Railroads.

Pennsylvania Railroad

TYRONE & CLEARFIELD BRANCH

ON and after Monday, NOV. 8, 1880, the Passenger Trains will run daily (except Sundays) between Tyrone and Clearfield, as follows:

CLEARFIELD MAIL.

LEAVE SOUTH.		LEAVE NORTH.	
Curwensville,	8.20, P. M.	Tyrone,	9.05, A. M.
Riverview,	8.30, "	Vanscoyoc,	9.26, "
Clearfield,	8.40, "	Summit,	9.50, "
Leonard,	8.49, "	Powelton,	10.00, "
Barrett,	8.54, "	Osceola,	10.12, "
Woodland,	8.61, "	Boynton,	10.17, "
Bigler,	4.08, "	Steiner's,	10.22, "
Wallaceton,	4.17, "	Philipsburg,	10.25, "
Blue Ball,	4.25, "	Graham,	10.29, "
Graham,	4.31, "	Blue Ball,	10.37, "
Philipsburg,	4.35, "	Wallaceton,	10.44, "
Steiner's,	4.39, "	Bigler,	10.52, "
Boynton,	4.46, "	Woodland,	10.59, "
Osceola,	4.52, "	Barrett,	11.07, "
Powelton,	5.02, "	Leonard,	11.12, "
Summit,	5.15, "	Clearfield,	11.19, "
Vanscoyoc,	5.35, "	Riverview,	11.25, "
Tyrone,	6.00, "	Curwensville,	11.40A.M

CLEARFIELD EXPRESS.

LEAVE SOUTH.		LEAVE NORTH.	
Curwensville,	5.30 A. M.	Tyrone,	7.20 P. M.
Riverview,	5.39 "	Vanscoyoc,	7.43 "
Clearfield,	5.47 "	Summit,	8.05 "
Leonard,	5.53 "	Powelton,	8.17 "
Barrett,	5.57 "	Osceola,	8.28 "
Woodland,	6.03 "	Boynton,	8.34 "
Bigler,	6.08 "	Steiner's,	8.39 "
Wallaceton,	6.15 "	Philipsburg,	8.42 "
Blue Ball,	6.21 "	Graham,	8.47 "
Graham,	6.25 "	Blue Ball,	8.55 "
Philipsburg,	6.32 "	Wallaceton,	9.02 "
Steiner's,	6.35 "	Bigler,	9.10 "
Boynton,	6.37 "	Woodland,	9.17 "
Osceola,	6.42 "	Barrett,	9.25 "
Powelton,	6.55 "	Leonard,	9.30 "
Summit,	7.05 "	Clearfield,	10.07 "
Vanscoyoc,	7.23 "	Riverview,	10.15 "
Tyrone,	7.45 "	Curwensville	10.29 "

PHILIPSBURG & MOSHANNON BRANCHES

LEAVE SOUTH. P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	STATIONS.	LEAVE NORTH. A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
2.30			Morrisdale,	7.15	12.40	
2.40		7.30	Philipsburg,	7.00	12.25	5.00
2.43		7.33	Steiner's		12.22	5.06
2.49		7.40	Boynton,		12.14	4.58
2.55	10.20	7.55	Osceola,	6.50	12.04	4.40
3.10	10.35	8.11	Moshannon,	6.34	11.52	4.30
3.18	10.43	8.19	Sterling,	6.26	11.45	4.25
3.23	10.48	8.25	Houtsdale,	6.20	11.40	4.20
3.30	10.53	8.35	McCauley,	6.20	11.35	4.10
3.35	10.58	8.41	Kendrick's,	6.15	11.30	4.05
3.40	11.13	8.49	Ramey,	6.10	11.25	4.00

BALD EAGLE VALLEY BRANCH.

Ex. Mail. P. M.	A. M.			Mail. P. M.	Exp. A. M.
7.05	8.20	leave Tyrone	arrive	6.35	7.55
3.23	8.37	Bald Eagle		6.17	7.42
3.01	9.16	Julian		5.38	7.05
3.24	9.43	Milesburg		5.15	6.43
3.32	9.51	Bellefonte		5.05	6.35
3.45	10.02	Milesburg		4.55	6.23
9.05	10.20	Howard		4.31	6.00
9.42	11.08	arrive L. Haven	leave	3.54	5.25

TYRONE STATION.

