The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1881.

Reader, if you want to know what is going on in the business world, just read our advertising columns, the *Special* column in particular.

Let every Democrat in Clearfield county see AT ONCE that his name is on the Registry.

UNPROFESSIONAL.—The editor of the Chicago *Times* digs one of the Presidential doctors in this way:

"Dr. Bliss took considerable nourishment yesterday, and maintained a healthy flow of bulletins throughout the day. He passed a night in tranquil slumber, and awakened refreshed and hopeful."

Mrs. Burdette, the invalid wife of the Burlington *Hawkeye* humorist, has fallen heir to $10,000 bequeathed by her grandfather, the late Captain Hall, of Peoria, Illinois.—*Exchange.* Good for the *Hawkeye* man and Mrs. Burdette.

A MEETING.—We learn that the State Committe on rules, appointed by the Democrats, will meet at the Girard House, Philadelphia, on the 14th of September. The Committee consists of Dill (Chairman), Wallace, Randall, Whitman, James P. Barr, Hensel and Barger.

A reunion of the "Soldiers' Orphans' Graduates" was held at Harrisburg on Wednesday of last week. Between 400 and 500 were present. A. S. Grow, of the Lock Haven *Journal*, (himself a graduate) presided, and addresses were made by Governor Hoyt and Ex-Governor Curtin, and several other prominent parties.

OUT WITH THEM.—It is the opinion of the New York *Sun*, clearly expressed, that there will be no reform; no reduction of public expenditures; no examination of the books of the Treasury; no exposure of the enormous plunder during the last fifteen years; no overhauling of the contracts and jobs, and no purification of the official atmosphere, until the Republican party is expelled from power.

RATHER TOO DECIDED.—Distance lends enchantment to the view, and the Presidential election of last year is so far back that the New York *Tribune* speaks of it as "an overwhelming defeat" of the Democratic party. We advise the *Tribune* to take Webster's Unabridged and its own political almanac and see whether last year's victory, which a matter of 10,000 votes in New York could have changed to defeat, can be properly squeezed under the dictionary definition of "overwhelming."

Every Democratic voter in Clearfield county should bear in mind that THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, is the last day for registering for the next election.

THE PRESIDENT'S CONDITION.—President Garfield's condition last week was such as to dispel all hope, but late on Saturday evening he rallied and hope of his life being prolonged was again revived. His case since maintains favorable symptoms, and this (Tuesday) morning's bulletin gives cheerful news. His mind is clear, and the physicians think there is a chance yet for his recovery. Pulse, 102; temperature, 98; respiration, 18.

THE TWO FACED PARTY.—The question of prohibition of the sale of liquors in North Carolina was voted upon last week. They were heavy anti-prohibition majorities. The Republicans pronounced against prohibition, and the negroes voted solidly on that side. The Republicans elsewhere preach prohibitory views for popularity, but here the other was the popular side, and where most is to be gained there will the Republican party be found. It is simply another illustration of their inconsistency.

SAMPLE TELEGRAM FROM WASHINGTON.—Last Wednesday afternoon, the assassin, Guiteau, made a savage attack on a guard named McGill, who entered his cell and commanded him to give up a knife in his possession. In the scuffle, the guard's pistol went off, but no one was wounded, and, with the assistance of two other guards, the assassin was overpowered and his weapon secured. The knife is what is termed a "chesser," made of the steel shank of a shoe, ground down to a fine edge.

What business had the keeper *alone* in the cell of the assassin? It is pretty clear that somebody is to be shielded, and this is one of the introductory plans looking to the assassination of the assassin (Guiteau), and thereby prevent further exposition in this horrid tragedy.

JUDICIAL VEXATION.—It is stated that Justice Hunt, of the United States Supreme Court, is said to show no signs of improvement. He remains in about the same condition that he was several months ago, and will never be able to resume his seat upon the bench again. Not having been on the bench long enough to entitle him to be retired it is not expected by his associates that he will resign until Congress passes a special act to meet his case. With Justice Hunt too much disabled to attend to any official work, and one place on the bench vacant, the court is crippled in its circuit duty, and next Winter will put the court still further behind in deciding pending case.

WHAT IS KILLING THE PRESIDENT.—A Washington correspondent of the Pittsburgh *Dispatch* says the solicitude on the part of the public for the distinguished sufferer at the White House has obscured for the time being the petty bickerings and disgraceful quarrels of the doctors. I shall be very much surprised, however, if, when it is all over and Mr. Garfield is well or dead, the particulars of the most disgusting medical wrangle on record do not become public. Human nature never appears to worse advantage than when bickering over a corpse, or over the person of a dying man. In the exact ratio of the public esteem for the unfortunate object of their wrangling is the public disgust. The conduct of the doctors in the case of the sick President is enough to make a well man sick and make a sick man die.

