The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 19, 1872.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
JAMES THOMPSON,
OF ERIE COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
WILLIAM HARTLEY,
OF BEDFORD COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
HENDRICK B. WRIGHT, Luzerne county.
RICHARD VAUX, Philadelphia.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Pittsburgh.

Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention.

Jeremiah S. Black, York.
George W. Woodward, Luzerne.
William Bigler, Clearfield.
Frank B. Gowan, Philadelphia.
Robert A. Lamberton, Harrisburg.
A. A. Purman, Waynesburg.
James Ellis, Pottsville.
George M. Dallas, Philadelphia.
John A. Campbell, Philadelphia.
William L. Corbett, Clarion.
William H. Smith, Allegheny.
William J. Baer, Somerset.
S. C. T. Dodd, Franklin.
Samuel H. Reynolds, Lancaster.

Democratic County Ticket.

For Delegate to Constitutional Convention,
WM. M. McCULLOUGH, of Clearfield.
Subject to the action of the District Conference.

FOR ASSEMBLY,
JOHN LAWSHE, of Osceola.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
JOHN D. THOMPSON, of Curwensville.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR,
JAMES H. HILE, of Lumber City.

OUR COUNTY NOMINEES.—By the official proceedings of the Return Judges elsewhere in this issue, it will be noticed that William M. McCullough, Esq., of this borough, is the nominee for member to the Constitutional Convention; Hon. John Lawshe, of Osceola, for Assembly; Hon. John D. Thompson, of Curwensville, for Commissioner; and Mr. James H. Hile, of Lumber City, for County Auditor. These gentlemen are unexceptionable, and will be handsomely endorsed by the people next October. At some future time we will refer to the particular merits of the respective canditates.

The peculiar feature is, that all our nominees are residents of a borough. New Washington is the only borough in the county not represented on the ticket. Had there been another officer to elect, that Democratic stronghold would no doubt have been represented, too.

THE RADICAL NOMINEES.—A riotous assemblage met in the Court House on Tuesday evening, 11th, and nominated the following gentlemen, who by the way are all extreme Radicals: Mr. A. C. Finney, for Constitutional Convention, D. W. McCurdy, Esq., for Assembly, Mr. Thomas Leonard, for County Commissioner, and Mr. A. I. Shaw for Auditor. The nominees all reside in this borough except Mr. Leonard, who is a resident of Girard township. He declined the nomination when tendered, but the riotous assemblage insisted on him being the candidate. At least 3,000 voters will be with Mr. Leonard next October and insist on his declension.

Mr. Finney is a number one banker and log dealer, but illy qualified for a constitution manufacturer. Esq. McCurdy is a good lawyer, but has no qualification for Assembly. Mr. Leonard is the equal of Greeley in the farming line, but has no taste for the onerous duties of Commissioner. Mr. "Archy" Shaw is a first class druggist, which suits him much better than adding up long columns of figures.

Upon the whole, we think the citizens of Clearfield county will not insist upon these gentlemen abandoning their respective callings by about 1,500 majority next October.

FLEXIBLE PENSION LAW.—A loyalist named Collins, while acting as Pension Agent, defrauded the Treasury out of $40,000, and was *dismissed*—not prosecuted—for the robbery. The Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald*, of the 12th, says:

Mrs. Collins, wife of Dr. W. T. Collins, late Pension Agent in this city, called on the Second Comptroller to-day to learn whether her husband is still entitled to a pension, he being a defaulter to the government. The Second Comptroller informed her that her husband's defalcation does not invalidate his claim to a pension, under a law of Congress passed in 1830, and that he would continue to receive his pension the same as other pensioners.

The success of this unparalleled piece of impudence will drive every Treasury robber to apply for a pension. We presume Mrs. Collins wants to buy a Dolly Varden dress, and the Doctor being a little "short" the wife applies to the United States Treasury for funds.

MORTIFIED.—The "loyal" country cousins who were present at the mob gathering in the Court House on the night of the 11th, were highly disgusted with the conduct of Radical factions on that occasion, and many so expressed themselves in our hearing the next day, when all were sober.

HO FOR LONG BRANCH!—The moment Congress adjourns, Grant is off for Long Branch and the cottage presented to him by Tom Murphy; Tom being appointed collector of the port at New York. "Know all men by *these presents*."

Democratic County Convention.

