The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 20, 1871.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
GEN. WM. McCANDLESS,
OF PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
CAPT. JAMES H. COOPER,
OF LAWRENCE COUNTY.

☞ A full poll of the Democratic vote will secure the election of our State ticket by a large majority.

☞ Let every Democrat remember that, and impress the truth of it upon the minds of his neighbors.

Democratic District Ticket.

SENATOR:
WILLIAM A. WALLACE, of Clearfield.

Democratic County Ticket.

ASSEMBLY:
JOHN LAWSHE, of Osceola.
ASSOCIATE JUDGES:
WILLIAM C. FOLEY, of Clearfield.
JOHN J. READ, of Lawrence.
PROTHONOTARY:
AARON C. TATE, of Clearfield.
REGISTER & RECORDER:
ASBURY W. LEE, of Clearfield.
TREASURER:
SAMUEL P. WILSON, of Bradford.
COMMISSIONER:
F. F. COUTRIET, of Karthaus.
AUDITOR:
REUBEN McPHERSON, of Clearfield.
COUNTY SURVEYOR:
S. P. McCLOSKEY, of Curwensville.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING!

CLEARFIELD,

Tuesday Evening, Sept. 26th, 1871.

There will be a MASS MEETING of the Democracy held at Clearfield, Pa., on Tuesday Evening, September 26, 1871, at which

GEN. WILLIAM McCANDLESS,
CAPT. JAMES H. COOPER,
HON. WM. A. WALLACE,

With many other distinguished speakers, will be present and address the meeting.

All are invited to come and hear a fair discussion of the political questions of the day.

By order of County Committee.

J. BLAKE WALTERS,
Ch'm Dem. Co. Com.

County Committee Meeting.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE ROOMS,
CLEARFIELD, PA., Sept. 19, 1871.

There will be a meeting of the Democratic Co. Committee on **Tuesday, September 26th, 1871,** at 1 o'clock, p. m., at the Committee Room in the Court House. *Every member of the Committee will report at this meeting in person or send a substitute.*

J. BLAKE WALTERS,
Ch'm Dem. Co. Com.

VISITING.—"The government" is visiting its relations this week in the western part of this State and Ohio.

FATAL DISASTER.—An explosion took place on Friday in the New York torpedo works by which eighty men were blown into fragments and eight mortally injured.

ABSENTEEISM.—The government chairs at the National Capital are all vacant. Only one member of the Cabinet has been in Washington the past ten days. All away sporting and frolicking.

TOO BAD.—The government was not allowed to smoke, while inspecting Oil-dom last week, but it is reported that other stimulants were doubled, and by this manner the usual amount of steam was kept up and the interview successfully accomplished and nobody "blowed up."

COMING.—We notice by our exchanges that the cars are running from Lewisburg to Mifflinburg, over the new railroad running to Tyrone. The completion of this line will make a new outlet east for trade and travel, and will add much to the future prosperity of Tyrone and Pennsvalley and Buffalo valley.

CONFESSED.—Major Hodge, the defaulting army paymaster, has written a long letter confessing his robbery of the Treasury. He expresses contrition for having spent half a million of the tax-payers' money. The same old story—fast living, fast horses and fast women, and not energy enough to earn a dollar.

"GO IN."—It is said that Mother Centre will do something this fall she has not done for eighteen years—give 1,000 Democratic majority. Well, Ma, if you do that we will go *four hundred better.* How is that for high? Ma, its no difference how high you go your daughter is bound to beat you in everything pertaining to Democracy.

A COXCOMB.—A relative or some enthusiastic writer in *Lippencott's* (Philadelphia) *Magazine,* says it would be difficult to find a man who has made more people happy than General Grant. General Grant has made many people happy unquestionably. A thousand grateful relatives will bear official testimony to that fact.

EXAMPLE.—The example set by Mr. Corbett, one of the Democratic candidates for Judge in the Clarion district, might be profitably imitated by our Senatorial candidates in the Cumberland and Franklin and Adams and York districts. Press selfishness and local pride and interests to the wall, and let statesmanship and Democracy rule the hour.

The "Government" Moving.

