The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JAN. 26, 1870.

A proposition is now pending before the Legislature to raise the salary of the Judges of the Supreme Court to $8,000.

ANOTHER ON HAND.—The "late lamented," Stanton, has superseded that other "late lamented" taken off at Ford's Theatre on Good Friday, by one Booth, over whom the "foil millions" have been shedding so many tears. How is this? Is it *effection* or *affectation?* Who knows?

The tariff is just now creating a sensation among Congressmen. The West and South are evidently preparing to strike teams for the purpose of defeating any increase of their infamous system of taxation, demanded by the nabobs in the middle and Eastern States who grow fat and saucy on a high tariff.

ON HAND.—Bishop Simpson, who received one vote for State Treasurer, was at Geary's Inaugural last week and done the praying for the Snickerville hero. These twain are a pretty pair. The one a humbug Statesman, and the other a humbug Christian. How long would John Wesley, or Whitefield, or Calvin have had to live in this country before they would have been tendered an office, or graced the Washington and Harrisburg lobbies? Who can tell?

THEIR REWARD.—Gen. Ames, who with the army and niggers carried the election in Mississippi last November, for the Radicals, has just been elected United States Senator by the niggers aforesaid.

Gen. Alcorn, a rebel General is his colleague. This he gets for turning "foil" at the eleventh hour.

Grant nearly weeps over the loss of Ames, in the army, but appears to console himself that he will have his valuable services nearer his person by being in Washington.

STRANGE ECONOMY.—One of the freaks indulged in by Congress last week, was an effort to pass a bill allowing Stanton, one year's salary as Supreme Judge, although he was dead and buried before his Commission was made out by Grant & Co. And this too, in the face of the fact that his brother army robbers have presented his family with a purse of one hundred thousand dollars, which we presume was the dividend due him from the ring but withheld for fear of investigation until the present.

A STRANGE SOUND.—From the tone of Gov. Geary's Inaugural Address we suspect that he has cut himself loose from the corruption ring. This is rather rough on the ring, but a happy affair for the people. The ring re nominated and re elected him for their own use, but he has evidently forsaken them, in order to save what little reputation he has left. If he adheres to the principles laid down in his Message and Inaugural he will "bust" his party, and then honest men will get their dues, and the State saved from disgrace.

SIGNIFICANT.—Congress on the 15th instant, unanimously passed an act, the object of which is, to prevent officials from receiving gifts, or making them to superiors. It is not known whether President Grant will veto the act or not. It will certainly break up the gift enterprise he established at Washington, if the act becomes a law, and is a wholesale condemnation of himself and his indiscreet friends, within eight months after their accession to power. No similar instance of self condemnation is on record in this country. However just, it must be humiliating to the "foil millions."

A BURLESQUE.—We notice that Rev. Henry Ward Beecher is to deliver a lecture in Philadelphia on Friday evening next, on "the Household." He is a pretty specimen indeed, to treat of "the household!" Socialism, or some of his other infamous isms, he could treat far better. No christian can listen to this clerical and social profligate. He deserves the Penitentiary as richly as a Jack Shepard, or Monroe Edwards. Their crimes were in no wise as fatal to society and sound morals as Beecher's. And yet, men and women, claiming to be gentlemen and ladies, will sit and listen to this moral pestilence, as though he were a messenger from the Spirit World.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.—The members, backers and newspapers, who belong to, and defend the corruption ring at Harrisburg, have just discovered that Gen. Irwin, the State Treasurer elect, is not entitled to his office, although he had a clear majority of nine votes over his competitor. They proclaim that "he is in no legal, political, or moral sense the Treasurer of Pennsylvania." This clap-trap allegation, however, is the only reason this cabal assigns.

We are sorry to see our moralizing neighbor of the *Journal*, peg his faith to, and contribute his influence in favor of the corruptionists. We had supposed that his eyes and ears were both open, but he seems to be as insensible to right as the "dead duck" and the other "fowls in the foil coop."

The Journal's Wail.

The editor of the *Journal* is in great agony over the defeat of the "corruption ring" at the State Capitol. The loss of Mackey, the Cameron rooster, sets heavy on his foil stomach. How he will adjust the "perfidious infidelity" of his party friends is a problem we are unable to solve at this time, but have no doubt the whole scheme for their annihilation is within his grasp, and "these political *frayers*" will receive a proper castigation in due time. We call the attention of the editor in question, to the following extract from the Governor's Inaugural, which he has no doubt overlooked in the hurry of business affairs:

"I call upon all legislators, and upon all other good citizens, and especially upon the conductors of the public press—the ever faithful sentinels of a free people—to aid in giving that tone to public sentiment which shall purify our State and relieve her from the reproach of even countenancing those who would make a traffic of their offices in violation of their obligations. Look to it well and closely, fellow citizens, and begin at once to teach your servants that the 'public will' must be obeyed, and that the 'public weal' is the first object to be obtained in a free government. If you permit speculators to enrich themselves out of the public Treasury, and at the same time to corrupt the law-making branch of the Government, you pave the way to anarchy, you set the example which tempts to crime, and offer to the world an evidence, most conclusive, that self-government is a failure."

