Miscellaneous.

WILLIAM M. HENRY, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND FIRE INSURANCE, LUMBER CITY. Collections made and money promptly paid over. Articles of agreement and deeds of conveyance neatly executed and warranted correct or no charge. 23jy'72

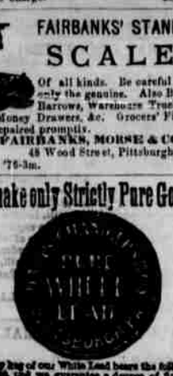
FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES

Of all kinds. Be careful to buy only the genuine. Also Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, improved Money Drawers, &c. Grocers' Fixtures. Scales Repaired promptly.

FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., 48 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

mar.29 '76-3m.

We make only Strictly Pure Goods.



Every keg of our White Lead bears the following warrant, that we guarantee a degree of fineness and whiteness unsurpassed.

THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS

SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

March 29, 1876-3m.

HUEY & CHRIST,

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF THE

CELEBRATED

AND

DR. STŒVER'S

TONIC HERB BITTERS.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

HUEY & CHRIST,

121 N. 3d Street, PHILADELPHIA

March 29, 1876-6m

Hardware, & Tinware.

G. S. FLEGAL,

Ironsides Store,

PHILLIPSBURG, PA.

DEALER IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, HEATERS, RANGES, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE.

AND MANUFACTURER OF

TIN, SHEET-IRON AND COPPERWARE.

Presquisle Street, Phillipsburg, Centre Co., Pa.

26,May 1875.

POWELL & MORGAN,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

Also, Manufacturers of

Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS of all kinds for sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

RAILROAD WHEELBARROWS for sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

OIL, PAINT, PUTTY, GLASS Nails, etc., for sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

HARNESS TRIMMINGS & SHOE Findings, for sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

GUNS, PISTOLS SWORD CANES For sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

STOVES, OF ALL SORTS AND Sizes, for sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

IRON! IRON! IRON! IRON! For sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

HORSE SHOES & HORSE SHOE NAILS, for sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

PULLEY BLOCKS, ALL SIZES And best Manufacture, for sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES, for sale by POWELL & MORGAN.

SACKETT & SCHRYVER

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

and manufacturers of

TIN, COPPER & SHEET IRON WARE,

Second Street, Clearfield, Pa.

Having refitted our store room and doubled our stock, we are prepared to offer bargains to purchasers in our line. We have decided to do a

Strictly Cash Business,

and can therefore sell at greatly reduced prices.

Carpenters and persons who contemplate building will do well to examine our

Tools and Building Hardware,

which is new and of the best manufacture.

We keep a large stock of

NAILS,	LOCKS,
GLASS,	LATCHES,
PUTTY,	HINGES,
GLUE,	SCREWS,

All kinds of Bench Planes, Saws, Chisels, Squares, Hammers, Ratchets, Plumbs and Levels, Mortised & Thumb Gauges, Bevels, Braces & Bits, Wood and Iron Bench Screws, and the best Boring Machine in the market.

Double and Single Bitt Axes,

POCKET CUTLERY, &c.

Agents for Burnell's Iron Corn Sheller, warranted.

Also, agents for Richards'

GOTHIC FLUE TOPS, which effectually cure Smoky Flues.

Farm Implements, Garden Tools, of every description.

A large variety of

COOK STOVES,

which we warrant to give satisfaction.

Portable Ranges and Furnaces.

Roofing, Spouting and Job Work done on reasonable terms. All orders will receive prompt attention. Plumbing and gas fitting attended to.

Our Own Advertisement.

THE REPUBLICAN,

Published every Wednesday by

GOODLANDER & LEE,

CLEARFIELD, PA.,

Has the Largest Circulation of any paper in Northwestern Pennsylvania.

The large and constantly increasing circulation of the REPUBLICAN, renders it valuable to business men as a medium thro' which to reach the public.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

If paid in advance,	$2 00
If paid after three months,	2 50
If paid after six months,	3 00

When papers are sent outside of the county payment must be in advance.

ADVERTISING:

Ten lines, or less, 3 times,	$1 50
Each subsequent insertion,	50
Administrator' Notices,	2 50
Executors' Notices,	2 50
Auditors' Notices,	2 50
Cautions and Estrays,	1 50
Dissolution Notices,	2 50
Professional Cards, 5 lines, year,	5 00
Special notices, per line,	20

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS:

One square, 10 lines,	$8 00
Two squares,	15 00
Three squares,	20 00
One-fourth column,	50 00
One-half column,	70 00
One column,	120 00

BLANK'S

We have always on hand a large stock of blanks of all descriptions.

