



GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1872.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT, HON. HORACE GREELEY, OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, B. GRATZ BROWN, OF MISSOURI.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR, CHARLES R. BUCKALEW, OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE, JAMES THOMPSON, OF ERIC COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, WILLIAM HARTNEY, OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE, HENRICK B. WRIGHT, Luzerne county; RICHARD VAUX, Philadelphia; JAMES H. HOPKINS, Pittsburgh.

Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention.

- Jeremiah S. Black, York; George W. Woodard, Luzerne; William Bigler, Clearfield; Frank H. Gorman, Philadelphia; Robert A. Lamberton, Harrisburg; A. A. Purman, Wayneburg; James Ellis, Potomac; George M. Butler, Philadelphia; John A. Campbell, Philadelphia; William H. Corbett, Clarion; William H. Smith, Luzerne county; William J. Day, Somerset; S. C. T. Dodd, Franklin; Samuel H. Reynolds, Lancaster.

RENOWNED LOCALS, EDWARD COWLES, of Westminster; GEORGE W. SKRIBNER, of Franklin; WASHINGTON H. BROWN, of Luzerne; S. GRAY, of York; J. S. T. DODD, of Franklin; S. GRAY, of York.

Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention.

- 1. Thomas J. Barger, D. Lowenberg; 2. Stephen D. Anderson, 11. Jesse McKnight; 3. John Madala, 12. Henry Walsh; 4. George B. Berrell, 13. Henry J. Stahl; 5. T. E. Elrod, 14. W. M. Christy; 6. Isiah B. Haupt, 15. William F. Logan; 7. Samuel A. Dyer, 16. Roswell Brown; 8. Jesse H. Hawley, 17. P. M. Robinson; 9. Hiram B. Swart, 18. J. R. Mollen; 10. B. Kelly, 19. T. H. Stevenson; 11. John Rankin, 20. J. K. Herriott; 12. Fred W. Gunter, 21. George W. Miller.

Democratic County Ticket.

For Delegate to Constitutional Convention, W. M. McCULLOUGH, of Clearfield, Subject to the action of the District Conference.

FOR ASSEMBLY, JOHN LAWSHE, of Oscoda.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER, JOHN D. THOMPSON, of Curwensville.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR, JAMES H. HILE, of Lumber City.

"All on the floor," is a very interesting legislative document, which will be found on our first page.

Bowen, the late Post Master and Mayor of Washington, terms "the government" a black log, or words to that effect. See first page.

The New York Herald says Judge Black's letter is "a stinging indictment of Grant's administration, before the Court of popular indictment."

Our, Too.—That eminent jurist and intellectual democratic giant, Jeremiah S. Black, has published a letter delecting himself for Greeley. It shall appear next week.

STILL DRIFTING.—With all the sugar-coating that "the bread and butter brigade" can give their smoking candidate, thousands are daily refusing to take the dose. And it augurs well for the country.

STRANGE COMPANY.—That eminent christian and Sunday School organizer, Ex-Gov. Pollock, has taken the stump for the Cameron corruption ring. He evidently wants Evans to divide with him.

IN TROUBLE.—Ex Governor Curtin's position on the Presidential question troubles our Radical brethren amazingly. Well, it may, especially if he undertakes to "knock hell out of" somebody, as Cameron threatened to do not long since.

TO STRENGTHEN IT.—Wm. D. Forten, one of the three names for elector at large on the Grant ticket is a negro. The Radical newspapers say his name was put on the ticket to strengthen it. We have no doubt it will. So would any negro, in dog days.

TOO MUCH.—Sadie Paulhamus, of Williamsport walked to the river bank on Thursday last jumped in and drowned herself, because her lover, "Eddie," refused to marry her. She left a long letter behind to mourn her demise. Sadie lacked spunk.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONFERENCE.—When and where shall this conference meet? The time is at hand when the nominations should be made, and yet neither time nor place has been agreed upon. Let the Chairmen of the county Committees in this Senatorial District at once settle the matter. We say meet at Tyrone?