The sentiment, or principles inculcated by this extract may be considered "perfidious Infidelity," by our neighbor, but there they are, and he is bound to receive or reject them. The tone of the Governor and the editorial in the *Journal* of last week, which will be found below, are in strange contrast. We can only account for these results upon the ground that great minds often differ on very insignificant subjects, and that after all, these "twin relics" of loyalty may only be humbugging the public.

The State Treasury sore is properly probed by our neighbor in the following style:

"The election of Mr. Irwin, as State Treasurer, seems to have been the result of a regular "bargain and sale," between the Democracy on the one side, and certain unprincipled Senators and Representatives, of Republican proclivities, on the other. By this "bargain" the Democrats handed over an independent State office to a small gabal who must have some peculiar reasons for desiring its control, and the cabal have, in return, handed over the political majority in the State Senate to the enemies of the Republican party, by their infidelity in the Senatorial contested election cases. Senators Lowry (of Erie) and Billingsfelt (of Lancaster) have especially disinvested themselves personally and politically by their actions in the premises. No explanations can free them from their base betrayal of party, and they only merit the contempt and scorn of all honorable men for their perfidious infidelity to party usages. Although servant Republicans have delivered over control of one branch of the Legislature to our political enemies, yet we despair not of the ultimate success of the Republican party. The treachery of an Arnold shall not defeat American liberty, neither will the treachery of a few corrupt, pretended political friends, defeat the final triumph of pure Republican principles. Then, let the honest and patriotic masses of the Republican party disinvest these political *frayers*, and replace them with honorable and reliable representatives at the earliest opportunity."

There, reader, you have Geary and Row on the Treasury and Legislative reformation, of which the people were promised copious showers last fall by the gentlemen in question. Who of the twain will prove to be Baal, the future will soon develop.

Rewarded At Last!

President Grant has appointed H. Bucher Swoope, Esq., of this place, United States District Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the room of R. B. Carnahan. The District and Circuit Courts of the United States are held alternately at Pittsburg, Williamsport and Erie, with head quarters at the former city.

Mr. Swoope, has always been a zealous, bitter partisan and has long since earned a seat in Congress, (but, was always elbowed out) by those far his inferior or the position he now holds, for which he is far better qualified than his predecessor, so far as legal ability is concerned.

His superior legal talent specially qualify him for his new position, but we suspect that the legal fraternity in Pittsburg, who were, (with but two exceptions,) opposed to his appointment, will look upon him as a "carpet bagger" in their midst, and may give him some trouble; but we are well aware that Mr. Swoope, will be fully able to defend himself against all his antagonists, and they will become aware of that fact too, before six months pass away.

We feel proud to know that Clearfield has always been able to defend herself in the legal, or political field. We therefore feel grateful to President Grant, for his appointment, so as to enable another backwoods neighbor, an opportunity for a proper display of his talents, in an arena in which we know he will not come out second best. We always admired Mr. Swoope's legal abilities; but his political sentiments are abominable.

HE IS GONE.—George D. Prentice, the veteran Louisville, Ky., editor, died in that city on Friday last, in the 66th year of his age. He possessed a combination of editorial talent superior to that of any other man known to the craft. Theology, politics, poetry, witticism, and criticism, were all familiar subjects to him and treated in the ablest manner. Peace to his ashes.

GEARY'S CABINET.—Gov. Geary has made the following appointments: John Youngman, of Sunbury, Superintendent of Public Printing; F. Carroll Brewster, Attorney General; A. L. Russell, Adjutant General, and Francis Jordan, Secretary of the Commonwealth, J. M. Weakley, Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Some white people and the negroes on Tuesday of last week Inaugurated John W Geary Governor for the second term. "The sweet tobacco posey" was very prominent and inefficient as usual.

President Grant eats with other people. So says Forney's *Press!* Astonishing!!

August Morganster committed suicide in New York, for lack of employment.

Religious Liberty.

