THE
"CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN,"
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
GOODLANDER & HAGERTY,
CLEARFIELD, PA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1827.

The largest Circulation of any Newspaper in North Central Pennsylvania.

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GEORGE R. GOODLANDER,
GEORGE HAGERTY,
Publishers.

CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN.

GOODLANDER & HAGERTY, Publishers. PRINCIPLES, NOT MEN. TERMS—$2 per annum in Advance.

VOL. 48—WHOLE NO. 2382. CLEARFIELD, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1874. NEW SERIES—VOL. 15, NO. 32.

Cards.

FRANK FIELDING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clearfield, Pa.
Will attend to all business entrusted to him promptly and faithfully. nov1273

WILLIAM A. WALLACE. DAVID L. KREBS.
HARRY F. WALLACE. JOHN W. WHITLEY.
WALLACE & KREBS,
(Successors to Wallace & Fielding.)
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
11-1273 Clearfield, Pa.

S. V. WILSON, M. D. H. S. VAN VALZAH, M. D.
DRS. WILSON & VAN VALZAH,
Clearfield, Pa.
Office in residence of Dr. Wilson.
Office Hours: From 12 to 2 p. m. Dr. Van Valzah can be found at night in his rooms, next door to Hartwick & Irwin's Drug Store, up stairs. nov2073

DR. JEFFERSON LITZ,
WOODLAND, PA.
Will promptly attend all calls in the line of his profession. nov.19-73

JOSEPH B. M'ENALLY. DANIEL W. M'CURDY.
McENALLY & McCURDY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Clearfield, Pa.
Legal business attended to promptly with fidelity. Office on Second street, above the First National Bank. jan:1'74

G. R. BARRETT,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
CLEARFIELD, PA.
Having resigned his Judgeship, has resumed the practice of the law in his old office at Clearfield, Pa. Will attend the courts of Jefferson and Elk counties when specially retained in connection with resident counsel. 2:14:72

WM. M. McCULLOUGH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Clearfield, Pa.
Office in Court House, (Sheriff's Office). Legal business promptly attended to. Real estate bought and sold. jo1173

J. W. BANTZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clearfield, Pa.
Office in Pie's Opera House, Room No. 4. All legal business entrusted to his care promptly attended to. 2jy74

T. H. MURRAY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.
Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care in Clearfield and adjoining counties. Office on Market st., opposite Naugle's Jewelry Store, Clearfield, Pa. jo1473

A. W. WALTERS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Clearfield, Pa.
Office in Graham's Row. [dec7-1y

H. W. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
n11:1'73 Clearfield, Pa.

WALTER BARRETT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on Second St., Clearfield, Pa. [nov21,68

ISRAEL TEST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Clearfield, Pa.
Office in Pie's Opera House. [jy11,'67

JOHN H. FULFORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Clearfield, Pa.
Office in Pie's Opera House, Room No. 3. Jan. 3, 1871.

JOHN L. CUTTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
And Real Estate Agent, Clearfield, Pa.
Office on Third street, bet. Cherry & Walnut.
Respectfully offers his services in selling and buying lands in Clearfield and adjoining counties; and with an experience of over twenty years as a surveyor, flatters himself that he can render satisfaction. [Feb. 28,'73:tf.

FREDERICK O'LEARY BUCK,
SCRIVENER & CONVEYANCER,
General Life and Fire Ins. Agent.
Deeds of Conveyance, Articles of Agreement and all legal papers promptly and neatly executed. Office in Pie's Opera House, Room No. 4. Clearfield, Pa., April 29, 1874.

J. BLAKE WALTERS,
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
AND DEALER IN
Saw Logs and Lumber,
CLEARFIELD, PA.
Office in Graham's Row. 1:23:71

J. J. LINGLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
n18 Osceola, Clearfield Co., Pa. ypd

ROBERT WALLACE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wallaceton, Clearfield County, Penn'a.
All legal business promptly attended to.

CYRUS GORDON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Market street, (north side) Clearfield, Pa.
All legal business promptly attended to Jan. 29, '73.

DR. T. J. BOYER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office on Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.
Office hours: 8 to 12 a. m., and 1 to 8 p. m.

DR. E. M. SCHEURER,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN,
Office in residence on Market st.
April 24, 1872. Clearfield, Pa.