The Long Branch seat of government is broken up. The Grant and Dent families, and Generals Porter and Babcock, who compose "the government," left the sea-side race-course on Tuesday, the 11th, and made a trip through the Oil Regions. The first dash made by "the government" was to Lebanon, Pa., where it fed and watered for twenty four hours with George D. Coleman, a very wealthy iron master, who has on several occasions greased the machinery with presents. From thence it moved to Harrisburg, Sunbury, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Ridgway and Warren, and for several days "done the Oil Regions." The following highly ornate and deeply original speech was promulgated by the said government at Titusville:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I am very happy to see you. During our late struggle, you not only furnished men for the ranks, but by your great product you helped to supply the loss in exchange by the cutting off of the cotton trade. This is a long speech for me to make. I bid you good bye.

The following bit of superlative eloquence was delivered by the great Gift Taker at his reception in Petroleum Center:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I am happy to visit your town and the Oil Regions for the first time in my life, and receive your warm welcome.

While at Rouseville our second Washington delivered the following exhaustive speech in the midst of rousing cheers:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—I am proud to be among you. It is the first time I have ever visited the Oil Region, and I thank you for the welcome I have received at your hands. As I am not in the habit of making speeches, and I have stopped at so many places, I beg your indulgence.

Upon his arrival in Pittsburg, the man of many brothers-in law relieved himself of the following astonishing speech:

† † — ° ! ! § § — † † * * *

The "government," at last accounts, was resting at Washington, Pa., twenty-eight miles from Pittsburg, with brother-in law Smith and cousin Judge McKennan, and may soon turn up at the old seat of government, on the banks of the Potomac, provided a good horse-race is gotten up or Congress meets, which to sports mean about the same thing.

CLOSED OUT.—The split in the Democratic ranks in the Clarion, Jefferson and Forest Judicial district has been settled by the withdrawal of Mr Corbett, who was nominated by the Clarion conferees. This is magnanimous, and proves Mr. Corbett to be a Democrat. Had a number of our friends in California acted in a similar manner a glorious party victory would have been awarded instead of an ignominious defeat. Too much personal ambition, and too little patriotism and party interest, is just what defeats the Democratic party, and will ere long complete the ruin of our country. The Democrat who loves his country and party above his own personal aggrandizement deserves credit, and of such we take Mr. Corbett to be. His withdrawal insures the election of a Democratic Judge, Mr. Wm. P. Jenks, of Brookville, and preserves the unity and harmony of the party.

COMPLIMENTARY.—John W. Norton, a clerk in the New York Post Office, whose account was last week discovered to be short *one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars,* is allowed to remain in his own house at Plainfield, New Jersey, watched by two government detectives, so that he cannot "absent himself" until his accounts with the department are arranged. Horace Greeley, Ex-Postmaster Wakeman and Samuel Sinclair, publisher of the *Tribune,* are his sureties on his bond. Hence the reason he is not sent to prison. Had he been some poor devil who had stolen *five dollars* to buy some bread for a half starved family, he would have landed in prison in less than five hours. Norton owns a $75,000 house, a $10,000 fast horse and a number of Hoboken lots, all of which Greeley & Co. are after.

ROBBED ALL AROUND.—It is very evident that the tax-payers of the Commonwealth have been robbed of hundreds of thousands of dollars within the past six years through partiality and favoritism in the Auditor General's office. Great railroad and other corporations which should have paid thousands into the Treasury have got off by paying hundreds only. And yet, our Radical friends want to elect a perfect know-nothing, Dr. Stanton, to that office for the purpose of continuing this species of robbery. Hartranft has done enough at that kind of business. Break the corrupt ring by electing Gen. McCandless, and then the proper funds will find their way into the State Treasury.

NOMINATED.—The Democrats of New Jersey have nominated Ex-Gov. Joel Parker for Governor. He was Governor six years ago, and is conceded to be an able and upright statesman. The Radical nominee, Cornelius Walsh, is an ignorant rich man, dependent upon money only. The Democrats of Massachusetts have again nominated John Quincy Adams for the same position. Ben Butler is likely to be the Radical nominee. He is now stumping the State and abuses everybody who does not shout for the hero of Big Bethel and spoons.

STILL HARPING.—The Radical newspapers and stumpers in this State, are still thumping away at the Tammany, New York, defalcations, but they have never heard a word about the three quarters of a million carried off by Evans at Harrisburg and Major Hodge at Washington. Will some loyalist, who possesses less loyalty than honesty, please inform these stupid, sharp men of these two "irregularities."

