The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1873.

An exchange says that Brimstone Brownlow is improving in health. He drew his back salary steal with a remarkably healthy stomach.

Being two hands short, we are behind time this week, a result which has not happened us for a long time. However, better late than never.

The "Government family" and Gen. Babcock were bobbing around Denver, Colorado, last week. The Government "machine" seems to be "going it alone."

The Republican State Central Committee met at Harrisburg on the 1st, and decided to hold the Republican State Convention in Harrisburg on the 13th of August.

An exchange says there are one hundred locomotives upon the Amboy division of the Pennsylvania railroad. The road is but ninety miles long, so that there are more locomotives than miles.

AT THE FRONT.—Gen. Jeff. C. Davis has arrived at the Lava Beds and taken command of the troops under Gen. Gillem, whose miserable failure in his attack upon the Modocs and their allies is before the public.

DEAD.—Hon. H. N. McAllister, of Bellefonte, one of the members of the Constitutional Convention, died in Philadelphia on the 5th, aged sixty-four years. Excessive labor in the Convention no doubt hastened his death.

Hon. S. S. Cox, who has lately traveled over a large portion of the United States, writing of the political prospect says: "Our side is looming up. Doubt it not. Every man of worth in this country before long will either give us his vote or his sympathies."

The citizens of Oregon and Washington territory are becoming alarmed at the depredations the Indians are committing, and are calling on the government for troops, arms and ammunition with which to defend themselves. A general war is apprehended in the Northwest.

The newspaper fools are advertising a Havana lottery, alleging that a certain Philadelphian has drawn a prize of half a million dollars in gold. It is a great big lie. It is a bait for suckers to nibble at. The Havana lottery dealers will pocket all the cash American fools can send them.

STILL STICKS.—The name of our Congressman, Scofield, has not yet been placed on the roll of Congressional refunders. He still clings to the "steal," and no doubt carries a little Credit Mobilier stock in his pocket, with the intention of mastering this "French" term. We again say, refund or resign!

AWFUL ACCIDENT.—At Dixon, Illinois, on the 4th, while a congregation was witnessing the baptism of some converts, in Rock river, a bridge spanning the stream at that place broke down, precipitating a large portion of those on it into the river. Over forty dead bodies have been taken from the river, and a large number of those wounded are fatally injured.

SUCH IS GOVERNMENT.—"The government" has been holding private receptions the past week at Denver, Colorado, and Galena, Illinois, while the Indians have been murdering and scalping our soldiers in Oregon. A dispatch says there will be a cabinet meeting in relation to this scalping business just as soon as the President returns to Washington from his western spree.

DEAD.—Hon. James Brooks, Congressman from New York, died in Washington on the 2d. He was the only Democratic member who dabbled in the Credit Mobilier disgrace. His loyal colleagues—Colfax, Ames, Kelly, Scofield, etc.—are all getting sleek, fat and saucy, and will steal the first railroad they get a chance at. Such are our modern statesmen.

THE NEW YORK HERALD.—This journal is certainly outstripping all others in the way of enterprise. We suspect, from what is going on in Europe, that the proprietor is looking after more than a Danish Princess. All who wish to know what is going on at Vienna, will learn more by reading the *Herald* than by going there to see the exhibition. In its reports it will eclipse all its former examples of journalistic enterprise. For the furnishing of news from the great fair it has engaged four brilliant and well known writers: John Russel Young, formerly of the *Tribune* and later of the *Standard*; Edmund Yates, the English novelist; Berthold Auerbach, the acknowledged Dickens of Germany, and Louise Muhlbach, the popular German authoress. Their letters will be sent over the Atlantic cable, and those of the two last named printed the first day in German and the next in English. We question if a journalistic enterprise of equal importance and magnitude has ever been undertaken.

1776.--*The Centennial.*--1876.

The great feature before the American people for the next three years will be our National Celebration in Philadelphia on the 4th of July, 1876—the one hundredth anniversary of American Independence. Every State in the Union is moving in this matter, and, properly, Pennsylvania is taking the lead. Not only will it be a jubilee in which every American can participate, but enough has already transpired to show that every nation in the known world designs taking a hand in this celebration. And in this manner hundreds of thousands of foreigners will visit our shores who would otherwise never dream of coming among us. These National Exhibitions are becoming as frequent and popular as State or county fairs and never again will so crowning an opportunity offer itself to Americans as the 4th of July, 1876, in Philadelphia. Our State Legislature acted wisely and patriotically in passing an Act providing for a million of dollars to be used in the erection of proper buildings in the city of Philadelphia, for this great National Celebration.—In has also done well in selecting gentlemen of varied talents, and who possess a State reputation for integrity and business enterprise, to oversee and construct the proper buildings for the exhibition. With such names as Alexander Henry, John O. James, John Gillingham Fell, of Philadelphia; Jno. H. Shoenberger and Wm. M. Lyon, of Pittsburg; Ex-Governor Bigler, of Clearfield;Ario Pardee, of Wilkesbarre; George Messersmith, of Chambersburg, and John Ewing, of Washington; no Vienna "bargain and sale" dare be attempted.

