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Cards. WALLACE & FIELDING, ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW, Clearfield, Pa.

A. W. WALTERS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa.

H. W. SMITH, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, Clearfield, Pa.

WALLACE & WALTERS, Real Estate Agents and Conveyancers, Clearfield, Penna.

ISRAEL TEST, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa.

JOHN H. FULFORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa.

ROBERT WALLACE, ATTORNEY - AT - LAW, Wallacetown, Clearfield County, Penna.

WALTER BARETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa.

JOHN L. CUTLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa.

WM. M. McCULLOUGH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Clearfield, Pa.

DR. A. THORN, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Clearfield, Pa.

DR. J. F. WOODS, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Clearfield, Pa.

J. H. KLINE, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Clearfield, Pa.

JEFFERSON LITZ, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Clearfield, Pa.

DENTAL PARTNERSHIP. Da. A. M. HILLS, Desires to inform his patrons, and the public generally, that he has associated with him the services of Dr. J. S. Shaw, D. D. S.

CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN. PRINCIPLES; NOT MEN. TERMS - \$2 per annum, in Advance. VOL. 42 - WHOLE NO. 2171. CLEARFIELD, PA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1870. NEW SERIES - VOL. 10, NO. 46.

Cards. G. H. HALL, PRACTICAL PUMP MAKER, NEAR CLEARFIELD, PENNA.

GEORGE C. KIRK, Justice of the Peace, Surveyor and Conveyancer, Luthersburg, Pa.

HERD & Co., LAND AGENTS, Phillipsburg, Centre County, Pa.

DANIEL M. DOHERTY, BARBER & HAIR DRESSER, SECOND STREET, CLEARFIELD, PA.

CHARLES SCHAFER, LAGER BEER BREWER, Clearfield, Pa.

THOS. S. WASHBURN, SCALER OF LOGS, Glen Hope, Clearfield County, Penna.

DAVID REAMS, Luthersburg, Clearfield Co., Pa., offers his services as Surveyor in the west end of the county.

THOS. W. MOORE, Land Surveyor and Conveyancer, HAVING recently located in the borough of Lumber City, Pa.

N. M. HOOPER, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, MARKET STREET, CLEARFIELD, PA.

J. K. BOTTORPH'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY, Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.

REUBEN HACKMAN, House and Sign Painter and Paper Hanger, Clearfield, Pa.

THOMAS H. FORCEE, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, GRAFTON, PA.

FRANCIS COUTRIET, MERCHANT, Frenchville, Clearfield County, Pa.

C. KRATZER & SONS, MERCHANTS, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Cutlery, Queensware, Groceries, Provision and Shellfish, Clearfield, Penna.

MOSHANNON LAND & LUMBER CO., OSCEOLA STEAR MILLS, LUMBER, LATH AND PICKETS, H. H. SHILLINGFORD, President, Office - Forest Place, No. 125 1/2 St. Phila.

JAMES C. BARRETT, Justice of the Peace and Licensed Conveyancer, Luthersburg, Clearfield Co., Pa.

Miscellaneous. 1870. JUNE. 1870. RECONSTRUCTION! Will Fight It Out on This Line! WILLIAM REED, MARKET STREET, CLEARFIELD, PENNA.

Dress Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions and Trimmings, LADIES AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, Hats and Caps, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, AT POPULAR PRICES.

THE FIRST ARRIVAL! Spring Millinery Goods Mrs. WATSON'S.

ALL the Ladies in Town and the Country are invited to call and see the Spring Styles in BONNETS, HATS, FRENCH FLOWERS, &c.

DAVID REAMS' LUMBER MANUFACTORY, NEAR LUTHERSBURG, PENNA.

MANUFACTURES all kinds of Lumber for building purposes. Always on hand - LATH FOR ROOFING.

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Legal Advertisements. Sheriff's Sale. BY virtue of a writ of Habeas Corpus, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield County, Pa., and duly returned, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

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THE REPUBLICAN. CLEARFIELD, PA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1870. A GRAND OLD POEM.

Who shall judge a man from manners? Who shall judge a man from looks? Who shall judge a man from words? Who shall judge a man from deeds?

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in favor of the teacher or of the directors? Who can tell? Then the phrasing is uncertain, deceptive, phrased to order and the present mode of government in schools, and promotive of litigation and bad blood.

Believing the Bible to be inspired, I am bound to believe the words of St. Paul's second general epistle, which are our motto, "Let every man be subject to the Lord, as he is subject to Christ."

I hope such is not the object. I hope it will not appear against them hereafter, that they have taken and used your text in a manner, and that they have interlarded their discourses with texts from Holy Writ for base purposes; that, in a word, they have stolen the livery of heaven to serve the devil in.

I assume that the intentions of the gentlemen are good; that they have been actuated only by religious enthusiasm, however mistaken or misapprehended it may appear to be. And I assume that the deceptive character of the proposition they support is not the result of design, but of an unfortunate use of words.

Now, let me ask the gentlemen and the convention, if the proposition I am about to read be not more comprehensive, more just, freer from objection, and more of the character of a constitutional provision?

The State shall have no power to require or prohibit the use of particular books in the public schools. The selection of such books, and the management of the schools, shall belong to the directors of each school district.

If this proposition be better than theirs, would it not be possible that a still better proposition might be devised by the committee on education?

It is an attempt to declare, in the organic law, that the state has a right to control the consciences of its people, and prescribe the particular sources from which the youth of the country shall derive their ideas and opinions upon religious subjects and upon all other subjects.

