The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 4, 1881.

Reader, if you want to know what is going on in the business world, just read our advertising columns, the *Special* column in particular.

IN TROUBLE.—Not satisfied to cut Indiana in making his appointments, President Garfield appears to be disposed to get rid of the Indiana statesmen bequeathed to him by the Hayes Administration. This is too, too d—d bad.

THE JUDICIAL APPORTIONMENT.—The bill reapportioning the State for Judicial purposes passed the Senate on Friday last, and was sent to the House for concurrence. In it, Clearfield is made a separate Judicial district in accordance with the new Constitution.

NOT A STATELY REMARK.—The Chambersburg *Spirit* makes a "corner" on our senior Senator in this way: "Although gray with years, Judge Hoar is not stupid. When Cameron arose the other day to make a fierce answer to General Hill, the Judge adroitly seized Don.'s coat-tails. He knew he wasn't far from his brains."

General Longstreet is now a Republican and Ben. Butler is a kind of bushwhacking Democrat.—*Washington Globe.*

Yes; the former stuffed Libby Prison and filled the Andersonville pen to overflowing with Union soldiers, while the latter was risking his own life and that of thousands of his fellow-soldiers to empty these prison pens and save the Union. Which do you prefer?

BLOOD.—We notice that a genuine live Indian has been appointed doorkeeper in the Indian Department at Washington. If that Indian be true to the flag of his fathers and have any remnant of the Indian's proclivity to vengeance, we shall soon hear of a first-class scalping-story from the seat of government concerning the heads of the Indian Department.

THAT'S SO.—The Philadelphia *Record* remarks: "They do not tolerate bungling at executions in Russia. When the Nihilists were hanged on April 15, Michaeloff's rope broke twice, and the executioner has received a hundred lashes for not preventing the accident. If such a rule were adopted in this country there would be a good many streaked and scarred backs."

AWFUL CARELESSNESS.—The last horror is the capsizing of a ferry boat, or scow, while crossing Fox river, at Elgin, Illinois, on Friday last, drowning thirteen men, women and children, through the carelessness of too many passengers gathering on the upper side of the vessel. As may well be imagined, the excitement was great. Twenty persons were rescued by boats that went to them from the shores, or the disaster would have been far worse.

RASCALITY.—The New York *Sun* prints a "Roll of Dishonor," being the records of 178 army officers who have been tried, convicted and dismissed since 1867 for various offenses—67 for stealing, 70 for ungentlemanly conduct, 30 for drunkenness and the balance for various other offenses. Of the 178 only 8 were graduates from West Point, the other 170 being appointed from civil life. One of the West Point graduates proved a thief.

CHANGE OF OFFICERS.—On Tuesday, Hon. Wm. P. Schell, Democrat, left his desk as Auditor General, and was superseded by John A. Lemon, Radical, of Blair county. The Democrats last Fall did not squeeze this Lemon enough. Hence, a Democrat is relegated out of office and a Radical substituted. However, he is a very clever gentleman, well-known by the business men of this vicinity as the builder of the railroad from Clearfield to Curwensville, and, in our judgment, is all right, except his miserable politics.

LIGHT WEIGHTS.—The Baltimore *Gazette* says:

General Mahone has two sons and a daughter, all old enough to take their places in society at Washington. His wife is a very accomplished lady and the exact contrast physically to her husband. She weighs over 200 pounds, and is said to have possessed remarkable personal beauty in her day. Next to Alexander Stephens, General Mahone is the smallest man that has ever been in Congress.

Of course, the editor in question is alluding to his flesh and blood weight when he speaks of Mahone. Mr. Stephens is a light weight too, but he is a giant as a statesman, and a man of honor. The other is the proprietor of neither, but a full-fledged demagogue in politics.

A GOOD LAW—*Pass It.*—We notice that our State Senate has passed a bill to punish merchants, or other persons, for selling or giving minor children pistols, gunpowder, or other explosives. We hope the bill will pass the House too. A twelve-year old boy has no more right to carry a loaded pistol secreted in his pocket than a bottle of whisky. Both cases should be treated as a crime, and the boy who obtains either intoxicating liquors or pistols through fraud or misrepresentation, should be punished equally with the giver or seller. Put both on the same footing and then the law will be pronounced good.