It is made the duty of the gentlemen named, under the Act, in connection with the United States Commissioners, to determine upon the architectural design of the buildings and to contract for their erection. They are also required, as the work progresses, to estimate the value of the material used and the work performed. And only through them can the contractor draw his pay for the work done. The duties imposed on the gentlemen named is extraordinary in its scope of expenditure and design, and the success of the enterprise depends largely upon them. However, an Act embellished with such names is a guarantee to every Pennsylvanian that the grandest building in America will be erected in Fairmount Park, the estimated cost of which will not be less than *three million dollars*. And within its walls, on the 4th of July, 1876, will be exhibited the finest specimens of National, Mechanical and Agricultural products ever exhibited on this continent, and from all the nations of the world, together with the types and pictures of the works of the arts and sciences of hundreds of years past.

Where is the American so unpatriotic as to refuse to contribute a few paltry dollars toward a 4th of July, in 1876, that shall vibrate throughout the world and rededicate America to Virtue, Liberty and Independence forever? We have fallen from grace, and if not reconverted and fully restored on this occasion, we may as well hang our "harps on the willows," strike up a funeral dirge and march down the long avenues of decayed States and lost Empires.

Mackey's Fourth Term.

The Harrisburg correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* asserts that State Treasurer Mackey has been legislated into office without giving any security. The writer says the resolution which extends his term does not provide for securities, and, as a matter of course, the men on Mr. Mackey's bonds for his last term cannot be legislated to continue as such for another year. Thus Mr. Mackey will have the handling of several millions of dollars of public revenue without giving the State a farthing of security for the faithful performance of his duty, a mark of confidence highly complimentary on the part of his devoted friends, but an act of legislation which illustrates how little regard is evinced for the people's interest by those who make our laws. How this omission in this bill was overlooked by the legal eyes which perform all the scrutiny that has impelled the exercise of the veto power during the last Legislature is not for me to say, but I dare write that it is unaccountable. As usual, in schemes of this kind, the bill thus extending the term of the State Treasurey for another year was never printed, it being withheld purposely from the public printer to prevent the defects it contains from being seen by the people, and it was not fully understood by nine-tenths of the members of either the Senate or House. This beats the George O. Evans plot all hollow. If Mackey don't rob the Treasury it will not be because his loyal brethren have not given him the chance.

A BANK ROBBER.—The Atlantic National Bank, of New York, has failed. The capital ($400,000) is a total loss to the stockholders, and depositors lose probably $200,000 more. The Government examiners and experts had pronounced the concern sound only a week before, yet, the cashier confesses that the frauds have run through the bank for over five years. So much for "Government examiners." The old, old story is told. The cashier, F. L. Painter, "one of the finest citizens of New York," gambled and squandered the funds of his employers. The idea that one single scoundrel should waste four hundred thousand dollars is awful.—"Atlantic" seems to be a bad name for everything. The loss of the late steam ship of that name, with all its horrors, has not yet passed away.

Democratic Primary Election.

In accordance with the rules of the Democratic party, regulating the primary elections in Clearfield county, the Democrats of the several boroughs and townships are required to meet at the usual places of holding elections in their respective districts, on the First Saturday of June next (being the 7th of the month,) at such hour as a majority of the Vigilance Committee in each separate district may fix and to close at such hour as said Committee may determine, for the purpose of selecting, by ballot, candidates for the respective offices of Assembly, Sheriff, County Treasurer, District Attorney, Commissioner, Auditor and Jury Commissioner, to be voted for at the next general election in next October.

Rules Nos. 5 and 6, adopted by the party heretofore, are for the governing and controlling of said elections.

RULE 5TH. No person shall be permitted to vote at such Primary Election, except those who have voted with the Democracy at the preceding general election, or shall be of known Democratic standing, and no candidate shall be placed upon the return unless he shall have his card as a candidate inserted in the Democratic papers during at least three weeks preceding the Primary Election.

