The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1879.

Reader, if you want to know what is going on in the business world, just read our advertising columns, the Special column in particular.

MAXIMS FOR THE DAY.

No man worthy the office of President should be willing to hold it if counted in, or placed there by any fraud. U. S. GRANT.

I could never have been reconciled to the elevation by the smallest aid of mine of a person, however respectable in private life, who must forever carry upon his brow the stamp of fraud first triumphant in American history. No subsequent action, however meritorious, can wash away the letters of that record. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS.

I would rather have the endorsement of a quarter of a million of the American people that that of the Louisiana Returning Board, or of the Commission which excluded the facts and decided the question on a technicality. THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

Under the forms of law, Rutherford B. Hayes has been declared President of the United States. His title rests upon disfranchisement of lawful voters, the false certificates of the returning officers acting corruptly, and the decision of a commission which has refused to hear evidence of alleged fraud. For the first time are the American people confronted with the fact of a fraudulently-elected President. Let it not be understood that the fraud will be silently acquiesced in by the country. Let no hour pass in which the usurpation is forgotten. ADDRESS OF DEMOCRATIC M. C's.

One hundred years of human depravity accumulated and concentrated into a climax of crime. Never again in five hundred years shall they have an opportunity to repeat the wrong. DANIEL W. VOORHEES.

STATE DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEE.

HUNTINGDON, PA., April 22, 1879.—The members of the State Democratic Committee are hereby notified to meet at the Bolton House, in the city of Harrisburg, on Wednesday, the 7th day of May, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of fixing the time and place of holding the State Convention and transacting other business of importance. Every member of the Committee is earnestly urged to be present.

R. M. SPEER, Chairman.

Carpet bag Conover wanted a foreign mission, but managed to accommodate himself to a four-dollar-a-day clerkship.

REAPPOINTED.—Governor Hoyt has re-appointed J. Montgomery Forster, Insurance Commissioner, for three years.

Susan B. Anthony is lecturing in Kansas towns. Last year, says the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, it was the grasshoppers.

DEAD.—Hon. C. L. Cobb, who was a representative from North Carolina in the Forty-first, Forty-second and Forty-third Congress, died at Elizabeth City, N. C., on the 1st inst.

VALOR.—The man who draws Tilden's salary had the impudence to veto a bill taking soldiers from the election polls, passed by both Houses of Congress. Impertinence can go no further.

Hon. Ely S. Shorter, a prominent member of the Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth Congresses, and an eminent lawyer and politician, died in Eufaula, Alabama, recently, of Bright's disease of the kidneys, aged fifty six.

C. A. Reese, who was sent to the Western Penitentiary from Huntingdon county about two years ago, for shooting his father-in-law, Dr. J. A. Shade, has been pronounced insane and removed to the Dixmont Asylum.

PRACTICAL.—The Bellefonte *Watchman* goes for Rutherford in this way: The idea of a miserable fraud like Hayes, attempting to dictate what laws Congress may or may not repeal. Were he to be treated as he deserves, he would be taken out and his impudence cooled in the waters of the Potomac.

A HIT BOTH WAYS.—An exchange states the fact that the bill to increase the jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace, which passed the lower House of the Legislature by a handsome majority, was negatived in the Senate Committee. The friends of the bill in the House think there are too many lawyers in the Senate, and the lawyers in the Senate claim there are too many bad Justices of the Peace to enlarge their power.

THAT MOONS NO MORE.—All frequenters of Harrisburg, during the sittings of the Legislature, will regret to learn that Samuel S. Moon, a well-known citizen, died in Philadelphia on Tuesday evening, the 29th ult. He was for many years engaged in the publishing business in that city, and at the time of his death was President of the United Railroad and Mining Register Company, which publishes the *Railway World*. Moon like ex-State Treasurer Mackey, had his place at the State Capitol. Both are gone.

UNGODLY CONDUCT.—The developments now going on at Harrisburg, through the investigation of a corruption Committee, is a disgrace to civilization. The price of members of the House it seems ranged from $500 to $750 for a vote, in favor of the Pittsburg riot bill while members who made speeches in favor of the bill commanded $1,000. The revelations are truly awful! The present Legislature started out bad—the election of Cameron—and it seems from what is coming to light that its end will be worse even than the beginning.

HOLD ON!—It is very unfair to bring up the fact just now, that Gen. John A. Logan, of Illinois, who is one of the Radical Senators from that State, raised a few regiments for the Confederate Army during the war. Postmaster General Key done far better than Logan. He not only raised the regiments on the Confederate side, but he commanded them. Why puke over Logan and digest Key? However, under the surface, there is something not observed by the great public. In our estimation, Logan was too cowardly to carry out his scheme, and turned loyalist. Key prosecuted the war with vigor from the side he started in on, while Logan backed out.

