The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1874.

OFFICE REMOVED.

The office of the CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN will hereafter be in Pie's Opera House, on Market street, between Second and Third. The business office will be found to the left of the main entrance, on the second floor, where all our old and new patrons are invited to call. The press and composing rooms are on the third floor.

PRETTY BRETHREN.—The Washington correspondent of the Detroit *Free Press* says: "The two fighting Governors of Arkansas, Messrs. Brooks and Baxter, are members of and pewholders in the same Methodist church in Little Rock. It would be interesting to hear them relate their respective experiences in class-meeting."—Schuyler Colfax and vice President Wilson should remove to Little Rock, at once. These four aces should be kept in one deck.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A reservoir of water, covering 150 acres on Mill river, a branch of the Connecticut river, in Hampshire county, Mass., bursted on the 16th, carrying away two other dams, deluging the villages of Williamsburg, Haydenville, Leeds and Florence, large manufacturing towns, carrying off houses, barns, stores and factories, and causing the loss of hundreds of lives and millions of dollars worth of property. The flood was so precipitate that no one on the banks of the stream was able to escape, except by accident. Water, houses, stores, drift, people and cattle came floating down the stream, twenty feet high, and at the rate of twenty miles an hour. The distress can be more readily imagined than described.

THE TIDE HAS TURNED.—The Legislature of Connecticut has elected Hon. Wm. W. Eaton, a "true blue" Democrat, United States Senator for six years, from the 4th of March next.—Just twenty years ago the last Democrat (Mr. Toucey) was elected to the same position. The Philadelphia *Press*, in alluding to Mr. Eaton, says: "His ability and integrity are unquestioned." That covers the whole groundwork for a statesman. Connecticut was one of the first States to follow the false political gods, and she is the first to return to rid herself of her prodigal adventurers. Twenty years among political swine and feeding on husks has appeased the ambition and satiated the appetite of the majority of her prodigal sons, and they have again sought their father's house.

POOR COMFORT.—The Philadelphia *Press*, in an able article upon the wrongs committed in Louisiana, South Carolina, Arkansas and other Southern States, closes with the following consoling advice to the people of that section. The editor says:

"The sooner the Southern people learn that their good government depends upon themselves, and that the United States will not always play the part of a policeman, the sooner they will refuse to be made the tools of bad men."

Well, who are the "tools," and where do the "bad men" hail from? Are they not the ignorant blacks, a few white scalawags and the roving loyal carpet-baggers from the North, who are despoiling that fair section, and rendering life hazardous and the ownership of property burthensome? Then again, what party is in power, all the officers of which are sworn to guarantee to each State "a Republican form of Government?" Is not the goverment as much at fault as the "tools" and "bad men?" Why not punish these miserable vagabonds, who are disturbing the public peace, like any other criminals, instead of proclaiming, in our innocence, that we have not the power to enforce the law against them? What national humiliation and impotency, at least, are chargeable to us, if we be not guilty of directly aiding the very creatures who commit the highest crimes known to the laws of God and man.

ADJOURNED.—As per arrangement, the Legislature adjourned, *sine die*, on Friday last. The Senate, previous to adjourning, elected George H. Cutler, Radical, of Erie, speaker *ad interim*. The Democrats cast their votes for the veteran editor of the Danville *Intelligencer*, Thomas Chalfant, who of course lacked numbers to put him in position. Yet we have no doubt he has more friends in that body than his successful competitor. An unusual number of gifts and presents were given and taken in the House. The Hall must have looked like a gift enterprise establishment by the time the presents were all gathered up. How disgusting when we know that corruption was the *rule*, and not the *exception*, in that body this winter, although the new Constitution interfered greatly with the business of the ring. Had it not been for this legal innovation, the lower house would have been the most corrupt body that ever sat in that chamber since 1855. The Senate has improved in talent and integrity, but the House reveled in ignorance and corruption. At least sixty of its members should have been started to the penitentiary, instead of allowing them to return to their homes with their ill gotten gains.

JENNIE'S LAST.—Jennie June has a book on married life in press which will interest a good many people. Its title is "For Better or Worse," a book for all women and some men' too.

The Arkansas Imbroglio.

