The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 11, 1869.

Hon. John C. Breckinridge arrived in Baltimore on Saturday.

The remains of Mrs. Surratt have been delivered to Annie Surratt and her brother Isaac, by order of the President.

The Reading *Daily Times* presents the name of Hon. Richard Vaux as its choice as the next Democratic candidate for Governor.

Among the many able jurists named in connection with the nomination of a Democratic candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, the Erie *Observer* adds the Hon. Rasselas Brown, of Warren.

THE BANNER OF THE SOUTH.—This is the title of a first-class journal, published by Messrs. L. T. Blome & Co., at Augusta, Georgia. It is edited by Rev. A. J. Ryan, who will no doubt be recollected by many of our readers as a warm advocate of the Confederacy during the progress of the "irrepressible conflict." Mr. Ryan is ardently devoted to his section, and wields a scathing pen in favor of the past, present and future of the South. Any one can receive a sample copy by sending their name and postoffice address to the publishers. The subscription price is $3 per annum.

THAT BALL.—The loyal ball that was to have been in the rotunda of the capitol on the day of Gen. Grant's inauguration, it seems now was not "blowed up" by the religious wing of that party, as the public was at first led to believe. The real cause of its postponement was, that the gentleman from Africa and his sweet-scented lady wanted to dance too. To this some of the "white trash" objected, whereupon Sambo turned around and "blowed up" the ball. The "culled cuss from Africa" thinks if he is intelligent enough to "wote," he can dance. Go in, Sambo! give 'em fits.

TRUTH.—The Radical leaders, like "Old Nick," sometimes tell the truth. An accident of this kind happened in the Rump Congress last week. Gen. Garfield, Chairman of the Military Committee, stated in a speech that the agents of the Indian Bureau were stealing money enough from the Treasury annually to pay the national debt in ten years. This mild impeachment brought a counter charge from Mr. Windom, Chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs, who stated that Garfield and his military satraps had stolen more from the Treasury annually than the whole Indian Bureau cost the Government. We believe these two captains of "loilty and morality" tell the truth; but will their deluded camp followers believe it and turn them out?

WHO RUN THE RADICAL PARTY.—Galusha A. Grow, Chairman of their State Committee; John W. Geary, Governor; Benj. H. Brewster, Attorney General; Wien Forney, State Librarian; Simon Cameron and John Scott, U. S. Senators; Glenni W. Scofield, (our M. C.,) Kelly, Cake, Mercur, Packer, Cessna, Gilfillan, Phelps, etc; John W. Forney, (with "my two papers, both daily.") These men were all expelled from the Democratic party of this State for their notorious corrupt practices; and they are just now vindicating their principles at Harrisburg and Washington. Not a decent old Whig is to day found at the head of the opposition party in this State, because nearly all such belong to the Democratic party, from the fact that they could not associate with or tolerate the outrages practiced by this horde of corrupt renegades. What we find in Pennsylvania, exists in the other States. The people are in the hands of the corruptest villains that ever disgraced a State.

STILL NOTED CHARACTERS.—Dr. Blaisdell and John J. Eckel, of New York, were last week sentenced each to three years in the Albany Penitentiary for defrauding the Government. These two men were among the leading spirits in the Burdell-Cunningham murder, in that city, which attracted so much attention twelve years ago. Blaisdell, then in the practice of his profession, was one of the many suspected; and his surgical knowledge was adduced to account for the scientific precision with which the wounds were inflicted upon the body of the murdered man. Nothing tangible was traced to him; neither did he make a very clear vindication. Eckel—then a "most respectable citizen," a dealer in hides and fat, or something of that sort—boarded with Mrs. Cunningham, and was "spooney" towards the dangerous widow, or one of her fascinating daughters. He was for some time held "under observation," in anticipation of proof that might fasten him as an accessory. The conjunction of these two names in that story of crime, and their joint condemnation for a penal offence now, at a period so comparatively remote, furnish matter for speculation upon the unwritten mysteries of their lives. Those who have good memories, will remember the portraitures of Blaisdell and Eckel, as they appeared in the illustrated papers of the period.

Swoope and the Court House.

This political harlot and social evil still continues to afflict his neighbors and friends alike. Like the troubled ocean, he constantly keeps casting up mire and dirt.

We observe by the last number of the *Journal*, that he has again taken the liberty of ventilating a cargo of his spleen against his neighbors. Old dead issues must be revived to cover up present iniquities. The domestic peace must be disturbed, in order to cover up public wrongs.