HAYES' VETO.

The threat of a veto, which Garfield and others in the House, and Conkling and others in the Senate gave out for the purpose of controlling the legislation of those bodies, was fulfilled by R. B. Hayes in returning the Army Appropriation bill to the House unsigned. The menaced coercion of Congress has been accomplished by the fraudulent Executive. For the first time in the history of the country the veto power has been used to prevent the repeal of laws whose repeal was demanded by the people and the States through their representatives in Congress. The veto power, which was designed to prevent the too hasty adoption of new laws, has now for the first time been used to prevent the abolition of bad laws whose existence has brought evil upon the country. And for what? What is it that the veto is used to uphold? The right of the Executive to employ troops at the polls. The right to compel every voter in the country to approach the ballot-box, over which stands a representative of the United States army with musket and bayonet. It needs no argument to show the ruin of civil institutions if this authority is to be maintained in the grasp of the Executive. Experience has shown that bayonets at the polls is the precursor of military empire. Our forefathers in framing the Constitution guarded against this danger by providing that "no appropriation of money for the army should be for a longer term than two years." It intended that by this means the army could be abolished by simply refusing to vote moneys to keep it in existence whenever that army became dangerous to the preservation of liberty. The people, through their representatives in Congress, say that this time has arrived. The claim of the Executive to use the United States troops to overawe freemen in the exercise of the ballot is a claim inconsistent with the preservation of our Republican institutions. The houses of Congress, therefore, in voting the necessary supplies for the army, coupled the appropriation with conditions as to the purposes for which the army should be used. It voted generous supplies, but simply exacted that the armed soldiers should not be stationed at the polls. This fraudulent Executive, who owes his seat to the use of troops at the polls and at the count-in, calls an infringement of of the authority of the President. The Queen of England is forbidden to have any body of troops *within two miles* of a voting place and to secure obedience to this, under the "Mutiny Act," the British army would *cease to exist* as soon as the House of Commons should withhold its supplies. Such is the law of monarchical England, which believes in the divine right of its Sovereign to reign. It would raise a tumult in England that would shake the throne to dust and ashes, if its Sovereign were to claim the prerogative which our anointed Fraud, R. B. Hayes, has just exercised. It matters not by what adroit special pleading the ingenious Evarts may seek to justify this veto. Its shallow sophisms are intended only as a plausible pretext to support a party necessity. The bill is vetoed because the troops will be needed to count in the next Republican President. The desperation of the Republican minority is what calls for the desperate resource of a veto which strikes the army out of existence.

However, this is the issue. R. B. Hayes has, by his veto, cut off the supplies which Congress voted for the army, and that army will terminate its lawful existence on the 30th day of June. The one-man power has done this against the will of the people. Now, the duty of Congress is as clear as the noonday sun. It must pass the Legislative, Executive and Judicial bill with the same rider and receive the veto of that also—for the reasons of the veto apply equally to that. Then Congress must adjourn. It is the one-man power that blocks the wheels of Government, not they. Let nothing cloud the naked majesty of the issue, "The one-man power against the people!" "The free ballot-box against the standing army!" Upon that issue let the Democracy come before the country at the next election. The man who, having voted for the bill which has been vetoed, now quails before the Executive fraud and votes on the other side, will make himself infamous as a foe to constitutional liberty, and will deserve the execration of all men who love our country and its institutions. The veto is a blunder, a folly of a desperate party. It gives victory to the Democracy beyond all peradventure if they have the manhood to grasp it. It unites Democrats in a bond of brotherhood closer than they have known for many long years. It hushes into silence all lesser questions: it stirs a splendid enthusiasm. All that is needed is the time to let the people speak out. The result is doubtful.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

ANOTHER LINK LOST.—Mrs. Sarah Josepha Hale, for many years editor of *Godey's Lady's Book*, and well known to the reading world, died on the 30th ult., aged 91 years. The death of Mrs. Hale severs another link binding together three generations of people. The life-long connection of this gifted woman with what is to-day and has been for a half a century one of the most widely known domestic and literary publications of the country has made her name familiar in the households of the land, and after a useful career, abounding in good works, and extending far beyond the allotted space of human life, she is called to a more exalted sphere, and follows to an honored grave the life-long coadjutor whose decease not long since we were called to mourn.