The principles involved in the caption of this article, created a seven year's war between Great Britain and her subjects on this continent, the result of which fully established the principles involved, and are acknowledged and respected by the civilized world. And from no section of the globe is this sacred principle so wickedly assailed to-day, as by domestic foes—children together, educated and developed into manhood at the very hearthstone of "religious liberty," are its bitterest enemies. Unnatural offspring! That the Alpha and Omega of our political system should be jeopardized by ourselves is truly lamentable. But such is the fact. Parricidal hands have seized the government which has underwent serious affliction for eight years past, and are hurrying it on to final dissolution.

The "last straw which is to break the Camel's back," is an appeal to Congress to regulate the domestic affairs of each State, religious, morally and secularly, and thereby establish a consolidated government, which means a Military Despotism, worse than any now on the face of the globe.

The Philadelphia *Age* in calling attention to this important question, says:

"Polygamy will not, we hope, afford a pretext for a new extension of the Federal power. From the origin of the government, the Territorial Legislatures commonly passed upon nearly all domestic questions, in substantially the same way that the Legislature of a State does, subject to Constitutional limitations. Of course, the Constitution of the United States limits the legislative power in State or Territory in matters within the scope of the Constitution. When the question arose about the exclusion of slavery, the Republican party were the extremest champions of Territorial power to determine all local questions. Now the Territorial Legislature in Utah enact laws of marriage which allow polygamy. The moral and social evil of this practice we condemn as strongly as any do; but we feel a great reluctance to see any transitory evil made the reason for a new and permanent perversion of the powers of the Federal government.

The divorce laws of Indiana, and the practice under them of the Reverend Beecher, and others in New York, deserve condemnation; but for the correction of the evils we look to the legitimate authority of the States where the evils exist. Let us not perpetually call upon Federal power, the idol which is ignorantly invoked now to remedy every human evil. Nay, even the realm of religion is not to be held sacred from it. Last year, in this city, prominent Radical office-holders called a meeting to concoct an unholy alliance between Church and State. The obligation to obey the will of the Lord Jesus Christ is to be put into the Constitution of the United States, and power to enforce it is to be given to Congress! Admirable expositors of the Divine will the majority in Congress will prove! Better stand where we are." The Federal government has no concern whatever with the subject of religion. Every attempt to interfere with it should be resisted, by all the churches, in the great common interest of religious liberty."

THE LEGISLATURE.—But little is being done at Harrisburg beside quarreling over the State Treasury and other pesonal matters. Both Houses seem to be impotent just now for either good or evil. They cannot even conclude whether the Governor's Message and the Department Reports should be printed. The main fight seems to be over the Record and Postage question. A portion of the members are determined to do no public business until their postage bill is settled, and Bergner paid about $20,000 for publishing a Record of the proceedings, so that he can divide with them after the adjournment. The plunderers received a severe rebuke in the defeat of their nominee *for* State Treasurer; but they are rallying all their forces to recover the ground they lost; and the reformers must keep a sharp lookout if they are not overwhelmed by the inside and outside influences that are being brought to bear upon them.

RADICAL DEVILTRY.—The United States Senate, on Friday last, passed a bill through that body, giving the Virginia negroes equal rights in the common schools of that Kingdom.—Thus putting the negroes and the whites in the same school room.—White parents in Pennsylvania, what say you to this outrage? If Congress has the authority to thus act in Virginia, what is to prevent that body from passing a similar law for Pennsylvania?

UNFIT.—Grant's biographer, Gen. Badeau, whom he appointed Consul to Liverpool, England, has resigned and came home. He soon learned that he was unfit for the position, yet he pocketed $7,000 one year's salary, for making a trip to England and back. We presume that is to compensate him for the Grant books he has on hand and cannot sell. Nice way to make "Uncle Sam" pay for Grant's autobiography.

STILL OUT.—The latest news from Washington seem to indicate that Virginia is still out of the Union according to Radical ethics. Had she elected all niggers to Congress, she would have slipped in long ago, but because the members elect are white, the bitter Radicals are imposing new penalties and new infamies. The country will have no peace until the Devil gets possession of about twenty more Radical Senators and Congressmen.

Brother Beecher declined, on Saturday last, to accept the increase of salary, recently voted to him by the Trustees of Plymouth Church. In performing this surprising act of abnegation, Brother B., it is said, was moved to tears, and "sloped over" so effectually that for a short time he could scarcely proceed.

Radical Arraignment of Grant's Administration.

STARTLING INCREASE OF THE PUBLIC EXPENSES—THE LOYALIST BECOMING DEMORALIZED.