It is a power so dangerous as this cannot be exercised in a free government. It is, or should be, prohibited in our bill of rights. This direction of the education of children should be left to their parents and guardians, and the directors chosen in each school district by those who send their children to the schools.

Irregularity by Judge Lynch. A gentleman was traveling through Illinois the other day, when a vigilance committee overhauled him with a summary process, clipped a rope about his neck, asked him where that "boss" was that he had stolen from Governor Parkers, and the gentleman with the rope round his neck, and his teeth chattering, being unable to explain anything about a "boss" he never heard of, was jerked into a wagon, driven under a limb, and the cart pulled from under him.

Another committee appeared with the gentleman "boss" tied, and the strange gentleman in a predicament, and handsomely cut down. He fell with a "kerfuffle" upon the soft grass, and in half an hour the breath of life was shaken back into him, and the most profuse apologies offered by the committee for the little mistake they had made. Strange as it may seem, the gentleman whose neck was twisted considerably out of shape, did not accept the apologies with very good grace, but avowed the mistake was promptly rectified by swinging up the other gentleman who did steal the "boss," right before the stranger's eyes, on the same limb. The stranger concluded he would not tarry any longer in Illinois, parting with the committee very coldly, and bent his way in an easterly direction toward Chicago, with his baggage bagged and pressed him on the railroad by the engine which he was invited by the police committee an hour or two before.

The resemblance of this gentleman to the other gentleman who did steal the "boss" was so great that the committee were perhaps excusable for the little mistake made, though it must have been anything but pleasant to him for a horse thief, even for not more than a quarter of a minute or so. The gentleman is gratified to know that some of his friends were passing up the road at an early hour, and a moment for him, but nevertheless, he feels that the committee were rather premature in their conclusions, and cannot entertain that cordially for them he would have done, had the other gentleman put in an appearance first.

Short Words. In the following article it will be seen that all the words are monosyllabic: That part of our speech which comes from one series far back in the days of yore is made up in large part of those short words which we can speak with one pulse of the breath and one stroke of the tongue. The stream of time in a long lapse of years, and from lands not our own, has brought down to us a vast drift of new and strange terms, poor as they are long; and by which we lose in strength more than we gain in the sound. But the good old stock of words is not lost. They shine out here and there from the heap, in bright places, like stars when a fog drives the air, or the face of the sky is dark with clouds. It will pay us for our toil to mine out these gems, and string them on the chain of our thoughts, which will then shine with a new light; and though the tongue may lose its sound, it will be all the more fit to speak all that the deep soul can feel.

The heart beats thro' by thro' and thro', and the tongue should keep in tune, while it vents the heart's joy and pain. They are of life and love of the body may call for terms cold and long; but let it all that the heart thinks and feels come forth from the depth of the soul in "thoughts that breathe and words that burn." So sing the rapt words of earth as they twang the lyre, and when the fire of their souls shed its own light and glids the scene with its own charms.

Ulla is laughing over a funny misapprehension of her own, a "colored nigger," amorously inclined, wedded a fair Saxon bride a few days since, and was as happy as a "big sandwichee" in consequence - for a day or two. His pale-faced wife, however, kicked in the traces, would not "mind" her lawful master, failed to mend his clothes, and persisted in leaving home and allowing the house to take care of itself. On the case being brought before the Recorder of that city an amusing scene occurred. The husband asserted that she was lawfully wedded wife and that he could show "de stiff kit." The lady contradicted the truth of the darkey's assertion, and informed the Court that he could show no such thing, as she had the document, at the same time drawing forth in triumph the "stiff kit" which Lazarus supposed was locked up safe at home, from a capacious pocket. This was a decided error to poor Lazarus, and as the case was evidently against him he cavied it at once. Some other humorous developments were made, and the case was dismissed by the Recorder not to again attempt the government of his wife by the primitive mode of kicking and pounding.

Sextennial. - The ball dog barks on the top of a hill, and the lady is sleeping in glory; but I'm glad as the dickens - I'm - my gal gave the mite to me. Ah, where will I go, and what will I do? I feel like a crazy lumber; by thunder, I'll fight! I'll lick any boy that says the word "mitten to me!" I'm really mad - he dogged if I ain't! I swear I will kill any sly; I'll slash and slash - I'll murder that gal - by thunder she shall be mitted to me! No, I can't do that - I'll fight her! I'll hang myself on a big tree; and then she will cry - she'll die in remorse for giving the mite to me.

A man in Sullivan County, Ind., said it couldn't be a mare for \$130, he would shoot her. Not being able to get his price, he took her into the woods and blew the top of her head off. As Horace Greeley would say, "he'd a fool." He was as insane as McFarland.

Why should we celebrate Washington's birthday more than mine? inquired a teacher of his pupils. "Because he never told a lie!" shouted a little boy. This was rather hard on the teacher, but the boy did not see it. A young lady who was rebuked by her mother for kissing her intended, justified the act by quoting the passage: "Whoever ye would that men should do to you, do you even so to them." "Whoever ye would that men should do to you, do you even so to them." I believe them to be inspired, and to be of inestimable value to the Christian Church. I believe, however, that the church did exist in its full perfection before a single book of the New Testament was written. I believe, also, that it is only by the decrees of the church that we know that the sacred canon is properly made up, and what writings were entitled to a place therein. I believe also that the original words is the