John C. Breckenridge, say the Lexington papers, is now one of the hardest working lawyers in Kentucky, and is likely to make a good deal of money by his profession.

$475,000 Were Gone.

Another Radical leak has been unearthed at Washington. An exceeding loyal man, Major Hodge, a paymaster in the United States army, has robbed the Treasury to the tune of *four hundred and seventy-three thousand dollars.* He has been placed under arrest, but it is more than probable that he will escape punishment, because of the large amount he has stolen. An examination of the books in his office show that Hodge's robberies commenced as far back as 1865. We suppose the enormous defalcation will be termed in loyal parlance "a reduction of the national debt." If so, Hodge beats Grant all hollow. Evans, the fellow who robbed the State Treasury, should be secured, also, and made to room with Major Hodge, so that those celebrated loyal swindlers could sympathize with each other in their hour of distress.

The two weeks just past have brought to light these two enormous swindlers, who have robbed the tax-payers of *seven hundred and ninety-four thousand dollars.* Enough to satisfy any one that loyalty alone will not make men honest, but like the Pharisee's cloak, covers a multitude of sins.

Isn't He Like Washington.

The Baltimore *American* goes the length of comparing Useless S. Grant, the present taker, with George Washington! As there are very few office-holders whose enthusiasm mounts to such a height as this, we have taken a little pains to inquire into the cause, and a very powerful cause it turns out to be. The editor of the *American* and his relations appear to be provided for at the public crib about as follows:

C. C. Fulton, editor, appointed to print the laws of Congress; job estimated to be worth $10,000 a year. He is also the present taker's candidate for Governor of Maryland.

Alexander M. Fulton, editor's brother, Supervisor of Internal Revenue; place worth $15,000 a year.

Edrington Fulton, editor's brother, Surveyor of the Port of Baltimore; salary $5,000, besides pickings and his share of seizures.

John M. Fulton, editor's nephew, clerk in the Appraiser's office; salary, $1,800 a year.

Capt. Agnes, editor's son-in-law, lately Assessor of Internal Revenue, but transferred to a desk in the *American* office in consequence of something having been said about the Fulton family having too many places. Mr. John Keyser was taken from that desk and sent to the former place of Captain Agnes in the Internal Revenue office, where he now is, dividing fair.

Patsey McGarrigle, editor's manager, Special Agent of the Post-Office Department on Mail Depredations. Salary, $1,500 a year and $3 a day.

For a small town like Baltimore this will answer pretty well. What else could Fulton do than pronounce Grant the equal of Washington, considering the number of offices and the rich pickings that he and his relations enjoy? Through what timely presents the great Fulton family have thus been prospered must be left to conjecture. —*N. Y. Sun.*

RADICAL RASCALITY IN NEW ORLEANS.—Governor Warmouth, of Louisiana, on Tuesday suspended Secretary of State, Geo. E. Bovee, and appointed F. J. Herron, ex-U. S. Marshal, his successor, until the meeting of the Legislature. Bovee refused to surrender his office to Herron, and was forcibly ejected by the police. It is charged that Bovee promulgated as a law, but which did not become a law, a bill passed by the last Legislature, known as the Crescent City Water-Works bill. Bovee alleges that he acted by the advice of the Attorney-General. While Bovee was being ousted from his office a strange scene was taking place at the City Hall, where an ordinance introduced in Council, leasing the City Water Works to a company for twenty-five years, and authorizing the mortgage of the Works for $2,000,000 was under consideration. In the course of the discussion Administrator Delassize (colored) produced a certificate for 1000 shares of stock at $100 each, which he said had been "given him to secure his vote for the measure." Administrator Walton said that "he had been offered a sum which would make him independent for life to support the measure, and Mayor Flanders stated that every Councilman had been approached, and that "he had seen $100,000 offered to one of them." The despatch which reports the above, adds, that the impression prevails that the measure will pass.

ONE SENSIBLE RADICAL.—The Boston *Transcript* a firm supporter of the administration, gives the following opinon of the disgraceful transactions of the New Orleans office-holders: "The outrage at New Orleans, whereby United States troops were employed against the delegates favoring that blatant demagogue, Governor Warmouth, deserves the prompt attention of the administration, and the summary punishment of all the federal officials responsible for the disgraceful transaction. Casey, Packard and the rest merit immediate suspension from their offices for so deceiving and imposing upon General Reynolds, then in Texas, that he lent the military for the use of these intriguers. The administration cannot afford to lose its well earned fame for moderation and peace by allowing itself to be compromised by an implied or ever so remote endorsement of this altogether unjustifiable act. Let every federal officer at New Orleans concerned in it be given notice to quit, and fill their places, not with tools of Governor Warmouth, but with honest and discreet men, if any such there are in a city notorious for its turbulent and riotous conduct.

