The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 2, 1874.

A call upon Governor Ames, of Mississippi, to resign, has been extensively signed and handed to His Excellency.

FISH AND VEAL.—An exchange says: Hon. Lyman K. *Bass*, member of Congress elect, was married Wednesday afternoon at Buffalo to Miss Fannie Metcalfe.

DEATH OF JUDGE REED.—Hon. John M. Reed, late one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this State, died in Philadelphia on Sunday last, in the 78th year of his age.

The returns from Michigan show that the vote in favor of woman suffrage was smallest in those places where Miss Anthony and her associates made most earnest efforts in its behalf.

Commissioner Smith, in his report on Indian affairs, accuses Gen. Custer of lying about the existence of gold in the Black Hills. If the accusation is unjust, Custer cannot afford to leave it without refutation.

The total vote cast at the recent election in Pennsylvania was in the neighborhood of 550,000. The vote two years ago on Governor was over 671,000—showing a falling off this year of something like 121,000 votes.

STILL LOST.—The one hundred and fourth "Charley Ross" was picked up at Barboursville, West Virginia, on Friday last, but he, like the rest, proved not to be the boy everybody seems to be looking for.

The Tanners' Association of Pennsylvania met at Harrisburg on the 11th inst. This important Association represents 800 establishments, employing 5,000 hands, and a capital of $12,000,000, and produces 20,000,000 worth of leather annually.

ALREADY.—There has been a marked advance in the prices of Southern and Western State bonds, since the late election. The Philadelphia *Ledger*, noting the fact, says: "It looks as though the South and West anticipate a general revival of business."

The recent mild weather has hatched out the grasshopper eggs in the West, and the fields swarm with young insects. The farmers in many places believe in the thought that the winter will kill them, and they will be free from the pests next year.

WHO DID IT.—Three C's helped to swamp the Republican party on Tuesday—Carpenterism, Chandlerism, and Cameronism.—*Johnstown Democrat.*

Suppose you make it four and add "Cherpenningism."—*Butler Herald.*

Yes, but these four political libertines and corruptionists could not have done it without their *Butler* and *White* (Libby prison) to assist them.

THE LAST RELIC.—The second and last session of the XLIIId Congress meets at Washington, on Monday next, and will continue in session until the 4th of March next, when it will die a Constitutional death. It will be the last Radical Congress that will ever meet at the National Capitol. Mark what we say.

DEVASTATION.—The Official Reports made to the State Board of Agriculture of the State of Kansas show that seventeen counties, in which 158,000 acres were planted in corn last spring, have not produced a bushel, and that there is a population of 15,000 who are wholly destitute. The crops were destroyed by grasshoppers.

DEAD.—Dr. Batorf who was elected a member of the legislature from Berks county at the late election, has since died. He was out visiting some patients and on his return home was struck with apoplexy. He was found seated in his buggy in an insensible condition and taken to his home and medical aid obtained, but without avail.

HOW CHANGED.—The exceeding coolness of the Philadelphia *Press* and other Radical organs, since the elections, is in harmony with the weather. The leading articles in the *Press*, a few days ago, were entitled "the sources of the Nile" and "the exportation of crockery ware." How changed? Politics, finance, and business seem to have no charms for Radical editors.

RESPONSIBILITY.—The Lousville (Ky.) *Courier Journal* says truly, "let there be no foolishness over our victory, there is a country to govern and to save." Good advice, and it will be well if every Democrat bears in mind that with our victory comes responsibility. The people have their eyes open, and if the Democracy wish to retain the power they have gained they must meet public demands in the spirit of honesty and integrity. Our victory is one of principle and not of spoils.

A WHOLESOME CHANGE.—The vote of Alabama, for Governor, was declared by the Legislature, last Friday, and compares with the vote in 1872 as follows:

Governor, 1874.		Governor, 1872.	
Houston, D.	107,116	Herndon, D.	81,271
Lewis, Rep.	85,928	Lewis, Rep.	59,448
Total	201,846	Total	171,239
Dem. maj.	15,190	Rep. maj.	8,497

"Our colored brethren" down there must "be going back" on the carpet-bag fraternity as well as "the government." How ungrateful-ah!

A SAD WARNING.—The lesson taught the Hon. John Scott this fall by the people, should be a warning to all men who have more ambition than brains. He is one of our United States Senators, and had everything put in "apple pie order" for his re-election. He had Radical Congressional, Senatorial and Representative districts made for himself and his friends. His home, Huntingdon county, was literally fenced in, as a matter of self defence, but the people fooled him. The Congressman, Stonger, is a Democrat; the Senator, McKibben, and both members of the Assembly, are Democrats. Next to Harry White, he is the worst abused man outside of the penitentiary. Republicans are ungrateful?

