The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 29, 1878.

Reader, if you want to know what is going on in the business world, just read our advertising columns, the *Special* column in particular.

MAXIMS FOR THE DAY.

No man worthy the office of President should be willing to hold it if counted in, or placed there by any fraud. U. S. GRANT.

I could never have been reconciled to the elevation by the smallest aid of mine of a person, however respectable in private life, who must forever carry upon his brow the stamp of fraud first triumphant in American history. No subsequent action, however meritorious, can wash away the letters of that record.

CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS.

I would rather have the endorsement of a quarter of a million of the American people than that of the Louisiana Returning Board, or of the Commission which excluded the facts and decided the question on a technicality.

THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

Under the forms of law, Rutherford B. Hayes has been declared President of the United States. His title rests upon disfranchisement of lawful voters, the false certificates of the returning officers acting corruptly, and the decision of a commission which has refused to hear evidence of alleged fraud. For the first time are the American people confronted with the fact of a fraudulently-elected President. Let it not be understood that the fraud will be silently acquiesced in by the country. Let no hour pass in which the usurpation is forgotten.

ADDRESS OF DEMOCRATIC M. C's.

One hundred years of human depravity accumulated and concentrated into a climax of crime. Never again in five hundred years shall they have an opportunity to repeat the wrong.

DANIEL W. VOORHEES.

OUR TICKET.

In order to get even with the Pittsburg *Post*, on the Presidential question, we this week announce our ticket for 1880:

FOR PRESIDENT:

HON. ALLEN G. THURMAN,

OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

HON. WILLIAM A. WALLACE,

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

We will not imitate the *Post*, however, in abusing tickets put in the field by other parties, but we will do the best we can to nominate and elect our ticket, and we will condescend to allow others to do the same, and if they defeat us we will agree to help them to overcome the common enemy.

Let the fight be aggressive.—Kratzer.

Go ahead? Sell out again.

We are not inflationists.—Kratzer.

Well, if you are not, somebody is telling huge lies.

Weston's liabilities in bankruptcy are $5,000. His assets are plenty of cheek and two poor legs.

PATRIOTS ALL.—Kratzer and Arnold, in imitation of "the Father of his country," have also issued farewell addresses.

Yocum will go to Congress sure.—Citizen.

Well, you had better wait until the Radical leaders cancel their forged tax receipts.

The total vote cast in Maryland, at the recent election was 119521 to which the Greenbackers contributed 3,874.

LOST OR MISLAID.—What became of the 25,000 Greenbackers in Philadelphia? Mason only tallies 3,114. Where is the rest of the flock? See Quay, Hoyt & Co.

LIKE MERCHANDISE.—The sale of the Greenback party in this county to Don Cameron, on Congress, Judge, and Senator, is as plain as the nose on Yocum's face.

One week from to-morrow will be Thanksgiving day, according to Gov. Hartranft's proclamation. Wonder if he sent Jack Kehoe a copy of the document.

My active work is done.—Arnold.

Well, you had a lively and a lovely time of it. But the campaign is not over yet. Just hold on a little, don't resign yet.

FIRES.—Oil Territory and Summer resorts, are where the fire bugs resort to follow their vocation, followed by regiments of thieves and tramps, for the purpose of plying their vocation.

"I retire at the end of the year, (Yes, about that time.—ED. REP.) again thanking and congratulating you."

Farewell, William, you will never be bothered with another campaign.

"Circulars containing the most infamous lies were scattered broadcast over the county."—Kratzer.

True as gospel! Secretary Sloppy averred that the party had been sold, and the Chairman denied the fact, but the election returns prove that Mr. Sloppy told the truth.

Allow me to congratulate you fellow Republicans of Clearfield county upon the grand and glorious results.—Arnold.

Hold on, you are not out of the woods yet; you should be grateful and give the Greenbackers some credit for their efforts to boost Cameron, Hoyt & Quay, through.

Every person not a banker, bondholder, money lender or a tool of the money power is interested in the success of the Greenback party, for it is the people's party and is not controlled by any rings or ringsters.—Kratzer.

Saints and angels what perfection those fellows have arrived at in a few months, and what fools the others are, that they do not jump on the same platform.