Treason, strategy and plunder seems to be the occupation of the inhabitants of this reconstructed State, which has the misfortune to have two Governors and now the President, too, has taken a hand at helping to govern them.—The following is the card of "the government" in relation to the disgraceful controversy between the Baxter and Brooks factions, who seem to be more fitted for murderers and successful free booters than Governors:

By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, Certain turbulent and disorderly persons, pretending that Elisha Baxter, the present Executive of Arkansas, was not elected, have combined together with force and arms to resist his authority as such Executive and other authorities of said State;

And, Whereas, Said Elisha Baxter has been declared duly elected by the General Assembly of said state, as provided in the Constitution thereof, and has for a long time been exercising the functions of said office, into which he was inducted according to the Constitution and laws of said state, and ought by its citizens to be considered as the lawful Executive thereof;

And, Whereas, It is provided in the Constition of the United States that the United States shall protect every State in the Union on application of the Legislature or Executive, when the Legislature cannot be convened against domestic violence;

And, Whereas, Said Elisha Baxter, under section four, article four, of the Constitution of the United States and laws passed in pursuance thereof, has heretofore made application to me to protect said State, and citizens thereof against domestic violence;

And, Whereas, The General Assembly of said State convened in extra session at the capital thereof on the 11th inst., pursuant to call made by said Elisha Baxter, and both houses thereof have passed joint resolutions, also applying to me to protect the State against domestic violence;

And, Whereas, It is provided in the laws of the United States that in all cases of insurrection in any State or obstruction to the laws thereof, it be lawful for the President of the United States, on application of the Legislature of such State or of the Executive when the Legislature cannot be convened, to employ such part of the land and naval forces as may be judged necessary for the purpose of suppressing such insurrection or causing the law to be duly executed;

And, Whereas, It is required that whenever it may be necessary in the judgment of the President to use the military force for the purpose aforesaid, he shall forthwith, by proclamation, command such insurgents to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective homes within a limited time.

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do hereby make proclamation, and command all turbulent and disorderly persons to disperse and retire peacably to their respective abodes within ten days from this date, and hereafter submit themselves to the lawful authority of said Executive and other constituted authorities of said State; and I invoke the aid and co-operation of all good citizens to uphold the law and preserve the public peace.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. [Seal.]

Done at the city of Washington, the fifteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-eighth.

[Signed.] U. S. GRANT.

By the President:
HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

It is evident from the foregoing that Grant, after much hesitation and dodging, has discovered that Baxter can do more than Brooks toward securing him a third term. Hence he recognizes the former as the legally elected executive and has issued his card commanding the Brooks party to lay down their arms and quit the governing business. Well, it is a disgraceful Radical rumpus, and the honest portion of that misgoverned State are the only parties who deserve any sympathy.

LOYAL ACES.—Gov. Moses, the negro executive of South Carolina, who with other scalawags and carpet-baggers helped to rob the taxpayers of that State out of twenty millions of dollars, has been declared a bankrupt. He has evidently patterned after our own Geo. O. Evans, who "did" our State out of $300,000, and now has taken the benefit of the bankrupt law.

The State Election.

There is to be elected in the State next November, a Lieutenant Governor, a Secretary of Internal Affairs, an Auditor General, and two Judges of the Supreme Court. The Secretary of Internal Affairs is a new office and is in lieu of the Surveyor General. The term of his office will be four years, to commence at the expiration of the term of the aforenamed officer. He is to "exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of Surveyor General," and "his department shall embrace a bureau of industrial statistics," and "such duties relating to corporations, to the charitable institutions, the agricultural, manufacturing, mining, mineral, timber, and other mineral or business interests of the State, as may be prescribed by law."

The term of the Lieutenant Governor is four years, the Auditor General three years, and the Judges of the Supreme Court for twenty-one years. Where there are but two Judges to be elected, as in this case, each voter is allowed to vote for but one only. This secures to each party the election of a Judge this fall.

It will be seen from this that the State campaign is very important, and will call for the efforts of the party and the hearty co-operation of the Democratic masses. To secure this we must have good men. Give us nominees pre-eminently worthy of the high offices they are presented for, and there is the most promising assurance that they will be received with hearty enthusiasm and be elected.