EASTWARD.	A. M.	WESTWARD.	A. M.
Cincinnati Exp.,	9.52	Pittsburgh Exp'ss,	1.53
Pacific Express,	8.57	Pacific Express,	8.12
Johnstown Express,	9.07		P.M.
	P. M.	Way Passenger,	1.15
Chicago Day Ex.,	12.18	Chicago Express,	3.31
Mail Train,	3.00	Mail Train,	7.01
Huntingdon Acc'n,	6.20	Fast Line,	7.50

Close connections made by all trains at Tyrone and Lock Haven.

S. S. BLAIR, Superintendent.

my17-tf.

STAGE LINES.

A stage leaves Curwensville daily for Reynoldsville, at 1 o'clock, p. m., arriving at Reynoldsville at 6 o'clock, p. m. Returning, leaves Reynoldsville daily, at 7 o'clock, a. m., arriving at Curwensville at 12 o'clock, m. Fare, each way, $2.

A stage leaves Curwensville daily, at 1 o'clock, p. m., for DuBois City, arriving at DuBois City at 6 o'clock, p. m. Returning, leaves DuBois at 7 o'clock, a. m., daily, arriving at Curwensville at 12 o'clock, m. Fare, each way, $1.50.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

ON and after Monday, May 23d, 1881, the passenger trains will run daily (except Sunday) between Red Bank and Driftwood, as follows:—

EASTWARD.—Day Mail leaves Pittsburg 9.45 a. m.; Red Bank 11.55; Sligo Junction 11.51; New Bethlehem 12.05 p. m.; Maysville 1.10; Troy 1.35; Brookville 1.55; Fuller's 2.20; Reynoldsville 2.38; DuBois 3.03; Summit Tunnel 3.21; Penfield 3.42; Tyler's 3.55; Benezette 4.31; arrives at Driftwood at 5.20.

WESTWARD.—Day Mail leaves Driftwood 12.20 p. m.; Benezette 1.05; Tyler's 1.35; Penfield 1.46; Summit Tunnel 2.10; DuBois 2.25; Reynoldsville 2.49; Fuller's 3.08; Brookville 3.29; Troy 3.46; Maysville 4.13; New Bethlehem 4.25; Sligo Junction 5.07; Red Bank 5.35; arrives at Pittsburg at 8.25 p. m.

The DuBois Accommodation leaves DuBois at 7.25, a. m.; Reynoldsville, 7.55; Brookville, 8.48; New Bethlehem, 9.45; Red Bank, 10.50; Pittsburgh, 1.20, p. m. Leaves Pittsburgh, at 2.15, p. m.; Red Bank, 5.50; New Bethlehem, 7.05; Brookville, 8.00; Reynoldsville, 8.51; DuBois, 9.18, p. m.

The Brookville Accommodation leaves Brookville at 7.00 a. m.; Reynoldsville, 7.55; DuBois, 8.20; Summit Tunnel, 8.41; Penfield, 9.05; Tyler's, 9.19; Benezette, 9.55; Driftwood, 10.45 a. m. Leaves Driftwood at 3.00 p. m.; Benezette, 3.50; Tyler's, 4.26; Penfield, 4.39; Summit Tunnel, 18.00; DuBois, 10.17; Reynoldsville, 10.45; Brookville, 11.30 p. m.

Close connections made with trains on P. & E. Railroad at Driftwood, and with trains on the Allegheny Valley Railroad at Red Bank.

DAVID McCARGO, Gen'l Sup't.
A. A. JACKSON, Sup't L. G. Div.

FARE FROM CLEARFIELD, TO

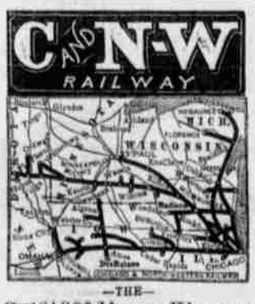
Bellefonte, Pa	$2 05	Middletown	$5 00
Lock Haven	2 70	Marietta	5 55
Williamsport	3 60	Lancaster	5 80
Huntingdon	1 80	PHILADELPHIA	7 90
Lewistown	2 90	Altoona	1 65
Marysville	4 50	Johnstown	2 85
Cumberland	20	Philipsburg	31
Osceola	65	Tyrone	1 22
HARRISBURG	4 75	PITTSBURG	5 15

Miscellaneous.

