The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1880.

Reader, If you want to know what is going on in the business world, just read our advertising columns, the *Special* column in particular.

MAXIMS FOR THE DAY.

No man worthy the office of President should be willing to hold it if counted in, or placed there by any fraud. U. S. GRANT.

I could never have been reconciled to the elevation by the smallest aid of mine of a person, however respectable in private life, who must forever carry upon his brow the stamp of fraud first triumphant in American history. No subsequent action, however meritorious, can wash away the letters of that record. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS.

I would rather have the endorsement of a quarter of a million of the American people than that of the Louisiana Returning Board, or of the Commission which excluded the facts and decided the question on a technicality. THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

Under the forms of law, Rutherford B. Hayes has been declared President of the United States. His title rests upon disfranchisement of lawful voters, the false certificates of the returning officers acting corruptly, and the decision of a commission which has refused to hear evidence of alleged fraud. For the first time are the American people confronted with the fact of a fraudulently-elected President. Let it not be understood that the fraud will be silently acquiesced in by the country. Let no hour pass in which the usurpation is forgotten. ADDRESS OF DEMOCRATIC M. C's.

One hundred years of human depravity accumulated and concentrated into a climax of crime. Never again in five hundred years shall they have an opportunity to repeat the wrong. DANIEL W. VOORHEES.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE:

HON. GEORGE A. JENKS,
OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:

COL. ROBERT P. DECHERT,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

THE ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR ELECTORS-AT-LARGE:

Robert E. Monaghan, William H. Playford.

FOR DISTRICT ELECTORS:

Dis.		Dis.	
1.	John Slevin.	15.	George A. Post.
2.	Edwin A. Pue.	16.	A. M. Benton.
3.	John M. Campbell,	17.	J. P. Linton.
4.	Gillis Dallett.	18.	Col. John S. Miller.
5.	John M. Moffitt.	19.	J. O. Saxton.
6.	Edward Waldon.	20.	C. N. Bowers.
7.	Nathan C. James.	21.	J. A. J. Buchanan.
8.	George Filbert.	22.	Christopher Magee.
9.	Jas. G. M'Sparren.	23.	Robert M. Gibson.
10.	Dr. A. J. Martin.	24.	Thomas Bradford.
11.	Adam Gerringer.	25.	Harry W. Wilson.
12.	Frank Turner.	26.	Samuel Griffith.
13.	P. J. Birmingham.	27.	J. Ross Thompson.
14.	H. E. Davis.		

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE FOR 1880.

BOR. & TWP.		MEMBERS.	POSTOFFICE.
Burnside B'r.	"	Charles B. Patrick,	Burnside.
Clearfield	"	Smith V. Wilson,	Clearfield.
Curwensv'e	"	P. J. Thompson,	Curwensville.
Houtsdale	"	Patrick Dunn,	Houtsdale.
Lumber C'y	"	Daniel W. Hile,	Lumber City.
Newburg	"	Isaac Markle,	Hurd.
N. Wash'n	"	Dr. A. D. Bennett,	N. Washington.
Osceola	"	R. A. Campbell,	Osceola Mills.
Wallaceton	"	Geo. W. Smith,	Wallaceton.
Beccaria T'p.		David Bear,	Glen Hope.
Bell	"	John M Rose,	Ostend.
Bloom	"	William Lines,	Forest.
Boggs	"	Isaac Beish,	Wallaceton.
Bradford	"	David Hitchings,	Woodland.
Brady	"	Charles Schwom,	Luthersburg.
Burnside	"	John Weaver,	N. Washington.
Chest	"	Joseph H. Breth,	N. Washington.
Covington	"	F. G. Coudriet,	Frenchville.
Decatur	"	Jacob F. Steiner,	Philipsburg.
Furgeson	"	A. A. Bloom,	Marron.
Girard	"	John Newcomb,	Gillingham.
Goshen	"	John A. L. Flegal,	Lick Run Mills.
Graham	"	C. W. Kyler,	Grahamton.
Greenwood	"	John A. Rowles,	Marron.
Gulich	"	James Flynn,	Smith's Mills.
Huston	"	H. L. Herning,	Penfield.
Jordan	"	Dr. E. A. Cresswell,	Ansonville.
Karthaus	"	George Heckendorn,	Salt Lick.
Knox	"	Conrad Baker,	New Millport.
Lawrence	"	Clark Brown,	Clearfield.
Morris	"	D. H. Warning,	Morrisdale Miner.
Penn	"	Martin M. Flynn,	Grampian Hills.
Pike	"	Samuel Addleman,	Curwensville.
Sandy	"	John M. Troxell,	DuBois.
Union	"	Reuben H. Laberde,	Rockton.
Woodward	"	William Luther,	Madera.

