The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 17, 1872.

OHIO.—Gen. Geo. W. Morgan has been nominated by the Democrats of this State for United States Senator. He is now a member of Congress. John Sherman is the Radical candidate, and now holds the seat. He is a brother of General Sherman.

ENOUGH.—Governor Baldwin, of Michigan, has issued a proclamation to the people of the United States saying, he takes pleasure in announcing that further contributions of money for the relief of the sufferers by the late fire in that State are unnecessary.

REFORMERS.—The Louisiana "love feast," instituted by the brothers-in-law, has thus far resulted in the death of only one negro member of the Legislature, named Chester, (not a Chester white,) who was shot and killed by a white loyalist for opposing Grant's renomination.

A LOYAL "DELUSION."—Senator Carpenter, of Wisconsin, denounces Grant's "civil service reform" project as the latest political delusion, and intends to denounce it so in a set speech in a few days. How can it be otherwise. The author is a "delusion" himself.

POLITICAL.—Hon. Fernando Wood, as Chairman, called a caucus of the Democratic Senators and Representatives, to meet in the hall of the House of Representative, last night, to confer as to the political situation. At this writing we cannot tell what transpired.

OBITUARY.—Major General Henry W. Halleck, one of the leading officers of the regular army, died at Louisville, Ky., on the 10th, of congestion of the brain, superinduced by disease of the liver, with which he had been afflicted for some time. He was 56 years of age. The army has lost one of its very best officers.

HIGHLY FAVORED.—Our Senator and Member have been complimented by the Radical Speakers by being placed on the Congressional Apportionment Committee. This is certainly a compliment to our county, and if a Democratic congressional district is not the result we shall be greatly mistaken.

NOTHING DOING.—The Legislature adjourned on Friday until yesterday, hence we have no proceedings to report. After the respective committees of the two houses are fully organized the members will get the harness on and go to work in earnest. A number of heavy jobs are before them, and if they do not go to work early in the session they will be compelled to remain at Harrisburg until May.

THEIR WAGES.—The Grant Ku Klux committee, it is very evident from the bill passed by Congress on Wednesday, does not work for nothing and live accordingly. The bill in question appropriates *twenty seven thousand eight hundred and forty five dollars*, as a portion of the expenses of the said committee while trolloping over the Southern States for their health.

DEATHS IN PHILADELPHIA.—According to the medical report, 13,139 deaths occurred in Philadelphia the past year. Although the small pox has been the great terror of the city for the greater portion of the year, the deaths by consumption, which has alarmed no one, exceeds the former. The number who died from consumption was 1,965, and from small pox 1,879, followed next by still borns, 855.

THE TEMPERANCE DODGE.—Last winter the Rads made a labored effort, through the temperance politicians, to force the State Senate to pass a "local option" liquor law, and when that body defeated the measure the Radical editors and stumpers turned up their eyes in holy horror and denounced the Democrats for defeating this humane and necessary law. Now, that the Rads control both Houses, and could pass their favored act any day, the State organ—the *Telegraph*—coolly announces to the gullible temperance fraternity that such a law would be unconstitutional. O, humbug!

THE WRONG MAN.—Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, has a project on hand, and has offered it in Congress, by which he propose "to elevate the condition of the rank and file of the regular army and prevent desertions." This would be all right, were not the Senator himself a deserter, and had he not shown "the white feather" when a very rare opportunity was offered him "to elevate" and show his pluck. The Massachusetts cobbler is the last man to introduce a reform, if example is to be taken into account. He had better hire a substitute to push his reform, as he did when his country and some of his old associates invited him "on to Richmond," on a memorable occasion. We have no faith in such elevators or reformers.

Political Sinners.

Politicians, like theologians, often differ too much about non-essentials, while they overlook the more weighty matters and accept predjudice for knowledge or an idea for principle. We confess that we are just as liable to be mistaken as any other individual, and often differ with our political friends about the essential features of our party economy. We therefore propose to give our views upon a point at issue in every political canvass.

A good old Democrat has given us a text from which an excellent sermon could be preached, had we the ability to deliver one to our readers. He has given us a good lecture upon party matters, for which we thank him. Instead of sitting down with a number of his neighbors and "giving Goodlander h—l" about what he said in his last week's paper, he has written us a long epistle, of bad orthography, it is true, but the grandest common sense lecture we have received for a long time. Among the boulders he hurls at our devoted head are the following:

"Perhaps you consider it a political sin for a Democrat to vote for a Radical, and, if so, what chance is there for a pardon?"

We certainly so consider it, all else being equal. It is political adultery, and can be justified upon one ground alone, and that is, where the Radical candidate is the superior of the Democrat, in intellect, moral integrity and business qualifications. And, as to the pardon clause, we are disposed to be liberal, and say to the erring, as was said by One more than eighteen hundred years ago, Go, and sin no *more*.