The bombshell thrown into the foil encampment at Washington, on the 17th, by Mr. Dawes, has produced a sensation throughout the country. Instead of Grant having paid off eighty millions of our debt; as his stool pigeons declare, that taxpayers have been robbed of that sum, and the thing was set up for millions more. Read what the Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald* says:

"Mr. Henry L. Dawes, of Massachusetts, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, astonished his fellow republicans not less than the democrats in the House to-day by his exposition of what he terms "the tendency of the administration to profligate expenditures." The immediate occasion of the speech was the proposition now before the House to transfer the Philadelphia Navy Yard from its present site to League Island. Mr. Dawes opposed the bill on the ground, first, that it would take at least a million out of the Treasury, and, second, because the bill gives the Secretary of the Navy power to dispose of the land where the yard now stands, and also gives him the control of the money. He broadly hinted that he would not trust the Secretary of the Navy with any such power. When he made this announcement members on both sides of the House pricked up their ears, eager to hear what might follow. This, however, was only the prelude to a general onslaught upon all the members of the administration, with the exception of Attorney General Hoar, who, said Dawes, "is the only one who has not asked for enormous' appropriations, and it is proposed at the other end of the capitol to turn him out of office." This *en passant* compliment to the erudite Attorney General was received as a good joke, and created a ripple of laughter on both sides. As Mr. Dawes warmed up with his subject the members left their seats and began crowding around him where he stood. The democrats, who seemed to catch the first notes of what he said about extravagant expenditures in connection with the administration, came over from their side of the hall to the republican side and listened attentively, and no doubt approvingly, to the startling array of official facts and figures. Dawes did not speak from memory or vaguely. When he referred to figures he held in his hand the official estimates furnished the committee by the heads of departments for appropriations for the fiscal year of Grant's administration, and he gave dollars and cents. In about a half an hour he had exploded all the statements which have been circulated so industriously in the newspapers and on the stump about the economy and retrenchment of the present administration. The appropriations asked for Navy Yards were greater than ever before. The only hope of retrenchment in the Navy Department held out to the country was in the item of coal. Here, it was said, we would save $1,000,000, when the official records showed that the coal used by the Navy last year, under Old Father Welles, only amounted to $150,000. At this point the democrats indulged in a laugh at the expenses of the jolly Robeson. The Postmaster General, with whom it is said Dawes is not on the best of terms, came in for his share of ridicule and blame. Creswell's calculation that it cost the government $5,000,000 a year to maintain the franking privilege was dissected, and Dawes asserted that if the postage on all the matter sent members of Congress was paid it would not amount to $200,000. This would allow every member to mail 800 letters every day in the year. Dawes' comparison of the estimate of appropriations asked for during the last year of Andrew Johnson's administration with those of the first year of the present administration was highly creditable to the former and decidedly damaging to the latter. Several prominent democrats said no better defense of Andrew Johnson's administration could have been made than was exhibited to-day in the comparison of the estimates for appropriations. According to the showing of the chairman of the Appropriation Committee, and he is regarded as a careful man, the estimates of the present administration for the first year exceed those of the last year of Andrew Johnson's administration $15,000,000. This did not include, he said, the millions asked for St. Domingo, for the New York Postoffice—he said nothing about the Boston Postoffice and for League Island. The conclusion of Dawes' speech was, the administration and the republican party had not kept faith with the people on the promises of economy and retrenchment through which they were placed in power. The speech made a marked effect on the House, and is the general subject of conversation in social and political circles to-night. The democrats, as might be expected, are delighted with it. Judge Woodward says it is the best campaign document the democrats can distribute next fall, and the best theme for discussion on the stump."

RUSSIAN AND TURKISH GOVERNMENTS.—European governments are going very extensively into the business of purchasing arms in this country. Lately the Russian government obtained from Colt's factory in Connecticut 100,000 rifles of the Berdan pattern, and it is said that a further purchase of an equal number is being negotiated. Not long since Mons. Blacque, the Turkish Minister, bought 350,000 Springfield rifles for the Sultan, 200,000 of which have already been sent to Constantinople, the balance soon to follow. In connection with this curious fact it is said that either the Russian or Turkish government, or both, are negotiating for the purchase of a portion of the Harper's Ferry property recently sold by our government to some private capitalists. Their object in securing a part of the property is said to be for the purposes of repair shops or factories. The fact of such large quantities of arms being procured here by foreign governments has given rise to speculation as to what they are needed for just now. Is Turkey really going to war with the Khedive, or has Russia an idea of peppering the "sick man" once more?

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.—The "sick man" of Turkey and the strong man of Russia are both in New York as purchasers of our famous Berdan and Springfield rifles. Each wants a quarter of a million, just to be prepared for emergencies.

Ten Years of Mumbo-Jumboism!