HURRYING BLAINE UP.—The Baltimore *Gazette* remarks: "Mr. Blaine had better hurry up and bully England on the fishery award, or haul up Italy about our pork exportations, and thus draw attention to his own aggressive and magnetic nature. In the game of political thimble-rig Conkling has proved too strong for him, and Garfield too weak to build on. He must hurry and kick up a big row with some great warlike power, and make the State Department a power and a centre of interest. Garfield's backbone is melting away like a snail with salt on it. He is making ready to conclude a peace with Conkling and Cameron, and throw Blaine overboard as a peace offering. Arise, James Blaine, arise! Where is your magnetism?"

OTHER TESTIMONY.

General John A. Logan, one of the Grant boomers, and a United States Senator from Illinois, loyal to the core, has frequently been charged with raising a regiment for the rebel army in southern Illinois at the breaking out of the rebellion. Two weeks ago, on the floor of the Senate, he took particular pains to deny this piece of history. We then believed he was lying, and we are now convinced that he did lie. We, therefore, introduce General Steedman, of Toledo, Ohio, as a witness. The General is the editor of the Toledo *Democrat*, and was one of the real fighting Generals of the army. He has this to say about the Logan affair in his last issue:

General John A. Logan has denied, and repeated the denial in the United States Senate that he was ever in sympathy with the rebellion. If he did not organize men in Illinois to aid the rebels, his own brother lies, whom we heard tell President Johnson, in Springfield, Ill., in the presence of General McClernand and ourself, that General Logan sent him into the rebel army. If Logan was not persuaded by Col. W. A. Richardson out of the intention, with his men, to attack a regiment of Union soldiers at "Big Muddy Bridge," Col. Richardson slandered him outrageously, for Richardson told us at the Democratic National Convention in New York, in 1868, that he rode one hundred and fifty miles to see Logan and dissuade him from attacking the Union soldiers, and that after a labored effort he succeeded.

We heard Gen. Stephen A. McGroarty, between Chattanooga and Nashville, in 1864, while lying on a pallet in the car with his arm cut off, accuse Logan to his face, of expressing strong sympathy with the Rebellion, in his conversations in Washington.

If Logan was not strongly in sympathy with the rebels at the beginning of the war, and until after he returned from Richmond, his position has been misrepresented more than that of any other man in this country.

THE MOREY CHINESE LETTER.—The reader will remember that upon the appearance in print of what purported to be a letter of Mr. Garfield involving the question of the employment of Chinese labor, just before the close of the late Presidential campaign, it was at once denounced as a forgery, and a prosecution was commenced against an alleged forger, with a great flourish of Radical trumpets. Since the election the prosecution has lagged. When inquired of why he did not prosecute the suit, the Chairman of the Republican National Committee declared the reason to be that he had no money. But the money was promptly furnished by leading Democrat, upon condition of honest efforts to find out the real author of the letter. Now word comes that the prosecution of those at present under arrest is to be dismissed and no other instituted! The truth seems to be that the letter has been traced to the author, but that is not pleasant to Republican officials to admit that James A. Garfield is that author! The action of the Republican leaders can not be accounted for in any other way.—*Clinton Democrat.*

A GOOD CARD.—General Garfield is "not at home" or "begs to be excused" when delegations of Virginia Republicans call to offer advice concerning offices. This means that Garfield sticks to his bargain with Mahone, and snubs even the old Union men and Republicans in favor of the Readjusters. It was for the purpose of buying Mahone that he was made Chairman of a Senate Committee and given a seat in the Postoffice Committee, where he could control postmasterships. General Mahone denies that he made a bargain, but the more candid Garfield shows that there was a bargain by turning his back upon the Republicans to keep faith with repudiators. The Republican administration is seeking to strengthen repudiation in Virginia; assaulting the financial hopes of a State. The Democrats in the Senate would be less than men if they failed to resist to the uttermost the consummation of this dirty bargain. Better far that the dead-lock should last for a year.

IT LOOKS LIKE FILLIBUSTERING.—The Grant family is off for Mexico. But if his Canal Presidency breaks down as hurriedly as his New York World's Fair Presidency, his canal business will not last long. If Grant looks around much over there the Spaniards will treat him as they did poor deluded Maxamillian.

The following facts are put forward suggestively by a Western journal: Grant has gone to Mexico. General E. O. S. Ord, for a long time commander on the Rio Grande, has his resignation in the hands of the President. Gen. Grant's own son Fred resigns his sincure in the regular army and joins his father in Mexico. With these overwhelming indications that there is a great fillibustering movement on foot, having for its object the annexation of Mexico, sixty representative Illinois Republicans were struck with its momentous importance, and every one favored it.

