The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH, 4, 1874.

Democratic Meeting.

The Democrats of Clearfield county are hereby notified to assemble in the Court Room, in Clearfield, on Tuesday evening, March 17th, 1874, for the purpose of choosing a Representative delegate to the approaching State convention, and select three conferees to meet those from Cambria, Clinton and Elk, for the purpose of electing a Senatorial delegate.

W. M. McCULLOUGH, Ch'm.

Clearfield, March 4th, 1874.

GOOD FOR HIM.—The editor of the Norristown *Herald* has lost his wheelbarrow, and is advertising for its return. Well, it's good for him. He had no business to own a wheelbarrow.

MOVING EASTWARD.—The whisky epizootic, which has been raging in Ohio for some time, seems to have an eastward tendency just now. Well, let it come; why may not people as well as horses be affected in that way?

THE MCGRANAHAN.—The citizens of Sugar Grove township, Mercer county, confided their public affairs to this popular family. Noble was elected constable, David and William school directors, John A. town clerk and Geo. G. auditor.

FOLLOW SUIT.—Our members of the Legislature, in imitation of the United States District Judges when they are overhauled or detected in committing high crimes and misdemeanors, simply resign, and thereby avoid the penitentiary. This is very cheap punishment.

A GOOD SIGN.—As an evidence that Williamsporters have quit worshiping the "golden calf" and have turned their attention to business, and intend to lead a new life, they elected Martin Powell, Democrat, Mayor at the recent election. A change for the better is hard to believe, but it's true.

RIGHT ON END.—The late Democratic victory at Altoona has caused the *Sun* to rise to its meridian and it has its columns properly embellished with birds and "big guns." It is no wonder, a majority of 347 for mayor this year, to 126 "'totherway" last year, looks as though the mountain city was redeemed.

AN INFERNAL NUISANCE.—Through the courtesy of Dr. Potter, we are in receipt of a copy of "The Legislative Journal," and it would be very useful if the "pasting and folding" fraternity were not too infernal lazy or drunk to attend to their business. Why not mail it every day, and not in weekly bundles? To get five and six days proceedings, and a week behind time at that, is enough to make a saint cuss the folding loafers. This document costs the tax-payers from $25,000 to $30,000, and yet, as served out by their agents, it is a nuisance. The last gale which came to hand arrived on Saturday, February 28, numbered from 50 to 56, containing the proceedings of the 20th to the 25th. Now, why were numbers 50, 51 and 52 kept back for a week to travel with the other numbers indicated? Is the delay in the printing office or in the cellar on the hill? Legislators, look to your employees. Wake them up.

BUTLER UNBOTTLED.—Although Gen. Grant bottled Ben Butler on a certain occasion, the "beast" has uncorked the bottle, and escaped, and it is very evident, from the howl which has gone up from "loyal New England" for the past two weeks, that the spoon thief has bottled "the government," the two United States Senators from Massachusetts and eight of the eleven congressmen. The appointment of Simmons, as Collector of the Port of Boston, is a settler, so far as Athenian elegance, refinement and loyalty is concerned. This element thrashed Ben last fall for Governor, but he in turn has overthrown the General and State governments, and has won a victory that throws Big Bethel, Dutch Gap Canal and Fort Fisher all in the shade. The "bottled beast" has became the lion in the Radical menagerie, and is using his cock-eye to discover new victims to prey upon.

RADICAL CHEATS.—Quite a number of females were voted for as School Directors in may portions of the State at the last election. But one seems to have been elected, a Mrs. G. F. Springer, of Middle Ward, Chester city, Delaware county. The Radical vote in this ward is about 240 and the Democratic vote about 150. The Rads nominated a full ticket and put a negro on for Judge, and one for School Director. The Democratic candidate for Judge received 221 and the colored "individual" 151, and Mrs. Springer had 203, and the colored School Director but 158. This shows that the Radical hypocrites will not eat their own victuals. They fondle and pet sambo and seek to get his vote, but when sambo wants the "white trash" to vote for him, they "go back on him." This vote also shows that the Democrats prefer ladies to darkies for school officers.

Democratic County Convention.

In accordance with previous notice, the Democratic County Committee met at the office of the Chairman, in Clearfield, on Tuesday, the 24th of February, and adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the County Committee order an election to be held on Saturday, the 14th day of March, for the purpose of electing the usual number of delegates from each election district to meet in convention at Clearfield, on Tuesday, March 17th, at 1 o'clock P. M., to take into consideration the propriety of changing the time of holding the primary elections.