Never was the outlook more auspicious. Tired of the disjointed rule of Radical misgovernment—uniform only in its cohesion to public plunder, and criminal indifference to the material welfare of the Commonwealth—thousands of honest voters stand ready to leave that party and cast their votes for the reputable nominees of the opposition; while the unyielding Democracy of the Commonwealth will march solidly to the polls and do their part toward redeeming the State. Give us good men, and Pennsylvania will wheel into the Democratic line next fall.—*Clinton Democrat.*

The Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will hold its twentieth annual session in the Opera House, Pittsburgh, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thurday, Aug. 12th, 13th and 14th. Excursion tickets will be sold at all the principal railroad stations, and boarding at hotels and private boarding houses will be furnished at from one to four dollars per day. We don't commend the taste of the getters-up of this convention in choosing to meet in the city of Pittsburgh in the middle of the hottest month in the year, but if the teachers of the State are willing to "stand the pressure," we guess we can put up with it, especially as it is "none of our funeral."

A POLITICAL HEAVEN.—The Pittsburgh *Post* remarks: Mississippi is the drawing-room of carpet-bagism, and no passport, save the feet of one's being a carpet-bagger and scoundrel, is necessary to secure admission. It is the Eldorado of the negro, and the Mecca of pillagers and adventurers.

Letter from Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, MAY 18, 1874.

MR. EDITOR:—The patriotic people of the capital city did themselves great credit and honor in the handsome welcome they extended to the society of the army of the Potomac, the three first days of last week. The city was crowded with gallant veterns, heroes of many battles, and almost every prominent General of our late rebellion was here, excepting Gen. Grant, who was invited but but could not come on account of the Arkansas difficulty. Arches were sprung from corner to corner on our principal streets, covered with green, and on them the badges of all the corps represented. The re-unions were largely attended, and able orations and elegant poems were spoken and read at each, many of them master pieces of eloquence. Everybody enjoyed themselves. Veterans who had not seen each other for ten years would meet on the street, and the firm clasp of the hands and the glad light flashing in their eyes showed the closeness of their friendship.

The prominent Generals seemed to enjoy themselves as well as the soldiers of the line, and as the praises of each was announced by some orator, and stories of some incident of bravery, almost forgotten, was told of them, the whole vast throng who listened would drown the voices of the speakers for five to ten minutes. Every one was full of happiness, and I never witnessed such a scene, unless it was our congratulations at our glorious success just at the close of the Gettysburg battle. The dead, too, were not forgotten, and as their gallant names were mentioned by some speakers, tears and sobs were heard in all parts of the audience. It was indeed a happy meeting for those who had perilled their lives on the battlefield, and but few of them will ever forget this pleasant reunion at Harrisburg. The different associations resolved that their organizations should be kept up, and that each year they would re-unite and talk over the perilous times of the rebellion.

But as my duty to you is legislative rather than soldierly, I will to my duty.

The Senate met Monday, May 11th, A large number of House bills were reported favorably from committees. Mr. Cooper offered the following resolution which was adopted:

WHEREAS, By an Act of Congress, approved June 1st, 1872, the Postmaster General was directed, after due advertising, to contract with the lowest bidder for additional monthly mail service to China and Japan, requiring the construction of 4,000 ton iron steamships, in which only American labor and material should be used.

AND WHEREAS, The Pacific Mail Steamship Company were the lowest and accepted bidders, with whom a contract was made by the Government, and which company immediately proceeded to have ship-yards provided and the vessels built in good faith, and each of 4,000 tons burthen in excess of their agreement, investing millions of dollars upon the faith of the contract with the United States Government, and have now nearly ready for service two vessels, larger and faster than any vessels now afloat in the world, and have, meanwhile, performed the desired service in other vessels, the Government sustaining no loss by the unavoidable delay in building the new ships.

AND WHEREAS, The violation of said contract by the Government would tie to abandon the commercial control of the Pacific to the heavily subsidized lines of England and France and seriously cripple, if not break up, the iron ship building in this country, which, though in its infancy, gives employment to thousands of American mechanics and consumes millions of pounds of American coal and iron; therefore,

Resolved, That the Legislature of Pennsylvania is in favor of the fostering in every manner the building of American ships by American mechanics and of American material, and hereby instructs its Senators and requests its members to oppose any cancellation of the contract made by the Postmaster General, for the carrying of the mails to China and Japan, if it be shown that there has been due diligence used in the construction of the required ships.

Mr. Ratan renewed his resolution to recall the centennial bill from the Governor for the purpose of amendment, and stated that his object was to modify the bill so that the appropriation of $1,000,000 would not be made unless Congress should first make an appropriation. Mr. McClure raised the point of order that the bill could not be recalled, too much time having elapsed since it left the two houses. Messrs. Ratan, McClure and Wallace discussed the point of order. The speaker indicated that it was fully competent for the Senate to request the Governor to return the bill. The further consideration of the matter was postponed for a few days.