Again, there is a prevailing idea that when two neighbors quarrel about social or business affairs and one of them happens to become a candidate for office, or becomes the nominee of the party, the other has the right to rail at and abuse him on all occasions. This is bad Democracy and worse morals, because, when the Democratic party has nominated a man for an office his individuality is ignored, and he becomes the property of the party, in the broadest political sense. And, to backbite and slander him then, is assailing the Democratic church, and the member doing so is a schismatic, and is doing himself and his party more harm than good; and, to say that any good Democrat will do so, is simply a mistake. Men do this, we know, but to our mind it is about as near right morally as stealing horses. It is political harlotry and cannot be defended. No personal quarrels, business disputes, or social pique, should be settled at the expense of the party. If the Democratic party nominates an individual for office who is *personally* offensive to us, we will quietly scratch his name off our ticket, provided his election is not jeopardized thereby. Should the candidate be unfit for the position, we would vote for his opponent, provided he is better qualified. As this seldom occurs, we have not much trouble on that point.

Such is our political creed, and we shall adhere to it until a better one is presented to us, and if any of our readers feel like taking issue with us we shall be pleased to hear from them.

Democratic Meeting.

In pursuance of the call published, there was a Democratic meeting held at the Court House, on Tuesday evening, the 9th inst., and upon being called to order and the object stated, upon motion of Frank Fielding, Esq., Hon. Wm. Bigler was elected representative delegate to the approaching State convention. The following resolution was offered by E. A. Bigler, Esq., and passed by the convention:

Resolved, That the senatorial delegate be conceded to the remaining counties in the district, and that J. J. Lingle, Esq., Wm. M. McCullough, Esq., and Gen. W. R. Hartshorn, be named as senatorial conferees, with power to substitute.

On motion of Hon. W. A. Wallace, the meeting adjourned.

J. BLAKE WALTERS,
Chm. Dem. Co. Com.

THE SUFFERING SISTERS.—The half a score of suffrage women who want to enjoy all the men in the Union, held a convention at Washington, (a fit place,) last week, for the purpose of laying their grievances before Congress. What a pity that the Woodhulls, Claflins, Stantons, and other women of their tastes, cannot get votes and men enough to enjoy themselves! Why do they not emigrate to Utah and quit agitating decent society?

Woman's Rights must be wrong,
If in Holy Writ we trust,
Man, while rolls the earth along,
Be the master ever must.

Man, creation's monarch, moves,
In the Maker's image wrought,
For the Bible clearly proves
Woman is God's afterthought.

SHELVED.—It pleases us to learn that James Harlan, an illustrious demagogue, now United States Senator from Iowa, has been shelved. The defeat of Harlan for United States Senator by Allison, is received everywhere with gratification, except in the ring which surrounds the White House. He was a willing and servile tool of the administration but they were not able to save him from richly merited defeat. This and many other facts go to show that there is far more spirit and independence among the western Republicans than among their brethren of the east. He can now return to his former calling—preaching.

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT.—We are in receipt of a copy of this excellent journal. The publishers have enlarged and improved it so much lately that we scarcely recognized it as an old friend when laid upon our table. No better weekly is now published. Send for sample copies, or subscribe at once. Address *The Patriot*, Harrisburg, Pa.

"Imposed Upon."

This is the language of Grant's organs and defenders since the custom house frauds, at New York, have been developed by the congressional investigating committee. The evidence brought out before the committee shows that the custom house in that city is filled with thieves, and that they have stolen more money from the merchants of the country than the Tammany ring did from its million of taxables; and that, too, without making a dollar's worth of improvement any where. While the Tammany ring was plundering the city taxpayers, they were making large and substantial improvements for the city and themselves, from which large revenues reverted to the city treasury again. But the custom house ring has been robbing the whole country for years, without investing a dollar in either public or private improvements. It is evident that these custom house rats belong to a class who never accumulate anything, however great the opportunity "to lay up something for a rainy day."

But to the "Imposed Upon." It is as evident as the sun at noonday that Gen. Grant was fully aware of the huge frauds daily committed in the New York custon house, because Mr. A. T. Stewart, his particular friend, who made him a present of $10,000, and to whom he offered the position of Secretary of State for "this mark of respect," says he repeatedly informed the President of the robberies, but he gave the matter no consideration. The same men who now defend "the government" also defended it during the Gold conspiracy, when Mrs. Grant and Brothers-in-law Corbin made $25,000 each on the black Friday. We suppose the General was also "imposed upon" then, as well as in the attempt to steal a whole island, San Domingo.

It is conclusive evidence to every mind that when a public officer, by the showing of his own party friends, is so repeatedly "imposed upon," to the injury of the public, that he is totally unfit for the position he holds, and his friends must be in possession of a large amount of "brass" to ask for his renomination. "Imposed upon!" A parent may soothe his own feelings and cover up the short-comings and wicked acts of his child in this way, but for the constituents of a great nation to assume a similar attitude toward the chief executive officer, is certainly begging the question, especially when that individual is "the greatest captain of the age"(!).