RULE 6TH. The township committee or the election board shall designate one of their number to act as return judge, whose duty it shall be to take charge of the returns of votes cast, after having been duly certified to as being correct and signed by a majority of the board, and to carry them to Clearfield borough on the Tuesday following the election, and produce them at three o'clock, P. M., in the Court House, when said judges will be called to order by the Chairman of the County Committee, who shall preside. The votes shall then be counted and the persons receiving the highest number of votes cast at said election, shall be declared nominated for the respective offices which they have been voted for; *Provided*, said persons voted for shall have complied with the requirements of rule 5th; in case the persons having the highest number of votes has failed to comply with said rule, then the person having the next highest number of votes shall be declared the nominee for said office.

The attention of the Vigilance Committees, in the several districts, is called to the following rules, also adopted for the better control of the returns of the elections, held under our primary system, and which will be strictly enforced.

WHEREAS, The Vigilance Committees in some of the boroughs and townships are in the habit of transmitting their election returns by mail or private hands to the Chairman of the County Committee and others, without any notice or power to enter, act or vote in the Convention for those districts, thus leaving them without a vote in that body; a large portion of those holding the election also fail to transmit the list of voters (very essential) with their return; therefore,

Resolved, That hereafter it shall be the duty of every Vigilance Committee transmitting their returns in the manner indicated, to depute some active and known Democrat to enter the County Convention and act for them and their district; and that a list of the names of the voters must in every case accompany the return.

Resolved, That hereafter, should any district fail to be represented as above indicated, or neglect to return a list of the names of the voters, it shall be sufficient cause for the Convention to exclude and refuse to receive and count the votes of said district so offending.

In accordance with the rules governing the Democratic party of Clearfield county, the Chairman of the County Committee has selected and appointed the following named persons to act as Committees of Vigilance in the several boroughs and townships, whose duty it is to hold this said election for the selection of candidates for the various offices to be filled, and in the performance of this duty are enjoined to strictly observe the rules and regulations set forth above.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEES.

Beccaria—William Mays, Henry Dotts, Peter Rishel, A. D. Washburn, John Hindman.
Bell—Clinton Thompson, Jas. B. Sanderland, Peter M. Smith, John H. Breth, J. A. Campbell.
Bloom—Wm. Henry, D. W. Chilson, John Bilger, John Clary, Wm. Pontius.
Boggs—Jacob Distilling, H. A. Shimel, Wm. Smoal, Jacob Haney, J. W. Kyler.
Bradford—Conrad Hummel, M. L. Gill, A. J. Caldwell, Jacob Pearce, James Lansberry, Alex. Livingston.
Brady—W. S. Luther, Geo. Pentz, Jas. Henderson, Joseph Lines, Joseph Pontelthwaite, Henry Wittenmeyer.
Burnside—Jas. L. Neff, Thomas Thompson, Adam Beck, Othello Smead, Wilson King.
Chest—E. B. Clemson, A. Hagy, Benj. Klinger, T. F. Dunbar, Joseph Shook.
Clearfield—John W. Wrigley, R. N. Shaw, E. Goodfellow, M. Kettlebarger, John McClelland, L. R. Merrell.
Covington—Chas. Barto, F. F. Coudriet, Stephen Roussey, Wm. Schnarrs, L. M. Couriet.
Curwensville—H. W. Kerns, F. J. Thompson, Wm. P. Chambers, Samuel Jenkins, J. F. McKindrick.
Decatur—D. J. Burket, E. L. Hughes, E. A. Gearhart, Alton Stimer, Stephen Kephart, Nathan Reese.
Ferguson—Isaac Moore, Robert Ross, Bigler McCracken, Warren Bell, Lewis Hile.
Girard—John Leigey, Saml. C. Bradford, John McCorkle, Edmund Beausignor, Chas. Mignot.
Goshen—Daniel Cypher, Thompson Reed, J. W. Wallace, Robert Leonard, Jr., Reuben Resides.
Graham—Hon. Jacob Wilhelm, Isaac Kyler, Isaac Rothrock, Henry Hubler, Peter Kepple.
Gulich—Henry Conrad, Wm. Stanley, Wm. L. David, John Stephens, A. H. Brady.
Houtsdale—Philip McDermott, L. Campbell, David Askey, George M. Delaney, D. C. Gates, Robert Butler.
Huston—John McFadden, Oliver Wallace, D. Tyler, Jerry Buckley, William Kerns.
Jordan—Thomas Smith, Reuben Straw, James McKeehan, Ed. Gilligan.
Karthaus—C. M. Hertline, J. W. Rouch, Joseph Gilliland, Wm. Heichel, Geo. Heckendorn.
Knox—D. E. Mokel, Philip Erhard, G. W. Bell, James M. McKee, John High, jr.
Lawrence—M. F. Wallace, Zenas Ogden, Saml. H. Shaffner, G. H. Hall, Wm. S. Reed.
Lumber City—Wm. McHenry, W. W. Kelley, John Sterling, J. A. McDevitt.
Morris—James Thompson, O. P. Reese, Adam Moyer, Jr., Samuel Hoover, John B. Kyler, Michael Fellmer.
New Washington—John P. Firth, J. H. Byers, R. Neiman, Frank Neff, John Mehaffey.
Osceola—Lewis M. Brisbon, J. C. Lytle, Patrick Dunn, J. T. Isett, G. E. Jones, C. Kerrins.
Penn—E. Denver, Jr., James McIntyre, H. P. Rafferty, Wm. M. Rowles, John Flynn.
Pike—A. J. Cupples, J. A. Ardry, Lafayette McClure, P. A. Long, H. T. Bloom.
Union—John Welty, Jacob Rese, J. M. Dressler, Henry Whitehead, Thos. Brookbank.
Woodward—Auston Kline, F. R. Shoff, James Cornelly, Thomas Henderson, Robert Alexander.
Wallaceton—John K. Turner, John Rice, T. M. Holt, J. G. Guthrie, Isaac Shimel.