DEAD.—Hon. B. Rush Clark, member of Congress from Iowa City, Iowa, died in Washington on Monday, April 28th. On the Saturday previous, he enjoyed good health and occupied his seat in the House; but on Monday he was a corpse. He was born in Schellsburg, Bedford county, Pa., Oct. 1st, 1834.

THE DIFFERENCE.—The Chicago *Times* has noticed that when Senator Davis talks the Senate listens. When Logan talks it seeks the seclusion that the cloak-room grants. And so does its sisters and its cousins and its aunts.

THE MAN ON HORSEBACK!—It is pretty evident from the posters circulated in this and Center county that the President of the late Hoyt Club wants to be Postmaster at Philipsburg after 1880, if he and Grant can ruin the United States. To show our readers that we are not merely conjecturing, or dreaming, we present them with the following *straw*, which generally shows which way the wind is blowing, viz:

REPUBLICANS!

GRANT CLUB,

For 1880.

At the request of prominent Republicans of Philipsburg and vicinity, I call a meeting for the purpose of organizing a Grant Club, to support GEN. U. S. GRANT,

for President. We request all Republicans to meet in the Armory of Company E, 5th Regiment, N. G. P., on

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 25TH, 1879,

to perfect an organization.

GEO. H. ZEIGLER, Prest. Hoyt Club.

Philipsburg, April 21, 1779.

Reader! remember that this meeting is to be held at an ARMORY, a building used only by despots, and "Company E, Fifth Regiment" is to be utilized to bring about military rule. Grant has been going to school among despots for over two years, and such tools as Zeigler, and those who prefer a despotism to a republic are requested to wheel into line, and inaugurate a rebellion. A better "sign of the times" was never put before the public; and the men engaged in this Grant scheme are conspirators against the Union and should be despised for their treason. This movement is brought about by unbounded egotism, or as a forerunner of despotism; and people in this country should keep house without being "cursed" by either.

OF COURSE!—IMPROVED PHILANTHROPY.—The emigration of some of the negroes from the South has prompted John Brown, jun., the son of Old John, to volunteer as a guide and adviser to those who want to seek homes in Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado, provided his expenses are assured him by the friends of the movement. Mr. Brown's name should be entered on the salary list in the books of the National Republican Executive Committee just underneath that of Gorham, its able Secretary. Such services to the party deserve prompt recognition.

MODIFIED PATRIOTISM.—An exchange remarks: "The War Department has decided that the claim of a discharged soldier for arrears of pay to the date of his actual withdrawal from service should not be disallowed merely because he has been convicted of crime by the civil authorities." According to this ruling of the War Department, crime does not detract from the ordinary rules of morality that have been taught for over 6,000 years. What a progressive people we are, anyhow! No code of morals impedes our progress.

Another Southern outrage is reported from North Carolina but the perpetrator turns out to be a Federal employee, named W. C. Teague, a revenue officer. A few days ago an inoffensive negro named Anderson Denny was playing a banjo in the streets of Taylorsville, when Teague without warning or provocation, struck him upon the head with a stick. As the banjo player rose to defend himself Teague drew a pistol and began firing. Two charges took effect in the negro's body, causing almost instantaneous death.

FUTURE COMFORT.—The Houtzdale *News* consoles some of the miscreants of that vicinity in this way: "Some miscreants started a train of empty mine cars from the new Penn drift on Monday evening, which, arriving near the weigh office after a run of over half a mile down grade, and coming in contact with a number of loaded cars, caused quite a stir in the coal business. When the new lockup is built, some of the codjers addicted to such practices, will get their bread and water gratis, with the full punishment thrown in."

GOOD FOR THE DOCTOR.—An exchange says: "Dr. Mary Walker has another proposition before Congress, this time in the shape of a petition that in all cases of jury trials in the courts of the District of Columbia and the territories, where a woman is a defendant and non-complainant, or *vice versa*, one-half of the jury should be composed of women, and that the jurors chosen shall be of the same sphere in life as parties to any suit, *provided* that both men and women jurors can be found *whose general reputation is good.*"

SCOUNDRELISM.—The Radical members of Congress seem determined to ruin the country if possible. The New Constitution of our State, which was adopted by one hundred and fifty thousand majority, adds to the old provision declaring all elections to be free, that "no power, civil or military, shall at any time interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage." Notwithstanding this fact the Republican members of Congress from this State are laboring to have Federal troops at future elections in the State.

The Elensburg *Freeman* man who knows how to get the critter posts his neighbors in this way: The Altoona tavern liceses expired Monday night at midnight. There will doubtless be exceedingly dry times down there for a week, unless the proprietors of the drug stores be of an accommodating disposition and refrain from investigating too closely the character of the physicians' prescriptions tendered them.