"Imposed upon" is now the loyal definition of defending fraud, and a government edition of Webster's Dictionary may soon be looked for, and we suppose a committee of the "bread and butter brigade" will have the new book ready and embellished by the time that loyal, valorous and patriotic organization meets in Philadelphia in June next.

The Exhibition.

Capt. Fred. Grant, the President's son, who was kicked out of the West Point Academy for bad conduct, and to whom "the government" gave a Captain's commission, is just now exhibiting Gen. Sherman in Europe, (or Sherman is exhibiting young Grant, we don't know which, as we have not seen any of the bills.) This is, however, patent to all. Both these great men are exhibiting themselves all over Europe. Last week they performed in Spain and Italy, and this week we believe they perform in Austria, Prussia and France.

An inquisitive "cuss" at our elbow inquires, "Who foots their bills!" Uncle Sam, you blockhead. Again, "What is all this show for?" So that Fred. Grant can show his new uniform and learn the manners of European courts and snobs, so as to succeed his dad when he is ready to leave the White House.

Well, if he learns anything while in Europe, its more than either he or his father succeeded in doing at West Point.

CARPET-BAGGERS, ALL.—Governor Scott, of South Carolina, in his message answering the impeachment charge, denies flatly that there has been any over issue of bonds, and says the debt is but $15,759,000. He thinks he is fortunate in the character of his accusers, Bowen and Whittemore. They have both been in the penitentiary, it is true, but Governor Scott must be very "green" if he does not know that he must spend his days in a similar institution, or in exile, like his brethren, Holden, of North Carolina, Bullock, of Georgia, and other State robbers, if ever an honest legislature can again be got together in South Carolina while his excellency tarries above ground. The accused and the accusers are as near alike in character, in the estimation of all honest men, as it is possible for a brace of first class scoundrels to become.

THE DRIFT OF THE TIDE.—The Radical National Committee met in Washington last week for the purpose of fixing on a time and place for holding their next convention. Among other business Mr. Fulton proposed the following:

That in view of the proposed renomination of the present Executive, the Committee would respectfully suggest to those holding commissions under the General Government, the propriety of abstaining from seeking or accepting appointment as delegates to the National Convention.

This resolution was unceremoniously kicked out of the committee room, and Mr. Fulton "took the water" like a duck. Thus the door is fully opened to "the bread and butter brigade" to run the Radical machine.

Mrs. Mary Witte died at Doylestown last week, aged 89 years. She was step-mother to Wm. H. Witte, of Montgomery county, a prominent Democrat and ex-member of Congress.

Senate and House Committees.

The Legislature is now fully organized for business, and we are highly pleased at the important positions assigned to Senator Wallace and Representative Lawshe, in their respective Houses. The former is assigned to the most important committees in the Senate, viz:

Constitutional Reform—Messrs. White, Billingfelt, Graham, Brooke, Strang, Buckalew, Brodhead, Wallace and Dill.

Congressional Apportionment—Messrs. Strang, White, Mumma, Davis (Philadelphia), Allen, Wallace, Davis (Berks), Furman and Buckalew.

Finance—Messrs. Graham, Brooke, Strang, Wallace and Furman.

Judiciary (General)—Messrs. White, Mumma, Fitch, Davis (Berks) and Wallace.

In the House, Mr Lawshe has been placed on the following important committees. Not being a lawyer he of course could not be appointed on what are termed "legal committees," hence he has been placed on "business committees," as follows:

Congressional Apportionment—Messrs. Hewitt, Taylor, Beck, Pursell, M'Junkin, Black, Porter, Daniels, Rogers (M'Kean), Woolever, Conrad, Joseph and Lawshe.

Education—Messrs. Sanner, Mickey, Prizer, Williams, Fox, Guss, Gatchell, Gleason, Vogdes, Rogers (Erie), M'Connel, Noyes, Lawshe, Schwartz and Staples.

Mines and Mining—Messrs. Williams, Letherman, Moore, Morford, Gillihan, Brunger, Bright, Potts, Quigley, Uhler, Lawshe and Poisert.

Municipal Corporations—Messrs. Albright, Taylor, Cooper, Marks, Burkholder, Lamon, Smith (Philadelphia), Porter, Daniels, Strock, Hancock, Fox, Griffiths, Edwards, Levering, M'Gowan, Harvey, Josephs, Dailey, Lawshe and Dougherty.

It will be noticed that the Radical Speakers always place their Radical friends at the head and the Democrats at the foot of the committees, using them to fill up with.

The New Orleans Nuisance.

The following dispatch was received at Washington on the 12th:

NEW ORLEANS, January 12.