CLINTON'S NOMINEES.—The Democrats of Clinton county last week nominated the following excellent ticket: Assembly, Col. A. C. Noyes; Constitutional Convention, Geo. A. Aughenbaugh; Sheriff, J. W. Fleming; Commissioner, Jacob Getz; Auditor, Wm. H. Clough. Mr. Aughenbaugh appointed as his Conferees Messrs L. A. Mackey, W. H. Brown and

North Carolina.

It appears that the government troops, negroes, carpet baggers and scalwags, have counted in the Radical candidate for Governor. Caldwell has made himself Governor, just as Louis Napoleon used to elect himself President and Emperor over the French, by stuffing the ballot boxes two or three days after the election.

That the Democrats carried the State by 10,000 to 15,000 majority, every white man in the State believes. Yet, their candidate for Governor is counted out. The election was conducted on the Philadelphia-Gray-McClure plan, although the Democrats have carried all the other State offices and the Legislature by a large majority.

The Raleigh correspondent of the New York Herald, who was at the State Capital, ever since the day before the election, in referring to the frauds perpetrated says:

"In Halifax county, in the east, the census of voting population, as shown by official returns, was in 1870, 4,425. The vote that county the same year was 4,277, or 122 in excess of the voting population. This year the fraud there is still greater, the whole vote being 4,307, an increase of 120 votes over the vote of 1870 and of 832 votes at the election just held over the voting population. In one precinct in Brunswick eighty more votes were cast than were registered. In Harnett township, New Hanover, one or two companies, with arms, marched to the polls. In the first ward at Wilmington, and other precincts of that county, some registered after Sunday and on the day of election. Having had Radical County Commissioners, the voters are now registered on the same course, not through out. There is no doubt of fraud in Columbus and Bladen. They are believed to be general throughout the Third Congressional district, and, in fact, throughout the State.

Such is the outrageous conduct of creatures who are acting under oath, and are supported and applauded by men who claim to be Christians, and running over with patriotism. If the Devil has any livelier agents on this continent, than those North Carolinians, it would be well for all persons possessed with the desire of fair dealing to keep everything they own under lock and key when one of them passes around.

RIGHT TO THE POINT.—W. J. Fowler, for twelve years of the Rochester Express, has published a personal explanation why he cannot longer support the Grant Administration. It is an able, straightforward statement, such as we should expect from such a man. He says he should be sorry to see the Republican party die.

The Cincinnati platform is the best declaration of the Republican principles and of the true Democratic principles we have ever had. It recognizes all the good in the old Republican party, but rebukes the evils that have grown up under its administration.—The old Republican party could not possibly give the country the reforms it needs. It has had unlimited power for twelve years, and if it desired change why has it not made it? Reform must come, if at all, from the opposition, a fact which millions of voters anxious for reform will not be long in discovering. He thinks Mr. Greeley will be elected, and that his administration will rank with those of Washington and Jefferson.

THE PATRIOT'S TEST.—Politicians, like other people, should give a substantial reason for every thing they do. This we think General Banks did when he renounced Grantism and said: "Against my wishes and my personal interests I am compelled to believe and to say that the perpetuation of the present policy of the government is not for the advantage of the country and that it will not tend to establish its former good and prosperity nor to promote the interests of any class of citizens. No personal feeling of any form or character enters into this judgment. It is in view of general principles and public interests alone that I am led to this conclusion." Those are the words of a patriot, and show that Gen. Banks understands his true position as a Congressman, although he may have been rather late in arriving at a proper conclusion. Another "Union slider" converted and saved from the whirlpool of disunion. The Godfather of disunionists, Wm. Lloyd Garrison, may yet be saved from the hands of a mob or the felloe's doom by studying and practicing true Democracy.

MERITED REBUKE.—It is now certain that the Confederate Quarter Master Settle, the Grant candidate for Congress in the Fifth district of North Carolina, is defeated. A merited punishment for one of the most consummate humbugs and scoundrels in the country. Settle was an original secessionist; then became a "trooly loil" man; then presented himself as a government spy and witness, swearing there were "40,000 Ku Klux, armed and equipped, in North Carolina;" was appointed Minister to Peru; drew his outfit and salary and stayed at home to work for Grant; and finally was made President of the Philadelphia Convention. The defeat of such a man, like Lincoln's big debt, "is a national blessing." No more finished demagogue lives in the Old North State.