NOW FOR IT.—Cornelius Walsh has been nominated for Governor by the Republicans of New Jersey. It is a nomination not fit to be made. Walsh has no qualification but his money. He was nominated with the help of the New York custom house. The people did not want him, and they won't elect him. Grant's office-holders wanted him, but they have few votes except they buy them.—*New York Sun.*

Emerson Etheridge, of Tennessee, says he does not care whether he is called "a Departurist, Conservative, or Democrat; but there is one thing which he cannot stand, and that is the name of Radical."

Radical Honesty.

CHIPS FROM THE BLOCK OF CORRUPTION. MILLIONS STOLEN.

The Pittsburg *Post* says: Appended we give a partial list of the thieveries of Radical officials, and commend it the careful consideration of every taxpayer in the land, who is compelled to give a part of his earnings to make good these stupendous robberies. Of course, this only includes a very small part of the thefts that have been committed, and we give only those which occur readily to our recollection. The list may be indefinitely ended and the sum total of defalcations and open robberies would reach a hundred million before the end of Radical official corruption would be reached.

The Radical press makes a great ado about frauds in the New York city government. Granted that all the alleged frauds have actually occurred, they affect only the people of New York city, while those appended affect the people of the entire country, and impose additional burdens upon the tax-ridden people of every State.—The following list of frauds, defalcations and thefts are certainly sufficient of themselves to array the people against the Radical leaders, who have connived and assisted in them and now protect the plunderers:

1. There was stolen by Revenue Collectors, up to the 18th of February, 1871, according to Mr. Boutwell's official statement to Congress, the sum of $20,700,783.33. Not one of these defaulters has been prosecuted or called to account.

2. The government vessel, "Golden Rule," bearing $3,000,000 of government treasure was wrecked in the West Indies and the money stolen. President Grant afterward appointed the chief pirate engaged in this business to a high office in Washington.

3. By the connivance of Radical members of Congress, George Chorpening, a mail contractor, was allowed a fraudulent claim of $500,000 for services he never performed.

4. J. Ledyard Hodge, a paymaster in the army, according to his own published confession, stole more than $450,000 from the government. He is now staying quietly at his house No. 1423 K street, Washington, with none to molest him or make him afraid.

5. George O. Evans, Special Agent of the State of Pennsylvania, robbed the Treasury of $363,523.85, and the Radical State officials allowed him to escape arrest.

6. Gen. Whitaker, Postmaster at Hartford, Conn., embezzled in the neighborhood of $100,000. He is still continued as Postmaster by President Grant.

7. John W. Norton, assistant Postmaster of New York, is a defaulter to the amount of $115,000. He is yet at large and likely to remain so.

As we have already said this is but a small portion of the robberies committed. What is yet to come to the surface no man can conjecture. Let every taxpayer look at the sum total in the following

RECAPITULATION:

Revenue Collectors	$20,700,983.33
Golden Rule	3,000,000.00
Chorpening	500,000.00
Maj. Hodge	450,000.00
Geo. O. Evans	363,523.85
Gen. Whitaker	100,000.00
J. W. Norton	115,000.00
Total	$25,229,507.18

The Tammany Frauds.

As we expected, the frauds of "the Tammany Ring" upon the people of New York City, are not chargeable to the Democratic party. It has leaked out, through the proceedings of a non-partisan meeting held last week, in that city, for the purpose of denouncing the thieves and adopting measures to rescue the treasury from their grasp, that the scoundrelly politicians of both sides continually and repeatedly combined for purposes of plunder. Republican and Democratic rascals were and are perpetually devising schemes for their mutual benefit, and while they fight sham battles for the edification of the public, they form real partnerships for mutual profit. As the Philadelphia *Evening Telegraph* admits it "*would have been impossible* for the Democratic leaders of the gang of New York robbers to steal tens of millions from the people of that city if they had not shared a portion of their plunder with Republican allies."