The following bills passed finally: No. 48, allowing defendants to testify in criminal cases; No. 362, to provide for the registry and countersigning of all notes or bills issued by any bank or banking company incorporated under any general or special law of this Commonwealth; No. 368, authorizing municipal corporations to give security and thereupon proceed with the opening, widening or straightening of streets, lanes or alleys before making compensation for damages; Senate bill, 89, an act to provide for the custody of the insane persons charged with and acquitted, or convicted of crime; Senate bill 52, an act relative to livery stable keepers, providing for the fine and punishment of any bailee or bailees for any damages wilfully done to the property of any livery stable keeper, or for overdriving while in the custody or possession of such bailee or bailees, to whom the same may have been hired, and making the same a misdemanor; Senate bill 75, an act in relation to suits for wages, preventing stay of execution on judgments obtained for one hundred and fifty dollars or less; Senate bill 76, authorizing courts to confirm the title to lands where the conveyances are defective and where the purchase money has been paid. The vote negativing House bill 239, an act to enlarge the jurisdiction of the Justices of the Peace in the several counties of this State, was re-considered and the bill passed finally. Mr. Graham presented the report of the committee of conference on House bill No. 72, an act to provide for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments of the Commonwealth, etc., which was adopted. Mr. McClure presented the report of the same kind of committee on Senate bill 114, providing for a geological survey of the State, which was adopted. The following bill passed finally: Designating the several classes of contested elections in this State and providing for the trial thereof. Mr. Wallace presented the report of the committee of conference on Senate bill No. 691, an act dividing the cities of this State into three classes, regulating the passage of ordinances and defining certain offenses therein, and providing for the incorporation and regulation of cities of the 3d class, which was adopted.

Yours truly E. L. R.

HE KNOWS.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher makes this comprehensive reply to an anxious questioner who is desirous of knowing whether a man can love his second wife as well as the first: "That depends on what sort of a wife the first was and what kind of a life the second leads him."

Grant's Legal Adviser.

The famous landaulet of the Attorney-General has turned out to be the most uncomfortable carriage that a man ever rode in. How much it must have had to do with Mr. Williams's failure to reach the Chief-Justiceship it would perhaps be hard to say; but surely no member of the Cabinet ever had a worse jolting through Congress than Mr. Williams got in that historical vehicle on Saturday. The end of a spirited debate on the subject was the striking out of an appropriation of $2,000 for the stable expenses of the Department of Justice, and as the Attorney-General is left without so much as a box-wagon, unless he chooses to pay for one himself. This is a spasmodic effort of reform which will do no good. Mr. Williams has only adopted an abuse that flourished before his time and in other branches of the public service, and it is not fair that the fault should be visited upon him alone. The various departments ought to be treated alike, and if Secretaries and bureau officers can neither walk nor use public conveyances common to other citizens, a systematic scheme for their relief ought to be devised before the administrative machine comes to a full stop for lack of locomotive power. Perhaps the suggestion of Mr. Nesmith of Oregon is best—let all to mount Cabinet officers on fifty-dollar mules.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Somebody writes to us, and wants us to give the definition of a journalist. We will do so with pleasure. A journalist is a man who spends some of the best days of his life in conferring reputations upon others and getting none himself. Exchanges please copy.—*Boston Globe.*

New Advertisements.

THE CLEARFIELD

FIRE CLAY CO.

CLEARFIELD, PA.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FIRE BRICK,

Furnace Blocks, Gas Retorts,

Stove Linings, Paving Tiles, &c.

Chimney Tops, Window Caps, and Vases.

All kinds of Architectural Adornments.

ORIGINAL DESIGNS IN TERRA COTTA MADE TO ORDER.

With improved machinery, first class material and skilled workmen, we can warrant all our manufactures to be equal to if not superior to any in the market.

Articles of our manufacture can be seen at the Works, near Railroad Depot, or at the Hardware Store of H. F. Bigler & Co.

All orders from a distance, addressed to the General Superintendent, will receive prompt attention.

J. G. HARTSWICK,
JOHN FERGUSON, Gen'l Supt.
of Heathfield, Garnkirk, Scotland,
Supt. Manufacturing Dept. may20'73

BOROUGH STATEMENT.—Ro... of the Auditors of Clearfield Borough for the year 1873.