Curtin deserted us. In war the penalty for desertion is death; politically Curtin has met the same fate—dead and buried so dead that McClure's trumpet will never resurrect him.—Arnold.

Just you hold on until all the forged tax receipts are counted, and the bribes and other frauds are uncovered that have been perpetrated in this district by the Cameron agents, and we will see who will be Congressman.

WHO LIES?—Secretary Sloppy says the Greenbackers sold out to the Radicals. Chairman Kratzer says "Its a lie," or words to that effect. Reader, look at the vote in Philadelphia, where Hughes, DeWees & Co., promised their blind followers from 25,000 to 30,000 votes, Mason only received 3,114. How is that for low?

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THE STATE CANVASS.

Below will be found the official vote of the State cast for Supreme Judge in 1877, and that cast for Governor in 1878, as received at the State Department.

COUNTIES.	Sup'me Judge, 1877. John Trunkey, Dem.	Sup'me Judge, 1877. James P. Sterrett, Rep.	Governor, 1878. Andrew H. Dill, Dem.	Governor, 1878. Henry M. Boyt, Rep.
Adams	2819	2048	3361	2742
Allegheny	9624	15781	13186	20601
Armstrong	1789	1850	2693	3067
Beaver	2348	2907	2968	3571
Bedford	2647	2174	3347	3014
Berks	10572	4445	13480	6506
Blair	2757	2922	3390	3700
Bradford	2554	4181	3132	6010
Bucks	6025	5458	7601	7552
Butler	3428	2853	3766	3892
Cambria	2901	1514	3342	2196
Cameron	475	392	381	408
Carbon	1623	1203	2268	2150
Centre	3015	1885	3827	2059
Chester	4233	5873	5466	8178
Clarion	2413	1344	4032	2265
Clearfield	2531	1192	3207	1602
Clinton	1894	911	2599	1814
Columbia	2749	921	3278	1451
Crawford	5840	5722	3533	2957
Cumberl'd	3813	2953	4831	3743
Dauphin	3900	4835	5326	6591
Delaware	1791	4116	3137	4769
Elk	1045	448	1100	426
Erie	3094	4841	4237	6744
Fayette	4624	3291	4211	2654
Forest	280	293	167	318
Franklin	3940	4043	4691	4734
Fulton	1043	717	1222	794
Greene	2801	1370	3229	1606
Hunting'n	1992	2395	2736	3373
Indiana	1329	3150	1557	3486
Jefferson	1446	1292	2140	1944
Juniata	1083	916	1851	1473
Lackawa'n			1974	4898
Lancaster	7444	12187	8714	15518
Lawrence	1761	2459	16 5	2876
Lebanon	1863	2868	2646	3914
Lehigh	5895	3705	6705	4975
Luzerne	4418	6405	4414	7322
Lycoming	3971	2411	4809	3207
McKean	796	826	1282	1504
Mercer	3563	3140	3708	4436
Mifflin	1492	1355	1756	1744
Monroe	2361	506	2829	602
Montgomy	7836	7263	9164	9006
Montour	1226	515	1378	772
Northam'n	6199	3115	7504	4035
Northum'd	3490	2215	4584	3281
Perry	2372	2205	2711	2697
Philadel'a	51045	57322	53755	70099
Pike	913	320	1135	497
Potter	807	1174	694	1326
Schuylkill	6872	5402	7657	5994
Snyder	1056	1336	1494	1814
Somerset	1554	2434	2140	3134
Sullivan	534	362	602	436
Susqueha's	1846	2448	2246	3832
Tioga	1633	3076	2128	4253
Union	951	1205	1656	1836
Venango	2728	140	3935	3482
Warren	1530	1724	1026	2175
Washingt'n	3950	4234	4994	5263
Wayne	2055	2040	1625	1937
Westmor'd	5041	3750	5968	4795
Wyoming	1057	1329	1600	1417
York	7086	3949	9644	5960
Total	251,000	244,480	297060	319567
				297060
Majority	6520			22507

THE AGGREGATE VOTE.—With all the excitement incident to the late campaign, the vote in this State is 57,000 short of that cast for President, in 1876. The vote then was:

For the Hayes Electors	384 148
For the Tilden Electors	366,204
For the Cooper Electors	7,204
For the Smith Electors	1,318
For the Alliance Electors	83
Total	758,937

The vote cast for Governor, at the recent election, foots up as follows:

For Dill, Democrat	297,660
For Hoyt, Republican	319,567
For Mason, Greenbacker	81,758
For Lane, Prohibition	3,653
Total vote cast	702,638

This shows that nearly 57,000 voters absented themselves from the polls at the recent election. The Democratic vote is short 69,144, and the Radicals 64,581, while the Greenback vote has gone up from 7,204 for Cooper, to 81,758 for Mason. These 57,000 absentees of 1878 will no doubt be on hand in 1880, and will prove to be the power behind the throne.