SUMMONS,
SUBPŒNAS,
EXECUTIONS,
ATTACHMENTS,
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT,
LEASES,
BONDS,
FEE BILLS,
CONSTABLE'S BLANKS,
&c., &c., &c.

JOB PRINTING.

We are prepared to do all kinds of

PRINTING,

SUCH AS

POSTERS,
PROGRAMMES,
CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
ENVELOPES,
BILL HEADS,
STATEMENTS,
PAMPHLETS,
CIRCULARS,
&c., &c.,

IN THE BEST STYLE,

AND ON

REASONABLE TERMS.

ORDERS BY MAIL

FOR ALL KINDS OF WORK

WILL RECEIVE

PROMPT ATTENTION.

Goodlander & Lee,

Clearfield,

Clearfield County, Pa.

THE REPUBLICAN.

CLEARFIELD, PA

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 28, 1876.

THE TWO WORKERS.

Two workers in one field
Toiled on from day to day;
Both had the same hard labor,
Both had the same small pay.
With the same blue sky above,
The same green earth below,
One soul was full of love,
The other full of woe.

One leaped up with the light,
With the soaring of the lark;
One felt it over night,
For his soul was ever dark.
One heart was hard as stone,
One heart was ever gay;
One worked with many a groan,
One whistled all the day.

One had a flower-clad cot
Beside a merry mill—
Wife and children near the spot
Made it fairer, sweeter still;
One a wretched hovel had,
Full of discord, dirt and din—
No wonder he seemed mad—
Wife and children starved within.

Still they worked in the same field,
Toiling on from day to day;
Both had the same hard labor,
Both had the same small pay;
But they worked not with one will—
The reason let me tell:
Lo! the one drank at the still,
And the other at the well.

POOR HOUSE LAW.

TO PROVIDE FOR THE ERECTION OF A POOR HOUSE, AND FOR THE SUPPORT OF THE POOR IN THE SEVERAL COUNTIES OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

WHEREAS, It is the duty of society to make provisions for the comfortable maintenance of those upon whom fortune has frowned who are found to be destitute and void of the means of support; therefore,

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.,* That the County Commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth may select such real estate as they may deem necessary for the accommodation of the poor of their respective counties, and shall submit such, with selection, together the terms and conditions upon which such real estate can be purchased in fee simple, to the court of quarter sessions in and for the proper county, and if the same shall be approved by said court, the County Commissioners shall take a conveyance therefor in the name and for the use of corporation mentioned in the fourth section of this act; and they shall certify the proceedings therein under their hands and seals to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of such county, and the same shall be entered at length upon the records of such court.

SEC. 2. That at the next general election to be held after the purchase of the real estate as provided for in the first section of this act, the qualified electors of such county shall elect three reputable citizens of the said county to be directors of the "Home for the Destitute" of said county; said election shall be conducted under the general election laws of the Commonwealth in every respect, and the said directors shall meet at the court house in the respective counties on the first day of December following their election, and divide themselves, by lot, into three classes, the place of the first to be vacated at the expiration of the first year, of the second at the expiration of the second year, that of the third at the end of the third year, so that those who shall be chosen after the first election and in the mode above described may serve for three years, and one-third years shall be chosen annually thereafter.

SEC. 3. That every director elected in the manner aforesaid, or appointed as directed by the twelth section of this act shall, within ten days after he is notified of his said election or appointment, and before he enters upon the duties of the said office, take an oath or affirmation as prescribed by article seven, section one of the Constitution; and in case of neglect or refusal to take the said oath or affirmation he shall forfeit and pay the sum of ten dollars for the use of the poor of said county, which fine shall be recovered by said directors for the time being as similar debts are by law recoverable; and the directors qualified as aforesaid, are hereby authorized to administer oaths or affirmations where it shall be necessary in relation to the duties of said office.

