The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 15, 1878.

Reader, if you want to know what is going on in the business world, just read our advertising columns, the *Special* column in particular.

MAXIMS FOR THE DAY.

No man worthy the office of President should be willing to hold it if counted in, or placed there by any fraud. U. S. GRANT.

I could never have been reconciled to the elevation by the smallest aid of mine of a person, however respectable in private life, who must forever carry upon his brow the stamp of fraud first triumphant in American history. No subsequent action, however meritorious, can wash away the letters of that record. CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS.

Under the forms of law, Rutherford B. Hayes has been declared President of the United States. His title rests upon disfranchisement of lawful voters, the false certificates of the returning officers acting corruptly, and the decision of a commission which has refused to hear evidence of alleged fraud. For the first time are the American people confronted with the fact of a fraudulently-elected President. Let it not be understood that the fraud will be silently acquiesced in by the country. Let no hour pass in which the usurpation is forgotten. ADDRESS OF DEMOCRATIC M. C.'s.

One hundred years of human depravity accumulated and concentrated into a climax of crime. Never again in five hundred years shall they have an opportunity to repeat the wrong. DANIEL W. VOORHEES.

I would rather have the endorsement of a quarter of a million of the American people than that of the Louisiana Returning Board, or of the Commission which excluded the facts and decided the question on a technicality. THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.—The Democratic State Convention of Pennsylvania, for 1878, will be held in Library Hall, Pittsburg, (Penn avenue, near Sixth street,) at 10 o'clock a. m., Wednesday, May 22d, to place in nomination one person for each of the following named offices: Governor, Judge of the Supreme Court, Lieutenant Governor, and Secretary of Internal Affairs. By order of the State Committee. WM. M'CLELLAND, Chairman.

PITTSBURG, May 1878.

Senator Conover wears the worst hat in Washington and Mrs. Conover the finest bonnet.

Gen. Sherman is noted in Washington for his shabby toilets and the sorry looking nags he drives.

Peter Cooper's fortune is estimated at $10,000,000, and his heirs are waiting for him to Peter out.

Mayor Ely of New York didn't know he was going to be married until he read it in the newspapers. Another triumph for journalism.

During this month the Mint in Philadelphia will coin a million of the new silver dollars. Forty thousand of them are being struck off daily.

Mrs. Thursby says it is a mistake for a lady artist to marry while she is engaged in her profession, for either the husband or the profession must suffer.

The Boston *Post* says: Beecher's new house at Peekskill will be "the grandest country seat in the possession of the American clergy." He's a grand preacher, too!

DENNIS—MCLIN—. These are extraordinary names for gentlemen belonging to the First Families of Florida. Wonder if Dennis and McLin have been naturalized.

A man writes from Oregon, telling how a recent cargo of one hundred and fifty women from New York were gobbled up and married in three weeks, and there are plenty of bachelors left yet.

THE LAST MOVE.—The Radical programme—the Cameron's and the Shermans have it all their own way. The niece will see uncle John and uncle Tecumseh frequently hereafter—"you bet," on business.

CONVENTIONS.—Four State nominating conventions in Pennsylvania this year. The Nationals at Philadelphia, May 8th; the Radicals at Harrisburg, May 15th; the Democrats at Pittsburg, May 22d, and the Prohibitionists at Altoona, May 29.

RECONSIDERED.—The repeal of the Bankrupt law, which passed the Senate two weeks ago, to take effect on the 1st of January, next, was reconsidered by that body, on Thursday last, and so amended that the repeal goes into effect on the 1st of September next.

A woman, who "thinks she knows," says that as far as the sex is concerned, men are indispensable and fascinating beings made to be petted, loved and served by women, and who in return give them their food, clothes and shelter, and—break their hearts! Is she right?

The Newton banking company (capital $100,000) at Newton, Bucks county, has closed its doors, and there is trouble among the thrifty farmers of that locality. Barclay Smith, president and manager of several other local organizations, is reported to have suspended.

HUMOROUS.—The Philadelphia *Press*, in alluding to the coalition, says: The Labor men and Greenbackers have met on common ground; both want money in as large quantities and for as little work as possible. While they are talking and voting the rest of the community will be quietly earning a living, and electing either the Republican or Democratic candidates. Those who are not afraid of hard work will prefer to "bear the ills they have than fly to others that they know not of."

WHY NOT REMOVE THE OBSTRUCTION?—It should be plainly visible to every observing citizen, that the Bankrupt Law sits on commercial affairs and business transactions like a night-mare. Those in debt are devoured in passing through its crooked and costly meanderings, while the enterprising business man, a little short of capital is prohibited from making progress because the money lender refuses to loan him his cash, for fear that he will take up his note by furnishing him with a card through the United States Marshal. Therefore, why not remove this embargo on trade and commerce as speedily as possible from the statue book.