In the long and dark catalogue of human follies, sins and crimes, there are many sad and pitiful stories told, it is true, but there is nothing that, to succeeding generations, will be so degrading, dark and damnable as the reign of mumbo jumboism in this once fair America of ours for ten years past. Thirty years ago, when its priests and prophets first appeared in our midst, the natural instinct of self-preservation prompted the people to slay them, and if "educated" fools had not interposed their silly teachings that mumbo jumboism was quite a harmless matter, Garrison and some scores of these imps of hell would have been slaughtered, and this solemn example of the justice of the people would have ended the revolting and accursed madness, and a million of innocent and useful lives, since offered up on the altars of this obscene African god, would have been saved to this generation. Dan. Sickles, Rynders, and a host of similar characters, may not have understood it, indeed may have mingled with their better and healthier instincts much that was coarse, brutal and sanguinary, but dominating over all that was mean or gross in the natures of such men, was the one divine instinct of self-preservation that impelled them to exterminate the Abolitionists, and thus save the country and their kind from the monstrous and horrible evils since inflicted by this accursed fetich. But we repeat, the "educated" classes, forsooth—the preachers, lawyers, judges, &c.—interposed for the protection of mumbo jumboism, which, they declared, was perfectly harmless, and indeed in the "abstract" quite true, and rather pretty, in a moral sense. They said, "what nonsense to fancy that Garrison and his gang can ever do any real mischief! He is followed only by a few crazy priests, sour old maids and sentimental and dyspeptic people, and therefore there can never be any danger that the great, strong-headed and honest-hearted masses can ever be induced to adopt his principles, or become the deluded and besotted dupes of such a senseless and silly creed as that of the Abolitionists." Such, too, was the teachings of Cass, Douglas, Buchanan, all the old political leaders, who spent their days and cudgled their brains in getting up dodges and compromises to keep the masses from meddling with mumbo jumboism, declaring all the time that it was harmless, and would die out, if left alone.

Well, the result is the sacrifice of a million of lives and half of the entire wealth accumulated since the landing of the Pilgrims, and now mumbo jumboism is enthroned at the national Capitol, calls itself the Government, with a standing army that rules the country, that two years ago made General Grant President, and that will continue their power of course, until the people recover their reason and reject this hideous devilism, or they can no longer pay its taxes, and the land collapses into chaos. Of course, this enormous and fathomless crime against liberty, civilization, Christianity and common sense, has been fraudulently accomplished, for the great mass of the uneducated people have the same disgust and horror of the African idol now that they had thirty years ago; but its chiefs and prophets masked their devilish designs under the pretence of patriotism, and appealed to the best instincts of the masses to work out their accursed and hell engineered crimes. Nor has the worst of this sinful and beastial worship been realized. Another million of victims, and probably infinitely greater misery is before us, unless there are sense and manhood sufficient left to grapple with the monster and destroy it. And how easy the combat, if the fools and cowards, who affect to be opposed to it, could only be made to understand it! Amalgamation of races—"equal rights" with niggers—the same condition for beings whom God has made so different that, as the census shows, He does not permit them to exist on such terms, and it is only a matter of years, months and days when both rot out from this beautiful earth, desecrated by a fetich so unnatural and a sin against God so unforgivable as that of "impartial freedom."—*N. Y. Day Book.*

THE AGE OF MIRACLES.—The *N. Y. Day Book* says: Sumner is getting his eyes open. The great war hound of New England, who yelled "onward! onward!" to the Northern "anti-slavery" barbarians who went South to despoil the country and murder its citizens, now sees some of the fruits of that four years' hellish carnival which he reveled in, and is beginning to be staggered. He is to-day crying, "let up this fearful taxation!" The groans heard all over the land, although they have not yet penetrated the ears of the man in the White House, come up most fearfully from New England; and as Sumner is recognized there as one of the most desperate of the party of destructionists, the leader of it in fact, in that section, he knows he is also responsible for the now too apparent fruits of that party, and is attempting to stave off this killing taxation. His cry now is, "relieve the people from the burthen." That Charles Sumner is at last on the anxious seat, is a matter for public congratulation. If this should prove to be the age of miracles, we may find him, like Helper, the author of the Impending Crisis, amazed at the ruin he has aided, and ready to make any atonement in his power.

THE DEMOCRACY AHEAD.—A correspondent writing from Harrisburg of the respective standing of the two parties in the Legislature says:

"In the Senate the Democrats have advantage in point of talent. The Radicals have no leaders equal to Wallace and Buckalew. Besides Wallace and Buckalew the Democrats have other able men in the Senate, and in talent the minority is confessedly more than a match for the majority. In the House the Democracy are also well represented. There is more than the average of talent among the new members, and some of them will not fail to make their power felt. The corruption ring will find precious few tools among the Democratic members who now represent the party at Harrisburg."