BEES FOR SALE.—Thirteen hives of Italian Bees which I will sell cheap for cash, or exchange for wheat. For further information call on or address the undersigned.

J. P. KRAMER, Clearfield, Pa.

Nov 3, '79-tf.



—THE—

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN

RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST, BEST CONSTRUCTED, BEST EQUIPPED, and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTH-WEST!

It is the shortest and best route between Chicago and all points in

Northern Illinois, Dakota, Wyoming, Nebraska, Iowa, California, Oregon, Arizona, Utah, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, and for

COUNCIL BLUFFS, OMAHA, DENVER, LEADVILLE, SALT LAKE, SAN FRANCISCO,

Deadwood, Sioux City, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Columbus, and all points in the Territories, and the West. Also, for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Watertown, Houghton, Neenah, Menasha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Volga, Fargo, Bismarck, Winona, LaCrosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin and the North-west.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago & North-Western and the U. P. Railways depart from, arrive at and use the same Joint Union Depot.

At Chicago, close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne & Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk Railways, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle Routes.

Close connections made at Junction Points.

It is the ONLY LINE running

Pullman Hotel Dining Cars

BETWEEN

CHICAGO and COUNCIL BLUFFS.

Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains.

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road. Examine your Tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western Railway.

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route, AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All Ticket Agents sell Tickets by this Line.

MARVIN HUGHITT, 2d V. P. and General Manager, Chicago.

apr26, '81-1y.

New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

The Great CLOTHING Emporium!

ROOM NO. 4,

PIE'S OPERA HOUSE,

IF YOU want to study your own interest, do not fail to call at the above establishment and examine

THANHAUSER'S

LARGE AND HANDSOME STOCK OF

CLOTHING,

Hats, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.,

Whether you wish to make a purchase or not, we shall be pleased at all times to show you our assortment of goods, which will at once convince you that our

Styles are the Best, and our Prices the Lowest,

Remember, also, that we have an elegant assortment of PIECE GOODS, of the latest novelties, especially intended for

MERCHANT TAILORING,

And we are prepared to MAKE SUITS TO ORDER AT SHORTEST NOTICE, and shall endeavor to suit the taste of the most fastidious.

ALBERT THANHAUSER,

Opera House Block, opposite postoffice, CLEARFIELD, PA.

3-23-1881-tf.

WAGONS! WAGONS!!

2 CAR LOADS. 2

The largest and best assortment of wagons ever brought to Clearfield.

One car load of CONKLIN wagons,

One car load of STUDEBAKER wagons,

Which we will sell at factory prices. We buy these wagons by the car load and pay CASH for them, therefore we are able to sell cheaper than any other dealer in the county. We guarantee these wagons to be first-class in every respect. Also, a lot of

Platform Spring Wagons and Buggies.

One car load of GRAIN DRILLS which we will sell cheaper than ever before sold. Give us a call before buying elsewhere.

F. M. CARDON & BRO., Clearfiled, Pa.

February 23, 1881-tf.

PATTON BLOCK,

Curwensville, Pa.

N. E. ARNOLD,

Wholesale Dealer in

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Groceries,

TOBACCO, LEATHER, FLOUR,

FEED, GRAIN, SALT, OIL, &C.

I buy direct from jobbers and manufacturers, receive goods at car load rates, hence can compete with New York and Philadelphia houses.

Also, Dealer in

Saw Logs, Lumber, Shingles and Bark.

Parties having bark to haul during the Winter, can contract and receive liberal advances. Also, advances made on Saw Logs. Give me a call.

N. E. ARNOLD,

CURWENSVILLE, PA.

Sept. 29, 1880-tf.

JAMES L. LEAVY,

UNDERTAKER,

MARKET STREET, CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.

All kinds of Caskets and Coffins kept on hand, and furnished to order on short notice, including the finest as well as the cheapest that can be manufactured. Our

CORPSE PRESERVER

Is the best in use, and will be furnished when required. Funerals attended in any part of the county. Call at my office, on Second street, or leave your orders at Troutman's Furniture Store, adjoining the Postoffice.

JAS. L. LEAVY, Clearfield, Pa.

oct 1,'79-tf.

ARNOLD WANTS

5,000 Rail Road Ties.

Curwensville, Pa. Jan. 9, 1878-tf

Shingle Mill for Sale.