THE U. S. SENATORSHIP.

We had penned some remarks on this question, but the Butler *Herald* coming to hand before our copy was delivered to the compositor, we adopted brother Ziegler's remarks, because his age and experience in campaigning makes him number one authority.—Upon questions of this kind he is really the Pennsylvania Blackstone, and we therefore lay his article before our readers in preference to our own. He says:

"If there is one man in the whole State who, for services rendered the party in the darkest hour of its need; for ability and thorough knowledge of legislation, or who for honesty, integrity and private worth is entitled to the support of members of the legislature for U. S. Senator, that man is Hon. Wm. A. Wallace of Clearfield.—We happen to have personal knowledge of the services rendered by this gentleman in the interests of the Democracy, and that too at a time when many whose names are mentioned with a great flourish of trumpets, *were like timid rats hiding in their holes not only afraid to show their faces* but biding their time until they got the smell of a very large cheese which the people manufactured on the 3d inst. He who stood up manfully for the party and the people when the time demanded boldness and firmness, is one who should receive the favors of the party which, in the day of its victory, it is able to give. We want no men who, when the party was contending with an excited people for power and running the gauntlet of radical obloquy and contempt, were sitting in parlors and drinking brandy toddy instead of being actively assisting to defend the Democracy against the assaults of its enemies.—The Democracy, the masses, want a new set of books opened, and records made that will give assurance of justice being done hereafter to the workers in the party instead of taking the fruits of victory and feeding the drones who toil not neither do they spin.

For the last eleven years Mr. Wallace has been an active worker in all the campaigns of the party—late and early he was at his post; and we have it to say with truth, that when Chairman of the State Central Committee he worked and toiled as no other man would have done, *at least not one of those who now think they have a kind of prescriptive right to regulate the affairs of the party in the day of its triumph.* It won't do therefore, to belittle services rendered in the darkest hour of the party's trial and ignore the person who performed them. It is a poor policy—a contemptible scheme—an unmanly course. Let justice be done, and in doing it teach the doctrine that he who enjoy the favors of the party must be found in the front rank of duty always. We know to a dead certainty, that Black, Buckalow, Clymer and a number of other gentlemen mentioned in connection with the Senatorship, have never been our friends; but on the contrary have opposed us on all occasions; yet we would never bemean ourself so as to allow private spleen to deter us from saying that they are men of ability, honesty and integrity. We have our preference; and this preference is given for one who has never failed us when we needed a friend. *Ingratitude is the worst of sins*, and as our past life has never been tarnished with it, so neither shall our future be.

We have said and say again, that it is not for men who stood back in the darkest hour of the party's need, now to come forward and abuse those who did, simply because they may have an axe to grind in the election of their favorite to the office of Senator. Decency, if nothing else, should induce them to come from their hiding places with caution and show "by works meet for repentance" in the future, that their opinion is entitled to weight and respect.

WILL NOT RALLY.—The Radical leaders in this county who started out to "bust up the Democratic party," find the bust in their own party. The Chairman is making an effort to rally his scattered forces, but they will not rally worth a cent. In common with our friends, we feel grateful for the assistance we received from the liberal element in the opposition party which refused to train with the ring which undertook to force their party into extreme measures, and acts of doubtful propriety. The Democrats can stand a "bust up" of this kind every fall, in this or any other county.

"Lay on, *Thomas Masdoff*,
And damned be he who first cries hold, enough!"

A "SLATE" FOUND.—A correspondent at New Washington informs us that while repairing his garden fence, a few days ago, he found a "slate" that some member of the "ring" had dropped while climbing over the fence.—The "slate" was dated the 18th of June, and contains the names of candidates for a full county ticket. But as none of the candidates on this "slate" were elected this fall, we deem it unnecessary to publish the names. From this it is evident that the "Court House ring" is not the only "ring" doing business in this county, and that "slates" can be made here as well as in Harrisburg. Oh, the innocents!

IMPORTANT RULING.—In answer to a question the other day addressed by a Wisconsin National Bank to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, as to whether a draft drawn by one bank or banker on an other bank or banker, payable one day after date, without grace, requires a revenue stamp, that official replies that *all* checks, drafts, or orders payable at sight or on demand, drawn by any party for any amount, upon a bank or banker, or trust company, are subject to a stamp tax of two cents, and that the Internal Revenue office cannot regard drafts so drawn, *whatever form of words may be used*, as otherwise than liable.