STOP JOKING.—The editor of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: "If our old friend Simon Cameron hadn't been a little wind-broken by his late encounter with Widow Oliver he might have some expectations in the Presidential line. Pennsylvania is a great State, and belongs, most of the time, to the Cameronsa, father and son. But the widow has the call on Simon too effectually to allow him to play a bold hand.

HAYES' HYPOCRISY.—Hayes loves the Constitution with a tenderness scarcely excelled by Andy Jonnson in his most affectionate days and yet the Constitution nowhere recognizes the doctrine that the Presidency is a good thing even when it is stolen.

A MATTER OF TASTE.—A social sensation in Ohio is the marriage of Professor George Jackson, a white teacher in the Games High School, to Miss Virginnia Gordon, colored. It should be mentioned that the young lady's father is worth $100,000.

POOR HOUSE ACT.

The following act passed the Legislature recently, has been signed by the Governor and is now the law of the State:

AN ACT

To authorize the Directors of the Poor Houses in the several counties of this Commonwealth to rebuild any Poor Houses in the respective counties where said Poor Houses have been or may hereafter be burnt down by fire and to authorize the County Commissioners in such counties to levy and collect the taxes necessary to pay the expenses of such rebuilding.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same*, That the Poor House Directors of any county in this State where a Poor House has been or may hereafter be destroyed by fire are authorized and empowered and it shall be lawful for the said Poor House Directors to rebuild the building so destroyed by fire or to erect suitable new buildings proper to accommodate both the sane and insane poor when a public charge.

SEC. 2. The County Commissioners of the respective counties when such buildings have been or may hereafter be destroyed by fire shall have the power and it shall be their duty to assess, levy and collect together with the other county rates and levies and on the same subjects of taxation on estimates furnished by the Poor House Directors an amount sufficient to furnish the necessary funds to erect said buildings and furnish the same in connection with any sum or sums of money received by said Poor House Directors from insurance on said buildings so destroyed by fire or from any other source.

SEC. 3. Each of said Directors, in addition to the amount now allowed by law, shall be entitled to such further reasonable sum as the Court of Quarter Sessions shall deem just and proper for their special responsibility and expenses in rebuilding, not, however, to exceed the sum of two hundred dollars to each Director for any one year.

SEC. 4. The plans and specifications for any buildings authorized by this act to be erected shall be first submitted to and approved by the County Commissioners of the county and any contract for the erection of such building or buildings made by the Directors of the Poor with any contractor or contractors or for furnishing the necessary materials for the same shall have the approval of the County Commissioners of the proper county before such contract or contracts become binding and operative.

SEC. 5. The Directors of the Poor before proceeding to exercise the powers conferred by this act shall give bond to the county in such sum as the Court of Quarter Sessions shall deem proper with sufficient security to be approved by said Court conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of their office.

SEC. 6. Whenever the said buildings shall be finished and completed the said Directors shall notify the said Court, who shall thereupon appoint three competent and disinterested persons viewers to view and thoroughly examine said buildings and report to the Court whether said contract or contracts have been faithfully and fully performed and completed and until such report be so made final payment on said contract or contracts shall not be made and paid. The said viewers shall be entitled to three dollars per day for each day necessarily engaged in the performance of their duties.

AS TRUE AS GOSPEL.

The New York *World* says "with State rights as defined by a Republican Supreme Court; with a standing army relegated to its proper functions of guarding the frontier and keeping them among the Indian tribes; with State elections under the control of the several States whose officers or representatives are to be chosen; with a National Government restricted again, as it was by its founders, from all interference with those home matters of policy and social law which can only be safely managed by State supervision and authority, and with Washington expenditures reduced to a minimum, we shall preserve and enjoy the personal, civil, political and religious freedom which our forefathers brought with them from England, no matter who may be President. But if the tendency to a centralized imperialism at Washington, born of sectional strife, culminating in civil war, is to increase, it will matter little to those who are to come after us whether Tilden or Grant or Voorhees or Conkling or anybody else sits in the White House. To no human hands—not even to those of Washington or Jackson—can safely be committed by the people of the United States the enormous powers which Grant exercised and which Democrats in Congress are now endeavoring, in the spirt of the Constitution, to take away from the Executive.

HAYESISM.—Mr. Hayes insists in his veto message that he does not wish to employ the bayonet at elections, even maintain the peace, and that there are not troops enough for the purpose if he were disposed to do so. Why then has he sought to attach so much importance to a power which he admits is merely nominal? Like Mrs. Toodles, he does not want to use the bayonet now but it would be so handy to have it ready when needed.

