Railroads.

Pennsylvania Railroad

TYRONE & CLEARFIELD BRANCH

ON and after Monday, NOV. 6, 1880, the Passenger Trains will run daily (except Sundays) between Tyrone and Clearfield, as follows:

CLEARFIELD MAIL.

LEAVE SOUTH.		LEAVE NORTH.	
Curwensville,	8.20, P. M.	Tyrone,	9.05, A. M.
Riverview,	8.30, "	Vanscoyoc,	9.26, "
Clearfield,	8.40, "	Summit,	9.36, "
Leonard,	8.49, "	Powelton,	10.00, "
Barrett,	8.54, "	Osceola,	10.12, "
Woodland,	4.01, "	Boynton,	10.17, "
Bigler,	4.08, "	Steiner's,	10.22, "
Wallaceton,	4.17, "	Philipsburg,	10.32, "
Blue Ball,	4.25, "	Graham,	10.38, "
Graham,	4.31, "	Blue Ball,	10.37, "
Philipsburg,	4.35, "	Wallaceton,	10.44, "
Steiner's,	4.39, "	Bigler,	10.52, "
Boynton,	4.46, "	Woodland,	10.59, "
Osceola,	4.52, "	Barrett,	11.07, "
Powelton,	5.05, "	Leonard,	11.12, "
Summit,	5.15, "	Clearfield,	11.19, "
Vanscoyoc,	5.35, "	Riverview,	11.28, "
Tyrone,	6.00, "	Curwensville,	11.40, A. M

CLEARFIELD EXPRESS.

LEAVE SOUTH.		LEAVE NORTH.	
Curwensville,	5.30 A. M.	Tyrone,	7.20 P. M.
Riverview,	5.39 "	Vanscoyoc,	7.43 "
Clearfield,	5.47 "	Summit,	8.03 "
Leonard,	5.53 "	Powelton,	8.17 "
Barrett,	5.57 "	Osceola,	8.26 "
Woodland,	6.03 "	Boynton,	8.34 "
Bigler,	6.08 "	Steiner's,	8.39 "
Wallaceton,	6.15 "	Philipsburg,	8.42 "
Blue Ball,	6.21 "	Graham,	8.47 "
Graham,	6.25 "	Blue Ball,	8.55 "
Philipsburg,	6.29 "	Wallaceton,	9.02 "
Steiner's,	6.32 "	Bigler,	9.10 "
Boynton,	6.37 "	Woodland,	9.17 "
Osceola,	6.42 "	Barrett,	9.23 "
Powelton,	6.53 "	Leonard,	9.36 "
Summit,	7.05 "	Clearfield,	10.07 "
Vanscoyoc,	7.23 "	Riverview,	10.15 "
Tyrone,	7.45 "	Curwensville	10.29 "

PHILIPSBURG & MOSHANNON BRANCHES

LEAVE SOUTH. P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	STATIONS.	LEAVE NORTH. A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
2:30			Morrisdale,	7:15	12:40	
2:40		7:20	Philipsburg,	7:00	12:25	5:00
2:45		7:33	Steiner's		12:22	5:06
2:49		7:40	Boynton,		12:14	4:58
2:55	10:20	7:58	Osceola,	9:50	12:04	4:40
3:10	10:35	8:11	Moshannon,	9:34	11:52	4:30
3:18	10:43	8:19	Sterling,	9:30	11:45	4:25
3:22	10:48	8:25	Houtsdale,	9:25	11:40	4:20
3:30	10:55	8:35	McCauley,	9:20	11:35	4:10
3:35	10:58	8:41	Kendrick's,	9:15	11:30	4:05
3:40	11:13	8:49	Ramey,	9:10	11:25	4:00

BALD EAGLE VALLEY BRANCH.

Ex. Mail. P. M.	A. M.			Mail. P. M.	Exp. A. M.
7.08	9.20	leave Tyrone	arrive	6.32	7.35
2.23	8.37	Bald Eagle		6.17	7.42
8.01	9.16	Julian		5.38	7.05
8.24	9.42	Milesburg		5.15	6.43
8.32	9.51	Bellefonte		5.05	6.32
8.45	10.03	Milesburg		4.55	6.22
9.08	10.29	Howard		4.31	6.00
9.42	11.08	arrive L. Haven	leave	3.55	5.20

TYRONE STATION.

