Hotels.

THE MANSION HOUSE.

Corner of Second and Market Streets,
CLEARFIELD, PA.

THIS old and commodious Hotel has, during the past year, been enlarged to double its former capacity for the entertainment of strangers and guests. The whole building has been refurnished, and the proprietor will spare no pains to render his guests comfortable while staying with him.

☞The "Mansion House" Omnibus runs to and from the Depot on the arrival and departure of each train. W. C. CARDON,
July 13-77-tf Proprietor

ALLEGHENY HOTEL,—

Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.

Wm. S. Bradley, formerly proprietor of the Leonard House, having leased the Allegheny Hotel, solicits a share of public patronage. The House has been thoroughly repaired and newly furnished, and guests will find it a pleasant stopping place. The table will be supplied with the best of everything in the market. At the bar will be found the best wines and liquors. Good stabling attached. WM. S. BRADLEY,
May 17, '76. Proprietor.

SHAW HOUSE,

(Cor. of Market & Front streets,)
CLEARFIELD, PA.

The undersigned having taken charge of this Hotel, would respectfully solicit public patronage.
feb26,'78. R. NEWTON SHAW.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE,

NEW WASHINGTON, PA.

H. D. ROSE, Proprietor.

Meals, 25c. Man and horse over night, $1 00. Man and two horses over night, $1.50. The best of accommodations for man and beast.
Oct. 23,'78-tf.

WASHINGTON HOUSE,

NEW WASHINGTON, PA.

This new and well furnished house has been taken by the undersigned. He feels confident of being able to render satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call.
May 8, 1872. G. W. DAVIS, Prop'r.

LOYD HOUSE,

Main Street,
PHILIPSBURG, PENN'A.

Table always supplied with the best the market affords. The traveling public is invited to call.
jan.1,'78. ROBERT LOYD.

Banks.

County National Bank,

OF CLEARFIELD, PA.

ROOM in Masonic Building, one door north of C. D. Watson's Drug Store.

Passage Tickets to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, London, Paris and Copenhagen. Also, Drafts for sale on the Royal Bank of Ireland and Imperial Bank of London.
JAMES T. LEONARD, Pres't.
W. M. SHAW, Cashier. jan1,'77

DREXEL & CO.,

No. 34 South Third Street, Philadelphia
BANKERS,
And Dealers in Government Securities.

Application by mail will receive prompt attention, and all information cheerfully furnished. Orders solicited. April 11-tf.

F. K. ARNOLD. G. W. ARNOLD. J. B. ARNOLD

F. K. ARNOLD & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,
Reynoldsville, Jefferson Co., Pa.

Money received on deposit. Discounts at moderate rates. Eastern and Foreign Exchange always on hand and collections promptly made.
Reynoldsville, Dec. 16, 1874.-1y

Dentistry.

J. L. R. REICHHOLD,

SURGEON DENTIST.

Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery. Office in residence of Dr. Hills, opposite the Shaw House. mch13,'78-tf.

DR. E. M. THOMPSON,

DENTIST.

(Office in Bank Building.)
Curwensville, Clearfield Co., Pa.
mch 22 '76-tf.

J. M. STEWART,

SURGEON DENTIST,
CLEARFIELD, PA.

(Office in residence, Second street.)
Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
Clearfield, Pa., May 2, 1877-1y.

Miscellaneous.

SHOEMAKING.—I hereby inform my patrons, and mankind in general, that I have removed my shoemaking shop to the room in Graham's row, over S. I. Snyder's jewelry store, and that I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my line cheaper than any other shop in town. All work warranted as good as can be done anywhere else. Positively this is the cheapest shop in Clearfield. JOS. H. DEERING.
Dec. 11, 1878-tf.

WAGONS FOR SALE.

The undersigned has on hand, at his shop in Clearfield,
Two-horse Wagons, One-horse Wagons,
Spring Wagons, and Buggies,
For sale. Western wagons as well as those made here. Any of which will be sold cheap for cash or approved security. For further information, call in person at my shop, or address me by letter.
THOMAS REILLY.
Clearfield, Pa., April 23, 1879-tf.

The Bell's Run Woolen Factory

Penn township, Clearfield Co., Pa.

BURNED OUT!
BUT NOT
BURNED UP!

The subscribers have, at great expense, rebuilt a neighborhood necessity, in the erection of a first-class Woolen Manufactory, with all the modern improvements attached, and are prepared to make all kinds of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Blankets, Flannels, &c. Plenty of goods on hand to supply all our old and a thousand new customers, whom we ask to come and examine our stock.

The business of
CARDING AND FULLING
will receive our especial attention. Proper arrangements will be made to receive and deliver Wool, to suit customers. All work warranted and done upon the shortest notice, and by strict attention to business we hope to realize a liberal share of public patronage.

10,000 POUNDS WOOL WANTED!

We will pay the highest market price for Wool and sell our manufactured goods as low as similar goods can be bought in the county, and whenever we fail to render reasonable satisfaction we can always be found at home ready to make proper explanation, either in person or by letter.
JAMES JOHNSON & SONS,
april26tf Bower P. O.

REMOVAL!

JOHN McGAUGHEY

Would respectfully notify the public generally that he has removed his Grocery Store from Shaw's Row, to the building formerly occupied by J. Miles Kratzer, on Second street, next door to Bigler's hardware store, where he intends keeping a full line of

GROCERIES.

HAMS, DRIED BEEF and LARD.
SUGARS and SYRUPS, of all grades.
TEAS, Green and Black.
COFFEE, Roasted and Green.

FLOUR AND PROVISIONS,

CANNED FRUITS,

All kinds in the market.
PICKLES, in jars and barrels.
SPICES, in every form and variety.

FAMILY FLOUR,

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS.
SOAPS,
MATCHES,
DRIED APPLES,
DRIED PEACHES,
DRIED CHERRIES

Coal Oil and Lamp Chimneys.

And a good assortment of those things usually kept in a grocery store, which he will exchange for marketing at the market prices.

Will sel for cash as cheaply as any other one.

Please call and see his stock and judge for yourself.
JOHN McGAUGHEY.
Clearfield, Jan. 9, 1878.

Miscellaneous.

ARNOLD WANTS
Shingle Bolts & Saw Logs.
Curwensville, Jan. 9, '78-tf.

GEO. WEAVER & CO.,

SECOND STREET.