Thus the Court House question has been revived and made the pretext for two specific purposes, plainly visible in the article alluded to. The first is to prevent "loil" eyes and ears from seeing and hearing the wrongs perpetrated upon the people by Swoope's partisans at Washington and Harrisburg; and the second is to assail, slander and vilify Mr. Thorn and Senator Wallace and his friends. We shall only refer to the former, being well aware that the latter are able to take care of themselves. Private grievances and imaginary wrongs must flow through some other channel than our editorials. It is sheer nonsense to talk about and revive the Court House question to-day. The liability of any one and all with reference to its erection has long since passed away, and, as intimated above, no public wrong, but private malice alone, troubles the waters now. It would be well for Mr. Swoope to impale himself within his own legitimate bounds; and if he or his friends do not keep him within this sphere, others will. The rod is raised to scourge him, and nothing but his decent behavior will stay it. The continued wholesale abuse of his superiors is an infliction that will not be endured much longer by this community. His past and continued tirades against private individuals is an outrage, and must cease—or with him rests the responsibility.

The twaddle about the Court House is mere nonsense. The justness of Mr. Thorn's claim seems to be admitted by Swoope himself, because he, and a large number of his friends, signed the petition, and no partisan question was attempted by any one.

LEGAL INTEREST.—The Board of Trade of the City of Philadelphia expect to urge the passage of a bill, during the present session of the Legislature, increasing the rate to 7 per cent. This strikes us as a move in the right direction. So long as the rate in this State remains at 6 per cent., while New York and New Jersey have by law fixed it at 7 per cent., we cannot expect surplus capital seeking investment here. As it now stand New York and New Jersey are reaping the benefit of our capital while we are suffering from the want of it. True, our rate is but six per cent. and the borrower is benefited to that extent, but how many borrowers are accommodated at this rate, and how many pay a much higher rate? Is it not probable that by increasing the rate in this State to 7 per cent. all of the capital now seeking investment in other States, because of the additional one per cent., would be employed here, and if so, would not the demand be lessened, and in proportion to the lessening of the demand the rate of interest decrease? Borrowers would find less difficulty in obtaining loans, and lenders benefited by having a home investment. A law thus mutually beneficial is certainly one that should receive general approval.

A PROBLEM FOR PENNSYLVANIA SOLDIERS.—A table has been prepared by Hon. H. D. Washburn, member of Congress from Indiana, showing the number of additional bounty claims which have been paid and rejected up to the end of last year. From this table it appears that Maine has had 53,290 of these claims paid, New York 45,031, and Pennsylvania 31,555. The disparity between the number of additional bounties allowed to Pennsylvania and Maine, is striking indeed. Our State furnished at least five times as many troops during the recent war as Maine, and yet comes in for but a little more than one-half the number of additional bounties paid the latter State. What is the reason of this inequality? New York, too, although she furnished six times as many troops as Maine, gets some eight thousand less additional bounties. Is it because Maine is a radical Yankee State, or because old Fessenden controlled matters in the departments at Washington, that this remarkable disparity exists? We hope our soldier friends throughout the State, will be able to solve the problem. Perhaps some of the Radical politicians who profess to be their special friends, can give them a clue to this riddle.

NEW PASSENGER CARS.—The Pennsylvania railroad company are about introducing new and improved passenger coaches on the through trains between Pittsburg and the east.—Twenty-four of these are being constructed at Altoona. The principal improvement consists in the heating arrangement. There are two stoves or heaters hung under the floor of the car, one at each side, from which pipes are extended along the inside, at the angle formed by the floor and the side of the car. These pipes are enclosed with a register to permit the escape of the heat, which is thus evenly distributed at the bottom of the car. The pipes extend the whole length of the car, and the heat first strikes about the feet, where it is usually most needed. The temperature of the car can be kept much more regular by this system of heating than by the ordinary stoves, which are placed at the doors, and usually kept so hot that no person can be near them and be comfortable. Another great advantage claimed for this improvement is that in case of a smash-up the stove will readily become detached from the car, and thus prevent a conflagration.

The Governor and Legislature of Nevada are at loggerheads. The Governor vetoed the Legislature found bill. The Senate unanimously passed the bill over the veto, and there was only one dissenting vote in the House. The Governor and Attorney General procured an order from the Court, restraining the Comptroller from paying warrants. The Governor is threatened with impeachment for abuse of the veto power.

The Civil Service Bill.

