

CONSTITUTION

Constitution Proposed to the Citizens of the Commonwealth for their Approval or Rejection, by the Constitutional Convention.

Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of the 4th section of an act of the General Assembly, entitled "An act to provide for calling a Convention to amend the Constitution, passed on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1872."

W. W. Phelps, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, grateful to Almighty God for the blessing and religious freedom which he has bestowed in his guidance, do ordain and establish this Constitution.

ARTICLE I. DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

That the general, great and essential principles of liberty and free government may be recognized and established, we declare that the rights of the people shall be preserved inviolable, and that no person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law, and that no person shall be held to answer for a crime until he has been heard by a jury of his peers.

Section 1. All men are born equally free and independent, and certain inalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying life and liberty, of acquiring, possessing and disposing of their property, and of pursuing their own happiness.

Section 2. All power is inherent in the people, and no government can exist without their consent. For the advancement of their safety and happiness, they have the right to alter, amend or abolish their government in such manner as they may think proper.

Section 3. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrant shall issue, without describing them as nearly as may be.

Section 4. No person shall be held to answer for a crime until he has been heard by a jury of his peers, and no person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law.

Section 5. No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law, and no person shall be held to answer for a crime until he has been heard by a jury of his peers.

Section 6. No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law, and no person shall be held to answer for a crime until he has been heard by a jury of his peers.

Section 7. No person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law, and no person shall be held to answer for a crime until he has been heard by a jury of his peers.

GOODLANDER & HAGERTY, Publishers.

VOL. 47-WHOLE NO 2348.

PRINCIPLE NOT MEN.

CLEARFIELD PA., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1873.

TERMS—\$2 per annum in Advance.

NEW SERIES—VOL. 14, NO. 48.

Section 1. A majority of each House shall constitute a quorum, and the majority shall determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 2. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 3. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 4. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 5. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 6. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 7. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 8. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 9. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 10. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 11. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 12. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 13. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 14. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 15. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 16. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 17. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 18. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 19. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 20. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 21. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 22. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 23. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 24. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 25. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 26. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 27. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 28. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 29. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 30. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 31. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.

Section 32. Each House shall have the sole power to determine the rules of its proceedings and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly conduct.