To the President:—I must again renew and urge my request for a declaration of martial law in the Parish of New Orleans. The public mind is in a state of great excitement, suspense and alarm. Any hour may bring on a collision which would only end in a scene of bloodshed. The desire for martial law is nearly universal with good citizens of all classes.

[Signed.] BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.

To this the President replied:

Martial law will not be proclaimed in New Orleans under existing circumstances. No assistance will be given by Federal authority to persons or parties unlawfully resisting the constituted authorities of the State.

This index of the state of affairs at New Orleans is wholly attributable to Gen. Grant and his brother-in-law and the band of loyal black and white scalawags with which they have surrounded themselves. And, yet, these same fellows have the impudence to request a renomination! Better drown the whole loyal pack in the Potomac and Mississippi rivers, in order to secure stable government again in this country.

CONGRESS.—This body is not doing much for the country yet. The members have not all got back from their holiday spree, which demoralized some very much. Committees are completing and getting their reports ready, and after the lapse of a fortnight the government machine will be in working order at Washington, provided the New Orleans riot does not extend to the national capital. When negro riots with negro, and brothers-in-law back them, then will come "the tug of war," and nepotism be victorious.

Thieves have invaded photograph rooms in New York, and stolen the furs of persons having their portraits taken.

PARDONED.—Ben. Dilley, who was sent to the Penitentiary from Wilkes-Barre, several weeks ago, sentenced for three years, has been pardoned by the Governor. Ben's crime was for keeping a gambling house.

The Commissioners in charge of the Public Grounds at the State capitol, who consist of the Governor, Auditor-General and State Treasurer, have reappointed Mr. George F. Rinehart, of Lebanon, Superintendent for one year from the 1st of January.

The President has been appealed to by a large number of property holders and others in New Orleans, to put that city under martial law. It is evident, from this, that they prefer mititary rule to that of the carpet bag thieves, "the government" brothers-in law.

The Congressional white washing committee has returned to Washington. The majority has not succeeded in finding much wrong in New York, except that "the government" has been "imposed upon" by some of its friends. What a pity! Boys, quit that!

It is stated on good authority that General Schenck has resigned the directorship of the Emma mining company. A little more brains would have kept him out of that miserable business, and our government would have been saved the disgrace brought upon it through this quack statesman and military humbug.

A boy fifteen years old, named Hedgesfreth, living near Mount Carmel, Illinois, shot and killed his mother, on the 9th inst., while quarreling with his father. The boy is now in jail. That's a hopeful fifteen-year old. The "old man" had better look out, should the boy get out of prison while his "mad is on."

A SAD AFFLICTION.—Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, is at last willing to acknowledge that there are Republican thieves; but like the man who wanted to take passage on Noah's ark when he was up to his neck in water, he cries out "there isn't much of a shower after all,' but all the time the waves are rolling over him.

CHIEF OF THE REFORMERS.—Who is he? Who but the famous C. C. Bowen, charged with bigamy, and convicted in Washington of bigamy and sentenced therefor, and pardoned by the President. He has since turned up the chief of the reformers in the South Carolina Legislature, and is moving heaven and earth for the impeachment of Governor Scott. Wonder will never cease.

Forty-seven young ladies are applicants for clerkships in the Iowa Legislature.—*Exchange.*

They had better go home and help their mothers in the kitchen and behave like ladies in the future. A gentleman cow "in a china shop" is just as much in place as a lady (!) hanging around a State Capitol for a clerkship. We suspect its *the clerk* they want, and not the *ship*.

Coupon News.

It is estimated that five thousand cars pass through Harrisburg daily.

Neuralgia played hob with the editorials in the Huntingdon *Monitor* last week.

Hon. James E. English declines a renomination for the Governorship of Connecticut.

A check given on a New York bank nine years ago was presented last week for payment.

The President has nominated Chas. Hale, of Massachusetts, as Assistant Secretary of State.

"Fechter has gone to Europe to secure talent." Hope he will succeed—he was deficient when he left.

The Kansas House of Representatives adopted a resolution in favor of Mr. Sumner's "one-term amendment."

A captious fellow objects to Geary's message as not being long enough.—He must want something to read very badly.

Mrs. George Hoffman, of Perry township, Berks county, died last week, aged 56. She weighed 500 pounds.

The people along the river, above Lewisburg, want the Catawissa Railroad extended from Milton to Lewisburg.

Hon. John Sherman has been reelected United States Senator from Ohio for six years from the 4th of March 1873.

The National "bread and butter brigade" will meet in Philadelphia, on the 7th of June next, to nominate Grant for President.

A western paper thinks that women would not make good statesmen.—"The question of the ago" always troubles them.

The one term amendment to the Constitution is a Democratic measure, General Jackson having recommended it in his second annual message.

It is reported that the Northern Central Railroad Company has secured a perpetual lease of the Elmira and Canandaigua, N. Y. Railroad.