The following named gentlemen were appointed as members of the County Committee for 1873:

Beccaria, C. J. Kesgy....	Gulich, J. S. M'Kiernan
Bell, Henry Breth.....	Houtsdale, F. O'Leary..
Bloom, Wm. Lines.....	Huston, Geo. Woodward
Boggs, Charles Sloan....	Jordan, D. W. Wise.....
Bradford, S. A. Caldwell	Karthaus, W. J. Hoffer.
Brady, S. G. Kuntz.....	Knox, H. J. Sloppy.....
Burnside, D. Gorman...	Lumber City, J. Cupples
Chest, G. S. Tozer.....	Lawrence, J. B. Shaw...
Covington, J. Mulson...	Morris, O. S. Schoonover
Clearfield, W. M'Collo'h	N. Wash'to, A. Bennett.
Curwensville, B. Broomes	Osceola, G. M. Brisben..
Decatur, R. Hughes.....	Penn, J. B. Rafferty.....
Ferguson, D. M'Cracken	Pike, J. R. Caldwell....
Girard, Daniel Krise....	Union, J. Dressler, Jr...
Goshen, E. K. Shirey...	Woodward, Wm. Luther
Graham, Conrad Kyler..	Wallaceton, J. L. Morgan

The attention of the members of the County Committee is particularly called to the importance of having the Vigilance Committees in their several districts open the polls for the primary election as early on the day appointed as possible, and in no case should it be later than 1 and close at 7 o'clock, P. M. It is part of their duty to keep careful supervision of the polls and see that no illegal votes are taken by the Vigilance Committee and no frauds attempted. The rules regulating the returns are to be carefully observed, for they will be strictly enforced, according to the letter thereof. And we will say further, to all whom it may concern, that where it is apparent by the returns of the districts, as compared with the Democratic vote of last October, that fraud has been practiced or unfair means employed, the returns of all such districts will be rejected in the count, and in no case shall votes by proxy be taken or counted.

D. L. KREBS,
Ch'm. Dem. Co. Com.

Loyal Rapacity.

A trial, which has just been concluded in the courts of Virginia, will serve to illustrate one of the processes by which loyalty contrived to flourish on the calamities and misfortunes of the civil war. The prominent parties to this swindle are Judge John C. Underwood, and Messrs. Ames, Alley and Hooper, a loyal triumvirate of Massachusetts Congressmen. In 1861 William N. M'Veigh, President of a bank in Alexandria, Va., who was upwards of sixty years of age, obtained permission from the United States military authorities to pass through their lines and join his family in Culpepper county. His real estate in Alexandria consisted of a fine residence, and warehouses and warf property worth $75,000. The absence of M'Veigh furnished an excellent opportunity to rob him under the pretext of his disloyalty to the Government. Judge Underwood coveted the handsome residence of the absentee; as better suited to his new-born judicial dignity, and the ring of Massachusetts Congressmen wanted to make a splendid speculation in the sale of the wharf property to the Government. The first thing in the rascally job was to sell the property under a decree of confiscation. This Judge Underwood had no difficulty in accomplishing.—The property was seized and sold at a mock auction, and knocked down at a mere nominal figure.