A LARGE Buckeye Shingle Machine can be purchased very cheap from the undersigned. The terms will be made easy to the purchaser in price and time. For further information call at "Blanchard's Home Camp," in Union township, or address the undersigned at Rockton, Clearfield county, Penn'a.

NAPOLEON McDONALD.

Rockton, May 4, 1881-4t*.

BUY A HOME!

HOUSES, LOTS AND FARMS FOR SALE!

TWENTY HOUSES and LOTS in Clearfield for sale at reasonable prices and on easy terms. Also, several FARMS in Bradford and Graham townships. Apply to

WALLACE & KREBS, Clearfield, Pa.

Dec. 1, '80-tf.]

MEAT MARKET.

F. M. CARDON & BRO.,

On Market St., one door west of Mansion House, CLEARFIELD, PA.

Our arrangements are of the most complete character for furnishing the public with Fresh Meats of all kind, and of the very best quality. We also deal in all kinds of Agricultural Implements, which we keep on exhibition for the benefit of the public. Call around when in town, and take a look at things, or address us

F. M. CARDON & BRO.

Clearfield, Pa., July 14, 1875-tf.

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. [mch2-1y.]

ARNOLD PAYS

CASH or TRADE.

Curwensville, Pa., Jan. 9, '78-tf.

MONEY TO LOAN.—On first-class improved farm property, by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, on first mortgage, in sums from $1,000 up. For further information apply to the undersigned.

HURXTHAL W. SMITH.

Clearfield Pa., May 7th, 1879-tf.

COAL! COAL!!

THE undersigned, having procured a lease of a first-class coal vein, has opened a mine, and is now prepared to furnish customers with a first-class article of coal on short notice, and at the moderate price of SIX CENTS per bushel. All orders left at my shop will be promptly attended to.

WM. R. BROWN.

Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 2, 1881-1y.

COAL!

COAL ALL THE YEAR!!

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he is now delivering coal of an excellent quality and proposes to operate his mine

ALL SUMMER,

So that he will be enabled to supply his customers at all times with good fuel. No Summer vacation. Orders by mail promptly filled.

R. RM. SHAW.

Clearfield, Pa., March 2, 1881-tf.

THE REPUBLICAN.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1881.

THE BAD WORK OF GOOD MEN.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania, which has just adjourned, has not earned the award, "Well done, good and faithful servants," as indeed it is not the habit of our Legislature to do; but this one was quite exceptional in its ability to do its work well, and it is especially disappointing to find that men who were capable of being good legislators could make no better record for themselves than their predecessors from whom nothing very good could have been reasonably expected. The lesson is that we must look beyond the mental capacity of men to discover proper material for our lawmakers. What that body as a whole especially seemed to need was common sense. A great deal has been charged against the honesty of its members, but very little has been proven, and in this particular they will probably compare favorably enough with the usual class of our legislators. Good measures were defeated and bad ones were adopted, and corrupt influence doubtless had much sway; nevertheless, we are persuaded that the members, with fewer exceptions than usual, were honest. But, certainly, they were a very twisty lot. Good men acted as though they were possessed of a devil, and apparently did unwise things for the special purpose of being considered to be fools.

There, at the head of the list was Speaker Hewit, a man of fine intelligence and capacity, with a good record for honesty, who turned about and jumped about and leaped Jim Crow in such fantastic fashion as to leave people generally in serious doubt whether he was a fool or knave; when in very truth he was neither; he only made himself appear so because he lacked good judgment and common sense. And there too, on the other hand, was Mr. Wolfe with a reputation for impregnable honesty so well earned that nothing could shake it. His championship of reform was not effective because he was unable to work out his aims with calm good judgment. The Speaker and he came into the Assembly close friends, but shortly fell to quarreling in public in a very unedifying way, and very unnecessarily; if they had been equal to the occasion they would probably have been able to work together for the good of the State, as both, perhaps, aimed to do. The evil reputation this Legislature leaves behind it does not come alone from its evil members, but is largely chargeable to the infelicitous efforts of its intelligent and well-meaning ones.