CLEARFIELD, PA.,

Have opened up, in the store room lately occupied by Weaver & Betts, on Second street, a large and well selected stock of

Dry-Goods, Groceries,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

QUEENSWARE, WOOD & WILLOW WARE,

HATS AND CAPS,

FLOUR, FEED, SALT, &c.

Which they will dispose of at reasonable rates for cash, or exchange for country produce.

GEORGE WEAVER & CO.
Clearfield, Pa., Jan. 9, 1878-tf.

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL VITALITY AND COLOR.

IT is a most agreeable dressing, which is at once harmless and effectual, for preserving the hair. It restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray, light, and red hair, to a rich brown, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use thin hair is thickened, and baldness often though not always cured. It checks falling of the hair immediately, and causes a new growth in all cases where the glands are not decayed; while to brashy, weak, or otherwise diseased hair, it imparts vitality and strength, and renders it pliable.

The VIGOR cleanses the scalp, cures and prevents the formation of dandruff; and, by its cooling, stimulating, and soothing properties, it heals most if not all of the humors and diseases peculiar to the scalp, keeping it cool, clean, and soft, under which conditions diseases of the scalp and hair are impossible.

As a Dressing for Ladies' Hair,

The VIGOR is incomparable. It is colorless, contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil white cambric. It imparts an agreeable and lasting perfume, and as an article for the toilet it is economical and unsurpassed in its excellence.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

CENTRAL State Normal School.

(Eighth Normal School District.)
Lock Haven, Clinton Co., Pa.

A. N. RAUB, A. M., Principal.

This School as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure water, soft spring water.

Location healthful and easy of access.

Surrounding scenery unsurpassed.

Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work.

Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough.

Expenses moderate.

Fifty cents a week deduction to those preparing to teach.

Students admitted any time.

Courses of study prescribed by the State: I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV. Scientific.

ADJUNCT COURSES:
I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Music. IV. Art.

The Elementary and Scientific courses are Professional, and students graduating therein receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding degrees: Master of the Elements, and Master of the Sciences. Graduates in the other courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the Faculty.

The Professional courses are liberal, and are in thoroughness not inferior to those of our best colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this school to help to secure it by furnishing intelligent and efficient teachers for her schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving school.

For catalogue and terms address the Principal.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

STOCKHOLDERS' TRUSTEES.
J. H. Barton, M. D., A. H. Best, Jacob Brown, S. M. Bickford, Samuel Christ, A. N. Raub, R. G. Cook, T. C. Hipple, Esq., E. P. McCormick, Esq., W. W. Rankin, JOHN A. ROBB.

STATE TRUSTEES.
Hon. A. G. Curtin, Hon. H. L. Diffenbach, Gen. Jesse Merrill, Hon. Wm Bigler, J. C. C. Whaley, S. Millar McCormick, Esq.

WILLIAM BIGLER,
President Board of Trustees.
JESSE MERRIL,
Vice President.
S. MILLAR McCORMICK, Secretary.
THOMAS YARDLEY, Treasurer.
Lock Haven, Feb. 79-1y26.

NEW FLOUR, FEED, AND GROCERY STORE.

JOHN F. KRAMER,
Room No. 4, Pie's Opera House,
Clearfield, Pa.

Keeps constantly on hand

SUGAR,
COFFEE,
TEAS,
SODA,
COAL OIL,
SYRUP,
SALT,
SPICES,
SOAP,

Canned and Dried Fruits, Tobacco, Cigars, Candies, Cider Vinegar, Butter, Eggs, &c.

ALSO, EXTRA HOME-MADE
Wheat and Buckwheat Flour,
Corn Meal, Chop, Feed, &c.,

All of which will be sold cheap for cash or in exchange for country produce.
JOHN F. KRAMER.
Clearfield, Nov. 18, 1874-tf.

New Advertisements.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OF THE
CLEARFIELD COUNTY
AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,
TO BE HELD AT
CLEARFIELD,
ON
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday & Friday,
October 14, 15, 16 and 17, 1879.

OFFICERS:
PRESIDENT—JOHN SMITH.
SECRETARY—AL. M. ROW.
TREASURER—JOHN McGAUGHEY.
EXECUTIVE COM'TEE—ISAAC M STAGE, ELISHA DAVIS, ISAAC CALDWELL, NATHANIEL RISHEL and LEANDER DENNING.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Family Tickets ... $1 00
Single admission Tickets ... 25

Children under ten years old when accompanied by parents or guardian, free, and under that age not admitted unless accompanied by their parents or guardian.

Every person wishing to be enrolled as a member of the Society, upon the payment of one dollar to the Treasurer, will receive a certificate of membership containing the name of the applicant.

Every person so enrolled as a member, shall, on the presentation of such certificate, receive a ticket which will limit himself, wife, and children under eighteen years of age, during the fair. Life members of the Society will receive a similar ticket.

All persons must be provided with tickets signed by either the President or Chairman of the Executive Committee, to obtain admission. They will be furnished by the Treasurer or Secretary, or at the office on the ground. Persons acting as judges are expected to become members of the Society. Persons from other counties can become members by complying with above rules. Ladies can become members by the payment of fifty cents.

Exhibitors must have their animals and articles entered on the Secretary's book on, or before the second day of the Fair, at 12 o'clock, and all animals and articles, except horses for pleasure and for the trotting premiums, must be brought within the enclosure as early as 12 o'clock on Wednesday morning. All persons entering animals and articles for exhibition must procure cards from the Secretary with the number and class upon it, attach the same to the animal or article previous to being placed upon the ground. Hay and straw will be furnished gratis for animals entered for premiums, and grain will be furnished at cost for those who desire to purchase.

No horse shall be entered or allowed a premium unless he is free from disease. Horses will be received until noon on Thursday, but must have been entered previously. All persons who intend to exhibit horses, cattle, sheep or swine, or who intend to offer stock for sale on the ground, are requested to notify the Secretary of such intention on, or before the sixth day of October, and leave with him a list and full description of the same.

The number and class, and the number in the class, with the name of the article will appear on the card attached, but the name of the exhibitor will not appear.

Premiums and Diplomas will be paid on and after the first Monday after the Fair, and until the first day in December, 1879, after which all moneyed premiums unclaimed will be considered as a donation to the Society. The officers of the Society and members of the Committee of Arrangements must wear a badge designating their office. A select police force will be in constant attendance for the preservation of order and the protection of property.