W. M. M. McCULLOUGH, Chairman.
JAMES L. MORGAN, Secretary, pro. tem.

In compliance with the above resolution, the several vigilance committees in the county are requested to meet at the usual place of holding primary elections, and hold an election for delegates to meet in County Convention on March 17th, at 1 o'clock P. M. The various districts will elect delegates as follows:

Beccaria	3	Guelich	2
Bell	3	Houtzdale	3
Bloom	2	Huston	3
Boggs	3	Jordan	3
Bradford	4	Karthaus	3
Brady	5	Knox	3
Burnside	3	Lawrence	5
Chest	3	Lumber City	2
Covington	3	Morris	4
Clearfield	4	New Washington	2
Carwensville	3	Osceola	3
Decatur	3	Penn	3
Ferguson	3	Pike	3
Girard	2	Union	2
Goshen	3	Wallaceton	2
Graham	2	Woodward	3

I hope all our friends in the county will take an interest in this election. I heartily invite *all* Democrats to participate in this election—all who recognize themselves as Democrats, believe in the principles of the Democracy, and are willing to stand by that organization in the future, are entitled to vote in the choice of delegates of the convention. Let there be a full and free expression of the Democracy, and let us demonstrate to our Republican enemies, that though differences in the choice of men may have divided us for a time, that we can meet on a common platform in defence of a grand principle—to fight against a common foe.

WM. M. McCULLOUGH,
Ch'n Dem. Co. Com.

READ IT.—On our first page will be found Congressman Cox's speech on the moth, as discovered in the army blankets and clothing. From this speech it is evident that millions of dollars worth more army clothing than is needed, is manufactured annually, and then hundreds of thousands of dollars are appropriated to keep the moth from eating it up, so as to give certain manufacturers of blue cloth and proprietors of tailoring establishments fat jobs, and then close the robbery by giving some quack a fortune for his moth medicine. Spanish brigandage is honorable, compared to this Yankee system of robbery. Do not fail to read the speech.

Letter from Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 28, 1874.

MR. EDITOR:—The committee appointed by the legislature to investigate the charges preferred by the Grand Army of the Republic against A. L. Guss, for gross immoralities while principal of the Cassville Soldiers' Orphans School, met in the Senate committee room some few days ago. Senator Anderson occupied the chair. There were a large number of persons in attendance and much interest was manifested in the proceedings. Much of the testimony taken was of such a nature that our daily papers refused to publish it. A large number of male and female pupils of the school were examined, as also State officials, who had been sent to the school by the State Superintendent of common schools to make investigation. Many very hard things were rumored about Guss' improper conduct with some of the female scholars of the school, but little of this was sworn against him at the examination here.

The investigating committee held sessions at Cassville school on Tuesday and Wednesday, when witnesses for the defence were examined.—Their report has not yet been made nor published, and the probability is that it will be in favor of Guss, who alleges that his enemies trumped up the charges to ruin him.

In the matter of the swindlers on the usury bill of which I wrote you last week, the movers in the matter, J. Monroe Kreiter, an old citizen here, and W. H. Dimmick, member of the legislature from Pike and Wayne counties, were arrested and taken before the U. S. Commissioner here, and by him held in $2,500 bail for trial in the U. S. Court at Philadelphia, in May next. Both deny having anything to do with it. Dimmick sent his resignation to the House on Monday, where it was at once accepted. The House commitee have not yet reported the result of their investigation. Dimmick refused to testify before them on advice of his counsel. The excitement created by this case does away with any prospect of passing a usury bill this session.

Mr. Myer read a bill in the House, fixing and defining the liability of banks and banking companies of this Commonwealth. The bill makes the stockholders of banks, banking companies, saving institutions, trust companies, and all other incorporated companies, doing the business of banks, or loaning or discounting moneys, personally liable for all debts and deposits in their individual capacities double the amount of the capital stock held and owned by each.

In the Senate, on Friday, the consideration of the Judicial apportionment bill was resumed. The following amendments offered by Mr. Rutan were adopted: That Warren county be detached from Erie, and that Erie constitute the twenty-fourth district. That Forest be taken from Venango, and that Venango constitute the thirty-first district. That Jefferson and Clarion constitute the thirty-second district, and Green and Fayette the fourteenth district.

