

THE "CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN," PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY GOODLANDER & HAGERTY, CLEARFIELD, PA. ESTABLISHED IN 1827. The largest Circulation of any Newspaper in North Central Pennsylvania.

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FRANK FIELDING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend to all business entrusted to him promptly and faithfully.

WALLACE & KREBS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Having resigned his judgeship, has resumed the practice of the law in his old office at Clearfield, Pa.

DR. JEFFERSON LITZ, WOODLAND, PA. Will promptly attend all calls in the line of his profession.

McENALLY & McCURDY, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Legal business attended to promptly with fidelity.

G. R. BARRETT, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Having resigned his judgeship, has resumed the practice of the law in his old office at Clearfield, Pa.

WM. M. McCULLOUGH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Court House, Clearfield, Pa.

J. W. BANTZ, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Pie's Opera House, Room No. 4.

T. H. MURRAY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care.

A. W. WALTERS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Graham's Row.

H. W. SMITH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office on Second St., Clearfield, Pa.

WALTER BARRETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office on Second St., Clearfield, Pa.

ISRAEL TEST, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Pie's Opera House.

JOHN H. FULFORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Pie's Opera House, Room No. 5.

JOHN L. CUTLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office on Third Street, Clearfield, Pa.

FREDERICK O'LEARY BOK, SCRIVENER & CONVEYANCER, Clearfield, Pa. General Life and Fire Ins. Agent.

J. BLAKE WALTERS, REAL ESTATE BROKER, Clearfield, Pa. Office in Graham's Row.

Saw Logs and Lumber, CLEARFIELD, PA. Office in Graham's Row.

J. J. LINGLE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office on Second St., Clearfield, Pa.

ROBERT WALLACE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office on Second St., Clearfield, Pa.

CYRUS GORDON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Office on Second St., Clearfield, Pa.

CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN.

GOODLANDER & HAGERTY, Publishers. PRINCIPLES, NOT MEN. TERMS—\$2 per annum in Advance. VOL. 48—WHOLE NO. 2871. CLEARFIELD, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1874. NEW SERIES—VOL. 15, NO. 21.

Cards.
A. G. KRAMER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to his care.

ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend to all business entrusted to him promptly and faithfully.

J. H. KLINE, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Clearfield, Pa. Having located at Clearfield, Pa., offers his professional services to the people of that place and surrounding country.

JOHN D. THOMPSON, Justice of the Peace and Scrivener, Clearfield, Pa. Collections made and money promptly paid over.

W. ALBERT & BROS., Sawed Lumber, Square Timber, &c., WOODLAND, PENN'A. Orders solicited and all bills promptly paid.

FRANCIS COUTRIET, MERCHANT, Clearfield, Pa. Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, and everything usually kept in a retail store.

THOMAS H. FORCE, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, GHAHAMTON, PA. Orders solicited and all bills promptly paid.

CHARLES SCHAFER, LAGER BEER BREWER, Clearfield, Pa. Having rented Mr. Esters' Brewery he hopes by strict attention to business and the manufacture of a superior article of BEER to receive the patronage of all the old and many new customers.

J. K. BOTTORF'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, Market Street, Clearfield, Pa. CHROMOS MADE A SPECIALTY. NEGATIVES made in cloudy as well as in clear weather.

REUBEN HACKMAN, House and Sign Painter and Paper Hanger, Clearfield, Pa. Will execute jobs in his line promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

G. H. HALL, PRACTICAL PUMP MAKER, NEAR CLEARFIELD, PENN'A. Pumps always on hand and made to order on short notice.

A. B. BIGLER & CO., DEALERS IN SQUARE TIMBER, and manufacturers of ALL KINDS OF SAWED LUMBER.

JAS. B. GRAHAM, dealer in Real Estate, Square Timber, Boards, SHINGLES, LATH, & PICKETS.

JAMES MITCHELL, DEALER IN Square Timber & Timber Lands, CLEARFIELD, PA.

ELI HARMAN, PRACTICAL MILLWRIGHT, LUTHERSBURG, PA. Agent for the American Double Turbine Water Wheel and Andrews & Kalkbush Wheel.

DR. J. B. BURCHFIELD, Late Surgeon of the 54th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, having returned from the Army, offers his professional services to the citizens of Clearfield County.