DR. J. P. BURCHFIELD,
Chairman, Clearfield, Pa.

W. E. WALLACE, Secretary, Clearfield.

THE RADICAL "BOOM."—As we go to press the leaders of the opposition party are in session at Chicago, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President. It looks very much as though Grant—the Third-termer and Emperor—would be the man selected by the boomers.

The Jefferson County Republican Convention met on Monday, the 24th ult., and nominated the following ticket: Congress, Harry White, of Indiana; Senator, Dr. W. J. McKnight, of Brookville; Assembly, James E. Long, of Brookville; Associate Judges, John Thompson, of Rose Township, and Dr. J. W. Foust, of Reynoldsville borough. George T. Rodgers, of Brookville, was choson Chairman of the County Committee.

PARDONED TOO.—We see it stated that the Rev. Dr. Geo. A. Peltz, well known to many of our citizens, has been unanimously acquitted of the charges of immorality preferred against him, at Jamestown, N. Y., after an exhaustive examination by a committee of the church appointed for that purpose. It has been decided, however, that he shall abstain from preaching until he has recoved from the effect of the rumors. The Rev. Dr. has been badly wounded, in a moral sense, and it is not likely that he will ever recover.

THE RADICAL CHAIRMAN.—John Cessna, one of the completest demagogues this State ever produced, is the Chairman of the Cameron State Committee, and resides at Bedford. The Radicals of that county held a Convention last week and instructed their delegate—John Cessna—to the Chicago Convention, to vote for Blaine, although their State Convention had instructed him to vote for Grant. At their primary election on Friday last, the Radicals expressed their views on the Presidency by ballot. In Cessna's own ward the vote stood: Blaine, 72; Grant, 3. The latter was made up of the Chairman, brother and son. This is cooling, indeed!

BOLD AS A RAM.—An exchange says: "The editor of the Indiana *Messenger*, a Republican paper, says he is 'clearly of the opinion that if Grant is nominated at Chicago, five hundred Republicans in this (Indiana) county will refuse to vote for him.' We must patiently wait and see what these 'five hundred' will really do should Grant be nominated, and will simply remark now that if the Republican party in Indiana can swallow Harry White for a third term in Congress, as he wants it to do, it will not stop at gulping Grant down along with him, strong and repulsive as the mixture would undoubtedly be." "Now, just you mind," the *Messenger* man will take to the water in both cases as glibly as a duck.

CRIME ON TOP.

It is with pleasure that we record the fact that there are a few Radical editors (very few) who are still the proprietors of a conscience, and are not afraid to speak their sentiments honestly acquired, and in their journals proclaim against the many great crimes committed by their party leaders in this State. The editor of the New Castle *Courant* is one of the few indicated left. He says:

"On Friday the State Penitentiary was disgraced. The parties who disgraced it were M. S. Quay, Secretary of the Commonwealth; Aaron K. Dunkle, Secretary of Internal Affairs; Henry W. Palmer, Attorney General; Chas. W. Stone, Lieutenant Governor, and Henry M. Hoyt. The first four, after meeting in a hurried session, where the Commonwealth was not represented, recommended the pardon of Kemble, Petroff, Ramberger, Salter and Crawford, sentenced the Monday previous, and Hoyt granted it. The bribers and corruptionists thus go unwhipped of justice, and the moral sentiment of the State is set at defiance. True, their fines and costs were paid, and they go out disqualified to hold any office of trust or profit under the Commonwealth. But what care they for that. Success in crime has made them peculiarly independent. Snatched by men from the jaws of the penitentiary—never having actually worn the stripes nor eaten prison fare—they return to their associates where their wealth insures their standing. The moral force of their conviction is, in a great measure, lost. Instead of being a terror to evil-doers, it is only a warning to them to be a little more careful in their ways and means.

"This defeat of justice and this triumph of crime is chargeable first to Quay, Dunkle, Palmer and Stone, the Pardon Board. The two former were always in favor of it. The latter two at one time refused a pardon and received the approbation of the people therefor. But they have changed, and it must be inferred that they have no reason to give for their change, or that the reasons that caused their change of front would not stand the light of day. No other construction can be put upon it. In doing this they have signed their political death warrants, as well as Quay and Dunkle. So of Governor Hoyt. In signing the pardon of these 'roosters' he signed that which excludes him from future political hope. No doubt the Cameron machine forced him to do it, but the Cameron machine cannot give him the place in the minds of the people he formerly possessed. But still he had a place; he dishonored it and was cast out.