DR. W. A. MEANS,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
LUTHERSBURG, PA.
Will attend professional calls promptly. aug1970

J. S. BARNHART,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Will practice in Clearfield and all of the Courts of the 25th Judicial district. Real estate business and collection of claims made specialties. n1'71

JAMES CLEARY,
BARBER & HAIR DRESSER,
SECOND STREET,
[22] CLEARFIELD, PA. [1y

A. FLECK. J. M. HILLS.
T. A. FLECK & CO.,
Agents in Clearfield county for the sale of
E. BUTTERICK & CO.'S
Fashionable Patterns of Garments,
ALL STYLES AND SIZES.
Market Street Clearfld, Pa.

T. M. ROBINSON,
Manufacturer and dealer in
Harness, Saddles and Bridles,
Collars, Whips, Brushes, Fly Nets, Trimmings, Horse Blankets, &c.
Vacuum, Frank Miller's and Neatsfoot Oils.
Agent for Bailey and Wilson's Buggies.
Orders and repairing promptly attended to. Shop on Market street, Clearfield, Pa., in room formerly occupied by Jas. Alexander. [3:4'74

JAMES E. WATSON & CO.,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.
Houses and Offices to let. Collections promptly made, and first-class Coal and Fire-Clay Lands and Town property for sale. Office in Western Hotel Building (2d floor), Second St. [my13'74y

Cards.

A. G. KRAMER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Real Estate and Collection Agent,
CLEARFIELD, PA.,
Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to his care.
Office in Pie's Opera House, second floor. april 1-6m*

John H. Orvis. C. T. Alexander. C. M. Bowers
ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Bellefonte, Pa. [jan29,'67-y

J. H. KLINE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
HAVING located at Penfield, Pa., offers his professional services to the people of that place and surrounding country. All calls promptly attended to. oct 15 '71.

GEORGE C. KIRK,
Justice of the Peace, Surveyor and Conveyancer,
Luthersburg, Pa.
All business intrusted to him will be promptly attended to. Persons wishing to employ a Surveyor will do well to give him a call, as he flatters himself that he can render satisfaction. Deeds of conveyance, articles of agreement, and all legal papers, promptly and neatly executed. 9:20nov74

JOHN D. THOMPSON,
Justice of the Peace and Scrivener,
Curwensville, Pa.
Collections made and money promptly paid over. [ob27'71tf

GEO. ALBERT.....HENRY ALBERT.....W. ALBERT
W. ALBERT & BROS.,
Manufacturers & extensive Dealers in
Sawed Lumber, Square Timber, &c.,
WOODLAND, PENN'A.
Orders solicited. Bills filled on short notice and reasonable terms.
Address Woodland P. O., Clearfield Co., Pa. W. ALBERT & BROS.

FRANCIS COUTRIET,
MERCHANT,
Frenchville, Clearfield County, Pa.
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, and everything usually kept in a retail store, which will be sold, for cash, as cheap as elsewhere in the county. Frenchville, June 27, 1867-1y.

THOMAS H. FORCEE,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
GRAHAMTON, Pa.
Also, extensive manufacturer and dealer in Square Timber and Sawed Lumber of all kinds.
Orders solicited and all bills promptly filled. [ap1'72

CHARLES SCHAFER,
LAGER BEER BREWER,
Clearfield, Pa.
HAVING rented Mr. Entres' Brewery he hopes by strict attention to business and the manufacture of a superior article of BEER to receive the patronage of all the old and many new customers. [v12aug73

J. K. BOTTORF'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.
CROMOS MADE A SPECIALTY.
NEGATIVES made in cloudy as well as in clear weather. Constantly on hand a good assortment of FRAMES, STEREOSCOPES and STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS. Frames, from any style of moulding, made to order. apr28-tf

REUBEN HACKMAN,
House and Sign Painter and Paper Hanger,
Clearfield, Penn'a.
Will execute jobs in his line promptly and in a workmanlike manner. apr4,67

G. H. HALL,
PRACTICAL PUMP MAKER,
NEAR CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.
Pumps always on hand and made to order on short notice. Pipes bored on reasonable terms. All work warranted to render satisfaction, and delivered if desired. my23:1ypd

E. A. BIGLER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
SQUARE TIMBER,
and manufacturers of
ALL KINDS OF SAWED LUMBER,
8-1872 CLEARFIELD, PENN'A.

JAS. B. GRAHAM,
dealer in
Real Estate, Square Timber, Boards,
SHINGLES, LATH, & PICKETS,
9:1873 Clearfield, Pa.

JAMES MITCHELL,
DEALER IN
Square Timber & Timber Lands,
je1173 CLEARFIELD, PA.