SEC. 4. That the said directors shall forever hereafter, in name and in fact, be a body politic and corporation in law to all intents and purposes whatsoever relative to the poor of said county, and shall have perpetual succession, and may sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded by the name, style and title of "The Directors of a Home for the Destitute of the county of ——," and by that name shall and may receive, take and hold any lands, tenements and hereditaments not exceeding the yearly value of eight thousand dollars, and any goods and chattels of the gift, alienation or bequest of any person or persons whatsoever for the benefit of the poor aforesaid; to take and hold any lands and tenements within their county, in fee simple or otherwise, under the supervision of court as aforesaid, as may be donated to them by deed or otherwise, and dispose of the same as deemed conducive to the comfort of the inmates; to provide all things necessary for the lodging, maintenance and employment of said persons; and the said directors shall have power to employ and at pleasure remove a steward or stewards, a matron or matrons, physician or physicians, surgeon or surgeons, and all other attendants that may be necessary for the said destitute persons respectively, and to bind out apprentices so that such apprenticeship may expire, if males, at or before the age of twenty-one, if females, at or before the age of eighteen years: *Provided,* That no child be bound out for a longer time than until he arrives at the age of eighteen years, unless he be bound out to a trade other than a farmer: *Provided also,* That no child shall be apprenticed without the limits of the State; and the said directors are hereby empowered to use one common seal in all business relating to said corporation, and the same at their pleasure to alter and renew.

SEC. 5. That the said directors, as soon as may be, after their election and organization as aforesaid, and annually thereafter, shall make an estimate of the yearly cost of maintaining said establishment and furnish said estimate to the County Commissioners, who shall add the same to their yearly estimate preparatory to levying their tax for the coming year, and they shall, from time to time, make such suggestions to the County Commissioners, as they may deem necessary, as to keep the improvements or alterations that may be required to pace with the necessities of the occasion, and the Commissioners aforesaid shall make such changes and improvements as they may deem necessary; and for the purpose of this act the Commissioners aforesaid are hereby authorized to procure a loan, for which they may pay interest not exceeding six per centum, if they deem it best to do so, said loan not to exceed three-fourths of the amount necessary for the purchase of said property and the erection of the necessary buildings; said loan to be gradually reduced and to be entirely cancelled within five years.

SEC. 6 That the amount necessary to defray the annual expense of the "Home for the Destitute" shall be paid over to the County Treasurer, and by him paid out on warrants drawn on him by the County Commissioners, upon orders presented to them signed by the President of the board of directors, and countersigned by the Secretary, and to which the seal of the corporation shall be attached; and it shall be the duty of the County Commissioners to keep the accounts of the "Home for the Destitute" in a set of books to be provided for that purpose, and said accounts shall be audited by the County Auditors at the same time the other accounts of the county are audited by them, and to publish annually a detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of said "Home for the Destitute" at the same time and in the same manner the annual county statement is published; and the judges of the several courts of the said county, and the ministers of the gospel of the different denominations, shall, *ex-officio,* be visitors of said institution, and shall have the privilege at all reasonable time, to visit and examine the conditon of the same, including the books of said institution, in which shall be kept an account of all expenses of the same as also of all the receipts of the same, as well as those derived from the County Treasury as the productions of the farm and the industry of its inmates, as also whatever gifts or bequests they may have received from whatever source the same may have been derived.

SEC. 7. That as soon as the said buildings shall have been erected or purchased, and all necessary accommodations provided therein, notice shall be given to the overseers of the poor in the various districts of said county, requiring them forthwith to bring the poor of their respective districts to said "Home for the Destitute," which order the overseers are required to comply with or otherwise forfeit the cost of all future maintenance, except where by sickness or any other sufficient cause, any poor person cannot be removed, in which case the overseers shall represent the same to the nearest justice of the peace, who being satisfied of the truth thereof, shall certify the same to the said directors, and at the same time issue an order under his hand and seal to the said overseers directing them to maintain such poor person until he or she may be in a situation to be removed, and then to remove the said person and deliver him or her to the steward or keeper of said home, together with said order, and the charge and expense shall be paid by the said directors.

SEC. 8. That the said directors shall, from time to time, receive, provide for and employ, according to the true intent and meaning of this act, all such indigent persons as shall be entitled to relief or shall have gained a legal settlement in the said county, and shall be sent there by an order or warrant for that purpose under the hands and seals of two justices of the peace of said county, directed to any constable of the same county, or to the overseers of the proper district or of any district in any other county in this Commonwealth; and the said directors are hereby authorized when they shall deem it proper and convenient to do so, to administer relief to any person in need of assistance or to permit any person or persons to be maintained elsewhere: *Provided,* That their expense in any case does not exceed that for which they could be maintained in the said home.