THE RIVAL NEIGHBORS.—The adjoining counties of Berks and Lancaster, have always been rivals in a political and numerical sense. The former county cast 21,721 votes for Governor, and the latter 24,457. Berks always gives a large Democratic majority, and Lancaster the reverse; no difference whether the name was Federal, Whig, Know-Nothing or Radical, she would always give a larger majority too than Berks, until this year; Berks gave Dill 6 974 majority, while Lancaster put Hoyt off with 6,804. Berks furnished 1,735 Greenbackers, and Lancaster only 225. Thus showing that in a voting population in these two counties of over 46,000, less than 2,000 Greenbackers are harbored.

The Pittsburg Post intimates that Governor Hartranft will be a candidate for United States Senator at the expiration of Senator Wallace's term.—Phila. Record.

The *Post* is an enterprising journal. A few weeks ago it put ex-Gov. Curtin in the field, on the Democratic side, as Cameron's successor. Now, it seems, it is determined to stuff Gov. Hartranft into Senator Wallace's seat, as far ahead as 1881. Such enterprise is certainly commendable, and what astonishes us is that not a single Barr is suggested for either place. Probably the family is trying to cover itself into the State Treasury, where Col. Noyes is now rusticating. This may be the cause for the unusual modesty manifested on the Senatorship, by the family.

RADICAL JUSTICE.—The beauties of our Legislature are plainly set for in Philadelphia. That city with its 70,000 Radical voters elects 31 members of the Legislature, and the Democrats with 56,500 elect *seven*. That is 2,300 Republican votes elect a member of the House, while it takes 8,000 Democratic votes to secure a like result. And yet these men "controlled by grand moral ideas," upbraid the people of the South for disfranchising the negro. Let this be true or not, no section can be worse than we have it in Pennsylvania.

THROWING UP.—The Clinton *Democrat* says: The sickest men in these parts are those foolish Democrats who allowed themselves to be wheedled into voting the Greenback ticket, and while they were sticking the Radicals slipped back to vote their own ticket, leaving the "greenies" out in the cold voting against their own party and wasting their votes on a wild chase after they didn't know what! Last year the Greenback vote was 611, this year it was 377.

We have defeated Andrew G. Curtin, that political renegade for Congress, etc.—W. C. Arnold.

You did it so slick. Why not tell us all about it? The scheme is a new one, and you are no doubt entitled to a patent. Apply soon, before there's another "cyclone."

THE NEW HOUSE.

The present (XLV) Congress meets at Washington on the 1st Monday (2d) of December next, and the term for which the members were elected, expires by Constitutional provision on the 4th of March next, at which time the 46th Congress begins, though no session may be called until the first Monday of December, 1879. The following table will show the political complexion, by States, of the 45th and 46th Congress, as near as can be ascertained at this time:

