The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1869.

TOO LATE.—The *Earley* Democrats evidently did not vote *early* or *often* enough on election day to be of much use to the Doctor.

Hans Geary's majority three years ago was 17,000, while "the best government the world ever saw" had 28,898 majority last November.

Cheated but not defeated! The Democracy feel far prouder with its candidate defeated than the Radicals with their's elected. Victorious but ashamed.

BUTTS BUTTED.—The Democrats of old Mother Centre have elected their nominee for Sheriff, Mr. Woodring, over the valorous Jerry Butts by 613 majority, while the majority for Assembly, Prothonotary and Treasurer is only 226.

The "government" has written a letter denying that it had any hand in or knowledge of the late gold gamblers' jubilee in New York. The following "P. S." is appended to the denial:

P. S.—I have written this in great haste, and without exercising judgment as to the propriety of writing it; but I submit it to your judgment. U. S. G.

NOT QUITE.—The Earley *blow-hards*, who for weeks offered to bet a small embryo fortune that Mr. Hall would not receive five votes in Karthaus, can see how much they prevaricated by looking at the election table. Hall three behind Packer, and Earley six behind Geary. Falsehood and declamation never amount to much in a bad cause.

The city of Williamsport has a debt of $450,000, nearly half a million, and at the late election gave Peter Herdic 816 majority for Mayor over Mr. Parsons. We will guarantee that the city debt will not decrease while the enterprising Peter continues Mayor, unless the Council is of a different construction. We suspect that more than "the ring" will be smashed before all's over.

The election returns plainly show that the State of Pennsylvania is Democratic by 2,000 majority, and that a Democratic Governor was elected; but the outrageous frauds perpetrated by the "corn toppin'" villain, Covode, has thrown the State into the hands of the corruption ring for three [illegible] the paster and folder fraternity. Harrisburg will swarm with them this winter.

ANOTHER "WHAT-IS-IT."—President Grant has appointed Gen. William M. Belknap, of Iowa, Secretary of War, in the room of *ad interim* Sherman. Whether the General is one of the President's heavy contributors or a relative, seems to be unknown. Everybody asks, who is Gen. Belknap? He is evidently one of Grant's old chums; hence he is unknown, except by the Digger Indians and a few obsolete camp-followers. The President seems determined to let no one into the Cabinet who knows any more than he does; hence he resorts to resurrection.

THEIR MONUMENT.—Dr. Earley and his misguided friends, who were after the two *Halls*—John G. Hall, Esq., and the Hall of the House of Representatives—have made a *dear water haul*, and landed in the last ditch. Earley 123 ahead of Geary! These are the *dearest* votes ever received by any candidate in this county, and will remain a monument to the folly and indiscretion of a few zealots who seek to use the party to resent *personal wrongs*, either imaginary or real. The Democrats at one time conceded Dr. Earley 150 Democratic votes in this county, but his outrageous course reduced even that number to 123.

A CENTRE SHOT.—Our readers are no doubt aware that a great commercial convention held a session at the city of Louisville, Kentucky, last week. The delegates present represented all the States and Territories in the Union, whose main business was to look after the commercial and monetary interests of the country. The following advisory, resolution among others, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That Congress direct the Secretary of the Treasury to regulate all his action by the wants and necessities of the government, and leave the people to manage their money markets and business in their own way.

This is the best fatherly advice the "government" and Congress has received for a long time.

THE REFORMATION.—The city of Philadelphia is evidently but little inclined towards a reformation, if we are to judge its inhabitants from what occurred at the late election. A short time before the period referred to, a great ado was made about reform, temperance, etc. The reform and temperance ladies and gentlemen solemnly assembled in convention, and nominated a city ticket, looking to this end; but on the day of election only *two hundred and forty-two* votes were polled for it. If 242 reform and 5,000 fraudulent votes are to be accepted as a reform, Philadelphia must do better in the future, or she is bound to loose her title of "the city of brotherly love."

The Result in this County.