A GOOD NAME.—The New York *Herald* calls those who are getting up the Grant reception for next summer, "hippodrome politicians," and believes they are running the thing so far into the ground that it will break off. The Cincinnati *Commercial*, Republican, says the Grant enthusiasm at Gov. Hoyt's reception, Philadelphia, was manufactured for the occasion, and did not bubble up of its own accord.

STILL HUNTING.—The New York *Tribune* has lost its head on the subject of the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency. It does nothing but hunt up obscure candidates. The Democrats will be able to nominate a man who will win without the assistance of a demented organ of the stalwart breed.

TROUBLESOME JOHN.—The man who will make trouble in the Republican National Convention is John Sherman, of the Treasury. The Grant organs had better devote some of their time to him instead of selecting candidates for the Democrats.

A gang of desperadoes near Yuma, Arizona, have hit upon the righteous way of stealing. They travel in a coach and rob all the highwaymen whom they meet.

Henry McLaughlin, thirteen years old, while playing base ball recently, in Philadelphia, was struck in the stomach by the ball, causing his death.

WE SECOND THE MOTION.—A cotemporary remarks: "By some singular and unexplained manipulation the New York *Sun* has been induced to work up the Presidential claims of John M. Palmer, of Illinois. Of course every camp ornament who ever wore a pair of epaulettes belonging to a General expects to be drafted into the Presidency some time or other, but for our part we would like to see a plain, old-fashioned, plebian citizen sitting in the White House, occasionally sticking his feet out of the front window as he enjoys his cob pipe and fans himself with a straw hat on quiet summer evenings. We would like to see the aristocratic and military sentiment of this country insulted, humiliated and snubbed."

AN ODIOUS DISTINCTION.—When Mr. Ingalls' bill to appropriate money in aid of the colored tourists to Kansas comes up it will be in order to strike out the word "colored," so as to give the white gold-hunters at Leadville a helping hand. If the African is to be supported out of the public Treasury, why not spread a little on the Caucasian's bread.

Mr. Brooks, of Cameron, has introduced a bill in the House at Harrisburg to abolish the Middle Penitentiary Commission, pay expenses so far incurred and abandon the project. Fisher's election to Congress being compassed there is no further political use for it.

A CITY FOR SALE.—The Attorney General has issued writs and levied upon Altoona, Lock Haven and Sunbury, which have defaulted for over a year in payments to the State Treasury. Who wants to buy an inland city or two, or a small town?

THE NEW JUDGE.—James B. Neal, of Kittanning, has been commissioned President Judge, by Governor Hoyt, until the 1st Monday of January next. This is to fill the vacancy caused by the sudden death of Judge Boggs two weeks ago.

ALARMING INDEED!—An exchange remarks: Real-estate owners in New York are in a frenzy of excitement because of a report that geologists say in 25,000 years the city will be 200 feet under the sea.

"I curse the hour we were married!" exclaimed an enraged husband to his better-half. To which she mildly replied, "Don't my dear, for that was the only happy hour we have ever seen."

The consolation to be drawn out of the election in Cleveland is that the Democratic candidate for Mayor received 4,000 more votes than did the Democratic candidate for Congress last year.

Hon. H. G. Fisher has been selected as the member of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee from Pennsylvania.—*Huntingdon Globe.*

He is the right man in the right place.—He has a penitentiary to back him.

In the Hazen-Stanley court-martial at New York on the 21st ult., it was developed that Hazen and Sheridan each claimed to have carried the hill at the battle of Missionary Ridge.

The Shamokin *Herald* indignantly denies the story afloat that at the last election in that place school directors were elected who can neither read nor write.

Geo. Gifford, of Buffalo, was suffocated to death on a canal boat at Albany one night recently by gas from a coal stove in the cabin where he slept.

Headquarters-in-the-Saddle Pope has been selected to deliver the annual address to the corps of cadets at West Point in June.

New Advertisements.

ARNOLD WANTS

5,000 Rail Road Ties

Curwensville, Pa. Jan. 9, '78-tf.

WANTED.

100,000 SHAVED SHINGLES,

at S. Gainsburg's Grocery Store, Second street, Clearfield, Pa. Jan. 29, '79-tf.

ORGAN FOR SALE.—Persons desirous of purchasing a SMITH AMERICAN ORGAN will find it to their advantage to call at the First National Bank, where important information can be obtained from the undersigned. WM. H. DILL, April 30, 1879-2m Clearfield, Pa.