SEC. 9. That the said directors or a majority of them shall be a quorum for the transaction of business, and shall have full power to make and ordain such ordinances, rules and regulations as they shall think proper, convenient and necessary for the government, control and support of said home and of the revenues thereunto belonging and of all such persons as shall come under their cognizance: *Provided,* That the same be not repugnant to this or any other of the laws of this State or of the United States: *And provided further,* That the same shall not have any force or effect until they shall have been submitted to the court of quarter sessions for the time being of said county and shall have received the approval of the same.

SEC. 10. That a quorum of said directors shall and they are hereby enjoined and required to meet at the said home at least once in every month and visit the appartments and see that the inmates are comfortably supported, and hear all complaints, and redress, or cause to be redressed, all grievances that may happen by the neglect or misconduct of any person or persons in their employment or otherwise.

SEC. 11. The annual salary of the said directors shall be one hundred dollars each.

SEC. 12. That in case any vacancy by death, resignation or otherwise of any of the said directors, the court of quarter sessions of the respective county shall fill such vacancy until the next general election.

SEC. 13. That all claims and demands existing at the time of this act being carried into effect shall have full force and effect as fully as if this act had not been passed, and when the same may have been fully adjusted and settled, all moneys remaining in the hands of the overseers, as well as the uncollected taxes levied for the support of the poor in the several districts in said county, shall be paid over to the supervisors of the highways of said county to be by them added to the road fund and applied as road tax is by law applied in said county.

SEC. 14. That as soon as the poor of said county shall have been removed to the home of said county and the outstanding taxes collected and paid over, the office of overseers of the poor thereafter shall be abolished.

SEC. 15. That all fines, forfeitures or bequests for the use of the poor shall be payable to the County Treasury for the use of said home, and the directors are hereby authorized to demand and receive the same and in the name of said corporation may bring suit for the recovery of all money belonging to said institution, to plead and be impleaded in all matters of law and equity and to prosecute all such suits to final judgment, and the money so recovered shall be paid into the County Treasury and shall be applied in liquidation of the debts of the institution and the support of its inmates.

SEC. 16. That the provisions of this act shall not apply to any county or district that has already within it a county or district poor-house or houses under any special law, nor to any county or district unless the same shall be accepted by a majority of the voters of such county or district at an election for that purpose to be ordered by the court of quarter sessions of the proper county: *Provided,* That the directors of the poor may erect and maintain two houses for the destitute in any county containing a population of over (50,000) fifty thousand inhabitants and (600) six hundred square miles.

SEC. 17. That whenever the County Commissioners of any county see proper from any cause whatsoever not to comply with the requirements of this act, any four or more townships of any county through a commissioner appointed by the poor overseers of each township can proceed to procure real estate as provided by the first section of this act: *Provided,* That in all cases it shall be necessary for the majority of the commission to concur in all acts before the court shall take cognizance of the same: *And provided further,* That district poor-houses shall be governed by all the provisions of this act the same as county poor-houses except as far as relates to the appointment of commissioners by the poor overseers forming the aforesaid district.

SEC. 18. All acts or parts of act sinconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

APPROVED—The 8th day of May, A. D. 1876. J. F. HARTRANFT.

BILLS VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR.

Senate bill, No. 35, entitled "An Act relating to the transfer of the loans of cities, boroughs, school districts and counties."

Senate bill, No. 102, entitled "An Act repealing the act of seventeenth of February, eighteen hundred and twenty, prohibiting horse racing so far as the same relates to agricultural societies and certain other incorporated associations.

Senate bill, No. 139, entitled "An Act to prohibit and prevent the having or using of fire and lights on board of vessels whilst lying at any maritime wharf, on or near to which petroleum is stored or kept for export."

Senate bill, No. 172, entitled "An Act repealing an act, passed April eighth, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, transferring Somerset county from the Western to the Middle district for the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania."

Senate bill, No. 227, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An Act to provide for the manner of increasing the capital stock and indebtedness of incorporations,' approved the eighteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four."

House bill, No. 105, entitled "An Act to repeal an act, entitled 'A supplement to the several acts incorporating the city of Pittsburgh, enlarging its boundaries, etcetera,' approved the second day of April, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-two, as to the boroughs of Mount Washington and Union."

House bill, No. 200, entitled "An Act to regulate the crossing of steam railroads by passenger railway cars at grade."

House bill, No. 272, entitled "An Act to empower water companies and gas companies to merge their corporate rights and franchises into other incorporated companies."