In accordance with the rules regulating the action of the Democratic party of Clearfield county, the Return Judges from the several boroughs and townships met in the Arbitration Room, in the Court House, at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, the 11th inst., for the purpose of casting up the returns and disposing of such other business as might properly be brought before them.

In the absence of the Chairman of the County Committee, the Secretary, D. L. Krebs, Esq., called the Convention to order. On motion Ex-Sheriff Howe, Return Judge from Clearfield, was elected to preside over the Convention, and I. G. Barger, of Bradford, and Lewis C. Bloom, of Lawrence, were elected Secretaries.

The election districts being called in alphabetical order it was ascertained that Return Judges were present from all except Boggs, Burnside, Gulich, Huston and Woodward. The clerks then proceeded to tally the votes polled at the election on Saturday previous as follows:

DISTRICTS.	CONS. CONVENTION. Mason	CONS. CONVENTION. McCullough	ASSEMBLY—Lawshe	COMMISSIONERS. Thompson	COMMISSIONERS. Tosset	COMMISSIONERS. Bloom	COMMISSIONERS. Dunling	AUDITOR—Hile
Beccaria	11	31	26	15	....	27	....	26
Bell	15	13	23	4	19	....	....	23
Bloom	2	25	15	17	1	5	1	22
Boggs	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Bradford	5	5	18	4	7	....	....	9
Brady	64	29	92	38	2	65	....	94
Burnside	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Chest	26	85	87	1	122	4	....	64
Covington	15	....	15	14	....	1	....	14
Clearfield	42	121	129	40	30	27	25	122
Curwensville	20	33	45	52	2	4	....	46
Decatur	21	10	31	11	20	....	....	31
Ferguson	11	5	17	11	8	2	....	18
Girard	12	....	12	12	....	....	....	12
Goshen	7	2	8	9	....	....	....	4
Graham	3	14	15	16	1	....	1	15
Gulich	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Huston	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Jordan	17	8*	23	4	20	4	....	12
Karthaus	3	....	3	....	3	....	....	3
Knox	20	14	35	15	....	19	1	32
Lawrence	47	85	107	42	44	22	19	107
Lumber City	13	20	31	4	6	23	....	21
Morris	36	12	40	14	27	7	....	43
New Washington	11	26	28	13	24	1	....	18
Osceola	4	10	17	9	4	....	....	12
Penn	32	6	37	21	6	4	6	25
Pike	51	33	81	45	2	46	2	74
Union	15	2	15	16	....	....	2	17
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	503	581	942	427	348	265	87	864
Majorities	....	78	....	79	....	....	....	....

The clerks agreeing in their tally the President of the Convention proclaimed the following gentlemen duly nominated, viz:

For Delegate to the Constitutional Convention, Wm. M. McCullough, Esq.

For Assembly, Hon. John Lawshe.

For County Commissioner, Hon. J. D. Thompson.

For County Auditor, James H. Hile.

At this stage of the proceedings a motion was made and prevailed to proceed to the election of Chairman and Secretary of the County Committee for 1873. David L. Krebs was thereupon nominated and elected to the position of Chairman, and J. F. McKenrick, of Curwensville, was elected Secretary.

The following resolutions were offered by L. C. Bloom and adopted by the Convention:

Resolved, That J. W. Potter, of Karthaus, Frank Fielding, of Clearfield, and Henry Kerns, of Curwensville, be chosen as Congressional Conferees to meet the Conferees from the other counties in the district to nominate a candidate for Congress, with power to substitute.

Resolved, That in accordance with the custom of the Democratic party, the nominee of the county for Delegate to the Constitutional Convention be empowered to select his own conferees to meet those of the other counties of the district.

The following letter of resignation of J. Blake Walters as Chairman of the County Committee, was then presented to the president of the Convention and read:

CLEARFIELD, PA. June 7th, 1872.

To the Democratic County Convention:

GENTLEMEN—My business duties make it impossible for me to give our party as much of my time as would be necessary to attend properly to the duties of Chairman during the coming campaigns, and I therefore tender this my resignation, and ask that the Convention pass a resolution making the Chairman elected for 1873 to serve from 1st July, 1872, in addition to the year 1873. With many thanks for the honors you have conferred upon me,

I am, very respectfully,
Your humble servant,
J. BLAKE WALTERS.