The Trotting Course is level, well graded and one-half of a mile in circuit. Ample arrangements will be made for the convenience and comfort of visitors.

Instructions to Judges—No animal or article on exhibition for a premium to receive an award in more than one class. This does not embrace horses entered for the trotting premiums. Judges are expressly required not to award premiums to over-fed animals. No premiums are to be awarded to bulls, cows or heifers, which shall appear to have been fattened, only in the class of fat cattle; the object of the Society being to have superior animals of this description for breeding.

Fat Cattle—The judges on fat cattle will give particular attention to the animals submitted for examination. It is believed all other things being equal, the best cattle have the greatest weight over the smallest superfices. The judges will require all this class to be weighed, and will take measures to give the superfices of each and publish the result with the report. They will also, before awarding any premiums require the manner and cost of feeding, as required by the regulations of the premium list.

If there is but one exhibitor, and he may show several cattle in one class, premiums will be awarded in accordance with the merits of the animal.

The Superintendent will take every precaution in his power for the safety of stock and articles on exhibition, after their arrival and arrangement on the ground, but the Society will not be responsible for any loss or damage that may occur. Exhibitors will be required to give personal attention to the animals and articles, and at the close of the Fair to attend to their removal.

Any article not enumerated in the classes placed on exhibition, if worthy of notice, will be suitably rewarded.

All the articles may be entered free of charge, except horses for pleasure, or for the trotting premiums.

Any information desired can be obtained by addressing any of the officers.

PREMIUM LIST.

Class 1—Open to all breeds and competitors.

Best bull three years old and upward owned in county ... $5 00
Second best ... 4 00
Best bull between 2 and 3 years old ... 6 00
Second best ... 3 00
Best bull between 1 and 2 years old ... 6 00
Second best ... 3 00
Best cow owned in county ... 8 00
Second best ... 4 00

Class 2—Grade cattle owned in county.

Best cow for milk and butter ... $5 00
Best heifer, 3 years old ... 3 00
Best heifer, 2 years old ... 2 00
Best heifer, 1 year old ... 2 00
Best calf under 1 year old ... 2 00

Class 3—Fat cattle.

Best fat bullock, cow or heifer ... $5 00

Class 4—Thorough-bred horses. Open to all.

Best stallion, any breed ... $6 00
Second best ... 3 00
Best mare and colt ... 5 00

Class 5—Family, draught & farm horses.

Best single family horse ... $2 00
Best matched carriage horses ... 3 00
Best gelding or mare for work ... 4 00
For the team of two horses that pulls the heaviest load on a stone-boat, a distance of two feet or more ... 5 00

The exhibitor will be required to produce a statement from at least three responsible neighbors, as to working qualities, of draught horses, to entitle him to premiums in this class.

Best 2-year old colt ... $3 00
Best colt under 2 years ... 2 00
Best 3-year old colt ... 4 00

Class 6—Trotting horses owned in county.

Best time, 3 in 5, in single harness, purse ... $100 00
First horse ... $75 00. Second horse ... 25 00

Entrance fee, 10 per cent. of purse, and at least seven entries must be made, and five horses start. The entrance must accompany the nomination. Horses that win in this class cannot compete in class 7.

Class 7—Trotting horses owned and raised in county.

Best 2 in 3, in harness, purse ... $50 00
First horse ... $25 00
Second horse ... 15 00
Third horse ... 10 00

Entrance fee, 10 per cent. of purse, and at least six entries must be made and four horses to start. Entrance fee must accompany nomination.

Class 8—Trotting colts, not over four years old, owned in county.

Best 2 in 3, in harness, purse ... $30 00
First horse ... 15 00
Second horse ... 10 00
Third horse ... 5 00

Entrance, 10 per cent. of purse, and at least five entries must be made and four horses to start. Entrance fee must accompany nomination.

Class 9—Sheep and Wool.

Best buck ... $4 00
Best ewe ... 3 00
Best lamb ... 1 00
Best fleece wool ... 1 00

Class 10—Swine.

Best boar ... $4 00. Second best ... 1 00
Best sow and pigs ... 2 00
Best pig under 6 months old ... 2 00
Heaviest fat hog ... 3 00
Second best ... 1 00

Class 11—Poultry.

Best coop 6 spring chickens ... $1 00
Best display of chickens, not less than 12 ... 2 00
Best 2 turkeys under one year ... 1 00

Class 12—Plows, rollers, drills, harrows and cultivators.

Best plow for stubbles or sward ... $2 00
Best sub-soil plow ... 3 00
Best clod-crusher and roller combined ... 2 00
Best grain drill ... 2 00
Best threshing machine ... 8 00
Best corn planter ... Dip.
Best horse-rake ... 3 00
Best hay-pitching machine ...
Best original invention of ag'l implement ... 5 00
Best harrow ... 1 00
Best fanning mill ... 2 00
Best cultivator ... 1 00
Best corn sheller ... 1 00

All articles in this class not manufactured in the county, will be awarded no moneyed premiums, but may receive a diploma.

Class 13—Miscellaneous Farming Implements.

Best bee hive ... $1 00
Best grain cradle ... 1 00
Best lot of garden tools ... 1 00
Best display of farming utensils owned by exhibitor ... 5 00

This class subject to the rule in Class 12.

Class 14—Cereal Grains.

Best 2 acres of winter wheat ... $10 00
Best bushel of winter wheat ... 2 00
Best 2 acres of rye ... 5 00
Best bushel of rye ... 1 00
Best 2 acres of oats ... 5 00
Best 2 acres buckwheat ... 5 00
Best 2 acres of corn ... 5 00
Best 1 acre of clover seed ... 4 00
Best 1 bushel of potatoes ... 1 00
Best ½ bushel of timothy seed ... 1 00

Crops being equal, preference will be given to those that yield the largest net profit. Statements to be furnished by the exhibitors. They must be measured or weighed, and a sample furnished at the Fair. Applicants for premiums must furnish the committee with a statement signed by themselves, under pledge of veracity, of the quality of grain raised on the ground and entered for a premium, and must state as correctly as he can the kind and condition of the previous crops, the kind and quantity of seed sown, and the time and mode of putting it in the ground. Persons entering field crops for exhibition, or intending to do so, may give notice to the Executive Committee at any time, and have the field measured and examined by the committee while growing.