"Quay is seeking higher honors. His eyes are set on the United States Senate. He is working for that in devious ways, even in this county, some of which we may yet point out. He wants to go there as a representative of the Republicans. If the Republicans of this State have the moral principles they are supposed to have, he will never get there, by their votes. Not only that; they will hurl him from the place he now occupies at as early a day as possible. True Republicans have no use for such men—no use for a party who steps between justice and her victims. True Republicanism metes out justice to all scoundrels, whether within or without the ranks of the party."

MAD AMBITION.—The New York *Sun* pours red hot shot into Grantism as follows: "Ulysses S. Grant is a man driven mad by ambition. He now seeks to grasp the Government of the United States—a thing unprecedented—for a third term. To accomplish his purpose he resorts to methods heretofore unpracticed in American politics. Such methods will be condemned by the moral sentiment of the American people.

"High-handed have been the assumptions of the Grant clique in New York and Pennsylvania; and now still more desperate are the means they adopt in Illinois.

"It is well; at least we think it will be well in the end.

"Can the American people be robbed of their right to choose their own President? In other words, can they be deprived of their liberties? Will they tamely submit to have Cameron, Conkling, and Logan, or any other three men, dictate to them whom they shall have for President?

"The issue is now made more simple and plain than ever.

"Americans of grit, of blood, of self-respect! Rise and redeem your rights and your liberties! The great majority of you are better men than Grant, who seeks to be your Emperor or King!

"Down with him!

"Vote him down at the polls!

"Consign him to eternal and condign involuntary retirement."

"LOYAL" DEVELOPMENTS.—The Radical National Convention meets at Chicago to-day for the purpose of nominating a candidate for President. A cotemporary, in alluding to the event, remarks: "One of the last 'closing out' sales of the Republican masses, before the shambles are set up in Chicago, was held in Louisiana on Monday. It divided, a number of the auctioneers striking out and opening up in another place. At what was called the regular auction room a divided delegation was chosen, one-half for Grant, and the other half for Mrs. Pinkston's man, John Sherman. The other crowd put up a solid body for Grant. Mr. Cameron's estimate of the first ballot only claims eight votes from Louisiana, but Mr. Logan, who has proved the master machinist in manipulation, has promised the bolting delegates their seats, and considering the fine work he did in the Illinois State Convention he will probably deliver the goods."

OUR STATE FAIR.—We see it stated that Messrs. D. W. Seiler, Esq., and Major Elbridge McConkey, Secretaries of the State Agricultural Society, returned from a trip to Ohio and Kentucky recently, whither they had been on business connected with the approaching State Fair. These gentlemen met the prominent blooded stock raisers of the two States and received assurance that they would send to the State Fair at Philadelphia some of the finest herds of short-horn cattle, the best sheep and pigs and blooded horses.

FOOTE IS OFF.

The death of Henry S. Foote ends the career of one of the most remarkable men of the last generation. There have been many abler men and yet more who were wiser than Foote among his contemporaries, but few have left so varied a record. He entered the United States Senate from Mississippi when Clay, Webster and Calhoun were yet among its members, and first distinguished himself by his violent assaults upon the anti-Slavery men of the North and his amiable suggestion that his fellow-Senator, John P. Hale, should be hung for treason. In 1850 he joined the conservative elements of Congress to pass the Compromise measures of that year, and when Jeff Davis, his Senatorial colleague, revolted against the adjustment and accepted the Radical pro-slavery nomination for Governor of Mississippi, Foote resigned his seat, became a stump candidate against Davis on the Union platform, and defeated him. His next prominent appearance was as a secession agitator, and when the Confederacy was organized he turned up as a Senator from Tennessee, and was faithful to his old vagaries by opposing pretty much everything that anybody did about the Davis administration. After the war, when old age and grim want came hand in hand, he favored the old flag and an appropriation, and managed to keep himself hanging around the ragged edges of power. He held the office of Superintendent of the Mint at New Orleans until a few days ago, when he resigned and returned to Tennessee to meet the long halt that sooner or later must come to all. He was a petulent agitator, aggressive, quarrelsome and seldom did even the right thing wisely. His usefulness for any purpose had long since ended, and the world will take little note of his departure.

MRS. COLONEL SIMMONS SURRENDERS.

