Lebanon Advertiser.

"WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESLIN, Editor and Proprietor.

LEBANON, PA., FEB. 24, 1858.

☞ The commendations and congratulations of our friends, in town and county, during the past week, on account of the position we assumed in reference to the Lecompton Constitution have been flattering in the extreme. "Davy Crocket's motto, "know that you are right, and then go a-head," we have always found the best in practice;—it is a principle of action of the Democratic party,—and leads to national and individual progress.

EXHUMING THE OLD FOGIES.—The opposition have a habit, whenever, there is a great National question on the tapis, to exhume all the old fogies—shelfed and dished politicians—to write letters for them and preside at their meetings. They did so when the Kansas and Nebraska act was before the country, and now they are at it again. Bancroft is a historian, but never was a politician or statesman. He can record the past, but has no perception of the future, and his influence in the scale now will have no more weight than had that of Samual D. Ingham four years ago.

NEW LIQUOR BILL.—Mr Rainsey, of Philadelphia, has introduced into the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, a new Liquor Bill that will attract general attention from the facts that it represents the views of the majority, and is the one most likely to be adopted by the House. It takes the licensing power from the Courts, and gives it to three County Commissioners, instead, compels persons taking out a license to file a bond in the Quarter Session Court for $500, conditioned for the preservation of order, and for not allowing minors drink—the clerk of the court to get one dollar for furnishing the blank used in filling up the bond; those living in Philadelphia and Pittsburg who sell $10,000 worth per annum, and upwards, are to pay $200; those selling $5,000 and under ten thousand, are to pay $100; those selling $2,000 and under $5,000, are to pay $50; those whose sales do not amount to $2,000 per annum, are to pay $30; in the country and broughs the last class are only required to pay $25 per annum; a list of persons in the liquor business shall be prepared and classified by the commissioners, and furnished the County Treasurer, &c.

The Lecompton Convention.

To show our readers that the Lecompton Convention, which framed the Constitution now before Congress, was a legally constituted body, and the work of the people of Kansas, we propose to give a brief history of the laws under which it was called into existence and performed its duties, and also show the fairness of said laws. It will be seen that every link is legally complete, and that if the Constitution is not the work of a majority of the people—that majority at least gave their assent to it by their silence.

The celebrated Douglas Kansas-Nebraska bill authorized the people of that Territory to elect representatives, make their own laws, and form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way. That bill provides that the time, place and manner of conducting all elections shall be prescribed by law. The people, under this act, met and elected their representatives to the Territorial Legislature. On the 19th of February, 1857, the Kansas Legislature passed an act providing for the election of delegates to frame a Constitution, and under it ask admission as a State into the Union. That election was held on the third Monday in June, and the Convention met on the first Monday in September. Much has been said in the newspapers and elsewhere as to the inefficiency of that law to secure a fair, honest vote of the people.

In order to disabuse the public mind and satisfy all, except such as *will* remain of the same perverse opinion *still*, that there never was an election law enacted, anywhere, that sought to guard more vigilantly the rights of the voters, and to secure a fair and full vote, than the much abused Kansas convention act, we will here give a synopsis of that act:

The act provides that the Sheriffs of the several counties shall, between the 1st of March and the 1st of April, 1857, make an enumeration of all free male inhabitants over the age of twenty one years, with power to appoint deputies; and in case of a vacancy in any county, the duty to devolve on the probate Judge. The list thus made to be filed in the office of the probate judge of each county to be posted up in three of the most public places in each election district. Said probate judge is to remain in session each day from the time of receiving said returns until the 1st of May, 1857, to hear and determine all questions concerning the omission of any person from said returns, or the improper insertion of any name in said returns, or any question affecting the integrity or fidelity of said returns, and as soon as said lists have been revised and corrected, said judges are required to make out full and fair copies, and, without delay, furnish one copy to the Governor, and one copy to the Secretary. The Governor shall cause said returns to be printed and distributed among the people, and one copy deposited with the clerk of each court of record in the limits of said Territory, also a copy to be delivered to each judge of the election, and at least three copies to be posted up at each place of voting.

It requires the judges and clerks of the election to be sworn, duplicate returns of the poll books to be made out and certified by the judges and clerks, one to be deposited with the board of county commissioners, and the other transmitted to the Secretary of State. It provides that every bona fide inhabitant of the Territory of Kansas, on the third Monday in June, 1857, being a citizen of the U. S., over the age of twenty-one years, and who shall have resided three months next before said election, in the county in which he offers to vote, *and no other* person whatever, shall be entitled to vote at said election.