THE END OF A DISGRACEFUL CASE.—Rev. Cooke, pastor of a church in New York city, who eloped with a young lady of his flock a few days ago, has returned to his wife and family and restored the lamb to its proper fold. He says the young lady is as pure as snow, or words to that effect. Cooke's first business after his return was to attempt to whip an editor of the N. Y. *World*, because that paper exposed his villiany, and called him a wolf in sheep's clothing.

A Mormon Wants to Convert Oildom.

The Venango *Spectator* says: A gentleman who subscribes himself "Aquila Rose, Traveling Elder," of the Church of the Latter Day Saints, is out in the Petroleum Centre *Record* with a card. Aquila's observation has led him to believe that the ordinary means of grace furnished by the Churches, Young Men's Christian Associations, and the Public Schools, are not sufficient to overcome the great preponderance of the Old Adam among the people of the oil region. He has already established stations at Titusville, and Scrubgrass, and will do the same thing at Pretroleum Centre. Duly authorized agents will arrive in a few days, who will give a public lecture, setting forth the claims of the Mormon Church. He disclaims any connection with Beecher, for although his tents allow a man to be very much married, they do not permit any two men to have the same wife.—Elder Rose thus concludes his exhortation to the Petroleum Centre boys:

"Receive us with open arms and let us form a phalanx strong as the sun, fair as the moon, and terrible as an army with banners. Ho! every one that thirsteth, come without money and without price and help us rout the hosts of Satan and save alive all the rantankerous sons of men.

AQUILA ROSE, Traveling Elder."

WOMAN'S RIGHTS WOMEN.—The second annual convention of the Universal (Woman) Suffrage Association assembled in Washington yesterday, Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton in the chair. There was a large attendance of the women's rights women and men—Senator Pomeroy, of Kansas, being among the speakers of the day. The grand object of the convention is the sixteenth amendment, or woman suffrage; but to carry it through Congress there is a shorter method than this system of never ceasing and still beginning conventions. Let these woman's rights people pick out, say one hundred handsome, intelligent, sharp and persuasive young women devoted to the cause, to act as lobby members for this sixteenth amendment, and this will soon carry it through both Houses. The same instrumentalities next will carry it through the required three-fourths of the State Legislatures, and then women will be equal to men under the supreme law of the land. Handsome women are found irresistable to running the lobby for men; why, then, should they not organize to run it for their own great cause of woman's rights? That's the question.—*N. Y. World.*

The death of Major-General Joseph A. Mower, commanding the Department of Louisiana, is announced. He was a native of Vermont, and a graduate of West Point. It is a notable circumstance that this is the third death of a district commander in Louisiana since the "Mongrel reconstruction process" commenced. Major General Lovell H. Rousseau died while in command, January 8, 1869. General Mower's death was caused by congestion of the lungs.

New York has a sensation at last, and is happy. On Saturday night, last, a Russian was shot in Bleecker street, in the presence of a lewd woman, was taken to the hospital, desperately wounded, and is now tenderly nursed by an attractive widow, who wants to marry him at once. Who is the next customer?

New Advertisements.

SALT, FLOUR, BRAN AND CHOP, at wholesale, by C. KRATZER. (Opposite the Jail.) 1:26

THE CELEBRATED RICHARDSON BOOTS. Light Kip.....$5 00. French Kip.....5 00. French Calf.....5 00. (Opposite the Jail.) At C. KRATZER'S.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing a certain NOTE given by me to James Conaway, dated January 15th, 1870, as I have never received value for the same, and am determined not to pay it. 1:26.3t CLAUDIUS GIRARD.

LEATHER.—Oak-tan & Spanish Sole, French and American Calf and Kip, Kip, Upper, Morocco, Bindings, Linings and Shoe findings, at (Opposite the Jail.) C. KRATZER'S.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, at January term, 1870, to audit, adjust, and make distribution of the funds arising from the partition of the real estate of Greenwood McCracken, deceased, to and amongst the parties legally entitled thereto, will discharge the duties of said appointment at his office, in Clearfield, on Friday, the 18th day of February, 1870, of which all parties interested will take notice. 1:26.3t A. W. WALTERS, Auditor.

CLOTHING.—A large stock of Clothing will be closed out at a sacrifice, at (Opposite the Jail.) C. KRATZER'S.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & Co., Augusta, Maine. 1:26.3m

STOVES.—The celebrated Ironside and Farmer Cooks, Revolving Light and Sun Parlors, and an assortment of Pipe, at (Opposite the Jail.) C. KRATZER'S.