Hundreds of soldiers in this county remember the brave Colonel Simmons. We notice that a graceful and fitting compliment was paid to his widow at Harrisburg, on Saturday evening last. She, it will be remembered, is the widow of as brave and gallant a soldier as ever unsheathed a sword. Among "the bravest of the brave" was Col. Seneca G. Simmons, who lost his life during the rebellion. The Colonel Seneca G. Simmons Post, No. 116, G. A. R., of Harrisburg, hit upon the expedient of making Mrs. Simmons an honorary member of that Post, and without letting any one outside the organization know anything about it, surprised that lady by presenting her with a beautifully engrossed and framed certificate of honorary membership, with the regulations of the G. A. R. and the by-laws of Seneca Post. Mrs. Simmons, who is one of the most estimable and agreeable of ladies, simply but gratefully remarked in reply to an observation of Commander Cockley: *"I surrender, for I have been completely out-generaled."* Forty-five members of the Post were present, and they were delightfully entertained by Mrs. Simmons and her daughter. The occasion was made still more pleasant by the presence of a number of visitors to the family who were as completely surprised as was Mrs. Simmons herself. The ceremonies took place in the beautiful garden attached to her residence, on Front street, where the lamented Colonel was wont to spend many happy hours with his family and friends.

HARD FARE.

The editor of the Lancaster *Intelligencer*, in alluding to the up-hill business the Census takers meet with, says: The Census Supervisors have hard luck. Poor White in Philadelphia got together such a lot of jail-birds that it was necessary to cut off the heads of the whole party, Supervisor included. And now our Snowden, after coming amongst us and looking into the character of the applicants, and vowing that he was going to choose the best men, regardless of their politics, has had such confoundedly bad luck as to see two of the Enumerators in this city sent to jail for thirty days; a period, too, which carries them clear over the time appointed for taking the Census.

What is to be done about it? We can only suggest an appeal to the most benevolent judge of our Court, who may be so impressed by the impossibility of two officers of the United States having done anything worthy of thirty days in jail—especially when it was only their Republican zeal that got them there—that he will let them out as innocent and maligned workers in the good cause in their wards. At any rate the judge should be besought to let these two Enumerators out for a couple of hours in the cool of the morning and evening to take the Census in the Third and Seventh wards. They lie handy to the jail, to whose shady retreats they might return to spend the heat of the day, which ought not to be spent on the streets anyway. Thus the needs of the United States, the demands of justice, and the requirements of humanity may be satisfied.

A NEW CANDIDATE.—Another dark political horse is being put on the track, groomed and harnessed for the Cincinnati Convention. A number of ot Congressmen and other Democratic politicians met at Willard's Hotel the other night to get up a "boom" for Wm. R. Morrison, of Illinois, for President. Among the Congressmen present were Knott, Blackburn, Reagan, Hunton, Chalmers, Atkins, Sanford, Clark, Philips, Clarey, Bicknell and Waddell. They are resolved to support Mr. Morrison's aspirations. Mr. Morrison is one of those able, cool men, who can always be trusted with State affairs, and would make a noble President.

PRETTY GOOD.—The New York *World* says that in common justice and propriety the Presidency in order of vindication belongs to General McClellan, and that "after the wrong of 1864 has been righted and the *de jure* President of 1864 has been seated for a full term in the White House it will be in order for Mr. Tilden to claim consideration." True enough, but what the Democratic party should do first of all is to vindicate its own rights which were ruthlessly overturned by fraud and violence in 1864 and 1876. Measures not men, party not individuals, out to be the watchword of the Democrats at Cincinnati.

"OUR COLORED BRETHREN."

WHAT THE NEGRO RADICALS INTEND TO DEMAND.

A Washington *Post* interviewer has recently made a raid on the "intelligent contraband," found so useful during the war. He says:

Hon. J. Milton Turner, next to Fred Douglas probably the best known and most influential colored man in the United States, is in the city again. The last time he came here as a witness before the Exodus committee—this time he comes on his own hook and with an eye to the political situation.

A *Post* reporter, who made the acquaintance of Mr. Turner before he was appointed minister to Liberia, and knows him to be a man of first-rate intellectual ability and nerve, took the trouble to get at his views last evening and record them for the benefit of *The Post*. Mr. Turner can speak for the Northern negro as authoritatively as can Mr. Schurz for the German element of his party, and as such a representative his views are entitled to consideration.

"How is it," said *The Post* to Turner, "that you were not sent as a delegate to Chicago from Missouri? Don't your people make up the bulk of the Republican party in Missouri?"