House bill, No. 313, entitled "An Act appropriating the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars to the Jewish Hospital Association of Philadelphia, for the purpose of erecting and furnishing a dispensary building."

House bill, No. 325, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for State normal schools for the year beginning the first Monday in June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six."

House bill, No. 328, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for normal schools for the current school year."

House bill, No. 417, entitled "An Act to authorize and empower Morris W. Heston, his executors and administrators, to sell and dispose of a certain lot situate in Springfield township, Delaware county, State of Pennsylvania."

House bill, No. 433, entitled "An Act to re-imburse John Guffey, Esq., high Sheriff of Westmoreland county, for expenses incurred by him in suppressing riots and protecting property in said county."

House bill, No. 467, entitled "An Act supplementary to an act, entitled 'An Act supplementary to the acts relating to the hawkers and peddlers, and regulating acutions, in the county of Schuylkill, extending the provisions of said act to the county of Fayette.'"

House bill, No. 574, entitled "A further supplement to an act incorporating the city of Meadville, passed the fifteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, authorizing the city council to change the course of the stream called Mill run."

House bill, No. 255, entitled "An Act for the better protection of fish in the bay or harbor of Erie and its approaches."

House bill, No. 277, entitled "An Act converting the Marine hospital at Erie into a hospital for the insane criminals, and asking an appropriation to carry out the provisions of the same."

By the Governor:

J. F. HARTRANFT.

M. S. QUAY,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

"What do they always put D. C. after Washington for?" asked Mrs. Quilp of her husband. "Why, my, dear don't you know that Washington was the Daddy of his country?"

During leap year every woman has an inalienable right to make love, and the fire in the morning.

THE BOOM BILL.

GOV. HARTRANFT DIRECTS ITS ENROLLMENT AND PUBLICATION.

As no objections were filed in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth within thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature, the boom bill has become a law. That the reduction of rates guaranteed by the Act is just no disinterested person will deny; neither can it be said that the Legislature had no authority in the premises, for the Act of 1846 provided that the tolls of the company should "at all times be subject to the further regulations of the Legislature." In the last section of that act was reserved by the Legislature the right to alter or repeal the charter at any time, but in such manner that no injustice be done to the corporators. It is evident to all that the reduction made is no injustice, but on the contrary still leaves a wide margin for profits. As the struggle at Harrisburg last winter attracted considerable attention we publish the certified copy of the act.

AN ACT to regulate the amount of toll and other charges to be laid and collected by Boom Companies within this Commonwealth.

SECTION. 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That from and after the passage of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any boom company incorporated by any law of this Commonwealth to charge or collect upon any timber, logs or lumber of any description boomed, rafted or in any way secured or taken care of by said boom company, a larger sum in the aggregate than one dollar per thousand feet board measure, which said sum of one dollar shall include all and every charge or charges for toll or boomage, rafting, warps, wedges, and for every other kind of material used and labor and service performed by said boom company in the discharge of its duties and exercise of it functions or powers, or privileges as a boom company, in regard to the said timber, logs or lumber so boomed, rafted or in any way secured or taken care of by said boom company: *Provided,* That this Act shall only apply to those boom companies in whose charters the right to regulate their tolls has been expressly reserved to the Legislature.

SEC. 2. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed.

SAMUEL F. PATTERSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives

JOHN LATTA, Lieut. Gov.,
President of the Senate.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER, HARRISBURG, Monday, June 5th, '76.

To M. S. Quay, Secretary of the Commonwealth:

The foregoing Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to regulate the amount of toll and other charges to be laid and collected by boom companies within this Commonwealth," was presented to me on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1876, and not having been filed in your office with objections thereto within thirty days after the adjournment of the Legislature on the fifth day of May last past, it has become a law, agreeably to the Constitution of this Commonwealth.

You are therefore hereby directed to cause it to be enrolled and published.

JOHN F. HARTRANFT.

OFFICE OF SEC'Y. OF COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, June 12, A. D. 1876.

Pennsylvania, ss.:

I do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act to regulate the amount of toll and other charges to be laid and collected by boom companies within this Commonwealth," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed the day and year above written.

JOHN B. LINN,
Deputy Sec'y. of the Commonwealth.

RADICAL RASCALITY.