It provides for the punishment of any person who by menace, threats, or force, or by any other unlawful means, shall, directly or indirectly attempt to influence any voter in giving his vote, or deter him from going to the polls, or disturb or hinder him in the free exercise of his right of suffrage at said election.

It further provides for the punishment of any person holding said election who shall, wilfully and knowingly, commit any fraud or irregularity whatever, with intent to hinder, prevent or defeat a fair expression of the popular will at said election.

It also requires all officers to make oath before entering upon the discharge of their duties, that they will faithfully and impartially discharge their said duties.

Can anything be more fair, just and equitable than this law?

At the October election, in 1856, a majority of five thousand votes were cast in favor of a convention to frame a constitution—and at the session of the Kansas Legislature, which met on the second Monday of January, 1857, all necessary provisions were made for that purpose. A law was passed, giving for its basis the principles of the celebrated Toombs bill, which Senator Douglas helped to make and for which he voted. It provided for the registry of all legal voters of the Territory by the Sheriff of each county and his deputies. The probate judges were required to hold courts or sessions in convenient parts of the counties, and add to the lists returned by the Sheriffs, any names *accidentally or wrongfully omitted.* It also provided that in cases where there was no probate judge, or he would not act, then the Sheriff should, and if there was no officer at all to perform the duties specified them *the people* might petition the Governor to appoint some one to carry out the law.

Governor Walker facetiously says, (he knows it is not true) that "fifteen counties" were entirely disfranchised, "and by no fault of their own." Let us see. In Franklin county, one of the oldest organized, Esq. Yocum, probate judge, was driven away by the abolitionists, as was also Richard Goulding, Sheriff of said county; each of these officers *was threatened with death*, should they attempt to perform the duties enjoined upon them by the registry law. Under the same circumstances, Geo. Wilson, judge of probate for Anderson county, was prevented from executing the law. So with Allen county; P. Williams had to leave in order to save his life. J. J. Barker, probate judge of Breckenridge, being a free state man, refused to act.—These four were the only organized counties not represented in the convention. Why not represented? Governor Walker says, "by no fault of their own!" We submit the decision to the honest intelligence of the people—and venture the assertion that the verdict will be, "that it was the fault of those who now complain, and on their heads, and theirs alone, will rest the responsibility."

The Convention met; framed the Constitution; and submitted it to the people. It was ratified by a large majority—upwards of 5000 majority—on the 21st of December. In pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution, another election was held on the 4th of January for State Officers, and notwithstanding the opposition *done* their utmost—had all the excitement consequent of Kansas being a slave state for the time being—the comfort of defective Democrats in Congress, &c., on their side, they only succeeded partly with their ticket.—The Democrats elected their Governor, and probably a majority in both branches of the Legislature.

With all these facts before us, we could not come to any other conclusion, save that the Lecompton Constitution is the legally expressed will of a majority of the people of Kansas, and that it is the duty of Congress to admit Kansas as a state under it.

☞ The opposition press are condemning *Mr.* Speaker *Orr, for appointing a* majority of Democrats on the Committee to whom was referred the President's Special Kansas Message. We believe that the *Democrats* are just as honest as the opposition, and will do equal justice to the question as if he had given it to its enemies. He also coformed to parliamentary usage, it being a rule that when a measure, bill, or matter is referred to a Committee it shall be to a majority of its friends. The maxim is, that "as a child is not to be put to a nurse that cares not for it, so no man is to be employed in any matter who has declared himself against it."

☞ The opposition are making a great ado about President Calhoun carrying the returns of the Kansas election on the 4th of January "in his pockets." Mr. C. was the person, who in accordance to law, brought the returns from Kansas to place on file in the State Department, which he did with all the expedition that steam power would permit of. He was, of course, necessitated to *carry* them, as he could not transmit the official papers by telegraph. This is the foundation of the opposition cry, of his "carrying the returns in his pocket." We presume if they had been entrusted to a Black Republican all would have been right—if he had been an honest man. We believe Mr. C., until the contrary is proven, to be as honest as *any of them.*

☞ A QUESTION.— If the opposition were so largely in the majority in Kansas, as they represent, why did they not, first elect a majority to the Convention that framed the Constitution; and secondly, having failed in that, why did they not defeat that instrument itself? Instead of embracing opportunities presented to them, to wipe the Lecompton Constitution out with a whiff, they now come to Congress and ask it to do for them what they themselves might have done on several occasions. The truth is they are a powerless minority in Kansas, and knowing that they hope to compass their ends by falsehoods and violence.