Hon G. W. Woodward's admirable speech against the civil service bill is a complete demolition of that measure. Its supposed merit, a "competitive examination of applicants," is shown to be no remedy at all for the evils of our day. The topics incidental to the subject were treated in a very eloquent way by Mr. Woodward. A few extracts may give some idea of his speech:

But the honorable gentleman from Rhode Island, shocked by the unparalleled corruption that has crept into our civil service in the last eight years exclaims, "What is to be done?" Like an honest man and true patriot he looks at the ghastly condition of public affairs, and cries out in agony of soul, "Who shall deliver us from the body of this death?" He has told us on this floor what he said in his New York lecture, that one hundred millions of the peoples's revenues are annually diverted into the pockets of fraudulent officers and their confederates. Think of it, one hundred millions a year! If this were collected it would pay the national debt within the time in which it is payable. And the people who are thus robbed pay over thirty millions a year to support sixty thousand office-holders, among whom the robbers are to be looked for. What proportion of the thirty millions goes to the robbers and how much to honest and faithful officers, I have no means of determining, and the honorable gentleman has not found out. But the case is bad enough as presented. As the gentleman has said, the payments to the civil service are not niggardly. They are larger than those paid in France or Germany, or, except to the higher offices, in England. * *

Observe the gentleman from Rhode Island cannot complain of a want of skill in these officials, but only a lack of honesty. While there are many conscientious men among them, there are dexterous rogues, generally excessively loyal, who could pass any competitive examination you will be likely to institute, but who are destitute of that common honesty which it is no credit to possess but a great disgrace to lack. Will your competitive examination keep such fellows out of the civil service? Will your board descend into the hearts of the competitors and so try the reins of men as to decide who can and who cannot resist the fascination of the whisky ring? What the gentleman from Rhode Island is after is an honest man.

Sir, if I believed the gentleman's bill would take out of the civil service the Joseph Surfaces, the sleek hypocrites whose mouths are ever full of glozing speeches and moral sentiments and frothy professions of loyalty, and in their stead would introduce men of the hardy, homely honesty of the olden time, I would support it with all my might. Ay, I would go with him who would go to the furthest to effect such a reform. For, questionless, the great want of our time is honest men. Merchants and bankers, manufacturers and corporations, can find plenty of competent clerks without an expensive board of examiners. So can the government. But honest men, men who are in the secret recesses of the official closet just what they appear to be in public, men who unconsciously exact their manhood by cultivating reverence and humility, who habitually render unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, and unto God the things that are God's, men who would feel a stain more keenly than a wound—men of this stamp and type—alas, alas, how rare they are! If we had an Aristides "the just" in our revenue service, I fear we should imitate the Athenians and banish him. The noble Theban, Epaminondas, lived a life of purity in the midst of temptations, and it is said never told a lie even in jest. All down the track of time such occasional instances of inflexible honesty are to be seen, like light-houses along a barren and dreary coast, and our own history is resplendent with names that were not born to die. But in the times upon which we have fallen virtuous examples command no respect. We are a fast people. We boast of progress. Nothing but steam and lightning can serve us. The almighty dollar is the god of our idolatry, and though we set up as many lesser deities as were ever found in the Pantheon, the supremest devotion of too many officeholders is to that wonder-working deity who can make a moderate official salary issue in a few years into a princely fortune. And as a token of our extreme degradation it is worth noticing that we no longer fashion our idol out of gold and silver, but form him out of nasty rags; and whoever heard, lately, the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Butler) and the gentleman from Ohio, (Mr. Cary,) will hear me witness there are not wanting priests on this floor to raise the shameful cry, "These be our gods."

Why, sir, in Democratic times, when the Government collected and disbursed only from sixty to ninety millions of revenue, we had no such scandalous exhibitions of official corruption as the honorable gentleman has now pressed upon our attention. Occasional delinquencies undoubtedly occurred, and are always to be looked for in widely extended operations where great numbers of agents are necessarily employed, but they were not so frequent or gross as materially to affect the revenues of our general character. But with the accession of the Republican party came disunion and war and debt and a redundant paper currency, and with these "all our woes."

To be more specific—when the government issues promises to pay money which it does not mean to pay, how can it expect its citizens to be any more honest and sincere than itself? When the government wastes in railroad subsidies, army supplies and Freedmen's Bureaus millions of the people's money, how natural that dishonest officers should say: "This money, which is to be wasted if it reaches the treasury, may as well be kept by us as to be given to jobbers and favorites." And when the manufacturers of whisky and tobacco see the government singling out their occupations for excessive taxation, thereby charging an undue share of the public debt upon them, what is more natural than that they should buy up your inspectors and cheat your detectives if they can? Protective duties tempt to smuggling, false invoices, and all manner of frauds. Excessive taxes unequally imposed provoke retaliation. Prodigal squandering of our revenues upon pet schemes of legislation, instead of a faithful application of them to our national debt, invites and encourages malversion and peculation.