No.	STATES.	45TH. R.	45TH. D.	46TH. R	46TH. D.	G
8	Alabama	...	8	...	8	..
4	Arkansas	..	4	...	4	..
4	California	2	2	2	2	..
2	Colorado	..	1	1	..	..
4	Connecticut	2	2	3	1	..
1	Delaware	..	1	..	1	..
2	Florida	1	1	..	2	..
9	Georgia	..	9	..	9	..
19	Illinois	11	8	12	7	..
13	Indiana	5	4	6	6	1
9	Iowa	9	..	7	..	2
3	Kansas	3	..	3	..	..
10	Kentucky	..	10	..	10	..
6	Louisiana	..	6	..	5	..
5	Maine	5	3	..	3	2
6	Maryland	..	6	1	5	..
11	Massachusetts	9	2	10	1	..
9	Michigan	8	1	9	..	..
3	Minnesota	3	..	2	1	..
5	Mississippi	..	5	..	5	..
15	Missouri	..	9	..	12	1
1	Nebraska	1	..	1	..	..
1	Nevada	1	..	1	..	..
3	New Hampshire	2	1	3	..	..
7	New Jersey	5	4	4	3	..
33	New York	17	16	25	8	..
8	North Carolina	1	7	1	7	..
20	Ohio	12	8	9	11	..
1	Oregon	1	..	..	1	..
27	Pennsylvania	17	10	17	9	1
2	Rhode Island	2	..	2	..	..
5	South Carolina	3	2	..	5	..
10	Tennessee	2	8	1	9	..
6	Texas	..	6	..	6	..
3	Vermont	3	..	2	..	1
9	Virginia	1	8	1	8	..
3	West Virginia	1	2	..	3	..
8	Wisconsin	5	3	5	3	..
293	Total	136	156	151	133	9

JUDGE, OFFICIAL.—The return Judges of this (XXV.) Judicial district, met at the Court House, in Clearfield, on Tuesday, the 12th inst., for the purpose of cast up the votes cast for President Judge. Mr. W. S. Wolf represented Centre, Mr. A. W. Walters, Clearfield, and Mr. Robert Ager, Clinton, who tallied the vote as follows:

COUNTIES.	MAYER, DEM.	M'CORMICK, G. & R.
Centre	3,804	3 242
Clearfield	3,249	2,576
Clinton	2,631	2,159
Total	9,684	7,977
Majority for Mayer		1,707

The vote cast in 1868 was, for Mayer, 9,618, and for McEnally, 7,171. The crusade waged against Judge Mayer by McCormick and his confederates, was very bitter, and partook more of the game played by very low pet house politicians rather than that of a high-toned gentleman, who was aspiring to be a Judge.

CONGRESS, OFFICIAL.—Below will be found the vote cast for Congress in this (XX.) district. The return Judges met at Bellefonte, on Tuesday, the 12th inst. Wm. H. Blair represented Centre, A. J. Jackson, Clearfield, D. A. Cochran, Clinton, M. W. Weadert, Elk, George Bates, Mifflin, and Samuel Marshall, Union. Upon the presentation of the several certificates, the vote was declared as follows:

COUNTIES.	CURTIN, DEM.	YOCUM, G. & R.
Centre	3,533	3,356
Clearfield	3,034	2,014
Clinton	2,565	2,264
Elk	1,010	803
Mifflin	1,762	1,767
Union	1,455	2,220
Total	13 381	12,424
Majority for Yocum		73

Bribery, fraud, and general corruption, produced the above result, and we have no doubt but that these facts will be proven in open court before six months roll around.

A POLITICAL MISSIONARY.—One would suppose, from the reading of his congratulatory addresses, that the sainted Kratzer, the Greenback chairman, was not sold with the rest of the flock to Cameron, Hoyt, Quay & Co. He seems to take a deep interest in "fellow-citizens," "farmers," "mechanics," "laborers," etc. These afflicted people appear to be the chief object of his love and affection at this time. It is remarkable that he has overlooked the interests of these classes for a period of fifty years, and devoted all his time and talents to forward his own interests. Singular, indeed! When a man turns reformer, he should not wait so long, nor turn so far at once, if he desires those who have passed along the highway of life with him for thirty or forty years, to believe that he is sincere in what he is doing.

SENATOR, OFFICIAL.—The return Judges of this (XXXIV.) Senatorial district, convened at Bellefonte, on Tuesday the 12th, for the purpose of ascertaining who was elected. Mr. W. F. Reber represented Center, Mr. T. J. McCullough, Clearfield, and Mr. Alexander DeHass, Clinton, who compiled the vote as follows:

COUNTIES.	ALEXANDER, DEM.	CALDWELL, G. & R.
Center	4,190	3,003
Clearfield	2,128	2,078
Clinton	2,497	2,522
Total	9,807	8,703
Majority for Alexander		1,094

The vote cast in 1876 was for Peale, 11,340, and for Thompson, 7,375.