H. F. NAUGLE, WATCH MAKER & JEWELER, and dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, &c., CLEARFIELD, PA.

S. I. SNYDER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Graham's Row, Market Street, CLEARFIELD, PA.

REIZENSTEIN & BERLINER, wholesale dealers in GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, Has removed to 187 Church street, between Franklin and White sts., New York. (1317)

Miss E. A. P. Rynder, AGENT FOR Clearfield, Pa. and vicinity, for the sale of the following: Piano, Guitars, Organs, Harp and Vocal Music. No pupil taken for less than half a term.

JAMES CLEARY, BARBER & HAIR DRESSER, SECOND STREET, CLEARFIELD, PA. Collections made and money promptly paid over.

Miscellaneous.
THE LATEST MOVE!
ED. W. GRAHAM, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, CLEARFIELD, PA. Has just opened, at the old stand, in Graham's Row, a complete stock of NEW GOODS, of every description.

HARTSWICK & IRWIN'S DRUG STORE, Clearfield, Pa. To their new building on Second Street, nearly opposite the store of Weaver & Reitz.

Where they will continue to supply their old and many new customers as may come, with the best of goods.

PURE DRUGS! CHEMICALS! PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS, (Including all new remedies).

Patent Medicines, Paints and Oils, Glass and Putty, School Books, Stationery, Paper, &c. also, a full line of Druggists' Sundries, Hair Tonic, Cosmetics, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Brushes, Toilet Soap, Pocket Books, &c., all of the best quality.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS, for medicinal & sacramental purposes only. Pure White Lead, Colors of all kinds, Raw and Refined Linseed Oil, Varnishes, Turpentine, Coal Oil, Paint & Varnish Brushes, Flavoring Extracts, Confectioneries, Bird-feed, Spice, ground and unground, of all kinds.

SMOKERS AND CHEWERS Will find our stocks of Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Imported and Domestic Cigars, Snuff and Pipe-out to be the very best brands in the market.

LAMPS AND LAMP GLASSES, ALL KINDS OF GLASS WARE GARDEN SEEDS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS and Musical Trimmings of every variety.

Having a long experience in the business, and an extensive and well selected stock of medicines, we are enabled to fill Physicians' prescriptions at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms, day and night.

HARTSWICK & IRWIN, Clearfield, Pa., May 21, 1874.

H. F. BIGLER & CO., DEALERS IN HARDWARE, Also, Manufacturers of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, CLEARFIELD, PA.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS of all kinds for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

RAILROAD WIREBARRROWS for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

OIL, PAINT, PUTTY, GLASS, Nails, etc., for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

HARNESS TRIMMINGS & SHOE Findings, for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

GUNS, PISTOLS SWORD CANES for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

STOVES, OF ALL SORTS AND SIZES, for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

IRON! IRON! IRON! IRON! for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

HORSE SHOES & HORSE SHOE NAILS, for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

PULLEY BLOCKS, ALL SIZES and best Manufacturers, for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

THIMBLE SKINS AND PIPE BOXES, for sale by H. F. BIGLER & CO.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc.
ED. W. GRAHAM, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, CLEARFIELD, PA. Has just opened, at the old stand, in Graham's Row, a complete stock of NEW GOODS, of every description.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING, &c., &c., IN GREAT VARIETY.

FLOUR, MEAT, SALT, RYE, OATS, CORN, ALWAYS ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT A SMALL ADVANCE.

RECEIVED BY THE CAR LOAD, and sold at a small advance. A supply of ROPE constantly on hand.

Special inducements offered to those getting out Square Timber and Logs, as we deal largely in Lumbermen's Supplies, and are prepared at all times to purchase timber and lumber.

ED. W. GRAHAM, Market Street, CLEARFIELD, PA. Oct. 25, 1872.

GROCERIES! The London Garden copies from Palgrave's work on Central and Eastern Arabia, an account of a plant whose seeds produce effects similar to those of laughing gas.

CHOICE LINE OF TEAS, JAPANESE, IMPORTED, YOUNG HYSON, ENGLISH BREAKFAST, Parent in Market.

BUTTER AND EGGS Will be kept and sold at first cost. Cash paid for Country Produce.

GERMAN CHERRIES, TURKEY PRUNES, PRESERVED PEARS, PHILADELPHIA HAMS, PICKLES, Barrel Pickles and English Pickles.