Take this salary business as an illustration. We find the members making common cause in an effort to compel the State to pay them $1,500 when the State Treasurer, Attorney General and Governor construe the law to give them but $1,000. They dispute the correctness of such construction of the law. Yet it is a construction which is sustained by the sense of the people and their can be no question but that the popular judgment is strongly against both the right and the propriety of this legislative demand. Suppose the right was otherwise, and that the members are entitled to their extra compensation; can there be any possibility of a doubt of the unbecomingness of their insistence upon it in the way they have done? They have abused, in a wholly unwarranted way, through the report of a committee which could neither write English, define law or state facts, the State Treasurer and the Attorney General, whose clear duty it was not to permit this money to be paid if they believed it to be an unlawful payment. Their judgment of the law may have been properly questioned, but certainly their motive, could not be decently challenged without sustaining evidence. And the consequence is that those reputable legislators, good, honest, and intelligent as many of them are, are held in contempt by the people for what appears to be an unworthy, undignified and altogether small attempt at a treasury grab. And they have added to the feeling against them by their impudent attempt to get this money by inserting a clause in the appropriation bill directing the Treasurer to pay it to them, well knowing that if the existing laws did not give it to them they were powerless thus to legislate it into their own pockets, in the face of the constitutional prohibition of such a grab. It was a most unseemly attempt, and the Treasurer is wholly sustained by public sentiment in refusing to pay the money.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

"TIT FOR TAT."—This is the view the New York *Sun* takes of the Conkling-Garfield fight: "There is nothing for General Garfield to chuckle over in the defeat of Mr. Conkling. Whatever occasion other men may have to rejoice, Garfield has none. The greedy place-hunters who expect a larger share of the spoils in consequence of the Senator's overthrow naturally enough feel greatly elated. But if General Garfield interprets the signs of the times aright, he will read in them his own doom. The one grand ambition of his life, as is universally understood, is to be re-elected President. But as he could not have been elected the first time without the aid of Roscoe Conkling, just as surely he cannot be even nominated a second time after four years of unrelenting and most embittered opposition on the part of Mr. Conkling. His policy toward the distinguished New York Senator has not been astute. If it has consigned the ambitious Senator to private life, it will, at the expiration of four years, consign the ambitious President also to private life."

The preliminary step was taken at Harrisburg on the 15th inst. by the counsel for the members of the Legislature to obtain the extra five hundred dollars for each member from the State Treasury. The writ of mandamus was granted on State Treasurer Butler and made returnable on the 23d instant. There are two hundred and fifty-one men in the State watching the proceedings with the greatest interest, as it is a matter of dollars and cents with them.

A TRAPPED FOX.

Foxes have holes, or need to have; and the fox John Sherman needs just now to be hunting for his. Mr. Sherman is a first-class type of the foxy order of men and politicians. He puts on an appearance of great virtue, but nevertheless does notoriously lie and steal. Perhaps his thievishness would be difficult to prove to a jury under the forms of the law; for he has never been caught in *flagrante delitu*. Foxes never are. Still, everybody knows that they steal because it is their nature too; and they have no known honest way of getting their living and keeping fat withal. Mr. Sherman is known to have a very heavy purse and nobody can tell how he honestly filled it. He has been repeatedly charged with abusing his power as Secretary of the Treasury to enrich himself; and the New York *Sun*, not long ago, published an account of his connection with the operations of the First National Bank of New York, during his term of office a favored medium for negotiating Government loans, that was grossly libellous if its allegations were untrue. Mr. Sherman took no notice of the serious charges nor has he noticed the numerous accusations against his integrity which have for years appeared in the public press. As a natural consequence the public judgment is definitely fixed that Mr. Sherman has acquired his wealth in ways that will not bear investigation. No honest public officer will ever permit such charges to be made against him as have been freely made against Secretary Sherman without requiring them to be withdrawn or substantiated.

It is never surprising when an unprincipled man is tripped up and his dishonesty exposed. No matter how crafty he may be, he cannot guard himself at all points and present to the world a consistent record. The man who is dishonest in money matters is pretty sure to be equally so in all his conduct. If he steals he will lie; and he may be expected to be governed by what the existing exigency may seem to show to be his advantage. And as these exigencies are always liable to change, it is reasonably sure that in the course of time a man who is thus animated will plainly expose the dishonesty of the motives that animate him. And Mr. Sherman, who has been out of his office and in the Senate but a few months, has thus early made his dishonesty so conspicuous as to have immediate occasion to hide himself in his hole.