His resignation was accepted and I. G. Barger offered the following:

Resolved, That in view of the resignation of J. Blake Walters as Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, the Chairman elect, Mr. Krebs, be authorized to act as Chairman for his unexpired term from 1st July, 1872, to 1st July, 1873.

The Convention having performed its duties, adjourned *sine die*.

C. HOWE, Pres't.

I. G. BARGER, L. C. BLOOM, } Secretaries.

A "GOVERNMENT" JOB.—According to the laws of the land, mail robbers are usually assigned to the penitentiary. This was the rule until the Long Branch government made a change. Two years ago Charles H Hayden, a relative of Grant's, was arrested at Topeka, Kansas, for robbing the United States Mail, and two or three witnesses ready to prove the facts. The following correspondence will explain the whole matter:

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, WASHINGTON, Dec. 1871,

Albert H. Horton, United States Attorney at Chicago, Kansas:

SIR: In pursuance of the request of the Post Master General, a copy of whose letter is herewith transmitted, and of the direction of the President therein expressed, you will consent to the release of Charles H. Hayden, indicted in your district for robbing of the mails, upon the performance of the condition expressed in said letter.

Very respectfully,
A. T. AKERMAN, Attorney General.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 12, 1871.

SIR: By direction of the President a nolle prosequi is granted in the case of the United States vs. Charles H. Hayden, indicted at Topeka, Kansas, for robbery of the mails, and you are hereby respectfully requested to issue the necessary order for his release, on the condition of his making full restitution of the money which it is charged he has improperly taken, upon satisfactory proof of the same. I have the honor to be respectfully your obedient servant,

JOHN A. CRESWELL, Postmaster-General.

To Hon. A. T. Akerman, Attorney General.

"By direction of the President" his relative was liberated. Reader, what do you think of such a "government?"

HE ACCEPTS.—Radical journals inform the world that Grant has accepted the nomination of the Philadelphia Convention. Had he refused it would have been the first thing he ever did refuse.

An Outrageous Exhibition.

Tuesday night, June 11th, was the time, and the Court House the place agreed upon by the Radical roosters of this county to nominate a "loyal" county ticket.

The McEnally and Finney forces telescoped and threw the whole machine off the track, notwithstanding the able assistance furnished by "the government," in the persons of the Assessor of Internal Revenue and his zealous assistant.

Henderson, the Chairman, wavered; Showers surrendered; Russell, formerly of Penn, lately of North Carolina, but now of Lumber City, blowed; Murray speechified; Smith squeeled; McCurdy paced the floor; Finney gave three cheers for Grant, (but few helped him at that); McEnally talked; Fulford bellowed; Hemphill's *loil* bosom heaved until it took the shape of an old fashioned oven; while a score were calling, order! order!! and the balance could not be heard.

The conduct of the assemblage was disgraceful in the extreme, equal to that of a convention of Philadelphia roughs, and the surrender of the McEnally forces was very humiliating when two-thirds of the Convention favored his nomination for Delegate to the Constitutional Convention. It was evident that the noise made by the Finneyites alarmed the Judge, and he "took the water" in muskrat style. Finney had the boys, but the Judge had the veterans on his side, and yet surrendered.

Daniel, after Mr. Finney nominated him for Assembly, looked as though he was *the* lion in the den, yet he injured no one.

Mr. Leonard declined the nomination for Commissioner, but Finney made him take. At least 3,000 will decline with Mr. Leonard next fall.

Timely Admonition.

It is mortifying to us to know that there are editors and politicians in our organization, who assume to be Democrats above all others, that prate about not supporting Mr. Greeley, even if nominated by the National Democratic Convention. Then there is another class who assume to themselves the special duty of "setting Mr. Greeley up" and compelling the National Convention to adopt him. These superserviceable factions are doing more to disrupt the Democratic party than the gift-taker and his hosts of office-holders.

We advise all to keep their powder dry until the common enemy is brought within proper range and then fire all together, from the front and flanks, and we will drive the invaders of our liberties from the field without loosing a State, unless it be Massachusetts and Vermont. They naturally belong to Canada, anyhow; let them go.