Black Log Valley, Juniata county, has a citizen named Buchanan, aged about 96 years, who makes two flour barrels per day.

The Attorney-General of Pennsylvania, Hon. F. Carroll Brewster, has appointed John C. Knox, Jr., as Deputy Attorney General of the State.

T. Norris Chester, Harrisburg's colored lawyer, was shot in New Orleans, on New Year's night. Not dangerously. In the neck, we suppose.

The National Assembly of France will not return to Paris. Such a movement is considered unwise and impolitic by the friends of a Republic.

A Philadelphia tobacconist sets forth as his sign a wooden effigy of Mr. Grant. Ulysses holds his hand in a prospective position as if expecting tribute.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* says that Gen. Horace Porter is the administration candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, on the "general order" platform.

James Fisk, Jr., at the time of his death, was in his thirty-eighth year. He was born April 1st, 1834. No wonder he fooled so many "bulls and bears."

Among the "Personals" of the Philadelphia *Post* it is stated that President Grant smoked three cigars on his trip from Washington to Philadelphia, last week.

It is now considered certain that the mysterious "poisoning affair" at Washington, when Buchanan was inaugurated, was due solely to imperfect sewerage.

The Confederate Colonel Akerman retired on Wednesday, from the office of Attorney-General of the United States, and was succeeded by Mr. Williams.

The Hanover (York county) *Spectator* is responsible for a story of a white crow, which the sportsmen of the neighborhood have been vainly endeavoring to capture.

The druggists of Pittsburgh are in trouble for selling perfumery without stamps; and it is likely it will cost them a good many more stamps to get themselves out of the scrape.

The *Press* says: "F. L. Cardozo, the colored Secretary of State, in South Carolina, is an honest man." Cheering from that latitude. He ought to be translated before hefalls from grace.

It is reported that Senator Schurz will move to strike out all after the first clause of the amnesty bill, when it comes up again in the Senate. The bill will then provide for general amnesty.

The Post Office Department has been successful in negotiating treaties with all European nations for a reduction of international postage. France, alone, declined to make such arrangements.

A defalcation has been discovered in the Fourth National Bank, of Providence, R. I., which may swallow up its surplus of $50,000. The cashier and teller are alleged to be the guilty parties.

In nominating Harry White for governor, a Radical newspaper in the Cumberland valley says: "In him we would have no one idea man." Undoubtedly. Not one. Plenty of blaster, however.

A Philadelphia paper says one of the paste-slingers in the House of Representatives is a professional rat-catcher. This is an improvement, we should say, because the boss in the House last winter was a murderer.

A divorce suit at Bennington, Vt., Christmas week, was put over to the June term of the court, much to the indignation of the wife, who had made arrangements to marry another man on New Year's Day.

Cadiz, O., comes to the front with an humble imitation of Tammany by its Radical officials. For the size of the place the Cadizers beat the New Yorkers all hollow. And, yet, there is not a Radical editor in Ohio who "sees it."

The Boston *Post* says; "Five Senators and fourteen Assemblymen of New York, all Republicans, are said to be trembling because of certain checks found among Tweed's papers." Business, of course. Radicals are never bribed. Oh, no!

Acting Governor Conley, of Georgia, bows to the decree of the ballot-box, and Hon. J. W. Smith, Governor elect, has been inaugurated. Another Radical stable cleaned out. Scalawags, and carpet-baggers are getting mighty scarce in Georgia.

General amnesty has been endorsed by the Ohio House of Representatives. The Radicals are bound to reverse themselves upon this question. To enslave and disfranchise white men and free and make voters out of negroes, is not in accord with common sense, anywhere.

The True Idea of Government.

It will be remembered that in the so-called Ku-Klux trials now in progress at Columbia, the Hon. Reverdy Johnson and the Hon. Henry Stanberry are acting as counsel for the defense. The peroration of Mr. Johnson's argument, so completely crystalizes the idea of the American government that we reproduce it, and consider it worthy of the highest place in American statesmanship. In closing his masterly argument to the Court, Mr. Johnson said:

The Great Architect of the universe, by His wisdom and power, has so ordered that the planets that fill the heavens shall revolve in their prescribed spheres. He guards, by the laws which He has impressed upon their nature, against the danger of collision, which would hurl them all into chaos and ruin. May it please your Honor, may our political planets be suffered also to revolve in their respective orbits, and may God in His mercy so guide and instruct them as not to subject them also to the peril of a collision, which may involve all in ruin, disappoint the hopes of the world, disappoint the hopes of the great men from whom we have descended, disappoint the ends of those who fought throught the revolutionary struggle, and, by their blood and bravery exhibited their devotion to liberty. Let Him in His mercy teach us to guard against such dangerous and perilous collisions and enable us to go on in our respective orbits, distributing happiness and prosperity to all, exciting the admiration of the world, and serve as a beacon to guide and instruct the world in the best mode of preserving human liberty.