In the meantime, a Baltimore creditor of M'Veigh, with a claim of $7,000, discovered this proposed game of confiscation and Went to Washington to confer with Ames and Alley in order to have the sale postponed. They referred him to Underwood, who refused to postpone the sale. He wanted to buy a nice property for his wife, and this residence of M'Veigh suited him exactly. As to the Baltimore claim, he was willing to pay half of it for his share in case he obtained the house. On the 11th of April, 1864, the sale took place in Alexandria, Ames, Alley, Underwood and Balderson, the Baltimore creditor of M'Veigh, being in attendance. Balderson announced the priority of his claim under the attachment. The mansion of M'Veigh, worth $30,000, was knocked down to John B. Alley for Mrs. Maria G. Underwood for $1,300, who, with her husband, the judge went into immediate possession. Another portion of the property was sold to Ames and Alley on equally favorable terms. A house and lot were conveyed to John Underwood, United States Marshal, and his Deputy, Wm. A. Duncan, for their share in the infamous swindle.

Balderson, the Baltimore creditor, then sold his claims against M'Veigh and assigned the judgments to Alley, Ames, Hooper and Duncan. The property was then sold again to satisfy these judgments at a Sheriff's sale, and the ring thus obtained what they considered a double title to it. For less than $18,000 they obtained real estate intrinsically worth four times the amount, on which they expected to realize an untold sum in speculation. A judge of the courts of the United States, two Federate Marshals, and three loyal members of Congress, from loyal Massachusetts, constituted this nefarious ring of plunderers. At last the courts have untangled the intricate web of villainy, and the conspirators have been compelled to disgorge their booty. Underwood must not only surrender the mansion to its rightful owner, but he and his fellow conspirators must pay a claim for mesne profits and nine years' rents besides. This is one of the few instances in which the tables have been turned on the knaves who were lying in wait for plunder throughout the whole period of the war. As time advances more of their rascality will come to light, and justice will be done in the courts to those who have been defrauded of their property by illegal confiscations and sales.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

The Salary Theft.

The Congressional robbery, in the shape of the salary steal, which cannot be denounced too much, still agitates the public mind, and some members are delivering up the plunder.—The letter of ex-Congressman Cox, found below, is to the point, and about 220 members should imitate him:

General F. E. Spinner, Treasurer of the United States:

DEAR SIR: My brother-in-law, Mr. S. S. Cox, desired me, on his return from Florida last week, to send you the enclosed check for $4,812. It is the so-called back pay for the last Congress, of which he was a member from the Sixth district of this city. Shortly after the adjournment he deposited this sum as a special fund with my bank to be deposited in some way otherwise than for his own aggrandizement. He believed that the fund was his to dispose of, or, as he phrased it, he was a "trustee without interest," except that general interest which any citizen has in fair legislation and Federal taxation. He had, by speech and vote, when the bill was before Congress, expressed his views against this increase of salary without reflecting on his brother Congressmen.—He begs me to say to you that this act of his has only been delayed by a bereavement which has preoccupied his time since the adjournment. He leaves to you the proper mode of covering this money into the Treasury. If you think it best to cancel so much of the debt you can do so, as he never expected to receive this fund, and as it was not a part of his contract when he entered upon the duty, and as he cherished the good opinion of his former constituents in Ohio and New York, he desires to make his remarks against the measure emphatic by the disposition of this money.

Very truly yours,
JOHN A. HARDENBERGH.

CONGRESSIONAL.—The term of Hon. C. B. Curtis as Representative for this district commenced at the close of the last Congress, on the 4th of March. In case an extra session should be called, he will take his seat at its opening; otherwise, he will not enter upon the duties of the office until the regular term begins in December. Hon G. W. Scofield retires from his ten years' berth as the Congressman from our district, to disgrace the State at large—a disgrace, by the way, which we wish it distinctly understood the Democracy had no part or lot in effecting. There are many persons who think that, since his exposure in the Credit Mobilier investigation, he will be too much overcome by shame and remorse to ever take his seat, but we do not share in a hope that is based upon so ignorant a conception of his character. He will try to "cheek it through," as he has frequently done heretofore, when "caught in a tight spot."—*Erie Observer.*

DYING WITH THEIR DIAMONDS ON.—The most interesting couple in the cabin of the Atlantic were Mr. and Mrs. Sheat, of Nevada. They wore jewels to the value of about $30,000. Mr. Sheat talked of nothing less than millions, and poor, lamented Kruger, of Exchange Place, New York, used to joke with Mr. Sheat by talking millions back. Mr. and Mrs. Sheat and their $30,000 worth of diamonds are floating around in the cabin yet.—*Cor. N. Y. Sun.*

The third track from Downingtown to Coatesville, on the Pennsylvania railroad, is being laid.