DECIDEDLY WRONG.

The Lancaster *Intelligencer*, in its conclusions that the State Treasurer conducted as heretofore in the interest of the State ring, does the party, Col. Noyes and itself great injustice. Up here, where Col. Noyes is personally known, the most consistent friends of reform have no such ideas as our Lancaster cotemporary advances, and particularly is there no ground for such suspicions, since the appointment of Mr. Walters as chief clerk. There is no more consistent, straight-forward, determined Democrat in the State than Col. Noyes' cashier, and there is no one whom he could have chosen for the position who would try to do his duty to the people of the State and the party he is a member of more faithfully than will J. Blake Walters. The writer of this is personally acquainted with both Mr. Walters and Mr. Fleming, two of Col. Noyes' assistants in the Treasury department, and we know them both to be honorable, competent gentleman, qualified in every way to fill the positions they have been chosen to, and men who would scorn to do anything that would bring disgrace or suspicion upon the Democratic party or the State Treasurer. If other departments of the government under Democratic control are conducted as faithfully and well as the State Treasury promises to be with Mr. Walters as its cashier, the party will have no cause to complain, and the *Intelligencer* we feel confident will find its suspicions both unfounded and unfair.

Col. Noyes imposes an additional duty on on Mr. Walters, his cashier, by the appointment of Bayard as one of his clerks. Mr. Walters, in addition to watching the money of the Commonwealth, the corporations of the State and the old State ring, will have to keep a sharp eye on Bayard and his pals, Simonton and Olmstead, or through the carelessness of the one and the sharp practices of the other two, the Treasurer's office may get up a stink and a steal similar to the one those three worthies have just emerged from in the Auditor General's office. We don't believe anything of the kind will happen, but it makes additional watchfulness, on the part of our friend Walters necessary to see that it don't. —*Bellefonte Watchman.*

THE "TWO LICK" MEMBER.

The editor of the Harrisburg *Patriot*, in alluding to our neighbor Congressman, remarks: "It turns out that the true inwardness of Congressman Harry White's effort in behalf of an appropriation for the improvement of Kiskimenetas creek consists in this, that White is a large stockholder in a certain national bank in the town of Indiana, and that the national bank is the principal stockholder in the Two Lick lumber company, whose operations are carried on upon the waters of the Kiskiminetas. In other words, the clause which White had inserted in the river and harbor bill was ingeniously devised to secure an appropriation from the United States Treasury, a considerable portion of which would in the end find its way into the pocket of the Congressman from the Indiana district. Histrionic literature has been graced with the sketch of a character known as 'The Member from Pike.' Here is the opportunity for some mute, inglorious Shakespeare to trumpet his name to an admiring world by giving to the stage the counterfeit presentment of the 'Member from Two Lick.' The play could be made peculiarly interesting by a tableau of a raft of logs on the wild waters of the Kiskiminetas, with the Hon. Harry White as captain, the officers of the Indiana National Bank on board as a pleasure party, and Uncle Sam as purser paying off the crew. All hail the Member from Two Lick! Of what good is a paternal government if it cannot slack water the noble Kiskiminetas so as to float Harry White's logs to market."

TO STOP.—The Senate of the United States took another step in the right direction on the 7th inst.

Mr. Cockrell (Mo.), moved to take up house bill to forbid the future retirement of United States legal-tender notes, which was read a first time, and said he moved to take it up now that it might be read a second time. The motion was agreed to—yeas thirty-three, nays twenty-five.

The vote in detail on Mr. Cockrell's motion to take up the bill to forbid the further retirement of United States legal-tender notes was as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Bailey, Beck, Booth, Butler, Cockrell, Coke, Davis (Ill.), Davis (W. Va.), Dorsey, Easton, Garland, Gordon, Harris, Hereford, Hill, Ingalls, Johnson, Jones (Fla.), Lamar, McCreery, McDonald, Maxey, Merrimon, Morgan, Oglesby, Plumb, Ransom, Saunders, Spencer, Thurman, Voorhees, Wallace and Withers—25.

NAYS—Messrs. Allison, Anthony, Bayard, Cameron (Wis.), Conkling, Dawes, Eaton, Edmunds, Ferry, Hoar, Howe, Kernan, Kirkwood, M'Millan, Matthews, Mitchell, Morrill, Paddock, Randolph, Rollins, Sargent, Sauls bury, Wadleigh, Whyte and Windom—25.