FLOUR AND FEED, Flour, Corn Meal, Oat Meal, &c. 1623-74 LITTLE & MITCHELL.

DANIEL GOODLANDER, LUTHERSBURG, PA., Dealer in DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY & GLOVES, HATS & CAPS, and BOOTS & SHOES.

Tobacco, Groceries and Fish, Nails, Hardware, Queensware and Glassware, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Druggists' Sundries, Oils, School Books, Candles, Nuts & Dried Fruits, Cheese and Crackers, Rock and Rife Powder.

Flour, Grain and Potatoes, Clover and Timothy seed, Sole Leather, Morocco, Linings, Bindings and Three-Quarter Binding, Books and Shoe Findings.

No greater variety of goods at any store in the county. All for sale very low for cash or country produce at the Cheap Corner. Aug. 27, 1873.

The Lightning Tamer. THE undersigned is the sole Agent in this county for the "North American Improved LIGHTNING RODS." These are the only safe rods now in use, and are endorsed by all the scientific men in the country.

We hereby notify the citizens of the county that we will put them up a better rod, and for less money, than is charged by the foreign agents who annually traverse the county and carry off our little cash, never to return.

ENCOURAGE HOME LABOR. These wishing Lightning Rods erected on their buildings need not address us by letter, or call in person. We will put them up anywhere in the county, and warrant them. The Rods and Fixtures can be seen at any time by calling at our store.

H. F. BIGLER & CO., PORTLAND NAIL WORKS, DUNSMITHVILLE, BLAIR CO., PA., NAILS!

The above works being again operated by the undersigned, offer to the trade a full supply of their justly celebrated Nails at the lowest prices. JOHN MULLERMAN, Dunsmuirville, March 15, 1874-3m

READ THIS! House, Sign and Ornamental Painting. The undersigned, having started to swing his own brush, respectfully offers his services to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity as a House, Sign and Ornamental Painter.

THE REPUBLICAN. CLEARFIELD, PA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1874. MOTHER'S WAY.

ON with our little cottage, As the shadows gently fall, While the twilight loveliness Over our faces upon the wall, Do we gather close together, Aglow with tender tones, And each other's full forgiveness, For the wrong that each has done, Should you wonder why this custom, As we sit in the day, Eye and voice would gladly answer, "It is our mother's way!"

If our home be bright and cheery, If I hold a welcome iron, Opening wide the door of greeting, To the many, not the few; If we share our Father's bounty With the needy, day by day, 'Tis because our hearts remember, This was our mother's way.

Sometimes, when our hands grow weary, Or our task seems very long, When our burden looks too heavy, And we gain the right all wrong; Then we seek a new fresh courage, As we rise to do our duty, "Let us do our duty bravely, 'Tis our dear mother's way."

Thus we keep her memory precious, While we never cease to pray, That the angels in heaven's shadows, Mark the evening of life's day, They may find us waiting calmly, To go home our mother's way.

The Laughing Plant. The London Garden copies from Palgrave's work on Central and Eastern Arabia, an account of a plant whose seeds produce effects similar to those of laughing gas.

It is a native of Arabia. A dwarf variety of it is found at Kenna, and another variety at Oman, which attains to a height of from three to four feet, with woody stems, widespread branches, and bright green foliage. Its flowers are produced in clusters, and are of a bright yellow color. The seed pods are soft and woolly in texture, and contain two or three black seeds, of the size and shape of a French bean. Their flavor is a little like that of opium, and taste astringent; the odor from them produces a sickening sensation and is slightly offensive. These seeds contain the essential property of this extraordinary plant, and when pulverized and taken in small doses, operate upon a person in a most peculiar manner. He begins to laugh loudly, boisterously; then he sings, dances, and acts all kind of fantastic capers. Such extravagant gestures and manner was never produced by any other kind of dosing. The effect continues about an hour, and the patient is unconsciously when the excitement ceases, the exhausted exhibitor falls into a deep sleep, which continues for an hour or more; and when he awakens, he is utterly unconscious that any such impropriety has been committed by him. We usually say that there is nothing new under the sun; but this peculiar plant, recently discovered, as it exercises the most extraordinary influence over the human brain, demands from men of science a careful investigation.