ALL RIGHT.—The editor of the Lancaster *Intelligencer* gets out of it in this way:

It appears that Curtin did not run so far behind the Democratic ticket in his district as appeared at first. The combined Greenback and Republican votes there about balance the Democratic vote on the State ticket, and because they were united on Congress they test him. We accept the correction and cheerfully make it.

Now, would it not be well enough for the editor in question, after being so inquisitive, to inform us backwoodsmen why such an excellent Democrat as Mr. Steinmetz was defeated in the Democratic city of Lancaster. Did Senator Wallace have a hand in that, too? Let us know!

The Clearfield REPUBLICAN makes the announcement this week that its first page is covered with "general information." You shouldn't have been so liberal, Goodlander. What was the use in giving away all you had, boy? Now, if anybody should go to you for a little, what would you do?—Watchman 15 November.

Never having been the recipient of *Legislative favors*, (see Common Pleas Record at Bellefonte, No. 268, August Term 1876,) we are not competent to answer the above wise conundrum. Experts can only answer such wise (!) questions. Please excuse us.

REJOICING, TOO.—We notice that the London, England, *Times* goes off in ecstacies over the Radical victory in Pennsylvania. It must be a severe reflection to those Irishmen who so actively fought against the Democracy to realize that their bitter foe, the English, rejoice over the work of the descendants of tyranized Ireland, Where are the sons of Erin now?

SAY!—If the Greenback party in this State did not sell out to the Cameron family, why was there only 3,114 Greenback votes cast for Mason in Philadelphia.

THE BARRS AND THE DEMOCRACY.

Mr. James P. Barr, in his Pittsburg *Post*, which always has been a personal organ, and never a faithful exponent of Democracy, seizes upon a paragraph of ours to vent his venom upon Senator Wallace. The REPUBLICAN is not the organ of any man, and the paragraph referred to, like our other editorials, was our own. We do not need to look far for the reason of Barr's attack on Senator Wallace. The Senator was unwise enough on the death of Mr. Heister, in 1872, to recommend Mr. Barr for the place of Member of the National Committee for Pennsylvania, which place he held until 1876, but he was *not* for Mr. D. O. (the brother of J. P.) Barr, for State Treasurer in 1873, nor was he for Mr. J. P. for United States Senator in 1874, nor for Mr. J. P. for Governor in 1875, nor for Mr. J. P. for delegate at large to St. Louis in 1876, nor for Mr. D. O. for State Treasurer in 1877, nor is he for Mr. D. O. for State Treasurer in 1878, which nomination Mr. J. P. and Mr. D. O. and Mr. J. C. Barr and their friends are now actively canvassing for by most unworthy appeals to sectarian prejudice. In the light of these facts it is easy to see why the *Post* turns its guns upon the Senator. The hold he has upon the Democracy must be broken or the Barrs cannot get nominations for fat offices. The *Post* asserts that the defeat of Senator Dill is chargeable to the fact that his nomination was regarded as a "Wallace set up." It might with more justice be traced to the virulent, false and treacherous attacks made upon Mr. Dill before his nomination, by the *Post* and kindred sheets, and to the lying and garbled records printed and circulated by the creatures of Mr. J. P. Barr prior thereto, or to the prophetic utterances of the traveling correspondent of the *Post*, Mr. J. C., in which he foretold our defeat wherever he went. These attacks before the nomination, were the stock in trade of our enemy after it was made, and did more to defeat Mr. Dill than all else, except the money of Cameron, which was used with such fatal effect to buy up and vote against us the very men whom the Barrs are now trying to send to the State Convention to nominate Mr. D. O. Barr for State Treasurer.

It is a part of our political history that whenever a candidate for State office is named, who is a friend of Senator Wallace, that he is at once attacked by the *Post* and two or three other newspapers within the State, and by the New York *Sun*, and vilification and slander are heaped upon him in order to defeat his nomination. Senator Dill was abused and vilified by these people without stint. For months prior to, and at the Convention, they were shameless in their blatant falsehoods. Whilst the Convention was in progress, the columns of their papers, and the streets were alike filled with them. Public speeches were made, and every effort used to influence the Convention to listen to their slanders. On the other hand Senator Dill and his friends attacked no candidate, wrote no abusive articles, distributed no garbled records and made no public speeches to distract his party. Such has always been the policy of Senator Wallace and those with whom he has acted since he has come into public life. He and his friends abuse no candidate before nomination and they always give a cordial support to the nominees. The *Post* and its friends coin falsehoods in advance, and stab the nominees in the dark after they are before the people, if those nominees are not their special favorites.