Senator McSherry wanted Adams county detached from York, making each a separate district. He said court business in York was very heavy, and the lawyers of both counties were opposed to their being united. Mr. Wallace regretted his inability to vote for the amendment; to be consistent with his record, and to comply with the requirements of the judiciary article in the constitution, as he interpreted it, he could not give his support to a measure which contemplated the formation of a judicial district in a county having less than forty thousand inhabitants. The amendment was lost. The bill passed second reading. The judicial districts are designated as follows, in the amended bill:

1st District, Philadelphia; 2d, Lancaster; 3d, Delaware; 4th, Chester; 5th, York and Adams; 6th, Cumberland; 7th, Franklin and Fulton; 8th, Bedford and Somerset; 9th, Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria; 10th, Indiana; 11th, Lucerne; 12th, Dauphin and Lebanon; 13th, Berks; 14th, Fayette and Greene; 15th, Schuylkill; 16th, Bucks; 17th, Montgomery; 18th, Lehigh; 19th Northampton; 20th, Susquehanna; 21st, Wayne, Monroe, Pike and Carbon; 22d, Bradford; 23d, Columbia, Sullivan, Wyoming and Montour; 24th, Northumberland; 25th, Union, Snyder and Mifflin; 26th, Clearfield, Centre and Clinton; 27th, Lycoming; 28th, Tioga, Potter, McKean and Cameron; 29th, Erie; 30th, Crawford; 31st, Venango; 32d, Jefferson and Clarion; 33d, Armstrong; 34th, Butler and Lawrence; 35th, Mercer; 36th, Beaver; 37th, Warren, Elk and Forest; 38th, Washington; 39th, Allegheny; 40th, Westmoreland; 41st, Perry and Juniata.

Section second provides that the qualified electors of Luzerne, Dauphin and Lebanon, York and Adams, Lawrence and Butler, Clearfield, Clinton and Centre, Columbia, Montour, Wyoming and Sullivan, shall, at the next general election, in the manner prescribed by law for the election of President Judges, elect one person for each of said districts, learned in the law, to serve as an additional law judge of the several courts in each of said districts.

Various petitions were presented in the Senate on Monday, 24th instant. Among them were twelve by Senator Wallace, from seven hundred citizens of Clearfield county, for the repeal of the local option law. Mr. Wallace also introduced an act to divide the cities of the State into three classes and to regulate the passages of ordinances therein. The first class to consist of those having 300,000 inhabitants; the second, of those having between 75,000 and 300,000, and the third class, of those between 10,000 and 75,000. Nothing in the act affects the existing rights of cities of the first and second classes.

The following bills passed first reading: Senate bill No. 47, providing for the submission of civil cases to the decision of the court and to dispense with trials by jury (on agreement by the parties.) Senate bill No. 54, fixing the salaries of the members of the legislature. Members' salaries, $1,000 for each session, and $10.00 per day for each adjourned session. Senate bill No. 38, fixing a manner of increasing the capital stock of corporations. Senate bill No. 50, providing for the punishment of any bailee who wilfully permits the destruction of the property of any livery stable keeper while such property is in his charge.

In the Senate, an amendment to the salary bill was discussed. Mr. McKimley said that the amendment did not contemplate an increased salary, it only provided that extra compensation should be paid where extra services are rendered. Mr. McClure contended that the constitution expressly prohibits the present legislature from increasing the compensation, $1,000. Mr. Rutan said that no sound lawyer in the State would interpret the law as Senator McClure had done, and intimated that it was the pleading of a demagogue. Mr. Wallace restated his position heretofore taken in the debate, and in reply to Mr. McClure, remarked, that "he thought by this time the Senator of the 4th district (McClure) ought to know that his opinions have no weight with either the Republican or Democratic side of the Senate. He would not be influenced by McClure's lecturing, and reserved the right to interpret the constitution as he deemed proper. He would vote for $1,000 if the session lasted four months, if it lasted longer he expected to receive additional remuneration for his services."

Yours truly, E. L. R.

Horrible Accident.

Excruciating Torture—Fifteen Men Baptised With Liquid Steel.—A fearful heart-rending accident occurred at the Steel Works between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock on Februray 18th, by which about fifteen men were more or less injured. From the meager information that could be obtained was as follows: When the molten steel had been emptied from one of the large converters into the huge ladle from which it empties into the molds, the ladle, accidently, was overturned, and the liquid fire was thrown over those workmen engaged in its immediate vicinity. About fifteen were more or less burned, three of that number so seriously that it is feared they cannot recover. The clothing of some of the men was literally burned from their bodies, while drops of red hot liquid burned through the flesh of some unfortunate ones almost to the bones. Messrs. Frank Jones, Joseph Schuler and John Whitman, were most seriously burned; Mr. Schuler's injuries being of such extremely serious nature that it was impossible to convey him to his home. Messrs. James F. Bash, Michael Hogan, Jacob Swarner, Joseph Miller, Isaac Hulan, Charles Williams, John Crosslow and Charles Andrews were among the unfortunate victims, though some of this number were not seriously injured. Mr. Swarner, besides the burns received, also had an arm broken.—*Johnstown Voice.*