A Contented Man. A perfectly contented man was found in California on what is called the Peninsula, near San Diego, by a party of hunters on Sunday morning. He was breaking wood, not chopping, for he had no ax. The man had very few clothes on, and was working beside a smouldering fire. The hunters accosted him, but he paid no attention to them and continued breaking wood with his hands. Toward evening they returned, and found this singular being still diligently at work. One of the party asked him if he would not fare better with an ax, and suggested that he would send him one. The woodman replied: "Axo—what an ax? No, don't want an ax." He was then asked if he got anything for his wood? "Anything, what is anything?" "Money," was mentioned. "Money! what would I do with money?" The party having lunch with them offered him something to eat. He stooped his head. The one proffered the nearly naked man his hunting coat. He again shook his head. As his fire was out some matches were tendered him, but he had no use for matches and would not receive one. In order to rid himself of these charitable importunities he told the party that he had everything he wanted, and he did not desire even conversion or company. They took the hint and walked away. The San Diego people want this happy man looked after. They wish to put him in misery by bringing him into a town, clothing him, stuffing him, and putting an ax in his hands, none of which things he requires, being contented as he is.

Greasing Axles. Many a wheel is ruined by oiling too plentifully. A well made wheel will endure constant wear from ten to twenty years, if care is taken to use the kind and proper amount of oil; but if the matter is not attended to, the wheel will be used up in five or six years, or it may be sooner. Lard should never be used on a wagon, for it will penetrate the hub and work its way around the teams of the spoke and spoil the wheel. Castor oil is a good material for use on an iron axle; just oil enough should be applied to a spindle to give it a light coating. This is better than more, for the surplus put on will work out at the ends, and be bred by the shoulders and nut into the hub around the outside of the boxes. To grease the axle-tree, first wipe the spindles clean with a cloth wet with turpentine, if it won't wipe without it. On a buggy or carriage, wipe and clean off the back and front ends, and then apply a very small quantity of castor oil, or more especially prepared lubricator, near the shoulder's point.

Land Ahead?—The Pittsburgh Post says: "The clerk of the Senate, Russell H. Errett, writing from Harrisburg, says: 'We are blessed, at length, with a sight of land ahead.' That land will be grabbed, you may depend on it."

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How Nutmegs Grow. An old whaler tells in the American Grocer, all about nutmegs. The spice, so much used in every family, is indigenous to the Moluccas, reaching its greatest perfection in Amboyna. This island belongs to the Dutch, who do not permit the cultivation of the nutmeg in the other islands under their control. The nutmeg tree is twenty-five or thirty feet high when fully grown, with foliage of a rich, dark green, and very plentiful. It reaches maturity, or full productiveness, at the fifteenth year from planting. From the blossom to the ripening of the fruit it takes seven months, but as the tree is perennial bearing, there are always blossoms, green fruit and ripe on the tree. The yield is most plentiful in the last four months of the year. The average yield per annum of a healthy tree is 5 lbs. of nutmegs and 1 1/2 lbs. of mace. A plantation of one thousand trees requires the labor of seven coolies, fifty oxen and two plows for cultivation and harvesting. The fruit is gathered by means of a hook attached to a long pole. It is shaped like a pear, about the size of a peach, and has a delicate bloom. The nut has three coverings; the outside one is a thick, fleshy husk, having a strong flavor of nutmeg. This husk is preserved in syrup when young, is a favorite sweetmeat in the East Indies. Under this husk is the bright, red mace, which is carefully fluted by the hands and dried on mats in the sun. It loses its rich scarlet and becomes a dull orange color, and requires to be kept perfectly dry to preserve its flavor. After the mace is removed from the fruit, the nuts, in their brown shells, are placed on hurdles over a slow fire, which is kept constantly burning under them for two months. The nuts then rattle in the shell, which is cracked with a wooden mallet, the sound nuts selected and packed in wooden cases and sprinkled over with dry, sifted lime, and are then ready for market. The nutmegs are dense, emit oil when picked with a pin, and can always be known by their heavy weight. Poor ones are light and easily known.