"Certainly they do. The Republican party of Missouri is composed of negro and German votes. I reckon at least 40,000 negro votes. The white Americans who belong to it, like Filley, have nothing but their own ends to subserve. Filley's interest this time was to get a delegation for Grant and as I wasn't a very strenuous Grant man he kept me out. Filley only wants such men about him as he can use and I probably was dangerous, because I think for myself."

"Are the negroes demanding with any degree of unanimity a representation on the Presidential ticket?"

"I think they generally believe that they are entitled to it. If I had been sent to Chicago, I should have placed one in nomination. We will cast 600,000 votes in the United States this Fall at least and are the balance of power in Ohio and Indiana. We are a significant element, too, in New York, New Jersey and Connecticut."

"Who would your candidate have been?"

"I have no especial candidate.—Douglass or Senator Bruce would have suited me, and would suit the negroes generally. Bruce I think has more elements of success about him than any other man we could name. He has won golden opinions as the only unquestioned Southern Republican Senator from both parties. He is a man of good character, good address and good abilities, and therefore we could present his name on other grounds than that he is merely a black man."

"What grounds?"

"Well, because he has proven himself to be an eminent and successful Republican statesman."

"Does Senator Bruce favor such a proposition?"

"I do not know that he does. He is a modest man and would have to be pulled forward by his race it at all. I have never asked him to allow his name to be used. One of the rights I obtained by citizenship was the right to prefer whom I pleased for any office I can vote to fill, and that right in this case leads me to select Mr. Bruce."

"But you are a Republican, are you not?"

"Certainly."

"And want to see the Republican ticket elected?"

"Yes."

"But are you not aware that the nomination of Bruce a negro, would drive away thousands and tens of thousands of white Republican votes?"

"I am not. It certainly would not if Republicans are honest and mean what they say, and for one I am desirous of putting their protestations to the test. It would be unwise to offer Mr. Bruce as a negro. We offer him as a Republican true and tried. If he is rejected because he is a negro, the responsibility will rest, not with us, but with the Republican party."

"And now that you are not a delegate to Chicago, will his name be presented?"

"I have no doubt it will be. Rev. H. M. Turner, of Philadelphia, one of the most eminent and scholarly negroes in the world, the managing editor of the *Christian Recorder*, the organ of the African Methodist church; a Blaine man, an anti-third term man and, if I am not mistaken, a delegate from Georgia; Isaiah Ware, of Philadelphia, another very influential negro, and a number of other prominent members of my race, while they differ as to the head of the ticket, are a unit for Mr. Bruce, or some other distinguished Republican like him, for the second place. These gentlemen will be at Chicago and in the Convention, and I have no doubt, therefore, that Mr. Bruce's name will be proposed."

"Why do you oppose Grant?"

"I am not opposed to Grant. Of all the candidates he is my personal choice. He took me from an humble position and made a United States Minister out of me. I feel grateful to him for the distinction, and regard him as a great military captain, but I fear his nomination will create irreconcilable dissensions in the party and I like my party even better than I do General Grant. Another thing—I would hate to see Grant defeated. He is too great and too good a man for such a slight or indignity as that."

"What do you think about Sherman?"

"I think he is for the negro—a good friend to him, taking his history in and out, and would, so far as my race is concerned, be willing to trust him."

"Is he your candidate?"

"Yes. I prefer him, and think, too, he will be nominated."

"One more question, Mr. Turner. If the negroes propose Mr. Bruce or Fred Douglass and are refused recognition, will they bolt?"

"I cannot say. It is not possible for me to forecast the action of 600,000 voters."

PRAYER IN POLITICS.—A sort of religious proclamation has been issued in New York invoking Divine aid in the settlement of Presidential tickets. It is as follows:

In view of the fact that the nominating conventions of the political parties in June next will designate those citizens to whom the choice of the people for the Chief Magistrate of these United States for four years next ensuing will be restricted, the undersigned ask their brethren of all denominations to unite with them in making Sabbath, the 30th of May, a special occasion for prayer to Almighty God that He will vouchsafe to guide and direct these assemblies in the choice of men fit for the suffrages of the people.

R. D. HITCHCOCK,	S. S. MITCHELL,
R. S. STORRS,	ARTHUR BROOKS,
H. W. BELLOWS,	E. H. CHAPIN,
T. S. HASTINGS,	J. H. RYLANCE,
C. C. TIFFANY,	L. D. BEVAN,
A. P. PUTNAM,	S. M. HAMILTON,
W. ORMISTON,	R. HEBER NEWTON,
J. A. CHAPMAN,	W. T. SABINE,
O. H. PARHURST,	LINDSAY PARKER.