Class 15—Bread and Cereal Food.

Best loaf of wheat bread ... $ 50
Best loaf of rye bread ... 50
Best loaf of corn bread ... 50
Best sponge cake ... Dip.
Best jelly cake ... Dip.
Best pound cake ... Dip.
Best fruit cake ... Dip.
Best coffee cake ... Dip.
Best lady cake ... Dip.
Best cake of any kind ... 50
Best preserves ... 50
Best jelly ... 50
Best display of preserves and jelly ... 1 00
Best ice cream ... 50

Class 16—Butter and Cheese.

Best 10 pounds or more of firkin butter, at least 8 months old ... $2 00
Best 5 pounds or more of butter ... 1 00
Best cheese made by exhibitor ... 2 00

The exhibitor to give a statement of the manner of preparing the firkin butter, and of making the cheese.

Class 17—Flour.

Best 100 pounds wheat flour ... $1 00
Best 100 pounds buckwheat flour ... 1 00
Best 50 pounds corn meal ... 50
Best 50 pounds rye flour ... 50

Class 18—Domestic Articles.

Best box, or jar of honey ... $1 00
Best peaches put up air-tight ... 50
Best tomatoes put up air-tight ... 50
Best blackberries air tight ... 50
Best fancy jar of pickles ... 50
Best cured ham ... 50
Best dried beef, with mode of curing ... 50

Class 19—Domestic Manufactures.

Best 10 yards of flannel ... $2 00
Best 10 yards of satinet ... 1 00
Best 15 yards woolen carpet ... 2 00
Best 10 yards cloth ... 1 00
Best 10 yards rag carpet (woolen chain) ... 2 00
Best pair blankets ... 1 00
Best wool fringed mitts ... 50
Best woolen coverlet ... 1 00
Best specimen of knotting, knitting or needle-work by Miss under 11 years old ... 1 00
Best pound stocking yarn ... 50
Best foot mat ... 50
Best tidy mat ... 50

Class 20—Needle, shell, waxwork, etc.

Best specimen of needle-work ... 50
Best specimen of sewing on machine ... 50
Best specimen of flowers in worsted ... 50
Best specimen of embroidery in worsted ... 50
Best specimen of embroidery in lace ... 50
Best specimen of leather work ... 50
Best specimen of wax flowers ... 50
Best specimen of feather work ... 50
Best specimen of ornamental work ... 50
Best shirt made by Miss under 12 years ... $1 00
Best bed quilt, estimated for work ... 1 00

Class 21—Millinery and Dressmaking.

Best millinery work ... $1 00
Best dressmaking ... 1 00

Class 22—Artistic Work.

Best photograph taken on the ground ... Dip.
Best landscape painting ... Dip.
Best pen drawing ... Dip.
Best architectural drawing ... Dip.
Best oil painting ... Dip.
Best portrait painting ... Dip.
Best cattle painting ... Dip.
Best painting in water colors ... Dip.
Best ornamental painting of any kind ... Dip.
Best farming scene ... Dip.
Best specimen rustic work made by exhibitor ... Dip.

Class 23—Designs.

Best design for farm house and stable ... [illegible]
Best design for dairy house ... 1 00
Best design for fruit house ... 1 00

Class 24—Metallic Fabrics and Mac'ry.

Best cooking stove ... $2 00
Best parlor stove ... 2 00
Best specimen of iron fence ... 2 00
Best lot of tinware ... 1 00
Best blacksmithing ... 1 00
Best specimen of iron turning ... 1 00
Best plate casting ... 1 00
Best original invention in the county ... 5 00
Best display of American table and pocket cutlery ... 2 00
Best display of edge tools ... 1 00
Best specimen of gunsmithing ... 1 00

Class 25—Vehicles of all kinds.

Best family carriage ... $2 00
Best buggy ... 2 00
Best farm wagon ... 2 00
Best sleigh ... 2 00
Best lumber sled ... 1 00
Best horse cart ... 1 00
Best wheelbarrow ... 1 00

The premiums in this class are intended only for articles manufactured in the county by the exhibitor. Diplomas may be awarded to articles not made in the county, if deserving of notice. This rule also applies to Class 29 and 30.

Class 26—Cabinetware made in County.

Best dressing bureau ... $2 00
Best extension table ... 1 00
Best variety of chairs ... 1 00
Best bedstead ... 1 00
Best washstand ... 50
Best set of parlor furniture ... 4 00
Best set of chairs ... 1 00
Best sofa ... 2 00
Best centre table ... 1 00
Best lounge ... 1 00
Best office chair ... 50
Best rustic chair ... 1 00

Class 27—Coopering, Carpentering, &c.

Best pleasure tubs, stands, &c ... $2 00
Best set of grain measures ... 1 00
Best window blinds ... 2 00
Best lot of buckets ... 50
Best specimen of sash ... 1 00
Best panel door ... 2 00
Best pump of any kind ... 2 00

Class 28—Roots and Vegetables.

Best 1 bushel rutabagas ... $1 00
Best 1 bushel carrots ... 1 00
Best 12 stalks of celery ... 50
Best half bushel sweet potatoes ... 1 00
Best 1 bushel table beets ... 50
Best 6 heads cabbage ... 50
Best variety of melons ... 50
Best squashes ... 50
Best pumpkin ... 50
Best egg plant ... 50

It must be shown that all vegetables have been raised by the exhibitor.

Class 29—Curriers, Saddlers and Shoemakers.

Best display of boots and shoes ... $2 00
Best riding saddle for lady ... 2 00
Best riding bridle and martingale ... 50
Best side finished harness leather ... 1 00
Best sleigh robe made by exhibitor ... 1 00
Best carriage harness ... 2 00
Best single harness ... 2 00
Best side kip leather ... 50
Best side sole leather ... 50
Best tug harness ... 2 00
Best gentleman's saddle ... 2 00
Best traveling trunk ... 1 00
Best calfskin ... 50
Best side upper leather ... 50

Class 30—Tailors' & Upholsterers' work.

Best suit of clothes made by hand ... $2 00
Best pants and vest made by a lady ... 1 50
Best husk mattress ... 2 00
Best straw mattress ... 1 00
Best coat made by a lady ... 1 00

Class 31—Printing in County.