COMING OUT.—The letters of Gen. Farnsworth, Congressman from Illinois, Senator Sumner and Gen. Banks, of Massachusetts, followed by that of State Senator Billingsfield, of our own State, all renouncing Grantism, has startled the present takers and backers of the loss of North Carolina (the Governor afterwards counted in) alarmed the ring exceedingly, but the turning of the brightest intellects of their party from the error of their ways, is sowing discord broad cast throughout the Radical ranks, and it looks now as though nothing but tar would be left.

The Disfranchised.

The Confederate leader, Gen. Joe Johnson, has written a letter to Col. Ashley, of Missouri, in which among other things he denies that he is for Grant, as announced by the Radical Cincinnati Commercial. Gen. Johnson, with Gen. Bragg, Gen. Longstreet, Gen. Hill, Gen. Dick Taylor and all the other first class confederates are in favor of the Liberal movement, while but a few of the second and third rate generals are for Grant. And they are promised plan for upon the same plan it was offered to Gen. Schurz and hundreds of others. Gen. Johnston says:

"Assure all our old comrades that you are with us, that the story of the Cincinnati Commercial is false. I have had no consultation with W. S. Robinson of Charlottesville on any subject; he has never said anything favoring Grant's reelection. On the contrary, being a thorough Democrat, I would have preferred a Democratic candidate, but as Horace Greeley is nominated by our party, I sincerely hope every Democrat and Liberal Republican will vote for him. Being disfranchised I take no public part in politics, but to my friends I do not hesitate to express my feelings and opinions on political subjects. I think the overthrow of the present administration necessary to any hope of constitutional government, and feel that the continuance of the Democratic party is necessary. Tell my war associates for me that they are the people I love of all others in the world next to my wife."

TYRONE AWARE.—The Altoona Sun says: A Democratic and liberal Republican club was formed in Tyrone on Tuesday last under the most favorable auspices. The following is a partial list of the officers:

President—D. F. Ray, Esq., Liberal Republican.

Directors—Sam'l Berlin, Dr. Burket, J. S. Thompson, Dr. Calderwood, J. S. Holmes and Geo. Guyer, Liberal Republicans; and W. A. McConjony, Isaac Miller, W. C. Irvin, Dr. Christy, Capt. Aults, and B. F. Gibbons, Democrats.

Although but two days have passed since its organization, we are informed that its membership already embraces over one hundred and fifty names.—Let the friends of the good work in other places do likewise.

VERY STUPID.—The Radical leaders seem to be blundering ahead as though defeat was not staring them in the face. They are either ignorant or blind. Col. Forney sees it. In the Press of the 5th he says:

"There should be no doubt about the success of any ticket put in the hands of the people. Two objectionable candidates, whose election has been quite out of the question since the day of the Harrisburg Convention."

THE MAN MUST BE VERY STUPID who misinterprets the coming political storm, which will overwhelm Radicalism.

RATHER BIG.—The Sioux City (Iowa) Journal says that a terrible hail and wind storm passed over that section of the State on the 5th doing great damage to person and property. Some of the hail stones were as large as hen's eggs and from that up to fourteen inches in circumference. The terrible storm will be a severe blow to the settlers in northwestern Iowa and eastern Dakota, as the prospects for a heavy yield of corn were excellent but are now completely ruined.

ON THE SPREAD.—The political elements are becoming so disturbed that even the Green Mountain folks are alarmed. The Liberal Republicanism has broken out in Vermont, (which territory has always been loyal,) to that extent that the leaders of the movement expect to haul 15,000 votes on the Democratic column in November next, and elect the whole State and electoral ticket over the Grant straight-outers.

GENTLEMEN.—The Belleville negroes have organized a Grant Club in that loyal borough. The brethering meet in the "colored church," where they give vent to their enthusiastic fumes. Well it's all right, so far as we are concerned, if it only contributes to Grant's sobriety during the balance of his term. The whites having failed to restrain him, it's well enough that the blacks should try their hands at church clubs.