EASTWARD.	A. M.	WESTWARD.	A. M.
Cincinnati Exp.,	9.52	Pittsburgh Exp'ss,	1.53
Pacific Express,	8.57	Pacific Express,	9.12
Johnstown Express,	9.07		P. M.
	P. M.	Way Passenger,	1.15
Chicago Day Ex.,	12.18	Chicago Express,	3.21
Mail Train,	3.06	Mail Train,	7.01
Huntingdon Acc'n,	6.20	Fast Line,	7.30

Close connections made by all trains at Tyrone and Lock Haven.

S. S. BLAIR, Superintendent.

my17-tf.

STAGE LINES.

A stage leaves Curwensville daily for Reynoldsville, at 1 o'clock, p. m., arriving at Reynoldsville at 6 o'clock, p. m. Returning, leaves Reynoldsville daily, at 7 o'clock, a. m., arriving at Curwensville at 12 o'clock, m. Fare, each way, $2.

A stage leaves Curwensville daily, at 1 o'clock, p. m., for DuBois City, arriving at DuBois City at 6 o'clock, p. m. Returning, leaves DuBois at 7 o'clock, a. m., daily, arriving at Curwensville at 12 o'clock, m. Fare, each way, $1.50.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

ON and after Monday, May 23d, 1881, the passenger trains will run daily (except Sunday) between Red Bank and Driftwood, as follows:—

EASTWARD.—Day Mail leaves Pittsburg 8.45 a. m.; Red Bank 11.35; Sligo Junction 11.51; New Bethlehem 12.05 p. m.; Maysville 1.18; Troy 1.33; Brookville 1.55; Fuller's 2.20; Reynoldsville 2.36; DuBois 3.05; Summit Tunnel 3.21; Penfield 3.42; Tyler's 3.55; Benezette 4.31; arrives at Driftwood at 5.20.

WESTWARD.—Day Mail leaves Driftwood 12.20 p. m.; Benezette 1.05; Tyler's 1.35; Penfield 1.48; Summit Tunnel 2.10; DuBois 2.25; Reynoldsville 2.49; Fuller's 3.08; Brookville 3.29; Troy 3.46; Maysville 4.13; New Bethlehem 4.35; Sligo Junction 5.07; Red Bank 5.25; arrives at Pittsburg at 8.25 p. m.

☞ **The DuBois Accommodation** leaves DuBois at 7.25, a. m.; Reynoldsville, 7.55; Brookville, 8.46; New Bethlehem, 9.45; Red Bank 10.50; Pittsburgh, 1.20, p. m. Leaves Pittsburgh, at 2.15, p. m.; Red Bank, 5.30; New Bethlehem, 7.03; Brookville, 8.05; Reynoldsville, 9.31; DuBois, 9.18, p. m.

☞ **The Brookville Accommodation** leaves Brookville at 7.00 a. m.; Reynoldsville, 7.35; DuBois, 8.25; Summit Tunnel, 8.41; Penfield, 9.05; Tyler's, 9.19; Benezette, 9.55; Driftwood, 10.45 a. m. Leaves Driftwood at 6.00 p. m.; Benezette, 6.50; Tyler's, 7.26; Penfield, 7.39; Summit Tunnel, 19.00; DuBois, 10.17; Reynoldsville, 10.35; Brookville, 11.20 p. m.

Close connections made with trains on P. & E. Railroad at Driftwood, and with trains on the Allegheny Valley Railroad at Red Bank.

DAVID McCARGO, Gen'l Sup't.
A. A. JACKSON, Sup't L. O. Div.

FARE FROM CLEARFIELD, TO

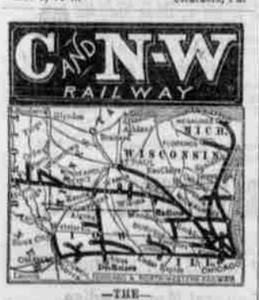
Bellefonte, Pa	$2 05	Middletown	$5 00
Lock Haven	2 70	Marietta	5 55
Williamsport	3 00	Lancaster	5 60
Huntingdon	1 80	PHILADELPHIA	7 00
Lewistown	2 20	Altoona	1 65
Marysville	4 50	Johnstown	2 85
Curwensville	20	Philipsburg	21
Osceola	63	Tyrone	1 22
HARRISBURG	4 75	PITTSBURG	3 15

Miscellaneous.

BEES FOR SALE.—Thirteen hives of Italian Bees which I will sell cheap for cash, or exchange for wheat. For further information call on or address the undersigned.

J. F. KRAMER, Clearfield, Pa.

Nov 5, '79-tf.



—THE—

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN

RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST, BEST CONSTRUCTED, BEST EQUIPPED, and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTH-WEST!