This thing of firing off a gun occasionally at West Chester, Bellefonte, and other places we might name, long before the enemy is in range, is an evidence of bad generalship, and must lead to overwhelming defeat if persisted in. Editors, like other people, having delegated their power, should possess the etiquette to wait and see whether their agents betray them, otherwise they are out of order, and may be charged with being dictatorial, which would be a reproach to any Democratic editor if the facts were established. In alluding to this question the Washington *Patriot* well and truly says:

He is a dupe of a foolish infatuation who supposes that the coming election can be carried without hard work, and a perfect union of the Democratic party. It is our duty to say emphatically now, when good only can result from the admonition, that unless we organize in detail and build from the foundation up, defeat is invited. And this remark applies with full force to any candidate who may be nominated at Baltimore. If the Democratic vote be divided or distracted, disaster is inevitable. To prevent such a catastrophe, the effort should be to conciliate, unite and strengthen the party, so that the candidate, whoever he may be, shall receive an honest, cordial, and solid support. That has been and is our aim, and we consider it a far more important duty than engaging in controversy about candidates, none of whom can ever hope for an election without a thorough and active organization.

INDIANA SAFE.—The Democrats of Indiana have nominated Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks for Governor. His nomination secures that State to the Democrats beyond a doubt. We expected to vote for him for President, but having accepted the gubernatorial nomination we must look around for another sound statesman.

CHEAP COMPLIMENTS—The nomination of Judge McEnally for Congress and D. W. McCurdy for Assembly, by the Finney roosters, the night of the riot in the Court House. However, if they can stand that kind of soft soaping, we shall not complain. It was not our ox that was gored.

THE CONTRACT CLOSED.—The sale of the McEnally faction to the Finney faction took place in the Court House, on Tuesday night, June 11th, 1872, in the presence of two hundred loyal men, two thirds of whom were opposed to the sale, yet they acquiesced and the thing is done.

TRUE AS THE NEEDLE TO THE POLE.—As we gain our liberties through revolution, it is a popular error to suppose that they are lost through violence. The loss comes in the slow, subtle, and insidious encroachment that first rots, and then seizes, as the boa constrictor slimes over what it swallows. All is gone before we awaken to the danger of its going, and then comes revolution and blood to regain what we have willingly parted with. Now the revenues of the government are used to enrich incorporated monopolists, legislatures are owned by railroad companies, Senatorial chairs are openly sold to the highest bidders, our courts are packed and corrupted, the Presidency fought over by factions, while the people are ground down by heavy taxation so arranged as to rob from labor to enrich the capitalists, and we suffer from hard times that come of bad government. How much longer this will be borne God only knows; but unless human nature is greatly changed, sooner or later there will be resistance.—*Judge Black.*

Congress---Disgraceful Closing Scenes.

Congress adjourned *sine die* on the night of the 10th instant, and signalized its closing scenes by another attempted outrage upon the rights of the people. The Senate, which, instead of maintaining its dignity and standing as the conservative branch of the national legislature, has become an undignified and Radical body, swayed alone by the most vindictive partisan motives and a desire for the accomplishment, at any hazard, of partisan ends, as a fitting *finale* to its extreme measures during the session passed the Enforcement Act, which was intended to perpetuate the power of Grant at the point of the bayonet. The House, actuated by more magnanimity, refused to lend its sanction to this infamous scheme. This course is due, in a great measure, to the outspoken opposition to it, by Mr. Kelley of this State. Bingham, of Ohio, the hangman of Mrs. Surratt, was one of the champions of this bayonet bill, and to him and Ben. Butler is due the fit work of an attempt to fasten it upon the country until after the November election.

As passed by the Senate, as an amendment to the Civil Expense bill, it extended the provisions of the original Enforcement Act to every election district in the United States. As amended by the Conference Committee, and agreed to by both Houses, it is shorn of its more repulsive features, and the Supervisors appointed under it are mere official witnesses of the elections, having no power except to make complaint if there be any violation of the election laws. This is the form in which it passed. The Democrats and their Conservative allies made a most gallant resistance to the iniquitous Radical scheme to foist Grant once more upon the country, at all hazards, as it came from the Senate, and compelled the amendment, far less objectionable, by the House. There was but one Radical Congressman who had the hardihood to express his open dissatisfaction to the amendment—Farnsworth, of Illinois. Even bangman Bingham, and Ben. Butler, who once denounced him as the murderer of Mrs. Surratt, but who are now in all things radically infamous, cheek-by-jowl, dared not brave the open, bold denunciation of this attempted villainy.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

Massachusetts and South Carolina in Philadelphia.