ANOTHER PACIFIC RAILROAD.—A bill has been introduced in Congress to incorporate the Southern Transcontinental Railroad Company, which provides for giving a charter to J. C. Fawcett and T. F. Sturtevant, of Pennsylvania; Peter Clark, F. M. Stewart, J. H. Tait, and John A. Clark, of New York; W. H. Hooper, Warren Hussey, John W. and Joseph W. Young, of Utah; E. W. Garrett, J. B. Smith, L. H. Roots, H. E. McKee, and B. F. Rice, of Arkansas, and a number of other Western men, to build and maintain a railroad and telegraph line from the mouth of the Arkansas river, via Little Rock, the Arkansas Valley, and the San Juan Mountains to the Colorado river in Utah, and thence by the most direct and praticable route to San Francisco, Cal., with a branch from Sedgwick county, Ark., southwest to the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad at the boundary line between Texas and the Indian Territory. The right of way is granted without other land grants. The capital stock is to be fifty million dollars. Congress is to reserve power to regulate rates for travel and transportation, and the road is to be completed in twelve years.

AN OLD PLENIPO.—Nicholas P. Trist, died at Alexandria, Va., recently, at an advanced age. He was appointed by President Polk, Plenipotentiary of the United States to Mexico and effected the treaty made with that government that ended the Mexican war and gave us all the territory west of the Rocky Mountains. He turned loyalist, at the close of the war, and Grant made him Postmaster at Alexandria.

Helmbold or a Circus.

The Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Times*, who is spending his first winter at the National Capital, thus alludes to "the government" team which he noticed on the avenue:

"The President's new team, composed of four handsome bays, with gold trimmed harness, made its second appearance on the avenue this afternoon. Very wide and very white reins controlled them, and the team surpasses anything of the kind ever seen here. About the only thing that ever came up to it in style was Buchu Helmbold's turnout with gold trimmed harness, which was here four or five years ago. The horses of the President's four in hand are all superior, and it is said that the team can get over the turf at a three minutes gait. Two of the horses, the leaders, have done better than this on the private half mile track south of the executive mansion, on the White House lot, on more than one occasion, and once, at least, President Grant himself held the ribbons."

Don Piatt, editor of the *Capital*, thus alludes to the affair:

"Speaking of the family, all the friends, supporters and dependents were startled and gratified by the appearance of the President's carriage upon the avenue last week drawn by four spanking bays adorned by gold mounted harness and white reins of the most gorgeous discription. The new members of Congress, who are very green, thought a circus had arrived, while old residents, remembering the carnival, jumped to the wild conclusion that Buchu Helmbold had reappeared in all his glory, rejuvenated by his own compound. We, however, who have seen diplomatic service abroad, and heard lions roar, recognized the imperial turn-out at once."

WASHINGTON PARTIES.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Independent*, thus describes what he witnessed at one of the fashionable parties:

At twelve o'clock the doors of the supper room are opened, and then the jam beggars description. You may take your choice to be pushed or to push, and in either case to see plates of oysters, salads, and creams, with threatening spoons and forks, bristling through midair, glancing by your nose, or swimming down your back. I was never sure that we were not a civilized people till I contemplated my compatriots in a Washington supper-room of a "festive occasion."—There I have seen dignitaries whom the public believe have enough to eat at home pushing towards a supper-table as a cannibal might to his least; and ladies renowned as "delicate," with piled-up plates of pickles, salads, fruits, and creams, cramming at a rate that would make a perfectly healthy woman sick abed for a week.

NATIONAL CONUNDRUMS.—The editor of the New York *Sun* puts the following pertinent questions to "the government:"

What is the financial policy of the national Administration? Will it inflate a contract, or will the Treasury continue to wiggle on the horns of illegal inflation and spasmodic contraction?

What is the present reconstruction policy of the Government? Does Morton speak by authority, or is Carpenter its prophet? Has Louisiana a State Government, or is she merely in the grasp of usurpers and robbers?

Is civil service reform an accomplished fact, or a savory reminiscence?

Shall we stop the maws of the public creditors by laying heavier taxes, or by selling more bonds?