BOROUGH FUND.

A. W. Lee, Borough Treasurer, in account with the funds of said borough:

DEBTOR.

To amount of duplicate of 1873	$2,376 30
To amount realized from bonds	600 00
To amount realized from hero license	14 00
Due Treasurer to balance	361 43
	$3,353 73

CREDITOR.

By amount due A. W. Lee, Treas. 1872	196 84
By orders of 1871 redeemed	6 25
By " " 1872 "	439 21
By " " 1873 "	2,163 71
By " " 1874 "	46 43
By coupons on $1400 borough bonds redeemed	28 00
By exoneration order	30 28
By 5 per cent. allowed taxpayers to Treasurer on $818.35	30 06
By percent. allowed collector on $1669	83 06
By percent. allowed treasurer, 3 per ct.	50 16
	$3,353 73

LIABILITIES.

To outstanding orders:	
1870, No. 2, Bognion	111 02
1871	2 00
1872	182 60
1873	404 56
1874	175 19
To borough bonds improvement loan	3,500 00
To amount due treas. at settlement	367 43
	$4,767 73

ASSETS.

By accounts due from citizens	168 45
Excess of liabilities	4,599 33
	$4,767 73

POOR FUND.

A. W. Lee, Treasurer of Clearfield borough, in account with the Poor Fund of said borough for 1873:

DEBTOR.

To amount from J. B. Graham, overseer for 1873	235 43
To amount from duplicate for 1873	999 46
	$1,234 89

CREDITOR.

By orders redeemed	452 55
By exoneration order	13 07
By percentage allowed taxpayer who paid treasurer, $115 35 at 5 per cent.	12 17
By percentage allowed collector Radebaugh on $666.12 at 5 per cent.	13 30
By treasurer's percentage at 3 per ct.	17 04
Balance in treasurer's hands	695 76
	$1,234 89

SCHOOL FUND.

A. W. Lee, Treasurer of Clearfield borough, in account with the School Fund of said borough for 1873:

DEBTOR.

To amt from I. Johnston, treas. 1872	$267 16
To amt from Wm. Radebaugh, col.	2,124 46
To amt of State appropriation	246 00
To amt of county appropriation	99 00
	$2,737 62

CREDITOR.

By school orders redeemed	$2,497 00
By treasurer's percentage at 3 per ct.	81 93
Balance in treasurer's hands	258 69
	$2,737 62

We, the undersigned Auditors, having examined the accounts of A. W. Lee, Esq., Treasurer of the borough of Clearfield, certify that we find them correct as above stated.

To the Burgess and Town Council of Clearfield Borough:

We, the Auditors of Clearfield Borough, would respectfully refer your attention to the accounts due by citizens to the Borough, and recommend the immediate collection of the same.

G. L. RHEID,
R. McPHERSON,
GEO. HAGERTY,
May 20, 1874. Auditors.

PUBLIC SALE.

There will be exposed to public sale at the late residence of Jacob Willhelm, deceased, in Graham township, Clearfield county, Pa., on Saturday, the 13th day of June, 1874, the following property, to wit: One horse, one cow, three head of young cattle, two hogs, sixteen sheep, one buggy, one set of harness, one bob sled, one cider mill (Rickoh's), two set of whole, two tables, one stand, cook stove, parlor stove, bureau, clock, bedsteads and bedding, dishes, carpet, crocks, cans, jars, &c., with a lot of household and kitchen furniture not necessary to mention.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, a. m., on said day, when terms will be made known by
my20-3t W. H. WILLHELM, Adm'r.

New Advertisements.

New Saddle and Harness

MANUFACTORY,

CLEARFIELD, PA.

THE undersigned, having leased rooms for the manufacture of all kinds of SADDLES, HARNESS, and all the latest improvements in Horse Furnishing Goods, are now prepared to fill all orders at prices and quality that will surprise all who favor us with a call for the inspection of our work. We are determined to please and our experience and observation in eastern and western cities enables us to DEFY COMPETITION in the manufacture of Gold, Silver, Oreide, Rubber Covered and Gilt-Lined Mounted

CARRIAGE AND BUGGY HARNESS!

Also Fine

RIDING AND RACING SADDLES.

Our rents and expenses being light, we shall sell the same grades of work 20 per cent. cheaper than they can be bought in the eastern cities.

