The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 29, 1875.

Reader, if you want to know what is going on in the business world, just read our advertising columns, the *Special* column in particular.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:

CYRUS L. PERSHING,
Of Schuylkill County.

FOR STATE TREASURER:

VICTOR E. PIOLLET,
Of Bradford County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SENATOR.

DR. T. JEFF. BOYER, of Clearfield.
[Subject to the decision of the District Conference.]

FOR TREASURER.

J. BLAKE WALTERS, of Clearfield.

FOR COMMISSIONERS.

CLARK BROWN, of Lawrence.
THOMAS A. M'GEE, of Bell.

FOR AUDITORS.

C. J. KEAGY, of Beccaria.
SAM'L A. CALDWELL, of Bradford.

FOR CORONER.

J. B. NEFF, of New Washington.

THE NEXT ELECTION.—We commend the following to the attention of voters: The new Constitution forbids all persons from voting unless they have been assessed at least two months and paid their taxes at least one month before the date of the election. No one of foreign birth can vote unless, in addition to the above, he has been naturalized a month previous to the election. The date of holding the next election is Tuesday, Nov. 2d.

Friday, October 1st, is the last day on which taxes can be paid.

Friday, October 1st, is the last day for taking out naturalization papers.

Each of these important duties can be performed at any time before the days mentioned. Let our friends see to it that the matter is attended to before it is too late.

An exchange says that "two hundred Republicans in and about the city of Corry, Erie county, will vote for Pershing and Piollet." Well, that will be the brightest act of their lives.

Who's Pershing? Pennsylvania certainly isn't for a Governor of that name.—*Nonpareil.*

Well, if you are *green* enough to not know who he is, just incubate until November and your wisdom will expand to that of a chicken's. "Where ignorance is bliss, 'tis folly to be wise."

The bluster in the Radical press about Judge Pershing's record is best answered by the fact that his constituents were so well satisfied with it that they kept returning him to the Legislature as long as he would permit. He was elected for five successive terms.

RATHER THIN!—A Democratic gain of 9,000 in Connecticut, 32,000 in California, and 8,000 to 10,000 in Maine, is attributed by the Republicans to local causes. The same local causes are operating and will afflict them terribly in Ohio and Pennsylvania within the next month.

HE DISSENTS.—Judge Elwell, of Columbia county, has delivered an elaborate opinion on the license law. He dissents from the great majority of judges, and holds that the granting of license is discretionary. If "necessary for the entertainment of strangers and travellers," and the party applying a proper person, grant them; if not refuse them.

THE GOVERNMENT TRAMPS.—The Lancaster *Intelligencer*, of the 25th inst., says: "President Grant, accompanied by ex-Secretary and Mrs. Borie, Gen. Babcock and Colonel Fred Grant and wife, arrived in St. Louis yesterday. To-day the President will visit his farm and arrange for the sale of his stock. On Monday evening he will leave for Des Moines, Iowa, to attend the soldiers' re-union, after which the party will go on to Denver, Col."

The Republican State Committee met at Harrisburg, on Friday last. Indiana county was represented by G. W. Hood, Esq. Reports were had from every county in the State, and the prospect for a Republican victory this Fall is exceedingly flattering.—*Indiana Messenger.*

Well, if you are not "fibbing," things must be very different in this State from what they are in others where elections have been held. Why, you "blockhead," as Greely used to remark, it is doubtful whether your party will carry any States this fall except Vermont and Iowa.

OUR STATE BILL.—The following is a correct statement of the current expenses of maintaining the State Government of Pennsylvania, for the past thirty years:

1844, Governor Shunk (Democrat)	$216,832.22
1849, Governor Johnston (Whig)	237,105.33
1853, Governor Bigler (Democrat)	253,160.30
1856, Governor Pollock (Know-Nothing)	317,966.11
1859, Governor Packer (Democrat)	408,097.49
1862, Governor Curtin (Republican)	419,628.87
1868, Governor Geary (Republican)	845,539.89
1874, Governor Hartranft (Republican)	1,096,153.63

It will be observed by this table that our opponents have fought, bled and died under three different flags since 1846. Mark the extravagance in the bills in the last decade—over 100 per cent.—enough to ruin any business or State interest.

POOR FISHER.—They have got one of the Washington ring rascals in jail at last—the son. The father who was removed some time since for misdemeanors is still at liberty. A pretty Father and son they are anyhow.

A few weeks since we chronicled the doings of assistant United States District Attorney, Charles G. Fisher, of Washington, D. C., in conniving with a house breaker. Now we have another chapter in the history of this Grant appointee. Last week the appeal bonds and papers in forty criminal cases were stolen. The detectives being placed on the scent recovered thirty-eight out of the forty, and arrested Fisher as the thief, he having offered to sell the papers for one-tenth of the amount involved. Fisher, seeing that Delano, Sheppard, and others who make the large hauls from the Treasury go unwhipt of justice, concluded, no doubt, that he could make a small grab with the same result. But being one of the smaller offenders he was sent to prison.