UNHAPPY.—A sound as of a mighty wailing, goeth up from the midst of the Republican party and press since the last election. Witness the following paragraph, which is clipped from their papers, and which is full of tears:

"The tenure of power in the United States Senate by the Republicans, all other conditions being unchanged, depends on the lives of six senators now in old age and infirm health, and behind whom are Democratic governors or Democratic legislatures, or both."

How sad to think, that if these "six Senators, now in old age and infirm health," should die, the chance for Credit Mobiliar steals, Sanborn jobs, etc., would be gone entirely.

HESITATING.—The "Government" at Washington has concluded not to interfere with the Arkansas muddle.—Very wise indeed. Interference in Louisiana matters was quite sufficient to teach Attorney General Williams that the people of the North had got tired of his miserable tinkering in Southern affairs. Grant had better confine himself and his subordinates to the duties of their respective departments. It would be much more creditable. Besides, an impeachment may be waived if "the government" strictly attends to its legitimate business in the future.

A PRETTY GOOD HIT.

As everybody is aware, our country has been ruled by "Christian statesmen" and "Christian Bankers" for the past fourteen years, even Congress being turned into a prayermeeting occasionally. That celebrated journalist, Geo. Alfred Townsend, who never has much to say in favor of Democrats, nevertheless gets off the following at the expense of "the bruiser," John Morrissey, or somebody else. George says:

"Of course the public will stamp on Morrissey and break his nose again at every election; but he sat two years in Congress without stealing a penny or asking how to steal it."

Now, when we reflect over the fact that Ex-Vice President Colfax, Vice President Wilson, Glenni W. Scofield, our own Congressmen, and other leading members of that body, did not do these things, besides, stuffing their pockets with Credit Mobilier railroad stock, and when caught at it, then turned around and took an oath that they had more of it, and insisted that they had none, until Oaks Ames slipped up on their flanks and pulled the checks out of their pockets, is certainly proof the most damnable that these self same men did not only rob the government, but that they perjured their own souls, and so completely eclipsed Morrissey with their crimes that we are told he is ashamed of the whole brood, and will not allow one of that gang of statesmen to enter his gambling saloon for fear of having his carpets soiled or his character impugned by associating with corrupt Representatives and bribed and perjured Congressmen.

STILL BEECHERING.—The absorbing topic in the Brooklyn Courts are the Beecher-Tilton suits, for libel and for damages, and they promise to be long-winded affairs. The suit of Tilton, for damages, has been postponed, Beecher's counsel apparently being anxious to postpone it indefinitely. This postponement or legal strategy is construed by Beecher's enemies to mean that he is afraid to have the trial hurried up. Whatever happens in the matter, the public has lost its curiosity in the case. In the meantime Mr. Beecher preaches more vigorously than ever before. A friend of ours recently likened him to a mule, which pulls heavier loads with several men upon his back to hold him down. Beecher certainly works better with Tilton and Moulton on his back; but he has acknowledged that it was dreadful hard work to appear fresh and cheerful under the circumstances. Plymouth Church is the most popular place of resort in the vicinity of New York, since the recent developments, and Henry preaches more vehemently since he separted Tilton and his wife than before. But then Beecher's Church and John Morrissey's saloon are rival places of resort. The former and his friends gamble in theology and morals, and the latter with cards, for wealth. A difference without a distinction.

FOR SPEAKER.—Hon. N. P. Banks, elected to Congress by the Democrats in Massachusetts, was one of the best Speakers who ever presided over the national House of Representatives.—His decision was never overruled by the House. He is now prominently mentioned for the same position. Mr. Banks is a self-made man—having risen from a factory. His graceful and pleasant demeanor was acquired from likening of one time in his young days been a dancing master.—*Exchange.*

He is an excellent man, but then no Pennsylvanian can vote for him. He is a "Salary-grabber," and two successive Democratic State Conventions having denounced that species of robbery, no member from this State *dare* vote for Mr. Banks, or any other man, who took the bribe.

OF COURSE YOU DO.—Those refined twins who preside over the columns of the *Times* and the *Herald*, file objections to the action of the Sheriff and Commissioners in offering rewards for the capture of burglars and highway robbers. Those tax ridden fellows are hard to please, and never approve the acts of an official unless they are first consulted or paid. Had the officers in question sent an advertisement to each of these patriots, they would have been lauded to the skies. That is all there is in their criticism.

HOW CHANGED.—The New York delegation in the XLIVth Congress will be composed of fifteen Republicans, one Independent Republican, and seventeen Democrats. The Democrats have eight in the present or XLIIId Congress.