The editor of the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, who until lately was a clamorous Grant man, thus vividly discourses over matters on his return from Grant's Philadelphia Convention. His life-like picture of carpet-bag rapine in South Carolina is as true as the needle to the pole, and his delineation of "obscure rascality" is complete. Read it: "Take the South Carolina delegates, for example. Their case is perhaps the worst, but there are others not much better. What do they represent? The most villainous government ever seen in a free Christian Commonwealth—a government which is only a synonym for scientific scoundrelism and organized pillage. A few unscrupulous and avaricious adventurers have temporarily confiscated a State of the American Union to their private use and emolument. They have found a few native born rascals as unscrupulous as themselves, and taken them into partnership. They have secured the ignorant negroes by a system of secret, oath bound societies; by skillfully appealing to their resentments and their fears—in which the Ku Klux insanity has, of course, been of invaluable assistance to them; by the magic of the Republican name; and by dividing office and plunder with their leaders, always reserving for themselves, however, the lion's share. The history of their shameful rule is known to the American people. Yet these fellows call themselves Republicans, hold up their heads with the best, and cheer for Grant with the loudest. They come into the National Convention, their hands reeking from corrupt jobs, their pockets heavy with stolen money and sit down on equal terms with the representatives of Massachusetts. They are quite right in regarding Greeley's election as "something disastrous." It would be an irreparable disaster to them, as, for that matter, would be the election of Adams or Grosbeck, or almost any one who has been named—except Grant. It would be a formal notice to quit; a warning that their time was up; in fact it would be a rainy day come in very truth. No wonder that they are for Grant "enthusiastically." They have good reason to be."

PREPARING.—The Altoona *Sun* says: Several of the murderers of Mrs. Surratt have already passed to their final account by voluntary manslaughter. John A. Bingham, the judge advocate in that nefarious transaction, still lives; but, judging from his crazy conduct in the House of representatives on Monday last, the public must not be surprised to learn of another suicide. He was conspicuous in the impeachment trial of President Johnson. Since when until Monday last, he has scarcely opened his vile lips. In denouncing the conduct of Democrats who opposed the further extension of the Ku-Klux law as "treasonable," &c., he exhibited such unmistakable evidence of a disordered mind as may justly fill his friends with the most fearful apprehensions.

WHAT A PITY!—The Clarion *Republican* says: "The Democrats who encourage Horace Greeley in his scheme to divide the Republican party, are the same men who applauded Jeff Davis in his treason to dissolve the Union." We again say, what a pity! The same authority also says: "Hartley, the Democratic nominee for Auditor General, if we mistake not, was twice arrested by General Couch, during the late war, for disloyalty."

Fifteen thousand are the lowest figures at which those who ought to know all about the political situation in the State place Buckalew's majority. The majority of Judge Thompson will be still greater, while Hartley will keep full pace with Buckalew. So we go.

Hartranft has procured Gen. Burnside to act as a sort of *compurgator* for him. If Burney don't do better as a stump speaker than he did as a general, he won't be of much account.—Where is Evans? A speech from him, or from the bullet-laden Geary, or even from Kemble, would be good to listen to.

The Syracuse *Standard*, an independent Republican journal, rejects the Philadelphia platform and ticket. It says: We repudiate the action of the Convention and decline to support its nominees.

Coupon News.

It is reported that Miss Anna Dickenson is a Greeley man.

Some of the largest steamships burn 800 tons of coal in crossing the Atlantic ocean.

Hon. A. A. Barker has been nominated for Congress by the Radicals of Cambria county.

It is estimated that there are over 30,000 canary birds brought to this country every year.

John A. Lemon is the Blair Co., Radical nominee for State Senator and Seth R. McCune for Assembly.

Hon. Wm. L. Dewart is a candidate for delegate to the Constitutional Convention in Northumberland county.

At Allegheny, Pa., on Tuesday night, Wm. Hartfield, a deputy sheriff, was stabbed to death by Ambrose E. Lynch.

Our gift-taking President has gone to Long Branch again. He is going to "fight it out on that line if it takes all summer."

A dispatch from Long Branch on the 11th announces the safe arrival of the President and Mrs. Grant, and Mrs. Grant' father, Mr. Dent.

