The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 7, 1869.

Democratic Meeting.

The Democracy of Clearfield county are requested to assemble in the Court Room, on Tuesday evening, January 12, 1868, for the purpose of selecting three Conferees to meet like Conferees from Clarion, Cameron, Elk and Forest, whose duty it shall be to select a Senatorial delegate to the approaching State Convention; and also to elect Representative Conferees to meet those of Elk and Forest, for the purpose of selecting a Representative delegate to the same Convention; and to transact such other business as shall be necessary.

J. BLAKE WALTERS,
Ch'm. Co. Committee.

The Legislature.

This body assembled at Harrisburg on Tuesday last. The Radical caucuses met on Monday evening, and nominated Dr. Wilmer Warthington, of Chestee county, for Speaker of the Senate, and one John Clark, of Philadelphia, for Speaker of the House of Representatives. As we are compelled to go to press on Wednesday morning, we are unable to give any definite information with reference to what transpired at its organization. This much we do know, however, that a larger and more hungry pack of wolves never assembled at the capitol since the days of Ritner and Stevens; and, although responsible parties have agreed to do the "pasting and folding" of both houses for five thousand dollars, we shall be very much mistaken if it does not cost the tax-payers *fifty thousand dollars*. Such vile political harlots as the Forneys and their camp followers must be kept constantly in office, and paid large sums of money, or they would soon discard "loilty" and Ben. Butler. Then, down would go the Black Republican party, for nothing but these corrupt villains prop it up and infuse life into the corrupt, rotten carcass of Radicalism.

The Rump.

Congress re-assembled on Tuesday last, for the purpose of completing reconstruction and elevating Sambo to a position in society never designed by the Creator. These Utopian and unnecessary propositions seem to receive the whole attention of the loil Beast, Sumner and their allies. The nation is traveling toward bankruptcy in great haste. The people see it, but our Congressmen are plodding after the interests of the nigger as zealously as though there were no other inhabitants on the continent. The interests and demands of the white people receive no attention whatever. How long this state of things will last, the future will reveal. The people, if we mistake not, have paid dearly for exchanging their Democratic whistle for the "loil" one, which the draft commissioners, national assessors and tax-gatherers have been tooting in their ears the past seven years.

"EQUALLY ON ALL."—The loil freebooters boast much of the equality of everything with which they become concerned. The Philadelphia *Press*, in a late number, thus refers to the enormous tax on matches:

"Lucifer matches yielded the Government last year, through the Revenue Department, a million and a half of dollars. The trifling tax on each box is, perhaps, one of the best and most successful of all our imposts. Nobody feels it enough to complain, and it is levied equally on all."

The tax on matches is one dollar and forty-four cents per gross; *five times* more than the original cost. Nothing in the world is so outrageously taxed as the taper that illuminates the sick chamber, the parlor and the hall. Think of it: The Government charging five times more for the privilege of manufacturing than it costs to produce them. What equality!

THE PATRIOT.—Those of our citizens who wish to post themselves in Legislative affairs, and the news of the day, can secure no better medium than by subscribing for the daily *Morning Patriot* or the *Weekly Patriot*, published at Harrisburg, Pa. This journal can be had as far west as Curwensville the same day of its publication. It is the central organ of the Democracy, and deserves the patronage of the party at this time, because gentlemen of ability, capital and enterprise have taken hold of it, and, if sustained, will soon make it the best and most useful Democratic journal in the State.

The subscription price for the daily is $7 per annum; the weekly, $2; and to clubs at reduced rates. Address B. F. Meyers & Co., Harrisburg, Pa.

TRY IT.—There are young Democrats in every township and town who could occupy their spare time this winter in no better way than to canvass their localities for their local party paper. How many of them will act as agents for the *Republican*; and in that way help to strengthen our patronage at the same time that they promote the Democratic cause? Depend upon it, friends, that our party will never attain to power until you make more effort to spread Democratic doctrine among the people.

Judge Barker, of Buffalo, has decided that a man's wife cannot be his partner *in business*.

Gen. Grant in Philadelphia.