So despite all the clamor of the Republican press of this State, even the Tammany frauds could not have been committed had the Republican leaders of that city been honest or had they even abstained from participation in the peculations and extravagances complained of. Is it not fair to infer, after this, that Radical influences are corrupting *everywhere,* and its leaders are so skillful in manipulating, peculating and stealing that they can form corrupt combinations sufficiently powerful to defeat the best wishes of all honest people?

The history of Republics has yet to record the existence of a ruling party which has been deluded into placing in office such a horde of corrupt and rascally creatures.

Fraud! Fraud! everywhere that Radicalism is in power, or where it has sufficient strength to secure plunder by combining with and assisting corrupt men of the ruling party to foist themselves into office!

But even after this exposure we have not the space or inclination to pay further attention to the local affairs of another State. The Evans embezzlement is a home affair, and sufficiently large to command all the space we can afford to give any one subject this campaign, besides being a matter in which every tax payer in Pennsylvania is personally interested. Therefore, our readers must not construe our silence to any endorsement of the "Tammany frauds." We are "fernenst" fraud in any shape everywhere, and no matter by whom committed, but are determined to "sweep before our own doors before we talk about our neighbors."—*Huntingdon Monitor.*

A SUBSTANTIAL HIT.—A dispatch giving the returns of the election in Maine says: "In the ship-building towns, the Republicans have generally lost." It was thought that the Radicals had guarded against this disaffection by taking care that there were no ship building towns, in Maine, or elsewhere on this side of the Atlantic. Certainly it is no fault of theirs that this industry survives.

POST OFFICE MATTERS.—The Post-office Department has established 2,407 new offices and discontinued 864 offices, making a net increase in number of offices created during the year, 1,555. On the 30th of June last there were 30,045 offices in the United States.—The number of cases acted upon by the Department, involving establishments, discontinuances, changes of name and site, resignations, removals, and deaths, was 9,416, or 140 per day.

A Radical Trick.

The attempt made by the wily Radical managers of this State to infuse enthusiasm into the Radical ranks, in Western Pennsylvania, by trotting President Grant around like a show ox, will prove a sorry failure. The less the people see of the Precidential smoke stack, and the less they hear of him, and his strange way of administering the government, the more they will respect him and the party that put him in the Executive Mansion.

The dodge was perhaps a shrewd one, but the fruits of it will not pay for the powder burnt in the manouver. Here in the western part of the State the people begin to understand the tricks of the Radical Ring, and are deserting the besmirched standard of Radicalism. It is to reclaim the backsliders that Grant is brought out here at this particular juncture. One and two years ago, the Radical leaders were panic stricken by the sudden defection in their camp in the West.

We all remember that two years ago the illustrious Gift Taker hovered for a time in Western Pennsylvania. He was smelling the battle of Wall street afar off at that time, and communicating with his pious brother-in-law, the saintly and martyred Abel R. Corbin, concerning gold speculations. What was the result? An avalanche of indignation swept this region round about, and Governor Geary went out of the Banner county of the Union with a beggarly four thousand five hundred majority, two weeks after. A click of the telegraph told them how it was in Philadelphia, and a huge fraud was cooked up in that city, and Hon. Asa Packer was counted out of the gubernatorial election.

We say: Hail to the Chief Gift Taker of the land! Welcome to the field of his labors of two years ago!—Western Pennsylvania will look after Philadelphia this year. His gold bubbles and his golden bubbles will burst more hopelessly in 1871, than they did in 1869. With Grant in the West and the colonists that are being introduced into the Philadelphia Navy Yard by his sanction, and by running bogus newspapers, Mr. Russell Errett expects to save Pennsylvania. But he is mistaken. Grant's office-holder who is away from his post of duty, concocting his schemes will have the melancholy satisfactions of seeing all his calculations go to "Davy Jones' locker."—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Mrs. Laura D. Fair has put in conspicuous places in her prison quarters the cards of nearly 400 of her feminine sympathizers who have called on her since she murdered Judge Crittenden. She boasts, it is said, of having more of the sympathy of San Francisco than any woman in the whole city.

During the delivery of Butler's speech at Springfield, several spoons enclosed in an envelope, were passed up to him. The General tore open the envelope, saw the corner of one of the spoons and the joke at the same time, and, hastily slipping the package into his pocket, proceeded with his address.