DR. J. P. BURCHFIELD,
Late Surgeon of the 53d Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, having returned from the Army, offers his professional services to the citizens of Clearfield county.
Professional calls promptly attended to. Office on Second street, formerly occupied by Dr. Woods. [apr4,'66-tf

H. F. NAUGLE,
WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,
and dealer in
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, &c.,
je19'72 CLEARFIELD, PA.

S. I. SNYDER,
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER
AND DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
Graham's Row, Market Street,
CLEARFIELD, PA.
All kinds of repairing in my line promptly attended to. April 23, 1873.

REMOVAL.
REIZENSTEIN & BERLINER,
wholesale dealers in
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Have removed to 187 Church street, between Franklin and White sts., New York. [jy15'72

Miss E. A. P. Rynder,
AGENT FOR
Chickering's, Steinway's and Emerson's Pianos; Smith's, Mason & Hamlin's and Peloubet's Organs and Melodeons, and Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines.
ALSO TEACHER OF
Piano, Guitar, Organ, Harmony and Vocal Music. No pupil taken for less than half a term.
Rooms opposit Gulich's Furniture Store. Clearfield, May 5, 1869-tf.

J. HOLLOWBUSH. E. DAVIS CAREY
HOLLOWBUSH & CAREY,
BOOKSELLERS,
Blank Book Manufacturers,
AND STATIONERS,
218 Market St., Philadelphia.
Paper Flour Sacks and Bags, Foolscap, Letter, Note, Wrapping, Curtain and Wall Papers. feb24,73-1ypd

H. F. BIGLER & CO.
have for sale
CARRIAGE & WAGON WOODS,
SHAFTS AND POLES,
HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, &c.
Carriage and Wagon Makers should make a note of this and call and examine them. They will be sold at fair prices. may22-72

STONE'S SAW GUMMERS AND SAW UPSETS.
We have received the agency for the above and will sell them at manufacturer's prices. Call and examine them. They are the best.
je19-72 H. F. BIGLER & CO.

DAY DREAMS.

BY E. D. RICE.

The sunlight lies upon the yellow sand,
The far sea glitters, and the islands loom;
Here with the past I, loitering on the strand,
Leave the dull present with my narrow room.

Here with the past, that shined so far and sweet—
The one thing age and pain cannot destroy;
And, as the waves come rippling to my feet,
I seem, like them, unchanged and full of joy.

I dreamed that, as of old, at earliest morn
I have been watching for a sail I know;
And when it came not I have turned forlorn
To hope and fear, and feel the hours too slow.

And when it came—ah! then, at least, the joy
That overpowered the waiting and distress!
Not even future partings could alloy
The certainty of present happiness.

And he—my sailor—quite enough for him
To watch me singing some old nursery rhyme,
At bunchbill work; or when then the day grew dim,
To hold me close, as in the olden time.

The long sweet days, the tales of foreign lands,
The strange faint odors of the gifts he brought,
And all the times that love understands
And fires upon are present to my thought.

Were we too happy? Nay, that cannot be,
I know God loves to see his children blest.
Besides, the past is mine eternally,
And once, at least, earth gave me of her best.

So the swift years went by; and God was good,
While neighbor wives lamented, I was sad
For others' sorrows only; now I would
I had been tenderer of the griefs they had.

No whirlwinds vexed the ship; no venture failed;
Safely it went and came. Could I believe
(For habit breeds assurance,) while they wailed,
Those stricken women, that I should grieve?

Let me remember how, one night in June,
I watched my love outgoing, till the mist
Came up and hid the ship, and hid the moon,
And chilled the fingers that his lips had kissed.

And then the mists of sorrow wrapped my life.
No more he came, no more will come to me.
Somewhere he rests in peace beyond the strife
Of raging tempests and the angry sea.

The slow years pass; and as I used to wait
For him to come to me from some far shore,
So now I wait for Death, who, soon or late,
Shall take me to my love forevermore.

The slow years pass, and earth is growing dim;
One certainly remains—half understood,
But shining clearer as I go to him,
Out of my lonely life—that God is good.

The sunlight dies from off the yellow sand,
The wind is rising, and the breakers foam;
Yet one night more I turn me from the strand,
To wait in patience till the morning come.

NATIONAL CONVENTION OF LUMBERMEN.

FIRST DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

WILLIAMSPORT, PENN., June 23, 1874.

Delegates to the "National Convention of Lumbermen" met in the rooms of the West Branch Lumberman's Exchange, Williamsport, Pa., at 3 o'clock, p. m. Mr. Edgar Munson of Williamsport called the meeting to order, made a few pertinent remarks, and closed by nominating Hon. Ezra Rust of East Saginaw, Mich., as temporary chairman. This nomination was confirmed. Mr. Rust on taking the chair made a short address as to the purposes and object of the meeting.