Is the great moral party in favor of four more years with the sphinx for its figure head, or shall we have a new deal?

Let him who can stand up and answer.

JUST LIKE HIM.—An exchange says: "One of the few sensible things done by the last Congress was the refusal to admit Colorado into the Union, the understanding being that no Territory should be admitted as a State until it had at least population sufficient to entitle it to one Representative. It is not probable that the population of Colorado is much over 50,000, less than two-fifths that of a Representative district. In face of these facts President Grant recommends that this Territory, with fewer inhabitants than a New York ward, be represented in the national legislature by two Senators and a Congressman."

This is the character given of Mr. W. W. Storrs, treasurer of a Concord, N. H., savings bank, who has stolen $65,000 from the institution which trusted him: "In attendance upon duties he was prompt, unwearied and diligent. In social life his deportment was correct and his character unblemished. He had not, to appearance, a single extravagant habit."—Quite a fallen angel! All this has come of "a disposition to oblige his friends."

A Macon negro, who went into a trance at a meeting the other night, was accidentally overlooked. When he found the lights were out, he followed the congregation, and succeeded in seriously walloping one of the deacons. He gives as an excuse that "dey lug udder niggars home, an 'dey mout as well have lugged me. De church a'n't no place fur to get up 'stinctions in s'ciety."

A frightful accident occurred on the Great Western Railroad, Canada, by a passenger car taking fire. The car, owing to the bell rope not being attached to the engine, could not be stopped until it had run three miles. Ten persons were burned to death and about the same number injured. The car was totally consumed in about six minutes.

In Greenbush, New York, a church stands close to the track of the Hudson River Railroad. The pastor's voice was drowned in a prayer by a prolonged screech of a locomotive whistle. When he could be heard again he was praying that Vanderbilt might be converted, so that the sinfulness of running trains on Sunday might be impressed upon him.

IMPOSTERS.—H. B. Harvey, W. M. of a Masonic lodge in Troy, N. Y., says the country is overrun with bad characters who solicit relief on the ground of being Masons. He has had eight applications in a day from men who, as he learned upon investigation, had been expelled from lodges.

Hon. Nathan K. Hall, U. S. District Judge, died at Buffalo, on the 2d inst., of heart disease, aged 64 years. He was Postmaster General under President Fillmore.

New Advertisements.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

J. S. SHOWERS,

CLEARFIELD, PA.,

Gives notice that a fresh supply of the following goods has just been received and are offered at extremely low figures:

MEATS, &c.

New Sugar Cured Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Dried Beef, Ham Sausage, Lard and Cheese.

FISH.

Mackerel, Herring, Scoth Herring, White Fish, Cod Fish, Fresh Columbia River Salmon, Spiced Salmon, Smoked Salmon, Smoked Halibut, Bloaters, Sardines, Shadines and Fresh Lobsters.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES, all kinds.

SUGARS, all kinds.

RICE, Carolina and Rangoon.

COFFEES.

Rio, Java, Maracaibo, Nectar and Turkey.

TEAS.

Young Hyson, Imperial, Gun Powder, Oolong, Japan and English Breakfast.

SPICES, of all kinds, strictly pure.

SHAKER CORN,	FARINA,
GREEN PEAS,	CORN STARCH,
SPLIT PEAS,	PEARL WHEAT,
BEANS,	WHEATEN GRITS,
PEARL BARLEY,	NUTRINA,
MACARONI,	HOMINY,
TAPIOCA.	HOMINY GRITS,
MANIOCA,	&c., &c., &c.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS, all kinds.

A full line of

Canned Vegetables, Fruits and Jellies.

TURKEY PRUNES and DRIED FRUITS.

PICKLES, in jars and in barrels.

CRACKERS AND CAKES.

Oyster, Soda, Wine, Butter, Sugar and Fancy.

SOAPS, Laundry and Toilet.

VINEGAR, Cider and Wine.

PEACH and APPLE BUTTER.

Flour, Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal.

COAL OIL and LAMP CHIMNIES.

Cash paid for Butter, Eggs and Potatoes. A liberal share of patronage is solicited.

Goods delivered.

Clearfield, March 4, 1874.

T. M. ROBINSON,

Manufacturer and dealer in

Harness, Saddles and Bridles,

Collars, Whips, Brushes, Fly Nets, Trimmings, Horse Blankets, &c.

Vacuum, Frank Miller's and Neatsfoot Oils.

Agent for Bailey and Wilson's Buggies.