CAN'T GO.—The Lincoln Monument in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, will be unveiled this week, to which President Grant has been invited but can't go, being on his way to visit some relations whom he has not seen for thirty-two years. Wonder who they are. They must be holding office a great ways from Long Branch.

WHERE THEY KEEP THEM.—Lieut. Governor Dunn, of Louisiana, says in a letter addressed to the Hon. Horace Greeley that "there are 90,000 Republican voters in this State, 84,000 of whom are colored." That must certainly prove healthy for Radicalism.

John Russel Young asks Horace Greeley "what are the reasons why Grant should not be renominated?" and is fool enough to suppose that Horace can crowd a catalogue of those reasons into a single number of the *Tribune.*

Dry Goods, &c.

1871. 1871.

AUTUMN!

REED BROTHERS,

MARKET STREET,

CLEARFIELD, PA.,

AND

MAIN STREET,

CURWENSVILLE, PA.,

Are opening THIS WEEK an attractive stock of

GOODS FOR THE SEASON!

Our stock will be replete with the

NEWEST NEWEST DESIGNS! DESIGNS!

In Foreign and Domestic

DRESS GOODS,	SHAWLS,
COATINGS,	REPELLENTS,
FLANNELS,	Etc., etc.

Together with a full line of

Notions, Trimmings,

LADIES' AND GENT'S

Furnishing Goods,

And MILLINERY GOODS,

At Prices to suit the Times!

Do not fail to call.

Respectfully,

REED BROTHERS.

P. S.—Having purchased largely in Millinery Goods, Milliners in adjacent towns will be supplied at wholesale rates.
September 13, 1871.

WANTED!—The School Directors of Gulich township want five or six competent Teachers for the coming winter term of six months. One male of experience and good recommendations to take charge of the Jaysonville school. Salary good. Those wishing to apply should attend the examination on the 15th of September, at Jaysonville. Address

T. A. PRIDEAUX,
s13-3t Smiths Mills, Clearfield county, Pa.

Legal Advertisements.

General Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act to regulate the General Election within this Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon the Sheriffs of the several counties to give public notice of such election, the places where to be held, and the officers to be elected.

THEREFORE, I, JUSTIN J. PIE, High Sheriff of Clearfield county, do hereby give Public Notice to the electors of the county of Clearfield, that a general election will be held on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, (being the 10th day of the month,) at the several election districts in said county, at which time and place the qualified voters will vote—

For one person for Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
For one person for Surveyor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
For one person to represent the counties of Cambria, Clearfield, Clinton and Elk, in the Senate of this Commonwealth.
For one person to represent the county of Clearfield in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth.
For two persons for the office of Associate Judge of Clearfield county.
For one person for the office of Prothonotary &c., of Clearfield county.
For one person for the office of Register & Recorder, &c., of Clearfield county.
For one person for the office of County Treasurer of Clearfield county.
For one person for the office of County Commissioner of Clearfield county.
For one person for the office of Auditor of Clearfield county.
For one person for the office of County Surveyor of Clearfield county.

Also, the electors of each borough and township will vote for one person for Assessor.

The electors of the county of Clearfield will take notice that the said general election will be held at the following places, viz:

Beccaria township, at the Union Hotel, in Glen Hope.
Bell township, at the house of Aseph Ellins.
Bloom township, at the house of the late James Bloom, Sr.
Boggs township, at the house of Edward Albert.
Bradford township, at the house of Jacob Pierce.
Brady township, at the house of Wm. Schwam, in Luthersburg.
Burnside township, at Young's school house.
Chest township, at the public school house near Simon Rorabaugh's.
Clearfield borough, at the Court House.
Covington township, at the house of J. Maurer.
Curwensville borough, at the house of the late Isaac Bloom.
Decatur township, at Centre school house.
Ferguson township, at the house of John Gregory, formerly occupied by Thos. Robison, (Broadway.)
Girard township, at Congress Hill school house.
Goshen township, at the public school house.
Graham township, at the house of Jacob Hubler.
Gulich township, at the public school house, in Janesville.
Huston township, at the house of Jesse Wilson.
Jordan township, at the public school house, in Ansonville.
Karthaus township, at Bridgen's school house.
Knox township, at Turkey Hill school house.
Lawrence township, at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield.
Lumber City borough, at the public school house.
Morris township, at the house formerly occupied by Thomas Kyler.
New Washington borough, at the public school house.
Osceola borough, at the public house of Milo Hoyt, in said borough.
Penn township, at the hotel formerly kept by W. W. Anderson.
Pike township, at the house of the late Isaac Bloom, in the borough of Curwensville.
Union township, at the house of D. E. Brubaker.
Woodward township, at the house of Thomas Henderson.