It is an offence in the eyes of the Barrs that Senator Wallace was sent to the State Convention and used his influence to nominate candidates and enunciate principles. Are our public men to be retired from active participation in settling the very principles upon which they are called upon to vote? Is it true that because a man has the evidence of his party's trust it is to ignore his counsel and he is to turn his back upon its council fires? Just because his place gives him enlarged opportunities and wider sphere of action, the necessity comes for his counsel and earnest aid in the council chamber of the party. If power and patronage conferred by party place were used to influence nominations, there might be cause for criticism, but the parallel between Cameron and Wallace, that the *Post* seeks to draw cannot be sustained. Cameron has power and patronage. He gives offices and fat places. He uses with unscrupulous hands all of the perquisites of his place to pack conventions and dictate nominations. Wallace, on the contrary, has neither places nor patronage nor perquisites. He can give no offices to Democrats nor reward delegates with postoffices, collectorships or rich pickings from fat government contracts. Can the *Post* point to a single delegate who voted for Mr. Dill who was influenced by Federal patronage? If it cannot, then its complaint of "a Wallace set up" is the sheerest bosh. It is more: it is an effort to establisha precedent in the councels of the Democracy that shall result in ignoring the advice of men trusted and in high place, simply because they are so trusted. The *animus* of the *Post* is transparent. Its attacks are the result of a personal grievance against Senator Wallace. As to the defeat of Governor Curtin, it is not necessary for those who know Senator Wallace and his broad views of the policy of his party and his devotion to its best interests, both in this district and in the State, in the canvass just closed, to say anything in his defence. The combined vote of the Republicans and Nationals, the unscrupulous use of money within the district by the Cameron-Quay-Mackey power, and the treachery of Democrats outside of Clearfield county, who acted with the *Post* and its party at the Pittsburg Convention, were the causes of the victory of Yocum over Curtin.

Upon this subject the end is not yet. Let the *Post* possess its soul in patience.

The *Post* modestly says, "We" bagged fifteen members of the Legislature from Allegheny in 1875, and thereby elected Wallace to the Senate. Eleven members and one Senator were elected by the Democracy in Allegheny to the Legislature of 1875. Two of these did not vote in caucus for Senator Wallace, and it will be news we think to the Democracy of the State that Senator Wallace, who was nominated in caucus by 106 out of 122 votes, owes that nomination to the Barrs. The claim that Mr. James P. Barr owns and controls stalwart Democrats like John M. Irwin, John Swann and Jos. M. Carson, and those who were their colleagues in that Legislature, we think will be slightly contested by those gentlemen. Indeed, we know whereof we speak when we say that the incubus of the Barrs on the Democracy of Allegheny is one from which a large majority of them pray to be delivered.

SOUND DOCTRINE.

We cut from the *Leader*, the leading Democratic newspaper of Luzerne county, the following excellent article:

WHAT OF 1880?

The one fact established beyond all possibility of doubt by the late elections, is this—that in a sufficient number of the States to control the Presidency in 1880, the opponents of the National Bank policy are immensely in the majority. Ohio, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Michigan, Connecticut and New Hampshire were carried by the Republicans by pluralities, but in them all, and in others, the majority of the votes cast were cast against the money policy of that party—the policy of funding or otherwise retiring that portion of the national debt which the people are anxious to continue the use of as currency, in order to widen the market for the costly National Bank currency, and to extend the monied and political influence of the banking oligarchy.

In Pennsylvania the majority against "Hoyt and Bank-Money" is shown, by the complete returns, to have been in excess of 55,000.

Ohio is anti-National Bank by at least 25,000, Connecticut by 6,000, and New Hampshire and other States now counted in the Republican column are properly in the same category by equally decisive preponderances of the popular vote.

Taking into consideration these figures, and the additional fact that in almost every instance in which a Congressman has been gained to the Republicans, or lost to the Democrats, it has been either through direct affiliation of the Nationals with the Republicans, or the division of the Democratic vote between two anti-Bank Democrats—taking all these things into the calculation, the great question with reference to 1880 now is—

Is the Democratic party equal to the emergency?