A TRUCULENT MAY.—Please answer.—Due to the editor of the Cameron Herald please answer: Is a truthful man?—Please answer.—Cameron Herald.

He air, when Horace Greeley tells us of the villainy and corruption of the Grant Administration, he believes he tells the truth every time. Do you believe Gen. Grant to be a truthful man?—If so how do you get over the fact that Johnson proved by all the cabinet officers that near the day and Carl Schurz has now proved it again by Gen. Pleasonton?—Cameron Herald.

There, smoke that. Was that what you asked for, Post Office Agent?

ELECTIONS.—West Virginia holds her election on the 15th—tomorrow—California and Vermont on the 2d of Sept., Maine on the 3d; Dakota, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, Ohio and Pennsylvania on the 8th of October, South Carolina on the 10th and all the other States on the 5th of November, the day of the Presidential election.

ANOTHER.—Hon. Galusha A. Grow, for 12 years a Congressman from the Bradford District, and Speaker four years of that period, has declared for Greeley and Buckalew.

REFINED.—Speaker Blaine of the United States House of Representatives made a speech at Ellsworth, Maine, recently, in the course of which he said:

It is only low-lived, mean, skulking Copperheads that make the charge of gift-taking against Grant; and these should be tarred and feathered.

Letter from Senator Buckalew.

HIS RECORD ON THE QUESTION OF SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.

Editor of the Locomotive Standard:

Six: The article you send me, cut from the Pittsburgh Commercial, is a remarkable specimen of mendacity, concocted upon the pretense of reciting my record in Congress.

I take pleasure in setting you in the article, for illustration:

"December 22, 1862. On an amendment to the Deficiency Appropriation bill, that no bounties except such as are now provided by law shall be paid to any person enlisting after the 15th day of January next." Mr. Buckalew voted nay."

Upon this the Commercial says:

"He voted against paying bounties to volunteers. He would have deprived the soldier of all bounties because he hated the cause for which they fought, and wanted to discourage the enlistment of volunteers."

In fact the bill in question was for an appropriation of twenty millions of dollars for the payment of bounties and advances on money received, and I was for it heartily and voted for its passage. The record shows that I was present and the bill passed unanimously. The amendment mentioned above, against which I voted, was an amendment to reduce bounties, or to prevent the military authorities from paying more than \$100 bounty for each soldier after 5th of January, 1864, whereas they were then paying \$300 under the President's proclamation of 17th of October, 1863. The President had called for three hundred thousand men and had promised this larger bounty to all who should come into the service before the 5th of January.

Following, except veterans re-enlisting, who were to receive \$400. The amendment was simply to prevent the President, by paying, or engaging to pay, under the President's proclamation, more than \$100 in the future. I was opposed to this amendment and voted against it, considering it to be unjust, and impracticable, unless, because it would discourage the filling of the army and limit the President's discretion in case of emergency; unjust because it would fix different rates of compensation for soldiers of equal merit and serving for equal terms, and wholly impracticable to carry out in the spirit of the country nor the manifest wish of the people to do so. I may add that it was not maintained afterwards, for the larger bounties were voted and paid. For instance, the joint resolution of January 16th, 1864, provided that the larger bounties should continue to be paid from the 5th of January to the 1st of March of that year, and by subsequent legislation the ground taken by me in my vote of 22d of December was fully assumed and endorsed by Congress.

This false imputation which I have exposed, is no more gross and unjust than many others in the article sent me, but I have taken it because it stands first in order among them, and constitutes a fair representative of the whole.

August 7, 1872.