SLEIGHS.—Four new cushioned SLEIGHS for sale or exchange at jan5 LEAVY'S LIVERY STABLE.

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of S. R. Gearhart, in Bradford township, on or about the 4th of January, 1870, a HORNED COW, with speckled face and red body. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of according to law. Jan. 12:3tpd. S. R. GEARHART.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters Testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM IRVIN, late of the borough of Curwensville, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

E. A. IRVIN,
J. B. GRAHAM,
Jan. 5, 1870-6t. Executors.

Public Sale!

THERE will be sold at Public Sale, on MONDAY, January 31st, 1870, at the residence of the subscriber, one mile east of Clearfield, at A. H. Shaw's mill, the following household property, viz: Two cooking stoves and pipe, 1 ten-plate stove, 3 bureaus, 1 clock, 4 tables, 1 settable, 1 set chairs, 1 rocking chair, 2 pair bedsteads, 1 sofa, 12 window sash, (size, 8x14,) 1 work bench; also, tinware, tubs, stands, and a variety of household goods too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at one o'clock, p. m., when terms will be made known by

jan19-2tpd. HENRY H. MARKLE.

ORGANS & PIANOS.

ESTY'S AND MASON & HAMLIN'S,

FOR SALE BY

S. J. HAYES, Curwensville, Pa.

Trusses and abdominal supports of every kind of the latest improvements, for sale at the Drug Store of BARTWICK & IRWIN.

Miscellaneous.

DAVID REAMS'

LUMBER MANUFACTORY,

NEAR LUTHERSBURG, PENN'A.

MANUFACTURES all kinds of Lumber for building purposes. Always on hand—

LATH FOR ROOFING,
PLASTERING LATH,
PALINGS, &c., &c.

His Plastering Lath are evenly sawed and of different lengths, to suit purchasers; the Palings are four feet long and ready pointed.

All kinds of Sawed Lumber will be furnished to order, and delivered if so desired. Prices will be liberal, according to quality.

All kinds of GRAIN taken in exchange for Lumber.

Luthersburg P. O., Jan. 19, 1870.

SQUARE TIMBER!

E. A. IRVIN & CO.,

CURWENSVILLE, PA.,

Being specially engaged in the business of

Buying and Selling Square Timber,

Would represent that they are now prepared to purchase Timber delivered at either Curwensville, Lock Haven or Marietta, (or will take it at any of these points,) and sell on commission, making such advances as are necessary.

Those engaged in getting out Timber will find at our store in Curwensville, a very large stock of

STAPLE GOODS

Of all Descriptions,

ALSO,

Flour,
Meat,
Rye,
Oats,
Corn,

And everything necessary for use of Lumbermen.

RAFT ROPE,

Of all sizes, kept on hand in large quantities, and sold at small advance by the coil. Also, Pulley Blocks, Small Rope, &c.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS offered to those manufacturing Square Timber.

E. A. IRVIN & CO.

Curwensville, January 12, 1870.

A. P. WEAVER.....W. W. BETTS.

WEAVER & BETTS

CLEARFIELD, PA.,

Are offering, at the old stand of G. L. Reed & Co., their stock of goods, consisting of—

DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS & CAPS, HARDWARE.

QUEENSWARE,

FLOUR, FEED, SALT, &c., &c.,

At the most reasonable rates for CASH or in exchange for

Square Timber, Boards, Shingles,

OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Advance made to those engaged in getting out square timber on the most advantageous terms. January 5, 1870.

SAMUEL ARNOLD.....W. ROSS HARTSHORN.

WINTER OPENING!

ARNOLD & HARTSHORN,

CURWENSVILLE, PA.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED a large and most complete stock of—

DRY GOODS,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,

BACON,
SALT,
GROCERIES,
DRIED FRUIT,
&c., &c., &c.

All kinds of lumber and produce taken in exchange for goods.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Satisfaction guaranteed as to quality and price. Curwensville, January 5, 1870-tf.

Vick's Floral Guide For 1870.

THE first edition of one hundred and seventy thousand copies of VICK'S ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE OF SEEDS AND FLORAL GUIDE, is published and ready to send out. It is elegantly printed on fine tinted paper, with about 250 fine wood Engravings of Flowers and Vegetables, and a beautiful Colored Plate—consisting of seven varieties of Phlox Drummondii, making a fine Bouquet of Phloxes. It is the most beautiful, as well as the most instructive Floral Guide published, giving plain and thorough directions for the culture of Flowers and Vegetables. The Floral Guide is published for the benefit of my customers, to whom it is sent free without application, but will be forwarded to all who apply by mail, for TEN CENTS, which is not half the cost.