The Mahone matter is the one in the discussion of which the ex Secretary has come so sadly to grief. Of course with a man so inspired there was no question that the coalition with Mahone, which promised such present profit, should be embraced; nor that it should be done with a virtuous air, however unvirtuous the thing. Mr. Sherman always poses before the public as an exponent of virtue, and he could not resist the temptation of declaring in the Senate that Mahone had been driven into the Republican party by "the logic of events," and that he had never been in conference with the Republicans on the matter and had "never made any promises to us." Senator Beck, however, reminded him that Senator Mahone had declared that he was not a Republican, but that he was responsible for the selection of Riddleberger as the Republican candidate for Sergeant-at-Arms. Senator Beck wanted to know how "the logic" which made the repudiating rebel Riddleberger the Republican caucus nominee was brought to bear, if the Republicans had never had any conference or engagement with Mahone who declared himself responsible for Riddleberger. Senator Sherman has not found inclination to answer.

And now Senator Vest comes along with another troublesome question. He wants to know how it comes that Senator Sherman now wants to take Mahone, Riddleberger and all the Virginia Readjusters to his bosom to break up the Solid South, when Secretary Sherman eighteen months ago, the South being then just as solid, notified the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that one Van Anken, a tobacco inspector in Virginia, should be removed because he was a "Readjuster;" Van Anken being accordingly written to by his chief that he must go, because "readjustment was looked upon by thinking men as immoral, and therefore inconsistent with the dignity of an official." Here is a great difference surely between now and then; between the actions and sayings of the Secretary and the Senator. The rejected Readjuster becomes the head of the Sherman corner; the old ram that was cast out for its iniquity becomes the ewe lamb that is protected for its innocence. Doubtless it has happened through "the logic of events;" but it is a logic that is only all-powerful with the thoroughly dishonest and hypocritical order of men of whom Sherman is a shining example.—*Exchange.*

MAKING UP THE RECORD.—In reviewing the record of the session of the Pennsylvania Legislature just closed, the Philadelphia *Press* says:

In the Lower House every test showed an emphatic majority for honest legislation; and yet it was constantly baffled and defeated by a noisy, persistent and unscrupulous minority. The Senate was comparatively decorus, but the House was repeatedly disgraced with the riotous and scandalous outbreaks of a shameless band of roosters. A body which honestly meant well was brought into universal contempt by its incapacity to overcome the obstructive and outrageous measures of these lawless and defiant ringsters.

The *Press* might have added that the element which it denounces as "a noisy, persistent and unscrupulous minority" and a "shameless band of roosters," represent in the main constituencies where it might reasonably be supposed the *Press* possesses its greatest influence, and hence is in a measure responsible for the element from Philadelphia which has contributed so much to the bad name of the Pennsylvania Legislature. The Harrisburg *Patriot* says:

There are in the present Legislature ninety-three Democrats. With a very few exceptions these Democrats have proved themselves true and faithful representative men who deserve well of their constituents. There have been few Legislatures in which the Democracy of the State have been so well represented. At the same time there is in this Legislature a sterling body of independent Republicans who have been neither bullied nor wheedled by the machine but have put the public interests above all partisan considerations. In few Legislatures has there been so feeble a manifestation of the partisan spirit, and the reason of this is that the men of the machine are in a minority. But through the power of coercing the machine obtained control of the organization of the two Houses, and through the committees were able to obstruct legislation at their will. This is an important fact that should be borne in mind in estimating the character and work of the present Legislature.

SWALLOWING THEIR OWN MEDICINE.

If ever a political party feasted on sour grapes, that party of the Radical-Mahone-Riddleberger persuasion is now enjoying it:

"The selection of Arthur at Chicago was a nauseous pill for the Blaine and the anti-Grant men to swallow, but it was taken, nevertheless. The knowing ones, however, scented trouble from afar, and prepared as far as possible, to meet the obstacles as they would present themselves. Conkling knew then that he could hold in check the movements of his adversaries with this man in the Vice President's chair. To-day, thousands that called Democrats "mud slingers" for daring to show up this creature of another formation as a person undeserving the support of honest men, utterly loathe and abhor him. Although Democratic journals merely published the opinions of such men as John Sherman, R. B. Hayes and the editors of the New York *Times, Tribune* and Philadelphia *Press* as going to prove his unfitness for an office of public trust, these very men and papers supported Arthur upon the plea that a change in the affairs of the Government would ruin the country. It is now scarcely three months since he was installed in his chair when we find him at work lobbying with the professional intriguers at Albany against Garfield and the men that he wishes to represent New York in the Senate of the United States. Garfield's friends know full well that he was unfit for the position, but dare not refuse the demand of Conkling when he was smarting under the defeat of Grant, and personally requested his name to be placed upon the ticket. If a party ever deserved to suffer through another's acts the Republican party deserves such punishment for allowing themselves to elevate Conkling's man Friday. It is Garfield's turn now, *a la* Hayes fashion, to denounce Arthur as not deserving of official favors."