KNOW NOTHINGISM REVIVED

A little over 2[illegible] years ago, a few political incendiaries carried the Know Nothing torch through this county. The history of that illfated, secret oath bound organization, built up and fostered by the capital of demagogues and renegade clergymen, is well known to all who had arrived at the age of maturity in 1854.

That secret political organization, was gotten up in the interest of the then defunct Whig party, by a few rare demagogues who attempted to restore that demoralized organization then on the eve of dissolution.

Know Nothingism was a failure. It is true the leaders burned a few church buildings and murdered a few scores of citizens in the large cities, but as a purifying element in our system of political economy, it died an unnatural death, and was buried with the Whig party within eighteen months after its birth.

The present Republican party was founded on the bloody ruins of "Sam" and "Sambo," at Pittsburg, in 1856. The same fate which befel the Whig party in 1852-3 has overtaken the Republican party in 1874-5, and its leaders are just now on the lookout for flankers, and have established in various sections, no less than three or four different kinds of SECRET OATH BOUND political organizations for the purpose of saving the sinking ship, which has been run on the rocks by the demagogues and freebooters who control that party.

We, therefore, warn all Democrats in Clearfield county and elsewhere to be on the lookout for those political highwaymen who propose to regulate capital and labor. That is only a trap, and they will be fooled as egregiously as they were twenty years ago. The same demagogues (those who are not dead) are at their old tricks and are laboring to build up Know Nothingism under a new name. Look out for the scoundrels who invite you to go outside of the Democratic party to cure our financial evils, no difference what name they sail under. *There is no relief for our deplorable condition except inside of the Democratic party.*

Radical emmissaries are now at work in our county establishing lodges, under various names, for the purpose of bolstering up their party, and it behooves every Democrat who loves his country and his party to shun the knaves who engage in this wicked work.

This is a free country. Therefore let every man who prefers liberty to slavery, refuse to enter any lodge or organization, where he is compelled to swear both his soul and his ballot away, for the exclusive behoof and benefit of the Radical party.

Let all who are freemen remain so, and if there are some of our party friends who prefer the Radical party to ours, let them go and join it voluntarily, and thereby avoid violating the laws of God and man, *which they must do the moment they join a secret oath bound political organization.*

Friends, beware! The men who have robbed and plundered this nation for 15 years are not looking after public interest. Having robbed you and destroyed the industries of the nation, they will not hesitate to rob you of your liberty and your ballot. Avoid these wolves in sheep's clothing as you would a highwayman. Those Democrats (if there are any) who are foolish enough to sell their political birthright for a mess of Radical pottage will of course not heed our remarks. But it behooves us as a public journalist to warn all, who are disposed to preserve their manhood, against the crime of becoming members of any secret oath bound political organizations.

CALIFORNIA AND MAINE.—The recent Democratic victories in these States are far greater than the surface indications would lead one to suppose. The result in the former State is a complete triumph of right over wrong, and although the State officers were all elected by handsome majorities, the triumph in the Legislature and county offices is overwhelming. The members of the Legislature, like in our own State, are elected bi-ennially. Two years ago the Democrats elected 28 out of the 80 members. This year we elect 61 of the 80 members and hundreds of the county officers.

In Maine the contest was on Governor, so as to carry the State for Blaine, who is seeking the Radical Presidential nomination. To have allowed the Democrats to carry the State would have destroyed Blaine's last hope. Hence his Radical friends traded a *three year* Sheriff or Prothonotary for a *one year* Governor, and in that way succeeded in electing a Radical Governor by giving the Democrats nearly all the county offices for *three years*, and then suffered a reduction of 66 per cent. on their lowest majority. If the Radicals can stand such victories as those in California and Maine, no Democrat need complain.

A LITTLE MODESTY LEFT.—Henry Ward Beecher having spent his vacation at the White Mountains, gave notice that he was about to return to Brooklyn one day last week. The Patent Christians who run Plymouth Church took it into their heads to give him a huge reception on his return to that vicinity. This coming to Henry's ears, he addressed a note to his beloved followers in which he says:

"It would tend to keep alive feelings that ought to subside, to renew discussions of painful public transactions which should never have had an existence, and which it were well both for public and private good to have removed, if not to forgetfulness at least to obscurity. Too many hearts yet bleed, too much sorrow and scorching excitement has fallen upon kind sympathizing hearts to make it wise to renew public demonstration, which might be misinterpreted, and which might excite animosity which any good citizen should seek to heal."