Best newspaper ... $1 00
Best blank ... 50
Best handbill ... 50
Best card ... 50
Best specimen of ornamental printing ... 2 00

Class 32—Stoneware.

Best assortment and quality ... $2 00

Class 33—Wood and Stone.

Best dressed stone ... $2 00
Best butter bowl ... 50
Best turned article ... 1 00
Best floor boards, worked ... 1 00
Best washing machine ... 1 00
Best weather boards, worked ... 1 00

Class 34—Natural Minerals.

Best suit of useful minerals of Clearfield County, including coal ... $2 00
Best potter's clay ... 50
Best limestone ... 1 00
Best fire clay ... 50

Class 35—Fruit.

Best display and greatest variety of grafted apples ... $3 00
Best peck of pears ... 1 00
Best peck of quinces ... 1 00
Best bushel apples ... 1 00
Best 10 pounds American grapes ... 1 00
Best 5 pounds natural grapes ... 1 00
Best domestic grape wine ... 50
Best currant wine ... 50
Best blackberry wine ... 50

To be the property of the Society.

Class 36—Horsemanship.

To the lady who manages her horse best and sits most gracefully ... Dip.
To the gentleman who manages his horse best and sits most gracefully ... Dip.
Best driving on track by a lady ... Dip.
Best brass band ... Dip.
Best band of martial music ... Dip.

Class 37—Nurseries.

Best nursery containing the greatest variety of fruits and shrubs, cultivated in the most approved manner, the applicants to furnish written description, with variety and mode of culture ... $2 00

Discretionary premiums will be awarded for all articles of merit not embraced in the above, and exhibited by mechanics in all the various branches, and it is hoped that a general exhibition will be made. For all improvements useful to the farmer, and having valuable properties, although not made in the county, premiums may be awarded by the Executive Committee. In all cases of merit diplomas will be awarded to exhibitors residing out of the county, and such persons are cordially invited to attend the Fair, and exhibit any articles they may choose. They will receive every attention at the hands of the officers.

An earnest appeal is made to our people to make this the best Fair ever held in the county. A glance at the Premium List, as published above, will show that this Fair is strictly for the benefit of the farmers of Clearfield county, and it is hoped that they will give us their hearty co-operation.

Persons desirous of renting stalls, or getting the privilege of the grounds for refreshment stands, etc., will address or call upon Isaac M. Stage, Clearfield, Pa.

Any inquiries addressed to the Secretary will receive a prompt reply. JOHN SMITH,
AL. M. ROW, Secretary. President.
Clearfield, Pa., Sept. 17, 1879-3t.

THE REPUBLICAN.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 8, 1879.

A HUMILIATING SPECTACLE.

The President and Secretary of the Treasury in the Clutches of a Member of the Louisiana Returning Board.

CASANAVE'S DEMAND FOR CASH.

HAYES AND SHERMAN SQUIRM, BUT ARE FORCED TO FURNISH THE SHEKELS—ANOTHER CHAPTER IN THE EIGHT TO SEVEN HISTORY.

Casanave furnished the following statement to the Chicago *Times*:

"When these criminal proceedings were begun, Messrs. Anderson and Wells, against whom the prosecution was particularly and especially directed, employed Messrs. Cullom and Castellanos, attorneys to defend them. I assented to it upon assurance from Mr. Anderson, who showed me a letter, which he said was from Washington, and, I supposed, written by Secretary Sherman, to the effect that funds would be sent to defray all the expenses incurred for our defense. After the trial, and the acquital of Anderson, Messrs. Cullom and Castellanos demanded their fee, and after repeated efforts to collect it, they sued the board and got judgment. The other members having nothing, my property was seized and advertised for sale by the Sheriff to pay the amount. The judgment was originally $5,000, but $1,795 has been paid, leaving a balance of $3,125.

"Do the other members of the board refuse to pay this amount?"

"Well, they have failed to do it."

"Are they not holding good offices in the New Orleans Custom House?"

"Yes, Anderson, Wells and Kenner, and all their family connections, numbering not less that forty persons, are drawing money from the United States government, besides the stealings, which, if what everybody says is true, amount every month to as much as this judgment."

"How did you happen to come here about this matter? I should think the other members, having such good places in the Custom House, would not care to have this case brought to the attention of the Administration?"

"Before coming here I called upon Anderson and Kenner, who refused to pay anything. I went to Wells' office frequently to see him, but could never find him. He has been absent from his office a long time, and it is difficult to find him. Seeing that I could get no assistance from the other members, and being pressed continually for payment by the attorney, who threatened to sell me out at Sheriff's sale, if I did not pay speedily, I thought I would come to Washington and seek relief from those I had helped into the high and lucrative office they now hold. This is what brought me here. I could get nothing out of the officers in Louisiana. Therefore, I came to try those higher up, but no less the creatures of the Returning Board. I had great confidence in my mission here, remembering the ancient Spanish saying that 'it is not much to give a leg to him who gave you the fowl.'"

"How many appointments have Anderson, Wells and Kenner of their family connections and friends in the New Orleans Custom House?"

"Not less than fifty, including sons, sons-in law and fathers-in law and their sons.

"To illustrate: There is Anderson, Deputy Collector, salary $3,000; Anderson's son, Clerk, salary $1,400; Ben Bloomfield (Anderson's son's father in-law), Auditor, $2,500; George Bloomfield (son of Ben, and brother-in-law of Anderson's son), Clerk, $1,200; R. Notille, (friend of Anderson), salary, $1,460; Louis Demarais (friend of Anderson), salary $2,500; William R. Johnson (friend of Anderson), $1,600; and Louis E. Salles, also a friend of Anderson, $2,000 per annum. Mr. Salles has charge of the dead head and sinecure roll which has drawn from the Treasury from $1,500 to $3,000 for each month since Anderson and Wells have controlled the New Orleans Custom House, and this fact must be well known to the Secretary of the Treasury. Then there are Louis M. Kenner, Deputy Naval Officer, salary $2,500; a brother (Alexander Kenner), Clerk, $1,600; another brother (Dick Kenner), $600 per annum. Wells is Surveyor of the Port at a salary and fees amounting to upward of $3,000; his son (Alex. Wells), Deputy Surveyor, at a salary of $2,500; R. R. Robinson (son-in-law of Wells) salary $1,080, and other of the family connections."