The Philadelphia *Age* says: General Grant spends New Year's day with us, and there are associations with this, the "city of brotherly love," that may suggest salutary reflections, on the day in which even the humblest of us makes his good resolves for the future. This city and Commonwealth were founded by a man made great "by deeds of peace;" and if it is in General Grant's power to add to his reputation, it must be by such deeds. War can hardly do any more for him. He has reached as high a pitch of rank and fame as can be achieved in the career of arms. Among the military qualities which he possesses, that one was not wanting which an acute English observer says is indispensable to all the rest. Sir William Temple, speaking of the requisites of a great commander, puts foremost "good fortune." It is no derogation to say of General Grant that his "star," like that of Napoleon, has eclipsed those of all his rivals and adversaries. Not to talk, however, the language of superstition, we will say that we recognize in Grant's military career a certain unselfish devotion to duty, which is the surest human reliance, and best assurance of success in every path of difficulty and danger. Let him bring to his new sphere of action an unselfish, unpartisan desire to do right; not according to arbitrary personal notions of his own, but according to the fixed standard of justice in its true sense, which is the prescribed rule of the law of his country. There is a niche near that of Washington open to Grant in the temple of fame, if he have but a tithe of the civic virtue of him who was first not only in war, but in peace and the hearts of his countrymen. Grant seemed to realize his high function in the future when he said, "Let us have peace." He can give peace—solid peace—to his country. He can re-establish the tottering foundations of civil liberty, and bind the Union fast with the great cords of common interest and attachment.

The hope is sometimes expressed that General Grant will change his politics. We do not expect, nor want any change in them that his hottest political supporters could complain of as a frustration of his reasonable hopes. Let Grant, as President, but realize his duty to his whole country, as his great predecessors did, then he is welcome to cast the sops and bones of his patronage to the hungry political pack that follow at his heels. But let this content them. The Radicals have elected a President of the United States, not, we hope, a slave or a tool of their low and selfish purposes.

If General Grant has not wholly forgotten his political breeding, he will remember with reverence the name of Jefferson. That illustrious man, succeeding to power upon a great political revolution, after a contest, perhaps, more bitter than the political contest through which we have just passed, uttered, as he entered upon his high office, the memorable words, "We are all Republicans—we are all Federalists." But we cannot better supply, to all, fit topics for profitable thought to-day than by quoting a few passages from the first inaugural address of President Thomas Jefferson. These utter the principles by which, for seventy years, the people of these United States lived prosperous, peaceful and happy, in the "model Republic," which was the pride and the hope of the lovers of liberty throughout the world:

Let us, fellow citizens, unite with one heart and one mind. Let us restore to social intercourse that harmony and affection, without which liberty and even life are but dreary things. And let us reflect, that having banished from our land that religious intolerance under which man so long bled and suffered, we have yet gained little if we countenance a political intolerance as despotic, as wicked, and capable of as bitter and bloody persecutions. * * Every difference of opinion is not a difference of principle. We have called by different names brethren of the same principle. We are all Republicans—we are all Federalists. If there are any among us who would wish to dissolve this Union, or to change its Republican form, let them stand undisturbed as monuments of the safety with which error of opinion may be tolerated when reason is left free to combat it. I know indeed that some honest men fear that a republican government cannot be strong; that this government cannot be strong; that this government is not strong enough. * * * I believe this, on the contrary, the strongest government on earth. I believe it is the only one where every man, at the call of the laws, would fly to the standard of the law, and would meet invasions of the public order as his own personal concern. Sometimes, it is said that a man cannot be trusted with the government of himself. Can he then be trusted with the government of others? Or have we found angels in the form of kings to govern him? Let History answer this question. * * * All, too, will bear in mind this sacred principle, that though the will of the majority in all cases must prevail, that will, to be rightful, must be reasonable; that the minority possess their equal rights which equal laws must protect, and to violate which would be oppression. * * * What more is necessary to make us a happy and prosperous people? Still one thing more, fellow-citizens—a wise and frugal government, which shall restrain men from injuring one another, which shall leave them free to regulate their own pursuits of industry and improvement, and shall not take from the mouth of labor the bread it has earned. This is the sum of good government, and this is necessary to close the circle of our felicities.

RECONSTRUCTED MORALS.—A scallawag from boston, keeping a store at Nashville, sold a negro ten pounds of sugar three cents cheaper than the others sell, but it turned out that the *ten pound* package was six pounds short. The darkie, however, declared he was even with the Boston chap, for he stole two pair of shoes while he was putting up the sugar. Such are the friendly relations of the carpet-baggers and negroes.