AN ACT regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth, approved the 30th day of March, A. D., 1866, viz:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted* by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed, or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside, "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of the state officers voted for, and be labelled, "state;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of senator, member, and members of assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled, "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled, "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled, "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

I also make known the following act approved the 2d day of June, 1871, entitled "An act to authorize a popular vote upon the question of calling a convention to amend the Constitution of Pennsylvania."

SEC. 1. Be it enacted, &c., That the question of calling a convention to amend the Constitution of this Commonwealth, be submitted to a vote of the people, at the general election to be held on the second Tuesday of October next, the said question to be voted for in manner following, to wit: In counties and cities in which slip ticket voting is authorized by law, votes for and against a convention may be expressed and given upon the ticket, headed or endorsed with the word "State," and not otherwise, and the words used shall be "constitutional convention," and underneath "for a convention" or "against a convention;" and in counties and districts in which slip ticket voting shall not be authorized by law, each elector voting upon said question shall cast a separate ballot endorsed on the outside "constitutional convention," and containing on the inside the words "for a convention" or "against a convention;" and all votes cast as aforesaid shall be received, counted and returned by the proper election officers and return judges as votes for Governor are received, counted and returned under existing laws.

Notice is further hereby given, That all persons except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold an office or appointment of trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judicial departments of this State or of the United States, or any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, or of the State Legislature, or of the common or select council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth.

OF ELECTION OFFICERS.

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector, shall not attend on the day of election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election, shall act as inspector in his place; and in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge, shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes, shall appoint a judge in his place; or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officer shall have been elected, present at the place of election, shall select one out of their number to fill such vacancy.

Also, that where a judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend such meeting of judges, then the certificate or return shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of the district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

The Return Judges of the respective districts aforesaid are requested to meet at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, on the first Friday next after the said second Tuesday of October, then and there to do those things required of them by law.

GIVEN under my hand and seal, at Clearfield, this thirteenth day of September, in the [L. S.] year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.

JUSTIN J. PIE, Sheriff.

A Proclamation.

BY virtue of an act approved the twenty-fourth day of May, 1871, entitled "An act for the protection of fish in the Susquehanna River and its tributaries," prohibiting the erection of fish baskets, &c., in the aforenamed streams, and making it incumbent on the Sheriff to remove the same after giving ten days' notice in two county papers that the aforenamed instruments for the destruction of fish are known to exist and request the owners to remove or destroy the same: NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that several of the aforenamed fish baskets are known to exist in Clearfield Creek at various points between the mouth and Ardery's dead water, and are hereby declared public nuisances. The owners thereof are hereby notified to remove or dismantle the same within ten days from the date of this notice, under penalty of having them removed by the Sheriff at their expense.

JUSTIN J. PIE,
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Sheriff.
Clearfield, Pa., Sept 13, 1871-4t.

LEATHER! LEATHER!—French Calf Skins, French Kip, Upper and Harness Leather, Linings, Enameled and Patent Leather, Oak Tan and Spanish Sole, furnished to shoemakers at low rates, by KRATZER & LYTLE,
sept20-1m Opposite the Jail.

Miscellaneous.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any other way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, commencing on the 4th Monday (being the 25th day) of September, A. D. 1871.

Final account of Mary J. Davidson and William Davidson, administrators of Joseph H. Davidson, late of Bell township, deceased.

Final account of H. L. Henderson and Isaac Bench, administrators of John Bench, late of Bell township, deceased.

Final account of Joseph Rainey, administrator of Robert H. Rainey, late of Burnside township, deceased.

Partial account of S. C. Patchen, administrator of Porter J. Johnson, late of Beccaria township, deceased.

Partial account of Amos Hubler, administrator of Simon Catherman, late of Morris township, deceased.

Partial account of Isaac Kirk, Samuel Kirk and John Russell, Executors of Jason Kirk, late of Lumber City, deceased.

Account of H. H. Hurd, Executor of Ann Westfall, late of Chest township, deceased.