And thus it comes to pass that our own legislation makes rogues to cheat us out of $100,000,000 a year. Let not honorable gentlemen lay the flattering unction to their souls that the competitive examination of applicants for office will remedy this evil. It is too deep-seated for any such nostrum to reach. It has struck down to the roots of our social life. In destroying the standard of values we have unsettled the foundations of public morals.

If we would reform abuses let us reform our legislation. Let us get back to the one only standard of values the world knows. Let us make our paper promises mean what they say. Let us impose taxes by some rule of uniformity, instead of punishing fellow-citizens who choose one branch of industry instead of another. Let us have a revenue tariff with incidental protection, instead of a tariff for the protection of select classes at the expense of all consumers. Let us stop subsidies, retrench expenses, and begin to pay our debts. Let us do these things, sir, and you shall see the tone of public morals instantly improved. You shall see that honest men can then be found even with our present modes of selection, to collect our revenues and execute our laws.

The New York *Sun* lets a very black cat out of the Mongrel bag. It shows that one member, who promised to give Morgan his vote for Senator for $2,000, afterwards voted for Fenton for $5,000. The *Sun* gives the names of fifteen Mongrel scoundrels in the Legislature who were pledged to vote for Morgan, but were bought off for Fenton. The Springfield *Republican* calls upon the Senate to refuse to admit Fenton to his seat until an investigation has been made. The *Republican* is green to suppose that the rascality it refers to will hurt Fenton with the U. S. Senate. The bigger rascal he is the better they will like him.

The all absorbing question, "Is there to be an inauguration ball?" is not yet decided. The hitch in the arrangements seems to be the admission of the colored brethren and sisters, who, of course, want to "trip it on the light fantastic toe" with their white associates. Jenkins says the "upper ten" revolt against the introduction of the dusky material into the festivities of the occasion, and, consequently there is a dead-lock in the arrangements.

Which party owns Hon. M. H. Carpenter, of Wisconsin, lately elected to the United States Senate, is a matter of inquiry at the present time. The friends of Mr. Washburne have issued a pronunciamento in which they say it is egregiously uncertain which party has gained a victory in his election. The Milwaukee *News* says the animosity of the extreme Radicals toward Carpenter is "bitter and permanent."

The "loyal" Legislature of Tennessee has proclaimed martial law in that happy kingdom of Brownlow and the devil. If the people were *en masse* to proclaim a *strychnine law* against the whole infernal crew of scalawags and carpetbaggers, as so many mad dogs, it would meet the approval of all patriots, and all true Christians throughout the world.

Married.

At the residence of the bride's father, in Pike township, on the 5th of February, 1869, by H. J. STARRY, Esq., Mr. WINFIELD S. CURRY to Miss MARY A. STARR; all of Pike township, Clearfield county, Pa.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the final account of John Bloom and James A. Bloom, executors of Isaac Bloom, deceased, the auditor appointed to report on said account and exceptions, will hear the same at his office in Clearfield, on Saturday, March 6th, 1869, at 2 P. M.
feb11-3t-pd. ISRAEL TEST, Auditor.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following personal property, now in the possession of George W. Nash, of Boggs township, viz: Six horses and harness, two wagons, two twin sleds, chains, spreads, grabs, and canthooks, three beds and cooking stove, as said property belongs to me, and is subject to my order.
feb11-3t-pd. G. W. SHIMMEL.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the following property, viz: One bureau, one sink, one iron kettle, one set of chairs, lot of dishes, lot of crockeryware, three pair of bedsteds and five bedticks, with clothes for the same, now in the possession of Eli Fey, of Brady township, as the same were purchased by me at constable sale, and are left with him on loan.
feb11-3t-pd. JOHN HEBERLING.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Clearfield county, Pa.
SOLOMON GANS vs. GEORGE HAGERTY. } Ven. ex., No.—Jan. T. 1869.
The undersigned, appointed to distribute the money arising from the sale of defendant's real estate, will attend to the same at his office, in Clearfield, on the 27th of February, at 2 P. M.
feb11-3t-pd. ISRAEL TEST, Auditor.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Western District of Pennsylvania.
EBENEZER MCMASTERS, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, By order of the Court, notice is hereby given, to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 9th day of March, 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before S. L. Woodruff, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, in Philipsburg, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given, that the Second and Third Meetings of Creditors of the said Bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th Sections of said Act, will be held before the said Register, at the same time and place.
feb11-2t. S. C. MCCANDLESS, Clerk.