On motion of R. M. Forsman of Williamsport, Col. H. H. Colquitt of Savannah, Ga., was appointed temporary Secretary, and, on motion of E. Canfield, of Williamsport, James R. Smith of Buffalo, N. Y., was appointed as an additional temporary Secretary.

On motion of J. Henry Symonds of *The Lumber Trade*, Boston, Mass., it was voted that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to nominate the permanent officers of the Convention and the following gentlemen were appointed: J. Henry Symonds of Massachusetts, J. G. Thorp of Wisconsin, H. Savidge of Michigan, H. C. Patterson of Philadelphia, Pa., and Henry White of Williamsport, Pa.

On motion of D. M. Peck of Williamsport, Pa., it was voted that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to prepare business for the Convention, and the following gentlemen were appointed: D. M. Peck of Pennsylvania, W. H. H. Bartram of Michigan, W. H. Gleason of Florida, C. F. Marston of Connecticut, and L. D. Wetmore of Warren, Pa. On motion of D. M. Peck, J. Henry Symonds was added to this committee. The Convention then adjourned, to meet at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The convention met, pursuant to adjournment, and was called to order by the temporary chairman, Hon. Ezra Rust. The records of the previous meeting were read, and with some changes, approved. The Committee on the nomination of permanent officers for the convention reported as follows:

For President, Hon. L. D. Wetmore, of Warren, Pa.

Vice Presidents, Hon. J. G. Thorp, of Eau Claire, Wis., Hon. Ezra Rust, of Saginaw, Mich.

Recording Secretaries, J. R. Smith, Buffalo, N. Y., H. H. Colquitt, Savannah, Ga.

Corresponding Secretary, J. Henry Symonds, Boston, Mass.

The report was accepted and the gentlemen nominated were unanimously elected.

Judge L. D. Wetmore then took the chair and made an able and comprehensive address.

Hon. W. H. Armstrong then made an address of welcome in behalf of the Williamsport Lumbermen.

The Committee on the order of business for the Convention presented their report. The report was accepted.—W. H. H. Bartram of Michigan, a member of the committee, by consent, made some remarks in explanation of the action of the Committee. On motion of Mr. Drew of Vermont, it was voted that the report of the committee be taken up *seriatim*. The Secretary read the first item of the report, recommending that a National Association of Lumbermen be formed. Various names were suggested for the organization. Mr. Colquitt proposed, as an amendment, "The National and Timber Association." Mr. Munson of Williamsport advocated the name proposed by the committee. Mr. Colquitt withdrew his amendment. Mr. Drew of Vermont offered, as an amendment, "The Association of Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Lumber and Timber." This amendment was lost. Mr. Judson of Michigan offered as an amendment "The National Lumberman's Association." This amendment also was lost. On motion, the first clause of the report, was adopted, as follows:

Your committee would respectfully recommend that a National Association of Lumbermen be now formed, and that a committee of five be appointed on Articles of Association.

It was voted that the committee be appointed by the chair. The committee was subsequently announced as follows:—W. H. Armstrong of Pennsylvania, Chairman; H. Savidge, Michigan; J. G. Thorp, Wisconsin; J. T. Drew, Vermont; W. H. Gleason, Fla.

The second recommendation of the Committee, that this convention enter its protest against the proposed treaty of reciprocity with Canada, was read. This recommendation pending, the following resolution was presented by Hon. W. H. Armstrong of Penn.

Resolved, That, in the judgment of this Convention, the proposed treaty of reciprocity with Canada would be injurious to the industrial interests of the whole country, and should not be ratified; that its effect upon the business which we especially represent would be most disastrous, and would compel a large reduction in wages, in order to compete with the cheaper labor of Canada, or the suspension of business in many sections of the country where it is now extensively carried on.

This resolution elicited a very earnest discussion in which Messrs. Armstrong of Pennsylvania, Rust of Michigan, Drew of Vermont, Johnson of Maryland, Colquitt of Georgia, Bartram of Michigan, Blanchard of Pennsylvania, and Gleason of Florida participated. Mr. Drew offered the following resolution as a substitute:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to take into consideration the question of the Reciprocity Treaty with the Dominion of Canada, and report their conclusions to the President of the National Association of Lumbermen, who shall instruct the Secretary to send a copy to each member of the Association, who shall be requested to give opinions on the same, and that the same be then forwarded to the Committee on Foreign Relations in Congress, before the first of November next.

On motion, the previous question was ordered. The question being on the adoption of the resolution of Mr. Armstrong, the said resolution was adopted.