It will be noticed that every Senator from New England States, and the extreme Northwest voted in the negative.

HOW THEY ARE LOOKED AT.—The New Haven, Connecticut, *Register*, in alluding to the National organization in this State, says: "The chances are that when the hour of election approaches the leaders of the Nationalists will, as the Mollie Maguires and the Labor Reformers did in the past, sell out their political chances to the highest bidder, and the purchaser, will, as usual, be Simon Cameron, the great Winnebago Chief." That is the way they look at the arrangement away down in New England.

THE RE-OPENING.—Philadelphia had a "big day" on Friday last, May 10th. This was Centennial day two years ago, and was selected by the officers to open the Permanent Exhibition Buildings. On the same day Senators Wallace, Bayard, Blaine and Governor Hartranft were present and did the speechifying for those present. Those, however, who visit the city in the future will find it decidedly advantageous to visit the old Centennial grounds and the buildings still standing.

IT'S NO WONDER.—We are told that the recent Florida disclosures render "the government" unhappy. We are not surprised at this. If the title to our house and lot was no better than that of Hayes & Wheeler, we would feel mighty blue over it.

OUR CAPITAL CITY REPRESENTATIVES.

One would suppose it to be otherwise, but the truth is, Col. Dessoffer is no better than the members of our State Legislature, which the voters of the Quaker City send up to Harrisburg. In proof of this fact, we cite as authority the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Record*, of the 8th inst., who relates it as follows:

Congressmen Kelley and O'Neill were the heroes of a very lively episode during the debate on the tariff in the House yesterday. Kelley had voted with the Democrats in favor of Wood's motion to take up the tariff bill. O'Neill took exception to this vote, and, turning in his seat toward where Kelley sat, began to upbraid the latter for his action. Not exactly relishing this lecture from his colleague, the Judge replied with more vigor than politeness. Words led to more words, until some very bitter things had been said on both sides, and fists had been mutually shaken. Their friends gathered around and interfered and the "impending conflict was avoided." Junge Kelley's vote, of course, did not mean that he was for the bill, but the fact remains that if Messrs. Kelley of Pennsylvania and Banks of Massachusetts had not been more anxious to make speeches than to defeat the bill, the bill would not now be before the House.

The conversation, as reported by a vivacious car witness, was somewhat outside the ordinary pale of parliamentary intercourse, as will be seen by the following report from memory, which is asserted to be almost *verbatum et literatum.*

O'Neill, turning excitedly toward Kelley, and shaking a dexter digit at him: "You are voting against the interests and wishes of your constituents, sir."

Kelley, in a deep bass key and in tones of withering scorn: "When I get to be your dog, sir, put a collar round my neck, tie a string, and then, perhaps, you can lead me."

O'Neill, in an excited treble tone: "You are a puppy now, sir."

Kelley, glowing ominously, "If we were not in this House, sir, I would thrash you for that remark, sir; and if you will repeat out of doors, sir, I will *swipe* your face, sir. And I notify you, here and now, sir, that if ever you speak to me again, sir, I will show your length by measuring it on the ground, sir."

Here the Speaker's hammer fell time and again, calling his colleagues to order, but the curtain dropped and all was hid from view. There is nothing of this to be found in the Congressional *Record*, as the reporters were told "not to take it down."

POLITICAL AND SOCIAL TRAMPS.—The Washington *Capitol*, in alluding to a dangerous element, says: Megy and other dead-beat communists who jumped Paris and their debts, spent Good Friday in New York in a saturnalia, arrayed in red shirts, drinking brandy and absinthe, singing bawdy songs and arranging for a change in the present form of the United States Government and an introduction of the *bonnet rogue* in America. These men are the scum of the universe, and are to the community what a festering sore is to the human body. With all their cries of liberty their first doctrine is to destroy all religion altogether—therein being in dead antagonism to the first paragraph of the Declaration of American Independence: the right to life liberty and pursuit of happiness. Their next is to bull-doze the press; for the life of the representative of the *World* was threatened by this gang of howlers for having published an account of a previous orgy. These carpet-baggers from Parisian slums should learn that between communism in France and the rights of labor in the United States there exists both a difference and a decided distinction. Six months *per capita* to them in Blackwell's Island would draw a trifle of their trans-Atlantic conceit out of them and their red shirts too.

ANOTHER DOSE.—Hayes and his friends are greatly worried over the confessions of McLin and Dennis, two members of the infamous Florida Returning Board, who now confess under oath that the Tilden Electors had a majority in that State. Hayes backers denounce these revelators and scoundrels and dishonest fellows. This nearly everybody concedes, but they are no worse now than when they counted the Florida Electors for Hayes in December, 1876. More: the following billetdoux, which has just been pulled out of a pigeon hole in the Treasury Department, would seem to indicate that Dennis was a first-rate fellow up to April 1877.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, April 15 1877.