It is the shortest and best route between Chicago and all points in Northern Illinois, Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, Iowa, California, Oregon, Arizona, Utah, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, and for

COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA, DENVER, LEADVILLE, SALT LAKE, SAN FRANCISCO,

Deadwood, Sioux City, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Columbus, and all points in the Territories, and the West. Also, for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Watertown, Houghton, Neenah, Menasha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Volga, Fargo, Bismarck, Winona, LaCrosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin and the North-west.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago & North-Western and the U. P. Railways depart from, arrive at and use the same Joint Union Depot.

At Chicago, close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne & Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk Railways, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle Routes.

Close connections made at Junction Points.

It is the ONLY LINE running

Pullman Hotel Dining Cars

BETWEEN

CHICAGO and COUNCIL BLUFFS.

☞ Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains. ☜

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road. Examine your Tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western Railway.

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route, ☞ AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All Ticket Agents sell Tickets by this Line.

MARVIN HUGHITT, 2d V. P. and General Manager, Chicago.

apr26, '81-1y.

New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

The Great CLOTHING Emporium!

ROOM NO. 4,

PIE'S OPERA HOUSE,

IF YOU want to study your own interest, do not fail to call at the above establishment and examine

THANHAUSER'S

LARGE AND HANDSOME STOCK OF

CLOTHING,

Hats, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.,

Whether you wish to make a purchase or not, we shall be pleased at all times to show you our assortment of goods, which will at once convince you that our

Styles are the Best, and our Prices the Lowest.

Remember, also, that we have an elegant assortment of PIECE GOODS, of the latest novelties, especially intended for

MERCHANT TAILORING,

And we are prepared to MAKE SUITS TO ORDER AT SHORTEST NOTICE, and shall endeavor to suit the taste of the most fastidious.

ALBERT THANHAUSER,

Opera House Block, opposite postoffice, CLEARFIELD, PA.

3-23-1881-tf.

WAGONS! WAGONS!!

2 CAR LOADS. 2

The largest and best assortment of wagons ever brought to Clearfield.

One car load of CONKLIN wagons,

One car load of STUDEBAKER wagons,

Which we will sell at factory prices. We buy these wagons by the car load and pay CASH for them, therefore we are able to sell cheaper than any other dealer in the county. We guarantee these wagons to be first-class in every respect. Also, a lot of

Platform Spring Wagons and Buggies.

One car load of GRAIN DRILLS which we will sell cheaper than ever before sold. Give us a call before buying elsewhere.

F. M. CARDON & BRO., Clearfiled, Pa.

February 23, 1881-tf.

PATTON BLOCK.

Curwensville, Pa.

N. E. ARNOLD,

Wholesale Dealer in

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Groceries,

TOBACCO, LEATHER, FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN, SALT, OIL, &C.

I buy direct from jobbers and manufacturers, receive goods at car load rates, hence can compete with New York and Philadelphia houses.

Also, Dealer in

Saw Logs, Lumber, Shingles and Bark.

Parties having bark to haul during the Winter, can contract and receive liberal advances. Also, advances made on Saw Logs. Give me a call.

N. E. ARNOLD,

CURWENSVILLE, PA.

Sept. 29, 1880-tf.

JAMES L. LEAVY,

UNDERTAKER,

MARKET STREET, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.

All kinds of Caskets and Coffins kept on hand, and furnished to order on short notice, including the finest as well as the cheapest that can be manufactured. Our

CORPSE PRESERVER

Is the best in use, and will be furnished when required. Funerals attended in any part of the county. Call at my office, on Second street, or leave your orders at Troutman's Furniture Store, adjoining the Postoffice.

JAS. L. LEAVY, Clearfield, Pa.

oct 1,'79-tf.

ARNOLD WANTS

5,000 Rail Road Ties.

Curwensville, Pa. Jan. 9, 1878-tf

Shingle Mill for Sale.

A LARGE Buckeye Shingle Machine can be purchased very cheap from the undersigned. The terms will be made easy to the purchaser in price and time. For further information call at "Blanchard's Home Camp," in Union township, or address the undersigned at Rockton, Clearfield county, Penn's.

NAPOLEON McDONALD. Rockton, May 4, 1881-4t*.

BUY A HOME!

HOUSES, LOTS AND FARMS FOR SALE!

TWENTY HOUSES and LOTS in Clearfield for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Also, several FARMS in Bradford and Graham townships. Apply to

WALLACE & KREBS, Clearfield, Pa.

Dec. 1, '80-tf.