THE BROTHERS-IN-LAW.—The Brothers-in-Law are thus referred to by the Cinncinnatti *Commercile*:

The President is blessed with a list of gentlemen who stand in the relation of brothers-in-law to himself and Mrs. Grant, and who have profited by his official elevation, longer than the most prominent half-dozen independent Senators altogether. We refer to Gen. Dent at the White House; G. W. Dent, Appraisers of Customs, San Francisco; Alexander Sharpe, Marshall of the District of Columbia; M. J. Cramer, Minister to Denmark; James F. Casey, Collector at New Orleans; Lewis Dent, claim lawyer, who flourishes on fat fees in Washington; John Dent, who has a profitable exclusive Indian trade in New Mexico; and we will add, or strike out, as the *Chronical and Times* please, the pious and feeble Corbin. Since Oliver Cromwell there has not been such a lot of brothers-in-law.

THE TWO RADICAL WINGS.—There are now two parties in the country, says the *Sun*, claiming the title of Republican. One is the real Republican party; the other the party of Grant's office-holders. At the head of one is Dr. Greeley, who founded the party in 1854, and has been its ablest leader in the press. At the head of the other is Gen. Grant, who never voted a Republican ticket until he voted for himself for President, and who in 1856, when the real Republicans rallied for their principles with Fremont as their leader, voted for Buchanan and the pro-slavery Democracy.

BRITISH FRIENDSHIP.—The smallfry Radical journals are jubilantly quoting the London *Times* in support of the renomination and election of Grant. The *Times* is the inveterate hater of the United States and her institutions; and cannot fail to be pleased with his despotic course towards the South, as well as Grant's foreign policy, which has suited England exactly. The British government has found in the present Administration a convenient tool for carrying out English designs, and therefore the *Times* is anxious for a continuance.

HE HADN'T TIME.—One of the remarkable features of Grant's Message is the announcement in the concluding paragraph, that it was "hastily summed up." It would be a satisfaction to the people to know why and wherefore a document of so much importance should be sent to Congress without having been well and wisely considered. It was surely not for want of time on the part of the President, unless junketings and dissipations, extending over fully six months, are to be regarded as of paramount importance to the affairs of State.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS.—Will the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in South Carolina restore the millions of money and the valuable franchises of which Scott and his infamous gang have robbed the people of that State? Will the inauguration of martial law reconcile a free people with a government of thieves who have plunged a State into the depths of bankruptcy? Grant is endeavoring to find a practical answer to these questions in South Carolina, ignoring the fact that they have already been answered in Texas and elsewhere in the South.

JUST LIKE THEM.—The Omaha *Tribune*, a full supporter of the Grant administration, says: "Senator Harlan, we regret to say, seems placed, by certain facts which have recently come to light, in a very unpleasant position in connection with the Wright Indian frauds. The government is very reticent touching the facts of the case, and maintains a steady reserve. God save the country, when United States Senators become partners in filching from the government and wronging the people."

WAR EXPENSES.—Only $19,000,000 is put down as the expenses of the War Department for the past year. There is an item, however, of $41,500,000 for Indians and pensions.—This has heretofore been included in the war expenses, but since they have become so large it is thought best to confuse the people by dividing the account. If the War Department does not look after the Indians, of what account is it?

KU KLUXISM.—A common allegation of the Radical papers is, that negro voters in the troubled districts of South Carolina were intimated at the last election. This is fully answered by the official fact that, in Union county, one of the worst Ku Klux counties, the Radical vote was more than double that of 1868. The Democratic vote decreased in that time.

ONLY 14,290.—The last Congressional elections in the several States show the following aggregate votes of the opposing parties: Republicans, 2,799,795; Democrats, 2,785,504. Radical majority, 14,291. Do they show any reason why the Democratic party should disband?

THE FATE OF DICK YATES.—The Peoria (Ill.) *Review* prints this plain story:

Springfield has just had a sensation. A former State official and a man who has occupied high positions, not only in the Commonwealth but in the nation, has been on a spree for some days in her classic precints. On Friday, he visited Bunn's banking house, and demanded $50. It was refused him, whereupon he abused the teller like a pick-pocket, and had to be ejected. He visited a saloon and asked for a drink of whisky. The bar-tender told him he had none, whereon he grew so violent that he was put out by force. Drunken, friendless and an outcast—such is the fate of one who aspired to be President of the United States. He is now a perfect wreck, and even his friends have come to the conclusion that the only service he can render is to die.

New Advertisements.

WANTED—An unmarried young man, with some experience in selling goods, who is acquainted in the counties of Clearfield, Blair and Huntingdon, to sell goods for a wholesale Hardware House, by traveling and otherwise.
Address SMITH & SELTZER,
jl7-3t 409 & 411 N. Third St., Philadelphia.