DEAR SIR: I am reliably assured that L. G. Dennis of Florida, would make a capital Special Agent of the Treasury. I respectfully desire that his claims should have your favorable attention. Sincerely, R. B. HAYES.

Hon. John Sherman and others.

That is a first-rate "government" recommendation and makes Dennis a letter "A" number one Radical. And we hope Hayes and his blowers and strikers will manifest a little modesty in the future.

A TEST CASE.—The Philadelphia *Times* says: The case of Father Stack, late of Williamsport, against Bishop O'Hara, of the diocese of Scranton, is now before the Supreme Court, and is set down for argument on the first Monday in June. The case has been carried up by the attorneys for the Bishop, Judge Gamble, of the Lycoming Common Plase, having decided in behalf of the priest, although denying him the material benefits of the decision. This controversy has been going on now for something like five years, and has attracted the widest attention, but the indications are that it is now approaching the end.

A HARD ROAD.—The editor of the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, in alluding to the confessions of the Florida Board says: As for Mr. Hayes, such disclosures must be decidedly disagreeable. Impregnable as is his legal title, it must be very hard for an honest man to feel that there are flaws in his moral claim to the White House. But there seems nothing for him to do except cultivate a philosophical feeling about it, and except the humiliating confessions of the fellows who counted him in as a particularly prickly thorn in the rose of the Presidency.

THE GREENBACK-NATIONALS.

This combination of political experts met at Philadelphia on Wednesday, and took a good deal of figuring to splice the two factions—the "greenbackers," which is a promiscuous organization without any oaths, signs and pass words, while the "national" element, generally, is made up of a combination of secret oath bound members. Hence the labor and agony in getting the two factions to wear the same harness, and help to pull the load through this campaign. It was generally supposed that Wright, or Armstrong would make the landing for Governor, but both failed as the ballot will show viz:

CANDIDATES.	1st.	2d.
Armstrong, Lycoming	31	24
Wright, Luzerne	64	57
Mason, Mercer	93	113
Flollett, Bradford	4	2
Total	192	196

Mason was thereupon declared the nominee and the nomination was made unanimous.

There was but one ballot taken on the Lieutenant Governorship and it resulted as follows—all the candidates except Messrs. Shearer, Fincher and Jackson being withdrawn:

Shearer, Berks	129
Fincher	2
Jackson	57

The ballot for Secretary of Internal Affairs resulted as follows:

Wright, Philadelphia	93
Burt	75
Caldwell	3

The convention then took up the platform, which generally re-enunciates the principles adopted in the National convention at Toledo in February last. They declare that the government should furnish aid to families desirous of settling on the public lands. We presume that the next demands will be that the government must also furnish them clothing and provisions during their natural lives. All the nominees are Radicals—a good dose for Democrats to swallow.

QUEER EQUITY.—The Legislature, to produce equity in the salary of County Superintendents, passed a law this session regulating that question, by adopting a minimum salary for each city and county. The Directors can raise the salary above that fixed by the Act of Assembly, but they cannot reduce it below that fixed by the act. In our judgement the equity feature is as badly crippled as under the old law. According to a circular issued by the Department the salary for Clearfield county is fixed at $1,000 and that of Snyder county, also, at $1,000. The former county has 208 schools and 1,130 square miles to travel over while the latter has only 106 schools and 317 square miles. The length of the school term is 5.37 in Clearfield and 5.33 in Snyder. Double the number of schools and nearly four times the travelling to do in one that there is in the other county, and yet the salary is the same. Will the Superintendent of Public Instruction rise and explain the circular in question?

DEATH OF MR. BOAS.—On Thursday last, Harrisbug lost one of its most enterprising citizens, in the person of Daniel D Boas, Esq., aged 63 years. Mr. Boas had hitched his horse in a carriage, and invited Mr. S. B. Martin, one of the county Commissioners of Dauphin county, to take a ride up the river toward Coxestown, to take a look at a farm, and on their return home in turning a corner at the trotting park, the front wheel struck a stone and upset the vehicle. Mr. Boas' right temple striking a stone, causing death almost instantly. Mr. Martin lit on his feet and was not injured. Many of our lumber dealers are personally acquainted with Mr. Boas, and will regret to learn of his sudden death. Miss Boas an only daughter was absent at Cleveland Ohio, attending the Cameron-Sherman wedding at the time of this sad occurrence.