It has always been an anti Bank party. The proudest victory achieved by it in all its history was its victory, under the leadership of Jackson, over the United States Bank, in 1836.

Its members of Congress stood in solid phalanx against the bills authorizing and extending the present National Banking system.

Understand us—we are not Nationalists. We are not repudiationists. We scout the crazy doctrine of fiat money. We are no forced inflationists. We object to any forced measures in connection with financial legislation whatever. Brick Pomeroy's no bond idea is worse than nonsense. There is nothing communistic, agrarian or dangerous in the anti-Bank doctrine we would have the party a unit for—and which it must honestly, and openly, and unitedly maintain, if it would win. The doctrine is a plain business doctrine which, being understood, must needs appeal to the common sense of all men. It is simply this—

Gold and silver are the constitutional money of the country, but they do not exist in sufficient quantities to supply us with an adequate circulating medium; and if they did, there are certain forms of exchanges which could not conveniently be effected without the aid of paper currency. Paper currency we always have had, and always must have. Now then, what kind of paper shall it be? Shall it be National Bank paper, upon which we must pay double interest, or government paper, which frees us of the interest on so much of the debt as will circulate in that form? The National Banking system constitutes a political oligarchy, more powerful than the old bank oligarchy of 1836—almost as powerful, and in time likely to become more so, than was the slave oligarchy. Government money obviates this danger.

As to our debt—it is of two kinds—that which bears interest and that which does not. The former the people are anxious to have liquidated in exact accordance with the terms of the contracts under which it was created, at the earliest practicable moment, because the interest they must annually pay upon it constitutes a very grevious burden upon them. The latter the people do not want paid off. It is not only no hardship to them to carry it, but even John Sherman has acknowledged that it is the best currency the country has ever had—that, as against National Bank currency, it is infinitely the preferable. And we say that so much of the balance—that is so much of the interest-bearing debt as the people are satisfied shall be promptly paid (according to the contract) and its place supplied with non-interest-bearing debt or Treasury notes, should be so paid off and its place so supplied. In brief, our doctrine is—

First, gold and silver.

Second, government paper, made receivable for all government debts, and issued to the fullest possible extent at which it can be maintained at the par of, and be redeemable, when such redemption is asked for, into gold and silver.

Third, the outlawry of all other forms of paper currency.

This is a popular doctrine, because it is a common sense doctrine, and because it will bring relief to a people who are in most urgent need of relief. It is entirely consistent with the Democratic past; and if we only have the pluck, as a party, to enter the contest of 1880 united upon it, by saying to the few thousands of professed Democrats whose identification with the National Banks and participation in the profits of that system, makes them our enemies—if we have but the courage to say to these, "go you where you properly belong," we shall elect the President and Congress in 1880 just as certainly as 1880 shall come.

With such a platform, and with such men as Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio, and Wm. A. Wallace of Pennsylvania, as our candidates, Pennsylvania will be with us, Ohio will be with us, the great West and Northwest will be with us. We may have a solid East to contend against, because New York and the East (excepting, perhaps, Maine, Connecticut and New Hampshire), are, for the present at least, hopelessly subject to bank rule. But we shall have with us a solid South, almost a solid West and Northwest, a solid strength in Pennsylvania, and a solid Democratic doctrine that will insure a solidity to general business and prosperity that will be proof against the gold-gambling, stock-watering and Black-Fridaying which have, since the war, been the most notable of the products of New York and the solid East.

A DIRTY FLING.—The Punxsutawney *Spirit* seems to be elated over Cameron's victory. The editor in effect admits that "the field couldn't beat Wallace," at Pittsburg in May, but it did the job in November. We presume the Senator never dreamed that Hastings and Cameron would pool their interests and thereby defeat the Democratic party. The job put up by Cameron, Quay and Mackey, on the Democratic party, is to us a queer thing for Democrats to crow over. But the *Spirit* seems to glad over our defeat. Well, common sense never did regulate selfishness and bigotry. Why did the editor in question not show his teeth manfully before the election?

"The people did it."—Radical Exchange.