MEAT MARKET.

F. M. CARDON & BRO.,

On Market St., one door west of Mansion House, CLEARFIELD, PA.

Our arrangements are of the most complete character for furnishing the public with Fresh Meats of all kind, and of the very best quality. We also deal in all kinds of Agricultural Implements, which we keep on exhibition for the benefit of the public. Call around when in town, and take a look at things, or address us

F. M. CARDON & BRO. Clearfield, Pa., July 14, 1879-tf.

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. [mch2-1y.]

ARNOLD PAYS

CASH or TRADE.

Curwensville, Pa., Jan. 9, '78-tf.

MONEY TO LOAN.—On first-class improved farm property, by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, on first mortgage, in sums from $1,000 up. For further information apply to the undersigned.

HURXTHAL W. SMITH. Clearfield Pa., May 7th, 1879-tf.

COAL! COAL!!

THE undersigned, having procured a lease of a first-class coal vein, has opened a mine, and is now prepared to furnish customers with a first-class article of coal on short notice, and at the moderate price of SIX CENTS per bushel. All orders left at my shop will be promptly attended to.

WM. R. BROWN. Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 2, 1881-1y.

COAL!

COAL ALL THE YEAR!!

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he is now delivering coal of an excellent quality and proposes to operate his mine

ALL SUMMER,

So that he will be enabled to supply his customers at all times with good fuel. No Summer vacation. Orders by mail promptly filled.

R. EM. SHAW. Clearfield Pa., March 2, 1881-tf.

THE REPUBLICAN.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1881

JEFF. DAVIS' CAPTURE.

HE TELLS ALL ABOUT IT—HOW HE PICKED UP HIS WIFE'S WATERPROOF INSTEAD OF HIS OWN.

In Jefferson Davis' book, just issued, he gives an account of his capture by Wilson's cavalry as follows: "After a short time I was hailed by a voice which I recognized as that of my private Secretary, who informed me that the marauders had been hanging around the camp and that he and others were on post around it and were expecting an assault as soon as the moon went down. A silly story had got abroad that it was a treasure train, and *auri sacra* fames had probably instigated these marauders, as it was subsequently stipulated by Gen. J. H. Wilson to send out a large force to capture the same train. For the protection of my family I traveled with them two or three days, when, believing that they had passed out of the region of marauders, I determined to leave their encampment at nightfall, to execute my original purpose. My horse and those of my party proper were saddled preparatory to a start, when one of my staff, who had ridden into the neighboring village, and returned and told me that he had heard that a marauding party intended to attack the camp that night. This decided me to wait long enough to see whether there was any truth in the rumor, which I supposed would be ascertained in a few hours. My horse remained saddled and my pistol in the holsters and I lay down, fully dressed, to rest. Nothing occurred to arouse me until just before dawn, when my coachman, a free colored man, who faithfully clung to our fortunes, came and told me there was firing over the branch, just behind our encampment. I stepped out of my wife's tent and saw some horsemen, whom I immediately recognized as cavalry, deploying around the encampment.

"I turned back and told my wife they were not the expected marauders, but regular troops. She implored me to leave her at once. I hesitated from unwillingness to do so, and lost a few precious moments before yielding to their importunity. My horse and arms were near the road on which I expected to leave, and down which the cavalry approached; it was therefore impractical to reach them. I was compelled to start in the opposite direction. As it was quite dark in the tent, I picked up what was supposed to be my 'raglan,' a waterproof, light overcoat, without sleeves; it was subsequently found to be my wife's, so very like my own as to be mistaken for it; as I started, my wife thoughtfully threw over my head and shoulders a shawl. I had gone perhaps fifteen or twenty yards when a trooper galloped up and ordered me to surrender, to which I gave a defiant answer, and, dropping the shawl and 'raglan' from my shoulders, advanced toward him. He leveled his carbine at me, but I expected if he fired he would miss me, and my intention was in that event to put my hand under his foot, tumble him off on the other side, spring into his saddle and attempt to escape.

"My wife, who had been watching, when she saw the soldier aim his carbine at me, ran forward and threw her arms around me. Success depended on instaneous action, and, recognizing that the opportunity had been lost, I turned back, and the morning being damp and chilly, passed on to a fire beyond the tent. Our pursuers had taken different roads, and approached our camp from opposite directions, they encountered each other and commenced firing, both supposing they had met our armed escort, and some casualties resulted from their conflict with an imaginary body of Confederate troops. During the confusion, while attention was concentrated upon myself, except those who were engaged in pillage, one of my aids, Colonel J. Taylor Wood, with Lieutenant Barnwell, walked off unobserved. His daring exploits on the sea had made him on the part of the Federal Government an object of special hospitality and rendered it quite proper that he should avail himself of every possible means of escape. Col. Prichard went over to the battle field and I did not see him for a long time, surely more than an hour after my capture. He subsequently claimed credit, in conversation with me, for the forbearance shown by his men in not shooting me when I refused to surrender.

