

THE CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY GOODLANDER & HAGERTY, CLEARFIELD, PA. ESTABLISHED IN 1827. Largest Circulation of any Newspaper in North Central Pennsylvania.

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Cards. F. K. ARNOLD & CO., BANKERS, CLEARFIELD, PA. JOHN D. THOMPSON, Justice of the Peace and Solicitor.

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THE REPUBLICAN. You call me stout and tender names. I have there done a noble deed.

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NEW GOODS! We have just received one of the largest stocks of all kinds of Merchandise ever brought to Clearfield county.

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GEORGE C. KIRK, Justice of the Peace, Surveyor and Conveyancer, Luthersburg, Pa.

GROCERIES. consists of Coffees of the best quality, Teas, Sugars of all kinds, Molasses, Fish, Salt, Cheese, Dried Fruit, Spices, Prunes, Flour and Feed, &c., &c.

HABEAS CORPUS. The sixth article of the Amendments to the Constitution contains not less than eight limitations of Federal power.

ISRAEL TEST, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CLEARFIELD, PA. JOHN H. FULFORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CLEARFIELD, PA.

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DRY GOODS. We have a large stock of ready-made Clothing for Men and Boys' wear, which we will dispose of at a very small advance on cost.

THE LAW FOR THE CITIZEN—THE DEBAUCHERY OF THE TIMES. The law books, either ancient or modern, contain no such definition of the powers and objects of martial law.

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ARNOLD & HARSHORN, CURWENVILLE, PA. LIST OF JURORS DRAWN FOR MARCH Term, 1872, commencing 2d Monday, 10th of March.

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DR. W. A. MEANS, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, LUTHERSBURG, PA. J. H. KLINE, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, CLEARFIELD, PA.

REUBEN HACKMAN, House and Sign Painter and Paper Hangar, CLEARFIELD, PA.

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JEFFERSON LITZ, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, CLEARFIELD, PA. HOLLOWBUSH & CAREY, BOOKSELLERS, CLEARFIELD, PA.

Miss E. A. P. Rynder, REAL ESTATE, SQUARE TIMBER, LOGS AND LUMBER, CLEARFIELD, PA.

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The Constitution very clearly provides that the citizen arrested by martial law, no matter what his crime may be, must be tried by indictment and by jury, the same as he would be arrested by the sheriff or constable, or any other civil officer having power and authority to make such arrest.

The law books, either ancient or modern, contain no such definition of the powers and objects of martial law as are claimed by our rulers. It is simply a substitute for the time being of the civil law, to restrain the offender, but not to try and punish him.

Our author continues at great length to show that even soldiers cannot be tried by military law except for offences purely military, and when the civil courts are not in operation, quoting at great length from Lord Hale, Lord Coke and many other celebrated jurists of England, to whom the advocates of brute force are referred.

Thus stands the law in the government of England. But there is, in English history, a still more striking case than this. It is that of Governor Hall, who tried a private soldier by court martial, while he, Hall, was acting as Governor of India.

Even General Halleck says the President has no power to declare martial law over a State, or even to exercise military law in a State outside of the lines of the army in time of actual service.

Luthersburg Marble Yard! The subscriber respectfully announces to his community and the public generally that he is now extensively engaged in the manufacture of Monuments, Head and Foot Stones, Slabs, Tables and Burial Tops, etc.

300,000 SHINGLES WANTED! The subscribers want to buy a large lot of 20-inch shingled Shingles for which they will pay the very highest market price.

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profanity and entire absence of manners. A respectable member of Congress (such a man, told us, not long ago, that he did not think any man who had a proper regard for his family could take his wife and daughters to live in Washington, in the present state of its society, unless he intended to keep them as recluses.

Every man concerned in this so-called trial and execution of these parties may, and to vindicate outraged law, should be put on trial for manslaughter, for it is the law in this case, illegal punishment, if the party be a thousand times guilty, is as great an offense against law as the original violation of the law.

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