Elsewhere will be found a complete table of returns of the election in this county. The general result is better than we expected. Twelve hundred is what we claimed until Wednesday morning, when one third of the vote was returned, showing an increase in those districts of 118. Upon this fact we based our calculation of 1,400, supposing that the other two-thirds of the county would show a similar gain. But such was not the fact. We sustained small losses in Beccaria, Bell, Graham, Jordan, Lumber City and Woodward; besides the heavy loss of 23 in Decatur, 29 in Girard and 23 in Karthaus, which show an unnatural loss, compared with the rest of the county. Hence our majority settled down to 1,222; being an increase of 80 on the last October election, and 100 on Grant, in November. Osceola, Curwensville, Penn, Pike, Goshen and Union contributed nobly towards the redemption of our good old Commonwealth. Our table shows six more majority for Packer and Pershing than the official return on file in the Prothonotary's office, from the fact that the Return Judges only tallied 100 for each of those gentlemen as the vote of Knox township, but at the same time gave the balance of the ticket 107. We examined the papers and found the vote in question to be 106 instead of 100, making the majority for the former 1,222, and the latter 1,221.

Sledge-Hammer Argument.

George S. Boutwell, Grant's Secretary of the Treasury, in his political harangue in Philadelphia, on Saturday before the great election fraud in that city, stated that the National Debt was *two thousand, four hundred and forty millions of dollars*, ($2,440,000,000,) and that it must be paid in gold, contrary to all law and the expectation of every bondholder. Reader, suppose this infamous project succeeds, with gold at an average premium of 40 per cent. It will just add *nine hundred and seventy-six millions* to the debt, increase the profits of the bondholders that much more, and make the taxpayers' bill *three thousand, four hundred and sixteen millions of dollars*, ($3,416,000,000.) This little Boutwellian bill just amounts to *nine hundred dollars* for every soul now on this continent. Thus, under the latest loil arrangement, every family of five persons is mortgaged to the bondholders for *four thousand, five hundred dollars*.

Contemplate the subject, ye white slaves who enjoy the felicity of eight or ten children, and see what "the best government on earth" is doing for "a free people" under "loil" influences.

EXAMINING THE BRETHERN.—Parker Pillsbury, a celebrated Massachusettes Abolitionist has for the first time in his life made a pilgrimage down South to see how his colored brethern live in freedom, and how they lived in slavery. [illegible] olina and his old chronic opinions have already received an awful waking up. The New York *Herald* says: "He had supposed, no doubt, that they were "poor, but respectable;" but he has found them but little better than the barbarians of Dahomey—lazy, filthy, whiskey-drinking, ignorant almost beyond belief and horribly demoralized in every way. Pillsbury, however, has set a good example to all his fellow negro worshipers of the Wendell Phillips coterie in going down South to see for himself how far the ballot has elevated "the national freedmen," for even Sumner would learn something to his advantage in a Southern excursion in search of knowledge.

THE "GOVERNMENT."—The President has written a letter to a New York horse-jockey, denying that he had legged in with the New York gold gamblers. This may be true, but his Brother-in-law Corbin, where the "government" was housed for two weeks while in New York, did make one hundred thousand dollars by selling his gold at 160, *just before Grant ordered Boutwell to sell government gold.* "Lucky dog," wasn't he? We have just now "the greatest government" in the world.

Gen. Grant & Co. ruralized through Western Maryland last week. He is being exhibited as a "What-is-it" by the Radical leaders, for the purpose of resurrecting the party in that State. He was on exhibition in Washington county, in this State, for a whole week before the election, and everybody, circus-like, went to see him, yet the county went Democratic by 200, notwithstanding the General had carried it last November by 190. That circus won't pay.

Now that the days are shortening and the nights getting longer, which will afford the farmer, mechanic and laboring man an opportunity for reading, and thereby improve their moral as well as intellectual faculties. And since the great political battle of the State has been fought, and when the smoke shall have cleared away, we will return to our usual custom of giving the readers of the *Republican* a judicious and more varied selection of choice literature.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says:—"General Sherman is certainly fond of a grim joke. In his order issued the other day giving Pennsylvania and Ohio clerks permission to go home and vote, he says, Democrats as well as Republicans can have such leave, and that no distinction is to be made. In view of the fact that the weeding out process has been thoroughly practiced, and that Democrats in the War as well as in every other Department are so scarce that even an income tax assessor could not discover them, it is a very rich joke to issue a formal order granting them permission to go home and vote."

Death of Ex-Governor Ritner.