"Who have you seen about this matter or relieving you from paying this judgment?"

"I called on the President in company with General Sypher the next day after my arrival. He treated me courteously, but made no offer to relieve me and remarked that he had nothing to do with it, but advised me to see Anderson, who he thought would settle it. General Sypher suggested to the President that he convey his wishes in this regard to General Anderson in authoritative form, which no doubt induce Anderson to pay, but for me (Casanave) to return to Louisiana with the President's verbal message would be useless. The President took alarm at this suggestion and retreated behind the Cabinet, which was about assembling. I also called on Secretary McCrary, who expressed much sympathy for me and said: 'If I was able I would pay this judgment myself, but I am a poor man and live entirely upon my salary. It should be paid at once.' Of course I was very grateful to the Secretary for these kind expressions. I next saw Messrs. Shellabarger and Wilson, to whom I explained my case. They advised me to see Assistant Secretary Hawley, which I did in company with General Sypher. Mr. Hawley referred me to Mr. Shellabarger, who, he said, would attend to it. I saw Messrs. Shellabarger and Wilson, who assured me, on a promise of Mr. Hawley, that the money would be raised on the return of Mr. Sherman, who was then in Maine and would be home in a week. I waited contentedly a week, believing it would be satisfactorily arranged. I called on Mr. Sherman on his return; he received me very cordially. I stated my case to him, explaining how my property was about to be sacrificed and showed him, explaining how my property was about to be sacrificed and showed him a copy of the Sheriff's writ. He answered that he knew nothing about it, and that he did not see why Anderson did not settle this matter, but that the money ought to be raised, and that he would give $100, which he attempted to take from his pocket, remarking at the same time, 'You go and see some of the leading Republicans and collect something from them.' My reply to him was: 'I have been to see the President and yourself, and I know no other leading Republicans. Is that the best you can do for me, Mr. Secretary? He answered: 'That is all I can do. I am only here on a salary, and I can't pay everything.'

"I then took my hat, as I did so, saying: 'I thank you sir. That amount would not pay my traveling expenses to Washington!' Then I left his office, being very much disappointed and depressed at the thought that I was going to be sacrificed and ruined while others were being enriched in the high offices into which they had climbed on the ladder I helped to set up. For the first time in my life I realized the force of the French aphorism, 'Serve a great man and you will know what sorrow is.' I again sought the advice of Shellabarger, to whom I had expressed my great disappointment at the manner in which I had been treated by the Secretary after having been assured upon the word of Mr. Hawley that the matter would be arranged on the return of Mr. Sherman from Maine. In my excited feelings I said to Mr. Shellabarger that I would expose the whole matter of the Returning Board proceedings and go home, pocket the loss. He very kindly advised me not to throw the handle after the pot, but wrote a letter setting forth the facts in the case and advised me to await results for a few days. I acted upon his advice and prepared a letter, a copy of which I will furnish you, which I delivered to the President and a copy to Mr. Sherman.

"In a few hours after the delivery of this letter I was informed that $500 had been sent to Collector Badger at New Orleans, to apply in payment of the judgment, and that more would be sent. The next day I was told that $500 more had been forwarded to be applied in the same manner, which I have since learned is not correct.

"The second installment of $500 was not sent. On the morning of the 13th I received this dispatch from home:

"NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 2, 1879.—G. Casanave, Washington, D. C.:—The stable and contents are advertised to be sold Saturday, 16th. What am I to do? P. CASANAVE.

This alarmed me very much, and I went at once with the dispatch to Messrs. Shellabarger & Wilson, and appealed to them to see Secretary Sherman immediately, and get a definite answer whether relief would be given me, and, if so, when, as the time for the sale was then only three days off; for if no relief was to be expected from the administration, I would go home at once and try to save my property. In a few hours, affording time for a conference between Sherman and his attorneys, this dispatch was handed me to send, and I did so at my own expense:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13th, 1879.—To E. North Cullom, New Orleans, La., Exchange Alley, near Custom House street: Should we send $1,000 more on Returning Board judgment will you give a reasonable time for balance?
SHELLABARGER & WILSON.

To which the following is a reply shown me by Mr. Shellabarger:

NEW ORLEANS, Aug 13, 1879.—Messrs. Shellabarger & Wilson, Washington, D. C.: If you send me $250 more, making a total of $1,750, and Casanave will give security not to dispose of his property I will wait till January 1st.
E. NORTH CULLOM.

After reading this dispatch I said to Mr. Shellabarger that I desired the matter definitely settled, so that I could be relieved and my property released from the custody of the Sheriff, and that I could not give security for the payment of the balance of the judgment. Mr. Shellabarger wrote this substantially on the back of the telegram, inclosed it in an envelope, and I carried it to Mr. Sherman. In about an hour after, I called on Mr. Shellabarger to learn if he had received any answer. He said yes. Webb Hayes had just been there, and said that a detective reported that there was fraud and collusion in this matter, and that the whole thing was dropped, and that I should go to see the President.

This statement overwhelmed me with surprise. I was completely dumbfounded. I finally said that I would go to the President if Mr. Shellabarger would give me a note saying that he desired to see me. He gave me this card:

"I recommend Casanave to call on the President to give him the opportunity to speak to Casanave about the fraud that the detective spoke about, provided the President so desires. S. S."

I called at the White House, and learned that the President had gone for the day. This thing worried me terribly, and I went to my room thinking about Hayes charging me with fraud and collusion. Fraud and collusion for $3,000! And even that amount, if raised, would not be paid to me! I might have made $50,000 once if I had committed a fraud, and I think it would have been in the interest of the country and morals if I had taken the money. For not doing so I have been pronounced a fool. After sleeping on the matter, I concluded that if I did not want to lose my character, as well as my property, I had better quit the company of Mr. Hayes and his Secretary of the Treasury. I may be able to stand the loss of my property, but to be charged with fraud and collusion by this administration ought to shame the devil. I determined to return home at once, and made preparations to do so, but before doing so I concluded to call once more on Mr. Shellabarger, who had been so kind to me. I did so and stated my grievance again, including the fraud story, which I denounced as false and infamous. He went to the Secretary again, and in a little while returned and handed me this dispatch, which I signed and sent to Mr. Cullom:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 15, 1879.—E. North Cullom, Exchange Alley, New Orleans, La.: Will cause $1,000 to be mailed to-day, provided you will wait till January for balance and stop sale to-morrow. Answer immediately.
G. CASANAVE.