That is about the best "ragged edge" piece he has spoken for some time and we hope it will do the Brooklyn saints some good.

The Democratic City Committee of Philadelphia, have invited Senator Wallace to address the people of that city on next Saturday evening. If not detained in court he will of course be present on that occasion, and discuss the questions of the day.

President Grant wrote to Bristow, "No personal considerations should stand in the way of performing a public duty." He did not think of this fine sentiment when he signed the salary grabbing act.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

Tuesday, September 21st, 1875, was the day fixed for the assembling of the annual Democratic County Convention. The body met in the Court House, but being Court week adjourned to Pie's Opera House.

The Convention was called to order by Chairman McCullough. The first business in order was the selection of two tellers.

On motion of Mr. Curley, of Bradford, Messrs. James Flynn, of Gulich, and Frank Reed, of Houtzdale, were elected Secretaries.

A call of the election districts was then proceeded with, when the following named delegates answered:

Burnside Borough—C. R. Patrick, Robt. Conner.
Clearfield—Frank Fielding, Israel Test, H. W. Park.
Curwensville—Frank I. Thompson, Thomas Hoover.
Houtzdale—Frank Reed, Dr. Humphrey.
Lumber City—Jno. McDewitt, Jas. R. Cupples.
New Washington—Dr. A. D. Bennett, Westly Thompson.
Osceola—Neil Dougherty, James Hale.
Wallaceton—Michael Reedy, A. E. Fulton.
Beccaria Township—H. A. Wright, Barnabas Armstrong.
Bell—Robert Mahaffey, Jacob Campbell.
Bloom—Adam Weaver, Gainor P. Bloom.
Boggs—David Moore, James H. Waple.
Bradford—Jacob Williams, P. Curley, John H. Stewart.
Brady—Johnston Hamilton, Wm. A. Means, J. H. Kirk, Adam Knarr.
Burnside—Daniel Gorman, David Crossley.
Chest—John Hockenberry, Jos. H. Breth.
Covington—John Picard, L. M. Coudriet.
Decatur—Jesse Goss, J. S. Burkett.
Ferguson—Joseph Moore, George Straw.
Girard—Benjamin Jury, Daniel Krise.
Goshen—Gil Shaw, Geo. A. Morrison.
Graham—Josiah Evans, George Kunzigh.
Greenwood—Aaron Newcomer, Elah Johnston.
Gulich—John S. McKiernan, James Flynn.
Huston—Hiram Woodward, F. C. Bowman.
Jordan—Isaac Wolf, J. W. Johnston.
Karthaus—D. D. Malzer, Dr. E. J. Gilliland.
Knox—David Erhard, P. A. Rowles.
Lawrence—Lewis C. Bloom, James Dougherty, J. L. McPherson, M. J. Owens.
Morris—Good Merrell, O. L. Schoonover, Jesse Beams.
Penn—M. M. Flynn, Richard Danver, Jr.
Pike—Robert Porter, Arnold Bloom.
Union—Thos. Brockbank, Simon Welty.
Woodward—Thos. Henderson, Geo. Wooden.

At the conclusion of the roll call the returns were opened and a ballot taken by the Chairman, each delegate casting the vote of his borough or township according to the instructions given him by his constituents, resulting as follows:

For Senator,	Brisbin had	25
" "	Boyer had	50
For Treasurer,	Walters had	39
" "	Worrell had	10
" "	Dotts had	8
" "	Lines had	8
" "	Shaw had	8
" "	Habler had	2
For Commis'er,	Brown had	50
" "	Kyler had	27
" "	Henderson had	17
" "	Mullen had	14
" "	Tozer had	12
" "	McGee had	8
" "	Hips had	10
" "	Miles had	4

[A tabular statement of the popular vote will be found elsewhere in our columns.]

The Convention being composed of seventy-five delegates, it took thirty-eight to nominate. The Chairman therefore declared Dr. T. J. Boyer duly nominated for Senator, J. Blake Walters for Treasurer, and Clark Brown for County Commissioner. C. J. Keagy and Samuel A. Caldwell having received all the votes cast for Auditors were also declared nominated.

There was no regular candidate for Coroner before the people, nearly every borough and township set up a candidate, casting from five to fifty votes for their favorite. The delegates, however, settled the question by nominating James B. Neff, of New Washington, for the position, and he was declared the nominee for Coroner.

At this point Mr. Dotts, one of the candidates for Treasurer, arose and asked that the Convention make the nomination of Mr. Walters unanimous, which was agreed to.