The official returns of the election of a Governor of Pennsylvania have not been completed until the death of a former chief magistrate of the Commonwealth is announced. Joseph Ritner died on Saturday afternoon last at the residence of a son-in-law, in the borough of Carlisle, at the extreme age of ninety. He was born in the township of Alsace, in the county of Berks, of German parentage—of that sturdy, frugal, honest and industrious stock which has contributed so largely to the prosperity of this great State. His early opportunities for education were few, being confined to the winter schools of his neighborhood. Early in life he removed to the county of Washington, and engaged in farming, the occupation in which he had been reared. Soon after his removal to Washington county, he began to take an active part in politics, and was elected by his Democratic neighbors to the State legislature. He served in the legislature for a number of years, and was chosen Speaker of the House in the session of 1826 and 1827. As a Speaker he maintained a reputation for promptness and fairness in his decisions, and impartiality in the organization of the committees of the body over which he presided.

In 1827 he was appointed by President Adams one of the Visitors to West point. A failure to obtain a new nomination for the Legislature at the hands of the Democrats, compelled him to retire for a few years from public life.

In 1829 Joseph Ritner was nominated for Governor by the rising faction of anti-Masons, at the head of whom was Thaddeus Stevens. In this contest, his vote was small. He was again nominated against George Wolf by the anti-Masons in 1832, and although defeated, the heavy vote which he received gave evidence of popularity and strength among the people beyond that of the faction to which he belonged. Divisions among the Democrats in 1835, enabled Ritner to gratify his long-cherished ambition of becoming Governor. There were two Democratic candidates in the field, George Wolf and Henry A. Muhlenburg, and between them Ritner slipped in. During his administration the great system of Public Works inaugurated by Governor Wolf was continued. Some extravagant railroad schemes were started, among them the notorious Tape Worm road in Adams county, the ruined culverts of which are still to be seen. Thomas H. Burrowes, now President of the State Agricultural College, was Ritner's Secretary of State; James Todd, of Fayette county, was the Attorney General, and Thaddeus Stevens, a member of the Canal Board, was the leader of the administration. The large appropriations of the public money, and what was deemed its reckless and wasteful expenditure in enterprises of no benefit to the people, made the administration of Ritner extremely unpopular. When presented for re-election, he was defeated by David R. Porter by an immense majority. At this election, for the first time in the political history of the Commonwealth, the most corrupt practices were resorted to to insure success. The Canal Board raised from contractors and others employed on the Public Works what Thaddeus Stevens irreverently called a *Missionary Fund* to be employed in elections, and the returns of the votes at Millerstown in Adams county, and other [illegible] Quality for fraud in that early day which might well excite envy in the breast of a Covode. In the midst of the storm raised by the attempt to defeat the will of the people in the elections in 1838, the administration of Ritner closed. The lawfully chosen representatives were admitted to their seats and the Buckshot War ended without the shedding of blood.

On reutrning from office, Governor Ritner purchased a farm in Cumberland county, on which he continued to reside almost to the day of his death. He never again emerged from private life, though he made one or two unsuccessful attempts to obtain office. He was an applicant for the Treasurership of the Mint, under President Taylor, but, being disappointed, he was never again heard of in politics.

Though he was the object of much denunciation and ridicule while Governor, yet he was a man of considerable intellect and force of character. Although a violent partisan, some of the worst acts of his administration must be attributed to the recklessness of his official advisers and the party spirit which prevailed at the time. Without possessing much education, he had no little knowledge and experience in public affairs. He was one of the Governors of the "Farmer Commonwealth," and since he owed his elevation to the tillers of the soil, he was devoted to what he considered their true interests. Since his day the "Farmer Commonwealth" has disappeared. The honest tillers of the ground have lost their influence in the politics of the State, and a new rule has begun its downward course. Great corporations, and rings of speculators and lobby men have obtained complete control of the government of the Commonwealth. These agencies were scarcely known in the administration of Joseph Ritner.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

Governing by Jerks.

Sometimes Gen. Grant is a mere piece of wax in the hands of his Cabinet, and sometimes *jerks* in harness: nay, snapsit, and breaks the gearing. The appointment of his new Secretary of War, Belknap, is undoubtedly his own work. Nobody knows him. Nobody heard of him out of the army, and in the army, not many, if any. But Borie was as well known, and Robeson only a little better, in which there was not so much matter, as Admiral Porter "runs" both. This governing by jerks, however, is ticklish business for government is very much like other trades—a something, in which a man must know something, to do anything well. Government, too, is a co-partnership, save in despotisms, and something even of a co-partnership there,—in which experienced practiced men must be consulted, if a country is to be governed well.