☞ The *Courier* in its Quixotic attempt last week "to save the country," rather overdid itself; or, expects its readers to forget what they read in one column before commencing the next. It is particularly severe on the proposed increase of the army, and after calling the measure and the President all kinds of bad names, goes on as follows:

"And the worst of it is, that a Senate, acting as an accomplice in his (Buchanan) crimes, readily votes him the increase he desires."

In the very next column, but one, it announces that the "Army bill will pass the Senate by the votes of Messrs. Seward and Cameron." Both gentlemen are Republicans, and, certainly, if their votes pass the bill, should receive some of the *Courier's* indignation.

HOME AFFAIRS.

☞ Mr. C. BROTHERLINE offers his three story BRICK HOUSE for sale at private sale. It is a good business stand, eligibly located, and deserving the attention of business-men.

☞ The attention of the Members of the Sinking Springs Insurance Co., is directed to the notice in another column, countermanding the Collection for the present of the Assessment lately made.

Mr. JOHN PENN, of this borough has been appointed Mail Messenger between the Lebanon Post Office, and the Railroad, at a salary of $120 per year. This is a good appointment, and conferred upon a staunch and deserving Democrat.

Mr. Jonathan Mearbory has received the appointment of Messenger between Stouchsburg and Missemer's Station.

FINE ICE.—Mr. T. P. Frantz showed us last week a fine block of Ice, cut in Stover's Dam, from which he has been filling his Ice Houses. It was about eight inches in thickness and clear as crystal.

☞ We have been requested to state by the Commissioners' Clerk that in the County Account a slight error exists under the head of "Bridges—Millbach." The charge should be divided thus:—

Fred. Shultz—Zimmerman's bridge,	$8 87½
Benjamin R. Fisher—East Hanover,	7 87½
	$16 75

The two bills were blended into one in the Commissioners' Office, whereas they should have been kept and published separate.

☞ The Concert and Lecture on Monday evening passed off very pleasantly. It was attended by the largest audience ever assembled in the Court House. The address by Mr. Killinger was a very entertaining production, and was delivered in his usual eloquent and telling style, notwithstanding that he was borne down by sickness. The performances on the Piano by Messrs. Schneck and Decamps were highly appreciated by the lovers of the tasty and the beautiful in music. The Glee Club's Vocal Music was commended and unanimously applauded. The audience have reason to be satisfied, as they are, with the entertaining treat given them; and the members of the *Union*, when they revert to the immense number of ladies and gentlemen at their entertainment, must feel that they are highly esteemed and that their services are appreciated, and should make it their constant pride, individually and collectively, to merit a continuance of the good will and good opinion of the public.

☞ THE principal theme in this neighborhood last week was the arrest, escape, and recapture in New York, of a man named Eleazer Light from East Hanover township, charged with seduction. It seems that Mr. L. was arrested and brought to Lebanon in charge of a Deputy Constable, who permitted him to roam about town in quest of bail. Suddenly, and very naturally, Mr. L. was missing. Being without trunk and clothing, and intent upon going to California, he awaited the arrival of his "dude" at Lovejoy's Hotel, in New York, under the assumed name of John Long. Mr. Shantz, our borough constable, spied the trunk as it was started on its destination. He telegraphed to Reading to the Chief of Police, to follow up the trunk, which he did, and arrested its owner as above stated. Mr. L. was brought back to Lebanon, where he gave security in the of sum of $1000 to answer the charge.

LEBANON VALLEY BANK.—The Commissioners of this Bank, opened the subscription books last week, at Reinhard's Hotel, and kept them open from day to day until Saturday. Their success exceeded their expectations, 2700 shares were subscribed, all by citizens of this county we believe. $5 per share was paid in upon subscribing. The bank will thus start with a capital of $67,500. Immediate steps will be taken for procuring the charter, and to set the bank in operation. A subscription of only 1000 shares would have entitled them to the charter.

☞ MR. PHILIP BRECHBILL, Lumber Merchant of North Lebanon borough, has associated with himself Mr. Peter Horst, in the Lumber and Coal business. Mr. Horst is well known to the people of this county, as eminently calculated for the business.

☞ CAPT. ISREAL REINHART, of the Tremont House, York, Pa., met with a very serious accident, a week or so ago, by falling down a flight of steps, leading to the basement of his house. He was severely wounded but is recovering.

☞ THE Reading Rifles, have passed a resolution thanking Mr. Adam Haak, of the Eagle Hotel, Lebanon, for his kindness to them, on their recent passage through this place, when returning from Gov. Packer's inauguration.

☞ J. J. BLAIR has just received a very large assortment of all kinds of Clocks.—Persons in want of any article in his line should give him an early call.