Repairing and adjusting Saddles, Harness, &c., neatly done, at reasonable prices.

Particular attention paid to all orders by mail or otherwise.

Call and see our work before buying elsewhere. Rooms in Irwin's Store, next door to Keystone Store. CRAIN & MITTON.

Clearfield, Pa., May 13, 1874.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS of Lawrence township for 1873:

ROAD FUND.

Supervisors of Lawrence Township in account with the Road Fund for 1873:

DEBTOR.

To amount of tax, as per duplicate	$3,346 49
To amount of orders drawn to Supervisors on District Treasurer	179 00
To amount due Supervisors	369 63
Total	$3,896 03

CREDIT.

By amount of work done on roads	$2,183 28
By amount of exonerations	49 65
By amount of Supervisor's wages	604 50
By amount of plank	10 10
By amount paid on T. Lanish order	22 50
By amount of Attorney's fees	6 00
By amount making duplicates	10 10
Total	$3,886 03

POOR FUND.

Overseers of the Poor of Lawrence Township in account with the Poor Fund for 1873:

DEBTOR.

To amount rec'd from Overseers of 1872	$ 220 84
To amount tax assessed for 1873	1,339 80
Total	$1,560 64

CREDIT.

By amount paid for boarding paupers	$ 670 01
By amount paid for clothing paupers	114 72
By amount paid for printing	10 50
By amount paid for medicine and medical attendance	[illegible]
By amount paid Attorney fees	37 25
By amount paid Justice fees	22 50
By amount paid for tobacco	4 75
By amount paid exonerations	4 65
By amount paid Overseers' wages	32 19
By amount paid per centage	83 87
By amount paid Overseers' wages	50 00
By amount paid for making duplicates	5 00
By balance due fund	524 60
Total	$1,560 64

We, the undersigned, Auditors of Lawrence township, having examined the accounts of James Brown, J. R. Parks, J. G. Kline and Nathaniel Rishel, Supervisors, and M. F. Wallace and W. A. Read, Overseers of the Poor, of said township for 1873, find them as above stated.

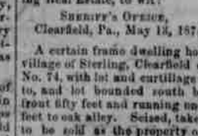
JAMES SPACKMAN,
R. J. CONKLIN,
Attest: A. H. SHAW, Clerk. Auditors.
Lawrence township, May 13, 1874-3t.

GLORIOUS FOURTH!

CLEARFIELD

PARK RACES!

CLEARFIELD, PA.,



July 2d, 3d and 4th, 1874.

Premiums, - $2,500

FIRST DAY—JULY 2d.

PURSE No. 1, $150.—For 3:10 Race. Mile heats, best 3 in 5. $60 to 1st; $40 to 2d; $30 to 3d; $20 to 4th.

PURSE No. 2, $150.—Running race. Best 2 in 3, half mile. $60 to 1st; $40 to 2d; $30 to 3d; $20 to 4th.

PURSE No. 3, $275.—For 2:50 race. Mile heats, best 3 in 5. $125 to 1st; $70 to 2d; $30 to 3d; $20 to 4th.

PURSE No. 9, $150.—Hotel-keepers' purse, for horses that never run in any race. Half mile, best 3 in 5. $60 to 1st; $40 to 2d; $30 to 3d; $20 to 4th.

SECOND DAY—JULY 3d.

PURSE No. 4, $225.—For three minute race. Mile heats, best 3 in 5. $100 to 1st; $60 to 2d; $40 to 3d; $25 to 4th.

PURSE No. 8, $150.—Merchants' purse, for horses that never trotted in any race. $60 to 1st; $40 to 2d; $30 to 3d; 20 to 4th.

PURSE No. 7, $300.—For 2:40 race. Mile heats, $150 to 1st; $80 to 2d; $60 to 3d.

PURSE No. 11, $75.—Foot race. Best 2 in 3, fourth mile. $30 to 1st; $20 to 2d; $15 to 3d; $10 to 4th.

THIRD DAY—JULY 4th.

PURSE No. 10, $300.—For 2:35 race. Mile heats, best 3 in 5. $160 to 1st; $75 to 2d; $50 to 3d; $25 to 4th.

PURSE No. 5, $200.—Running race. Half mile, best 3 in 5. $120 to 1st; $60 to 2d; $40 to 3d; $20 to 4th.

PURSE No. 6, $300.—Free to all trotting horses. Mile heats, best 3 in 5. $200 to 1st; $150 to 2d; $75 to 3d.