"Wilson and others have uttered many falsehoods in regard to my capture, which have been exposed in publications by persons there present—by Secretary Regan, by the members of my personal staff, and by the colored coachman, Jim Jones, which must have been convincing to all who were not given over to believe a lie. For this reason I will postpone to some other time and more appropriate place any further notice of the story and its variations, all the spawn of malignity that shames the civilization of the age. We were, when prisoners, subjected to petty pillage."

THE BEGINNING OF THE END

The end of man, when from natural causes, is always forecast by some disorder of his system.

The beginning of his dissolution is noticeable in the pain he suffers. Paralysis of the whole or a portion of the body, or agonizing contortions, as the end draws near.

If the man about to close his earthly career has led an exemplary christian and virtuous life, his end is the calm, sweet, silent surrender of the good steward to his Master.

On the other hand, if his life has been one of licentiousness, robbery, *fraud*, brawls and *perjury*, fearful will be the scene at his ending. He will rave, curse and accuse his family; heap imprecations on his associates and his partners in villainy.

The United States, or—what is left of them constitutionally—is just now at the death-bed of black Republicanism. *Not* a party in the sense of politics in a republic that boasts of Washington and Jefferson as examples.

Rather should this weed of hasty and devilish growth—black Republicanism—be styled a band, or confederation for the common purpose of despoiling the public treasury and public domain, while hired croakers divert the attention of the masses of taxpayers with empty twaddle about "union" and the "solid south."

Or might black Republicanism be called a "closed corporation" of persons accomplished in the trade and villainy of politics. Call by what name you will the odds and ends, the vicious scum of Whig and Democratic parties, they are in their death struggle, soon to be consigned to the potter's field.

The offspring of John Brown, Burlingame, Seward, Hale, Chase, Banks, Giddings, and other avowed and sworn union-breakers, known as black Republicans, are even now in *extremis*.

Twenty years of outlawry; sectionalism; unconstitutional legislation; patronizing and entrenching monopolies; degrading white labor by the introduction of Chinese servitude; corruption everywhere manifest, from the ward scavenger to the President; stealing the archives of the Government in order to destroy the truth of history and gigantic swindles of every name and nature, even to the stealing of the Presidency of these United States, is a pyramid of crime and odium detestable and weighty enough to curse and damn the world, let alone the Garfields, Conklings, Bradys, Blaines, Bradleys, Belknaps, Babcocks, Shermans, Grants and Pinkstons, who are the figure-heads of crime and political debasement in the monstrous and disgusting drama attendant upon expiring black Republicanism.

What is known as the "administration" seeks to prop its tottering power and ugly dreams of the weak and dying members of a floundering organization, by the mildew called "patronage." That power, in the hands of this black Republican "closed corporation" which has poisoned, diseased and gangreened politics in the United States Government, in the State, in each county, city, township and school district.

But this time patronage has lost its charm, is too thin, or will not reach far and wide enough to keep black Republicanism from disintegrating.

Four years ago the virtuous rags of Eliza Pinkston, the perjury of Bradley and Garfield, and the legal acumen of Matthews endeavored, in vain, to drown public sentiment and falsify the truth of the sworn, acknowledged and recorded election to the Presidency of the United States, of Samuel J. Tilden. They succeeded in disarming a patriotic public and legalizing for a brief four year lease the chance and power of Brady, Dorsey, and the outlaws controlling black Republicanism in the interests of James A. Garfield.

"From the lips of truth one mighty breath
Shall, like a whirlwind, scatter in its frown
That whole dark pile of human mockeries."

The ghosts of disaster loom up at every turn the "*administration*" makes, and, Banquo like, will not down.

The "Ohio crowd" experience the fact that wooden pavements, Detiolyer, Morey letter and Star routes unfit them for the final conflict with impending doom. That they are—

"Two mean for earth, yet claiming kin with heaven."

The dirt and filth besmirching Garfield, Blaine, Judges of the Supreme Court, almost every one of the black Republican crowd in office, and the use of some of the plunder to carry Indiana for Garfield, relieves Dorsey and Brady for fear of punishment. Partners in crime and share-holders in a common stock will not be allowed to go to the penitentiary. But the people know, and will act on the knowledge, that these knaves are the pall-bearers of black Republicanism.