AGENTS WANTED FOR SECRETS OF THE GREAT CITY—a work descriptive of the Virtues and the Vices, the Mysteries, Miseries and crimes of New York City. If you wish to know how Fortunes are made and lost in a day; how Shrewd Men are ruined in Wall street; how Countrymen are swindled by Sharpers; how Ministers and Merchants are Blackmailed; how Dance Halls and Concert Saloons are managed; how Gambling Houses and Lotteries are conducted; how Stock and Oil Companies originate and how the Bubbles Burst; read this work. It contains 35 fine engravings; tells all about the Mysteries and Crimes of New York, and is the Spiciest and Cheapest work of the kind published.
PRICE ONLY $2.50 PER COPY
Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address,
JONES BROTHERS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
CAUTION.—Inferior works of a similar character are being circulated. See that the books you buy contain 35 fine engravings and sell at $2.50 per copy. feb11 2t

To Wagonmakers.
THE subscriber is desirous of connecting with his Smith Shop a first-class Wagon, Sleigh and Sled establishment. A good opportunity is offered to a wagonmaker wishing to go into business. The subscriber can also furnish to applicant a comfortable dwelling house (near the shop) if desired. HENRY KERNS.
Curwensville, Feb. 11, 1869.

AZURENE.
[CONCENTRATED INDIGO.]
For the Laundry.
It is warranted not to streak, or in any manner injure the finest fabrics.
TWO FAMILY USE sold in FIVE cents, TEN cents, and TWENTY cents boxes.
Each TWENTY cent box, besides having five times as much blue as the FIVE cents box, contains a pocket pin cushion or emery bag.
For Hotel and large Laundry use, it is put up in $2.00 boxes. See that each Box has proper Trade Mark. For sale by
Feb11 3m HARTSWICK & IRWIN.

SHINGLES WANTED.—The highest market price will be paid for No. 1 LONG SHINGLES, by J. P. KRATZER
feb4-1m opposite the Jail

New Advertisements.

Blacksmith Stand for Sale
IN GLEN HOPE.
CONSISTING of two LOTS, a two-story frame DWELLING HOUSE, (new and well finished,) BLACKSMITH SHOP, STABLE, and other outbuildings. Apply on the premises to
feb11-3m WM. S. WRIGHT.

SHRINER'S BALSAMIC COUGH SYRUP
Will cure the ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, BLOOD SPITTING, DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING, PAIN and WEAKNESS IN THE CHEST, TROUBLESOME COUGHING AT NIGHT, &c. It will effectually remove the Cough that frequently follows Measles, and any affection of the respiratory organs, no matter of how long standing, or whatever the age of the person. It acts as a specific, is purely vegetable, and is pleasant to the taste. Its effect is soothing, allaying the irritation of the cough, facilitating expectoration, quieting the nerves and establishing the system.
Mothers, Save Your Children!
No child need die of CROUP, if this Syrup is used in time; *this is a fact demonstrated by experience.* No family should be without this Syrup, as that fatal disease, CROUP, comes like a thief in the night, to steal away your little much, when regular medical aid cannot be obtained.
Prepared only by DAVID E. FOUTZ, *Baltimore, Md.*
For sale by Hartswick & Irwin, Clearfield, and by druggists and storekeepers throughout the United States. [feb11-1y

THE GREAT
ZINGARI BITTERS.
A safe Blood Purifier, a splendid Tonic, a pleasant Beverage, a certain cure and
Preventive of Diseases.
THE ZINGARI BITTERS are compounded from a prescription of the celebrated Egyptian physician, DR. CHEVERS, who, after years of trial and experiment, discovered the Zingari Herb—the most remarkable production, the earth, perhaps, has ever yielded—certainly the most effective in the cure of disease. It, in combination with the other valuable properties of which the ZINGARI BITTERS is composed, will cure—
Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Bilious Fever, Cholic, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption in its first stage, Flatulency, Nervous Debility, Female Complaints, Rheumatism, Dysentery, Acute and Chronic Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Yellow Fever, Scrofula, Diseases of the Kidneys, Habitual Costiveness.
In the Prevention and Cure of the above diseases, it has never been known to fail, as thousands of our most prominent citizens throughout all parts of the country, will testify. Let the afflicted send for circular containing testimonials and certificates of those who have been cured after their cases have been pronounced hopeless by our best physicians.
Principal Depot, F. RAHTER & CO., No. 6 N. Front St., Philadelphia.
Recommended by—
Ex-Gov. David R. Porter, of Pennsylvania, Hon. Robert J. Fisher, " "
Hon. Edward McPherson, " "
Hon. Joel B. Danner, " "
Hon. Wm. McSherry, " " and others.
Send for Circulars. [feb11-1y.