A HAYESISM.—Does the New York *Herald* mean to insinuate that Ex-President *de facto* Hayes was bribed by the star route contractors? That paper's Washington correspondent of Thursday makes the following point: "It would gratify public curiosity if Mr. Hayes would explain what hold the star route jobbers had on him strong enough to compel him to stand during his whole term between them and daylight. Already in 1876 one contractor, Barlow, swore before a Congressional Committee that he had been compelled to pay $40,000 "hush" money to obtain safety." It is not surprising that a public journal which understands how Hayes was the beneficiary of the biggest theft the world ever saw should covertly accuse him of making the best use of his stolen property he could.

A BLUNDERING LEGISLATURE.—For phenomenal blundering the Legislature of Wisconsin bears off the palm. It passed an apportionment law which came to nought because it entirely overlooked a town of 2,500 inhabitants; it passed a tax law which came to nought because it provided for doing something with the tax certificates on the 31st of June; it passed an anti-treating law which also came to nought because it formally repealed another law which was not in existence. This blundering is so gross that one is all but tempted to believe that it was committed purposely.

GEORGIA'S NEW MARSHAL.—General Longstreet, a man who won high distinctive honors on the Confederate side during the rebellion, afterwards joined the Republican party, and from the very day he declared his intentions that party awarded him with fat appointments and big pay. First at New Orleans as a Custom official, then abroad as Minister to Turkey, and now at home again as Marshal for Georgia. The last position will make him, in a certain sense, the master of the political situation in Georgia, although it remains to be seen whether even Longstreet, aided by the minions who are designed to be appointed as his aids in bulldozing the ignorant black vote, will be powerful enough to overthrow the vast Democratic majorities that Georgia has given of late years. She was the first State to throw off the carpet-baggers, and the moment she did this she arose rapidly into the high plane of prosperity. The intelligent natives, both black and white, will not welcome anything that threatens to disturb the peace and progress she has made under a happy Democratic Administration of her internal affairs.

THOSE "STAR ROUTES".—It is a mean thing to say "I told you so" when a friend or even an enemy is in trouble, but the Democrats will be forbearing, indeed, if they do not remind the country how hard they fought the "star route" swindles and how the Administration of Hayes balked all their efforts and kept the rascals in place. The investigations of this branch of postal iniquity, though impeded in Congress as much as possible by the executive, unearthed enough to show what was going on. Mr. Blackburn made some ringing speeches on the subject, and even denounced the chief conspirator of the star route swindles, who was buttonholing members of the House on the floor and in the lobbies, trying to head off the investigations. The Republicans in Congress were helping the Executive to hush the matter up. Now Garfield, for purposes of his own, lets the cat out of the bag.

DEATH OF MR. WOODRUFF.—We learn from the Erie *Observer*, that Samuel E. Woodruff, Esq., the well known attorney of that city, and for many years Register of Bankruptcy, died at his residence on State street, on the 22d ultimo, after a brief illness, in the 65th year of his age. The deceased was a son of a Connecticut Presbyterian minister, and a graduate of Hamilton College, New York. He was admitted to the bar in Cincinnati in 1841; located at Girard in 1844; was elected District Attorney of Erie county in 1859; moved to Erie in 1872. He was married to a daughter of Robert Sterrett, deceased, of McKean, and his wife, one son and two daughters survive him.

Mr. Woodruff was personally known to many of our citizens who will regret to learn of his death.

HAVESING HIM.—The man who drew Samuel J. Tilden's salary of $50,000 per annum for four years (Hayes, Rutherford B.) hadhis callers at the White House, believe that he was a teetotaler by way of his appetite. Since he has retired to Fremont, Ohio, it has been charged by some rude Washington correspondents that Hayes did drink more than water and coffee. The minion editor of the Philadelphia *Times* hurls this kind of a brick at the head of the Fraud:

R. B. Hayes, of Fremont, Ohio, has taken the trouble to write to a remote Western journal to assert his temperance convictions. He announces some characteristic reasons guiding him in his adherence to total abstinence. When he was to Washington in 1877 he was not, he avows, a total abstainer, but his wife "had been a total abstinence woman since childhood." Mrs. Hayes, it will thus be seen, was a progeny—she was a woman from childhood up. The question comes in naturally—was she ever a babe? They do say in Washington that she was a good deal more President than her husband—quite a safe assertion, bearing facts in mind.