There being no nomination for the second Commissioner, the Convention proceeded to ballot, as follows:

Kyler	27
Tozer	6
Henderson	12
Metlee	8
Mullen	14
Miles	4
Hips	4

Four more ballots were had with about the same result. At the conclusion of the sixth ballot, it was ascertained that Messrs. Hips and Miles were a tie, and the rules requiring the dropping of the name of the lowest candidate after this ballot, the question arose which should be dropped. Mr. Hips, being present in the Convention, helped the members out of their quandary by withdrawing his name as a candidate, after which the balloting proceeded, as follows:

Ballotings	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th
Kyler	27	27	27	29	33	31
Tozer	6	—	—	—	—	—
Henderson	16	14	16	15	16	—
Metlee	10	14	18	19	26	44
Mullen	14	14	14	12	—	—
Miles	4	—	—	—	—	—

It will be observed that three were tied on the eighth ballot, and the ninth was taken to break it. At the conclusion of the twelfth ballot, Mr. McGee was declared the nominee for the Commissioner.

The nominations having closed the next business in order was the selection of a Chairman and a County Committee for 1876.

On motion of Mr. Wooden, of Woodward township, Wm. M. McCullough, Esq., was re-elected, and the delegates handed in the following names as Committee men from their respective boroughs and townships:

COMMITTEE FOR 1876.

DISTRICTS.	MEMBERS.	POSTOFFICE.
Burnside bor.	C. R. Patrick	Barnesdo.
Clearfield	H. W. Park	Clearfield.
Curwensville	F. I. Thompson	Curwensville.
Houtzdale	Dr. J. R. Humphries	Houtzdale.
Lumber City	James R. Cupples	Lumber City.
N. Wash'ton	John P. Feath	N. Wash'ton.
Osceola	Dr. T. R. Blandy	Osceola Mills.
Wallaceton	Michael Reedy	Wallaceton.
Beccaria tp.	Barnabas Armstrong	Glen Hope.
Bell	James Mahaffey	Bower.
Bloom	Sidney Smith	Forest.
Boggs	James H. Waple	Wallaceton.
Bradford	M. L. Gill	Wm'sgrove.
Brady	Johnston Hamilton	Luthersburg.
Burnside	John Lee	Burnside.
Chest	John Conaty	McPherson.
Covington	John Picard	Frenchville.
Decatur	J. S. Burket	Osceola Mills.
Ferguson	Wm. L. Moore	Lumber City.
Girard	George W. Stauver	Bald Hills.
Goshen	Elmer Shaw	Shawville.
Graham	George W. Zeigh	Grahamton.
Gulich	John S. McKiernan	Smith's Mills.
Huston	John Haskell	Penfield.
Jordan	Hezekiah Patterson	Anson'ville.
Karthaus	I. C. McCloskey	Salt Lick.
Knox	George D. High	New Millport.
Lawrence	Clark Brown	Clearfield.
Morris	J. G. Merrill	Kylertown.
Penn	James Dailey	Grump. Hills.
Pike	Arnold Bloom	Curwensville.
Union	Thomas Brockbank	Rockton.
Woodward	Geo. W. Wooden	Houtzdale.

After the business of selecting the Committee had been disposed of, Dr. Bennett, of New Washington, submitted the following:

Resolved, That Israel Test, Esq., be and he is hereby chosen Representative delegate to the next Democratic State Convention, and that Dr. S. P. Shaw, of Clearfield, O. L. Schoonover, of Morris, and James Flynn, of Gulich, be selected as conferees to meet like conferees from the counties of Centre and Clinton, for the purpose of electing a Senatorial delegate to the same Convention.

The resolution was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Hamilton, of Brady, read and presented to the Chair the following resolution:

Resolved, That F. I. Thompson, of Curwensville, H. W. Smith and Wm. S. Bradley, of Clearfield, are hereby declared Senatorial conferees to meet those from Centre and Clinton counties, to nominate a candidate for State Senator, and are hereby instructed to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of Dr. T. J. Boyer.

Mr. Hale, of Osceola, moved as an amendment to this resolution, to add the names of Henry A. Wright, Daniel Gorman and Frank Reed, and demanded a vote be taken on the question. The amendment being put by the Chairman, it was declared lost. This brought the original resolution before the Convention, and a vote by yeas and nays demonstrated that it was carried, and the Chair so ruled.

Resolutions being still in order, Mr. Waple of Boggs, sent up to the Chair the following:

Resolved, That we, as members of the Democratic party of Clearfield county, do most emphatically disapprove of the practice of candidates and their friends, who adopted the plan of electioneering during our recent primary canvass, or hereafter, by lying circulars and libelous pictorial newspapers. Such work must result in great personal and moral wrongs to our party friends without any equivalent whatever; and we therefore, demand that it be stopped, and if persisted in hereafter, we call upon all true Democrats to exercise their influence in defeating all candidates who may resort to this vile method, and that a rule to this effect be prepared by the County Committee, and published with the other rules.