Remorseless Radical Tyranny. Mr. Gerritt Smith, one of Grant's staunchest supporters, has come to the conclusion, after a visit to the Albany penitentiary, that a majority of those who have been condemned to imprisonment in that institution upon the charge of acting with the Ku Klux in South Carolina are innocent men. There are sixty-two of them, all told, and there is abundant evidence to prove that they were never fairly tried, and not legally convicted. The truth is, as now admitted by intelligent Republicans, that the Ku Klux trials were the veriest mockery of justice that ever disgraced any country pretending to be free. For political effect hundreds of men were seized by armed soldiers in time of profound peace and dragged to prison. A perfect reign of terror established the right of the word habeas corpus was denied to all who were seized. The Grand Jurors which indicted these men were mainly packed with negroes by United States Marshals, and the Petit Jurors which tried them in the United States Courts, were composed of like material chosen in a like manner. Courts thus constituted were organized to convict, and they did not disappoint the expectations of Grant and his advisors. Mr. Gerritt Smith recommends the immediate release of a number of those who have been sent to the Albany penitentiary by such a prostitution and mockery of the forms of Justice. When the full inquiry of unlawful proceedings comes to be understood, the popular verdict of condemnation against all who were engaged in them will be overwhelming.

The apologists for the infamous Treasury Ring beg the question. It may be as difficult to comprehend as Cameron with Robert W. Mackey as it was for the outside world to define the exact relation between Fagin and the Artful Dodger; but what we have proved is that there has been a wholesale speculation with the money of the sinking fund by the State Treasurer, and that Auditor General John P. Hartnutt has, from his official position, been a party to the same. Cameron and Mackey were not participants in it. No personal attack upon the Press will dispose of these facts, or those that are to follow them.

Nearly "Killed."—Poor old Wendell Phillips is nearly flattened out since Sumner, Banks, Farnsworth & Co. have deserted the smoker. In alluding to the situation he says: "I have already written for Grant as against Greeley, and shall take a more active part, for I feel what is at stake. Greeley is simply wax in the hands of traitors. How sad Sumner's act! I cannot understand it. It is the great mistake of his life—a terrible fall!" How alarming! The old man has prayed and preached, and preached and prayed, for forty years, for a dissolution of the Union, and being on his last legs he no doubt fears he must expire before his darling object is accomplished.

CHRAP.—The Grantites seem highly pleased that Gen. John A. Dix will support Grant, just what he did two years ago, as well as Lincoln, before him. Dix made a good deal of noise during the war, but he never hurt anybody, and he will no doubt pursue the same policy still. He is a cheap flag hero.

A CHANGE.—Somebody has been writing for the Elk Advocate for several weeks back, much to the delight of the readers of that "loil" organ.

Common Sense.

Mr. Vicker's new Chicago theater will open August 15. There are just two things in this life for which we are never prepared, and that is twigs.

Mrs. Gen. Lander is traveling in Europe, and writes that she will be home in November next.

Chelton R. Winslow, son of Admiral Winslow, committed suicide by shooting himself, in San Francisco, on the 11th.

Hon. Henry D. Foster was on the 7th re-nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Twenty-first Pennsylvania District.

A Greeley and Brown club has been organized in Canadaigua, with ex-Gov. Myron H. Clark as President. He was the last Whig Governor of the State.

George T. Anthony holds a Federal office at Leavenworth, Kansas, where, in a recent speech, he called Senator Sumner "a liar and a dog," and Senator Schurz "a foreign pimp."

In 1868 the Democratic candidate for President taken from the State of New York and the Vice President from Missouri. The nominee this year come from the same States.

Establishments are being formed in various parts of the country for the manufacture of rubber articles, in view of the expiration of the Good-year patent next fall.

"Ah, Mr. Simpkins, we have not chairs enough for our company," said a gay young wife to her frugal husband. "Plenty of chairs, dear, but too much company," replied Mr. Simpkins, with a knowing wink.

Wm. J. Gillingham, President of the Republican Inevitables of Philadelphia, has resigned his office and declared for the honest wood-chopper. Is this thing never going to stop?

John A. Magee, Esq., editor of the Perry County Democrat, is the choice of the Democrats of that county for congress. As the member is conceded to Perry, there would seem to be little doubt of his nomination and election.

Four years ago, when Grant was nominated, the Radical convention adopted as its motto, "Match him." Now about one-third of the Radicals have adopted as their motto, "Scratch him."

Horace Greeley has received the nomination of the largest convention of distinguished statesmen that ever met in the United States to nominate a President, and without any effort or solicitation on his part.