A VETERAN.—A Washington correspondent says that Hon. R. C. Winthrop, who was Daniel Webster's immediate successor in the United States Senate, and who delivered the oration at the laying of the corner stone of the Washington monument, was on top of the unfinished shaft on Wednesday, with his wife and daughter, enjoying the grand view from the summit.

The observer of current events is aware that Massachusetts has not furnished the United States Senate with a statesman since the days of Webster and Winthrop. That tony Commonwealth has sent some smart men to that body, but they all turned out to be demagogues, Credit Mobilier stock dealers, etc.

WORSE THAN A SHOT-GUN.—The abhored shot-gun isn't the worst intimidator in existence, as was truly intimated by General B. F. Butler in response to an interviewer the other day. "With a shot-gun," said the General, "you influence but one vote, but the manufacturers influence thousands of votes by the meanest kind of intimidation." He was referring particularly to Massachusetts. The same thing is true, however, of all the manufacturing districts. As the General reiterated: "It is more disastrous to a free vote than thousands of shot-guns." General Butler has served long enough in public life to render a true verdict in such cases.

DON OUT OF PLACE.—An exchange in alluding to the conduct of United States Senator Cameron in that body, the other day, says:

The personal discredit that Don Cameron brings upon himself in the U. S. Senate is so far of little consequence, but the disgrace to the State is something that every Pennsylvanian is concerned in. The quarrel with Dawes (of his own party) the other day, was discreditable enough to him to have made him hold his mouth for a session, but to be compelled to vote against his own motion because the Democrats voted for it was lowering himself to the grade of a scavenger. Having sufficiently established that he is neither fit to talk nor make motions it is time for him to submit.

More: Our Senator is entirely competent to manage the Radical Congressmen from this State, and the members of the Legislature too, but he should keep his mouth shut in the Senate.

THOSE ASSASSINS.—An exchange says: "There are several remarkable coincidences in connection with the lives and deaths of the Czar and Abraham Lincoln. Both were the great emancipators of this generation; both died by assassination; the chief assassin in each case was injured and his death followed speedily; a woman was hanged in both cases and the executions in both cases took place under martial law and on a scaffold surrounded by troops and in garrisoned capitals."

"A WANTON ACT OF OPPRESSION."—"Do you pretend to say," said Postmaster-General James to John L. French, for eleven years Chief Clerk in the office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, "that you can sit idly by and see the Government money squandered and not report the facts to the Postmaster General or to the President?"

"I do, sir," replied French; "it was no part of my duty as a subordinate to exercise control in this matter."

This is French's own report of the question and answer, printed in the Washington *National Republican*. Yet French seems to regard his removal as a wanton act of oppression.

AMENDMENT No. FIFTEEN SET ASIDE.—Chicago, April 29.—Something of a sensation has been created at Springfield, Illinois, by the refusal of the hotel keepers to receive the members of the troupe of Jubilee Singers from the Fisk University of Tennessee as guests for two days this week.

The great point is made of this refusal being made at the home of Mr. Lincoln, the emancipator of the colored race. All the hotel men, with one exception, base their action on the fact that, the Legislature being in session, their houses are full. At the Leland House, however, the manager says he runs a hotel to make money, and cannot afford to drive away his white guests by accommodating colored people.

LET IT BE REPEATED.—The New York *Herald* recommends, in view of the exposures of the Star route frauds and Dorsey's implication in them, that the company which so lately banqueted and toasted that statesman in New York be reconvened and invited to review its judgment of him. Grant, we believe, presided and Rev. Henry Ward Beecher said grace, and Vice President Arthur praised the guest of the occasion for his judicious distribution of "tracts" in Indiana, which made Garfield's election in November possible. It was a delightful company. By all means let it come together again and give Dorsey and Brady a new certificate of character.

DIRECTOR'S CONVENTION.—As we go to press (Tuesday, 1 o'clock, P. M.) the School Director's of our county are assembling in the Court Room and organizing as a Director's Convention, for the purpose of electing a County Superintendent for the ensuing term of three years. What the result will be we are unable to state. There are quite a number of candidates willing to take the office but just who will appear on the bulletin board when voting time comes around is not settled, except that Mr. Weaver and Mr. McQuown had the floor this morning.