☞ Our neighbor of the *Courier* thinks "the Country is in Danger." We should like to know from whom? We are certain that the Democrats will not harm it; and if the opposition should attempt anything stronger to attain their aims (that is the Treasury!) than what can be effected by the ballot-box, the patriotism and strong arm of a conservative majority will put them down,—or up, to Haman, if necessary.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—A man named John Hoser, passed over the Lebanon and Reading Railroads last week, passing counterfeit money, purporting to have been issued by the York county bank. He passed one on the Conductor on our road, and attempted to pass others at Reading, and in the cars to Philadelphia. The telegraph had him arrested before he reached the city, when a number of counterfeits were found on his person, principally $20 notes. He was committed to await a requisition from the authorities of Berks county.

SCARLET FEVER.—We clip from an exchange, the following prescription which is exceedingly simple, and is, we believe, recommended by physicians. Let it be understood, however, that the application of the recipe should never interfere with the necessity of employing a medical man to attend the case.

"From the first day of illness, and as soon as we are certain of its nature, the patient must be rubbed *morning and evening* over the whole body with a piece of bacon, in such a manner that, with the exception of the head, a covering of fat is everywhere applied. In order to make this rubbing-in somewhat easier, it is best to take a piece of bacon the size of a hand, choosing a part still containing the rind, that we may have a firm grasp. On the soft side of this piece slits are to be made, in order to allow the oozing out of the fat. The rubbing must be thoroughly performed, and not too quickly, in order that the skin may be regularly saturated with the fat. The beneficial results of the application are soon obvious; with a rapidity bordering on magic, all even the most painful, symptoms of the disease are allayed; quiet sleep, good humor, appetite returns, and there remains only the impatience to quit the sick room."

☞ The Letter of our Lancaster correspondent failed coming to hand in time this week. We give only one or two paragraphs—such as will not keep very well.

☞ The Republicans are becoming rather ruffianly at Washington. An altercation took place at the dinner table, on Saturday, at Brown's Hotel, Washington, between Hon. J. B. Clay, (dem.) son of Henry Clay, and Gen. Cullom, (Rep.) late Clerk of the House. Subsequently Mr. Cullom struck Mr. Clay with the open hand, in the face. A telegraphic despatch of Sunday state that a duel was the result, in which Cullom received a fatal wound.

BY OUR LOCAL REPORTER.

THE DONAUGHMORE FURNACE, of this place, was blown in on Wednesday last, and is now in successful operation.

RUNAWAY.—As a locomotive neared the Depot on Wednesday last, a horse hitched to a spring wagon, standing by the railroad, took fright and made for town at a rapid rate. After dashing through a pail fence and gracefully rounding several corners, he was captured. No person was injured but several appeared dreadfully frightened.

SNOW-BALLING!—The ground being covered with a winding-sheet, and the rays of the sun shining upon it, gives an opportunity to Young America to indulge in the great sport of snow-balling, and woe! to the poor driver of a sleigh, who dares "cut behind," when they mount it "only to take a ride!"

ARRIVED.—On Wednesday last the corpse of HENRY WERNER, arrived at the Depot. He was a young student at Branchville, Stark county, O., where he recently died of scarlet fever. His parents reside in South Lebanon township, this county. His remains were interred in the Reformed Cemetery.

A POET.—The Lancaster correspondent *alias* the individual who believes in "Job Turkies" and *beautiful* monuments, has turned out a POET! His *turkey* effusion (we mean no discourtesy) sets Milton, Byron and Shakspeare completely in the shade as "small 'taters." Though we do not pretend to be a judge of poetry, we would advise our friend to turn his attention to prose a while longer, and not flatter himself that he is intended for a real live poet.

GONE!—By reference to another place, it will be noticed that our young friend Tom. has "made up his form" and "locked it in chase." In other words, he has laid aside the inconveniences of being single, and taken unto him a mate for life. May their voyage on life's journey be one of joy, happiness and prosperity. Still one by one our friends are deserting their cheerless roosts. By the way, who will be next? Enquire of the—ladies—of course!

A FIGHT.—We observed on Saturday, at one of the street corners, two promising youths conversing in high words, about a dog. Another, who was present, volunteered to give his opinion about the canine, and finally let the poor animal have a severe kick! This treatment enraged the other two, who without delay, gave him a *striking* illustration of their feelings. Then came the tag of war. In a moment the three pugilists were engaged in mortal combat, the dog joining in, and thus was enacted a great dog-fight! Wonder how the man that "likes to reade fites" relishes this item?