HOUSE FOR RENT.—A two-story brick house on Pine street, east of the Presbyterian Church. Three rooms up and three down stairs. A good stable, ice house, and garden attached. For further particulars, apply to J. B. GRAHAM, April 30, 1879-tf. Clearfield, Pa.

MONEY TO LOAN.—On first-class improved farm property, by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, on first mortgage, in sums from $1,000 up. For further information apply to the undersigned. HURSTHAL W. SMITH. Clearfield Pa., May 7th, 1879-tf.

JAMES H. TURNER,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,

Wallaceton, Pa.

He has prepared himself with all the necessary blank forms under the Pension and Bounty laws, as well as blank Deeds, etc. All legal matters entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. May 7th, 1879-tf.

CAUTION.—About the first of March last a joint note was obtained from us through the misrepresentation of certain facts, calling for five hundred dollars, payable to the order of SAMUEL BURN, ninety days after date at the County National Bank, Clearfield Pa. The public is hereby warned against negotiating for, or paying said note, as we have considered not to pay it unless compelled by law to do so.

PHILIP DOTTS,
WILLIAM LUTHER,
WILLIAM O'HARRA.

GLEN HOPE, Pa., May 1st., 1879-m-7-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—There will be sold at public outcry at the late residence of Silas Davis, deceased, in Bloom township, Clearfield county, Pa., on Saturday, the 24th day of May, the following property, viz: Spring wagon, pair twin sleds, corn-sheller, two-horse wagon, threshing machine, stump machine, harrow, wind-mill, cutting-box, harness, plows, grain-cradle, and a number of other articles not necessary to mention. Sale to commence at one o'clock, P. M. of said day, when terms will be made known by the undersigned.

JOHN S. M'KIERNAN, Administrator, C. T. A.

Smith's Mills, Pa., May 7th, 1879-2t.

PRIVATE SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate.

A first class farm situated in Goshen township Clearfield county, Pa., containing 136 acres; all tillable, with 85 acres cleared, well fenced and under good state of cultivation, with timber enough on the uncleared portion for all building purposes, besides sufficient hemlock for one raft of square timber, and having thereon erected a good plank house, 20x32 feet, a log barn, a good spring-house, and all the other necessary outbuildings, a never failing spring of good water at the door and a good bearing orchard of choice fruit. It is situated within five miles of Clearfield town, in a good settlement, and handy to school and church. It will be sold as a whole or in two separate lots to suit purchasers. Prices moderate, and terms easy. For further particulars, apply to, or address, A. G. KRAMER,

or S. B. TAYLOR, Clearfield Pa.

on the premises. May 7th, 1879-3t.

New Advertisements.

New Marble Yard.

TOMBSTONES, MONUMENTS,

Posts for Cemetery Lots.

A NEW MARBLE YARD—Call at J. FLAHARTY'S Marble Works. Choice work and low prices. Directly opposite the Lutheran Church, Third street. Clearfield, Pa., March 27, 1879 tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of LEAH BLOOM, late of Pike township, Clearfield county, Penn'a, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay. GEO. H. HALL, Administrator.

Clearfield, Pa., Mar. 26, 1879-6t.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of MILES DAVIS, late of Beccaria township, Clearfield county, Penn'a., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay. JOHN S. M'KIERNAN, Administrator C. T. A.

Smith's Mills, Pa., April 16, 1879-6t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield County Pa., Trad. *Ex.* No. 193, Sept. Term, 1878. Cochran Bubb A Co. vs. James Pearsoll. The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the proceeds arising from the sale of the Real Estate of James Pearsoll, say the parties legally entitled thereto, hereby give notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Clearfield, on Thursday, the 8th day of May, 1879, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all parties interested may attend. J. F. M'KENRICK, Auditor.

Clearfield, Pa., April 30, 1879-2t.

NOTICE TO PARENTS.—The undersigned wishes to give notice that she will open a school in the Leonard school building, in this borough, on the first Monday in May next—the 5th—to continue three months.

Small children will be taught by the Kindergarten method.

Terms—$3 per scholar, to be paid on the first day of school.

Further information in regard to studies and terms can be had by calling on or addressing MISS HATTIE MOORE, Shaw House, Clearfield, Pa.

Feb. 12, 1879-3m.

READING FOR ALL!!

BOOKS & STATIONERY

Market St., Clearfield, (at the Post Office.)