STAR ROUTE INQUIRIES.—Washington, D. C., April 24.—A table showing the increase of the annual pay of ninety-three star routes out of the 9,225, whereby the annual pay of the ninety-three routes was raised between the lettings of 1878 and January 1, 1880, from $727,189 to $2,802,214, is furnished from official sources. The regular appropriation for star route service for the year ending June 30, 1880, was $5,900,000. Of this amount $2,802,214 was absorbed by the ninety-three routes embraced in the above table, leaving $3,097,786 for the remaining 9,132 routes. It appears from this that Hayes' larceny of the Presidency was not the only heinous crime.

A LOVELY EXAMPLE.—Light-colored Republicans have an excellent lesson of self-abnegation offered them by ex-Senator Bruce of Mississippi. He declined the lucrative mission to Brazil, which was tendered him by the President, because he was unwilling to leave his wife at home, and loves her too fondly to take her with him on account of the yellow fever and other unhealthfulness of that far-away country. No such case is of record as to white Republicans.

PECKSNIFFISM.—It is well understood in Washington that Mahone is afraid of Conkling, and he truckles to the New York Senator in such an obvious way as to be very noticeable. Conkling, who usually only condescends to address his conversation to the older and more pretentious Senators, is flattered by the diminutive Virginian, and he sometimes permits a shake of the hand and occasionally, but very seldom, a confidential chat.

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.—The Republican State Committee met at Harrisburg recently and fixed upon the 8th day of September next, as the day for the meeting of their State Convention to nominate a candidate for State Treasurer. They have very sensibly decided upon a short campaign, and we hope the Democratic State Committee will do likewise.

WHAT A SPECTACLE!—The Chambersburg *Spirit* says: Gaze at and admire, if you can, the "great" Republican party with Mahone and Riddleberger, and Longstreet, and Mosby, repudiationists, guerrillas and rebels, its especial pets, and the chosen representatives of the style of the present administration's "Southern policy." It's a picture that an artist couldn't do full justice to with anything smaller than a white-wash brush.

New Advertisements.

DIVORCE NOTICE.—Martha K. Bloom, by her next friend, N. E. Arnold, vs. Wm. L. Bloom. *Sub. Sev. Divorce.*

The undersigned, having been appointed in open Court a Commissioner to take testimony in the above stated case, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the borough of Clearfield, Pa., on SATURDAY, the 21ST DAY of MAY, 1881, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, when and where the Defendant can appear to cross examine. T. J. McCULLOUGH, Commissioner.

may4-3t.]

Millinery! Millinery!!

I TAKE the pleasure of informing the public that I shall offer special inducements in Millinery Goods, such as Silks, Satins, Ribbons, Flowers, &c., Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets, in the very latest styles. Notions and Made-up Clothing for children. I kindly solicit a share of your patronage.

MISS M. A. WELCH,
Market St., Clearfield, Pa.

Apr. 20, 1881-1y.

DIVORCE NOTICE.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, Pa.

Margaret E. Myers, by her next friend, James Fye vs. O. J. Myers. | No 110, Mar. T., '81. | *Sub Sev.* Divorce.

To O. B. Myers:—You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next term of Court as aforementioned, and there defend in the above case, or show cause why a decree of divorce a vinculo matrimonii should not be made.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Clearfield, Apr. 27 '81-4t. } J. MAHAFFEY, Sheriff.

FOR SALE!

A HOUSE AND TWO LOTS!

ALL those two certain lots of ground with dwelling house thereon, situate on Market street, opposite the Allegheny House, in the borough of Clearfield, having a front on said street of 100 feet, and extending in depth 172 feet to an alley, known in the plan of said borough as lots Nos. 169 and 174, being the estate of James Thompson, deceased. Apply to—

FRANK FIELDING,
W. D. BIGLER,
Attorneys for owner.

Clearfield, Pa., May 4, 1881-4t.

New Advertisements.

Shingle Mill for Sale.

A LARGE Buckeye Shingle Machine can be purchased very cheap from the undersigned. The terms will be made easy to the purchaser in price and time. For further information call at "Blanchard's Home Camp," in Union township, or address the undersigned at Rockton, Clearfield county, Penn'a. NAPOLEON McDONALD.

Rockton, May 4, 1881-4t*.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the matter of the estate of John Hertzogh, late of Karthaus township, deceased.

March 23d, 1881, T. J. McCullough appointed to dispose of the exceptions filed to the account of Godfrey Fisher, the Administrator, by the widow and heirs of said decedent. The said Auditor hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the borough of Clearfield, Pa., on FRIDAY, the 20TH DAY OF MAY, 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when and where all parties interested may appear personally or by attorney.