The editor of the Philadelphia *Times,* in alluding to the crimes committed by the Washington ring says:

"The Congressional committee now at work in New Orleans are developing some startling facts in relation to the manner in which government officials have transacted business in that locality. Rumor pointed to frauds, robbery and stealing, but rumor in this instance fell short of reality. Certain persons in Washington are also implicated in the crooked, but by no means unremunerative method of running the official machine in Louisiana. In the course of the investigation it cropped out that distillers had been held exempt from the visit of government inspectors by paying a portion of their profits to a person who lived under the shadow of the White House. It was also stated from the witness stand that Custom House funds had been used to pay for work done for the Collector in a private capacity. Another practice unearthed was that of signing payrolls in blank, and then allowing officials to fill them up with amounts far exceeding those paid to the persons named upon the documents. Of course the excess fell into the pockets of the head officials, and those who held them in their positions by the exercise of influence at Washington. There were numerous other facts and circumstances brought to light, all tending to show the monstrous corruption that has crept into the public service under a system which has been and is now used to enrich persons in power and their friends or minister to political ambition. New Orleans and Louisiana have been the headquarters of as great a gang of political desperadoes and plunderers as ever disgraced this or any other country. They have not hesitated to employ any means to maintain power to keep their soiled fingers in the treasury. Riot, tumult and bloodshed did not induce them to halt in their career. And the most melancholy part of the whole affair is that Washington and New Orleans were in sympathy, and what was done in the latter was either sanctioned or overlooked in the former.

The negro gambler, Pinchback who has tried for four years to get into the United States Senate from Louisiana, headed the Radical delegation to Cincinnati. He is "a bully boy" and the staff out of which Radicals are made down south.

SOMEBODY LYING.

The Lancaster *Intelligencer* says: Thurlow Weed is an aged Republican politician verging on his centennial. He used to be editor of the Albany *Evening Journal* and has contracted a habit of furnishing the public with his views that he cannot break himself of. He favors us with letters in the metropolitan papers with great frequency, but, as is a trick of the very aged, he states many things as facts which exist only in his imagination. It is not safe to take history from octogenarians, and some "unwritten history" that Weed has been writing up for the *Herald* quite naturally turns out to be fiction. He desired to show how he had induced James Gordon Bennett to wheel the *Herald* into the advocacy of Lincoln's election. He called upon him at his residence and says:

"I gave him the then unknown particulars of an interview with Messrs. Toombs, Stephens and Cluggham, members of Congress from Georgia and North Carolina, with General Taylor. The object of that interview was to induce Gen. Taylor, a Southern man and a slave-holder, to veto the bill permitting California to enter the Union as a free State. It was a stormy interview, with threats of disunion on one hand and hanging on the other. The facts were communicated to Senator Hamlin, of Maine, and myself, within ten minutes after the interview was closed."

Mr. Stephens now writes to the *Herald* that no such interview with Taylor ever took place; that he never asked Taylor to veto a bill; that the bill permitting California to enter the Union as a free State did not pass Congress until after General Taylor's death; and that he and his colleague Mr. Toombs favored the admission of California as a free State under her then Constitution. All these facts the records show, to Weed's confusion. It is to be hoped that next time he writes for us history, as yet unwritten, he will be more careful to make it correspond with that which is recorded.

DOWN HILL.

I saw General Belknap in the Senate before it retired for private meditations, and thought him greatly changed.—He is far from being emaciated or looking haggard, but has that look of tension and flabbiness that bears equal witness to mental wear and tear. Unfortunately for himself, he has been a handsome man (it is pretty hard for a pretty man to get on unentangled in in the world); but in the storm of the last few weeks that beauty has vanished. The bright color, the golden locks the important part, are all alike bleached out. His hair is rapidly turning, his eyes are baggy and overhang, his skin is gray. A gray look light blight envelopes the man. I have seen it come over more than one in this city within the past few years. It is the look that turned Schuyler Colfax into parchment in the Credit Mobilier days; that came over the face of Oakes Ames. The whole story of the change in Belknap's fortunes seemed told in the flying back that passed me the other morning on its way to the Capitol and impeachment. In it sat Belknap smoking a cigar, surrounded by his lawyers. It was a ragged looking vehicle with an unkempt driver, and bore as little resemblance to the stately coach of the War Department devoted to its Secretary, as the distraught-looking man inside bore to the lemon-gloved gentleman sitting up in self-conscious state beside a handsome woman, driving through the West End.—*Mary Clemmer, in Cincinnati Com.*