THE undersigned begs leave to announce to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he has fitted up a room and has just returned from the city with a large amount of reading matter, consisting in part of

Bibles and Miscellaneous Books,

Blank, Account and Page Books of every description; Paper and Envelopes, French pressed and plain; Pens and Pencils; Blank Legal Papers, Deeds, Mortgages; Judgment, Exemption and Promissory notes; White and Parchment Brief, Legal Cap, Record Cap, and Bill Cap, Sheet Music, for either Piano, Flute or Violin, constantly on hand. Any books or stationary desired that I may not have on hand, will be ordered by first express, and sold at wholesale or retail to suit customers. I will also keep periodical literature, such as Magazines, Newspapers, &c. J. A. GAULIN.

Clearfield, May 7, 1878-tf

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of writs of *Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, on

Friday, May 16th, 1879,

At 1 o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

A certain farm situated in Bloom township, Clearfield county, Pa., and bounded on the north by land of H. Place, east by land of I. Thompson, south by land of Geo. Shubert, and west by land of L. Weber, containing 50 acres, more or less, and having about 10 acres cleared, and a small plank house thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Robert Leech.

TERMS OF SALE.—The price or sum at which the property shall be struck off must be paid at the time of sale, or such other arrangements made as will be approved, otherwise the property will be immediately put up and sold again at the expense and risk of the person to whom it was struck off, and who, in case of deficiency at such re-sale, shall make good the same, and in no instance will the Deed be presented in Court for confirmation unless the money is actually paid to the Sheriff. ANDREW PENTZ, Jr., Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Clearfield, Pa., April 30, 1879.

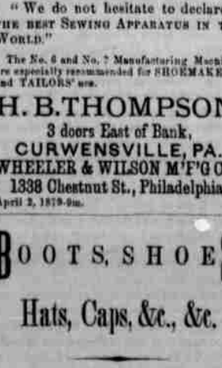
Wheeler & Wilson

Family Sewing Machine

No. 8.

A NEW INVENTION.

Straight Needle, Silent, Easy Running,



At the Paris Exposition, 1878,

Wheeler & Wilson received the only Grand Prize awarded for Sewing Machines. Over 80 competitors.

Report of the American Institute of New York on the Wheeler & Wilson Machine:

"We do not hesitate to declare it THE BEST SEWING APPARATUS IN THE WORLD."

The No. 6 and No. 7 Manufacturing Machines are especially recommended for SHOEMAKERS' and TAILORS' use.

H. B. THOMPSON,

3 doors East of Bank,

CURWENSVILLE, PA.

WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G CO.,

1338 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

April 2, 1879-3m.

BOOTS, SHOES,

Hats, Caps, &c., &c.

GEO. C. & T. W. MOORE,

are just opening a large and carefully selected stock in their line, embracing

LADIES' GAITERS, Kid, Cloth and Calf, in every style.

LADIES' SHOES, Rough and Smooth.

LADIES' S LIPPERS, High and Low.

CHILDRENS' SHOES, Buttoned, Buckled and Laced, Plain and Copper-toed.

GENTLEMENS' BOOTS, Fine and Coarse.

GENTLEMENS' GAITERS, SHOES, BROGANS, PLOW SHOES, SLIPPERS, Cloth or Leather.

HATS, HATS, HATS.

They ask special attention to their assortment of HATS—embracing the LATEST STYLES for Summer wear.

AMONG THEIR

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

will be found an assortment of

GENTS' NECK-WEAR.

seldom equalled either in style, taste, service or price.

All or any of which will be sold at astonishingly low figures, at ROOM

NO. 4, PIES OPERA HOUSE,

Clearfield, Pa.

April 30-79-tf.

New Advertisements.

TOWNSHIP AUDITORS' REPORT.—SAMUEL HAGERTY, District Treasurer, of Beccaria township, in account with the Road and Poor funds of said township for 1878.

ROAD FUNDS.

DEBTOR.

To amount of duplicate for 1878	$7,226 26
To amount of unseated tax received from County Treasurer	816 35
To amount of balance to new account	19 69
Total	$8,064 49

CREDITOR.

By exonerations on duplicate	$ 16 81
By tax paid by labor	2,144 26
By tax unpaid on duplicate	51 39
By tax orders redeemed	835 24
By treasurers percentage	16 79
Total	$3,064 49

POOR FUNDS.

DEBTOR.

To balance uncollected on duplicate of 1875	$ 154 30
To balance uncollected on duplicate of 1876	170 92
To duplicate of 1878	449 97
To uncollected tax received of County Treasurer	132 45
To balance due township from last settlement	7 77
To balance to new account	10 25
Total	$ 955 64

CREDITOR.