For the dupes and simpletons who are members of this band, called the black Republican party, we have a kindly feeling and deep sympathy. We feel sad for those who from pure motives, or sentimentalism, have joined and helped to swell the strength of this so-called Republican party. They have not had, nor desired any share of plunder of their leaders. They were ignorant of the corruption and means employed to make elections a success. In the beginning of the end of the greatest rascality and political turpitude of ancient or modern times, under the cloak of "God and morality," liberty, virtue, the flag, etc., etc., innocence in black Republicanism will stand aside and prepare for scenes that must freeze their loyal blood. Behold a President and Vice President check by jowl. The "brains"—Conkling—and the "Ohio crowd" in a death struggle, and all the while Presidential patronage busily engaged corrupting corruption itself, and we have such a presentation of disgrace and moral nastiness, as will shock every observer.

As the death struggle goes on, between the thoroughly rotten elements composing black Republicanism, it is consoling to think that, when thieves fall out, the Democratic party, which is all that remains of our country, will get its dues.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

GRANT'S LETTERS.—General Grant wrote to President Garfield consenting to the publication of two letters which recently passed between them concerning some of the President's appointments. Ex-Collector Murphy, of New York, is continuing his efforts to bring about an amicable understanding between the President and Gen. Grant. He is not so anxious, however, about reconciling the President and Senator Conkling. Mr. Murphy tells his friends that just after Mr. Garfield's nomination at Chicago he took Mr. Garfield to General Arthur's rooms to meet Senator Conkling, and Mr. Garfield waited there four hours for Mr. Conkling, but failed to meet him. General Grant says he will not consent to meet the President until the latter has more satisfactorily explained his course. The presentation of the citizens' purse of $250,000 to General Grant is delayed for a few days at his request. Garfield declined to give either of the letters for publication, or the answer to that letter in relation to the New York appointments. He says he will not give the letters in response to any newspaper request or public clamor for their publication, but intimates that if circumstances bring it about, the letters may be made public hereafter.

The news from Ireland becomes more exciting and threatening. Serious conflicts have already occurred between the people and the Government forces and they are daily growing worse.

The girl who was locked in her lover's arms for more than three hours explains that it wasn't her fault. She claims that he forgot the combination.

Intemperance is becoming so universal in New York that the Legislature has been obliged to pass a law against selling liquor to children.

"Why, are you alive yet, my old friend? I heard you were dead." "Nice friend, you are. You didn't even come to my funeral."

There are fourteen Common Pleas Judges to be chosen in Pennsylvania at the November election.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION RULES OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY—1881.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

1. The organization of the County Committee shall be and remain as now constituted—that is, one member for every borough and township and a Chairman, which Committee shall be selected annually by the delegates, and their term of office shall begin at January following their election.

OF THE DELEGATES AND CONVENTION.

2. The number of delegates to which each district is entitled is based upon the following rule, that is to say: Each election district in the county polling one hundred Democratic votes or less, shall be entitled to two delegates absolutely, and for each additional one hundred Democratic votes, or fraction greater than one-half thereof, polled in said district at the last preceding Governor's election, an additional delegate, and under this rule the following allotment of delegates is now made for 1881:

Burnside borough	2	Covington	2
Clearfield	3	Decatur	2
Curwensville	2	Ferguson	2
DuBois	2	Girard	2
Glen Hope	2	Graham	2
Houtsdale	2	Goshen	2
Lumber City	2	Greenwood	2
New Washington	2	Gulich	2
Newburg	2	Huston	2
Osceola	2	Jordan	2
Wallaceton	2	Karthaus	2
Beccaria township	2	Kaze	2
Bell	2	Lawrence	4
Bloom	2	Morris	3
Boggs	2	Penn	2
Bradford	2	Pike	2
Brady	4	Sandy	2
Burnside	2	Union	2
Chest	2	Woodward	2
Total			82

ELECTION AND DUTIES OF CHAIRMAN.

3. The delegate elections and County Convention shall be governed and conducted strictly in accordance with the following rules, and the Chairman of the County Committee shall be annually elected by the County Convention and shall be *ex officio* the President of all County Conventions.

TIME OF ELECTIONS.

4. The election for delegates to represent the different districts in the annual Democratic County Convention shall be held at the usual place of holding the general elections for each district, on the Saturday preceding the third Tuesday of September, (being the 17th this year) beginning at 1 o'clock, P. M., of same day.