The gentlemen who are alarmed about the division in the Democratic ranks should not fret themselves to such an extent as to impair their usefulness.

The labor reform executive committee of Tennessee have agreed on the following State ticket John C. Brown for Governor, Andrew Johnson for Congressman at large.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* says three Carlisle bricklayers put down 7,000 bricks in five hours and ten minues at Prince's furnace the other day, and asks "who can match them?"

Henry Wilson, the nominee of the Grant office-holders' party, is the same Henry Wilson that originated the Know Nothing party in New England, and was its chief and head-centre.

According to the amnesty act, persons whose property has been sold under the confiscation act are entitled to whatever sum the government has received from the sales, less the costs.

This is said to be a "dry time" in Mercer, with those fond of lager and strong stimulants, owing to the fact that there is not a licensed drinking house in the county—all being closed.

Senator Wilson is from New Hampshire. His real name is *Jeremiah Colbath*. On going to Massachusetts he changed it to "Henry Wilson." His nomination is a Cold Bath to the Grant Republicans.

The Supreme Court at Harrisburg has expressed a determination, if counsel on both sides are ready, to hear the Philadelphia local option case on the 1st of July. The decision on this case will be looked for with a great deal of interest.

Mr. Charles Wood, the manager of the Exchange hotel at Franklin, left for parts unknow last week, taking eleven hundred dollars that did not belong to him. $300 belonged to his wife, and his crime leaves her penniless.

The Harrisburgh *Patriot* says that Messrs. Speer, Griffith and Meyers were paired with absent Republicans else their votes would have been recorded in opposition to the Ku Klux bill. We are pleased with this announcement.

A distinguished Grant man in New York, on reading Sumner's speech, threw down the paper and exclaimed (with some approach to profanity), "I don't like it." "Why not?" inquired a friend. "Because," replied the angry critic—"because—because," continued he, stammering, "because it is *true*."—*Golden Age.*

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of WILLIAM LUMADUE, late of Boggs township, Clearfield county, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

A. C. TATE, Administrator.
Je19-6t

GRAND PIC-NIC AND HOP!
To be held at
GLEN HOPE, on the FOURTH OF JULY.

A variety of amusements will be provided to make the day pass pleasantly. A large and spacious floor and good band of music for all who wish to trip the "light fantastic toe." The Tyrone Cornet Band will be in attendance to enliven the occasion. Ample arrangements have been made for refreshments for all on the grounds.

☞ A grand display of FIREWORKS in the evening.

C. J. KEAGY, A. D. FLANIGAN, Managers.
June 19-2t

STONE'S SAW GUMMERS AND SAW UPSETS.

We have received the agency for the above and will sell them at manufacturer's prices. Call and examine them. They are the best.

Je19-72 H. F. BIGLER & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE!

Valuable Real Estate!

The undersigned administrator of the last will and testament of Joab Rider, late of Covington township, Clearfield county, Pa., deceased, will sell at public sale, at the late residence of the deceased, on

FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1872,

the following described tracts or pieces of land, situate in Covington township:

The one thereof beginning at a post corner, being 37 perches east of the north-west corner of Warrant No. 1941, and being part of the said Warrant; thence east 100 perches to a white oak corner; thence south 160 perches to a stone heap corner; thence west 100 perches to a post corner; thence north 160 perches to the place of beginning, CONTAINING 94 ACRES, 50 Perches, 16 Links, and the usual allowance for roads, be the same more or less.

The other thereof bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a white pine, 133 perches east of a white pine being the south-west corner of Warrant No. 1896; thence north 168 perches to a post corner; thence east 75 perches to a post corner; thence south 166 perches to a post; thence west 75 perches to the place of beginning, CONTAINING 73 ACRES, 69 Perches and the usual allowance; this being the homestead property.

TERMS:—One-fourth cash and balance in three equal annual payments, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

WM. K. WRIGLEY, Adm'r D. B. N., C. T. A.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF LAWRENCE SCHOOL FUND, for the year ending June 1st, 1872:

RECEIPTS.

Bal. on hand last year	$385 00
Amt. of duplicate, less exonerations	2,323 86
From other sources	443 77
From State appropriation	195 36
Amt. unseated tax due from Co Treas.	1,323 51
	$4,672 40

EXPENDITURES.