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A NEW TUNE.

The majority of the Radical organs are always full of political music. Those of Philadelphia are particularly musical on "the color line." The *Patriot* states the case in this way:

In discussing Mayor King's recent appointment of colored policemen the *Evening Bulletin* says the great mass of the negro population "are ignorant and debased," that they are "easily led by shy cry" and "as impressionable as they are purchasable." There is something wrong when Republican newspapers of Philadelphia begin to use this plain language in regard to their colored political allies. Probably the negroes are beginning to show signs of a disposition to break from the control to which they have subjected themselves ever since their enfranchisement. But while holding this opinion of the colored voter the *Bulletin* has evidently no objection to see Virginia and other States of the South brought under the political domination of a people whose mass "are ignorant and debased." In Virginia the colored voters, comprising nine-tenths of the Republicans of the State, are the party of "tolerance, progress and liberality" in the familiar cant of the Republican organs of the North, but in Philadelphia the mass of the same race "lie far down in the scale of human advancement" and are as "impressionable as they are purchasable," according to the confession of the *Bulletin*. It is strange that there should be such a difference. But it is very plain that there is a screw loose among the colored voters of Philadelphia.

WE SECOND THE MOTION.—The editor of the Clarion *Democrat*, in alluding to the reconstruction of our State Central Committee, and the adoption of permanent rules to govern future conventions, says: The new rules should make the manner of choosing delegates uniform and definite so as to avoid the yearly contests. It should do away with the Senatorial delegates, useless, unfair and troublesome in selecting and unsatisfactory in action in the convention. If the convention is to be larger, double the number of delegates from each county, the number of delegates should be changed so as to proportionately represent the Democratic voters of each county, and not according to the unjust Republican appointment of the State in Legislative districts. For instance: Lancaster county with a Democratic vote of 10,789, and a Republican majority of about 8,500, has eight delegates under the present representation, while Berks county, with a Democratic vote of 16,956 and a solid majority of about 7,500, has only seven delegates. Other districts are equally disproportionate, so that the minority districts really control the convention while the others are expected to do the work in the field.

THE CELEBRATED CADET.—The Philadelphia *Times* remarks: "Lieutenant Flipper, the only colored officer in the army who is a West Point graduate, has been arrested for embezzlement, as Acting Commissary at Fort Davis, Texas. His arrest and the search of his quarters seem to have furnished conclusive evidence against him, and at last reports he was in close confinement. He has been very generally trusted as a man of integrity, as it is shown by the responsible position he occupied, but he has proved that the black man is no more proof against temptation than the white man—that's all." Whittaker, the car clipper, closes out the race at West Point. General Howard, the negro bureau robber, still has a position in the concern. Flipper and Whittaker (colord), and Howard (white)! What a combination—of rascals!

WHOLESOME TRUTH.—Hon. Thomas S. Bocock, who presided over the Democratic State Convention of Virginia, said some very good things in his address in taking the chair. Among them was a sentence which is not only pertinent to the subject of repudiation in Virginia, but applies with equal force to all other political chicanery: "In the long run great results are not to be accomplished by tricks, not by artifices—not by natural alliances—not by corrupt coalitions or other corrupt means." When party leaders realize the full significance of the truth, and make their actions conform to it, a big stride will have been taken on the high road to reform.

Every Democratic voter in Clearfield county should bear in mind that THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, is the last day for registering for the next election.

A COSTLY FUNERAL.—We notice that the Executors of Henry Disston, late of Philadelphia, have filed their account, in the Orphans' Court of that city, which runs up to $1,352,532 15. The Executors file a bill of $1,131,682.41, leaving a balance of about $221,000 to be divided among the heirs. Three items in this bill are as follows:

Price of lot in Laurel Hill Cemetery	$ 6,000.00
Cost of Monument	26,838 75
Funeral expenses	1,552.85
Total	$33,509.78

Every "wood mechanic" knows the value of a Disston saw, and they will notice that it took a great many saws to put the manufacturer to rest.

SOMEBODY MISTAKEN.—A Boston telegram of the 24th says:

In the cars on the way to Portland, General Hancock was asked his opinion of General Arthur and with much warmth replied that he was an able, patriotic, high-minded gentleman, and in the event of his being called to the Chief Magistracy would discharge the duties with but one purpose—that of benefiting the entire country, and that the people might rely on his judgment with absolute confidence.

That's not the ticket Secretary Sherman and Hayes voted when they kicked Arthur out of the Custom House for being a scoundrel, or words to that effect. However, the Vice President may have improved morally since he was "boosted" out of the Custom House and elected to the office he now holds. We hope so.