TRY THE PATENT ROASTED COFFEE, put up in one pound papers, requires no egg or other substance to settle it.
Old Government Java Coffee,
Prime Rio Coffee,
Pure Ground Coffee.
For sale by J. P. KRATZER.

EDWARD PERKS & CO.,
Flour Manufacturers,
And Dealers in
GRAIN OF ALL KINDS,
PHILIPSBURG, PA.
A FULL SUPPLY of FLOUR, WHEAT, CORN and CHOP constantly on hand, and for sale at rates remarkably low. [feb4-tf

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Opening of the Tyrone & Clearfield Branch to Clearfield.
ON and after Monday, February 1, 1869, two Passenger Trains will run daily (except Sundays) between Tyrone and Lock Haven, and one Passenger Train between Tyrone and Clearfield, as follows:

Leave South.	Stations.	Leave North.
2.00, P. M.	Clearfield	1.00, P. M.
3.55, "	Philipsburg	11.10, "
4.15, "	Osceola	10.40, "
5.30, "	Tyrone	9.00, "

CONNECTIONS.
Passengers leaving Clearfield at 2 o'clock, p.m., Philipsburg at 3.55 p. m., Osceola at 4.15 p. m., arrive at Tyrone at 5.30 p. m., making connection with Cincinnati Express East at 6.17 p. m., and with Mail West at 6.41 p. m., on Main Line; also with Bald Eagle Express, leaving Tyrone at 7.00 p. m., arriving at Bellefonte at 8.42 p. m., and at Lock Haven at 10.30 p. m., connecting with Erie Mail East on the Philadelphia and Erie Road, at 11.21 p. m., arriving at Williamsport at 12.40 a. m.
Returning, passengers leaving Williamsport at 8.15 a. m., on Erie Mail West, arrive at Lock Haven at 9.21 a. m., connecting with Bald Eagle Express leaving Lock Haven at 10.20 a. m., arriving at Bellefonte at 11.55 a. m., Snow Shoe City at 3.35 p. m., and Tyrone at 5.20 p. m.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, General Superintendent.
GEORGE C. WILKINS, Superintendent.
feb4

House & Lot for Sale or Rent.
THE undersigned now offers for sale, or rent, a HOUSE and LOT, adjoining the village of Luthersburg. The house is new and well finished, 16 by 32, with kitchen 12 by 14, and stable, together with three and a-half acres of ground and spring of water. This is an excellent location for a tannery, blacksmith, cabinet-maker or carpenter shop. The property will be sold cheap and on easy terms. For further particulars, examine the premises or address the subscriber.
F. K. ARNOLD.
Luthersburg, Jan. 21, 1869-3m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of EMANUEL WISER, deceased, late of Bradford tp., Clearfield county, Pa., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement and allowance without delay.
JONATHAN WISER, Administrator.
jan7-6t

Valuable Farm at Private Sale.
THE undersigned now offers at Private Sale his farm, situate in Lawrence township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded on the north by the Philipsburg & Erie Turnpike, and on the west by the Susquehanna river,
CONTAINING EIGHTY-FOUR ACRES,
Between fifty and sixty of which are cleared and under cultivation, and having thereon a LOG HOUSE, BANK BARN, and all the necessary outbuildings, an orchard, and a spring of good water at the door.
There are THREE VEINS of COAL on this farm. One two-foot vein, now open; one forty-inch vein, of as good coal as can be found in the county, also open, and one five-foot vein, unopened.
For Terms and other particulars, apply on the premises, to JORDAN READ.
Lawrence tp., Dec. 17, 1868-2m-pd.

R. ROBISON & CO.,
PORK PACKERS,
No 255 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
Have on hand a large stock of
Bacon, Sides, Shoulders,
PLAIN AND SUGAR-CURED HAMS,
Mess Pork, Dried Beef, and Leaf Lard, all of our own Packing, Curing and Smoking.
Lard Oil, Flour, Cheese, Dried Apples and Peaches,
With a general assortment of Groceries, at the lowest market prices. [June 18,'68-1y-pd.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

E. W. CLARK & CO.
BANKERS,
No. 35 SOUTH THIRD STREET
PHILADELPHIA.
GENERAL AGENTS,
FOR
PENNSYLVANIA
AND
SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY,
OF THE
NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE CO
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is a corporation chartered by special Act of Congress, approved July 25, 1868, with a
CASH CAPITAL, $1,000,000, FULL PAID.
Liberal terms offered to Agents and Solicitors, who are invited to apply at our office.
Full prospectuses belonging on application at our office, located in the second story of our Banking House, where Circulars and Pamphlets, fully describing the advantages offered by the Company, may be had.
E. W. CLARK & CO.,
No. 35 South Third St.
B. S. RUSSEL, Manager.
aug22-1ely