WHO TO HOLD ELECTION.

5. The said delegate elections shall be held by an election board, to consist of the members of the County Committee for each district, and two other Democratic voters thereof, who shall be appointed or designated by the County Committee.

HOW TO FILL VACANCIES.

In case any of the persons so constituting the board shall be absent from the place of holding the election for a quarter of an hour after the time appointed, by Rule First, for opening of the same, his or their place or places, shall be filled by an election to be conducted viva voice by the Democratic voters present at the time.

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

6. Every qualified voter of the district, who at the last general election voted the Democratic ticket, shall be entitled to vote at the delegate elections.

MODE OF VOTING.

7. The voting at all delegate elections shall be by ballot; upon which ballots shall be written or printed the name or names of the delegate or delegates voted for, together with any instructions which the voter may desire to give the delegate or delegates. Each ballot to be received from the person voting the same by a member of the election board, and by him deposited in a box or other receptacle prepared for that purpose, to which box or other receptacle no person but the members of the election board shall have access.

OF INSTRUCTIONS.

8. No instructions shall be received or recognized unless the same be voted upon the ballot as provided by Rule Seventh, nor shall such instructions, if voted upon the ballot, be binding upon the delegate, unless one-half or more of the ballots shall contain instructions concerning the same office. Whenever half or more of the ballots shall contain instructions concerning any office, the delegates elected at such election shall be held to be instructed to support the candidate having the highest number of votes for such office.

That when a candidate having received the highest number of votes in a district is stricken from the roll in accordance with Rule Thirteenth, it becomes the duty of the delegates in said district to cast their votes for the candidate having received the next highest number of votes in said district; *Provided*, that such candidate shall have received one-fourth the number of votes polled for the candidates.

CONDUCTING THE ELECTION, RETURNS AND BLANKS.

9. Each election board shall keep an accurate list of the names of all persons voting at such elections; which list of voters together with a full and complete return of such election containing an accurate statement of the persons elected delegates and all instructions voted, shall be certified by said board to the County Convention, upon printed blanks to be furnished by the County Committee.

CONTESTING SEATS OF DELEGATES, FRAUD, ETC.

10. Whenever from any district, qualified Democratic voters, in numbers equal to five times the delegates which such district has in the County Convention, shall complain in writing of an undue election of false return of delegates or of instructions, in which complaint the alleged facts shall be specially setforth and verified by the affidavit of one or more persons, such complaint shall have the right to contest the seat of such delegates or their validity of such instructions.

A COMMITTEE OF FIVE.

Such complaint shall be heard by a Committee of five delegates to be appointed by the President of the Convention, which said Committee shall proceed to hear the parties, their proofs and allegations, and as soon as may be reported to the Convention what delegates are entitled to seats therein, and what instructions are binding upon such delegates. Whereupon the Convention shall proceed immediately, upon the call of the yeas and nays, to adopt or reject the report of the contesting parties. In which call of the yeas and nays the names of the delegates whose seats are contested or whose instructions are disputed, shall be omitted.

QUALIFICATIONS OF DELEGATES—SUBSTITUTES.

11. All delegates must reside in the district they represent. In case of absence or inability to attend, substitutions may be made from citizens of the district.

MUST OBEY INSTRUCTIONS, OR BE REPLACED.

12. Delegates must obey instructions given them by their respective districts, and if violated it shall be the duty of the President of the Convention to cast the vote of such delegate or delegates in accordance with the instructions; and the delegate or delegates so offending shall be forthwith expelled from the Convention, and shall not be eligible to any office or place of trust in the party for a period of two years.

A MAJORITY OF ALL NECESSARY TO NOMINATE.

13. In Convention a majority of all the delegates shall be necessary to a nomination; and no person's name shall be excluded from the list of candidates until after the SIXTH ballot or vote, when the person receiving the least number of votes shall be omitted and stricken from the roll, and so on at each successive vote until a nomination is made, *Provided*, that if there shall be a tie vote between two or more of the candidates for any office, during the balloting of the delegates, then in that case the candidate having received the lowest popular vote shall be dropped, and the balloting proceed.

PENALTY FOR CONSPIRING FRAUDS AND BRIBERY.