IT SHOULD PASS.—The bill which provides for extending the law—which now applies only to Philadelphia and Allegheny—regarding responsibility for mob damages to all the counties of the State was discussed in the House at Harrisburg on Friday, but not disposed of. A proposed amendment to exempt counties from responsibility when riots were caused by differences between employers and employes was defeated. The existing law makes the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny responsible for all losses sustained at the hands of a mob. This law should be extended to every county in the State. Tax-payers and mob advocates will then comprehend the relation they sustain to each other more lively.

LARGE SALE OF STOCKS.—At Williamsport, on Friday last, there was sold at Sheriff's sale five hundred and seven shares of stock of the Williamsport boom, at $30 per share, a sacrifice of $35,490; two hundred shares of the Lycomming gas and water company brought $5 per share; $14,000 of the first mortgage bonds of the same company brought $11,000; $6,500 of the second mortgages bonds sold for $4,200; a $1,000 bond of the Union Pacific railroad was knocked down for $500. These stocks and bonds were sold as collatterals put up by Peter Herdic, and were purchased by Jacob Tome, of Port Deposit, Maryland.

A BIG WEDDING.—Married in Cleveland, Ohio, on Thursday the 9th, by the Right Rev. Bishop Bedell, Hon. James Donald Cameron, one of the United States Senators from Pennsylvania, to Miss Elizabeth Sherman, niece of Gen. and Secretary of the Treasury, Sherman. A thousand guests were invited. This is certainly a very strong family alliance and may open the doors of the Treasury and War Departments to "Don" very nicely, but of course he will never see it in the light indicated—it's a pure love affair.

A LEGAL VIEW.—The Supreme Court of Massachusetts has made a decision which will ruin the business of Kimball, the church-debt destroyer. It declares that a note given for a church subscription does not carry with it an obligation to pay, since it is given without a consideration.

A BIG TITLE.—The "Nationals" made themselves a name before adjourning. The party title by which this new organization will be known hereafter is "the National Greenback-Labor party of Pennsylvania." If length of name carries any virtue with it this new party will have it.

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION.—The Emperor William, of Germany, while driving along the streets of Berlin, on Saturday, with his daughter, Princess Louise, was fired upon by an assassin. The murderer missed his object and was promptly arrested, and will, of course, end his days in a prison, or at the end of a rope. The would-be assassin is a tinsmith named Emil Heinrich Max Hoedel, said to be from Leipsic. He was taken to the nearest police station, where a preliminary investigation was instituted.

HE DIED TOO SOON.—R. Lyle White, a few years ago a prominent newspaper man, died at his residence in Erie on Thursday last. Mr. White began his career as an editor, in 1851, on the Franklin *Whig*, of which he was the originator. He subsequently was the editor of the Conneautville *Courier*, the Meadville *Republican*, and at one time published a paper at McConnelsburg, Fulton county, Pa. He was a man of more than usual ability and energy in his better days.

LEGISLATIVE JUGGLERY.—The Legislature passed an act regulating the salaries of County Superintendents. In Elk county the Directors raised the salary fifty per cent., and in Snyder county they reduced it fifty per cent. below the sum fixed by the Department. Behold how easily six School Directors can ignore two hundred and one Representatives, fifty Senators, a Governor and a Superintendent of Public Instruction!

THE POST'S TAFFY.—The Bellefonte *Watchman* thinks, after mature consideration, that Blake Walters is a proper young man to entrust with the half dozen of millions which ought to belong to the State Treasury, but that it is imposing upon good nature to ask him in addition to watch Bayard, another clerk in that department. Where does the taffey come in for Noyes in appointing such a man.—*Pittsburg Post.*

A BITE.—The Republicans have been felicitating themselves that Mr. Glover's investigation failed to investigate. They are finding out their mistake. A pretty large Republican fish has been hooked by Mr. Glover in the neighborhood of the China sea. His name is Seward and he is the United States Minister at the Chinese court. There seems to be no doubt of his official crookedness.

RESIGNED.—Hon. Wm. P. Schell, the new Auditor General, entered upon the duties of his office on May 6th, according to the provisions of the Constitution, having resigned his seat on Friday previous, as a member of the Lower House of the Legislature, from Bedford county.

THE NATIONALS, ETC.—It will be noticed that there were only 198 votes polled by the Nationals at their recent State Convention. A full convention consists of 201 Representatives and 50 Senatorial delegates, thus showing that fifty three districts were unrepresented at their late overture.

The Radical State Convention meets at Harrisburg to-day (15th) to put a ticket in the field. Grow and Wickersham delegates commenced arriving in Harrisburg on Saturday, for the purpose of talking up the claims of their favorites.