On motion of E. M. Blanchard of Pennsylvania, it was voted that the other recommendations of the committee be referred to a committee of five, to be appointed by the chair. The committee was appointed as follows:

D. M. Peck of Pennsylvania, J. R. Smith of New York, H. C. Patterson of Pennsylvania, Ezra Rust of Michigan, and C. T. Marston of Connecticut. This committee and the committee on articles of Association were instructed to report to-morrow.

THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The convention met pursuant to adjournment, the president, Hon. L. D. Wetmore, in the chair. The records of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Hon. W. H. Armstrong submitted the report of the committee on Articles of Association. Mr. Armstrong stated that the articles, to be submitted, were not for a complete and permanent organization but only to work under until the first meeting of the Association. The report was as follows:

The Committee on Articles of Association beg leave to submit the following report:

1. The name of this Association shall be the National Association of Lumbermen.

2. Until the next meeting of this Association the affairs thereof shall be conducted by a President, Vice President, Secretary and Corresponding Secretary, Treasurer and an Executive Committee of thirteen. The President and Secretary shall be members of said Committee, and five of its members shall constitute a quorum. All the aforementioned officers shall be selected by this Convention, and shall hold office until a regular election under the Association shall take place; and shall perform such duties as ordinarily appertain to their offices respectively.

3. No person shall be eligible to membership of the Association except such as are engaged in the manufacture of lumber or timber of any kind, round, hewn or sawed, or who may be the owner of timber lands; and such persons may become members on the approval of the Executive Committee and the payment of an entrance fee of $10.

4. The Treasurer of this Association shall give a bond, payable to the President thereof, for the safekeeping or honest disbursement of such funds as may come into his possession for the Association, said bond to be satisfactory, in amount and sureties, to the Executive Committee.

5. All disbursements by the Treasurer shall be on written orders of the Executive Committee.

6. The election of officers of the Association hereafter, shall be at the annual meetings of the Association, the first of which shall be on the—day of —at——, and the subsequent elections shall be at such time and place as may be appointed at the next preceding annual meeting.

7. The president, if present, shall preside at all meetings of the Association or Executive Committee, and shall have, with the consent of Executive Committee, power to call any and all extra meetings of the Association and order any and all disbursements for expense of the Association.

8. The Executive Committee shall have power to appoint a Corresponding Secretary of the Association in every State of the Union, whose duty it shall be to correspond, upon matters pertaining to the interest of the Association, with the general Corresponding Secretary of the Association, and shall have power to change such appointment at their discretion.

It shall be the duty of the Executive Committee to keep a true record of all their proceedings, and to make annual reports to the Association of such information as may have been procured during the year.

The committee are of the opinion that they will best promote the interests of the Association by postponing, until the next regular annual meeting of this Convention, the foregoing rules and regulations, and recommend that the Executive Committee be required to prepare in detail a perfected plan of organization, to be submitted at the first meeting of the Association, to be held hereafter.

They recommend, also, that the Association be incorporated; but prefer to leave the question of how, when and where, to the Executive Committee.

The report of the committee was accepted. On motion of Mr. Armstrong, the report was taken up *seriatim*. On motion of Mr. Gleason of Florida, it was voted that no person shall speak more than five minutes, or more than once on the same subject.

The first and second articles of the report were unanimously adopted. On the third article, a debate arose in reference to eligibility to membership.—The chairman of the committee stated that the committee had very carefully considered the section, and, after a very full discussion, had come to the conclusion that the paramount interests of the trade, and the success of the association required that the restriction, contemplated in the article, should be made. The committee, and other gentlemen, who spoke in favor of the restriction recommended by the committee, recognized the importance, in order to the satisfactory solution of many matters of the highest interest to the trade, that the large dealers should be identified with the Association, but, at the same time, it was equally important that the door should not be set wide open, so as to admit every small concern, which might enter in such numbers as even to secure a controlling interest. Few if any of the large dealers or representatives of the wholesale trade, which it was desirable to have connected with the organization, would be excluded by this rule, as, almost without exception, they had some interest either in mills or timber lands. Any interest, however small, would bring persons within the limit proposed in this article. The article was then adopted. The remaining articles were adopted.

Mr. Forsman moved that the blank in regard to time of meeting be filled with "the second Tuesday of September." Mr. Blanchard suggested "the second Tuesday in October." Mr. Thorp moved, as an amendment, "the third Tuesday in September." Mr. Forsman accepted the amendment, and the motion as amended, fixing the day on the third Tuesday of September, was adopted.