MIXING THE RACES.—An exchange says: Ex-Senator A. H. Dill and lady, Representative Charles S. Wolt and lady, President Loomis and lady and Attorney-General Wilson, of Minnesota, were among the guests at a colored weddidg in Lewisburg.

Captain Cook, the Ohio hero, who slapped some other person in the mouth for expressing joy at the shooting of the President, says that he will not accept office or any kind. The odd part of it is that he is an Ohio man.

NOBLE SENTIMENTS.

G. B. McCalmont, Esq., city solicitor of Bradford, was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for District Attorney of M'Kean county. He was defeated in the convention lately by Edward M'Sweeney, of Smethport, a rising young lawyer. Instead of brooding over his defeat, charging fraud in the nomination of his competitor, and threatening to run independent, as is too often the case, he wrote a long letter to the Bradford *Era*, under date of the 17th, which is so admirable in tone and correct in principle that we give a good portion of it below, and commend it to the careful perusal of our Democratic readers:

"Every true Democrat, let him be candidate or voter, ought to lose sight of his personal aspirations, his preferences, and his most prejudices, and in his effort to vindicate the right think only of the great truth that Democracy is an ever-living principle; the foundation stone of all free governments; the ground-work of liberty itself. It is the uncompromising foe of corruption, of bigotry, of prescription, of real aristocracy, and of despotism in all its forms. It combats every infringement on the rights of man, every special privilege to individuals or combinations of individuals, granted or proposed to be conferred at the expense of the masses of the people. It wages unrelenting, ceaseless warfare upon all fanciful theories of Government or policy. It grapples with error and false pretense wherever they obstruct its onward march to the pathway of purification and reform, and it vindicates truth, right, justice and equality against all assailants. Though it meet with frequent reverses, is often betrayed in the hours of its friends, and is sometimes overwhelmed by an avalanche of foe and the diversified and corrupt appliances of the enemies of freedom, yet Democracy is limitless in duration, as eternal as the Rock of Ages, and it will live as long as time shall last and the glorious sun shall continue to light up the battle-fields of its votaries. It will never, never die.

"In the contest for the office of District Attorney, Mr. McSweeney and myself said or did nothing to mar the friendship that existed and still exists between us. Neither of us have anything to regret or retract, and, so far as my knowledge goes, I know of no reason why it should not be so with all. Now let every Democrat in the county keep in mind that the party is not organized to promote the interests of any particular individual or set of individuals, or qualify personal likes or dislikes, but to perpetuate a principle. And let every man take courage in the fact that his cause rests upon an indestructible corner stone, and crushed to earth though it has been in the past, and may be in the future conflict, yet Democracy will never retire from the field of combat so long as it finds itself sustained by its sacred and sacred principles. Nor will it ever become so deeply buried in the filth and rottenness of the cohorts of oppression, but that it will rise again in its might and renew the struggle for honest Government and equal rights for the whole people with increased earnestness and vigor, never giving up the fight until the enemy shall be dislodged from the citadel of power and its own supremacy become securely established in the Government of the country."

A WAKENED AT LAST.

We commend the *Press* for its late disposition to expose the corruption which had so long been practiced on the "Hill" at Harrisburg. It is a late day to begin, but better now than never. The *Press* should know, most probably does know, that stealing in that direction has become chronic in its party. It denounces Huhn and Delaney, one the House Clerk, the other the Senate Librarian, for prostituting their places to promote jobbery, but it is notorious that Sherlock who held the position of Chief Clerk antecedent to Huhn, was even worse than the latter in using his position to plunder the public Treasury. So brazen did he become and so notorious his betrayal of trust, that a committee of the House was appointed to investigate and expose his rascality. But party exigencies would not permit of it. Instead of this Radical committee doing their duty as they were sworn to do, they allowed the chief witness to be spirited away—most probably suggested it—and the result was the committee either made no report or one that was so closely guarded that it never appeared in the public prints. At the date of Delaney's election to the position of Librarian of the Senate there was a contest between Childs who had held the office and Tom Cochran for the nomination of Clerk of the Senate. Childs was defeated, and smarting under the blow, which came from the Radical Cameron Ring, he threatened to make a clean breast of the villainies, the stealings, the corruption that had been practiced in the Senate previously. This so excited the fears of the Ring that they had to provide for Sol, and sent him away to New York to prevent the exposure. Sol, we understand, admits that his expenses were paid to stay away, but feigns ignorance as to who footed the bill. The *Press* knew all this and more, but it failed to make one sign of disapproval of such proceedings. We are pleased to learn however, that its conscience has been quickened at last and it is disposed to aid in exposing that sink of corruption which has so long existed on the "Hill" at Harrisburg.—*Danville Intelligencer.*

DR. BLISS AS A PATENT MEDICINE MAN.