Lying Reports From Louisiana.

A special dispatch from New Orleans says that the partisans of the Kellogg and Packard usurpation in Louisiana are endeavoring to retrieve themselves of the odium of their position by sending lying telegrams in respect to the trouble in Grant Parish, Louisiana, and in this are warmly seconded by the mendacious organs of the President at this point. Marshal Packard and United State District Attorney Beckwith, are the leaders in this disgraceful business, and have forwarded highly inflammable dispatches to Attorney General Williams, based upon the reports of Decklyne, one of Marshal Packard's hired underlings. In these dispatches the important fact is ignored that the negroes had instituted a war against the whites, and even upon the county officials commissioned by Kellogg, and instituted a mob reign of rapine and violence, under which no white man or woman was safe. The administration and their city organs are much distressed that in this conflict of races the whites should have proved victorious, and accordingly there is to be an investigation by United States officers, bayonet rule, arbitrary arrests, juries packed by Packard of his own partisans, and trials organized to convict, to be conducted by the infamous Durell, by way of putting the blacks even with the whites.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

"Government Sells."

The mercantile proclivities of Grant's administration, in the sale of office, is as notorious to the public as his wanderings over the country. Far off Mormondom has been tampered with. The Salt Lake *Herald*, of the 6th ult., states that an action has been commenced in one of the Courts in Utah Territory, by one Thomas J. Drake, of Pontiac, (Mich.) against Obed F. Strickland, for the recovery of $2,800, as promised by a promissory note, dated Washington city, March 29, 1869, in which Mr. Strickland promises to pay to Mr. Drake, or to his order, $700 on the 1st of October, 1869, and a like sum on the 1st of January, 1870, and on the 1st day of July, 1870, and on the 1st day of January, 1871; but providing that no payments falling due after the maker's death can be collected There is something more than meets the eye in this business. Drake, at the time this note was made, was a Judge of the United States Court, in Utah, and Strickland was in Washington after an office. He proposed to Drake that if he would resign and get him his place (a four year's berth) he would give him the first year's salary. Drake resigned and Strickland was made his successor, served his four years, but forgot to pay Drake the money he promised, wherefore, as the declaration doubtless states it, he brings suit. Here is another specimen of the success of Grant in his selections for public office. A vacancy sold and a judicial commission purchased.

LARGE BED OF UMBER FOUND.—There has been found in Eldred township, Schuylkill county, an immense bed of the finest American umber. It is in the Mahantongo Valley, about ten miles from Ashland. The discovery of this valuable mineral has tended to raise the value of property in that section of the country, and will open up a new branch of industry. Umber, according to Chamber, is a mineral used as a pigment, and is a variety of the iron ore called hematite, consisting chiefly of oxide of iron, with some oxide of manganese, silicia, alumina and water. It is of a dark brown color, soft and earthy, and has a conchroidal fracture. It imbibes water freely, and falls to pieces like newly burnt lime. When roasted it becomes reddish-brown in color, and in that state can be used as an artist's color. It is also used for coloring porcelain.—*Pottsville Standard.*

General Garfield is out in another letter to his constituents, explanatory of his course in the back pay steal. The Cincinnati *Times* suggests that after he gets through with his explanations upon this point he try his hand at his connection with the Credit Mobilier rascality. Better "give it up" altogether, like a hard conundrum.

A SALVO FOR CALDWELL.—Ex-Senator Caldwell made a good thing out of army transportation in 1866. He has just been allowed a claim for such services amounting to $306,854. That will salve over his being compelled to retire from the Senate, or, if he prefers, buy his way back.

Announcements.

Primary Election, Saturday, June 7.

PRINTER'S FEE.

Assembly	$10	District Attorney	$10
Sheriff	10	County Commissioner	5
Treasurer	10	County Auditor	5
Jury Commissioner	5		

This includes 6,000 tickets for each candidate. Those wishing more will be charged $2 per thousand extra. No name will be announced unless the cash accompanies the order.

ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. T. J. BOYER, of Clearfield, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. J. W. POTTER, of Karthaus township, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of JAMES SAVAGE, of New Washington, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. ROSS McPHERSON, of Clearfield, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of WILLIAM M. BLOOM, of Pike township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. V. CARPENTER, of Osceola, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

TREASURER.

We are authorized to announce the name of WILLIAM W. WORRALL, of Clearfield, as a candidate for Treasurer, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of DAVID W. WISE, of Jordan township, as a candidate for Treasurer, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN OWENS, of Pike township, as a candidate for Treasurer, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. G. KRAMER, of Lawrence township, as a candidate for District Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of FRANK FIELDING, of Clearfield, as a candidate for District Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of CLARK BROWN, of Lawrence township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of GILBERT S. TOZER, of Chest township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN D. MILLER, of Chest township, as a candidate for County Commissione, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

JURY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of JOHN W. SHUGART, of Clearfield, as a candidate for Jury Commissioner, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

AUDITOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of GEORGE R. HALL, of Lawrence township, as a candidate for County Auditor, subject to the action of the Democratic party at the primary election.

New Advertisements.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Clearfield County, Pa.

Ellie Catharine Smith by her next friend Edward Carey vs. Thomas M. Smith. | No. 86 March T. 1874. Alias Sub. Sur Divorce.

The undersigned commissioner appointed by the Court to take testimony in the above stated case, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the office of Cyrus Gordon, Esq., in the borough of Clearfield, on Thursday, May 29th, 1873, at 2 o'clock p. m., when and where those interested may attend if they see proper. DAN'L W. McCURDY, Commissioner.
May 7, 1873.-3t

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, commencing on the 1st Monday (being the 2d day) of June, A. D. 1873.

Account of David Dressler, guardian of minor children of James Flegal, late of Goshen township, deceased.
Account of John Witherow, executor of the last will and testament of Isabella Thomas, deceased.
Account of John Witherow, guardian of Lydia Hegarty, minor child of R. B. Hegarty, late of Woodward township, deceased.
Final account of Henry J. Mead and Mary E. Leonard, administrators of John Leonard, late of Goshen township, deceased.
Final account of Zach. McNaul, executor of Joseph Smeal, late of Pike township, deceased.
Account of John C. Tyler, guardian of Almeda Radebaugh, minor child of Austin S. Brown, deceased.
Final account of Mary Spencer, administratrix of James Spencer, late of Penn township, dec'd.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Clearfield, Pa., May 9, 1873-tc. } A. W. LEE, Register.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Hon. C. A. MAYER, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the Twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton—and Hon. WILLIAM C. FOLEY and Hon. JOHN J. READ, Associate Judges of Clearfield county, have issued their precept, to me directed, for the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphans' Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at the Court House at Clearfield, in and for the county of Clearfield, commencing on the first Monday, 2d day of June, 1873, and to continue two week.

NOTICE IS, therefore, hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, in and for said county of Clearfield, to appear in their proper persons, with their Records, Rolls, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done.

GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 7th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.
JUSTIN J. PIE, Sheriff.

THE VERY BEST THING in the market for agents. No competition—large profits. WENDELL & FRANCIS,
4:7-4t 436 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

J. R. M'MURRAY

WILL SUPPLY YOU WITH ANY ARTICLE OF MERCHANDISE AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICE. COME AND SEE. (3:5:73:y)

NEW WASHINGTON.

LUMBER CITY UNION MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMY.

The first term of this school will commence on the First Monday of May, 1873, under the superintendency of the Rev. J. C. Grier, a graduate of Jefferson College, who is now permanently located in Lumber City, and has consented to teach the school. He is a gentleman of merit, and has had several years experience in teaching.

Tuition payable one-half in advance; the balance at the middle of the term.

Common English branches	$6 00
Higher "	8 00
Classics "	10 00

Length of term eighteen weeks. No deduction for absence, unless in case of protracted illness.

Books used are Mitchell's Geography, Brooks's Intellectual and Written Arithmetics, Hurtt's English Grammar, Davies' Elementary Algebra, Bullion's Latin and Greek Readers, Geometry, Davies' Legender Science of Things, Familiar Brewer.

The Lumber City Academy is located in Lumber City, Clearfield county, Pa., six miles west of Curwensville, the terminus of the Tyrone & Clearfield Railroad, and is remote from the dissipations and demoralizing influences which abound in many larger places. A prudent patronage is solicited. Board can be had at $3.50 per week. For further particulars address the Principal, or one of the Directors.