PROPOSALS.—The School Directors of Knox district will meet at Turkey Hill School House, in said district, on Saturday, the 3d day of February, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place they will receive proposals for the erection of two new School Houses in said district. Contractor to furnish all the material.—Plans and specifications of said houses can be seen by calling on the undersigned at their residences.
P. A. ROWLES, Pres't.
H. J. SLOPPY, Secretary. jan17-3t

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Clearfield county, Pennsylvania.

Hunt & Rhines, (adm'rs A.S.Rhines) vs. Smith, Curry & Co.	No. 38 & 39, Jan. T., 1871. Ven. Ex.

H. W. Smith, Esq., having been appointed Auditor by the Court to make distribution of the monies arising from the sale of real estate on the above writ, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, on the 29th of January, 1872, between 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., when and where all parties interested may attend.
jan17-3t H. W. SMITH, Auditor.

Farm for Sale!

THE undersigned, residing in Boggs township, offers for sale his farm, containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES—70 acres of which is cleared and under cultivation; having thereon erected a frame dwelling house, log barn and the usual outbuildings, together with 120 bearing fruit trees and an excellent spring of water. A three-foot vein of COAL and a three-foot vein of FIRE CLAY, both open, which can be seen at any time by calling on the premises. This farm is situated one-fourth of a mile from Wallaceton station, on the Tyrone & Clearfield Railroad. Title indisputable, and possession given at any time. For further particulars call on the premises or address
HENRY A. SHIMEL.
Wallaceton, January 17, 1872-2m.

LIST OF JURORS DRAWN FOR MARCH Term, 1872, commencing 3d Monday, 18th:

GRAND JURORS.

Geo. W. Dotts	Beccaria	Alex. Murray	Girard
H. H. McGhee	Bell	L. F. McCully	Gulich
Edwd. Albert	Bigler	H. Woodward	Huston
Eli Harman	Brady	I. C. McClenahan	Kart'ns
Wm. Brockbank	"	A. L. Hickes	Knox
Othello Smeed	Burnside	Abm. Ogden	Lawrence
A. McGarvey	Chest	W. P. Fulton	"
Jno. Mahon	Covington	Jos. Potter	Morris
Geo. Young	Clearfield	A. J. Jackson	N. Wash
G. W. Rheam	"	R. S. Bailey	Osceola
L. Laporte	Curw'nville	C. M. Goff	Penn
D. Coppla	Decatur	Robt. Neeper	Pike

TRAVERSE JURORS.

Jas. B. Dillon	Beccaria	J. Kentner	Covington
H. W. Mott	Bell	F. Counsel	"
Wm. Henry	Bloom	W. H. Dill	Clf'd
F. R. Coss	Boggs	Wm. Tucker	"
W. Feeney	Bradford	Jos. R. Showers	"
Dan'l Kephart	"	D. G. Nerling	"
Amos Bonsall	Brady	Jas. A. Moore	"
A. Pentz, Sr.	"	P. McClure	Curwensv'e
Geo. Pentz	"	Wm. A. Reams	Decatur
S. C. Dunlap	"	V. Pigtell	Girard
F. E. Potter	"	R. Kyler	Goshen
Jas. Haley	Burnside	M. Nichols	Lawrence
W. Brothers	"	Jas. Fulton	"
S. Newsomer	"	Geo. R. Dillon	Morris
E. McMasters	"	B. Thompson	N. Wash
F. Shepherd	"	J. M. Rose	"
H. B. Hurd	Chest	Wm. T. Irwin	Pike
Sam'l Byers	"	J. D. Alexander	Wood'rd

REMOVAL!

HOOD,

BONBRIGHT

& CO.,

HAVE

REMOVED

to their

SPACIOUS & SPLENDIDLY-LIGHTED

NEW STORE,

(the largest in the city,)

Nos. 811, 813, 815 Market St.,

AND

Nos. 806, 808, 810, 812 Filbert St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

They extend a cordial invitation to their Friends and to the Trade throughout the Union, to call and see their new establishment, and to examine their immense stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods. jan17-3m

READ THIS!

FLOUR & FEED DEPOT!

The attention of the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity is directed to the fact that Goodfellow & Son are the agents of M. Nicos & Co., and have just received a half dozen car loads of Flour and Feed, which they offer at the lowest possible figures. A large stock of

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, CHOP,

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, BRAN,

Potatoes, Shelled Corn, Corn in ear, &c., &c.

Particular attention is called to M. Nicos & Co.'s brand of Family Flour, which is the best in the market.

Flour and Feed can and will be sold cheaper than it can be obtained elsewhere in Clearfield county.

Store on Market street, next door to Hon. Alexander Irvin's residence.