The Pittsburgh *Telegraph* contains the following:

The prominence of Dr. D. W. Bliss in the case of President Garfield has called to mind the unenviable notoriety he gained some years ago in connection with Cundurango, a South American plant, which was at one time believed to be a specific for cancer and other diseases. In connection with a Dr. Keene, Bliss about ten years ago imported a cargo of cundurango, and prepared from it a patent nostrum which was put on the market and widely advertised as the "Fluid Extract of Cundurango." This wonderful compound was alleged to be possessed of virtues little less than magical, in the cure of diseases deemed by the rest of the medical fraternity in most cases incurable. The bottle which contained this elixir of life contained about eighteen fluid ounces. The list retail price was $3. Physicians all over the country were induced by specious advertising to procure quantities of this drug and test it in their practice. Large quantities of it were sold, of course at an immense profit to the proprietors, and considerable of the stuff found its way to Pittsburgh. A physician of this city, speaking of the humbug, said that "Cundurango" is not only worthless for any curative purpose, but besides, the cargo brought to this country by Bliss and his partner was damaged to such an extent that even it it had possessed any virtues in its sound state it would not have been worth a banbee as it reached the trade in the United States.

KILLED BY RATTLESNAKES.

The Oil City *Derrick* says: "A lady who has been visiting at President, informs us concerning one of the most terrible accidents that ever came to our knowledge. There resides near President a widow who had three children. A few days since she was preparing dinner and had the youngest child with her in the house. The other two children were sent by her to hunt some eggs. They were both young, and going out of the house they saw a hollow log in the yard. One of them put in her little hand to see if there were any eggs, but quickly pulled it out saying a chicken had bitten her. The other inserted his hand and jerked it out with a scream. A rattlesnake had bitten them both. The scream of the second child brought out the mother, and lifting a kettle of boiling potatoes from the stove, so they would not burn, she started out. She had just got outside the door when she was recalled to the house by the agonizing cries of the baby, who had crawled across the floor and upset the boiling water over himself. She was almost disheartened and did not know what to do. Help soon arrived and everything that could be done was done for the three little sufferers, but nothing did any good. They all rapidly grew worse and within a day all three died and were buried in the same grave. The name we did not learn, but we are assured the above are the facts."

THE DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION.

To the Democratic Voters of Clearfield County:

In obedience to the rules governing the Democratic party of Clearfield county at the Primary Election, the County Committee hereby gives notice that the election for delegates, and for the instruction of such delegates, as to candidates for the several offices to be filled at the approaching November election, will be held at the Election House in the several boroughs and townships in said county, on SATURDAY, THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1881, beginning at 1 o'clock P. M., and continue open until 7 o'clock P. M. of said day. The election will be held by the Vigilance Committee, who are the Election Board, under our rules, and are constituted as follows:

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE FOR 1881.