Address, JAMES VICK,
jan12-3t Rochester, N. Y.

THE AMERICAN HOUSE,

Curwensville, Clearfield county, Pa.

THE undersigned has leased this old and long established hotel, (formerly kept by Major Isaac Bloom,) situate in a central portion of the town, and has entirely re-fitted and re-furnished it, and re-modeled the stabling, so as to make it an object, hereafter, for the traveling public to patronize this large and commodious house.

Jan. 19, 70-tf. T. JEFF. BLOOM.

SLEIGH FOR SALE.—Anybody wishing to buy a stylish new Sleigh cheap, can do so by applying to or addressing

Clearfield, Jan. 7-tf FRANK SHORT

Legal Advertisements.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership existing between C. J. Shoff and T. B. O'Brien, in the tanning business at Osceola, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 23d of December, 1869. The business will be continued by C. J. Shoff.

C. J. SHOFF,
January 12:3t. T. B. O'BRIEN.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of J. P. KRATZER deceased, late of the Borough of Clearfield, Pennsylvania, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

C. KRATZER,
Clearfield, Jan. 19, 1870-6t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of T. D. PEOPLES, deceased, late of Lawrence township, Clearfield county, Pa., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN OWENS,
jan19-6tpd. Administrator.

IN THE MATTER OF THE FINAL account of James A. Hagerty, one of the Executors of the estate of John Dillon, deceased.

The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county to determine, adjust, and restate the account of said Executors, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, the 17th day of February, A. D. 1870, at his office in Clearfield, where all parties interested may attend.

D. L. KREBS,
jan19-3t. Auditor.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Clearfield county, Pa.

First Nat'l B'k of Clearfield, vs. George W. Shimel. } No. 118, March T., 1869. Domestic attachm't.

The undersigned, Trustees appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, according to Act of Assembly, hereby give notice that they appoint Friday, the 11th day of February, A. D. 1870, at the borough of Clearfield, to receive the proofs of the several creditors and determine the same, and also require all persons holding any sums of money or other property due the said George W. Shimel to deliver the same to the Trustees.

T. J. McCULLOUGH,
WM. M. McCULLOUGH,
D. L. KREBS,
jan19-3t. Trustees.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Clearfield county, Pa.

Harrison & O'Dell, vs. John W. Farley. } No. 141, March T., 1869. Domestic Attachment.

The undersigned, Trustees appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Clearfield county, according to Act of Assembly, hereby give notice that they appoint Friday, the 11th day of February, A. D. 1870, at the borough of Clearfield, to receive the proofs of the several creditors and determine the same, and also require all persons holding any sums of money or other property due the said John W. Farley to deliver the same to the Trustees.

T. J. McCULLOUGH,
WM. M. McCULLOUGH,
D. L. KREBS,
jan19-3t. Trustees.

Notice to Land-owners!

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, HARRISBURG, Pa., Oct. 22, 1869.

To the Owners of Unseated Lands:

In obedience to an Act of Assembly, approved the eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, you are hereby notified that the "County Land Lien Docket," containing the list of unpatented lands for Clearfield county, prepared under the Act of Assembly of the 20th of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and the supplement thereto, has this day been forwarded to the Prothonotary of the county, at whose office it may be examined. The liens can only be liquidated by the payment of the purchase money, interest and fees, and receiving patents through this Department.

JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
Nov. 10-3m Surveyor General.

Educational.

MISS H. S. SWAN'S

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

CLEARFIELD, PA.

THE WINTER TERM of twenty-two weeks, will commence on Monday, Nov. 22, 1869.

A Primary department will be added to the School this fall; for which the services of a competent instructor have been engaged. And no effort will be spared to render this department attractive and instructive.

TERMS OF TUITION.

Reading, Orthography, Writing, Object Lessons, Primary Arithmetic and Primary Geography, per half term, (of eleven weeks)	$3 50
History, Local and descriptive Geography with Map Drawing, Grammar, Mental and Written Arithmetic	6 50
Algebra and the Sciences	8 00
Instruction in Instrumental music	16 00
Oil painting	12 00
Wax work	8 00

For full particulars send for Circular.

Clearfield, Aug. 25, 1869-pd.

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY.

Rev. P. L. Harrison, A. M., Principal.

THE SECOND SESSION of the present scholastic year of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, the 22d day of November, 1869.

Pupils can enter at any time. They will be charged with tuition from the time they enter to the close of the Session.

The course of instruction embraces every thing included in a thorough, practical and acc