Teachers' wages	$2,148 00
Fuel and contingencies	366 75
Fees of Collectors and Treasurer	114 40
For building	1,596 92
For repairs, &c	331 76
For miscellaneous expenses	30 00
Balance	554 36
	$4,672 40

Whole number of schools, 12; No. of male teachers employed, 7; No. of female teachers, 5; average salary of teachers per month, $41.50; whole number of scholars attending school, 422; average attendance, 292; average percentage of attendance, 80.

ATTEST: MATTHEW READ, President.
L. C. BLOOM, Secretary.
Lawrence township, June 19, 1872.

New Advertisements.

REPORT of the condition of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Clearfield, at the close of business on June 10, 1872:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$149,910 74
Over drafts	7,519 46
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	11,550 42
Due from redeeming & reserve agents	6,008 80
Due from other National Banks	6,241 65
Due from other Banks and Bankers	1,266 60
Furniture and Fixtures	632 00
Current Expenses	623 83
Taxes paid	699 88
Cash items, (including stamps)	185 00
Bills of other National Banks	348 49
Fractional Currency, (includ. nickels)	14 19
Specie, viz: coin	6,000 00
Legal Tender Notes	
Total	$291,595 66

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	16,000 00
Interest	7,436 84
Profit and Loss	1,851 95
National Bank circulat'n outstanding	89,811 00
Dividends unpaid	60 00
Individual Deposits	71,358 12
Due to National Banks	2,642 42
Due to other Banks and bankers	3,225 33
Total	$291,595 66

State of Pennsylvania, Clearfield County, SS:

I, William H. Dill, Cashier of the First National Bank of Clearfield, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WM. H. DILL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of June, 1872.

WM. RADEBACH, N. P.

Correct—Attest: RICHARD MOSSOP, A. C. FINNEY, D. G. NIVLING, Directors.

June 19, 1872.

REPORT of the condition of the COUNTY NATIONAL BANK of Clearfield, at the close of business on Monday, June 10, 1872:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$144,682 51
Over drafts	14,516 05
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	75,000 00
Due from redeeming & reserve agents	9,737 55
Due from other National Banks	1,740 29
Due from State Banks and Bankers	819 11
Furniture and fixtures	1,373 23
Current expenses	551 17
Taxes paid	606 32
Cash items, including stamps	1,862 40
Bills of National Banks	3,545 00
Fractional currency, including nickels	165 61
Specie, (silver)	20 59
Legal tender notes	18,095 00
Total	$273,234 23

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	7,000 00
Exchange	89 58
Interest	7,635 26
Profit and loss	358 61
Circulation outstanding	65,140 00
Individual deposits	88,835 34
Due to National Banks	2,824 12
Due to State Banks and Bankers	1,303 32
Total	$273,234 23

I, W. M. Shaw, Cashier of the County National Bank of Clearfield, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. M. SHAW, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of June, A. D. 1872.

JOHN W. WRIGLEY, N. P.

Correct—Attest: JAMES T. LEONARD, WM. A. WALLACE, WILLIAM PORTER, Directors.

June 19, 1872.

TO HORSE OWNERS.—F. P. Coutriet, at Coutriet's Store, Coutriet's Mills, or at Frenchville, will burn Ring Bone and Bone Spavin for $10, for one leg, or $15 for two legs. Will guarantee a cure, or no pay.

THE GLORIOUS

Fourth of July!

TO BE CELEBRATED IN

The Good Old-fashioned Way.

GRAND PIC-NIC & TROT,

To be held on the Grounds of the

CLEARFIELD PARK ASSOCIATION.

A variety of amusements will be provided to make the day pass pleasantly. A large and spacious floor and good band of music for all who wish to trip the "light fantastic."

In the afternoon there will be two trotting matches:

FIRST TROT,
PURSE, - - - $250.
OPEN TO ALL.

SECOND TROT,
PURSE, - - - $165.
Open to all horses that have never beat 3 min.

Ample arrangements have been made for refreshments for all on the Grounds.

To be held for the benefit of the Park Association.

☞ For further information, in regard to entries, &c., address J. M. ADAMS, Secretary.

HATS & CAPS!

BOOTS & SHOES!

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS!

Call at LEVER FLEGAL'S new Store, opposite Ex-Governor Bigler's residence, on Second street, Clearfield, Pa., and examine his fine stock of

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,
Furnishing Goods, &c.,

Of which he is constantly receiving a large assortment of the very latest and best styles, which he will dispose of at astonishingly low prices.