General Grant, however, we see, is becoming something of a politician. He diddled the Pennsylvanians until after the election, with an understanding that the great head of the Union League in Philadelphia, the romantic and rhapsodic Borie, was to go into the Cabinet, and he staid at home pending the elections in Pennsylvania and Ohio; but the moment these elections were over he hunts up a Belknap in Iowa, and goes off to smoke and have a good time at the Maryland Fair. The General is learning the tricks of the trade.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

CLEARFIELD COUNTY ELECTION RETURNS FOR 1869.

—Official.—

1869. Boroughs & Townships.	Governor Packer, D.	Governor Geary, R.	S. Judge Pershing, D.	S. Judge Williams, R.	Assembly Hall, D.	Assembly Early, R.	Treasur'r Fleegal, D.	Treasur'r Arnold, R.	Comm'r. Hissemas, D.	Comm'r. Mehaffey, R.	Auditor. Miller, D.	Auditor. McGarvey, R.
Beccaria,	100	116	97	117	101	116	101	116	102	115	101	116
Bell,	122	53	121	54	122	57	122	57	122	57	122	57
Bloom,	37	26	35	26	34	28	37	25	37	26	37	26
Boggs,	111	43	110	40	107	40	106	40	107	40	107	40
Bradford,	151	57	148	58	148	60	149	59	149	59	150	58
Brady,	328	87	320	80	306	108	332	84	328	90	329	90
Burnside,	91	161	91	161	89	156	89	161	89	158	89	161
Chest,	98	96	96	94	95	92	95	93	95	93	94	93
Covington,	97	25	96	25	94	24	94	24	94	24	94	24
Clearfield,	169	125	162	124	144	141	166	122	161	123	165	119
Curwensville,	45	74	45	73	42	74	42	72	45	74	45	74
Decatur,	113	72	113	76	114	70	114	70	114	70	114	70
Ferguson,	65	39	65	39	66	38	66	39	66	39	66	39
Girard,	46	43	45	41	47	41	47	41	47	41	47	41
Goshen,	60	23	60	23	58	23	61	23	61	23	61	25
Graham,	105	16	106	15	106	15	106	15	106	15	106	15
Gulich,	30	96	32	94	29	97	27	97	29	97	27	97
Huston,	76	73	74	75	2	140	76	69	76	69	76	69
Jordan,	72	41	71	40	71	41	71	41	70	41	69	41
Karthaus,	45	33	45	33	42	27	44	30	44	30	39	35
Knox,	106	22	106	22	107	22	107	22	107	22	107	22
Lawrence,	554	100	252	99	232	116	245	100	246	101	246	100
Lumber City,	30	25	30	25	27	26	29	25	29	25	29	25
Morris,	180	55	181	54	179	55	180	54	180	54	180	54
N. Washington	45	8	44	9	42	11	42	9	43	9	43	9
Osceola,	99	54	99	54	100	51	100	53	100	53	100	53
Penn,	88	54	89	53	88	53	88	53	89	52	86	53
Pike,	128	100	128	102	123	102	128	102	128	102	128	102
Union,	46	42	46	41	34	52	47	39	48	38	47	38
Woodward	84	46	82	50	83	46	83	48	83	48	83	48
TOTAL.	3021	1799	2998	1797	2832	1922	2999	1783	2994	1778	2984	1792
Majorities.	1222		1201		910		1216		1216		1192	

The Lesson.

Amateur dabblers in stocks and gold, along with more legitimate but not sufficiently wary merchants and the public at large, have been taught one good lesson by the late transactions in Wall street; to wit, that where the maddening thirst for sudden gain takes hold of the souls of men otherwise clever and respectable, all conscience ceases, and nothing is listened to but the exigency of the hour.

The scenes in the Gold Room last week were a disgrace to any civilized community. The howls and yells, the imprecations and the blasphemy, the demoniac countenances and distorted bodies, the frenzied gesticulation, the foaming lips, the starting eyes, the clenched fists, the twitching and convulsed muscles of Bedlam were all there; but, worst of all, the heartless recklessness that was ready to beggar thousands, and ruin a country rather than desist, the was lord and master of the insane orgie.