Burnside borough—Matt. Irvin, David Mahaffey, William McGee, Daniel Hoover, J. H. Reed.
Clearfield borough—John Hallihan, W. C. Carfield, George Weaver, J. F. Powell, W. A. Barr.
Curwensville borough—John H. Norris, Agar Hoan, Henry Kerns, James McIntire, W. G. Thompson.
DuBois borough—S. J. Mead, Michael Simmons, J. A. Terpe, Alfred Harris, Jos. P. Taylor.
Glen Hope borough—C. J. Keagy, Abraham Gross, H. A. Wright, George W. Botts, John Hindman.
Houtzdale borough—Patrick Shields, H. H. Hartman, T. J. Price, George H. Woodin, J. B. McGrath.
Lumber City borough—Isaac Halsey, J. D. Hepburn, J. J. Sterling, James L. Curry, Israel Guppy.
Newburg borough—John M. Toner, John Redden, John D. Miller, E. Hildebrand, Good Worrell.
New Washington borough—William Mahaffey, S. T. Mitchell, George Barclay, Adam Breth, Dr. Ash D. Bonnet.
Osceola borough—J. H. H. Walters, John B. McFadden, Barry Parks, George E. Jones, J. W. Kiser.
Wallaceton borough—M. D. Reily, John Westbrook, Frank Gue, George Emigh, Fred Campman.
Benezia township—John B. Dillon, Herman Frisk, A. J. Fry, Fred Shoff, W. J. McCoy.
Bell township—James W. McGee, Frank Mahaffey, John M. Ross, James Campbell, Christ. Ratruther.
Bloom township—Sidney Smith, H. G. Anderson, Calvin Bilger, John F. Hall, Frank McBride.
Boggs township—G. O. Merrill, Wm. Peters, George M. Smeal, Isaac Reish, Thomas Beers.
Bradford township—Eli Soult, Edward Litz, John H. Gearhart, S. P. Wilson, Chas. Redfier.
Brady township—J. W. Coy, P. N. Goodfellow, J. R. Kirk, B. M. Seylar, Jesse Lukens.
Burnside township—Jas. Graham, Wilson King, Michael Yingling, Gideon Neff, Peter Buck.
Chest township—Lawrence Kiffius, Jacob A. Breth, G. R. McCully, John Connelly, Oliver Stephens.
Covington township—L. I. Flood, E. Miguet, Frank Lefgry, Rowland Kennedy, Peter Gernert.
Decatur township—Adam Kephart, Jesse Gue, David Hughes, Samuel McLarren, Wm. Reams.
Ferguson township—George Michaels, Joseph Moore, C. T. Shaw, A. Young, Warren Bell.
Girard township—W. S. Gilliland, F. A. Mignot, Joseph Mercer, G. W. Strover, James Stewart.
Goshen township—W. M. Wilson, Thompson Reed, R. G. Shaw, James E. Graham, Robert K. Flegal.
Graham township—John W. Turner, A. C. Dale, Isaac Rothrock, Jacob Rinehart, Jerry Kyler.
Greenwood township—James Cleary, Chas. A. Thorp, Matthew Johnston, A. H. Newcomer, J. C. Rowles.
Guelich township—D. C. Flynn, W. H. Cassidy, J. E. Dorr, H. H. Hummel, W. D. David.
Huston township—H. L. Herring, George W. Weaver, Thomas B. Bary, W. D. Woodward, J. A. McGillis, jr.
Jordan township—J. W. Johnson, Jas. McGeehan, Dr. A. E. Crossell, Michel Smith, John McCracken.
Karthaus township—Marcin Kopp, E. J. Gilliland, I. C. McCloskey, D. B. Malone, George Heckendorn.
Knox township—Enos Bloom, Isaac Mays, L. C. Rubins, H. J. Sloppy, H. F. Bowles.
Lawrence township—A. M. Bloom, John W. Bloom, Aaron G. Kramer, G. W. Ogden, John A. McBride.
Morris township—Peter Meyer, A. C. Folmer, B. F. Wilhelm, James Thompson, James Horner.
Penn township—D. T. Sharp, E. W. Hepburn, Wm. M. Bowles, Martin M. Flynn, John Peters.
Pike township—Samuel Moore, W. A. Porter, James C. Bloom, John Hagerty, Samuel McKendrick.
Sandy township—Amos Kline, Samuel Postlewaite, John Fox, Andrew Liddle, Isaac Zeeman.
Union township—Wm. Welty, L. H. Dressler, Ferdinand Sepler, L. E. Gilnet, R. B. Laborde.
Woodward township—C. S. King, John Simonding, George Hamblero, James Campbell, Samuel T. Henderson.

Every Democratic elector has the right, under our rules, to vote for—

Two persons for Associate Judge,
One person for Treasurer,
Two persons for Commissioner,
Two persons for Auditor,
One person for County Coroner.

And for the proper number of delegates assigned under rule 2d, to each election district, not less than two in every case.

In the formation of new townships or boroughs between gubernatorial elections, the County Committee has no power under the rules to assign more than two delegates to the new districts until after the next Governor's election, when the vote cast shall settle the question.

The delegates will meet in the Court room in Clearfield, on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER TWENTIETH, at precisely one o'clock P. M., and there and then proceed to nominate candidates for the several offices above named, and to select three Senatorial Conferees to meet like Conferees from the counties of Centre and Clinton, for the purpose of selecting a Senatorial delegate to the State Convention, and one person as Representative delegate to the same Convention, and also to elect a Chairman and appoint a standing Committee for 1882, as well as any other matters pertaining to our party interests.

It is the desire of the County Committee that the members of the Vigilance Committee, or Election Boards, be at the Election House at the time appointed, and be prompt in the discharge of the duties enjoined upon them.

Blank forms will be forwarded for the qualification of those holding the election in accordance with the recent Acts of Assembly, approved the 8th day of June and the 20th day of June A. D. 1881, (See Pamphlet Laws of the current year, page 70 and 128), together with other blanks and tickets. It will be further observed that by the second section of the latter Act, election officers or voters violating any of the rules of the Democratic party of Clearfield county, are subject to a fine of $200.

The Chairman of each Vigilance Committee has already been furnished with a copy of the Acts indicated, as well as instructions how to proceed in the premises.