T. J. McCULLOUGH, Auditor.

Clearfield, Pa., May 4, 1881-3t.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, Hon. C. A. MAYER, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton, and Hon. ARNAH OGDEN and Hon. VINCENT B. HOLT, Associate Judges of Clearfield county, have issued their precept, to me directed, for the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, at the Court House, at Clearfield, in and for the county of Clearfield, commencing on the **Fourth Monday of May, 1881, being the 23d day of the month,** and continuing one week.

NOTICE is therefore hereby given to jurors and witnesses, in and for said county of Clearfield to be and appear in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, to do those things which in their behalf pertain to be done.

GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 6th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

JAMES MAHAFFEY, Sheriff.

april 6-4t.

Gray's Specific Medicine.

TRADE MARK — TRADE MARK

Great English Remedy. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

BEFORE TAKING. — AFTER TAKING.

Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold in Clearfield by C. D. Watson.

apr27, '81-1y.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

FACTS WORTH KNOWING.

Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many other of the best medicines known to us are skillfully combined in PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, as it makes it the greatest Blood Purifier and The Best Health and Strength Restorer Ever Used.

Imperfect is the companionship of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC that no disease can long exist where it is used. If you have Dyspepsia, Headache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Bowel, Kidney or Liver Disorder, or if you need a mild stimulant, an appetizer, the TONIC is just the medicine for you, as it is highly curative and invigorating but never intoxicating.

If you are slowly wasting away with Consumption or any form of Lung Disease, Cough or a bad Cold, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will surely help you. It gives new life and vigor to the feeble and aged, and is a certain cure for Rheumatism and Chronic Infections. It Has Saved Hundreds of Lives; It May Save Yours.

If you are feeling miserable don't wait until you are down sick, but use the TONIC today. No matter what your disease or symptoms may be, it will give prompt relief.

Remember! PARKER'S GINGER TONIC is not a rum drink but the Best and Purest Family Medicine ever made, compounded by a new process, and entirely different from bitter, ginger preparations and all other Tonics. Try it to-day. Your druggist can supply you.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

The Best and Most Economical Hair Dressing: elegantly perfumed and perfectly harmless.

Will Always Restore Gray or Faded Hair to its original youthful color and appearance, and is warranted to stop its falling, assist its growth and prevent baldness.

A few applications of the BALSAM will relieve the most severe scalp diseases such as itching and inflammation, dandruff and some itching and troublesome scalp diseases.

April 6th, 1881-1y.

HAVE YOU HEARD

The News From

MOORE'S?

THEY HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes,

Hats and Caps

—AND—

Gent's Furnishing Goods

That Ever Came into the County,

AT THEIR STORE, ROOM NO. 1

OPERA HOUSE,

GEO. C. & TOM W. MOORE.

Clearfield, Pa., Sept. 22, 1880-tf.

JURY LIST.—Names and location of those persons drawn as jurors to serve at May term, commencing on the fourth Monday (23d), and continuing two weeks:

TRAVERSE JURORS—MONDAY, MAY 23D.

Lew Lawhead,	Clearfield	Jas Glenn,	Ferguson,
M D Delavin,	Houtzdale	Wash Hess,	Greenwood
John B Benn,	"	Jas Mitchell,	Lawrence,
R B Hartman,	Osceola	John Brown,	"
J H Friday,	"	J Mossburger,	Morris,
F Bellepfeer,	Decatur,	J L Stewart,	"
Jackson Ramsley,	Bell,	A A Long,	Pike,
Jno Bumbarger,	Boggs,	John Reed,	Sandy,
Wm Crowell,	Bradford,	P B Weaver,	"
J W Gearhart,	"	T P Hollister,	"
Eli Harmon,	Brady,	Isaac D Rixter	"
Geo Hartsfelt,	"	Thos Foster	"
W W King,	Burnside,	Frank Fox,	"
Sheff Corson,	"	T H Simon,	"
E McKee,	"	Jos Harrison,	Woodward
Jno Addleman,	Chest,	Jas Harrison,	"
W Schwartz,	Covington,	WW Hepburn,	"
D S Hughes,	Decatur,	John Lloyd,	"

GRAND JURORS—MONDAY, MAY 23RD.