The "loyal" carpet-bag Mayor of Columbus, Georgia, recently got drunk and received a bunged eye from a railroad man who could not stand the bragging of the drunken Mayor, who said he could "whip any d—d southern man." Where is the *Tribune?* Loyalty has got a black eye in Georgia. Let all the loyal howl.

Thirty thousand copies of eulogies of old Thad. by the Mongrel members of the Rump, have been ordered printed at the expense of the people of the United States. Thus old Thad. dead, continues oppressing the people.

A New York paper hints that an immense amount of eating and drinking was necessary to carry on the new Congressional investigation of revenue frauds in that city.

For the Republican.

The Governorship.

MR. EDITOR: Your paper of last week contained an editorial in which you take occasion to express your individual preference for Gen. Geo. W. Cass, of Pittsburg, as the Democratic candidate for Governor at the next election. Without presuming to question your right to express your preference, I respectfully ask to be heard on the same subject.

In my opinion, the question for the Democracy of Pennsylvania now to consider, is, upon which of the leading men they can concentrate their full vote and bring to their aid the largest percentage of the nine thousand they were beaten in October. Evidently, he should be a man of commanding ability; experienced in public affairs; of great personal popularity; widely and favorably known throughout the State; and, above all, one who has always manfully and vigorously advocated and defended their principles. Judging from this stand-point, Gen. Cass is not "the coming man."

Wherein has he, by voice or pen, evinced his ability to manage the affairs of a great State? Where is his public record to be found? Can he point to any evidence of his personal popularity? When and where, during the contest just ended, do we find him conspicuous in battling for or defending the great doctrines of our party? I greatly fear that to all, or nearly all, of these questions, neither you or I could give an answer that would be satisfactory to our fellow-Democrats.

I cheerfully concede that among our public men he is known as a Democrat in good standing, but he is known *to our people* only as the President of a Railroad Company—as the executive officer of a mammoth corporation—and from that position, and that alone, he has become known to the people of the State.

The Democracy of Pennsylvania cannot afford to nominate one of the leading men of the great monopoly that now overshadows the State and has extended one of its Briarian arms over our county.

We all know that we are a minority in this State. We also know that to win in the coming election we must win votes from the Opposition, and that we must select for our candidate one who can win many. If Gen. Cass cannot do this, why shall we set aside the claims of the genial and gallant Clymer, who boldly and defiantly maintained our principles when to do so *was* a personal peril? Or why overlook the merits of the young and chivalric McCandless, the representative of the fighting Democracy; or the blameless life and long service of honest Wm. Hopkins; or the admitted popularity, the sound judgment of Asa Packer; or (although he declines a candidacy) the burning zeal, the unrewarded labors and devotion of Wallace—without a parallel in the annals of the party?

Let us unite upon a candidate whose hold upon the confidence of the whole people is strong enough to render defeat impossible. Failing in that, let us select as our standard-bearer a representative man—go into the contest *for principle*—and, accepting the result, calmly await the day of delayed but certain triumph. CLEARFIELD.

JAN. 1st, 1869.

Our worthy correspondent has had his say, and so have we; consequently both should be satisfied. We named whom we favored for Governor, and our reasons are numerous did we deem it necessary to give them. "Clearfield" wants somebody nominated, too, but sees fit to conceal his name from us and our readers. Probably he will tell us in his next epistle.

From Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 4.

The Senate Republican caucus this afternoon nominated for Speaker, Dr. Wilmer Worthington, of Chester co.; Chief Clerk, Geo. W. Hamersly, of Phila.; Assistant Clerks, Lucius Rogers, of McKean, and F. H. Braggins, of Mercer; Sergeant-at-Arms, Wm. A. Rupert, of Crawford; Transcribing Clerks, Ebenezer Williams, of Pittsburg, H. C. Bosler, of Montgomery, Chas. Williams, of Phila., and J. Anderson, of Beaver. No other nominations were made, as there was a difficulty in caucus, and they were postponed.