J. P. BURCHFIELD,
Chairman.

W. E. WALLACE, Secretary.
Clearfield, Pa., Aug. 30th, 1881.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION RULES OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY—1881.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

1. The organization of the County Committee shall be and remain as now constituted—that is, one member for every borough and township and a Chairman, which Committee shall be selected annually by the delegates, and their term of office shall begin at January following their election.

OF THE DELEGATES AND CONVENTION.

2. The number of delegates to which each district is entitled is based upon the following rule, that is to say: Each election district in the county polling one hundred Democratic votes or less, shall be entitled to two delegates absolutely, and for each additional one hundred Democratic votes, or fraction greater than one half thereof, polled in said district at the last preceding Governor's election, an additional delegate, and under this rule the following allotment of delegates is now made for 1881:

Burnside borough	2	Covington	3
Clearfield	2	Decatur	3
Curwensville	2	Ferguson	3
DuBois	2	Girard	3
Glen Hope	2	Graham	3
Houtzdale	2	Goshen	3
Lumber City	2	Greenwood	3
New Washington	2	Guelich	3
Newburg	2	Huston	3
Osceola	2	Jordan	3
Wallaceton	2	Karthaus	3
Beneznia township	3	Knox	3
Bell	3	Lawrence	4
Bloom	3	Morris	3
Boggs	2	Penn	3
Bradford	3	Pike	3
Brady	4	Sandy	3
Burnside	2	Union	3
Chest	2	Woodward	3
Total			82

ELECTION AND DUTIES OF CHAIRMAN.

3. The delegate elections and County Convention shall be governed and conducted strictly in accordance with the following rules, and the Chairman of the County Committee shall be annually elected by the County Convention and shall be ex-officio the President of all County Conventions.

TIME OF ELECTIONS.

4. The election for delegates to represent the different districts in the annual Democratic County Convention shall be held at the usual place of holding the general elections for such district, on the Saturday preceding the third Tuesday of September, being the 17th this year, beginning at 1 o'clock, P. M., of same day.

WHO TO HOLD ELECTION.

5. The said delegate elections shall be held by an election board, to consist of the members of the County Committee for such district, and two other Democratic voters thereof, who shall be appointed or designated by the County Committee.

HOW TO FILL VACANCIES.

In case any of the persons so constituting the board shall be absent from the place of holding the election for a quarter of an hour after the time appointed, by Rule First, for opening of the same, his or their place or places, shall be filled by an election to be conducted viva voce by the Democratic voters present at the time.

QUALIFICATIONS OF VOTERS.

6. Every qualified voter of the district, who at the last general election voted the Democratic ticket, shall be entitled to vote at the delegate elections.

RULE OF VOTING.

7. The voting at all delegate elections shall be by ballot; upon which ballots shall be written or printed the name or names of the delegate or delegates voted for, together with any instructions which the voter may desire to give the delegate or delegates. Each ballot to be received from the person voting the same by a member of the election board, and by him deposited in a box or other receptacle prepared for that purpose, to which box or other receptacle no person but the members of the election board shall have access.

OF INSTRUCTIONS.

8. No instructions shall be received or recognized unless the same be voted upon the ballot as provided by Rule Seventh, nor shall such instructions, if voted upon the ballot, be binding upon the delegate, unless one half or more of the ballots shall contain instructions concerning the same office. Whenever half or more of the ballots shall contain instructions concerning any office, the delegates elected at such election shall be held to be instructed to support the candidate having the highest number of votes for such office.

That when a candidate having received the highest number of votes in a district is stricken from the roll in accordance with Rule Thirteenth, it becomes the duty of the delegates in said district to cast their votes for the candidate having received the next highest number of votes in said district; *Provided*, that such candidate shall have received one-fourth the number of votes polled for the candidates.

CONDUCTING THE ELECTION, RETURNS AND BLANKS.

9. Each election board shall keep an accurate list of the names of all persons voting at such elections; which list, together with a certificate of a full and complete return of such election containing an accurate statement of the persons elected delegates and all instructions voted, shall be certified by said board to the County Convention, upon printed blanks to be furnished by the County Committee.

CONTESTED SEATS OF DELEGATES, HOARD, ETC.

10. Whenever from any district, qualified Democratic voters, in numbers equal to five times the delegation given such district has in the County Convention, shall complain in writing of an undue election or false return or delegates or of irregularities, in which complaint the alleged facts shall be specially setforth and verified by the affidavit of one or more persons, such complaint shall have the right to contest the seat of such delegates or their validity of such instructions.

A COMMITTEE OF FIVE.

Such complaint shall be heard by a Committee of five delegates to be appointed by the President of the Convention, which said Committee shall proceed to investigate such proper and just allegations, and as soon as may be report to the Convention what delegates are entitled to seats therein, and what instructions are binding upon such delegates. Whereupon the Convention shall proceed immediately, upon the call of the yeas and nays, to adopt or reject the report of the said committee of five, and the call of the yeas and nays the names of the delegates whose seats are contested or whose instructions are disputed, shall be omitted.