New Advertisements.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating a note given by the undersigned to Charles Peters, due May 1st, 1877, and calling for one hundred and eighty-two dollars. As I have not received any value for the same, I will not pay it unless compelled to do so by law. P. CURLEY.
Williams Grove, June 21, '76-3t.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property now in the possession of Levi Stroup, viz: All the goods in the store, including fixtures, also 1 black mare, 1 bay mare, 2 set of harness, and 1 spring wagon, as the same was purchased by me at Sheriff's sale on the 12th of June, and is left with him on loan only, subject to my order at any time. JAS. McGEEHAN.
Anderson, June 21, '76-3t*

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with a yoke of large red oxen, now in the possession of Thomas Grant, of Karthaus township, as said oxen belong to me, and have only been left with him on loan subject to my order at any time. THOS. MEYERS.
Salt Lick, June 14, '76-3t*

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property now in the possession of David Bowers, of Pike township, viz: One stump machine, one bay mare, one leg sled and chains, one saddle and bridle. This property was purchased by me and is left with the said Bowers on loan, subject to my order at any time. A. A. LONG.
Bloomington, June 14, 1876-3t*

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property now in the possession of Joshua Wood, of Morris township, viz: One pair of oxen, one pair of red steers, one red cow, one spotted cow, one yearling heifer, one fanning mill, two plows, one harrow, and two acres of wheat in the ground, as the same belongs to me, and is left with him on loan subject to my order at any time. JACOB BEAMS.
Kylertown, June 14, '76-3t*

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any manner meddling with the following property now in the possession of Clark Cone, of Bradford township, viz: One bay mare, set single harness, one buggy, one saw, one circular saw, six small saws, lot of tools generally used about a mill, and a set of parlor chairs and sofa, as the same was purchased by the undersigned at Sheriff's sale on the 9th of June, 1876, and is left with him on loan only, subject to the order of the Woodland Fire Brick Co. at any time. R. McPHERSON,
Treas. Woodl'd F. B. Co.
Woodland, Pa., June 14, 1876-3t.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby warned against purchasing or in any way meddling with certain judgment notes, drawn by us in favor of Mary H. McDonald, and now in the hands of Frank Fielding, Esq., as we have received no value therefor, and will not pay them unless compelled to do so by law. The notes are twelve in number, each calling for $32.33½, aggregating in all $389, and are due as follows:

1st, January 1, 1877.	7th, January 1, 1880.
2d, June 1, 1877.	8th, June 1, 1880.
3d, January 1, 1878.	9th, January 1, 1881.
4th, June 1, 1878.	10th, June 1, 1881.
5th, January 1, 1879.	11th, January 1, 1882.
6th, June 1, 1879.	12th, June 1, 1882.

A. P. SHOFF,
S. A. BUSH,
ALBERT SHOFF.
Madera, Pa., June 14, 1876-3t*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of HESTER LUZERE, late of Bradford twp., Clearfield Co., Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay. S. P. WILSON,
Woodland, June 14, 1876-6t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of CATHERINE BARGER, late of Bradford township, Clearfield county, Pa., dec'd, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay. S. A. CALDWELL,
Williamsgrove, June 7, '76-6t. Adm'r.

Miscellaneous.

HARTSWICK & IRWIN

SECOND STREET,

CLEARFIELD, PA.,

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS!

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS!

PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFF

VARNISHES,
BRUSHES,
PERFUMERY,
FANCY GOODS

TOILET ARTICLES,

OF ALL KINDS.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS,

for medicinal purposes.

Trusses, Supporters, School Books and Stationery, and all other articles usually found in a Drug Store.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED. Having a large experience in the business they can give entire satisfaction.

J. G. HARTSWICK,
JOHN F. IRWIN.

Clearfield, December 16, 1874.

BIGLER, YOUNG & REED,

(Successors to Boynton & Young,)

FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS

Manufacturers of

PORTABLE & STATIONARY

STEAM ENGINES

Corner of Fourth and Pine Streets,

CLEARFIELD, PA.

HAVING engaged in the manufacture of first-class MACHINERY, we respectfully inform the public that we are now prepared to fill all orders as cheaply and as promptly as can be done in any of the cities. We manufacture and dealin

Mulay and Circular Saw-Mills

Head Blocks, Water Wheels, Shafting Pulley Gifford's Injector, Steam Gauges, Steam Whistles, Oilers, Tallow Cups, Oil Cups, Gauge Cocks, Air Cocks, Globe Valves, Check Valves, wrought iron Pipes, Steam Pumps, Boiler Feed Pumps, Anti-Friction Metres, Soap Stone Packing, Gum Packing, and all kinds of MILL WORK; together with Plows, Sled Soles,

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,

and other CASTINGS of all kinds.