SOMEBODY WILL BE CHEATED.—The Wilkes-Barre *Leader*, published at the home of Governor Hoyt and Attorney General Palmer, says: "It is well known that Governor Hoyt took a decided stand against the extra session of the Legislature in 1880, and although every influence of the friends of that measure was brought to bear in favor of it, he stood firm and refused to saddle the State with the expense and disgrace that would certainly follow the re-assembling of that body. And his friends here are of the opinion that the present Legislature will be badly deceived if they think that they have created a necessity for an extra session next Winter. The *Record* spoke against an extra session in an article that was undoubtedly inspired by Attorney General Palmer, and he very probably reflects the views of the Governor. That high official is a far seeing politician, and too good a Republican to handicap his party in the Gubernatorial race, as he assuredly would do by reconvening such a disgraceful and uncontrollable body as the present Assembly."

THE STRIKING BUSINESS.—The Philadelphia *Ledger*, in alluding to strikes, says: "That is a very important as well as interesting suit brought by the wife of the puddler against the officers of a trade organization in Pittsburgh, that drove him from a situation and prevented him from getting work because he didn't belong to their union. The wife and children of such a man are parties at interest quite as much as the employers, or the union, or the man himself. This is very often forgotten or ignored. No one questions the right of workmen to consult together, to lawfully combine and, if need be, to strike for higer wages, but when they go farther than this and undertake to prevent other people from exercising the same right of determining what wages they will work for, or when or how; or when, as in this case, they dictate the discharge of a man, their right to do so may be very well questioned, and the best place to question it is in a court of law."

A GOOD FIELD.—An exchange says: "The Washington papers state that a suit has been entered in the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia by John A. Welsh, a Star route contractor, against S. P. Brown, a broker, on a note for $1,000. The news of the filing of this suit created some excitement in the Postoffice Department. It is believed there that the pleadings and evidence in the case, when it comes to trial, will contain interesting revelations. It would certainly not be surprising if it would result in scandalous developments as Brown is said to have been engaged in expediting mail contracts and to have received large sums for his services to the Star route ring. A certain S. P. Brown figured prominently in the George O. Evans scandal and this no doubt is the same person." Poor Evans died from grief five years ago, but Hartranft and Kemble, his wicked partners, still live. "The good always die first!"

THE NAKED TRUTH.—How ludicrous do the assertions and denunciations of the Republicans that the Democrats were endeavoring to starve out and impede the Government by insufficient appropriations appear in the light of Postmaster General James' reductions and reforms in the postal service! Three quarter of a million dollars a year is the saving he has effected in one department alone. Truly these Republicans must have been very economical and efficient! It is a fortunate thing for the country that some of their extravagances and venalities are exposed, for now one can rightly estimate the honesty of their loud-mouthed assertions. And yet this is only the beginning.

RADICAL INNINGS.—The Harrisburg *Patriot* chips in in this way: "It is a pretty pass Republicanism (in the party sense) has come to in the Empire State. The Stalwarts charge the Half-breeds with conspiracy and perjury and prove it too. In the classic language of the vender of decayed apples, 'You pays your money and takes your choice.'"

A SUN CASE.—The Star route investigators are throwing out their hooks in close proximity to Mr. Blaine. They should proceed with care. The weather is hot and Mr. Blaine is subject to sun-strokes.

Hotels.

LOYD HOUSE,
Main Street,
PHILIPSBURG, PENN'A.
Table always supplied with the best the market affords. The traveling public is invited to call.
jan.1,'76. ROBERT LOYD.

WASHINGTON HOUSE,
NEW WASHINGTON, PA.
This new and well furnished house has been taken by the undersigned. He feels confident of being able to render satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call.
May 8, 1872. G. W. DAVIS, Prop'r.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE,
NEW WASHINGTON, PA.
H. D. ROSE, , , PROPRIETOR.
The best of accommodations for man and beast. A liberal share of public patronage is solicited. [sep29,'80.*

SHAW HOUSE,
CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.
ANDREW PENTZ, JR., Proprietor.
This hotel is kept in first-class style at reasonable rates. Best location in town for business men. Free bus to and from all trains. Good sample rooms.
Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 16, 1881-tf.