The resolution being read by the Secretary, and seconded by at least half a dozen of delegates, Mr. Waple called for its adoption, which was unanimously agreed to in a most emphatic manner and in a tone not to be misunderstood by the offenders.

Mr. Brockbank, of Union, read and presented to the Chair the following resolution and asked its adoption:

Resolved, That in Hon. William A. Wallace, the Democratic representative in the United States Senate from this Commonwealth, the Democracy of the State and nation, and the people everywhere, have a champion of their rights and liberties whose ability and pure personal character commends him to their highest respect and confidence, and places him in the front rank of American statesmen.

After being seconded, and read by the Secretary, the resolution was put before the Convention by the Chair, and adopted without a dissenting voice.

Mr. Hale, of Osceola, submitted the following resolution to the Convention and moved its adoption:

Resolved, That we have abiding confidence in the integrity and Democracy of Colonel Wm. H. Hartshorn, and that this Convention endorse his course in the Legislature, and may his public record be in accord with his personal character.

The resolution was read by the Secretary, and after being seconded by several, the Chair submitted it to the Convention which body adopted it unanimously.

The legitimate business of the Convention having been disposed of, after a few remarks from the Chairman, returning thanks, etc., a motion to adjourn *sine die* was carried.

In all our experience in the public affairs of our county, we never before met seventy-five better Democrats in any of our County Conventions. They were truly representative men, engaged in every pursuit in life, and just the men that our party can always rely upon when there is work to be done. We are proud of our party friends and of the emphatic manner in which they disposed of the disturbing element which buzzed around the Convention during its sitting.

A protest was handed in, demanding that the election in Chest township be set aside, because the officers who held the election deposited the tickets in a hat and closed the election at 6 o'clock, contrary to the rules. One of the delegates from Chest arose and explained matters, and the Convention, after hearing his statement, voted against receiving the paper.

A fellow, named Gardner, made his appearance with an affidavit, to the effect that Mr. Walters, our nominee for Treasurer, had offered him *eight dollars* to vote for him. Mr. Walters came forward and made a statement, and after hearing him, the delegates kicked the affidavit out of doors without the dignity of having his document read.

We call the especial attention of our readers to the pictorial resolution passed by the Convention, and hereafter when they find libelous circulars flying around, adopt the policy indicated by this wholesome resolution.

THE GREENBACK CONVENTION.

In accordance with previous announcement, a large meeting of citizens irrespective of party distinctions assembled in Pie's Opera House, on Monday evening last, the 27th. The meeting was called to order by A. J. Jackson, on whose motion Abram Humphrey was elected President, James E. Watson, George Thorn, C. Kratzer, Aaron W. Patchen, James Savage and Christ. Hirlinger were elected Vice Presidents, and James Kerr, M. L. Gulich, John G. Lytle and F. O'Leary Buck were chosen Secretaries.

Wm. M. McCullough, Esq., Dr. T. J. Boyer and ex-Sheriff Pie were appointed a committee to invite ex-United States Senator Matt. H. Carpenter, of Wisconsin, and Hon. Frank W. Hughes, of Pottsville, Pa., to address the meeting.

A committee of four was also appointed, consisting of C. Howe, H. W. Smith, Geo. E. Robacker and Wm. J. Hemphill, for the purpose of preparing resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. During the absence of the committee, which had gone to the hotel to invite the distinguished speakers, the committee on resolutions made their report, which was read by Mr. Kerr, and is as follows:

Resolved, That the contraction of the currency heretofore made, and the further contraction proposed, with a view to the forced resumption of specie payment, has already brought disaster to the business of the country and threatens general bankruptcy. We demand that this policy be abandoned, and that the volume of currency made and kept equal to the wants of the trade, leaving the restoration of legal tenders to par in gold to be brought about by promoting the industries of the people, and not by destroying them.

Resolved, That the policy already initiated of abolishing legal tenders and giving national banks power to furnish all the currency will increase the power of an already dangerous monopoly and the enormous burdens now oppressing the people, and that we oppose this policy and demand that all the national bank circulation be promptly and permanently retired, and legal tenders be issued in their place.

Resolved, That we do not favor the issuing of legal tender notes by Congress for any other purpose than for the redemption of bonds, and interest on the same.

After the adoption of the resolutions, Mr. McCullough introduced Mr. Carpenter, who made some very appropriate remarks, but declined making a set speech, because he had quit politics and had fully made up his mind to pursue the legal profession to the utmost of his ability. The crowd (it was a crowd, because the building was jammed full) insisted that he should proceed, but Mr. Carpenter withdrew from the stage.