MORRISSEY DEAD.—The notorious prze fighter, gambler and politician, John Morrissey, died at Saratoga on the 1st day of May. His career has been a wonderful one, but no boy in the Union can afford to imitate him.

New Advertisements.

TRIAL LIST.—List of causes set down for trial at May and June Term, 1878.

SECOND WEEK, FOURTH MONDAY, MAY 27.

I C McCloskey	vs. John Heim
M Dunkleberger et al	vs. John Irwin
B Hartsmore	vs. Matthew Bloom
Hess, Rogers & Chamb's	vs. J M Smith, Adm'r et al
Thomas R. Blandy	vs. Kittanning Coal Co
Samuel Watts	vs. Stirk & Richard
Liveright, Lingle & Co	vs. Wm Sweigart
L & A Morrison & Co	vs. The M L & I. Co
J C Smith	vs. Jacob McKinney
Ist Bap Ch Cherry tree	vs. J H & J W Lambora
Austin Kline	vs. W V Wright sur par
M Hubert	vs. Jacob Brubaker et al
Battles & Webster	vs. Ellis Pearce
Samuel Bodle	vs. James Forrest & Son
M Hubert use	vs. J Brubaker et al
Lyon & Lychton	vs. Hiram Woodward
F R Hinkle	vs. R & Mary Ardery
Burns & Smucker	vs. John F Young
Wm Selfridge	vs. Wash Gallagher
D Rose et al Adm'rs	vs. J Frank & J W Neff

JUNE TERM—FIRST WEEK, 3D MONDAY, 17TH DAY.

O L Schnoover	vs. J C Brenner
H D Kessler	vs. Osceola Park Ass'n
Abram Kephart use	vs. Berwind, White & Co
M Harter & Bro	vs. " " "
George W Caldwell	vs. A C Finney
R Arthurs	vs. King & Fuller
John C Ferguson	vs. Daniel Gordon
Martha E Boyer	vs. Peter Moyer
Thomas Mitchell	vs. Ringold, Dillon et al
Joseph Goss	vs. David Goss
M McIlhendry et al	vs. James D Anthony
G B Goodlander	vs. A M McClure
Thomas Evans	vs. Samuel McCune
Fred Lixfeld	vs. Bennett's Br Imp Co
Charles Rohacker	vs. " " " "
John C Tyler	vs. " " " "
Wm H Pontius	vs. Wm F Johnson
David Semple	vs. Arnold, Hartshorn & H
Wm H Pontius	vs. Joseph M Smith

SECOND WEEK, FOURTH MONDAY, 24TH.

James P Hale	vs. The M L & I. Co
TheWash'n B & L Ass'n	vs. Geo Hager & trees ten
" " " "	vs. " " " "
" " " "	vs. " " " "
Freehold B & B Ass'n	vs. Mottinger & Pratt
John F Stull	vs. Samuel Jenkins
Bigler, Young & Reed	vs. John DuBois
Wm Gregg	vs. E A Irvin
Kephart & Dailey	vs. The M L & I. Co
J F Reed	vs. " " " "
Rebecca Halligan	vs. John M Chase
Martha Hunter	vs. Leonard Kyler
Beyer, Guyer & Co	vs. Lawrence Young
D J Hoar & Co	vs. Lever Flegal
E E Owens	vs. D L Ferguson
C H Garden & Co	vs. James Kerr & Co
John G Glasgow	vs. L Bloom
Beyer, Guyer & Co	vs. Mary A Shoff et al
" " "	vs. F Ramey et al
" " "	vs. ——— Shoff

ELI BLOOM, Prothonotary.

REPORT of the condition of the COUNTY NATIONAL BANK of Clearfield, at Clearfield, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, May 1st 1878.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$151,324 97
Overdrafts	4,028 29
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	75,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand, judgments	8,095 64
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages	2,274 72
Due from approved reserve agents	22,959 44
Due from State Banks and bankers	2,369 93
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures	1,473 35
Current expenses and taxes paid	1,471 94
Checks and other cash items	1,336 32
Bills of other banks	275 00
Fractional currency, including nickels	798 15
Legal-tender notes	4,595 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, 5 per cent. of circulation	3,375 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	600 00
	$280,510 97

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	20,000 00
Undivided profits	5,184 66
National Bank notes outstanding	67,500 00
Individual deposits subject to check	74,732 61
Time certificates of deposit	11,667 83
Due to other National Banks	1,436 42
Due to State Banks and bankers	59 75
	$280,510 97

State of Pennsylvania, Clearfield County, ss:

I, W. M. Shaw, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. M. SHAW, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of May, 1878. JOHN W. WRIGHT, N. P.