THE TRUE INWARDNESS.—The Secretary of the Commonwealth—Quay—is now a full-fledged candidate for the United States Senate. It is not to be wondered at, therefore, that he objected to his main supporters being kept behind prison bars during this most important campaign.

THE UNHOLY TRIO.—Cameron, Conkling and Logan are entitled to great credit for their efforts in looking up an Emperor for us. The Bellefonte *Democrat*, in alluding to their venture, remarks: "Senator John A. Logan, under the immediate eye of the 'Old Commander,' has proved himself fully equal to any of the Lieutenants in command of the 'third-term' war in the Republican ranks. Having defeated the Malligans in Illinois, he can now give his hand and claim equal rank with our Don, and the shot-gun hero of New York, not only for forcing success under difficulties, but in the methods used to obtain it. The Malligans and their allies are suppressed, and the Duke is placed in supreme command of the situation. Now it is in order to boost the Empire and give full development to the real object which supporters of a 'strong Government' under Grant have in view."

Bald-headed persons are recommended, by one who knows how it is himself, to have a spider painted on their heads as a preparation for the fast approaching fly-time.

Colored Senator Bruce is only thirty-nine, weighs 240 pounds, and dresses well. He is very modest and never gets in anybody's way.

Courtney felt cold when he reached his hotel. "Boys," said he, "I'm a numb-scull."

New Advertisements.

FOR TINWARE, HARDWARE,
and
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
and
NEEDLES, ATTACHMENTS AND PARTS,
and all kinds of
SEWING MACHINES,
GO TO
O. B. MERRELL, Agent,
CLEARFIELD, PA. [June 2, '78-tf.

FARM FOR SALE!

The undersigned will sell at private sale, his farm, located in Penn township, Clearfield county, Pa., containing
SIXTY ACRES,
half of which is in a good state of cultivation, with a frame dwelling, log barn, a thrifty orchard and an excellent spring of never failing water, together with the necessary outbuildings. The portion not cleared is heavily timbered, and all is underlaid with coal and iron. It will be sold low and on easy terms. For further information call on the premises, or address the subscriber at Grampian Hills P. O. OWEN J. KEENAN.
Grampian Hills, June 24, 1880-3m.

Thomas A. Duckett,
—DEALER IN—
F-U-E-L.

I HEREBY give notice to the citizens of Clearfield and the surrounding vicinity that I am prepared at all times to furnish families and manufacturing establishments with a superior quality of
Coal, Wood & Coke,
Which I am prepared to deliver in a few hours' notice. I am always ready to haul and deliver item and to the depot, or anywhere else, and move families and household goods anywhere on short notice. THOS. A. DUCKETT.
Clearfield, Pa., Mar. 31, 1880-tf.

John Irwin & Bros.,
CURWENSVILLE, PA.,
—DEALERS IN—
All Kinds of Merchandise,
—SUCH AS—
Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc.
—to—
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
SQUARE TIMBER,
AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
SAWED LUMBER CUT TO ORDER.
—to—
The Only Manufacturers in Clearfield County of the
NEW PROCESS FLOUR!
—to—
FLOUR, CHOP AND FEED ALWAYS ON HAND;
Cash paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Rye, Oats, Etc.
Curwensville, Pa., June 2, 1880-tf.

Akron Peters.....A. R. Woolridge
PETERS AND WOOLRIDGE,
—DEALERS IN—
Dry Goods, Groceries and General Merchandise,
WOODLAND, CL'F'D CO., PA.

RESPECTFULLY solicit their patrons and the public generally to call and examine their new stock of
Spring and Summer Goods,
CONSISTING OF
Cashmeres, Velveteens, Delaines, Lawns, Ginghams, Prints, Unbleached and Bleached Muslins, Fancy Skirts, Sheetings, Tickings, Carpets, Rags, Oil Cloths, HOSIERY, Laundried, White, Cheviot and Percale Shirts, Gloves, Neckwear, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, etc., etc.
Groceries & Gen'l Merchandise
Will be found of first quality, and satisfaction is guaranteed. The following are always kept on hand, (some few only in their season): Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Syrups, Confectioneries, Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Figs, Dates, etc., Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Tinware, Wood and Willowware, Paints, Oils, Clocks, Trunks, Valises, Mirrors, Stationery, Furniture, & Miners' Supplies,
ALSO, DEALERS
BARK, R. R. TIES & SHINGLES.
June 2, 1880-tf.

New Advertisements.

SUSQUEHANNA HOUSE,
CURWENSVILLE, PENN'A.