Mr. Bartram proposed East Saginaw, Michigan, as the place of meeting. Mr. H. White of Pennsylvania proposed Chicago. After some discussion it was voted that the first meeting of the Association be held at East Saginaw, Michigan.

On motion, it was voted that a committee of five be appointed to report nominations for the offices of the Association. The committee was appointed as follows: D. M. Peck, Pennsylvania, H. H. Colquitt, Georgia, J. R. Smith, New York, C. T. Marston, Connecticut, and G. Tinsman of Pennsylvania.

The committee on unfinished topics in the report on Order of Buisness reported the following resolutions.

Resolved. That two committees, five each, one for white pine and one for yellow, from the different manufacturing points, be appointed by the chairman to recommend rules for the uniform inspection, measurement and classification of lumber, to report at the next meeting of this Association.

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed to procure statistics covering the amount of white pine and yellow, and other valuable timber standing in the United States and Canada, and where located; also the production, distribution and consumption of the same, and such other statistical information as would give the most accurate idea obtainable on all matters of interest to the lumber trade, and your committee would suggest that the Corresponding Secretary of the Association be made a member of the committee, this committee to report at the next meeting of the Association.

The committees, ordered in these resolutions, were announced by the chair as follows:—

Committee on Inspection of White Pine: P. B. Merrill, Williamsport, Pa., Chairman; T. M. Avery, Chicago, Ill.; John S. Estabrook, East Saginaw, Mich.; L. G. Mason, Muskegon, Mich.; Thad. C. Pound, Chippewa Falls, Wis.

Committee on Inspection of Yellow Pine: H. H. Colquitt, Savannah, Ga., Chairman; W. H. Hoschrop, Wilmington, N. C.; J. D. Gardner, Pensacola, Fla.; W. Denny, Pascagoula, Miss.; C. S. Langdon, Darien, Ga.

Committee on Statistics: Ezra Rust, Saginaw City, Mich., Chairman; E. W. Durant, Stillwater, Minn.; J. J. Dale, Savannah, Ga.; A. A. Sumner, Albany, N. Y.; Geo. W. Lentz, Williamsport, Pa.; A. C. Calkins, Chicago, Ill.; Chas. J. L. Meyer, Fond du Lac, Wis.

R. M. Forsman, of Williamsport, Pa., offered the following resolution.

Resolved, That this Convention do hereby recommend to all persons engaged in lumber trade the importance of forming local organizations.

The following amendment was offered by W. H. H. Bartram, of Mich.

And that local organizations be requested to communicate to the National Association the basis of their organization, and the names of their officers, so that official communication may be maintained.

The amendment was accepted and the resolution was adopted.

E. M. Blanchard of Pennsylvania offered the following resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to devise means for regulating the supply of lumber in accordance with the demand.

The committee was appointed as follows: G. W. Lentz, Williamsport, Pa.; H. M. Prentiss, Bangor, Me.; S. H. Webster, East Saginaw, Mich.; S. B. Townsend, Ionia, Mich.; A. C. Hopkins, Lock Haven, Pa.

R. M. Forsman offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the convention be hereby tendered to W. A. Baldwin, Esq., General Superintendent of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, for the pleasant excursion which he made for them, to view the Susquehanna Boom and for other courtesies extended, and also, our thanks to Mr. Reinhart, Supertendent of the Catawissa branch of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, for his kind invitation to take an excursion over the Catawissa railroad.

An invitation was received from the lumbermen of Lock Haven to the members of the convention, to visit that place, the train of cars to start at 3:30 P. M.

R. M. Forsman offered the following, resolution which was adopted:

Resolved, That the members of this convention accept the invitation of the lumbermen of Lock Aaven, to visit that city.

W. H. H. Bartram offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee of three from Michigan, consisting of T. W. Palmer, John S. Estabrook and W. M. Ferry, be appointed to collect statistics showing the result of the so-called Reciprocity Treaty on the lumber trade of Michigan and adjacent states, said committee to raise the funds for defraying the necessary expenses of such work. The information to be collected and presented to the Senators from that State prior to the next session of the Senate, and a copy of the same to be placed on file with the Secretary of the Association, and that a like committee with similar instructions, be appointed from each of the States of Pennsylvania, New York and Wisconsin, and that said committee of twelve be instructed to appear before the committee to whom the treaty is referred, and that they be requested to call to their assistance lumbermen from all parts of the country, to the end that the true interests of the lumber trade may be fully understood by the Senate, before a decision is reached on this question.

This resolution was referred to the Executive Committee.