Mr. McCullough then introduced Mr. Hughes, who spoke for about an hour and a quarter in his usual able and argumentative style, demonstrating clearly that there was an awful wrong somewhere, because the universal stagnation in business and all our leading industries was the legitimate fruit produced by the present bad financial policy of the country.

At the conclusion of Mr. Hughes' speech, Mr. McCullough was called out, and in a few appropriate remarks upon the issue at stake closed the meeting.

IN TROUBLE.—Negro slavery still troubles some Radical editors. The Pittsburg *Gazette* seems to be annoyed the most. Well, it is quite natural for these editors who howled against slavery for years before the war, but when the battle came had themselves exempted, and therefore never smelled powder to continue to be exercised over this question. The man who declaims against a wrong and helps to work things up to a fighting point, and then backs down or furnishes a substitute, is either a knave or a coward—and we care not which horn of the dilemma he seizes.

THE CAMPAIGN.—The members of the Democratic State Committee met in Philadelphia, on Saturday last. Our advices from the Committee are of the most sanguine character, both as regards Ohio and Pennsylvania. Chairman Wright has sounded the battle call, and the lines are forming. There will be no wavers in the ranks from now until November.

Gov. Hartranft is splurging around the country at military parades, ordered by subordinates at his command.

DESERVED COMPLIMENTS.

The editor of the *Farmer's Friend*, an organ of the Patrons of Husbandry, or Grangers, under the head of "Recognition of Farmers," speaks as follows of the nomination of Victor E. Piolette for State Treasurer: "The political convention which assembled at Erie on Wednesday of last week, had the sagacity at the last moment, to recognize the claims of the farmer, by placing in nomination for the office of State Treasurer, a representative of the class in the person of our worthy State Lecturer, Col. V. E. Piolett.

"While it is not our province, as a general rule, to discuss the proceedings of political conventions, their platforms or nominations, yet in this case we may be permitted to say a few words.

"That the nomination for State Treasurer was entirely unsought by Brother Piolette we know from a conversation had with him four days previous to the meeting of the convention; and whether he will accept the honor tendered him we have not yet learned; but of this we feel assured, if he accepts the nomination and is elected by the people they will have a reformer for Treasurer who, in the administration of the affairs of this department, will be influenced by neither fear nor favor, and will know neither friend nor foe. We base this prediction upon a personal knowledge of the characteristics of the man."

The next witness we call to the stand, is the editor of the *Workingman*, the organ of the Miners' and Laborers' Benevolent association of Pennsylvania, published at Pottsville, Pa., who gives the following as its reasons for supporting Pershing and Piolett, viz:

The National Labor Union, the Industrial Congress of the United States, the various farmers' organizations of the country, the Harrisburg Anti-Monopoly Convention, the Cincinnati Farmers' and Workingmen's Conference, and all other bona fide laboring-men's organizations in the land, having declared against contraction and the national banks and for making the government legal tenders the exclusive currency of the country; and the Erie Democratic Convention having absolutely and emphatically endorsed those declarations consistency, honor and a due regard for the present safety and future prosperity of the industrial classes of the country require that the farmers and the working people shall, irrespective of party and of local consideration, give their undivided support to the Erie nominees, Cyrus L. Pershing and Victor E. Piolett.

DRIFTING TOGETHER.—Hon. Cyrus L. Pershing and Lieutenant Governor Latta were born in Unity township, Westmoreland county, within three miles of each other. They will be still closer together after the first of January next. Harrisburg will be their headquarters after that period.

THOSE WALNUT DOORS.—We are informed by a citizen of Harrisburg that the Radicals (probably by order of the chief executive magistrate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania himself,) have removed those famous Walnut Doors from the Governor's horse stable and replaced them by others! After the election the Walnuts will no doubt appear again unless some enterprising Radical official shall steal them. A number of vouchers have also been discovered to have been stolen or removed from the Auditor General's office, as there are no vouchers on file for certain warrants that were drawn! This whole matter, we are informed, will be thoroughly probed, and proofs will be presented establishing that a gross and monstrous fraud has been practiced in order to screen this piece of little villainy and folly from public observation. What are not these rogues capable of? The walnut stable doors for some time have been an object of ridicule and just contempt for snobbery of their inception, and now records are stolen, and perhaps the doors, too, to hide the shame! Yet the men who do these things are your Governors, State Treasurers and other high officials of your Commonwealth! Is it not high time for the people to arouse and eject them from power?—*Bloomsburg Columbian.*

THE VERDICT IN THE CHARLEY ROSS CASE.—PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 20.—The Court room this morning was literally packed from the Judge's bench to the doorway and hundreds were driven out of the corridors into the streets. The spectators evinced great interest and made an attempt when the verdict was announced to applaud, but all demonstration was instantly checked by the Court. Westervelt, the prisoner, appeared much moved and his emotion was visible. He was removed from the Court room immediately after the verdict was read. He was found not guilty on the two first counts, but guilty on the third, fourth and fifth counts. The jury was unanimous on these. The third and fourth counts charged conspiracy to extort money, and the fifth charged detention.