Orders and repairing promptly attended to. Shop on Market street, Clearfield, Pa., in room formerly occupied by Jas. Alexander. [3:4'74

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to purchase or in any way meddle with two bay mares, now in possession George Hill, as they belong to me and are subject to my order.

Madera, March 4, '74-3m R. WARING.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property, bought by me at Sheriff's Sale Feb. 18, 1874, and left in the hands of Jonas Markle, as the same is left with said Markle on loan only and subject to my order: Three cows, 1 heifer, 16 sheep, 1 set blacksmith tools, 2 stoves, 2 beds and bedding.

ANTHONY McGARVEY.

Westover, Feb. 25-3t.

STORE ROOM AND OFFICES FOR RENTT.—The Store Room on Second street, known as the "Keystone Store," lately occupied by E. W. Graham, is for rent. The store room is 22x40, with ware room 22x32, good water and pump in the building. The office rooms have outside entrance, second floor, 22x28 and 12x22 feet. Building in good order. Known to be well situated and suitable for any and all kinds of business. For further particulars address

D. G. NIVLING.

Clearfield, Pa., March 4, 1874.-tf

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Hon. C. A. MAYER, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton—and Hon. WILLIAM C. FOLEY and Hon. JOHN J. READ, Associate Judges of Clearfield county, have issued their precept, to me directed, for the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at the Court House at Clearfield, in and for the county of Clearfield, commencing on the third **Monday, 16th day of March, 1874,** and to continue one week.

NOTICE IS, therefore, hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, in and for said county of Clearfield, to appear in their proper persons, with their Records, Rolls, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done.

GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 25th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

W. R. McPHERSON, Sheriff.

BISEL'S

BEE HIVE

STORE,

LOCK HAVEN, PENN'A.

Having added fifty feet to our already capacious Store Room, and with an enlarged stock of everything in the line of

DRY GOODS,

we invite the people of Clearfield county to call and inspect the same.

Our goods were bought at the low prices during the late panic, and we are now prepared to offer inducements such as were never before offered in Lock Haven.

Buyers will find it greatly to their advantage to call on us before making their purchases.

J. J. EVERETT & CO., Prop'rs.

Lock Haven, Feb. 11, 1874.-3m

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Pardons at their next meeting, for a pardon in the case of A. H. Mitton, convicted at January session, 1874, of an aggravated assault and battery on Hiram Woodward.

WM. M. McCULLOUGH.
Feb. 25-3t. Att'y for Applicant.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ACCOUNT of George Leitich, Administrator of the estate of Jacob Zimmer, of Brady township, Clearfield county, deceased.

The Court having referred the report back to the Auditor for re-adjustment and correction, notice is hereby given that this duty will be attended to by the undersigned, on Monday, the 9th day of March, 1874, at 1 o'clock, p. m., at his office, in the borough of Clearfield, when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.

WM. M. McCULLOUGH,
Feb. 18-3t Auditor.

STONE'S SAW GUMMERS AND SAW UPSETS.

We have received the agency for the above and will sell them at manufacturer's prices. Call and examine them. They are the best.

feb19-'73 E. F. BIGLER & CO.

New Advertisements.

GRAND OPENING

OF

PIE'S

OPERA HOUSE,

BY THE CELEBRATED

JENNIE CARROLL

SELECTED COMPANY,

OF TWENTY PEOPLE.

An attractive evening's amusement, consisting of

CHOICE DRAMATIC PIECES,

Introducing

Jennie Carroll, Mark Bates,

And the entire Dramatic Corps, assisted by

PROF. ANDRE'S ORCHESTRA.

Also, the AMERICAN SOLOIST

HI HENRY,

In novel Bird Imitations upon his GOLD CORNET.

Note the Following:

Will appear

Wednesday, March 4th,

In the beautiful drama, entitled

"The Working Class,"

Or, Poverty and Riches.

ADMISSION, ... 50 Cents
RESERVED SEATS, ... 75 Cents.
Tickets for sale at the Post Office.

HENRY A BATES ..... Proprietors
HI. HENRY ..... Manager
JOE. CHENET ..... Agent

☞ Change of programme each evening. Concluding with a very amusing farce.

GROCERIES!

NEW STORE,

Opposite Post Office.

New Goods! New Prices!

CHOICE LINE OF TEAS.

OOLONGS,
JAPANS,
IMPORTED,
YOUNG HYSON,
ENGLISH BREAKFAST,
Purest in Market.

BUTTER AND EGGS

Will be kept and sold at first cost. Cash paid for Country Produce.