SUDDEN DEATH.—WM. F. Havemeyer, Mayor of the city of New York, died on Monday afternoon while sitting in his office dispatching public business. His term of office expires on the first of January next.

CASH POLITICIANS.—The late elections have ended the labors of that class of politicians who "go for cash."

The Democratic party must begin at once to end forever the business of those men who have lived so long on "the cash" which they ask, demand, or take for political service.

The curse of the Radical party, or rather one of its curses, was the gang of creatures it brought into life who where known as always "going for the cash." Votes, bills, legislations, contracts were to be had for cash, and these creatures were the agents to buy or sell.

Offices were put up for sale and he who had the most money was most successful. "Put up your cash" was the demand made on every occasion to every applicant for office, from the man who applied for a policeman's badge to him who asked the nomination for Governor, Judge, or any other post of high public trust.

The Democratic party must now put an end to this business.

Let the first question that is now asked of a candidate be, "did you put up your cash?" and if it can be shown that he even proposed to do it, defeat him on the spot.

No greater good than this could possibly come out of the return of the Democracy to power. It would end the men and the party lately known as "the Radical gang."—*Commonwealth.*

IN TRIBULATION.—The Union League of Philadelphia, composed mainly of white stocking aristocrats, is uneasy over the overwhelming defeat of their party, and on Friday evening held a meeting and resolved to purify their party, by resolving to use their influence and means against incompetent and dishonest candidates. There is no one association in existence that has done more to place and keep corrupt thieves in power than this Union League, and the tax-payers of that city should hesitate in accepting any promises that comes from it.

A New Castle paper advises its readers to wash their feet before the winter sets in, and the water gets cold.

NEWS ITEMS.

—The Nebraska relief society publishes a statement showing receipts amounting to $18,747 86.

—Rev. A. Krorll, for thirty years pastor of St. John's German Lutheran church of Cincinnati, died in that city last Friday.

—Col. Wm. M. Wiley, a prominent railroad conductor, died at his residence in Philadelphia on the 21st ult., aged 50 years.

—Brevet Brigadier General Thomas J. Leslie died last Wednesday morning at his residence in New York city, aged 79 years.

—There were 30,000 colliers on a strike in England at last advices: 18,000 in West Lancashire, and 12,000 in West Yorkshire.

—The official returns of New York show that Tilden, the Democratic candidate for Governor, had 54,937 majority over Dix.

—A Vermont legislator, aged 60, made his first railroad journey a few days ago, while on his way to take his seat for the present session.

—The mammoth cotton mill of the Spragues at Baltic, Conn., has resumed work after three weeks' suspension, caused by a strike of the mule spinners.

—Hon. Jesse D. Bright, formerly United States Senator from Indiana, who was expelled from his seat during the war for disloyalty, has recently settled in Baltimore.

—The estate of the late Thaddeus Stevens at Lancaster is worth from $100,000 to $150,000, which goes to founding an orphan asylum in that city.

—The last Democratic Governor of Massachusetts was Marcus Morton.—He was elected in the fall of 1839 over Edward Everett by one vote, and was Governor during 1840.

—D. H. Williams, late cashier of the Connaautville Bank, Pa., and recently convicted of embezzlement, was sentenced at Pittsburgh, Saturday, to five years imprisonment, and to pay costs of prosecution.

—A shock of earthquake has been distinctly felt at Salem and Newburyport, Mass. The wave apparently moved from west to east, rocking houses, rattling crockery, and causing some consternation.

—It was a close run between the Democrats of Ohio and Indiana as to which would give the largest majority on the State ticket, and Ohio wins by a few votes. The figures are: Ohio, 17,202; Indiana, 17,098.

Louise Kellogg fastens her garters with $500 diamond clasps. Anna Dickinson snaps a pair of amethysts round her little calves, and the widow of Captain Jack ties up her old government socks with a pair of Shacknasty Jim's old suspenders.

—Wm. F. Barry, aged 96 years, supposed to be the oldest printer in the United States, was buried in St. Louis on Tuesday of last week. His first "take," as a journeyman, was Washington's obituary. At 90 years of age he worked at the case in Nashville.

—The Ninth Pennsylvania Cavalry have issued an invitation to all Pennsylvania regiments to meet in reunion at Wilkesbarre, on June 6, 1875. The object of this is to form an organization of all the regiments of this State who had enlisted in the late rebellion.

—A new hot blast is being added to the furnace in Dauphin county, Pa.—The probability is that the furnace will be kept in operation all winter, a contract having been made with the Pennsylvania Steel company to furnish the Baldwin works with 2,000 tons of pig iron.