National Association and American Jockey Club rules to govern.

Entrance fee 10 per cent., which must accompany all entries.

Any horse distancing the field, or any part of it, shall only be entitled to first premium.

Entries close Saturday, June 27th, at 6 o'clock, P. M. Entries addressed to GEO. E. ROBACKER, Clearfield, Pa.

N. B.—Brookville races June 17th, 18th and 19th, 1874, and the Osceola races the week following Clearfield races.

B. A. BIGLER, Sec'y & Treas'r.
GEO. E. ROBACKER, Presid't.
Clearfield, Pa., May 13, 1874.

KRATZER & LYTLE

Turpentine, Paints, Oils, } WILL SELL YOU { Nails, Glass, Putty,

French, Richards & Co.'s

Buck Lead

AND

Calcined Plaster

VERY CHEAP.

Immense stock on hand.
Clearfield, Pa., April 1, 1874.-3m

TURNPIKE ELECTION.

The Stockholders of the Philipsburg and Susquehanna Turnpike Company will take notice that an election will be held on the 30th of May, 1874, at the house of Eli Bloom, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M., to elect five Managers for said road for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board,
B. HARTSHORN, Pres't.
Curwensville, May 13, 1874-3t.

PINK, WHITE & ROAN LINING SKINS—Just received and for sale by
April 20, 1870. H. F. BIGLER & CO.

New Advertisements.

TO THE CITIZENS OF CLEARFIELD AND VICINITY: I would express my sincere thanks for your kind patronage, so far extended, and would ask for a continuance of the same. A. GUINZBURG.

CHEAP AND ONLY ONE PRICE!

A. GUINZBURG,

One door below the First National Bank, Clearfield, has just received a full supply of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE

SPRING CLOTHING,

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

HATS AND CAPS,

TRUNKS, &C.

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KEYSTONE

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Headquarters for Dry Goods!

Am opening my second large spring and summer stock of Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES,

&c., &c., &c.

The prices will be such as will not be excelled by any other place in the State. Call and see for yourselves.

WM. REED,
mar25 Second street, Clearfield, Pa.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, commencing on the 1st Monday (being the 1st day) of June, A. D. 1874:

Final account of John McDowell and Mary Colgrove, Administrators of Henry Colgrove, dec'd.

Final account of J. F. Steiner and Andrew Gearhart, Executors of John Gearhart, deceased, late of Decatur township.

Distribution account of J. F. Steiner and Andrew Gearhart, Executors of John Gearhart, deceased, late of Decatur township.

Final account of Samuel G. Kunts, Administrator of Jacob Mungold, deceased, late of Brady township.

Final account of James Flynn, Administrator of A. S. Stortevant, deceased, late of Gulich twp.

Final account of A. C. Tate, Administrator of Wm. Lumadue, deceased, late of Boggs township.

Account of Mrs. Emily Wright, Administratrix of A. K. Wright, dec'd, late of Clearfield borough.

Final account of Geo. W. McCully, surviving Executor of John Whiteside, deceased, late of Gulich township.

Final account of James Morgan and David Smeal, Administrators of George Morgan, dec'd, late of Graham township.

Final account of Patrick Daley, Guardian of Martin Myrter.

Final account of Patrick Daley, Guardian of James Myrter.

Also, account of A. C. Tate, Guardian of Margaret Ellie Sloss, minor child of John Sloss, late of John Sloss, deceased, which will be presented at second week of June court.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
Clearfield, Pa., May 8, 1874-3t. } A. W. LEE, Register.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or meddling in any manner with one Wagon, two Cows, one Saw, Logchain, Fanning-mill, Cant-hook, and the Pine, Oak and Hemlock timber now in possession of George Selfridge, as the same belong to me and are left with the said Selfridge subject to my order. JOHN WHALING.
may13-3t*

Hardware, Tinware, Etc.

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G. S. FLEGAL,

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LAMPS, CHANDELIERS, LANTERNS,
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Legal Advertisements.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of writs of *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, on Monday, the 1st day of June, 1874, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

A certain tract of land situate in the borough of Houtsdale, Clearfield county, Pa., known as lot No. 86, bounded on the north by Clara street 150 feet, on the east by Good street 50 feet, on the south by lot No. 58 and on the west by Pine alley. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Christopher Hillery.