628 HOOP SKIRTS, 628
And
CORSETS, CORSETS.
WM. T. HOPKINS,
No. 628 Arch Street, Phil'a.
MANUFACTURER OF THE
Celebrated "Champion" Hoop Skirts
FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.
The largest assortment, and best quality and styles in the American Market. Every lady should try them, as they recommend themselves by wearing longer, retaining their shape much better, being lighter and more elastic than others—warranted in every respect, and sold at very low prices. Ask for Hopkin's "CHAMPION" SKIRT.
Superior Hand-made Whale-Bone Corsets in fifteen different grades, including the "Imperial" and Thompson & Langdon's "GLOVE FITTING" CORSETS, ranging in prices from $1 cents to $5 50 together with Joseph Rockel's celebrated FRENCH WOVEN CORSETS, superior shapes and quality, ten different grades, from $1 10 to $5 50. They are the finest and best goods for the prices, ever imported. The Trade supplied with Hoop Skirts and Corsets at the lowest rates.
Those visiting the city should not fail to call and examine our goods and prices, as we defy all competition. [March. 3, 1868-1y

JOHN M. MELLOY,
MANUFACTURER OF
Plain, Japanned & Stamped Tinware
AND DEALER IN
House Furnishing Goods, Tin Roofing and Conductor Pipes.
No. 723 Market Street,
aug6-1y PHILADELPHIA.

DREXEL & CO.,
No. 34 South Third Street, Philadelpa
BANKERS,
And Dealers in Government Securities.
Application by mail will receive prompt attention, and all information cheerfully furnished. Orders solicited. apr11-tf

REIZENSTEIN BROS.,
Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
424 Market & 419 Merchant Street,
aug1'67] PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

1868 WINTER. 1868
JAMES, KENT, SANTEE & Co.,
Importers and Jobbers of Dry Goods,
Nos. 235, 237, 239 & 241 N. Third St.,
PHILADELPHIA.
We are now prepared with our usual extensive and well-assorted stock to offer extra inducements to CASH BUYERS. apr11-tf

STRETCH, BENNETT & Co.,
(Successors to Peter T. Wright & Co.,)
IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
ALSO,
Brandies & Wines for Medical purposes.
[ol1'67] No. 609 Market St., Philad'a.

BENSON, CAMPBELL & Co.,
No. 17 N. Fifth St. and 424 Commerce,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
And Commission Merchants,
FOR THE SALE OF
Wool, Ginseng, Fur Skins, Feathers, Leather, Flax Seed, Dried Fruits, Clover Seed, Roots, Deer Skins, Butter, Beeswax, Sheep Skins, Eggs, &c., &c., &c.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
Weekly Price current forwarded on request.
June 11, 1868-2y-pd

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS & CATARRH treated with the utmost success by Dr. J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of Disease of the Eye and Ear in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 815 Arch Street, Phil'a. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his profession. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. [jel8-1y.

NEW STOCK! NEW STYLES!!
FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY GOODS,
AT
MISS SUSAN REED'S,
MARKET ST., CLEARFIELD, PA.
Having just received all the novelties of the season in the Millinery line, request the ladies to call and examine them.
Clearfield, Pa., Nov 5, 1868.

READING FOR ALL!!
BOOKS & STATIONERY.
Market St., Clearfield, (at the Post Office.)
THE undersigned begs leave to announce to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity, that he has fitted up a room and has just returned from the city with a large amount of reading matter, consisting in part of
Bibles and Miscellaneous Books,
Blank, Account and Pass Books of every description; Paper and Envelopes, French pressed and plain; Pens and Pencils; Blank, Legal Papers, Deeds, Mortgages; Judgment, Exemption and Promissory notes; White and Parchment Brief, Legal Cap, Record Cap, and Bill Cap, Sheet, Music for either Piano, Flute or Violin constantly on hand. Any books or stationery desired that I may not have on hand, will be ordered by first express, and sold at wholesale or retail to suit customers. I will also keep periodical literature, such as Magazines, Newspapers, &c. P. A. GAULIN.
Clearfield May 7, 1868-tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of JOHN LEONARD, deceased, late of Goshen township, Clearfield county, Pa., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement. MARY E. LEONARD, Adm'x.
jan28-6t HENRY I. MEADE, Adm'r.