"To which I received this reply:

"NEW ORLEANS, La. Aug. 15, 1879.—G. Casanave, Washington, D. C.: I will not. Sale goes on. E. NORTH CULLOM.

"I handed the dispatch to Mr. Shellabarger, who indorsed on the back as follows:

"I telegraphed that I would send the $1,000 if the sale would be stopped and the plaintiff wait for the balance until January. This is the answer: What shall I do with the $1,000? To Secretary Sherman.

"I delivered this to Mr. Sherman at the Cabinet meeting, through a messenger. He returned it to Mr. Shellabarger, written upon as follows:

"You may offer the twelve hundred and fifty dollars.

"Upon receiving this I telegraphed Cullom as follows: (Mr. Shellabarger wrote the telegraph.)

"If stop sale and wait for balance till January will send twelve hundred and fifty to-morrow and arrange the security you ask.

"To which I received the following reply, which I handed to Mr. Shellabarger late Friday evening:

"NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 15, 1879.—G. Casanave, Washington, D. C.: See my telegram to Shellabarger and Wilson. I must have in hand seventeen hundred and fifty dollars by 10 A. M. to-morrow. If not sale will go on. The security you offer is satisfactory. E. NORTH CULLOM.

"On Saturday morning Mr. Shellabarger telegraphed Collector Badger to turn over the $500 for Cullom and deposited $1,250 to Cullom's credit in Riggs bank and he said Mr. Riggs had telegraphed Cullom to draw for that amount. About two o'clock I received this telegram from my brother:

NEW ORLEANS, La., 16, 1879.—G. Casanave, Washington, D. C.: All proceedings stopped until January 1st. P. CASANAVE.

"Here ends the first chapter."

"Then, if I understand you correctly, the administration has paid on this judgment against the Returning Board, for the payment of which your property was seized by the Sheriff, $1,750."

"Yes, sir. After pleading and begging for seventy-five days I wormed out of the administration this amount."

"How much will remain unpaid?"

"The balance of the judgment unpaid will be $1,375 besides the costs of Court and the Sheriff's costs, which will amount to perhaps $1,000 more."

"Who do you expect will pay all of this?"

"I can't tell; but according to the arrangements made with Mr. Cullom, who received the $1,750, I am expected to give security for its payment when I get home."

"You seem to have been badly treated."

"Yes, sir; I have been. I have suffered both socially and materially. For my services in 1872, I received State warrants, which I negotiated at a heavy discount. In 1876 I received no compensation whatever but was dragged from my home and business to Washington, and confined thirty-three days in the Capitol, and afterward incarcerated in the parish prison, in New Orleans, and when I was discharged here, in company with others of the Board, I went to the Sergeant-at-Arms, John G. Thompson, to inquire what provision had been made for defraying our expenses, and to ascertain how we were to get home, and we were politely informed by that dignitary that we might walk home. My present visit is an additional expense. If a part of the judgment falls on me, which is now probable, I do not know what the whole of may outlay will be. Heretofore my standing and credit have been good, as any honorable man in New Orleans, who knows me will certainly testify. My business was prosperous and profitable, but since my connection with Wells and Anderson and Returning Board matters, I have been proscribed in various ways.

"Have you never received anything in the way of compensation for your services or expenses from the administration?"

"No; nothing whatever. Yes—I mistake. I did receive something. On the 3d of March, 1876, when the Returning Board members were set at liberty from their imprisonment in the Capitol we called on Mr. Hayes, who was stopping at Mr. Sherman's on K street. He received us with a gush and invited us to take a petite sandwich and a cup of coffee. This is the extent of his favors to me. My relations to this administration have been like the tailor of Campello 'who worked for nothing and found thread.'"

"Mr. Casanave, when do you expect to return to your home in Louisiana?"

"I hope to shake the dust of Washington from my feet within the next twenty-four hours and not to return until this administration, which betrayed the Republican party of my State, shall have terminated its infamous existence."

Miscellaneous.

ARNOLD WANTS
5,000 Rail Road Ties
Curwensville, Pa. Jan. 9, '78-tf.

Pull Your Stumps!

FOR SALE BY THE
Co-Operative Agency,
CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.
July 30th, 1879-tf.

Wheeler & Wilson

Family Sewing Machine
No. 8.
A NEW INVENTION.
Straight Needle, Silent, Easy Running.

Agents Wanted. Agents Wanted.

At the Paris Exposition, 1878,

Wheeler & Wilson received the only Grand Prize awarded for Sewing Machines. Over 80 competitors.

Report of the American Institute of New York on the Wheeler & Wilson Machine:

"We do not hesitate to declare it THE BEST SEWING APPARATUS IN THE WORLD."

The No. 6 and No. 7 Manufacturing Machines are especially recommended for SHOEMAKERS' and TAILORS' use.

H. B. THOMPSON,
3 doors East of Bank,
CURWENSVILLE, PA.
WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO.,
1338 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
April 2, 1879-9m.

SPEER'S
PORT GRAPE WINE
Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes.
Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons and the Aged.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!
FOUR YEARS OLD.

THIS Celebrated Native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this County. Its Invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S
P. J. SHERRY,

The P. J. SHERRY is a Wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the golden qualities of the grape from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S
P. J. BRANDY,

This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this country, being far superior for medical purposes.

IT IS A PURE distillation from the grape and contains valuable medical properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY E. W. GRAHAM.
July 16, 1879-1y.

Our Own Advertisement.

THE REPUBLICAN,

Published every Wednesday by
G. B. GOODLANDER,
CLEARFIELD, PA.,
Has the Largest Circulation of any paper in Northwestern Pennsylvania.

The large and constantly increasing circulation of the REPUBLICAN, renders it valuable to business men as a medium thro' which to reach the public.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

If paid in advance,	$2 00
If paid after three months,	2 50
If paid after six months,	3 00

When papers are sent outside of the county payment must be in advance.

ADVERTISING:

Ten lines, or less, 3 times,	$1 50
Each subsequent insertion,	50
Administrator' Notices,	2 50
Executors' Notices,	2 50
Auditors' Notices,	2 50
Cautions and Estrays,	1 50
Dissolution Notices,	2 50
Professional Cards, 5 lines, year,	5 00
Special notices, per line,	20

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS:

One square, 10 lines,	$8 00
Two squares,	15 00
Three squares,	20 00
One fourth column,	50 00
One half column,	70 00
One column,	120 00

BLANKS.