GERMAN CHERRIES,
TURKEY PRUNES,
PRESERVED PEARS,
PHILADELPHIA HAMS.

FISH.

Mackerel, Lake Herring, Cod, &c.

PICKLES.

Barrel Pickles and English Pickles.

FLOUR AND FEED.

Flour, Corn Meal, Oat Meal, &c.

feb26'74 LYTLE & MITCHELL.

Mercantile Appraiser's List.

List of Wholesale and Retail Dealers of Foreign and Domestic Merchandise in the county of Clearfield, for the year A. D. 1874, viz:

CLASS.		TAX.
BECCARIA TOWNSHIP.		
13	Simon McFarlane, dry goods, groceries	$10 00
13	Jno. G. Glasgow, dry goods, groceries	10 00
4	" " patent medicines	5 00
14	W. S. Dickey & Son, dry goods, provis.	7 00
14	C. J. Keagy, dry goods, groceries	7 00
14	W. C. Mota, druggist	7 00
BELL TOWNSHIP.		
14	Robt. Mehaffey, dry goods, groceries	7 00
14	H. L. Henderson, groceries	7 00
14	Z. L. Hoover, groceries	7 00
14	David Bell, groceries and dry goods	7 00
BRADFORD TOWNSHIP.		
14	H. E. Williams, groceries, dry good	7 00
14	F. B. Reed, drugs and groceries	7 00
14	Dale & Co., groceries and provisions	7 00
11	Kesler, McMath & Co., gen'l mer'dise	15 00
"	" " patent medicine,	5 00
14	C. M. Cadwalader, groc's and confec's,	7 00
BRADY TOWNSHIP.		
13	D. Goodlander, gen'l merchandise	10 00
13	Moore & Hamilton, gen'l merchandise	10 00
13	L. B. Carlile, general merchandise	10 00
13	C & G. Schwem, gen'l merchandise	10 00
14	J. H. Edinger, hardware	7 00
14	Christian Barkhart, confectionery	7 00
9	F. K. Arnold & Co., bankers	25 00
14	Kunts & Gainter, gen'l merchandise	7 00
14	J. W. Carlile, dry goods and groceries	7 00
14	John Schearich, dry goods, groceries	7 00
14	J. Haberling & Co., dry goods, gro'ies	7 00
14	Glasgow & Truxel, gen'l merchandise	7 00
14	Thos. Montgomery, dry goods, groc'ries	7 00
14	Mrs. Ida Bennett, millinery	7 00
14	C. D. Evans & Bro., gen'l merchandise	7 00
14	J. M. Carlile, groceries and dry goods	7 00
14	J. A. Terpe, dry goods and groceries	7 00
14	R. J. Mallisery, confectionery	7 00
BURNSIDE TOWNSHIP.		
14	John Carson, groceries	7 00
14	A. W. Patchin, dry goods, groceries	7 00
14	J. C. Conner, dry goods, ste	7 00
13	Jackson Patchin, gen'l merchandise	10 00
14	John H. Reed, confectionery	7 00
13	Phrace Patchin, general merchandise	10 00
14	John Ryan, confectionery	7 00
CHEST TOWNSHIP.		
14	R. H. Hurd, groceries and notions	7 00
14	James Curry, dry goods and groceries	7 00
14	Wm. Hunter, general merchandise	7 00
14	J. & A. Nolan, groceries and confec'ies	7 00
14	J. R. McKee & Co., gen'l merchandise	7 00
"	" " patent medicine	5 00
14	J. P. & J. S. Fry, dry goods, groceries	7 00
14	Bundy & Bro., dry goods, groceries	7 00
14	John Hockenberry, grocer's, dry goods	7 00
COVINGTON TOWNSHIP.		
14	Gilliland & Heskendorn, groceries, dry goods and drugs	7 00
14	Henry Yethers, dry goods, groceries	7 00
10	L. M. Coudriet, general merchandise	20 00
14	Leigey & Shawny, dry goods, queens're	7 00
14	Justin Phibell, dry goods, flour, ste	7 00
14	Francis Coudriet, dry goods, groceries	7 00
CURWENSVILLE BOROUGH.		
7	E. A. & W. D. Irvin, merchandise	40 00
14	Mrs. Catharine Graff, confectionery	7 00
14	Wat. H. Thompson, grocery	7 00
12	Thompson & Co., general merchandise,	12 50
14	W. B. Alexander, druggist	7 00
"	" " patent medicines	5 00
14	Joseph R. Irwin, druggist	7 00