QUALIFICATIONS OF DELEGATES—SUBSTITUTES.

11. All delegates must reside in the district they represent. In case of absence or inability to attend, substitutes may be made from citizens of the district.

MUST OBEY INSTRUCTIONS, OR BE EXPELLED.

12. Delegates must obey instructions given them by their respective districts, and if elected it shall be the duty of the President of the Convention to cast the vote of such delegate or delegates in accordance with the instructions; and the delegate disobeying instructions shall be forthwith expelled from the Convention, and shall not be eligible to any office or place of trust in the party for a period of two years.

A MAJORITY OF ALL NECESSARY TO NOMINATE.

13. In Conventions a majority of all the delegates shall be necessary to a nomination; and no person's name shall be excluded from the list of candidates until after the SIXTH ballot or vote, when the person receiving the least number of votes shall be omitted and struck from the roll, and so on at each successive vote until a nomination is made, *Provided*, that if there shall be a tie vote between two or more of the candidates for any office, during the balloting of the delegates, then in that case the candidate having received the lowest popular vote shall be dropped, and the balloting proceed.

PENALTY FOR CORRUPTING FRIENDS AND BRIBERY.

14. If any person who is a candidate for any nomination before the County Convention, shall be proven to have offered or paid any money, or other valuable thing, or made any promise of a consideration or reward to any person for his vote or influence, to secure the delegate from any district, or shall have offered or paid any money or valuable thing, or promised any consideration or reward, to any delegate for his vote, or to any other person with a view of indulging or securing the votes of delegates, or if the same shall be done by any other person with the knowledge and consent of such candidate, the name of such candidate shall be immediately stricken from the list of candidates, or if such fact be ascertained after he is nominated for any office, and before the final adjournment, the name of the nominee shall be struck from the ticket and the vacancy supplied by a new nomination, and in either case such person shall be ineligible to any nomination by a Convention, or to an election as a delegate thereafter. And in case it shall be alleged after the adjournment of the Convention that any candidate got his nomination by corrupt means or practices, or any other fraudulent practices to obtain such nomination, the charge shall be investigated by the County Committee, and such steps taken as the good of the party may require.

15. If any delegate shall receive any money or other valuable thing, or accept the promise of any consideration or reward to be paid, delivered, or secured to him, or any person for such delegate as an inducement for his vote, upon proof of the fact to the satisfaction of the Convention, such delegate shall be forthwith expelled, and shall not be received as a delegate to any future Convention, and shall be ineligible to any party nomination.

RULES TO HAVE PRECEDENCE.

16. Cases arising under the rules shall have precedence over all other business in Convention, until determined.

MEETING OF THE CONVENTION.

17. The County Convention shall meet annually, in the Court House at 1 o'clock P. M., on the third Tuesday of September.

ANNOUNCEMENTS OF CANDIDATES.

18. The names of all the candidates for office shall be announced at least three weeks previous to the time of holding the primary election.

J. P. BURCHFIELD, Chairman.
WM. E. WALLACE, Secretary.

THE BOSS REFORMER.—The Burlington *Hawkeye* man probes the case in this way: Mr. Conkling was a great political "boss." When Collector Robertson entered upon the duties of his office at the Port of New York the other day one of his first duties was too look up the horde of officeholders who had been put into place by Mr. Conkling. It was not much of a horde. It consisted of a widow and her son and a one-armed soldier from Utica. The ex Senator has not made hay while the sun shone. But that pattern hand box civil-service reformer, George William Curtis, has seventy-five fellows esconced therein, foremost of whom was his brother, with a soft thing at $2,200 a year.

DEVILTRY AND DECENCY.—The New York *World* remarks: The Albany *Journal*, after admitting that Senator Stockton, of New Jersey, was ruled out of his seat because he was "declared elected by a plurality vote of the New Jersey Legislature," and admitting also that Mr. Warner Miller has just been "elected by a plurality vote" of the New York Legislature, observes that it would savor more of "deviltry" than of "decency" were any one to interpose any objections to the seating of Mr. Miller "for even a day." Did it savor more of "decency" than of "deviltry" to keep Senator Stockton out of his seat not for a day but for all time?

ANOTHER CONVERT.—J. Milton Turner, another colored man who has been traveling in the South has had his eyes opened to the persistent and malignant Radical misrepresentation of the relations of the races there. He found the blacks much more prosperous than he expected, and the whites far more patriotic and liberal to his race. In Nashville twenty-five negroes are worth over $20,000, largely owing it to white patronage. By all means he thinks the negro should stay South where his real friends are.