The Committee on Permanent Organization made the following report:

President—L. D. Wetmore, Warren, Pennsylvania.

Vice President—J. G. Thorp, Eau Claire, Wis.

Recording Secretary—F. E. Embick, Williamsport, Pa.

Corresponding Secretary—J. Henry Symonds, Boston, Mass.

Executive Committee—W. H. Armstrong, Edgar Munson, Williamsport, Pa.; R. K. Hawley, Baltimore; James R. Smith, Buffalo; T. L. Kinsey, Savannah, Ga., Geo. E. Scott, Pensacola, Fla.; C. T. Marston, Hartford, Conn.; H. M. Prentiss, Bangor, Me.; N. B. Bradley, Bay City, Michigan; Thad. C. Pound, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; William Knight, St. Paul, Minn.

The report of the committee was adopted.

Mr. Gleason of Florida, offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention be tendered to the West Branch Lumberman's Exchange, of Williamsport, for the invitation, in response to which the Convention met in this city, and for their very courteous and hospitable reception and entertainment of its members.

On motion of E. Munson of Pennsylvania, it was voted that gentlemen present be requested to record their names as members of the Association, and that the treasurer be authorized to draw on members for the entrance fee.

On motion of H. White of Pennsylvania, a vote of thanks was tendered to the officers of the Convention.

On motion of W. H. H. Bartram of Michigan, it was ordered that the proceedings of this Convention be published in pamphlet form, and distributed among the lumbermen of the United States.

The Convention then adjourned *sine die*.

L. D. WETMORE, Chairman
JAS. R. SMITH, } Sec's
H. H. COLQUITT, }

SAWING A "SARATOGA."

The Virginia City *Enterprise* says: Hank Monk, the stage-driver who gave Horace Greeley his memorable mountain ride, in common with all his tribe, hates the sight of those ponderous specimens of architecture in the trunk line known as the "Saratoga bandbox." He likes a "Saratoga" about as well as a cat likes hot soup. He now drives on the stage line between Carson City and Lake Tahoe. He was driving on the same line last summer. A Virginia lady who was stopping at the Glenbrook House had a "Saratoga" at Carson which she wished brought up to the Lake. It was about as long and wide as a first-class spring mattress, and seven or eight feet high. The lady had managed to get it as far as Carson by rail, but the trouble was to get it up in the mountains. Hank had promised two or three times to bring it up "next trip," but always arrived without it. At last Hank drove up one evening, and as usual, the lady came out upon the varandah to ask if he had brought her trunk. Like the great, good man, George Washington, Hank cannot tell a lie, and so he said: "No, ma'am, I haven't brought it, but I think some of it will be up in the next stage."

"Some of it," cried the lady.

"Yes; maybe half of it, or such a matter."

"Half of it!" groaned the horrified owner of the "Saratoga."

"Yes; half to-morrow, and the rest next day or the day after."

"Why, how in the name of common sense can they bring half of it?"

"Well, when I left they were sawing it in two, and"—

"Sawing it in two! Sawing *my* trunk in two?"

"That was what I said," coolly answered Hank. "Two men, with a big cross-cut saw, were working down through it—about in the middle, I think."

"Sawing my trunk in two?—and all my best clothes in it! Sawing it in the middle? God help the man that saws my trunk!" And, in a towering passion, she rushed indoors, threatening the hotel, the stage-line, the railroad company, the town of Carson, and the State of Nevada with suits for damages. It was in vain that she was assured that there was no truth in the story of the sawing—that Monk was a great joker. She could not be made believe but that her trunk had been sawed in two until it arrived intact, and she had examined its contents most thoroughly.

Hank's "Saratoga" joke is still remembered and told at the Glenbrook House, but the ladies see no fun in the yarn.

THE HOTEL OF THE FUTURE.

The following is the translation of an article in a Berlin paper which will convey an idea of the German estimates of the coming American hotel: "The latest American progress in building will be the "mammoth hotel," soon to be erected in Chicago. The enormous hotel is to have a frontage of three English miles long, and a depth of six miles; the height of seventy-seven stories, will measure 3,480 feet from the ground floor to the roof. The hotel will have no stairs, but five hundred balloons will always be ready to take visitors up to their rooms. No room waiters are to be employed, but visitors will be served by a newly patented automatic, to be put in every room, who will do all shaving, shampooing etc., to the guests by a very simple and ingenious mechanism. Supposing the guests requires hot water, the automatic will be able to call down stairs: "A bucket of water up to room number one million three thousand one hundred, and the water will be up in seven seconds by a patented elevator. Half an hour before table d'hote, instead of ringing of bells, a gun (twenty-four pounder) will be fired on each floor to call the guests to get ready for their meals. The tables in the dining rooms will be measured four miles each, attendance to be performed by twelve men on horseback on each side of the table. Music during table d'hote will be played—gratis—by eight bands of seventy-seven men each. For the convenience of visitors a railway will be built on each floor as well as telegraph offices. The price of one bed room will be from one dollar to ten dollars. The cost of the building is estimated to be about $680,000,000. The billard room will contain nine hundred American, ninety-nine French and one English table, and, the most of the visitors expected to be Americans, the billard room will be fitted out with a spittoon of one hundred feet in circumference."