We have always on hand a large stock of blanks of all descriptions.

SUMMONS,
SUBPŒNAS,
EXECUTIONS,
ATTACHMENTS,
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT,
LEASES,
BONDS,
FEE BILLS,
CONSTABLE'S BLANKS,
&c., &c., &c.

JOB PRINTING.

We are prepared to do all kinds of

PRINTING

SUCH AS

POSTERS,
PROGRAMMES,
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
ENVELOPES,
BILL HEADS,
STATEMENTS,
PAMPHLETS,
CIRCULARS,
&c., &c.,

IN THE BEST STYLE,
AND ON
REASONABLE TERMS.

ORDERS BY MAIL
FOR ALL KINDS OF WORK
WILL RECEIVE
PROMPT ATTENTION.

Geo. B. Goodlander,
Clearfield,
Clearfield County, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

ARNOLD PAYS
CASH or TRADE.
Curwensville, Pa., Jan. 9, '78-tf.

MONEY TO LOAN.—On first-class improved farm property, by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, on first mortgage, in sums from $1,000 up. For further information apply to the undersigned.
HURXTHAL W. SMITH.
Clearfield Pa., May 7th, 1879-tf.

A Bank that Never Breaks.

Try My Coal.

The undersigned adopts this method of informing the numerous consumers, that his coal bank is not a Winter arrangement only, but that it will be operated in the Summer as well as Winter. I claim that I have the

Best Coal in the Market,

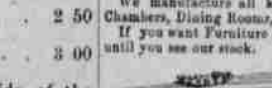
and will sell it for cash, or in exchange for flour, feed, groceries, etc. Large contracts will be made at a very small profit. For full particulars call on me in person, residing in one of Graham's upper houses, or address me through the post-office. Orders left at the postoffice will receive prompt attention. THOS. A. DUCKETT.
Clearfield, Pa., Jan. 3, 1879-tf.

F. GULICH. B. M'CORKLE. D. MEILERRY.

GULICH, McCORKLE & CO.'S FURNITURE ROOMS,

Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.

We manufacture all kinds of Furniture for Chambers, Dining Rooms, Libraries and Halls.
If you want Furniture of any kind, don't buy until you see our stock.



UNDERTAKING
In all its branches, promptly attended to.
GUILCH, McCORKLE & CO.
Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 6, '78.

READING FOR ALL!!

BOOKS & STATIONERY

Market St., Clearfield, (at the Post Office.)

THE undersigned begs leave to announce to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he has fitted up a room and has just returned from the city with a large amount of reading matter, consisting in part of

Bibles and Miscellaneous Books,

Blank, Account and Pass Books of every description; Paper and Envelopes, French pressed and plain; Pens and Pencils; Blank Legal Papers, Deeds, Mortgages; Judgment, Exemption and Promissory notes; White and Parchment Brief, Legal Cap, Record Cap, and Bill Cap, Sheet Music, for either Piano, Flute or Violin, constantly on hand. Any books or stationary desired that I may not have on hand, will be ordered by first express, and sold at wholesale or retail to suit customers. I will also keep periodical literature, such as Magazines, Newspapers, &c.
P. A. GAULIN.
Clearfield, May 7, 1868-tf

A NEW DEPARTURE IN LUTHERSBURG.

Hereafter, goods will be sold for CASH only, or in exchange for produce. No books will be kept in the future. All old accounts must be settled. Those who cannot cash up, will please hand over their notes and

CLOSE THE RECORD.

I am determined to sell my goods at cash prices, and at a discount far below that ever offered in this vicinity. The discount I allow my customers, will make them rich in twenty years if they follow my advice and buy their goods from me. I will pay cash for wheat, oats and cloverseed. DANIEL GOODLANDER.
Luthersburg, January 17, 1877.

HARTSWICK & IRWIN

SECOND STREET,
CLEARFIELD, PA.,
DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS!
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS!
PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFF
VARNISHES,
BRUSHES,
PERFUMERY,
FANCY GOODS,
TOILET ARTICLES,
OF ALL KINDS,
PURE WINES AND LIQUORS
for medicinal purposes.

Trusses, Supporters, School Books and Stationery, and all other articles usually found in a Drug Store.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED. Having a large experience in the business they can give entire satisfaction.
J. G. HARTSWICK,
JOHN F. IRWIN.
Clearfield, December 16, 1874.

HARD TIMES

HAVE NO EFFECT

IN FRENCHVILLE!

I am aware that there are some persons a little hard to please, and I am also aware that the complaint of "hard times" is well nigh universal. But I am so situated now that I can satisfy the former and prove conclusively that "hard times" will not effect those who buy their goods from me, and all my patrons shall be initiated into the secret of

HOW TO AVOID HARD TIMES

I have goods enough to supply all the inhabitants in the lower end of the county which I sell at exceeding low rates from my mammoth store in MULSONBURG, where I can always be found ready to wait upon callers and supply them with

Dry Goods of all Kinds,

Such as Cloths, Satinetts, Cassimeres, Muslins Delaines, Linen, Drillings, Calicoes, Trimmings, Ribbons, Lace,

Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps—all of the best material and made to order—Hose, Socks, Gloves, Mittens, Laces, Ribbons, &c

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS.

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, Fish, Salt Pork, Linseed Oil, Fish Oil, Carbon Oil.

Hardware, Queensware, Tinware, Castings, Plows and Plow Castings, Nails, Spikes, Corn Cultivators, Cider Presses, and all kinds of Axes.

Perfumery, Paints, Varnish, Glass, and a general assortment of Stationery.

GOOD FLOUR,

Of different brands, always on hand, and will be sold at the lowest possible figures.

J. H. McClain's Medicines, Jayne's Medicines Hostetter's and Hoofland's Bitters.

5000 pounds of Wool wanted for which the highest price will be paid. Cloverseed on hand and for sale at the lowest market price.

Also, Agent for Strattonville and Curwensville Threshing Machines.

☞Call and see for yourselves. You will find everything usually kept in a retail store.
L. M. COUDRIET.
Frenchville P. O., August 13, 1874.