SLEIGHING!—The weather has actually rounded the corner. Since our last "clerking" the air was cold, and the wind blew in gusts.—Ladies of expansive crinoline found difficulty in making headway against the breezes, or were borne along more rapidly than pleased them, when they and the wind came from the same quarter. Scarcely were the skates polished up ere the "snow flakes fell upon the sod," which caused a regular brushing up of sleighs. The volumes of dust of the dry streets mixed with the snow, renders sleighing not as good as is generally supposed; however, the streets wear a lively aspect.

THAT LETTER or Valentine we received and published last week, has created no little sensation among the literary class. It will be recollected that we have not even hinted as to the suspected author. We will here remark that we consider the sending of horrible looking caricatures "small business" and principally confined to the ignorant. We are trying to ferret out the author, and if successful, will be able to know whether it is *original* or the work of one desirous of having a little amusement at the expense of an innocent person. We shall hold the original for public inspection. On Thursday we received another letter in similar hand writing, as follows:

Lebnon, Febuary the 18 1858.

Local Reporter—
your most obliged sir,
i did not want that letter which i send you printed, i only rote it for fun if the folks finde me out they would think i am mighty dum, i tell you i am not so much of a kreenehorn as you think so you better mind your business
Your sir,

We do not desire to comment on the above; others may do that. We would however recommend the writer to the tender mercies of the Lunatic Asylum.

Religious Notices.

English services next Sabbath morning and evening in Zion's Lutheran Church.

German preaching next Sunday morning in Salem's Lutheran Church.

Episcopal services in Beneficial Hall next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

German preaching next Sabbath morning, and English in the evening in the Reformed church.

German service in the Moravian church next Sunday morning and English in the evening.

MARRIED,

At Lancaster, on the 16th inst., by the Rev. G. F. Krotel, Tob. Reinoehl, Publisher of the *Lebanon Courier*, to Miss Kate M. Ellinger, of the former city.

DIED,

On the 17th inst., in Annville, Maria, daughter of John and Elizabeth Wagner, aged 22 years, 4 months and 24 days.

On the 19th inst., in this borough, Mr. George Zwier, aged about 92 years.

On the 7th inst., in Cornwall, Elizabeth, widow of John Long, dec'd., aged 64 years, 11 months and 4 days.

On the 5th inst., in S. Annville, Philip Shower, aged 88 years, 5 months and 27 days.

On the 15th inst., in Cornwall, Mr. Joseph Zimmerman, aged 62 years, 10 mo., and 25 days.

On the 13th inst., in Millcreek, Mr. Geo. Krum, aged 77 years and 11 months.

On the 10th inst., in Swatara, Mr. Philip Herman, aged about 30 years.

On the 18th inst., in South Annville, Miss Mary Ann, daughter of Mr. John Wagner, in the 19th year of her age.

On the 17th inst., in Bethel, suddenly from apoplexy, Mr. Joseph Light, (H. S.,) aged about 50 years.

In North Lebanon Borough, on Wednesday night, Theodore, son of Augustus and Laura Weber, in the 8th year of his age.

The Lebanon Market.

[*Carefully Corrected Weekly.*]

LEBANON, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 24, 1858.

Leb. Mills Ex. Fam.	$6 00	Potatoes, ⅌ bu,	50
Smith " Extra	5 00	Eggs, ⅌ doz.,	12
Leb. Val. Super. Fine	4 50	Butter, ⅌ lb.,	15
Prime White Wheat,	1 05	Lard,	8
Prime Red Wheat,	1 00	Tallow,	9
Prime Rye,	55	Ham,	14
Corn,	40	Shoulders,	12
Oats,	25	Sides,	11
Clover-seed,	4 50	Soap,	5
Timothy-seed,	2 50	Bees-wax,	25
Flax-seed,	1 50	White Rags,	5
Dried Apples, ⅌ bu.,	1 00	Mixed Rags,	2
Dried Apples, peeled,	1 50	Flax, ⅌ lb.,	12½
Peach "Snitz,"	2 50	Bristles, ⅌ lb.,	40
Peach "Hutzels,"	1 25	Feathers, ⅌ lb.,	62½
Cherries,	1 50	Wool, ⅌ lb.,	40
Onions,	50	Soup Beans, ⅌ qt.,	6
		Vinegar, ⅌ gal.,	12½
		Apple Butter, ⅌ crock,	45

The Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, FEBRUARY 22, 1858.