Orders solicited and filled at very prices All letters of inquiry with reference to machinery of our manufacture promptly answered, by addressing us at Clearfield, Pa.

jan1'74-tf BIGLER, YOUNG & REED.

The Bell's Run Woolen Factory,

Penn township, Clearfield Co., Pa.

BURNED OUT!

BUT NOT

BURNED UP!

The subscribers have, at great expense, rebuilt neighborhood necessity, in the erection of a first-class Woolen Manufactory, with all the modern improvements attached, and are prepared to make all kinds of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Blankets, Flannels, &c. Plenty of goods on hand to supply all our old and a thousand new customers, whom we ask to come and examine our stock.

The business of

CARDING AND FULLING

will receive our especial attention. Proper arrangements will be made to receive and deliver Wool, to suit customers. All work warranted and done upon the shortest notice, and by strict attention to business we hope to realise a liberal share of public patronage.

10,000 POUNDS WOOL WANTED!

We will pay the highest market price for Wool and sell our manufactured goods as low as similar goods can be bought in the county, and whenever we fail to render reasonable satisfaction we can always be found at home ready to make proper explanation, either in person or by letter.

JAMES JOHNSON & SONS,
april26tf Bower P. O.

E. F. GULICH. E. McCORKLE. D. BEILBRUN.

GULICH, McCORKLE & CO.'S

(Successors to John Gulich).

POPULAR

FURNITURE ROOMS,

Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.

We manufacture all kinds of Furniture for Chambers, Dining Rooms, Libraries and Halls.

If you want Furniture of any kind, don't buy until you see our stock.

UNDERTAKING

In all its branches. We keep in stock all the latest and most improved Coffins and Caskets, and have every facility for properly conducting this branch of our business.

We have a patent Corpse Preserver, in which bodies can be preserved for a considerable length of time.

A member of the firm has his sleeping apartment at our ware-room, where he can be found by any person who come at night for the purpose of procuring coffins.

GULICH, McCORKLE & CO.
Clearfield, Pa., May 10, '76-1y.

TERRA COTTA STANDING VASES,

HANGING VASES,

Stove Lining and Fire Brick,

kept constantly on hand.

STONE AND EARTHEN-WARE

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION!

CROCKS! POTS! CROCKS!

Fisher's Patent Airtight Self-Sealing Fruit Cans!

BUTTER CROCKS, with lids,
CREAM CROCKS, MILK CROCKS,
APPLE-BUTTER CROCKS,
PICKLE CROCKS,
FLOWER POTS, PIE DISHES,
STEW POTS,

And a great many other things too numerous to mention, to be had at

FRED'K. LEITZINGER'S

STONE-WARE POTTERY,

Corner of Cherry and Third Streets,
CLEARFIELD, PA. aug3

Clearfield Nursery.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

THE undersigned, having established a Nursery on the 'Pike, about half way between Clearfield and Curwensville, is prepared to furnish all kinds of FRUIT TREES, (standard and dwarf,) Evergreens, Shrubbery, Grape Vines, Gooseberry, Lawton Blackberry, Strawberry, and Raspberry Vines. Also, Siberian Crab Trees, Quince, and early scarlet Rhubarb, &c. Orders promptly attended to. Address,

J. D. WRIGHT,
sep26-65-y Curwensville, Pa.

Hotels.

ALLEGHENY HOTEL—

Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.,

Wm. S. Bradley, formerly proprietor of the Lemard House, having leased the Allegheny Hotel, solicits a share of public patronage. The House has been thoroughly repaired and newly furnished, and guests will find it a pleasant stopping place. The table will be supplied with the best of everything in the market. At the bar will be found the best wines and liquors. Good stabling attached. WM. S. BRADLEY,
May 17, '76. Proprietor.

SUSQUEHANNA HOUSE,

CURWENSVILLE, PA.

NEWTON READ, PROPRIETOR.

Having become proprietor of this Hotel, I would respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. House basantly and conveniently situated; is well refitted and refurnished; good sample rooms attached. All railroad trains stop at this house. jan26-'75

SHAW HOUSE,

(Cor. of