Such is the caption we find in every Radical newspaper dwelling on the result of the election. Was it "the people" who bribed voters and issued fraudulent tax receipts? Was it "the people" who went to tax collectors a week or ten days before the election and paid taxes for delinquents, and dated the receipts back to the 1st of October. But the Radical leaders did those same things, and they will reap all the glory too.

DILL AND HOYT.—It will be noticed that the vote cast for Hoyt in this county, is *three less* than Senator Dill's majority, viz: The vote for the former was 1,602, and the majority for the latter was 1 605. One would suppose that a Clearfield Radical could not *crow* very well over Hoyt's discount, but they have the right to crow over the purchase of the Greenbackers on the district ticket for Congress and Senator, and partly for Judge.

TUMBLING IN.—Candidates for Speaker of the House at Harrisburg are already cropping out H. M. Long and R. S. Frazer, of Allegheny, would like to wield the gavel and B. L. Hewitt, of Blair, and Elisha W. Davis, of Philadelphia, have entered for the race. Davis will no doubt win, as he is the oldest rooster on the perch. As the Democrats have no chance they need not bother themselves much about these things.

LOVELY.—We notice by the addresses of Messrs. Kratzer and Arnold that they rejoice greatly over the marriage of their respective parties. The Greenbackers and Radicals in this county bedded together, but over in Huntingdon, and in some other counties, they slept with the Democrats. The only conditions were, cash or office, and the old party which offered the most of either, always secured the Greenbacker.

"The man in the moon held his nose when he passed over a Democratic meeting," addressed by Andrew J. Curtin. How have the mighty fallen!—Reynoldsville Herald.

We have suspected the editor in question for being "a little moony," but now we are convinced, because he was evidently up there or he would not state what he saw. The above pun knocks the bottom out of the Norristown *Herald* man, and, in fact out of every other punster on the Continent.

It was the vote of Clearfield county that defeated Curtin.—Citizen.

That is the mild way of stating a notorious falsehood. It was the sale of the Greenback party of Clearfield county to the Cameron family that defeated Curtin. It was Cameron's cash that defeated the ablest Democratic nominee for Congress within the borders of Pennsylvania. Those who feel proud of it, let them crow. There are people who glory in their own shame.

A WONDERFUL DOCUMENT.—The *farewell* address of Wm. C. Arnold, Chairman of the Radical County Committee, "to the Republicans of Clearfield county," is a wonderful document. Washington's was a fool thing when compared with this. We are astonished that the editor of the *Journal* allowed himself to be imposed upon so far as to publish it.

THE MINORITY GOVERNOR.—Hoyt will go into the Gubernatorial Chair with the largest minority of any one who has ever occupied the place. The voters who wanted Dill, amounted to 297,060 and those who prefered Mason 81,758, making a total of 378 818 votes, while Hoyt had but 319,567 leaving him almost 60,000 votes in the minority.

Wonder what the Clearfield REPUBLICAN thinks of the Pittsburg Post? That was rubbing salt into the sore places, wasn't it?—Bellefonte Watchman.

Never having taken lessons in perpetual office seeking, like the two editors indicated, we have no SORE PLACES, and salt is rather a savior with us than an irritant. Like water rolling off a duck's back it makes no scores.

A GOOD LICK.—It gives us pleasure to notice that the Radical Senatorial district composed of Bedford, Fulton and Somerset counties done a good work in the defeat of Senator E. D. Yutzy, Republican, for re-election.—Frederick Groff, Democrat, carried the district by 619 majority. Hoyt had a majority of 233 in the district.

A GOOD RUN.—Huntingdon county gave Hoyt, Rep., for Governor, 337 majority, and J. Simpson Africa, Dem., for Secretary of Internal Affairs, 541 majority. Mr. Africa certainly has reason to be proud of the vote of his own county.

HAPPY SUBJECTS.—The Canadians are as tickled with their coming princess, now tossing about on the Atlantic, as a maid with a new beau. Whatever day she may step her foot upon the land is to be celebrated as a holiday for all time to come.

A CALL UPON HARTRANFT.

The *Evening Telegraph* of yesterday [illegible] Hartranft that he will disregard only by the confession that he dare not perform a plain and imparative duty to public justice. His failure to consider and dispose of the Kehoe case in a man