Such things, if not sternly rebuked and put down, will blast the business charater of New York, and make the financial credit of the country a hissing and a by-word to mankind.

At home, it is not merely the confusion and loss we have to bewail. The terrible and iniquitous example that it sets before our young men of every pursuit and degree is, perhaps, after all, the most baleful feature of the whole affair. All our newspapers have spread the details of these repulsive scenes over columns and columns of print, each morning and afternoon, and sent them by hundreds of thousands of copies to every part of the Union. All resources of rengar [illegible] exhausted in dressing up the narrative to make it piquant and diverting. The tricks, pretences, and misrepresentations—which, if resorted to by a poor and friendless man, would send to a penitentiary as a felon—are chuckled over as, "smart" and facetious things, which would make a brilliant fellow of any youth who could manage to borrow or steal funds enough to practice them on a handsome scale.

Here is desperate injury done, and we use no idle unmeaning words when we commend it to the earnest attention of all honest bankers, merchants, and tradesmen who have sons upon whose success as decent citizens they are building their hopes. We have, already, had one conspicuous and most mournful instance of the total ruin and criminal conviction of an otherwise amiable and promising young man through this very mania of unbounded speculation, the latest paroxysm of which has just startled the country. How many more shall make up the crop from this seed-sowing.

Look ye well to it, all who are aiding and abetting a species of gambling compared with which all the faro-banks and lotteries in the world are but as child's play! The hungry and eager-eyed thousands and tens of thousands whom want and cold pinch every day, hear, amid their rags and pain, of all this treasure, and they gather more closer and more fiercely around those marble palaces whose inmates they begin to think have no more rights than they.—*N. Y. Mercantile Journal.*

Grant's Trout Paid For.

It seems that President Grant, while rusticating at Kane, caught some trout a little out of season—our Legislature having foolishly passed a law against taking them after August first, which don't apply to our county. The Democratic papers were so horrified at this that Gen. Kane took the responsibility of the act himself. In a note to the McKean *Miner* he says:

"A remark of Senator Cameron's about the game laws having made the President decline to eat venison, I had not the heart to tell him of our passing the act last winter which forbids catching trout after the first. Grant looked forward with so much pleasure to forgetting his Washington cares, one day at least, fishing up Straight creek, that I said to myself as I did when I was younger of the Fugitive Slave Law, "Break the law, but break it openly, and pay the penalty. I remitted the fine through Colonel Wilcox, myself assuming the honorable part of informer. And I have thus paid the price of $2.50 a piece for the smallest trout you ever put in your basket; thirty dollars, that is to say, for about a pound."

Then Gen. Kane violated the law deliberately, and abuses the Radical Legislature for being so foolish as to pass it. Oh, these Radicals, how they disdain to be bound down by law, even those of their own making, they despise and openly violate.—*Warren Ledger.*

Some burglars have formed an attachment for Saegerstown, Crawford county. They rob the safe in the railroad office at that place every quarter, and are never caught.

The editor of the Newbern *Times* has been compelled to advertise that business engagements compel him to decline all challenges.

Married.

In Curwensville, at the residence of the bride's father, Oct. 12, 1869, by Rev. G. W. FENCOSS, Mr. EDWARD LIVINGSTON, to Miss FRANK BARD, all of Curwensville, Pa.

On the 17th of October, 1869, by the Rev. JOHN FLEGAL, Mr. BOYD QUIGLE, of Centre county, and Mrs. MATILDA PAULEY, of Clearfield county, Pa.

At the residence of the bride's father, on the 19th of October, 1869, by L. F. IRWIN, Esq., Mr. DENNES LEWIS, of Marysville, Boggs twp. and Miss JENNIE PARKS, of Lawrence township.

The happy couple have our best wishes for their future happiness and prosperity; and may they long live a "faithful husband and loving wife."

New Advertisements.

TRIAL LIST for November Term, 1869.

FIRST WEEK.