This old and well-established Hotel has been leased by the undersigned, and he feels confident of rendering satisfaction to those who may patronize him. Good stabling attached.
LEWIS C. BLOOM, Proprietor.
April 21, '80-tf.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the estate of JOHN POTTER, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.
GEORGE C. KIRK,
Executor.
Lutherburg, Pa., June 24, 1880-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of ALFRED W. OWENS, late of Ferguson township, Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay. JAMES H. HILE,
Administrator.
Lumber City, Pa., June 24, 1880-6t.*

TO FARMERS!

I wish to inform the Farmers of Clearfield county, that I am the manufacturer of Wheeler's patent Railway Chain
HORSE POWER,
With Threshers and Cleaners of one or two horse power. For further particulars address the undersigned at Bloomsburg, Columbia county, or call upon F. M. CARDON & BRO., Agents, in Clearfield Pa. J. M. HULSHIZER.
June 24, 1880-3m.

Spring & Summer Millinery!

TO MY CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC AT LARGE: About Saturday, April 24th, I will return from Philadelphia with a full line of MILLINERY GOODS of all kinds. With new facilities for doing business, I will simply say that I can now give my customers the benefit of my advantages in buying, styles and prices throughout the entire season. Mrs. T. E. WATSON.
Clearfield, Pa., April 21, 1880-3m.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of JOHN A. JACKSON, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.
SARAH ANN THOMPSON,
MILTON H. THOMPSON,
Administrators.
Clearfield, Pa., June 2, 1880-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, in the matter of the estate of Mary J. Davidson, deceased, late of Bell township, Clearfield county. The undersigned auditor appointed by said Court to distribute the balance of money in the hands of Jas. McGee, Sr., administrator of said estate, among the persons entitled thereto, gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Clearfield, on TUESDAY, THE 22d DAY OF JUNE, A. D., 1880, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all parties interested may attend.
OSCAR MITCHELL, Auditor.
Clearfield, June 24-3t.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Hon. C. A. MAYER, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Union, and Hon. ASHER OGDEN and Hon. VINCENT R. HOLT, Associate Judges of Clearfield county have issued their precept, to me directed, for the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at the Court House at Clearfield, in and for the county of Clearfield, commencing on the First Monday, the 7th day of June, 1880, and to continue one week.

NOTICE IS, therefore, hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, in and for said county of Clearfield, to appear in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done.

By an Act of Assembly, passed the 8th day of May, A. D. 1854, it is made the duty of the Justices of the Peace of the several counties of the Commonwealth, to return to the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person or persons charged with the commission of any crime, except such cases as may be ended before a Justice of the Peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively, and in all cases where any recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the commencement of the session to which they are made returnable, the said Justices are to return the same in the same manner as if said act had not been passed.

GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 21st day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty.
apr21-ts JAMES MAHAFFEY, Sheriff.

AUDITORS' STATEMENT.—Account of J. C. Whitehill, Treasurer of the borough fund of the borough of Clearfield, Pa., for the year ending April 1st, 1880:—

DR.

To balance of Duplicate of 1875	$ 185 81
To " " " 1876	86 20
To " " " 1877	36 77
To " " " 1878	415 00
To amount of " " 1879	2,010 97
To amount balance	22 88
Total	$2,756 63

CR.