The Philadelphia *Day* announces that Col. A. K. McClure will take charge of the Philadelphia *Press* as editor in chief, having purchased control of the stock. It is said he paid $250,000 for a controlling interest. This does not include the building. The politics of the paper will be Independent Republican.

—Fate never played a fairer trick than she did on two dead beats who tried to steal a ride from Richland to Oswego, the other day, by getting themselves locked up in an empty box car. For the car was switched and left standing at the next station, and the two travelers, after begging and screaming to be released, had to tradge off on foot after all.

—There was a very large meeting of the Steel and Iron Association of Pennsylvania, Maryland and New Jersey, at Philadelphia, on Tuesday, Nov. 24th, for the purpose of considering the subject of iron production. The general sentiment seemed to be in favor of reducing the production with a view of increasing the price of iron. No definite conclusion was reached however.

—Dispatches from all over the country indicate that Thanksgiving day was appropriately observed. Services were held generally in the churches, numerous charity dinners given, and festivals and suppers held in many of the churches. Business was generally suspended. At St. Clair, Governor Hartranft assisted at the unveiling of a Soldiers' Monument.

—According to official figures, Chicago elevators contain 1,149,776 bushels of wheat, 510,923 bushels corn, 415,583 bushels oats, 55,710 bushels rye, and 274,930 bushels barley, making a grand total of 2,403,382 bushels, against 3,505,678 bushels at this time last year. Milwaukee has 309,201 bushels wheat, 14,823 bushels corn, 34,284 bushels oats, 3,386 bushels rye, and 76,985 bushels barley.

—The confirmation of the will of the late Dr. Livingstone, granted to Miss Agness Livingstone, Thomas Steel Livingstone, Wm. Oswell Livingstone and Miss Anna Mary Livingstone, was sealed in London on the 3d inst., the total value of the real and personal estate, and effects of the deceased in England and Scotland being sworn under £1,500. The deceased is said to have died at Hals, Central Africa, on May 4, 1873.

—Mrs. W. H. Howard, Jr., of Braintree, Mass., was lately walking in the streets of that town, accompanied by her husband, when they met an intoxicated man, who was more than ordinarily demonstrative. Just as the Howards came abreast of the inebriate, he gave a whoop which was so sudden in its effects upon Mrs. Howard that she dropped dead at her husband's feet. She was a robust and healthy woman, and her death was pronounced by her physician, Dr. Dearing, to be the consequence of fright.

—A terrible storm occurred at Tuscumbia, Ala., on the evening of the 22d ult., destroying one-third of the residences, killing twelve persons, and injuring many others. Mrs. William Winston, mother of the late Governor Winston; the wife and two children of Hon. John B. Moore, Senator from this district; F. D. Hodgkins, Esq., editor of the *Chronicle*, his wife and four children, were killed. Persons from Tuscumbia say the tornado lasted one minute and a half. Twelve persons were killed and twenty wounded at Tuscumbia, and about the same number killed and wounded in the adjacent county, making nearly thirty killed in all. Whatever portion of the country was visited by the storm great destruction of property ensued. Quite a number of lives were lost independent of those at Tuscumbia.

A HUGE ENTERPRISE.

One of the most gigantic enterprises ever set on foot in this or any other country, in the way of overcoming by means of a tunnel the obstructions of great bodies of water, is now in progress in New York. The project is nothing more or less than to tunnel the North River, a part of Manhattan Island and the East River, thus opening a thoroughfare of land travel from Jersey City to Brooklyn, Long Island, passing under both the intervening rivers and through a portion and under a portion of the city of New York.

The preliminary steps are now in progress at the foot of Fifteenth street, Jersey City, where a shaft is being sunk, under a grant of the Common Council, with a view of determining the depth at which it will be necessary to start the grade of the tunnel, as well as to ascertain the nature of the soil through which it will have to be driven. The company for its construction organized last spring, and filled the articles of agreement on the 10th of March, 1874. The organizing stockholders named in the bill are: D. C. Haskins, California; Theo. F. Wood, New Jersey; L. C. Fowler, California; T. U. Park, Vermont; C. Goddard, New York; George Miller, New Jersey; Jno. F. Ward, New Jersey; Wm. F. Force, New Jersey; L. M. Price, New Jersey; James L. Marvin, New Jersey; Jas Wetherel, New Jersey; J. C. Tucker of New York, and A. B. Gibbs. The stock is $3,000,000, divided into 30,000 shares of $100 each, and the charter is good for ninety-nine years. The work already done, consisting of surveys, plans, and soundings, has cost over $10,000.