Of *Breadstuffs* the sales are limited, the only transactions in Flour being 600@700 bbls, mostly good Western extra, at $5 ⅌ bbl., superfine is held at $4.37½@$4,50 for mixed and good brands, but there is very little, the demand being for home use at from those rates upwards, to $4,75@$5 and $6⅌bbl. for extra and fancy brands. Corn Meal is firm, with sales of 750 bbls Penn'a at $2-87½. Rye Flour is also firm, with small sales at $3.25⅌bbl. Wheat is wanted and sales include about 1,200 bushels red at 95c@$105; some small lots white sold at $1.@$1,30 according to quality; and 1,400 bushels fair do. at $1,24, in store. Corn has advanced one cent ⅌ bush, with sales of 1,800 bushels Pennsylvania at 61c, in store.—Oats are better and 5,000@6,000 bus Pennsylvania have been sold at 35c. Rye is firm at 70c, and but little offering to day.

Special Notices.

☞ This is to certify that I have made but one application of the Magic Oil, on my fingers, which have been drawn from contraction of the cords, brought on by rheumatism. It was of seventeen months standing, and I am now entirely cured. I cheerfully recommend it to all afflicted likewise. J. M. FINFROCK.
Harrisburg, 72 Locust street.

To all whom it may Concern.—The undersigned begs leave to inform his old customers, and the public in general, that he still continues to manufacture CABINET WARE of all descriptions at his old stand, in Walnut street, between Ramler's and Reinhard's Hotels, in the borough of Lebanon. The public will please remember that his work is made up of better materials, and is of better finish, than can be found in any other establishment in the borough of Lebanon.
Dec. 23, 1857. C. BROTHERLINE.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION
Is prepared according to Pharmacy and Chemistry, with the greatest accuracy and Chemical knowledge devoted to their combination. ☞See advertisement headed HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION.

Influenza and Common Cold, like thieves in the silence of the night, have carried many to the silent grave. They are caused by a sudden check of perspiration, by which the stomach is rendered inactive, and the lungs become loaded with corrupted matter, which enters the blood, and disease is the result. For all colds coughs, and chills, succeeded by heat, and for all fevers of every form, hoarseness and rawness of the throat, lungs and stomach, and for all weakness and sickness of every kind, from three to five of these Pills on going to bed, for a few days will be all that you require to restore you to perfect health. It has been admitted and claimed all over Europe that there never "was a medicine, that will extirpate all manner of disease from the system, equal to Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills;" that the more you take them, the stronger you grow. They are found upon the principle that the human body is subject to but one disease, namely: corrupt humors. These Pills not only cleanse the bowels, but also follow the blood through every vein and artery, and so purify it from all morbid and corrupt humors, that disease of every name is driven from the body.

Great Female Medicine.

Females who value health should never be without these Pills. It has been admitted by a number of physicians, that females cannot too highly value them. They have given health and spirits to hundred of females who without them would have been in their graves. They purify the blood, remove obstructions and give the skin a beautiful, clear, healthy, and interesting appearance. A box of these Pills is a great medical companion at certain periods. From one to three should be taken every day until relief is obtained. A few doses occasionally, when well, will keep the system in a healthy condition. feb27.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—We would call your attention to the advertisement of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, which appears in the columns of our present number.

From our long acquaintance with the proprietor, and with numerous individuals who have used his preparation with perfect success for the last two years, we feel no hesitation in recommending the article as superior to any of the preparations now in use for the same purpose, viz: for restoring grey hair to its original color, a sure and perfect cure for baldness, and a never failing preventive for the falling off of the hair.

It is decidedly the best and most popular in use for beautifying, preserving, restoring and strengthening the hair, relieving diseases of the skin, and removing scurff, dandruff and all eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp.

We speak in relation to the above from what we know, having been personally acquainted with numerous persons who have used the Restorative for the above purposes with the most gratifying results.

It is not often we notice a patent medicine. Indeed we think we have never puffed one before; but Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative is something so superior to most of the preparations of the day, that we cannot forbear asking the attention of our readers to it—Cath. Vindi.

☞ For sale by all druggists here.

Fraud!—We call attention to the fact of numerous unprincipled efforts that are daily making in our city by venders of a bitter mixture, using the persuasive argument (in order to effect sales,) to dealers in Hostetter's bottles, to purchase from them and sell it in Hostetter's bottles. We hope that such impostures will be held up to public contempt by all respectable persons who sell or use the genuine article. Not only have we the individual evidence of the country, but almost every paper in the Union is commenting upon the superior excellence of, and great benefits derived from the use of this celebrated tonic; besides various diplomas awarded, among which is one from the Ohio Mechanics' Institute, at Cincinnati, where the committee—composed chiefly of physicians of the city—awarded Hostetter, Smith & Co., a diploma for the superior virtue of their Bitters, as a tonic and strengthener of the human system. We, therefore, caution all against impositions, and to purchase of none but respectable dealers, whom they know would not deceive them.