Frister	vs.	Hunsberger.
Leavy	"	Moore.
Hursthall	"	White.
Mary H. Scott	"	Scott's Heirs.
G. W. Shimel	"	M. Jane Shimel.
Redmond	"	Flemming.
Campbell	"	Williams et. al.
Horgan	"	Shoff.
Coal Bank	"	W. W. Worrell.
Leonard	"	Dillon et. al.
Marsh	"	Sebring.
Bell School District	"	Snyder.
Albert	"	Reaser & Hileman.
Breiner	"	Smith.
Osceola Coal Co.	"	A. J. Gess.
Fleming	"	Dillon's Exr's.
Swan	"	Matthews.
Cluster Rims	"	Hegarty's Exrs.
McConnel	"	Sup'rs Lawrence twp.
Council	"	Faner, J. A.
Hockenberry	"	Brown.
Frank, Bros. & Co.	"	Matthews, et al.
Moore, J. A.	"	Straw.
Carry, James	"	Wagener, Wm.

SECOND WEEK.

Hughes & Lloyd	vs.	Dunbar.
Sholdan	"	Gaines.
Porter	"	Miller.
Goss	"	Langdon & Dixon.
King	"	Brenneman.
Brooks	"	Horn.
Brokerhof	"	Rider.
Moore	"	Straw.
White	"	McGarvey.
Zilliox	"	Smith.
Brown	"	Hockenberry.
Hoover	"	Cleary & Wall.
Bowman	"	Bowman.
Bassom, et al.	"	Arthurs, et al.
Irvine	"	Smead, et al.
First N. Bk. Clearfield	"	Askey & Shoff.
DeHass	"	Barger estate.
Hipps	"	Summerville.
Erhard	"	Mays.
Terpe	"	Lutz.
Cressman & Son	"	Gaines.
Henry	"	Neeper.
Cressman & Son	"	Guisen.
Boynton	"	Upthegraff, et al.

Certified from the record.
A. C. TATE, Prothonotary.

LIST OF TRAVERSE JURORS for November Term, 1869.

FIRST WEEK.

Beccaria...J. W. Wright.	Gulich...Patrick Flynn.
" ...Jos. M. Smith.	" ...Joseph Fry.
Bloom...Hugh Leach.	Huston...Joseph Burky.
Boggs...John Blair.	Jordan...Isaac Bloom.
Bradford..David Wilson.	" ...John Williams.
" ...James Dixon jr	Karthaus..Jos. Gilliland.
" ...John Cowder.	" ...Jos. Yothers.
Brady...John Flegal.	Knox...Lewis Erhard.
Burnside..J. Bernbaugh.	Lawrence..John Mitchell
Clearfield..J. C. Whitehill	Morris...Adam Moyer.
" ...Richard Moore.	" ...E. C. Brenner.
" ...Jas. B. Graham.	N. Washington...James
Curwensville..Hon. J. D.	" ...Savage.
" ...Thompson.	Pike...Lafayette McClure
" ...John McNaul.	" ...Wm. McNaul.
Chest..Robt. Pennington	" ...John Holden.
Decatur..Enoch Gearhart	Union..Horace Courtney
Graham...Wm. Wilhelm	Woodward..Jno D. Alexander.
Goshen...J. S. Flegal.	
" ...John Sankey.	

SECOND WEEK.

Bell...Henry Breth, jr.	Clearfield..J. S. Showers.
Bloom...James Leach.	Curwensville..E. A. Irvin
Boggs...Charles Sloan.	" ...John Irvin.
Brady...Fred. Smilley.	Decatur..A. Boughman.
" ...W. L. Porter.	Ferguson..D. W. Hoyt
" ...J. S. Horn.	Girard..Anderson Murry
" ...M. N. Luther.	Graham...M. V. French.
" ...Henry Krimer.	" ...R. Habler.
" ...George M. Nolder	Jordan...Thomas Smith.
Burnside..John Langdon	Karthaus...Wm. Hoffer.
" ...Jackson Patchin	Lawrence..John W. Tate.
" ...David Mehaffey.	" ...Robt. Lawhead
" ...John Byers.	" ...A. G. Hoyt.
Chest...E. V. Chenesa.	Osceola...Milo Hoyt.
" ...Armstrong Wood	Pike...John P. Dale.
Covington..Joseph Gross	Union...Joseph Harley.
" ...Francis Contriet	Woodward..S. Henderson
" ...Solomon Master	" ...Wm. Luther.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of ROSWELL LUTHER, deceased, late of Brady township, Clearfield county, Pa., have been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement. M. H. LUTHER,
Oct. 20-6t-pd. Administrator.