"Do you understand the English language?" said a McLean county man the other day, addressing a lightning-rod agent. "I do," replied the agent. "Then I'll be —— if I want any of your rods." The lightning man, somewhat electrified, drove on.

The tongue is the worst part of a bad servant.

THE FORMATION OF COAL.

Coal, then, according to the modern hypothesis, is merely a transmuted vegetable soil which accumulated, not under water, but under the trees composing primæval forests. These forests stood on areas which were subjected to repeated changes of level in relation to that of the ocean. It must be understood that though the ground beneath us is popularly regarded as the type of everything steady and immovable, this earth of ours is far from deserving the character for stability with which it is thus fondly credited—absolute rest is all but unknown to it. It happens that even at the present day there are certain regions, such as those subject to volcanic disturbances, whose tendencies are always to move upwards, like the more aspiring of our youths, while there are others, such as the coral regions, which are steadily sinking, like those unfortunate youths who have failed in the voyage of life. So it was in the olden time. The coal beds appear to have accumulated on the latter class of areas—areas of depression—geographical regions which had a tendency to sink below the level of the ocean. Mud and silt had collected upon such areas until the deposits thus formed reached the surface level of the water; and then came what appears to have been necessary to the growth of the coal-plants, namely, a bed of peculiar gray mud. We do not know why that mud came there, or whence it was derived. That it was very different from the ordinary deposits, the sandstones and shales, which accumulated in the carboniferous ocean, is shown by the physical properties which it still possesses, and which they do not possess—properties which fit it for the purpose to which it is now devoted, of being manufactured into fire-bricks, whence its common name of fire-clay. That this gray mud was the soil preferred by the great majority of the plants constituting the carboniferous forests is as obvious as that the oak wood of Herefordshire and the sunny south will not flourish upon the cold soils of the Lancashire uplands. Minute spores, representing the seeds of the plants which afterward became coal, were floated to this mud by wind and water; and finding there a suitable soil, they germinated, struck root, and soon converted the swampy area into a magnificent forest. As the trees grew they shed successive showers of their microscopic spores, which often fell in such vast quantities as to constitute an important contribution to the accumulating vegetable soil; but a long with them there fell other and more bulky objects, such as might be expected to accumulate under a semi-tropical forest, the dead leaves, broken branches, and prostrated stems, alike contributed a share to the decaying vegetable mass. In the tropical regions of the present day such accumulations become rapidly decomposed, and pass away in gaseous forms; but such does not appear to have been the case in the carboniferous age—at least, not in the same degree. Even in Lancashire, notwithstanding all the influences tending to diminish the bulk of the vegetable mass—such as atmospheric decomposition—chemical changes occurring during the later process of mineralization, and the pressure of super-imposed rocks prolonged throughout all subsequent ages, we have coal-seams six or seven feet in thickness, while they occur in America, as for example in the oolitic coal field on the James river, with the surprising thickness of between thirty and forty feet. Such accumulations of vegetable soil as this thickness of solid coal represents, almost exceed comprehension, and must indicate enormous periods of undisturbed forest life. But at length a change came over the sylvan scene; the land sank—whether suddenly or slowly we have no means of saying. The numbers of dead fishes found on the roofs and upper portions of some coals seem to indicate a sudden rush of pure water over the land, followed by the quick destruction of the fishes, poisoned by the bituminous vegetable mud in which they found themselves entangled. In other cases the roof of clean blue shale, devoid of all appearance of either animal or vegetable remains, and resting immediately upon a defined surface of pure coal, is suggestive of a slower submergence, allowing time for the destruction and obliteration of all traces of growing vegetation upon its surface. The extent and duration of the submerged stage has varied, as also has, in all probability, the kind of water under which it sank. Whether the coal-measures are marine or fresh water desposit is still an open question, and answer to which depends partly upon the nature of certain bivalve shells (Anthracosiæ) found in connection with many of the coals. It is allow