

THE LEBANON ADVERTISER.--A FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

Lebanon Advertiser.

"WHEN DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES CEASE TO LEAD, WE CEASE TO FOLLOW."

WM. M. BRESSLIN, Editor and Proprietor.
LEBANON, PA., OCTOBER 14, 1857.

The Lancaster Agricultural Fair commences to-day.

Hon. Andrew Johnson, democrat, has been elected to the United States Senate, by the Legislature of Tennessee, in place of Hon. J. C. Jones.

An earthquake occurred in Missouri and Illinois on the 8th inst. It was so severe in some places that chimneys were tumbled down.

The Rolling Mill of Messrs. Potts & Bailey, in Pittsburg, Pa., which had been suspended in September, again commenced operations on the 6th inst.

The returns from Kansas are so incomplete that it is hard to tell which side wins. It is neck and neck with a prospect for a Democratic Legislature.

Hon. Louis McLane, Secretary of State, under the administration of Gen. Jackson, died in Baltimore, on Wednesday, the 7th inst., in the 72d year of his age.

The Georgia election for Governor and Congressmen took place on the 5th, and resulted in the success of Democrats. Judge Joseph E. Brown, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is probably elected by ten thousand majority.

In the foundation of the great temple of Baalbek are stones twelve feet square and over sixty feet long, lifted high upon the wall and perfectly joined. They weight from six to eight hundred tons.

BUCKWHEAT.—The Columbia (Pa.) Democrat says there is a very large crop of this excellent grain in the country this year, and what is better that it is a full yield, and will be in great abundance.

A PROPHET.—A correspondent of the New Express says—"Before the first of January we will look back with surprise at our present folly, and many who are now prophesying the worst will then say loudest 'I thought so all the time.'

It is little remarkable, that in the few-and-far-between periods during which the opposition party had possession of our State government, monetary panics and Hard Times had to be battled with. The bank suspensions took place in 1837 under the administration of Gov. Ritner, and again in 1857, under that of Gov. Pollock.

An Illinois correspondent, writing from Calhoun county, says that there had been cut a mammoth tree, which made five thousand staves, that were sold for eleven dollars per thousand—total, fifty-five dollars; and the top six cords and a half of wood, and sold at three dollars per cord—total, nineteen dollars and fifty cents. Total product of the tree, seventy-four dollars and fifty cents.

We publish to-day the important correspondence between Mr. Buchanan and a number of fanatical divines in the North who remonstrated against the use of the United States troops in the enforcement of the territorial laws of Kansas. The positive, firm, and caustic reply of the President to the presumptuous and impudent petition of these "freedom shirkers" clearly evinces that they will find no favor from his conservative and national administration.

Since the present monetary troubles have commenced over twenty millions of dollars in specie has been paid out by the sub-treasury at New York, for the relief of the community. Nearly all this immense sum of money has gone to reinforce the banks, thus enabling them to withstand the pressure much better than would have been the case otherwise. This is one of the first real practical efforts to test the merits of the sub-treasury system, and what has been done already in the short space of thirty days, is said to have popularized the system more than anything done by its mere adoption. The much abused sub-treasury has never been properly understood by the people, but it will yet vindicate itself by being the salvation of its bitterest malcontents.

CHESTER CASE, a silk pedlar, was killed at Cherryville, near Easton, Pa., on Friday last, while untying his horses. He had loosened the traces and was in the act of unloosing the tongue-strap when he fell, and the horses becoming frightened started off, and two wheels passed over his head, killing him instantly. He is well known throughout the country and many in town had become acquainted with him, having been in this section very often. He was about sixty years of age, a bachelor, and worth, it is said, about sixty thousand dollars. From letters found in his pocket, it is supposed the deceased had a brother, and sister living in Hartford, Connecticut. He was buried at Cherryville.