EMANUEL REIGART, Agent, North-west corner of Market and Water streets, Lebanon. [fe.17,'58–1m.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess, and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES,

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, Price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION!

These Pills should not be taken by females during the *first three months* of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, pain in the back and limbs, fatigue on slight exertion, palpitation of the heart, hysterics and whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions accompany each package.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, (late I. C. Baldwin & Co.)
Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—$1,00, and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle of the Pills by return mail. For sale by

Dr. ROSS, opposite the Court House, Lebanon, Pa., and by all respectable Druggists throughout the *United States* and Canada; also by Harvey Birch, Reading, Pa.
October 7, 1857–1y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Groceries,
15 per cent cheaper than ever at
SWARTZ & BRO.

Cornwall Township.
THE Democrats of Cornwall township, will meet at the public house of G. & S. Eby, at the Horse Shoe Pike, on SATURDAY, March 6, 1858, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of settling a township ticket.
Feb. 24. By order of the COMMITTEE.

Ladies' Collars,
NEW Spring Styles, a full assortment at
SWARTZ & BRO.

Executor's Notice.
ESTATE OF PHILIP SHOWER, DEC'D. Notice is hereby given, that letters testamentary on the Estate of Philip Shower, dec'd., late of South Annville tp., Lebanon county, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township; to whom all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them. HENRY FISHER, Executor.
S. Annville, Feb. 24, 1858.–6t.

Keep it before the People,
THAT 20 per cent. can be saved by purchasing your goods for CASH at SWARTZ & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

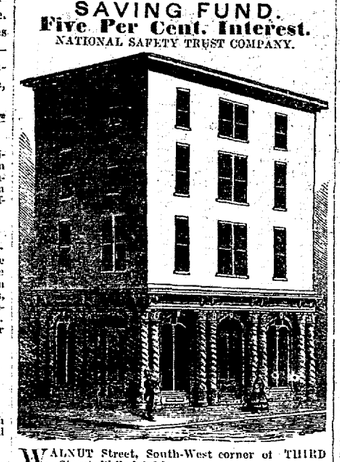
TO THE MEMBERS OF THE
Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Of Sinking Springs, Berks Co., Pa.

FOR certain reasons the Collection of Assessment No. 6, is postponed for the present; and the Members are hereby notified that I will not meet them at the time and places mentioned in a previous notice.
Feb. 24, 1858. J. B. HIESTER, Agent.

Great Reduction in Goods.
SWARTZ & BRO., have just returned from the City with a new Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, &c., which when purchased for Cash, they also will sell from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than ever offered. ☞The particular attention of Cash buyers is invited. Lebanon, Feb. 24, 1858.

LUMBER. LUMBER.
NEARLY 2,000,000 FEET!
OF the best and cheapest assortment of LUMBER ever offered to the public, is now for sale at the new and extensive LUMBER and COAL YARD of
BRECHBILL & HORST,
in the Borough of North Lebanon, on the bank of the Union Canal, at the head of Walnut street, a few squares North of the Genessee Steam Mills, and one square east of Bergner's Hotel.
Their assortment consists of the best well-seasoned White, Yellow, Norway Pine and Hemlock Boards.—Cherry, Poplar and Pine Boards;
1½ and 2 inch Pannel and Common Plank;
White Pine and Hemlock Scantling and Joists;
White Oak Boards, Plank and Scantling;
¼ and ½ inch Poplar Boards, Plank and Scantling.
SHINGLES! SHINGLES!!
The best Pine and Hemlock Shingles;
Also, Roofing and Plastering Laths;
Chestnut Rails and Posts, and Pailings for fences and fencing Boards;
FLOORING BOARDS of all sizes and descriptions.
COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
The largest stock of Broken, Stove, Limeburners and Hollidaysburg Smith Coal, at the lowest prices.
☞Confident that they have the largest and best assortment of LUMBER of all descriptions and sizes, as well as the largest stock of the different kinds of COAL, ever offered to the citizens of Lebanon county, they venture to say that they can accommodate all purchasers satisfactorily, and would therefore invite all who want anything in their line, to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. BRECHBILL & HORST.
N. Lebanon, Feb. 24, 1858.

SAVING FUND.
Five Per Cent. Interest.
NATIONAL SAFETY TRUST COMPANY.



WALNUT Street, South-West corner of THIRD Street, Philadelphia.
INCORPORATED BY THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Money is received in any sum, large or small, and interest paid from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal.
The office is open every day from 9 o'clock in the morning till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and on Monday and Thursday evenings till 8 o'clock.
HON. HENRY L. BENNER, President.
ROBERT SELFRIDGE, Vice President.
WILLIAM J. REED, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.