REPORT of the condition of the COUNTY NATIONAL BANK of Clearfield, at the close of business on the 9th of October, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$91,111 86
Overdrafts	5,686 24
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	75,000 00
Due from Redeeming Agent	6,391 38
Due from National Banks	11,581 91
Due from other Banks and Bankers	8,045 97
Furniture and fixtures	831 16
Taxes paid	534 65
Cash items, including stamps	1,034 17
Bills of other National Banks	798 00
Fractional currency, including nickles	81 62
Legal-tender notes	12,800 00
Profit and loss	18 51
Total	$216,795 09

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	5,000 00
Exchange	154 50
Interest	2,657 21
Circulation outstanding	61,905 00
Individual deposits	40,187 65
Due to National Banks	2,611 47
Due to other Banks and Bankers	457 77
Current expenses	681 46
Total	$216,795 09

I, D. W. Moore, Cashier of the County National Bank of Clearfield, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. D. W. MOORE, Cashier.
Correct—Attest:
Richard Shaw, Wm. A. Wallace, Wm. Porter, Directors.

LADIES', MISSES' & CHIDREN'S CLOTH and Wather-proof Coats and Sacks, at MRS. WATSON'S.

New Advertisements.

REPORT of the condition of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Clearfield, in the county of Clearfield, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, on the 9th day of October, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$168,121 94
Over drafts		5,819 08
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand		1,500 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents		8,837 57
Due from other National Banks		2,859 85
Due from other Banks & Bankers		6,586 61
Furniture and fixtures		1,215 00
Current Expenses		79 21
Taxes paid		757 45
Cash items, including stamps		450 08
Bills of other National Banks		2,000 00
Fractional currency, includ. nickels		439 66
Legal Tender notes		10,911 00

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00	
Surplus fund	9,000 00	
Discount	1,993 50	
Exchange	107 69	
Interest	2,241 04	
Profit and loss	334 79	
National Bank Circulation outstanding	56,775 00	
Individual deposits	48,028 06	
Due to National Banks	1,141 81	
Due to other Banks and Bankers	1,826 20	
Total	249,447 89	249,447 89

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, } ss:
COUNTY OF CLEARFIELD, }

I, A. C. Finney, Cashier of the First National Bank of Clearfield, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. A. C. FINNEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to the 18th day of Oct. A. D., 1869. WM. RADEBAUGH, Notary Public.

D. G. Nerling, A. F. Boynton, Jon'a. Boynton, Directors.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with ONE SPAN OF HORSES, (one a bay and the other a sorrel, both mares,) together with harness, singletrees, spreads, bought of William Cree, of Beccaria township, and now in the possession of William Lightner, of Beccaria township, as the same belong to me, and are subject to my order. W. S. DICKEY,
Glen Hope, Oct. 11, 1869-3t.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents Wanted, $75 to $200 per month, male and female, to sell the celebrated and original Common Sense Family Sewing Machine, improved and perfected; it will hem, fell, stitch, tuck, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. For simplicity and durability, it has no rival. Do not buy from any parties selling machines under the same name as ours, unless having a Certificate of Agency signed by us, as they are worthless Cast Iron Machines. For Circulars and Terms, apply or address,
H. CRAWFORD & CO.,
o20-3t 413 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

BOOTS! BOOTS!! BOOTS!!!
The Celebrated
RICHARDSON BOOTS,
For sale—wholesale and retail, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

ONLY $5.00
You can get a pair of French Kip Boots for five dollars, at J. P. KRATZER'S.
Oct. 20, 1869-tf.

CUWENSVILLE MARBLE YARD.

DESIROUS of extending my business, and knowing there can be no higher tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased and buried friends, than to erect over their narrow homes a sculptured slab of enduring marble, that points forever to the resting place of those we love; I beg leave to say to all who wish to show their affection for their departed friends and kindred, that they can now have an opportunity of doing so, by calling at my Shop on Thompson street, Curwensville, Pa., as I am prepared to furnish to order,

MONUMENTS,
CRADLE & BOX TOMBS,
HEAD STONES, &c.,

of any design or size, at reasonable rates.

N. B.—I keep on hand the best **Foreign and Domestic Marble.** All work executed in the most skillful manner. I will also deliver work to any point in Clearfield or adjoining counties, if desired. WM. H. COLBURN.
Curwensville, Oct. 20, 1869-tf.