As the company declare that they have no intention of interfering with the waters of the rivers, they did not ask for Congressional legislation permitting the construction of the tunnel. They also state that they will not ask Congress for any aid or subsidy, but that the work will be pushed to completion entirely by private enterprise. Now if the company will stick to its declaration, and carry out their proposed undertaking with their own private means, it will be greatly to their credit.

Of late years when any unusual undertaking has been set on foot, it has been the habit of the projectors to hurry off to the lobby in Washington, and by a judicious distribution of bribes, secure enough subsidies and direct donations to complete their projects, pocket the principal and interest, while the tax paying public who furnished all the means, received neither benefits nor profits. To find men really willing, therefore, to risk their private means in great undertakings that ought under all circumstances to be pushed by private enterprise, would seem to indicate that capital is once more coming back to its legitimate sphere, taking care of itself instead of clinging to the skirts of the government.

A bill will be presented to the New York Legislature this winter asking that the terminal points of the tunnel be fixed. At present it is proposed to carry the tunnel from Fifteenth street, Jersey City, under the North River to a point at or near Houston street, New York, thence under the city, and under East River, to a point near the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The nature of the excavations to be made will determine the feasibility of the project by determining whether its cost will be within reasonable bounds.

Should there be a bed-rock under the whole course, similar to that which crops out further up toward Long Island Sound, and forms the obstructions at Hell Gate, the cost of the enterprise would be almost beyond computation. But the projectors claim that the larger portion of it will be sand and shale excavations. They are so confident that $3,000,000 will complete the work, that having sold that amount of stock they will go no more. But time alone will determine what value is to be attached to the opinion of the engineers as to the nature of the obstructions to be met with.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

A PLOT IN LOUISIANA.

The New York *Sun* has the following double leaded editorial:

We learn from very trustworthy sources that it is the purpose of the carpet-bag authorities in Louisiana to count in the Republican candidates for State officers, with the majority if not all of the Republicans who ran for Congress, and a sufficient number of the defeated nominees to the Legislature to control that body and thereby prevent the impeachment of Kellogg and secure the United States Senator. Grant is in the plot and has agreed to carry it through with the bayonets of the army. The ultimate object which Grant is aiming at is understood to be the election of his brother-in-law Casey to the Senate.

We learn further that if this great crime against the people of Louisiana is perpetrated, the conspirators profess to apprehend that vengeance will be summarily inflicted upon some of their leaders; and they name Kellogg and Packard as two whom the Conservatives have resolved to put to death.

We credit the report that the thieves who have so long preyed upon Louisiana under cover of Grant's protection intend to commit these frauds upon elective franchise; and there is no doubt that Grant will countenance and sustain them now as he has heretofore done in the commission of these felonies. But we hope no outbreak of violence will follow from these wrongs. True, if Kellogg, Packard and Casey were to be killed, three sneaking villains would be put permanently out of the way; but no good would come of it so long as those three bolder villains, Grant, Williams and Robeson, could use the army, the navy, and the courts to defy and set at naught the verdict of the electors delivered at the polls.

Retribution may advance slowly, but it is sure to come, though not by the violent shedding of blood, however vile. Armed with the majesty of the law, the New House of Representatives will lay bare the Louisiana infamies, while the results of the next Presidential election will send some of the head conspirators to the penitentiary unless they emulate the example and follow in the footsteps of the cognate scoundrels of the old Tammany Ring and flee to climes where extradition treaties are unknown.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

With a Republican President, a Republican Senate, a Republican House, and an impending session of Congress in which the Republican majority may exact what laws they please, it is amazingly audacious in the unscrupulous newspapers that filled their columns with Ku-Klux lies before the election to now seek to throw the odium of the hard times upon a Democratic administration that is not yet in existence. When the Democratic party again has the opportunity to manage the affairs of the government it will not hesitate to stand by the consequences of its acts. It will at once substitute constitutional government for the higher law. It will bring back with it recognized principles of finance, an equitable system of taxation, economy of expenditure and a capable and honest public service. These changes, were it possible to make them to-day, would fill the country with confidence, and while they would not instantly add a dollar to any man's estate, would still turn the rising tide of disaster. A spendthrift can scatter in a day the accumulations of years. The Democratic party is called upon to repair the waste of a spendthrift predecessor. The process is always slow and sometimes painful. —*Harrisburg Patriot.*

ONE OF THE DUTIES.

Almost every representative Democrat in the country who has spoken on the subject of the late elections, has asserted, unquestionably, that great duties and responsibilities are now laid on the Democratic party.