14. If any person who is a candidate for any nomination before the County Convention, shall be proven to have offered or paid any money, or other valuable thing, or made any promise of a consideration or reward to any person for his vote or influence, to secure the delegate from any district, or shall have offered or paid any money or valuable thing, or promised any consideration or reward, to any delegate for his vote, or to any other person with a view of indulging or securing the votes of delegates, or if the same shall be done by any other person with the knowledge and consent of such candidate, the name of such candidate shall be immediately stricken from the list of candidates, or if such fact be ascertained after his nomination to any office, and before the final adjournment, the name of the nominee shall be struck from the ticket and the vacancy supplied by a new nomination, and in either case such person shall be ineligible to any nomination by a Convention, or to an election as a delegate thereafter. And in case it shall be alleged after the adjournment of the Convention that any candidate put in nomination has been guilty of such acts, or any other fraudulent practices to obtain such nomination, the charge shall be investigated by the County Committee, and such steps taken as the good of the party may require.

15. If any delegate shall receive any money or other valuable thing, or accept the promise of any consideration or reward to be paid, delivered, or secured to him, or any person for such delegate as an inducement for his vote, upon proof of the fact to the satisfaction of the Convention, such delegate shall be forthwith expelled, and shall not be received as a delegate to any future Convention, and shall be ineligible to any party nomination.

RULES TO HAVE PRECEDENCE.

16. Cases arising under the rules shall have precedence over all other business in Convention, until determined.

MEETING OF THE CONVENTION.

17. The County Convention shall meet annually, in the Court House at 1 o'clock P. M., on the third Tuesday of September.

ANNOUNCEMENTS OF CANDIDATES.

18. The names of all the candidates for offices shall be announced at least three weeks previous to the time of holding the primary election.

J. P. BURCHFIELD, Chairman.
WM. E. WALLACE, Secretary.

Hotels.

LOYD HOUSE, Main Street, PHILIPSBURG, PENN'A. Table always supplied with the best the market affords. The traveling public is invited to call. Jan. 1, '76. ROBERT LOYD.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, NEW WASHINGTON, PA. This new and well furnished house has been taken by the undersigned. He feels confident of being able to render satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call. May 8, 1872. G. W. DAVIS, Prop'r.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE, NEW WASHINGTON, PA. H. D. ROSE, . . PROPRIETOR. ☞ The best of accommodations for man and beast. A liberal share of public patronage is solicited. [sep29,'80.*

SHAW HOUSE, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A. ANDREW PENTZ, JR., Proprietor. This hotel is kept in first-class style at reasonable rates. Best location in town for business men. Free bus to and from all trains. Good sample rooms. Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 16, 1881-tf.

WASHINGTON HOUSE, GLEN HOPE, PENN'A. THE undersigned, having leased this commodious Hotel, in the village of Glen Hope, is now prepared to accommodate all who may call. My table and bar shall be supplied with the best the market affords. GEORGE W. DOTTS, Jr.* Glen Hope, Pa., March 26, 1879-tf.

SUSQUEHANNA HOUSE, CURWENSVILLE, PENN'A. ☞ This old and well-established Hotel has been leased by the undersigned, and he feels confident of rendering satisfaction to those who may patronize him. Good stabling attached. LEWIS C. BLOOM, Proprietor. April 21, '79-tf.

ALLEGHENY HOUSE, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A. WILLIAM H. DEAN, Proprietor. ☞ This house is pleasantly located on East Market street, and convenient to the Court House and all business places of the town. It has recently been refitted and refurnished from cellar to attic. Bar supplied with choicest liquors. Table furnished with the best the market affords. Good stable attached. Rates moderate. April 13, 1881-tf.

Banks.

DREXEL & CO., No. 34 South Third Street, Philadelphia BANKERS, And Dealers in Government Securities. Application by mail will receive prompt attention, and all information cheerfully furnished. Orders solicited. April 11-tf.

F. K. ARNOLD. G. W. ARNOLD. J. S. ARNOLD. F. K. ARNOLD & CO., Bankers and Brokers, Reynoldsville, Jefferson Co., Pa. Money received on deposit. Discounts at moderate rates. Eastern and Foreign Exchange always on hand and collections promptly made. Reynoldsville, Dec. 16, 1874.-1y

County National Bank, OF CLEARFIELD, PA. ROOM in Graham's Brick Building, two doors east of T. A. Fleck's Store. Passage Tickets to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, London, Paris and Copenhagen. Also, Drafts for sale on the Royal Bank of Ireland and Imperial Bank of London. JAMES T. LEONARD, Pres't. W. M. SHAW, Cashier. jan1,'81

Dentistry.

J. L. R. HEICHHOLD, SURGEON DENTIST, Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery. Office in residence of Dr. Hills, opposite the Shaw House. mch13, '78-tf.

DR. E. M. THO