"	" " patent medicines	5 00
13	Faust & Goodwin, gen'l mdse	10 00
14	F. W. Fleming, clothing	7 00
13	Sprenkle & Sweeney, fancy goods	10 00
13	Abraham Gates, hardware	10 00
11	Arnold & Hartshern, general merch'se.	15 00
14	E. T. O'Friel & Co, confectionery	7 00
14	W. A. Dale, hardware	7 00
14	C. A. Barebaugh, confec. and grocery	7 00
14	A. M. Kirk, jeweler	7 00
12	John Irvin, general merchandise	12 50
CLEARFIELD.		
14	A. Guinsburg, clothing	7 00
12	R. W. Graham, gen'l merchandise	12 50
14	Robt. Mitchell, general merchandise	7 00
14	D. McGaughey, confectionerie	7 00
"	" billiard room, 2 tables	40 00
14	Henry Bridge, merchant tailor	7 00
14	Wright Bros., general merchandise	7 00
8	H. F. Bigler & Co., Hardware, etc	30 00
12	Jas. Kerr & Co., clothing, fancy goods.	10 00
14	Alex. Watson, tobacco and cigars	7 00
14	Miss Rynder, music store	7 00
14	Thos. Robins, confectioneries	7 00
14	G. D. Runk, confectioneries	7 00
14	David Adams, flour and feed	7 00
8	Weaver & Reitz, general merchandise	30 00
11	Beckett & Schryver, hardware, etc	15 00
14	Hartswick & Irwin, druggists	7 00
"	" patent medicines	5 00
12	L. Flegal, boots and shoes	12 50
14	C. D. Watson, drugs, confectioneries	7 00
"	patent medicines	5 00
14	R. H. Shaw, tobacco and cigars	7 00
13	T. A. Fleck & Co., notions, fancy goods	10 00
14	Mrs. T. E. Watson, millinery	7 00
14	Gulich & Jackson, furniture	7 00
14	Joseph Showers, groceries	7 00
8	Kratzer & Lytle, gen'l merchandise	30 00
14	P. A. Gaulin, books and stationery	7 00
14	John Troutman, furniture	7 00
14	John Stadler, bakery and confectionery	7 00
14	F. Leitzinger, bakery	7 00
14	Geo. A Jordan, flour and feed	7 00
13	Jos. Dysart, flour, feed and groceries	10 00
12	Wm. Reed, dry goods	10 00
14	Stevenson & Co., confectioneries	7 00
14	G. D. Goodfellow & Son, flour and feed	7 00
11	Jos. Shaw & Son, gen'l merchandise	15 00
8	Richard Mossop, general merchandise	30 00
13	A. I. Shaw, druggist	10 00
"	patent medicines	5 00
14	H. F. Naugle, jeweler	7 00
14	S. I. Snyder, jeweler	7 00
11	F. G. Miller, general merchandise	15 00
8	Clearfield Co. Bank	30 00
14	D. Stewart & Son, clothing	7 00
10	J. M. Kratzer, general dry goods	20 00
14	Ellis Irvin, confectioneries	7 00
	C. Leipohlt, brewer	8 00
	C. Shaffer, brewer	8 00
14	Lytle & Mitchell, groceries	7 00
DECATUR TOWNSHIP.		
12	W. J. Jackson, dry goods, groceries and patent medicines	12 50
14	Macauley & Ramey, groceries, provis.	7 00
14	Hoover Bros., general merchandise	7 00
GIRARD TOWNSHIP.		
14	Caroline Leconte, dry goods, groceries.	7 00
14	Robt. Stewart, groceries, dry goods	7 00
GOSHEN TOWNSHIP.		
14	Ellis Irwin & Son, groceries, dry goods	7 00
GRAHAM TOWNSHIP.		
14	Thos. H. Forney, general merchandise	7 00
"	" patent medicines	5 00
GULICH TOWNSHIP.		
14	F. A. Prideaux, dry goods, notions	7 00
10	P. & A. Flynn, general merchandise	20 00
"	" patent medicines	5 00
14	Henry Alleman, dry goods, groceries	7 00
HUSTON TOWNSHIP.		
14	P. Prindable, clothing, dry goods	7 00
13	C. H. Coryell & Co., gen'l merchandise	10 00
14	C. D. Wood	7 00
"	drugs and patent medicines	5 00
12	Lyon & Bro., general merchandise	10 00
14	James Brunaw, groceries	7 00
14	W. H. Latouche, confectionery