The body of a young woman was found on Thursday morning in the water, under Irish Creek bridge, on the line of the Reading railroad, near Mohrsville. Her throat was cut, and it is the general belief, for the nature of the wound, that she was murdered. The unfortunate victim proves to have been Miss Adeline Bavor, a young lady of about twenty-one years, well and favorably known in the neighborhood where she resided. She had left her home that morning on foot to visit some of her friends, intending to go to the agricultural fair at Reading. Nothing more was seen of her till the body was found as stated. The matter is undergoing investigation before Esquire Glouster, of Mohrsville. Besides the cutting of the throat, there were two stabs in the breast. The young woman is supposed to have been murdered for her money and the jewelry she had on. The tragedy has caused a great excitement among the people, but no clue to the murderer has been found.

SPECIE PAYING BANKS.—The Pittsburgh Gazette says—"The old Bank of Pittsburgh goes on as usual, never having refused to pay specie on any of its obligations either during the present unfortunate crisis or at any previous time of financial trouble. The Allegheny Bank is a new bank and has just got under way. It pays specie also. In Washington county the Franklin Bank continues to pay specie, is considered safe and sound, and the community, judging from their press, reposes implicit confidence in it. In Fayette Co. the Brownsville Bank also pays specie; stands well as far as we know, and is considered in good condition. The same is true of the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank of Waynesburg, and the Kittanning Bank."

About two miles from Hornellsville, N. Y., on Saturday, Mrs. Anna Burdick, wife of Edwin Burdick, was shot through the heart and killed instantly by a ball discharged from a rifle in the hands of Lewis Patterson, a negro who was attempting to shoot a chicken. Patterson was arrested, and committed for trial in the court in the fourth district. Mrs. B. was about forty years old and leaves eight children, the two youngest being twins only nine months old.

The Tricks of the Opposition

The opposition party to the Democracy lives by excitement—by playing upon the credulity and feelings of its adherents. The panic in monetary affairs at the present time, together with the misrepresentations they could make out of the action of the Democratic members of the recent extra session of the Legislature, was a perfect God-send to them. There was a hook here for them to hang a hope upon, and like drowning men, they caught at the straw. With what result a day or two will show; but we believe that they found no more benefit in their endeavor to shift the entire responsibility of the hard times upon the democrats, than a drowning man does from the straw he clutches at in his desperation.

Since we have any knowledge in politics, every

recuring year has witnessed a repetition; by the

opposition party, of some scheme of excitement

or panic, with more of less success. When it was not a Hard Cider, Military Chieftain, or Kansas excitement, it was "Ruins," "Hard-times," and the stoppage of Furnaces and Cotton Factories accompaniment by the discharge of their employees.

In every instance, however, immediately after the election, and notwithstanding that victory crowned the Democratic banners, the times improved,

and when the Iron and Cotton works had finished

their repairing the laboring men were recalled,

work commenced, and everything went on pros-

perously for another twelve months, until another

election drew nigh and further repairs and new

excitements were necessary.

In the present instance the "Hard Times" are

no doubt owing to the extravagance and specu-

lative propensity which has afflicted our people for several years past. But, there is no doubt that the opposition party, by its reckless granting of bank charters and the consequent increase of an inflated paper currency, also contributed a full share to the evils; and further, the hope of effecting the election just past induced them to make bad enough worse, and charging the Democrats with what they themselves were guilty of. There is no doubt that by their eleventh hour trick they yet influenced thousands of voters. Still we feel confident that Packer is elected, and that times will soon become better and the country continue to prosper, only as it can prosper when governed by the Democracy.

OUR COUNTRYMEN: The following new con-

ventions have made their appearance. As there is

a large amount of the money of the Banks we en-

counter in circulation in the community, it would

be well for our citizens to carefully examine all

notes offered them, before receiving them:

Our Columbia Bank, Columbia, Pa.—Bank

no. 4.

Tunxis—Columbia Bank, Pa.—Bank no. 3.

Frye—York County, Penn. Vig. man and horse plowing—Franklin's head on right—girl on left.

TEN—Harrisburg Bank, Pa.—Vig. Washington and Littleton—canal boat on one end, and male and female on the other—unlike geno.

THE President and the Professors

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

The undersigned, citizens of the United States and electors of the State of Connecticut, respectfully offer to your excellency, this, their memorial.

The fundamental principle of the Constitution of the United States, and our political institution, is that the people shall make their own laws and elect their own rulers.

THE LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

</div