A POOR CLERGYMAN.—The Rev. Dean Stanley, who died recently in England, has had his will probated by his Executors and it amounts to about $450,000 personally, a sum which will probably strike clergymen in this country as very large for a divine to leave behind him.

ARTHUR'S ALLEGED DISABILITY.

The *Gazette* devotes half a column to considering Vice President Arthur's ineligibility to the Presidency, because of his alleged being born in Canada. "Even if the letter of the Constitution," says this profound oracle "were against Arthur's succeeding its spirit would necessarily devolve the office upon him." There is a second Daniel for you. The Constitution says without qualification "that no person except a natural born citizen shall be eligible to the office of President." That's the letter of the law and the spirit too, unless the *Gazette* construes the spirit of an affirmative to be its negative. A Radical on Constitutional law is equal to that however. Accepting as correct the basis of the *Gazette's* argument that Arthur was born in Canada, if unfortunately he should succeed to the President and buckle fortune on his back, the first act would be to commit perjury in taking the Constitutional oath that he will "to the best of my (his) ability preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States," at the very time he was setting aside one of its plainest provisions.

Nor would the alternative as the *Gazette* says, be "anarchy" if Arthur be disqualified "by a mere legal fiction," which is its indecent characterization of as specific and imperative command as the Constitution contains. The Senate could be brought together in a week, and a President *pro tem.* elected who would succeed to the Presidency, until a new election could be ordered. In fact the report reaches us from Washington on good authority, that Secretary Blaine has a call signed by the President, for a special session of the Senate, ready to be issued whenever the emergency warrants it. The main purpose of the special session would be to elect a President *pro tem.* to meet the contingency of Arthur's disability or some sort of an "accident" which was so loudly threatened a few weeks ago that he was put under police guardianship.

The *Gazette* should not have attempted to cross the fence of Arthur's disability until it came to it. Its idea that Arthur's elevation is a dread emergency is more important than the Constitution, is Radical logic pure and simple; but as thin in common sense as it is wanting in patriotism.—*Pittsburgh Post*

A CAPITAL IDEA.—The Altoona *Daily Sun* says: "The great destruction by fire of fencing, grass and hay stacks, bridges and even depots by locomotives, consequent on the long drought has become alarming to railroad men. An improvement relating to causing locomotives and fire and portable or stationary engines to consume their own smoke, consists in placing on top of the stack or chimney a valve or damper which can be shifted so as to open or close the entrance to the pipe which connects with the ash-pit, whereby the products of combustion can be turned directly into the pipe and be conveyed back into the furnace, or can be turned into the open air. Scientists claim that 50 per cent of the very best part of the fuel passes out of the stack in the present wasteful practice."

A FOOLISH MISTAKE.—Don't make the mistake of confounding a remedy of acknowledged merit with the numerous quack medicines that are now so common. We speak from experience when we say that Parker's Ginger Tonic is a sterling health restorative and will do all that is claimed for it. We have used it ourselves with the happiest results for Rheumatism and when worn out by overwork. See advertisement.—*Times.* [8-31-4t

A GOOD LICK.—The St. Louis *Republican*, in alluding to the recent bold robberies, remarks: "With the Lawrence train robbers of Kansas, the Williams boys of Wisconsin and the McKeesport outlaws of Pennsylvania to apologize for, we suggest that our Republican friends might as well refrain from any invidious comparisons about the James boys, of Missouri."

Announcements.

Primary Election, Saturday, Sept. 17.

TERMS.—The fees must be paid in advance, and will be as follows: For Treasurer, $10, for Associate Judge, $8, for County Commissioner, $6, for County Auditor, $5. This will pay for 12,500 tickets for each candidate and the usual election blanks.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN L. CUTTER, of Clearfield, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Clearfield, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN HOCKENBERRY, of Chest township, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, McPherron, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of JACOB W. CAMPBELL, of Bell township, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Coth, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of DANIEL W. MOORE, of Clearfield borough, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Clearfield, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of CHARLES M. WATSON, of Clearfield borough, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Clearfield, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of DANIEL KOOSER, of Lawrence township, as a candidate for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Grampian Hills, Pa.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of JACOB P. STEINER, of Decatur township, as a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Philipsburg, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of DANIEL STEWART, of Bradford township, as a candidate for Treasurer, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Woodland, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of THOMAS A. HOOVER, of Pike township, as a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Curwensville, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN W. TROXEL, of DuBois borough, as a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, DuBois, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN W. WRIGLEY, of Clearfield borough, as a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

Postoffice address, Clearfield, Pa.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. MILTON SHAW, of Clearfield borough, as a candidate for the office of Treasurer, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.