The Mobile Register, John Forsyth's paper, accepts the inevitable. It says: "We go for Greeley and Brown, because we cannot afford in the slightest degree to be responsible for the re-election of Grant and Wilson."

The Bedford and Bridgeport Railroad, extending from Mount Dallas—via the terminus of the Huntington & Broad Top Railroad—to Bridgeport on the Pittsburgh & Conestoga Railroad, has been leased by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and will be known as the Bedford Division.

An Honest Man's Reasons. Forney Press says: The Ring君子 wisely refrain from attacking Senator Billingsfield. At Harrisburg he has been housed among thieves, and he is in a day one of the most beloved public men in either party in the State. His reasons for declining to support Hartnutt and Allen cannot be too strongly enforced upon the people of the State:

First. Because the State claims against the General Government, amounting to nearly three millions of dollars, were permitted too long to slumber in the hands of irresponsible parties, and all information in regard to the same, such as the plain act of Assembly requires, withheld by the Auditor General from the public and denied to individuals who had the right to demand such information.

Second. Because the sinking fund, of which the Auditor General is one of the commissioners, and who holds the balance of power in the board, has been used to a large extent by individual favorites for speculative purposes, instead of being applied to the purpose for which it was solely created—the extinguishment of the public debt.

Third. Because due diligence has not been used, nor have proper efforts been made, to "reduce our State debt as rapidly as funds in the Treasury may justify."

Fourth. Because on several occasions both General Hartnutt and General Allen participated conspicuously in attempts to procure legislation which would have increased the debt of the Commonwealth millions more.

HARD UP.—If ever a set of poor devils were put to a trial, to get material for the Liberator, it is in a link in the hands of the Liberator's editors. Although Buckalew voted, when in the U. S. Senate, for millions of money and thousands of men to put down the rebellion, he is nevertheless a rebel. All this because he was employed to defend his neighbors, men, apprehended in Columbia county during the war, by a set of political shysters, and he said that the Liberator had the opportunity to exercise their malice and ill-will against them. Bah! If we had no other reason to act and vote against a man than this, we would be ashamed to exhibit its meanness in the columns of a newspaper.

A MATTER OF TASTE.—The Augusta (Me.) Journal, Speaker Blaine's paper says:

It would be better for the country to have Grant for President, though drunk every day, than to have Greeley President, though sober.

New Advertisements.

FARM FOR SALE! FOR SALE OR RENT! 4 VALUABLE FARMS, IN CLEARFIELD COUNTY, OFFERED FOR SALE OR RENT.

CALL AND SEE! "What I Know about Farming."

THE GARDEN OF UNION TOWNSHIP, OWNED BY PHILIP F. BLANCHARD, ESQ.

OFFERED AT PRIVATE SALE!

150 Acres of Land, over 100 ACRES of which are cleared and under a high state of cultivation, with an Orchard of 200 Apple Trees.

Two-story Plank House

ALSO, A FARM BARN

A TENANT HOUSE

150,000,000 Feet of Lumber

THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF David Roland, decd.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE!

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned

AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—The Clearfield County Agricultural Society will hold a Fair, on the grounds of the Park Association, beginning on the 28th of September, and continuing through the 1st and 3d of October.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of JAS. ZEIGLER, deceased, late of Newburg, Clearfield County, Pa., and having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly substantiated for settlement without delay.

NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY! The undersigned hereby gives notice to all persons who have not settled their accounts up to May 1st, 1872, to come forward immediately and settle, or he will be compelled to place their accounts in the hands of an attorney for collection.

E. A. BIGLER & CO., DEALERS IN SQUARE TIMBER, AND MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF SAWED LUMBER.

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CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with any real estate owned by or in the name of the late Mrs. Mary Ann Bigler, deceased, until she has been duly satisfied.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby notified that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of the late Mrs. Mary Ann Bigler, deceased, and will receive all claims against her estate, and will pay the same as they may be proved.

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Banks.

Clearfield County Bank. The Clearfield County Bank is an incorporated bank, authorized by the act of the Legislature in 1828, and has been in operation since that time.