LADIES buy your dress goods, trimmings, &c., at WM. REED & CO'S., as they have the choicest Styles of the Season.

CAUTION.—Proprietors of Hotels and Saloons, and every body else are hereby warned against trusting any person for GERMAN WINE, any intoxicating liquors hereafter, as I am determined to prosecute each and every one found violating the law in his particular case.
A FRIEND.
Woodland, Oct. 13-3tpd.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—The undersigned offers for sale, at a bargain, a first-class thirty horse power STATIONARY ENGINE AND CIRCULAR SAW-MILL, with Edger, Lath Mill, and everything complete and in good order.—Having no further use for the above machinery it will be sold cheap.
JAMES LOWTHER & CO.
Altoona, Oct. 13-1m.

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, residing in Brady township, on or about the 6th day of September last, a DARK RED COW, with bell on, supposed to be ten or twelve years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of as the law directs. F. KOHLER.
Brady township, Oct. 13-3tpd.

J. H. KLINE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

HAVING located at Pennfield, Pa., offers his professional services to the people of that place and surrounding country. All calls promptly attended to. oct. 13 tf.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned an Auditor, appointed by the Court of Clearfield county, to make distribution of the monies in the hands of Cyrenius Howe and Charles Sloan, Administrators, &c., of Jacob Gearhart, deceased, late of Morris township, amongst those legally entitled thereto, will attend to discharge the duties of his appointment, at his office, in Clearfield, on Tuesday, the 9th day of November, next, where all persons interested in said fund can attend if they see proper. D. L. KREBS,
Oct. 13, '69-3t Auditor.

DR. M. L. KLINE,
SURGEON DENTIST.

HAVING located in Wallaceton, Clearfield county, Pa., offers his professional services to the people of that place, and the surrounding country. All work guaranteed, and charges moderate. [oct.13,'69-tf.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been examined and passed by me, and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others in any way interested, and will be presented to the next Orphan's Court of Clearfield county, to be held at the Court House, in the borough of Clearfield, commencing on the second Monday of November, A. D. 1869.

1. Patial account of Mary Mullen, Executrix, of Thomas Mullen, deceased, late of Beccaria township.

2. Final account of A. S. Dickinson, Administrator *de bonis non, cum testamento annexo* of Julia Dickenson, deceased, late of Beccaria township.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, Clearfield, Pa., Oct. 13, 1869-3t. } A. W. LEE, Register.

A FIRST-CLASS DRESS & COAT MAKER, from the east, has been employed at Mrs. WATSON'S.

ALSO, a new Fall and Winter stock of Bonnets, Hats, &c., at Mrs. WATSON'S.

ALSO, a new supply of Trimmings and Fancy Articles, at Mrs. WATSON'S.

ALSO, all the late and most fashionable Styles, Dress and Coat Patterns, for Ladies, Misses and Children, at Mrs. WATSON'S.

Particular attention will be given to the Dress Making Department, by Miss Oswalt, who has spent much time in this branch of business, who will have the whole charge of the business, at Mrs. WATSON'S.

It will be our greatest study to please and give all attention to our customers, so that they may be accommodated with promptness and best styles and quality of goods, at lower prices than they have been buying at elsewhere.

All are invited to call at Mrs. WATSON'S.
Oct. 13, 1869-tf.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or negotiating for a certain Promissory Note, drawn in favor of John W. Holt by David W. Holt, calling for $371.86, payable at Morrisdale, (said note being over due) as the same was stolen from me in Allegheny city.
JOHN W. HOLT.
Oct. 6, '69-3tpd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of R. B. LEE, deceased, late of Beccaria township, Clearfield county, Pa., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement and allowance without delay.
Oct. 13-6t. A. W. LEE, Adm'r.

Dry Goods, &c.

1869. 1869.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

NEW GOODS & NEW STYLES.

J. K. P. LIGHTCAP,

Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.

HAS JUST OPENED a large and well selected stock of FALL and WINTER BOOTS and SHOES; the latest styles of HATS and CAPS, &c., which he will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

The Latest Styles of Hats and Caps.

Boots, Shoes, Umbrellas, &c.

CALL and SEE for YOURSELVES.

Place: next door to Adams' Ex. Office.
Sept. 22, '69-tf.

OCTOBER
1869. 1869.

FALL TRADE.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!!

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