Correct—Attest: J. T. LEONARD, T. E. FORCEY, J. F. WEAVER, Directors.

May 15, 1878.

New Advertisements.

$25 REWARD.—A reward of $25, and no questions asked, will be paid for the return to Clearfield Lodge, I. O. O. F., of an old Minute Book, belonging to said Lodge. It is of no value to any one but the Lodge, for occasional reference.

By order of the Lodge.

J. K. BOTTORF, Secretary.

Clearfield, Pa., May 15, 1878-4t.

DIVORCE NOTICE.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, Penn'a. No. 371, January Term, 1878. Catharine Heitzenrather vs. Geo. Heitzenrather.

The undersigned Commissioner, appointed by the Court to take testimony and report the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Murray & Gordon, in Clearfield, on Monday, June 10th, 1878, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested may attend.

A. B. WEAVER, Commissioner.

Clearfield, May 15-3t.

$50 REWARD.—The relatives and friends of the late Gilbert S. Tozer, a citizen of Chest township, who was drowned at the "wood rock," in the west branch of the Susquehanna river, on Sunday, April 28th, 1878, have authorized me to offer a reward of

FIFTY DOLLARS

for the recovery of the body of said Tozer and its delivery at Clearfield. Any further information desired on the subject, can be had by calling in person, or by addressing the undersigned.

ISRAEL TEST.

Clearfield, Pa., May 15, 1878-3t.

AUDITORS' STATEMENT.

J. C. WHITEHILL, Treasurer of the borough of Clearfield, in account with the poor fund from April 8th, 1877, to April 8th, 1878.

DR.

To balance at last settlement	$ 103 16
To am't of Duplicate for 1877	803 96
To cash received for coal, etc	1 94
To amount from Collector Read	207 50
	$1,116 56

CR.

By orders paid	$ 296 67
By bal. on Dup. in hands of Col. Read	548 42
By exonerations	48 87
By Treasurer's per centage	18 27
By Auditors' fees	6 00
	$ 918 73
Balance in Treasurer's hands	$ 198 27

Boro Road and D. W. Moore, Overseers.

DR.

To orders drawn by Irwin and Porter	$ 19 50
To orders drawn by Read and Moore	277 17
	$296 67

CR.

By am't paid for support of Mrs. Lumont	$ 97 25
By " " " " " Rear	94 75
By " " " " " Williams	29 22
By " " " " " Miller	19 95
By " " " " " Geo. Boyle	4 75
By " " Passmore for lodging tramps	19 50
By " " Reed for lodging tramps	2 50
Miscellaneous:—	
R. Passmore, relief	5 00
Row & Son, printing	2 50
Harzwick & Irwin, drugs for paupers	4 9.
Am't paid former Overseer, Irwin	15 00
Am't paid former Overseer, Porter	5 00
	$296 67

ASSETS.

Balance in Treasurer's hands	$198 27
Am't on Collector Read's Duplicate	548 42
	$746 69

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding orders	$ 28 50

We, the undersigned Auditors of the borough of Clearfield, certify that we have examined the vouchers and accounts of the Overseers of said borough for the current year, and find them as above stated. A. W. GRAHAM, A. J. HAGERTY, Auditors.

Clearfield, Pa., May 15, 1878-3t.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of sundry writs of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, on Saturday, the 1st day of June, 1878, at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All the following described real estate situated in North Houtsdale, Clearfield county Pa., bounded on the east by lot of Daniel Benner, south by Main street, west by street, north by lot of Jeremiah Haines, fronting fifty feet on Main street and running back one hundred and fifty feet to lot of Jeremiah Haines, and having erected thereon a two-story dwelling house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Timothy Carey.

Also, a certain lot or piece of ground situated in the village of Du Bois in Brady township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the east by Franklin street, on the north by lot No. 86, on the south by Pine alley, and running to a point at Orange alley on the west, and being of a triangular shape, having a front on Franklin street of one hundred and thirty-six feet and known as lot No. 85 in plan of said village and having thereon erected a frame house one and a-half stories high with small kitchen attached. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John Schofield.

Also, the following described real estate situated in Hatton township, Clearfield county, Pa., beginning at a post on southeast corner of warrant No. 5592, thence by lands of John Du Bois, north one-half degree, east one hundred perches to a post, thence by lands of Osburn, Baum & Co., north eighty-nine and one-half degrees, west one hundred and eighteen perches to a post, thence by same land south one degree, west one hundred and thirty-five and one half perches to a post, thence south eighty-nine and one-fourth degrees, east one hundred and eighteen perches to place of beginning, containing one hundred acres more or less, with about seventy-five acres clear ed, and bearing orchard and having thereon a log house and log barn. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Henry Hetrick.