LADIES, I have on hand a large and well selected stock of those celebrated hand-sewed MOROCCO and LASTING GAITERS, which I can safely recommend to be the best in the market. Call and examine them.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

GENTLEMEN, my stock of Furnishing Goods is complete. I have all the novelties in Scarfs, Ties, Cravats, Handkerchiefs, Underwear, Suspenders, Collars, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., together with a complete assortment of White and Cloth Shirts. I have on hand a large and well selected stock of Hats and Caps of the very latest styles. Also, Trunks, Valises, Railroad Bags, Umbrellas, Canes, and many other articles, both useful and ornamental, which will be sold at fair rates.

☞ The citizens of Clearfield and vicinity are respectfully invited to call and examine my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

LEVER FLEGAL.
Clearfield, Pa., May 22, 1872.

Legal Advertisements.

PUBLIC SALE!

OLD JAIL LOTS FOR SALE!

THE Commissioners of Clearfield county, under the authority of an act of Assembly, will expose to public sale, by outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, on

Saturday, July 6th, 1872,

at 2 p. m., of said day, all those two certain lots of land situate in the said borough of Clearfield, and known in the plot thereof as lots No. 93 and 102, being the old Jail lots and buildings thereon, with the appurtenances, including the jail wall.

The said lots to be put up separately and bids received for each, and the right to hold these bids for acceptance or rejection in that form reserved until the same are put up jointly, and bids received in that form.

One-third the purchase money to be paid in cash when the property is struck down, and the remainder in three equal annual payments, commencing July 1st, 1873, with interest from date of sale, to be secured by bond and mortgage in such form as the Commissioners may fix, upon the said premises.

Possession of the premises to be given when the new Jail is completed, which it is probable will be previous to January 1st, 1873.

SAMUEL HINDMAN, DAVID BUCK, F. P. COUTRIET, Commissioners.

ATTEST: GEO. R. GOODLANDER, Clerk.
Clearfield, May 15, 1872.—8t.

Trustee's Sale of Real Estate!

LATE THE PROPERTY OF JOHN BURGUNDER, DECEASED.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House in Clearfield, on SATURDAY, JUNE 29th, 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M. the following described real estate:

All that certain farm situate in Burnside township, bounded on the north by lands of J. Stephenson, on the east by lands allotted to the widow of said John Burgunder and by lands of J. Stephenson, on the south by J. Stephenson, and on the west by lands of J. Snyder and others, containing ONE HUNDRED & TWENTY-TWO ACRES and 61 perches; having about 60 acres cleared, with frame house, barn, orchard and other improvements.

This land is of good quality, situated in a good neighborhood, and well adapted to farming or grazing purposes, and has a quantity of valuable timber thereon.

TERMS.—Fifteen per cent. of purchase money to be paid when the property is sold; one-third of the purchase money to remain in the land during the lifetime of the widow of said John Burgunder—the interest to be paid to her annually; one-third of the balance in one year, and the one-third in two years, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

JOHN M. ADAMS, Trustee.
June 12-6t.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the hotel-keeping business in Penwville, has been dissolved this day by mutual consent. The books are in the hands of F. E. Rafferty, who will settle all the accounts of said co-partnership, and continue the business at the old stand.

TERRENCE KEENAN.
June 5, 1872.3t* F. E. RAFFERTY.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the blacksmith business, in the borough of Curwensville, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All those indebted to said firm are requested to settle their accounts on or before the 1st of September next.

A. & S. J. GATES.

N. B. The business will be continued at the old stand by A. Gates. June 5, 1872-3t*

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property, now in possession of G. P. Bloom, of Bloom township: Two sorrel horses, 1 cow and calf, 4 hogs, 1 plow, 1 wagon, 1 log sled, 4 beds and bedding, 2 stoves, 2 corner cupboards, 2 sets of chairs and 2 clocks. The above property was bought by me at Sheriff's sale, and is left with him on loan only.

June 5-3t* LEWIS I. BLOOM.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of E. B. WETZEL, deceased, late of Bell township, Clearfield county, Penn'a., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

H. L. HENDERSON, T. R. WETZEL, Administrators.
June 12-6t.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of JOAB RIDER, deceased, late of Covington township, Clearfield county, Pa., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

WM.