A J Hagerty,	Clearfield,	Wm Moffat,	Decatur,
G W Dickey,	Houtzdale	R R Flegal,	Goshen,
J H Kelly,	N Wash'gton	Sam'l Stiles,	Gulich,
J J Fox,	Osceola	A H Rosenkranz,	Huston
A K Green,	Beccaria,	Fred Brown,	"
H L Henderson,	Bell,	Jno Swan, Jr.,	Jordan,
Ed Hoover,	Boggs,	Philip Rihard,	Knox,
Jeff Litz,	Bradford,	J F Mullen,	Lawrence,
Chas Redifer	"	J W Hollenbach,	Morris
W I Curley,	"	Jno B Kyler,	"
J S Fry,	Burnside,	W N Prothero,	Sandy,
E G Gearhart,	Decatur,	Jas Clark,	Woodward,

SECOND WEEK—MONDAY, MAY 30TH.

Harry Rose,	Clearfield,	M W Johnson,	Green'd
Ernest Beck,	"	W J Conrad,	Gulich,
Jas Moore,	Houtzdale,	Geo W Spiese,	"
Don St Geo Fratzer	"	N. F. Brown,	Huston,
John B Potter,	I. City,	J Rorenkranz,	"
E B Clemson,	Newburg,	Wm Hoffman,	"
Wm Mays,	Osceola,	Samuel Lee,	"
And Kleer,	Wallaceton,	Peter Mayr,	Knox,
Isaac Lyle,	Beccaria,	W M Cathcart,	"
Sam'l Bodle,	"	Wm Lockett,	"
Lemuel Root,	"	R J Shaffner,	Lawrence,
Samuel Wentz,	Bell,	Hugh Mahon,	"
W D Shirey,	Bradford,	Thos Lahich,	"
J L Pearce,	"	Wm Beaumont,	"
Sam'l Lansberry	"	J Dunglebarger,	Pike,
W A Hoover,	"	Christ Gardlock,	"
Daniel Fisher,	Chest,	Robert Porter,	"
Albert DeWitt,	"	E Kunz,	Sandy,
Thomas Kilts,	"	Lewis Schaffer,	Sandy,
J Catherwood,	Decatur,	J Martin,	"
G P G Mattern,	"	J G Harris,	"
John Hughes,	"	B W Morgan,	Woodw'd,
W B Morgan,	"	Chas E Fee,	"
Dan'l Houser,	Graham,	Harry Hartman,	"

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the foregoing list of names of persons were drawn by us on the 24 day of April, A. D. 1881, in accordance with venire issued by the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, President Judge of the Courts of Clearfield county, bearing date the 24 day of April, A. D. 1881, to serve as Grand and Traverse Jurors in the several Courts to be held at Clearfield, commencing on the fourth Monday (23d) in May, A. D. 1881, to continue two weeks.

JAMES MAHAFFEY, Sheriff.
A. J. JACKSON,
WM. R. BROWN,
Jury Commissioners.

Clearfield, Pa., Apr. 6, 1881-4t.

New Advertisements.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. [mch2,81-1y.]

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of HENRY HOOVER, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement, without delay.

A. M. DRAUCKER, Administrator.

Luthersburg, Pa., April 27th, 1881-6t*.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby warned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following personal property, now in the possession of J. H. CORSON, of Burnside, viz: Two bay horses and one set of double harness. The foregoing property was purchased by me at private sale on the 10th day of February last, and is allowed to remain in the possession of said J. H. Corson on loan only, subject to my order at any time. C. R. PATRICK.

Burnside, Pa., April 20, 1881-3t.*

HOUSE & OLD BRIDGE LUMBER FOR SALE.—The undersigned, County Commissioners, will sell for cash, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, on FRIDAY, the 6th day of MAY, 1881, at 2 o'clock P. M., the house known as the Goodfellow bridge toll house. The purchaser to remove the same within three months from date of sale. Also, on same day, the old bridge lumber lying on the river bank.

C. W. KYLER,
ELAH JOHNSON,
JOHN NORRIS,
Commissioners.

Clearfield, Pa., April 27, 1881-2t.

VALUABLE

Real Estate at Private Sale!

Homestead of A. H. Shaw, Dec'd.

THE homestead of A. H. Shaw, dec'd, situate in Lawrence township, adjoining Clearfield borough, Pa., is offered for sale. It is bounded and described as follows: Fronting 435 feet on the river; thence extending back along the borough line south 76½ degrees east 249 feet to the grounds of the Railroad Company; thence along the same north 3 degrees east 416 feet to lot of Gas Company; thence along same north 75½ degrees west to Water street, containing

TWO ACRES AND 67 PERCHES,

and having thereon erected a large and well-finished dwelling house 40x30 feet with "L" attached 18x30 feet, also a good barn about 40x40 feet with other outbuildings. For terms or other particulars inquire of

T. H. MURRAY, Guardian,
or W. W. BETTS, Administrator.

Clearfield, Pa., April 27th, 1881-6t.