Also, the following described real estate of John Yothers, situated in town of Karthaus, Covington township, Clearfield county, Pa., beginning at corner on Snow Shoe turnpike, thence along said pike nine and one-half rods in an easterly direction to the northeast corner, thence twenty-two rods along land of John Yothers in southeasterly direction to the southeast corner, thence eight and one-half rods along land of John Yothers to the southeast corner, thence fifteen and one-half rods by the graveyard property in a northwesterly direction to place of beginning, containing one acre more or less, and having thereon erected a well-finished house sixteen by twenty-four, and other out-buildings and small orchard. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John Yothers and Elihu Evans.

Also, the following tracts or pieces of land in Girard township, Clearfield county, Pa., the first bounded as follows: Beginning at stones, a corner of land of Alexander Murray, thence south one hundred and thirty-eight perches more or less, by lands of Rossiot to stones, thence east forty-eight perches to a post along land of Thos. Leonard, thence north one hundred and thirty-eight perches, more or less to a post, thence west by lands of Alexander Murray forty-eight perches to stones and place of beginning, containing forty acres more or less, being all cleared and having thereon erected a log house.

Also, another piece or tract of land in same township, bounded as follows: Beginning at stones, thence by land of Rossiot north one hundred and thirty-four perches to stones, thence by lands of Alexander Murray, east about one hundred and thirty-eight perches to stones, thence south one hundred and thirty-four perches to stones and corner of Thos. Leonard's land, thence west by same one hundred and thirty-eight perches to place of beginning, containing one hundred acres more or less, and having fifty acres cleared and having a good orchard thereon, and having thereon erected a frame house thirty-two by forty feet, two stories high well-finished, a large bank barn, wagon shed, blacksmith shop, spring house, and other out-buildings, then being same tracts of land which J. J. Pie and wife conveyed to Wendell Endres by deed dated March 7th, 1873, and recorded on deed book No. 4, page 114.

Also the following lots or pieces of ground situated in the borough of Clearfield, Clearfield county, Pa., in what is called Mossop's addition to said borough, the first bounded and described as follows: Beginning at alley on extended north street, thence south along said street forty-nine and one-half feet to a post, thence in an easterly direction two hundred feet more or less to a post corner on line of Jas. B. Graham, thence in a southerly direction along said Graham's land forty-nine and one-half feet to an alley, thence in a westerly direction along said alley two hundred feet more or less to the place of beginning, reserving the water right and reserving the right to go upon said lot and lay pipes from the spring upon said lot to convey water from the said spring to go wherever the lessor may see fit, also to go upon said lot to repair said pipes and wall in said spring, and having thereon erected a frame house forty by twenty-four feet, with wing sixteen by thirty-two feet, with good cellar underneath, there is also an ice house on said lot.

Also, two other lots in said Mossop's addition to the borough of Clearfield, bounded and described as follows: No. 1 Bounded on the south by Jas. B. Graham, on the north by an alley, on the south by an alley and on the west by Fourth street, and known as lots No. forty-five and forty-six in said addition to the borough of Clearfield, and having thereon erected a frame house two stories high sixteen by twenty-four feet with kitchen attached, a large brewery with three beer vaults, and a frame stable, and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Wendell Endres.

Also, the following described property situate in Du Bois, Brady township, Clearfield county, Pa., beginning at a post in the Du Bois road, thence south 35½ degrees, east by lot sold to Monroe Askey, 165 feet to a post and line of William Hoover's lot, thence south 54½ degrees west by said Wm. Hoover's lot 120 feet to a post in township road, thence north 35½ degrees west on said township road 165 feet to a post, thence north 54½ degrees east on said Du Bois road 132 feet to post and place of beginning, having thereon erected a large frame two-story house 34x50 feet and all attached 26x28 feet and known as City Hotel, with frame stable, ice-house and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of E. Kantz.

ALSO,

By virtue of sundry writs of *Levari Facias* and *Fieri Facias*, the following described real estate will be sold on Saturday, June 1st, 1878, to wit:

All that certain tract or body of bituminous coal land, situate, lying and being in the township of Woodward, county of Clearfield, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a maple, (gone) now stone corner, being a common corner of original surveys in the names of Wm. Winter, Roland Evans and Samuel Enline; thence north 35 west 121 perches to a hemlock; thence north 53 east 278 perches to a post; thence south 35 degrees east 121 perches to a post; thence south 53 west 164 perches to a small rock oak; thence south 35 east 168 perches to a post; thence south 53 west 114 perches to a post; thence north 35 west