DIRECTORS.

G. H. Lytle,	Wm. M. Henry,
Martin Watts,	D. W. Hoyt,
R. C. Hamilton,	D. L. Ferguson,
Wm. L. Moore,	Alex. Ferguson,
H. W. Spencer,	Dr. D. O. Crouch.

Lumber City, April 26, 1873.

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of BASIL CROWELL, deceased, late of Graham township, Clearfield county, Pa., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.
JACOB WISE,
my7-6t. Administrator, C. T. A.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JAMES LOCKET, deceased, late of Woodward township, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
FANNY LOCKET,
WM. H. LOCKET,
my7-6t Executors.

DR. H. B. VAN VALZAH.
Office next door to Hartswick & Irwin's Drug Store, up stairs.
5:7 CLEARFIELD, PA. 6m
REFERENCES.—Dr. R. V. Wilson, Dr. J. G. Hartswick, Faculty of Jefferson Medical College.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

A NEW BRICK YARD.

W. S. PLUMMER & CO., having started a new and extensive Brick Yard in Clearfield, are prepared to make contracts for first class Red Brick, in large or small quantities.
Orders and correspondence solicited. Information can be obtained by calling at Ryndex's Music Store, or by addressing
W. S. PLUMMER & CO.,
my7-tf Clearfield, Pa.

SHINGLE MACHINE FOR SALE.
One 20-horse power portable Engine and Boiler, with Shingle and Belting Machine and Drag Saw fixtures all complete, with line shaft and belting. This is one of the Buckeye Shingle Machines, Hall's patent. Capacity for cutting 25,000 shingles in 10 hours. All in good condition and will be sold at a bargain.
my7-2t WEAVER & BETTS.

JOB PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION neatly executed at this office.

New Advertisements.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby warned against harboring or trusting my wife Elizabeth on my account, she having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, and I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting unless compelled by law.
BENJAMIN C. FISHER.
Rockton, April 30, 1873.-3t

WM. R. MORGAN,
CLEARFIELD, PA. Agent for the
ATWOOD PLOWS.
Farmers in need of Plows will do well to call at my farm in Lawrence township, and examine the improved Atwood right and left handed and side hill Plows, which I am selling very cheap for cash. ap30-6m

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of George Beams, late of the State of Missouri, dec'd., will sell at public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, said county, on
THURSDAY, MAY, 22d, 1873,
at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate of said deceased, to-wit: All that certain tract of land, situate in Morris township, said county, bounded by lands of Daniel Beams and others, containing ONE HUNDRED AND NINETY-FOUR ACRES, more or less. The improvements consist of a good TWO-STORY PLANK HOUSE, 26x28 feet, with kitchen attached, FRAME BARN 50 by about 56 feet, and other outbuildings. GOOD ORCHARD on the premises. The property is also underlaid with coal. About one hundred acres of the tract is cleared and under a good state of cultivation.
TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money cash upon confirmation of sale; one-third in one year, and the balance in two years thereafter, the latter two payments, with interest from date of sale, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. DANIEL BEAMS,
April 23, '73, 4-t. Administrator.

AN ORDINANCE.—Be it enacted by the Burgess and Town Council, and it is hereby ordered by the authority of the same: 1st. That hereafter no person shall be permitted to use or occupy any street or portion of street for the purpose of laying thereon building material, or of erecting scaffolding or other appliances connected with the erection of any building, except they first obtain from the Clerk of the Town Council a permit to use the same, and every person shall pay for said permit the sum of five dollars, except when said permit grants the use of Second or Market streets, when they shall pay the sum of ten dollars.
2d. The Clerk shall grant no permit to any owner or builder for a longer period than six months—or to use any other portion of the street than the half of the street fronting the premises on which the said building is to be erected.
A. C. TATE, Burgess.
Attest: E. C. JOHNSON, Sec'y. ap23-4t

S. I. SNYDER,
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER
AND DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
Opposite Court House,
Second Street, CLEARFIELD, PA.
All kinds of repairing in my line promptly attended to. April 23, 1873.

GUNSMITHING.
G. W. WOLFE,
PRACTICAL GUNSMITH.
Shop on Third street, over Riley's blacksmith shop, CLEARFIELD, PA.
All kinds of Rifles and Shot Guns on hand. Repairing done in a first-class manner and at fair prices. 3:26'73

LOOK AND READ!

SADDLE & HARNESS MAKING!

JOHN C. HARWICK,
Market St., CLEARFIELD,