Final and distribution account of C. Howe and Joseph Goss, executors of George Goss, late of Decatur township, deceased.

Final account of Martin H. Luther, administrator of Roswell Luther, late of Brady township, deceased.

Account of Mina Sloss and James M. McKee, administrators of George Sloss, late of Knox township, deceased.

Partial account of Jesse Lines and David Dressler, executors of Joseph Lines, late of Brady township, deceased.

Account of Jacob Pearce, executor of Jerome Robinson, late of Bradford township, deceased.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, A. W. LEE,
Clearfield, Pa., Sept. 6, 1871-4t. Register.

THE NEW YORK RIOT!

Orange vs. Green!

Everybody is aware that our "Foreign Relations" have had a big time in New York lately, but Mayor Hall and Governor Hoffman and Chief Kelso and a lot of other fellows have got it fixed up, and the Paddys have stuck the handles in their picks and gone to work again.

But, notwithstanding all this, the KEYSTONE SHOE STORE has been re-filled with a stock of

Boots & Shoes of all descriptions,

from the coarsest to the finest, and from the biggest to the least.

A large stock of Ladies' Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, of all styles, kinds and prices.

Gent's Shoes, Boots, Gaiters, Slippers—a fine assortment. Misses' and Children's Shoes and Gaiters of all descriptions. Boy's Boots & Shoes, a very large variety.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to call and examine my stock, and flatter myself that I can please the most fastidious, both as to style and price.

T. M. ALEXANDER,
jy26 Keystone Shoe Store, Clearfield, Pa.

PROPOSED

AMENDMENT to the CONSTITUTION

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out the Sixth Section of the Sixth Article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

JAMES H. WEBB,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WM. A. WALLACE,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the 13th day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.

T. JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Office Secretary of the Commonwealth, Harrisburg, July 5th, 1871. } tillo10

MARBLE AND STONE YARD!

MRS. S. S. LIDDELL,

Having engaged in the Marble business, desires to inform her friends and the public that she has now and will keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of ITALIAN AND VERMONT MARBLE, and is prepared to furnish to order

TOMBSTONES,
BOX AND CRADLE TOMBS,
MONUMENTS,
Curbs and Posts for Cemetery Lots, Window Sills and Caps, also,
BUREAU, TABLE AND WASH STAND TOPS, &c., &c.

☞ Yard on Reed street, near the R. R. Depot, Clearfield, Pa. je7,71

ROSADALIS

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is not a secret preparation, consequently

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT.

It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilis in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and all diseases of the Blood.

ONE BOTTLE OF ROSADALIS

will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.

THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS

have used Rosadalis in their practice for the past three years, and freely endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.

DR. T. C. PUGH, of Baltimore.
DR. T. J. BOYKIN, "
DR. R. W. CARR, "
DR. F. O. DANNELLY, "
DR. J. S. SPARKS, of Nicholasville, Ky.
DR. J. L. McCARTHA, Columbia, S. C.
DR. A. B. NOBLES, Edgecomb, N. C.

USED AND ENDORSED BY

J. B. FRENCH & SONS, Fall River, Mass.
F. W. SMITH, Jackson, Mich.
A. F. WHEELER, Lima, Ohio.
B. HALL, Lima, Ohio.
CRAVEN & CO., Gordonsville, Va.
SAMUEL G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Our space will not allow of any extended remarks in relation to the virtues of Rosadalis. To the Medical Profession we guarantee a Fluid Extract superior to any they have ever used in the treatment of diseased Blood; and to the afflicted we say try Rosadalis, and you will be restored to health.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists—price $1.50 per bottle. Address

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists,
Aug. 2, 1871.-1y. BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale by A. I. Shaw, Clearfield, Pa.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias,* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to PUBLIC SALE, at the Court House in the borough of Clearfield, on Wednesday, the 27th day of Sept., 1871, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following Real Estate, to wit:

That certain piece of land situate in Bell township, Clearfield county Pa., bounded on the south by the Susquehanna river, on the west by Thorp, on the north by Rorabaugh and McCraken, and on the east by David Bell's land; containing about 17 acres, more or less. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Lewis Smith.

☞ Bidders will take notice that 15 per cent. of the purchase money must be paid when the property is knocked down, or it will be put up again for sale. JUSTIN J. PIE,
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Sheriff.
Clearfield,