WASHINGTON HOUSE,
GLEN HOPE, PENN'A.
THE undersigned, having leased this commodious Hotel, in the village of Glen Hope, is now prepared to accommodate all who may call. My table and bar shall be supplied with the best the market affords.
GEORGE W. DOTTS, Jr.
Glen Hope, Pa., March 26, 1879-tf.

SUSQUEHANNA HOUSE,
CURWENSVILLE, PENN'A.
This old and well-established Hotel has been leased by the undersigned, and he feels confident of rendering satisfaction to those who may patronize him. Good stabling attached.
LEWIS C. BLOOM, Proprietor.
April 21, '79-tf.

ALLEGHENY HOUSE,
CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.
WILLIAM H. DEAN, Proprietor.
This house is pleasantly located on East Market street, and convenient to the Court House and all business places of the town. It has recently been refitted and refurnished from cellar to attic. Bar supplied with choicest liquors. Table furnished with the best the market affords. Good stable attached. Rates moderate
April 13, 1881-tf.

Banks.

DREXEL & CO.,
No. 34 South Third Street, Philadelphia
BANKERS,
And Dealers in Government Securities.
Application by mail will receive prompt attention, and all information cheerfully furnished
Orders solicited. April 11-tf.

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F. K. ARNOLD & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
Reynoldsville, Jefferson Co., Pa.
Money received on deposit. Discounts at moderate rates. Eastern and Foreign Exchange always on hand and collections promptly made.
Reynoldsville, Dec. 16, 1874.-1y

County National Bank,
OF CLEARFIELD, PA.
ROOM in Graham's Brick Building, two doors east of T. A. Fisek's Store.
Passage Tickets to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, London, Paris and Copenhagen. Also, Drafts for sale on the Royal Bank of Ireland and Imperial Bank of London.
JAMES T. LEONARD, Pres't.
W. M. SHAW, Cashier. jan1,'81

Dentistry.

J. L. R. REICHHOLD,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery. Office in residence of Dr. Hills, opposite the Shaw House. mch13, '78-tf.

DR. E. M. THOMPSON,
DENTIST,
(Office in Bank Building,)
Curwensville, Clearfield Co., Pa.
mch 22 '76-tf.

A. M. HILLS,
OPERATIVE DENTIST,
CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.
Office in residence, opposite Shaw House.
jy9,1879-tf

J. M. STEWART,
SURGEON DENTIST,
CLEARFIELD, PA
(Office in Western Hotel building—second floor.)
Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
Clearfield, Pa., May 2, 1877-1y.

Miscellaneous.

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We manufacture all kinds of Furniture for Chambers, Dining Rooms, Libraries and Halls. If you want Furniture of any kind, don't buy until you see our stock.

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In all its branches, promptly attended to.
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DEALER IN
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The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Clearfield, and the public generally, that he has on hand a fine assortment of Furniture, such as Walnut, Chestnut and Painted Chamber Suites, Parlor Suites, Reclining and Extension Chairs, Ladies' and Gents' Easy Chairs, the Perforated Dining and Parlor Chairs, Cane Seats and Windsor Chairs, Clothes Bars, Step and Extension Ladders, Hat Racks, Scrubbing Brushes, &c
MOULDING AND PICTURE FRAMES,
oking Glasses, Chromos, &c., which would suitable for Holiday presents.
dec10'78 JOHN TROUTMAN.

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BUT NOT
BURNED UP!
The subscribers have, at great expense, rebuilt a neighborhood necessity, in the erection of a first-class Woolen Manufactory, with all the modern improvements attached, and are prepared to make all kinds of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Blankets, Flannels, &c. Plenty of goods on hand to supply all our old and a thousand new customers, whom we ask to come and examine our stock.
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will receive our especial attention. Proper arrangements will be made to receive and deliver Wool, to suit customers. All work warranted and done upon the shortest notice, and by strict attention to business we hope to realize a liberal share of public patronage.
10,000 POUNDS WOOL WANTED!
We will pay the highest market price for Wool and sell our manufactured goods as low as similar goods can be bought in the county, and whenever we fail to render reasonable satisfaction we can always be found at home ready to make proper explanation, either in person or by letter.
JAMES JOHNSON & SONS,
apr13'81 Newer P. O.

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