We have, from the first reports of these elections, sought to impress on the Democracy in this Commonwealth that the Republicans who, revolting against the Radical party, and voting with us, require in the future dicided efforts of the Democracy to have their continued support.

One of the first of these duties, then, in our view, will demand of the Democratic party all its energies to be directed to purge out of the management of public affairs, corruption, frauds, and *cash* considerations which have so long disgraced the legislation in our cities, State and Federal Legislatures. The selfish, corrupt, and abandoned agents who have lived in luxury on the spoil, black mail, "divies," and sums of money abstracted out of funds obtained from party contributions, by legislative appropriations, or for party, or personal, or public services, must be driven out from the observation of honest men.

The Cashiers must go into exile. This is no time for them to ply their vocation. The era of honesty has returned as in the golden age of the Republic. Honesty, economy, capacity, fidelity, and honor are the virtues which the Democracy must enshrine on its alters.

He who seeks public confidence must show he possesses the respect and regard of honest men. He who seeks places of public trust must prove his qualifications, personal, moral and political. He who aspires to representative station must demonstrate from his life of integrity and capabilities that he is honest, capable, and faithful to the Constitution.

Tricksters, schemers, and plotters are not needed now. The administration of the Federal Government is about to be placed on the Democratic party, and, unless it prepares the people by the highest patriotism, and the truest statesmanship, and the loftiest courage in its preparatory stage, it will fail at the critical moment.

One of the duties, then, the Democracy has to perform is to rid itself from all connection or association with the corruptionists and those *cash politicians* who have disgraced the Radical party, and who are not unfrequently found in the conventions and representative places of the Democracy.—*Philadelphia Commonwealth.*

VERY SORRY.—Republican Senators and Congressmen now gathering together in Washington are betraying unusual anxiety for a leader, to direct them out of the wilderness. They are slightly dazed as yet, but are willing to admit the existence of extravagance and corruption as well as huge blunders on the part of Congress, which they say is in a measure to blame for the present condition of affairs. This is much the same spirit exhibited by the criminal about to step upon the fatal trap. He expresses sorrow for his crimes and admonishes his hearers to desist from vicious courses if they would avoid a like end. It is a death-bed repentance, which serves for a warning, never for an example. They have been dismissed from place because they were unfaithful stewards, because in the language of the Psalmist, "In their hands were iniquities and their right hand was filled with bribes."

THE SOLDIER.—The Pittsburg *Post* says: Lieutenant Colonel Fred. Grant is still enjoying himself at the expense of the tax-payers. He has not been on duty an hour's time for months, but draws his pay as Lieutenant Colonel with frightful regularity. Ain't it about time this petty stealing should be relieved? In justice to other army officers this assumed Lieutenant Colonel should be compelled to attend to his duties, if he is capable—if not, he should be stripped of his shoulder straps. His case needs attention.

New Advertisements.

CAUTION.—

All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing the following property, viz: 1 dark bay mare, 1 red male cow, 15 head of sheep, and the household furniture in possession of Peter Lansberry, as the same belongs to me and is left with said Peter Lansberry on loan.

BENJ. LANSBERRY.

dec2-3t

CAUTION.—

All persons are hereby warned against purchasing or in any manner meddling with the following described property, now in the hands of Isaac Rase, of the borough of Wallaceton, as the same belongs to us and is subject to our order at any time, viz: 6 chairs, 1 rocking chair, 1 sink, 1 cook stove and utensils, 1 table, 1 pair bedsteads, 1 trunk, 1 box dishes and all other dishes in possession of said Rase.

ELLIS SMEAL & CO.

Wallaceton, Dec. 2, 1874.-3t.

T. A. FLECK & CO.,

Have now on hand, and are daily receiving additions thereto, a large and well selected stock just fresh from the manufacturers, of

Dress Goods, Dry Goods, Silks, Hats, Bonnets, Old Ladies' Caps, Shawls, Waterproofs, Ladies' Fur Caps, Hair Goods, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Shirts, Gloves, Hose, Overalls, Lumberman's Flannel, Ladies' Underwear, Cuffs, Collars, Handkerchiefs,

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR AND WHITE DRESSES.

Perfumery and Soaps, Balmoral Skirts, Suspenders, Stockings, of every size, variety and description, Notions, Trimmings and Fancy Goods, in almost endless variety.

N. B.—WE BUY FOR CASH AND SELL FOR CASH. dec1tf

1875 THE 1875

PITTSBURGH POST

(Daily and Weekly.)