A Texas Astor. In southwestern Texas there is a cattle raiser who has lived in the country a few years. When he went there he picked up a dozen cows and branded them. He owned no land, but was the possessor of a wife, two or three guns, a few dogs and two or three horses. He kept watch of his cows and lived in a hand-to-mouth way for several years, subsisting his family by the capture of game and sale of skins. In May 1873 he owned thirty thousand head of cattle, duly branded, ranging over the plains. He has a family of nine children, five of whom are boys. His eldest is a girl nineteen years of age. She trots around with bare feet, can rope a steer, kill a wolf with a rifle or strangle a dog at arm's length.

In the man's house is a nail keg nearly filled with gold coin, while in the pantry is a flour barrel almost full of silver pieces. When he sells cattle it is for coin which is dumped on the premises. He will not take paper money at any rate, but is always ready to sell steers for gold or silver.

His boys are all familiar with guns, horses and cattle. In a few years they will have literally cart-loads of money, providing robbers do not make a raid upon them, in which case between man, wife, boys, girls and stock, and shot guns the riders could be apt to get more bullet-holes than bullion.

The house occupied by this prosperous family is low, built of logs and contains three rooms. The father and mother sleep in the dining room, while the girls sleep in the spare room, while the boys sleep in the addition. The girls do not know much about hontion lace or tappers, but they can show a nice lot of colored and skin wool as quick as Ohio women can get up an open-air prayer meeting.

Grant's Luck. The New York Tribune, speaking of fortune's freaks in relation to Grant, says: From the time he came out of the tan-red at Gettysburg, he has never been able to meet a piece of bad luck. He frequently trifled with his good fortune during the war, but never knew how to estrange it. After cessation of hostilities, he continued to suffer the same immunity from the consequences of faults. He could "white-wash" the South and not lose favor with Republicans. He could quarrel with Johnson and support the impeachment, and not count to be an object of desire to the Democrats.

Without the first qualification for high civil position, he had his choice of the nomination to the Presidency. After four years of consistent demonstration of his fitness he was unanimously renominated by his party and re-elected. Nothing he could do had any effect upon the devotion of his adherents. He sustained the harpies who plucked and plundered the commerce of New York, and our merchants and bankers subscribed money enough to buy two or three States for him. He quarreled with Mr. Sumner, grossly injured Mr. Motley, affronted the whole State of Massachusetts by appointing a Collector whom both Senators and most of the Representatives protested against, and yet Massachusetts dared not elect a Senator except by his permission. He treats both Houses of Congress as his supporters in them, and they never object. He has made the worst series of appointments in the Civil Service that the country remembers, and yet Mr. Eaton and Mr. Shellabarger do fervently believe that he is laboring with them, even unto weariness and perspiration, for the reform of a scoundrel which he has degraded past reformation.

In a Census Way. The last census of the U. S. gives some interesting figures, and shows somewhat, at least, the extent to which each supports life upon his peculiar globe. In 1870, there were in the United States 1,996 professional undertakers, of whom twenty were women. The deaths in that time were 256,673, so to the average undertaker there fell 131 cases. Besides undertakers there were 2,365 coffin-makers, who of course depend upon undertakers for sales. These classes together make 5,361 persons who live by the deaths of 256,673 persons. Doctors and dressmakers aside, therefore, under our present method, about sixty deaths avail to keep one person alive for one year, or one dead body is a guaranty for sixty days' sustenance to one person, or one day's support for six persons. Or, to take another view of the case, if each of these bodies were allowed a full-sized grave, the whole would occupy about 302 acres, and each of these dead supports life upon his peculiar globe for two persons for a year, which is a better yield than that of the best wheat field.

Reform at the Table.—Madame Lynton, wife of Fero Yacintha, writes to the New York Herald, on the subject of temperance, offering her counsel and encouragement to the women engaged in the Temperance Crusade. In the course of her letter she says: "The great American malady is the malady of the stomach. Conscientious people become dyspeptics; non-conscientious people become drinkers. Bear in mind this fact, that the appetite for drink is not necessarily made by drinking, but in nine cases out of ten it is created and cultivated at your table—in your children—by the use of coffee, tea, pepper, pickles, mustard, spices, too much salt, hot bread and pastry, raw meat and grease, and, above all, by the use of tobacco. The cry of a depraved appetite, an inflamed stomach, is always for something stronger. The use of raw milk, and salad, prepared with good oil, should be cultivated. In short, reform your tables if you would reform your drunkards and save your sons." No comment.

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