Hon. Henry L. Benner,	F. Carroll Brewster,
Edward L. Carter,	Joseph B. Barry,
Robert Selfridge,	Francis Lee,
Saml. K. Ashton,	Joseph Yerkes,
C. Landreth Munns,	Henry Diffenderffer.

Money is received and payments made daily without notice.
The investments are made in REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES, GROUND RENTS, and such first-class securities as the Charter requires. Feb. 24, '58.

"Death to all Vermin!"

"COSTAR'S"
Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator.
Put up in 20c., 35c., 65c., and $1 Boxes. For the Destruction of Rats, Mice, Ground or Field Mice, Moles, Roaches, Croton Bugs, Ants, &c.

"COSTAR'S"
Bed Bug Exterminator.
Put up in 25c., 50c., 75c., and $1 per bottles.

"COSTAR'S"
Electric Powder.
Put up in 25c. and 50c. Boxes. To destroy Moths, Bed Bugs, Musquitoes, Ants, Fleas, Plant Insects, Vermin on Fowls and Animals.
☞The above are now acknowledged the
ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN!
☞Terms Cash.
☞No goods sent on commission.
☞Liberal wholesale Terms made to Druggists and Dealers everywhere.
☞"Costar's" Private Circular to Druggists and Dealers sent by mail, on application.
Sold Wholesale and Retail, at "Costar's" Principal Depot, No. 378 Broadway, New York, and by Druggists and Dealers everywhere.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR THE PEOPLE.
My Preparations are certain *Destruction to every species* of Vermin, and, wherever known, are hailed as the most remarkable discoveries of the age. As a consequence the demand is becoming immense. To meet this demand fairly, and to meet also, in a liberal spirit, those generous persons who may wish to test their merits for themselves and their neighbors—in new places—in short, to place them within the reach of every body, every where—
I have arranged a scale of prices and premiums that could fail to meet the views of all:
I.—On Receipt of One Dollar, I will forward by mail (post paid) a sufficient quantity of the Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator to destroy all of this class of vermin that may infest your premises.
II.—On Receipt of Two Dollars, I will forward by mail (postage paid) a *sufficient quantity* of both the Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator and the Electric Powder, together with the premium of one year's subscription to the "United States Journal," the largest and best conducted monthly newspaper published in the U. S.
III.—On Receipt of Five Dollars, I will forward by express (prepaying the express charges) $5 worth of Rat, Roaches, &c., Exterminator, the Electric Powder, and the Bed Bug Exterminator, (this latter being a liquid, cannot be sent in the mail) and the additional premium of one year's subscription to the "United States Journal."
IV.—On Receipt of Ten Dollars, the same terms will be made as made to Druggists and Dealers.
☞See "Costar's" Private Circular to Druggists and Dealers.
☞Address all letters to
COSTAR'S PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
378 Broadway, New York.
☞To save mistakes and trouble,
1. Write in a plain hand the name of Post-Office, County and State.
2. Register your letter, and it will come at my risk.
3. New York and Eastern money preferred.

Henry R. Costar

SEE THE FOLLOWING:
Rats, Roaches, Bugs, Insects, &c.
What the Farmers say:
A late writer says that "the various species of vermin are multiplying at a fearful rate throughout the land.—Their ravages have become a matter of serious dread."—A Postmaster in Illinois, writing to "Costar's" Depot, says, "The country is literally overrun with them, (rats, mice, &c.") Another from the same State, says, "The rats positively gnaw the halters off my horses while in the stable." An Ohio correspondent remarks, "They (the rats) are everywhere—in the house, the barn, and under every stump in the field." In the South it is still worse. A late order from the Navy Yard at Mobile was for thirty pounds of the Rat Exterminator alone.
What the People say: NEW YORK, April 12, '56.
Dear Sir—Having a great many rats around my stable and shop, I thought I would try your Rat Exterminator; and bought one of your boxes, and fixed it according to your directions. The next morning I found over one hundred and fifty dead rats. I take pleasure in saying that it will do more than you say it will. I have also tried it on steamboats, and satisfied them that it is the greatest thing of the age.
J. S. UNDERHILL, No. 435 10th st.
CAVE HILL, June 21st, 1857.
Dear Sir—My brother, J. W. McCreery, P. M., purchased a box of your Rat Exterminator, and found it to be what you recommend it to be, a perfect rat destroyer.—I herewith inclose $5 for more of it.
Yours, &c. ASHLEY McCREERY.
NEW YORK, Dec. 17th, 1857.
Sir— * * * All this summer I have been troubled with roaches and Mice. I was actually ashamed of the house, for the Roaches were everywhere; and I don't know what I should have done