The Weekly established 1841. The Daily established 1842.

THE WEEKLY POST has no superior as a Family, Political and Literary Journal, and should find a place in every Democratic family in Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia. It is without a rival among the great weekly journals of the country, each issue containing fifty-six columns of carefully selected and edited matter, suited to the family circle, embracing Political, Editorial, General, Editorials on all leading topics; Literary selections as well as original efforts both in prose and poetry; Bank and Art Reviews.

THE LATEST LIVE STOCK MARKETS and the General Grain and Produce markets of all the trade centres of the country, and Foreign markets, General News and Select Miscellany.

The great political revolution of 1874 will work an entire change in the political management of the country, and it is highly important that Democratic ideas and Democratic arguments and principles should be spread before the people. This can be done in no better manner than by extending the already large circulation of the Pittsburgh Weekly Post. In the future as in the past, THE POST will be the undeviating advocate of the pure and undefiled principles of Democracy, as handed down to us by the founders of our government and will always be found advocating honesty, economy and reform.

Owing to the recent changes in the United States Postal laws, after the first of January, 1875, all newspaper postage must be paid by the publishers, so that it will be necessary to add the postage to the subscription, to all subscribers residing out of Allegheny county. Those residing in the county are required to pay no postage. Subscribers will see that this does not increase the price of their papers, as they only transmit to us the postage they are compelled to pay their local postmasters.

THE DAILY POST,

Which occupies the position of being the only Democratic Daily Paper in Western Pennsylvania and longest established Democratic Daily in the State, will contain all the latest news and market down to four o'clock a. m. of each morning, and will be furnished to all mail subscribers at $10 per year, postage paid by the proprietors.

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WEEKLY POST.

Single subscription in Allegheny county	$2 00
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" " outside of "	1 70

DAILY POST.

By mail per annum	$16 00
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" three months	4 00

We will make the Markets and Live Stock Reports a special feature in our WEEKLY POST, giving them accurately down to the hour of going to press, and it will prove an invaluable companion to Farmers, Stock Raisers, Stock Dealers and all the industrial classes.

Specimen copies sent to any address free of charge. All orders should be addressed, and remittances in sisters drafts, post office orders or by express, made to JAS. P. BARR & CO.,

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Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The ever-increasing circulation of this excellent monthly proves its continued adaptation to popular desires and needs. Indeed, when we think into how many homes it penetrates every month, we must consider it as one of the educators as well entertainers of the public mind, for its vast popularity has been won by no appeal to stupid prejudices or depraved tastes.—*Boston Globe.*

The character which this Magazine possesses for variety, enterprise, artistic wealth and literary culture that has kept pace with, if it has led times, should cause its conductors to regard it with justifiable complacency. It also entitles them to a great share upon the public gratitude. The Magazine has done good and not evil all the days of its life.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

TERMS:

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Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A complete set of HARPER'S MAGAZINE, now comprising 49 volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

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"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

Notices of the Press.

The *Bazar* is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—*Boston Traveler.*

The *Bazar* commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to *patternmakers* by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the *Bazar* is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the lasting enjoyment it affords.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

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An extra copy of either the Magazine, Weekly, or Bazar will be supplied gratis for every club of five subscribers at $3 00 each, in one remittance; or six copies for $20 00, without extra copy; postage free.

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Nov 19, 3t

Wanamaker and Brown's Advertisement.

WANAMAKER AND BROWN'S

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Buying at First Hands whole Cargoes of Goods at one time—
Watching the Market, and using Cash when it is Cash—
Manufacturing systematically and with a Business Experience of Fourteen Years—
Basing our Selling Prices upon Money paid Down at Once, and thus save ourselves from losses and delays usual to credit business—
Marking Proper Names and Quality of goods on Tickets, and in Plain Figures, so that CHILDREN may Buy as Safely as GROWN PEOPLE—
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ONE PRICE. CASH RETURNED. CASH PAYMENT. FULL GUARANTEE.

Combining all these merits, we place our Business on the most SOLID FOUNDATIONS, and invite the confidence and support of the people of Philadelphia, as well as strangers and others now visiting the city.

Remember the Four Cardinal Points:

ONE PRICE!
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With the Largest, Most Stylish, Best Made, and Cheapest Stock of MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING, we invite you all to call on us.

OAK HALL

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA.

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PHILADELPHIA.

WANAMAKER and BROWN. WANAMAKER and BROWN.

New Advertisements.

PARDON NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, to all persons whom it may concern, that an application has been made to the Board of Pardons for the pardon of James B. Tolls, now confined in the Western