By errors and exonerations for 1878	$ 7 79
By balance uncollected on duplicate of 1875	166 35
By balance uncollected on duplicate of 1876	76 78
By balance uncollected on duplicate of 1878	249 28
By amount paid to Overseer for services to paupers $17.55, percentage for collecting duplicate $45 11, attending settlement $1.50	64 16
By Treasurers percentage on $513.86	10 26
By orders redeemed	372 07
Total	$ 955 64

We the undersigned Auditors have examined the above accounts and find them correct according the best of our knowledge and belief.

Witness our hands this 14th day of April, A. D. 1879. JOHN MCCOY,

ATTEST, GEO. W. REX,

ROWLS WILLIAMS, H. A. WRIGHT,

Clerk. AUDITORS.

Glen Hope, April 30th, 1879-2t

HUSTON TOWNSHIP STATEMENT.—Statement of the Auditors of Huston township for the year ending April 14, 1879:

ROAD FUNDS.

W. D. WOODWARD Sr., and S. BROWN, Jr., Supervisors, in account with said township, viz:

DEBTOR.

To am't Aditors' orders drawn on District Treasurer	2,288 18
To am't Seated Road tax for 1878 $	519 00
To am't Seated Road tax for former year	58 02
	577 02
	$2,865 20

CREDITOR.

By am't paid J. H. Fulford, at'y, $	25 00
Paid Auditors and Town Clerk	25 25
Paid Prothonotary fees on three road views	5 75
Paid Thomas Hewitt for water troughs 2 years	6 00
Work on road as per bills audited	2,189 40
Built road west of tunnel	357 30
Exonerations on Seated tax	52 72
Uncollected Seated taxes	165 06
Paid for road scraper	7 50
Due from Sup'or Woodward	34 32
	$2,865 20

J. H. ROSENKRANS, District Treasurer.

DEBTOR.

To am't rec'd from former Treasurer $	15 11
To am't received from County Treasurer, 1878	5,691 09
	$ 5,706 20

CREDITOR.

Paid Road orders $	5,589 46
Paid interest	263 31
Paid for blank books	1 10
One-third of salary for 1877 and 1878	100 00
Due township	53 33
	$ 5,706 20

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding orders $	537 94
Interest estimated	50 00
Assets over liabilities	834 39
Total $	1,422 33

ASSETS.

Unseated tax for 1878 $	2,829 93
Less set off to Sandy township, about	1,365 55
Less for commission and exoneration	124 38
	1,439 93
	1,400 00
Due from District Treasurer	22 33
Total $	1,422 33
Road tax levied for 1879	10 mills.

POOR FUND.

Amos Horning, W. J. King and L. Bird, Overseers Poor, in account with said township:

DEBTOR.

Orders drawn by Auditors $	45 06
Orders drawn on District Treasurer by Overseers	517 70
Cash balance in hands of W. J. King, April, 1879	45 42
	$ 611 12

CREDITOR.

Assistance to Egan & Lafferty $	13 00
Assistance to Mrs. Dunn	26 75
Assistance to Kate Ogden	12 00
Assistance to Mrs. Hoies	6 25
Dr. J. H. Kline for attending Mrs. Dunn	33 00
Keeping seven tramps	4 75
Dr. Sanford for attending Mrs. Dunn	5 00
Support of L. Tarney and wife	282 25
Support of Archibald Moore	54 13
Justice for orders to support paupers	8 25
Murray & Gordon, attorney, for township generally, two years	50 00
Overseers' services and expenses	55 55
Auditors and Town Clerk	10 00
Paid for statements	28 00
Due from Overseer King	23 17
	$ 611 12

J. H. ROSENKRANS, Treasurer.

DEBTOR.

To balance from 1877 $	24 56
To am't received from Co. Treasurer, April 14, 1879	1,109 37
To am't Seated tax	1 50
	$ 1,134 43

CREDITOR.

Paid orders $	786 59
One-third of salary for the year	50 00
Due from Treasurer	297 84
	$ 1,134 43
Poor tax levied for 1879	3 mills.

We, the undersigned Auditors, have examined the above accounts and find them correct according to the best of our knowledge and belief.

F. E. HEWITT,
CHAS. R'BACKER,
A. H. ROSENKRANS,
Attest: Auditors.
L. Bloom, Town Clerk.
Penfield, Pa., April 30, 1879-3t.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of writs of *Levari Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, on

Friday, May 9th, 1879,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

A certain one and a-half story building with plank frame 12 feet long, 12 feet high and 12 feet wide, being a kitchen attached to the main building on the corner of Walnut and St. James stre