TRIAL LIST.—The following is a list of causes set down for trial for June Term, 1881, commencing May 23d:

A I. Hulliday,	for use,	vs. P. Flynn.	
George Bingham		vs. P. Flynn.	
W. D. Irvin		vs. R. C. Thompson.	
M. Rankin,	Assignee,	vs. Wainright & Co.	
Gilbert Thomas.		vs. Jacob Bilger.	
Christian Lay	et al.	vs. Richard Arthurs	et al.
William Westover		vs. Jas. & Ransom McEwen	
JB Dillon & S McFarlan		vs. S. Cowan & J. Taylor	
Michael Hubert		vs. M. A. & J. Mecleaser	
E. C. Eby & Co.		vs. Jesse W. Curtiss.	
Chester Munson	et al.	vs. Robert Litz	et al.
B. D. Schoonover		vs. D. W. & J. M. Holt.	
Bigler, Young & Co.		vs. John DuBois.	
Mitchell Ashey		vs. Emanuel Kunts.	
Constantine Shigley		vs. Wm. & Louisa Irvin.	
E. H. Wilson		vs. B. F. Douglas	et al.
M. M. DuBree,	Adm'x,	vs. Woodland Fire Il Co.	
Co Nat Bank of Clf'd		vs. A. Humphrey.	
Co Nat Bank of Clf'd		vs. William A. Wallace.	
Stewart & Pearce		vs. William Luther.	
John P. Irvin		vs. James A. Bloom.	
Bridget Baker		vs. A. V. Railroad Co.	
J E McFarlane & Co,	use	vs. William Westover.	
M. Hubert		vs. Christ. Haag.	
George M. Brisbin		vs. J. J. Lingle.	
Ithamer Dale		vs. Thomas C. Kyler.	
Samuel Milliken		vs. W. S. White & Son.	
E. R. Ross		vs. J. T. Hurd.	
W H Armstrong,	Ex'r	vs. E. A. & W. D. Irvin.	
Wm. Huffman		vs. Casper Lulpaidt	et al.

JAMES KERR, Prothonotary.

apr27-1c.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, commencing on the fourth Monday (being the 23d day) of May, A. D. 1881:—

Final account of Edward Curry, Administrator of W. S. Curry, late of Chest township, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, deceased.

Partial account of W. W. Betts and Mary E. Shaw, Administrators of A. H. Shaw, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd.

Final account of Joseph M. Spencer, Guardian of Lydia P. Porter, (in estate of Nancy Porter,) late of Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, deceased.

Final account of Zachariah McNaul, Guardian of Arthur McBride, son and heir of Wm. M'Bride, Sr., late of Curwensville borough, Clearfield county, Penn'a.

Final account of Lydia P. Leonard, Administratrix of the estate of Charles W. Leonard, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, deceased.

Final account of J. H. Pentz, Guardian of W. C. Pentz, one of the heirs of Jacob Pentz, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, Penn'a, dec'd.

Final account of P. K. Pentz, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Pentz, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, Pa., deceased.

Final account of Dr. J. W. Patter and C. Brown, Administrators C. T. A. the personal estate of John Reiter, Sr., late of Covington township, Clearfield county, deceased, with distribution account.

Final account of Joseph Patterson and Alex. Ferguson, in estate of Joseph McCully, deceased.

GEORGE M. FERGUSON, Register.

Clearfield, Penn'a, April 27, 1881.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Hon. C. A. MAYER, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton—and Hon. ARNAH OGDEN and Hon. VINCENT B. HOLT, Associate Judges of Clearfield county have issued their precept, to me directed, for the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at the Court House at Clearfield, in and for the county of Clearfield, commencing on the **Fifth Monday of May, being the 30th day, A. D. 1881, and to continue for one week.**

NOTICE IS, therefore, hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, in and for said county of Clearfield, to appear in their proper persons, with their Records, Rolls, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done.

By an Act of Assembly, passed the 8th day of May, A. D. 1834, it is made the duty of the Justices of the Peace of the several counties of this Commonwealth, to return to the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person or persons charged with the commission of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where any recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the commencement of the session to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said act had not been passed.

GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 6th day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

april 6-1t JAMES MAHAFFE