Also, two certain lots of land situate in Osceola borough, Clearfield county, Pa., situate on the south side of Lingle street, and known and designated as lots No. 84 and 85 in the general plan of said borough. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Davis.

Also, a certain tract of land situate in Houtsdale borough, Clearfield county, Pa., on the northeast corner of Good and Eliza streets, and fronting on Good street fifty feet and running east one hundred and fifty feet to Spruce alley, and known as lot No. 47 in the general plan of said borough and having a two-story frame dwelling house and other improvements thereon. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of James Lynough.

Also, a certain tract of land situate in Beccaria township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded south by land of Simon McFarland and Dillen, west by land of Samuel Hagerty, north by land of L. D. Weld and east by land of J. B. Dillen, containing eighty-five acres, more or less, having sixty or seventy acres cleared and a large bearing orchard, log house and log barn thereon. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Matthew Cowen.

Also, a certain lot of land situate in Rumbarger, Brady township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded south by lot of John Read, east by township road, north by lot of G. Wolf and west by alley, and having a dwelling house erected thereon. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of J. M. Hoover.

Also, a certain lot of land situate in Decatur township, Clearfield county, Pa., in the village of Chesterville, bounded east by John Hassen, west by lot of Wm. Mays, north by an alley and south by —— street, containing about one-fourth of an acre and having a plank frame dwelling house, frame stable and other outbuildings thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of E. G. Gearhart.

Also, two certain tracts of land situate in the town of Penfield, Clearfield county, Pa., one of said lots fronting 60 feet on Woodward street and being 200 feet deep, bounded east by a street laid out but not opened, north by land of Wm. Philips, west by another lot of said defendant and here after described, and having a good frame dwelling house, stable and smith shop thereon erected. The other lot thereof fronting 60 feet on Woodward street, being 200 feet, bounded on the east by the first described lot of the said defendant, on the north by land of Wm. Philips and west by lot of A. H. Mitton, and having a good frame dwelling house and bearing orchard thereon. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph R. Hilscher.

Also, a certain tract of land situate in Chest township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded on the south-east by lands of Josiah Lumborn, on the north-east by Tobias Westover and on the north and west by —— being part of larger tract in name of Jonathan Westover, and having a small log house and stable with other improvements thereon. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Daniel Selfridge.

Also, a certain tract of land situate in Pike township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded south by land of Adam Smith, west by township road, north by public road and land of L. I. Bloom and east by land of Michael Wise's heirs, containing about two acres and having a large two-story frame house and stable thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Joseph Goon.

TERMS OF SALE.—The price or sum at which the property shall be struck off must be paid at the time of sale, or such other arrangements made as will be approved, otherwise the property will be immediately put up and sold again at the expense and risk of the person to whom it was struck off, and who, in case of deficiency at such re-sale, shall make good the same, and in no instance will the Deed be presented in Court for confirmation unless the money is actually paid to the Sheriff. W. R. McPHERSON,
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, } Sheriff.
Clearfield, Pa., May 13, 1874.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of writs of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, on Monday, the 1st day of June, 1874, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following Real Estate, to wit:

All that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Osceola, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the south by Curtin street, on the east and north by an alley, on the west by lot No. 209 in plan of said borough, and known as lot No. 207, with a two-story plank house and other outbuildings thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Jerry Wagoner.

Also, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to all those three certain tracts or pieces of land situate in the townships of Huston and Brady, in the county of Clearfield and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: The first thereof beginning at an old hemlock corner on line of warrant 4398; thence along that line south 89 degrees east 425 perches to a maple; thence along west line of warrant 3593 south one-half degree west 86 perches to a post; thence along line of warrant 1988 south 89 degrees west 432 3-10 perches to a beech on line of warrant 4399; thence along line of said warrant north three-fourths degree east 214 perches to a blocked hemlock; thence north 2 degrees 25 minutes east 108 perches to hemlock, the place of beginning, containing 1,122 acres, and known as warrant 3592. The second thereof beginning at a beech corner of tract 3592, above described; thence south 89½ degrees east 422 3-10 perches to a post corner of tracts 3592, 3593, 3584 and 1988; thence along line of tract 3581 south three-fourths degree west 172 perches to post corner; thence along line of tract 2069 north 89 degrees west 434 5-10 perches to a post; thence north 1½ degrees east 171 1-10 perches to beech, the place of beginning, containing 464 68-100 acres, and known as warrant 1988. The third th