By am't due Treas'r at last settlement	$ 135 66
By am't paid as follows:—	
William Derritt	34 69
H. W. Smith, Auditor	4 00
S. V. Wilson, Auditor	2 00
J. C. Whitehill	2 00
D. F. Bickel	88 50
W. A. Ogden	1 50
Wm. T. Wilson, work, etc	71 74
Daniel Connelly	22 70
James Pendegrast	27 50
Edward Hill	4 40
Joseph Yothers	1 50
Henry Ford	3 50
John Hallihen	1 50
John McClellan	1 50
Calvin Myers	25
Patrick Herbert	4 62
Tim Hennesy	42 00
Richard Shirk	8 25
P. A Gaulin	1 10
Alfred Shirk	5 50
Wm. Hoffman	5 50
W. C. Foley	5 52
Thomas Reilly	15 26
Reis Reid	4 50
Wm. Powell	9 52
S. A. Bigler	2 00
Clearfield Gas Light Co., gas and lighting lamps	176 48
Clearfield Gas Light Co., gas	93 60
Wm. H. Brown, work, etc	23 90
C. Leipoldt	27 48
T. J. Boyer	6 50
Thomas Dougherty	5 50
W. Andrews	4 95
John Schleifer	1 10
John Hemphill	4 40
John Livingston	4 50
Joseph Lucas	75
John W. Shugarts	3 26
S. J. Row & Son	8 00
Clearfield Fire Brick Co	81 21
Lewis Lanich	1 25
George S. Young	4 40
George R. Goodlander	14 00
Claud Welch	3 50
J. Frank Powell, street lamps, freight, glass and repairs	88 75
J. Frank Powell, duplicate and postage	67
J. Frank Powell, salary as Secretary	25 00
J. M. Grant	10 00
John Short	3 20
George Thorn	3 14
H. B. Powell	31 88
Jean Kegel, st	4 15
M. G. Brown & Bro	64 00
M. Marshall	5 00
A. M. Fleck, repairing street lamps	1 00
Jacob Moore	1 25
Corn Owens	55
W. V. Wright	3 00
W. W. Wetzell	43
John Barclay	2 00
W. Bell	2 15
John McNamara	15 00
W. J. Hemphill, taxes	2 00
Robert Mitchell	13 10
Frank McDermott	5 00
E. M. McCullough, lighting gas lamps	15 75
J. I. Patterson	7 60
Paid on J. W. Smith's judgment	55 74
126 coupons, $3.50 each	441 00
6 coupons $10.50 each	63 00
Rebate of 5 per cent. on $1,441.39, 30 days collection	72 06
Percentage, 5 per cent. on $164.58 paid after 30 days	8 22
Percentage, 5 per cent. on $246.34, collected on duplicate of 1878	12 31
Percentage, 10 per cent. on 24.43 collected on duplicate of 1877	2 44
Balance of duplicate of 1875 in hands of collector John McClellan	185 81
Balance of duplicate of 1878 in hands of collector Whitehill	88 93
Balance of duplicate of 1879 uncollected	595 10
Exoneration on duplicate of 1877	12 34
" " " 1878	77 34
Printing and stationery	5 00
Treas. Percentage, 3 per cent. on $1,679.34	50 38
Total	$2,756 63

We, the undersigned borough Auditors, having examined the foregoing account of the District Treasurer, and compared the vouchers, find the same correct, and certify that there is due the Treasurer, J. C. Whitehill, from the borough fund a balance of $22.88.

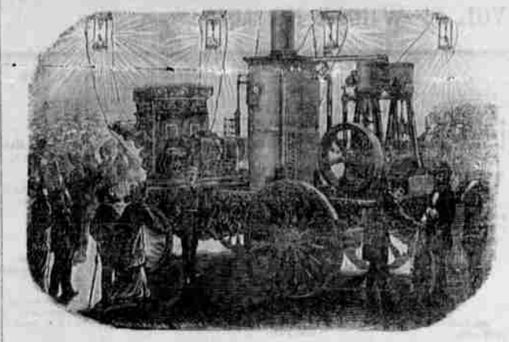
JACK HAGERTY,
SMITH V. WILSON,
Auditors.
May 19th, 1880-2t.

Welsh & Sands' Great Circus and Menagerie.

All the Aggregations of the Earth Aggregated into one Monster Aggregation!

Largest Tented Exhibition on Earth!

THE MONARCH MARVEL OF MODERN TIMES!



WELSH & SANDS'
Great New Orleans and San Francisco
RAILROAD CIRCUS
—AND—
Royal English Menagerie!

The One and Only WORLD'S FAIR of the Rail! Upon its own Three Locomotive Trains. Will Positively Exhibit

AT CLEARFIELD, FRIDAY, JUNE 11th,

Under its Four Thousand Yards of Lofty Tents, made Brighter than Unclouded Equatorial Noon, by the New and Just Perfected

30,000 ELECTRIC LIGHTS!

Sunbeams are shadows in its chained lightning blaze, which upon Science a Heaven born Halo. We, and we alone, have it. No other show can obtain the right to use it. None other could afford. It is itself a Glorious Exhibition, well worth going full 100 miles to see.

Its 100,000 Gaslight-Power Electric Motor,

Which is exhibited both afternoon and evening, and is alone the greatest of all single exhibitions, costing $30,000 cash, requiring a 60-horse-power boiler and many miles of copper cable.

One ticket for the usual price admits to what is more than 20 first-class shows. Children under 9 years, half rates. Separate from all, but without extra charge,

THE MONSTER MILLIONAIRE MENAGERIE OF THE EARTH.

A $100,000 herd of Elephants, a whole Menagerie of these Mammalias Mastodons, including

"CALIPH,"

The Largest Captive Monster in the World, which weighs more than any three other Elephants in