Governor Hartranft approved the Hiding Act of May 9th, 1874, which put the Sinking Fund of the State in the pocket of the State Treasurer. The people of the State are denied a knowledge of the custody of their own funds, by virtue of this act, except as a matter of favor. This law was especially intended to make it safe to speculate with the money of the State by making the parties to the transaction unknown, the knowledge being locked up in the breast of a single functionary. A vote for Hartranft and Rawle is a vote to continue this system by endorsing the Governor who approved it and by electing a new custodian for the public funds who expects to profit by it.—*Patriot.*

RADICAL RASCALITY.—The Harrisburg *Patriot* says: A favorite game with radical functionaries who have been detected in villainy has been to steal the vouchers which furnish official proof of it. We are informed that the records of the Auditor General's office, in Harrisburg, have been tampered with, and that among other matters for which the vouchers have been destroyed, are the itemized accounts of expenses for the executive mansion, which run up to the formidable sum of $7,500 per year.

MAGNANIMITY.—Sansom, of the Indiana *Democrat*, remarks: We recognize the fact that nobody in the State deserves any credit for the nomination of Hon. Cyrus L. Pershing but the editor of the Johnstown *Voice and Echo*. It is all right, Campbell—you did it with "your little hatchet." If you never do anything more, you have a safe passport to Heaven.

A political change in Pennsylvania proportionate to that in Maine will give Pershing and Piolett a majority of fifty thousand. All signs are propitious.

"Doc" Sweeney, one of the Carbondale bank robbers, was sentenced one day last week to eight years in the penitentiary.

NEWS ITEMS.

—The "narrow-gauge skirts" is the Western name for 'em.

—The new German greenbacks are called "Reichsbaisenscheine."

—God often takes away our earthly hopes that we may rest firmly upon Him.

—A large brewing firm in Glasgow have begun importing California barley for their beer.

—The Beaver Falls Cutlery Works are sending to Canada cutlery made from American steel.

—Straitsville, Ohio, proposes sending to the centennial a single block of coal weighing two tons.

—Out of eight hundred convicts in the Georgia penitentiary only one-tenth are white, the majority being negro boys of ten to twleve.

—Meadville has a wooden shoe factory at which several thousand pairs are made daily, but who will wear them is the question.

—Gold to the amount of twenty-seven thousand pounds sterling was withdrawn from the bank of England last week, for New York.

—New Yorkers are beginning to believe that criminals are never so securely shaded from justice as when shadowed by detectives.

—Col. Arthur Ginn has a ten-acre orange grove on Lake Monroe, Fla., which contains 700 trees, yielding from $10,000 to $13,000 per year.

—M. T. Warne, of Easton, recently sold two Hambletonian colts to a man named Baldwin, residing in California, for twenty thousand dollars.

—A negro justice of the peace in Jefferson county, Fla., passed judgment against his wife for stealing a chemise, and in default of bail sent her to jail.

Evangelist Sanky says that Queen Victoria is "just such a pleasant, womanly body as we see every Sabbath in the amen corner of our Methodist churches in America."

—A gentleman in Nueces county, Texas, has a field of sixty thousand acres within one fence. He recently filled an order by telegraph for twenty-six thousand beeves.

—The commission of Alexander White, of Alabama, to be Chief Justice of Utah Territory, has been signed by President Grant. Another Force-bill Congressman rewarded.

—Moody and Sankey are stirring up the sinners of Connecticut, but talk of coming to Philadelphia. If they do this before November, Pershing will have 75,000 majority in the State.

—Gov. Davis, of Minnesota, has appointed a grasshopper commission, so that next year the farmers shall known all about it—what they are and how they can fix it so that they are not.

—Mr. Daniel Bagenstoss, of Strausstown, Berks county, is the owner of two hogs weighing 200 pounds, with eight legs each. The wonders were on exhibition at the Berks county fair.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have commenced running a "Limited Mail Train" from New York to Chicago, making the trip in less than 24 hours. It carries but few passengers.

—What promises to be an immense coal mine near Russelville, Ark., is now being developed. It contains 83 to 85 per cent. of fixed carbon, against 85 to 90 per cent. in the Pennsylvania anthracite.

—All Philadelphia was put in a twitter on Monday by a report that the Centennial buildings were on fire. The report grew out of the destruction of a small frame building in which roofing pitch and gravel were prepared for use.

