roach, &c., Exterminator, and it answered a good purpose."

E. S. CUNNINGHAM, (Druggists) Beaver Dam, Wis. "It (the rat, roach, &c., Exterminator) is highly satisfactory to those who have tried it."

SAMUEL HILL, (Druggist) Bear Creek, Pickaway Co., O.—"The rat, roach, &c., Exterminator does all it is recommended to do."

GUILFORD & LEMBERGER, (Druggists, Lebanon, Pa. "We are pleased to say that which is sold gives satisfaction."

GEO. ROSS, (Druggist) Cardington, O. "It (the rat, roach, &c., Exterminator) sells like hot cakes, giving general satisfaction."

Dr. H. SWAYNE & SON, Wholesale and Retail Agents, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by GUILFORD & LEMBERGER, Agents,

April 14, '58–6t. *Lebanon, Penn'a.*

"Home Again!"

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that they have returned *home again* with their TIN-WARE & SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT to the well-known place in *Cumberland street, opposite the Eagle Buildings, Lebanon, Pa.*, where they shall be pleased to accommodate all customers, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

The SHOP will be found in the *Basement of Adam Rise's New Building* and the WARE-ROOM on the first floor of the same Building, next door to Raber's Dry Goods Store. The Shop is a magnificent one—it being the handsomest in the County, and well calculated for such a purpose.

☞ They would return their sincere thanks for the liberal patronage afforded them, and particularly this last season. ☞ Hoping that their untiring efforts to please, and their return "*HOME*" to the old stand so long occupied by JOHN RISE, will insure for them a still more liberal pat