GOODFELLOW & SON,
jan10tf Agents for M. Nicos & Co.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with one black horse, one black mare, set double harness, two cows, pair of twin sleds, seven pair bedsteads and bedding, set cane-bottom chairs, two sets common chairs, bureau, two lounges, two egg stoves, cook stove and two tables, now in possession of E. J. Williams, of Williamsgrove, as the same belong to me and are subject to my order.
B. H. WILLIAMS.
Williamsgrove, Jan. 3, 1872-3t*

Educational.

MISS H. S. SWAN'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
CLEARFIELD, PA.

THE WINTER TERM of fourteen weeks, will commence Monday, Jan. 1st, 1872.

TERMS OF TUITION.

Reading, Orthography, Writing, Object Lessons, Primary Arithmetic and Primary Geography	$7 00
History, Local and descriptive Geography with Map Drawing, Grammar, Mental and Written Arithmetic	9 00
Algebra and the Sciences	12 00
Instruction in instrumental music	10 00
Oil painting, 24 lessons	12 00
Wax work	8 00

For full particulars send for Circular.
Clearfield, Sept. 7, 1870-1yp4.

NEW WASHINGTON ACADEMY,
Clearfield County, Pa.

THE SECOND SESSION of this institution will commence on the first Monday of November next. (Term, five months.)

The curriculum of study will embrace a rigid and thorough course in every branch requisite to a practical and accomplished education.

Special attention given to persons desiring to qualify themselves for the profession of teaching. Also, to vocal and instrumental music.

Pupils will be admitted at any time during the session, and charged from time of entering to the close of the term. No deduction will be made for absence, except in cases of protracted illness.

Students desiring rooms for "clubbing" can be accommodated at moderate rates.

Good boarding can be procured at lower rates than any other place in the county. Three dollars per week at public and private houses.

For particulars address
GEORGE W. ENNIS, Principal,
sept26'71-tf New Washington, Pa.

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY.

A Male and Female Classical High School.

Each Department Separate, Distinct and Complete in Itself.

THE scholastic year of this Institution is divided into two sessions of five months (twenty-one weeks) each. The first session commences on the first Monday in September; the second, on the first Monday in February.

The course of instruction embraces every thing necessary to a thorough, practical and accomplished education of both sexes.

Pupils will be admitted at any time and charged from date of entrance to the close of the session.

No deduction will be made for absence, except in cases of extreme and protracted illness.

Students from a distance can be accommodated with board at low rates.

For particulars, send for circulars, or address
Rev. P. L. HARRISON, A. M.,
July 26, 1871-tf. Principal.

Real Estate for Sale.

House and Lot for Sale!

THE undersigned offers for sale a house and lot, situate in Frenchville, Clearfield county, Pa. This property is very desirable, and will be sold at a reasonable price.

Inquire of or address
JOSEPH RIGEY,
Jan. 3, 1872-3t* Frenchville, Pa.

House & Lot for Sale or Rent!

THE undersigned offers for sale or rent, upon reasonable terms, a two story dwelling, lot and stable, in Bloomington, Pike township. For terms, &c., apply to LEWIS I. BLOOM.
January 3d, 1872-tf.

House and Lot for Sale!

THE undersigned offers at private sale a house and lot situate in Wallaceton, Clearfield county, Pa. Two story house, 18x25, with kitchen attached; plastered throughout. Good well on the premises. The terms will be reasonable. For further information inquire of or address Jos. B. McFeally, attorney-at-law, Clearfield, Pa.
jan10-3m* MRS. MARIA J. WAPLE.

Coal Land for Sale!

THE undersigned offer for sale a valuable piece of Coal land, situate in Decatur township, Clearfield county, adjoining lands of John Crane, Osceola Coal and Lumber Co. and Osceola borough, containing

415 Acres, 39 Perches,

and allowance. It is underlaid with two veins of Coal, and is also desirable for town lots. There is a turnpike laid out through it from Osceola to Philipsburg, and it is within a quarter of a mile of the Tyrone & Clearfield Railroad, and about the same distance from the Moshannon Branch Road. For further information address
A. & R. McMULLEN,
nov22-3m Sinking Valley, Blair Co., Pa.

WEST VIRGINIA
Timber and Coal Lands
FOR SALE!

The following tracts of Timber and Coal Lands are offered for sale: One tract of 17,000 acres, lying on the Elk River, in Webster county; three tracts lying on the same river in Braxton county, two of 5,000 acres each and one of 1,000 acres; and one tract containing 9,500 acres, lying on the Gauley River, in Nicholas county. The titles to these lands are perfect.

Any information concerning these landsou be had by addressing G. S. FLEGAL,
March 22, 1871-tf. Phillipsburg, Pa.

DENTAL CARD.

DR. A. M. HILLS

Would say to his patients and the public generally, that, having dissolved partnership with Dr. Shaw, he is now doing the entire work of his office himself, so that patients need not fear being put under the hands of any other operator. Having obtained a reduction of the patent on the plate