NOTICE AND CAUTION.—The public are hereby notified that I have the exclusive right to make and sell Robinson's Patent OAR RING (for rafts) in Clearfield county; and that any person or persons making or selling the same in said county, without authority from me, will be dealt with as the law directs.
WM. T. CUTLER.
Curwensville, Feb. 4, 1869-3t-pd.

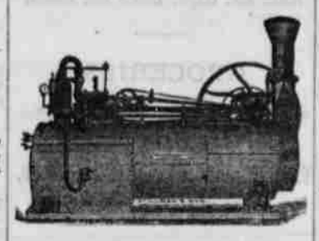
Educational.

MISS H. S. SWAN'S
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
CLEARFIELD, PA.
THE SPRING TERM, of twenty-two weeks, will commence on Monday, February 8, 1869.
TERMS OF TUITION.
Reading, Orthography, Writing, Object Lessons, Primary Arithmetic and Primary Geography, per half term, (of eleven weeks) $3 00
History, Local and descriptive Geography with Map Drawing, Grammar, Mental and Written Arithmetic $6 50
Algebra and the Sciences 9 00
For full particulars send for Circular.
Clearfield, Nov. 12, 1868-3m. [aug'68

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY.
Rev. P. L. Harrison, A. M., Principal.
THE THIRD SESSION of the present scholastic year of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, the 8th day of February, 1869.
Pupils can enter at any time. They will be charged with tuition from the time they enter to the close of the Session.
The course of instruction embraces every thing included in a thorough, practical and accomplished education for both sexes.
The Principal, having had the advantage of much experience in his profession, assures parents and guardians that his entire ability and energies will be devoted to the moral and mental training of the youth placed under his charge.
TERMS OF TUITION.
Orthography, Reading, Writing, and Primary Arithmetic, per Session (11 weeks) - $5 00
Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, and History - - - - - $6 00
Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Mensuration, Surveying, Philosophy, Physiology, Chemistry, Book Keeping, Botany and Physical Geography - - - $9 00
Latin, Greek and French, with any of the above Branches - - - $12 00
No deduction will be made for absence.
For further particulars inquire of Rev. P. L. HARRISON, A. M., Principal.
Feb. 4, 1869-tf. [8:28]

Foundry and Machine Shop.

A. P. BOYNTON ..... GEO. S. YOUNG
BOYNTON & YOUNG,
FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS
Manufacturers of
PORTABLE & STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES
Corner of Fourth and Pine Streets,
CLEARFIELD, PA.



HAVING engaged in the manufacture of first-class MACHINERY, we respectfully inform the public that we are now prepared to fill all orders as cheaply and as promptly as can be done in any of the cities. We manufacture and deal in
Mulay and Circular Saw-Mills,
Head Blocks, Water Wheels, Shafting Pulleys, Gifford's Injector, Steam Gauges, Steam Whistles, Gilers, Tallow Cups, Oil Cups, Gauge Cocks, Air Cocks, Globe Valves, Check Valves, wrought iron Pipes, Steam Pumps, Boiler Feed Pumps, Anti-Friction Metres, Soap Stone Packing, Gum Packing, and all kinds of MILL WORK; together with Plows, Sled Soles,
COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,
and other CASTINGS of all kinds.
Orders solicited and filled at city prices. All letters of inquiry with reference to machinery of our manufacture promptly answered, by addressing us at Clearfield, Pa.
dec10-tf BOYNTON & YOUNG.

Planing Mills.

G. L. Reed, J. P. Weaver, } NOTICE. { Wm. Powell, W. W. Betts.
G. L. REED & CO.
CLEARFIELD
PLANING MILL
ALL RIGHT!
THE proprietors respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield county, that they have entirely refitted this establishment with the latest improved wood-working machinery, and are now prepared to execute all orders in their line of business. They will give especial attention to the manufacture of material for house building, such as
FLOORING, WEATHER-BOARDING,
SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,
BRACKETS & MOULDINGS,
OF ALL STYLES,
We always have on hand a large stock of DRY LUMBER, and will pay cash for all clear Lumber. One-and-a-half inch pearl staff preferred.
Lumber Manufactured to Order,
Or exchanged, to suit customers.
Orders solicited, and Lumber furnished on short notice and on reasonable terms.
G. L. REED & CO.
Clearfield, Nov. 7, 1867.

E. B. PATTON ..... JOHN PATTON,
E. A. IRVIN ..... J. R. IRVIN.
E. B. PATTON & CO.,
Having fitted up a first-class
PLANING MILL
Are prepared to furnish all kinds of
Manufactured Lumber,
such as
Flooring, Siding, Surface-Dressed Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds.
And every description of
PLAIN AND FANCY MOULDING.
Dealers will find it to their advantage to consult our prices before purchasing els