—The flagship of Commodore Perry, the Lawrence, sunk in Erie harbor sixty-two years ago, was raised September 13th, and the bottom found to be in a good state of preservation. It is intended to exhibit the vessel at the centennial.

—Prof. Marsh has in his possession a fossil bird, found in the West, which has teeth, and he concludes that the creature was an intermediate form between the bird and the reptile, and that its discovery supplies one of the missing links in the Darwinian theory.

—Ex-Senator Doolittle in a recent speech presents some novel views to secure honesty in elections. One of these is that each head of a family shall have two votes, one for himself, and the other for the family, and that the name and residence shall be endorsed on the ballot.

—We have seldom heard of a more terrible affliction in one family, than has been the case of Michael Gallagher, of New Garden township, Chester county. He has lost eight of his nine children by scarlet fever, four having died within one week some time ago, and four more having died week before last.

—A Norwich, Conn., antiquarian will exhibit at a fair in his county a book published in 1523, a cane 225 years old, a leaf from a Bible brought over in the Mayflower, and a piece of the white oak—which fell in 1808—under which the first settlers of ancient Woodbury encamped on the night of their arrival.

—George Knapp, aged fourteen years, died at his father's residence in Penn township, Lancaster county, on Wednesday night of last week, after a protracted illness of nearly thirteen years. The deceased had been deprived of the use of *all* his limbs, organs of speech and sense and was a victim of epileptic fits.

—Elias W. Glover, while sowing wheat in a field on his farm in Fayette county, this State, was shot down in cold blood, on Friday last. The murderer was concealed in a wood near where Mr. Glover was working. Three balls had struck him in the back, one passing through the body. Suspicion rests upon his brother.

—A charity patient in a Baltimore hospital was recently searched and more than $4,000 in money was found in the old clothes he wore, and he is an owner of two farms near the city. He had been living by beggary, or sponging upon the proprietors of cheap boarding houses, and new thirty of his small creditors have turned up.

—A singular lawsuit is before the circuit court of St. Louis county, Mo. John McCarthy shipped 125 head of cattle, worth $8,000, from St. Louis to Cincinnati, on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, the freight contract specifying the time of transit. The train was delayed twenty hours, the price of cattle fell fifty cents per hundred in the interval, and Mr. McCarthy claims a loss of $750, and sues for it.

—The sophomore class of Lafayette College at Easton, Pa., arrayed themselves in Ku-Klux costume, one night last week, and raided on the members of the freshman class, dragging them from their beds and perpetrating numerous outrages on their persons. The faculty suspended the sophs as fast as they could be caught, and among them were found a son of Gov. Hartranft and a son of Cyrus L. Pershing.

—In the churchyard at Tolland, Cornwall, 8,000 bodies have been interred in half an acre of ground. Repeated burials have raised the soil till the church appears to be situated in a pit; a horrible slime oozes from the graves in the higher part of the yard and trickles upon the floor of the church; disinfectants have to be provided for the bell-ringers, and on several occasions the congregation has had to withdraw so as to escape the atmosphere.

Democratic Primary Election Returns of Clearfield County for 1875.--Official.

Election Districts.	Senator. Brisbin	Boyer	County Treasurer. Walters	Lines	Dotts	Shaw	Habler	Worrell	Hoover	County Commissioner. Shilling	Kyler	Cantrell	Brown	Hoover	Tozer	Henderson	Hips	Miles	Mullen	McGee	Lumberhoy	Auditor. Keagy	Caldwell
Burnside bor	5	18	13	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	2	—	1	—	—	22	—	23	23
Clearfield	55	156	119	3	6	16	3	78	—	21	85	9	132	15	42	19	5	1	27	47	23	169	198
Curwensville	15	46	27	4	9	4	3	8	1	1	5	—	18	2	24	5	3	3	49	13	3	—	—
Houtzdale	71	70	46	—	18	4	—	62	1	1	6	—	115	1	1	85	—	—	—	21	—	—	—
Lumber City	7	14	—	4	6	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	7	3	2	—	20	—	4	6	—	17	26
N. Washin's	16	16	—	—	9	—	—	26	—	1	1	—	16	1	20	—	16	—	—	18	—	33	34
Osceola	108	28	103	—	27	4	—	—	—	—	4	2	108	—	—	101	—	—	1	27	—	69	43
Wallaceton	24	15	21	—	3	2	—	—	14	36	39	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	77	32
Beccaria twp.	54	53	5	2	71	—	—	11	—	2	24	2	21	4	21	71	5	—	1	15	—	81	86
Bell	11	60	36	1	7	—	—	32	—	—	1	1	24	—	16	1	21	—	—	65	1	58	69
Bloom	11	17	9	15	1