The House Republican caucus this evening nominated the following gentlemen: Speaker—John Clark, of Philadelphia; Chief Clerk—General James Selfridge, of Northampton; Resident Clerk, John A. Small, of Harrisburg; Assistant Clerk, E. G. Lee, of Philadelphia; Transcribing Clerks, F. A. Magee, of Pittsburg; P. Burritt, W. B. Irvin, J. D. Miller, R. Bernhard, Chas. Nibbs, George N. Bakeoven; Sergeant-at-Arms, James M. Cornell, of Philadelphia; Postmaster, A. G. Henry, of Armstrong; Assistant, A. W. Kimmel, of Indiana; Messenger, James McCalley, of Philadelphia; Doorkeeper of the Rotunda, James McDermott, of Washington; Chief of Folding Department, Wm. McLaughlin; Assistant, John Darrah.

E. B. Rauch and T. B. Cochran, of Lancaster, had submitted a proposition to do the pasting of the Senate at $2,500 and the House at $5,000, both at $7,000, which was rejected by both caucuses. They state that the present expenses of pasting and folding in the House alone is $37,000.

Governor Geary is greatly incensed at the bad faith of papers last year to whom he sent his message in advance. He now refuses to give it to reporters, but will send it to-night to all papers, with inclosed slip requiring faithful use. The message will not be read, probably, till Wednesday.

All afternoon there was a bitter fight among the Republicans of the House over the Chief Clerkship. Col. F. S. Stumbaugh had come up from Chambersburg to upset Gen. Selfridge, and it this he is said to have been indorsed by Senator Cameron. For a time it was supposed that Selfridge would be defeated, but towards evening he succeeded in rallying around him some of his friends who are supposed to sympathize with the Cameron interest, and when the caucus met he received 33 votes to Stumbaugh's 27. Many gentlemen crowded around him, and congratulated him. Edward G. Lee, the old assistant clerk, was renominated by a vote of 31 to 29 for S. M. Gordon, a member of the last House from Indiana. John A. Small was renominated for Resident Clerk unanimously. Rauch and Cochran's proposition, offered by Mr. Goutchell, of Lancaster, was laid on the table.—*Cor. Commercial.*

Gen. McClellan has declined the Presidency of the University of California. It is said that he now holds positions which give him from $15,000 to $18,000 a year.

A hard Question Answered.

An editor shrinkingly asks: "What shall we do, should Congress be able to bribe or frighten, or by any means induce a sufficient number of the present State Legislatures to so amend the Constitution as to force negro voting and negro equality all over the country?" We answer resist, by all the means which the God of Nature has put into the people's hands. "But that would be insurrection and rebellion." No, it would be resisting an insurrection and rebellion of Congress as a political party against the rights and liberty of the people. It is not rebellion to resist usurpation and oppression. In 1688 the "nobility, gentry and commonwealth" of England issued a "declaration" to the king, setting forth their determination to resist every act of oppression, in which occurs the following passage:

"And we herein hope that all good subjects will with their lives and fortunes be assistant to us, and not be bugbeared with the opprobious term of rebels, by which they would fright us to become perfect slaves to tyrannical insolence and usurpation. We own it rebellion to resist a king that governs by just law, but he was always accounted a tyrant that made his will his law; and to resist such a one we justly esteem no rebellion, but a necessary defence."

Such was always the language of every brave and virtuous people. And such will be our language, unless the negro war has demoralized us to a degree that renders us beneath the contempt of the world. Better a thousand times submit to have every cent of our property taken from us, and the very name of liberty wiped out of our statutes, than to be thus mongrelized and emasculated at the very fountains of our civilization.—*N. Y. Day Book.*

A SOUND CREED.—The *National Intelligencer* says:—"We believe the American Union to be intact. We believe that the same State rights belong to South Carolina that belong to Masachusetts. We believe, therefore, that the control of suffrage within her borders is as absolutely the right of South Carolina as it is the right of Massachusetts. We affirm the independence of the Executive, the independence of the Judiciary, and the independence of Congress as mutual checks and balances, the one upon the other."

THE EXPENSE OF THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.—The Electoral College of Pennsylvania cost the State $823. Among the items of the bill we find for three clerks, $50 each. The highest amount paid any of the Electors was $42, so it was more profitable to be Secretary of the College than an Elector. Fifty dollars for one day's work does not squint toward economy.

The latter part of last week, near Dresden, Weakly county, Tenn., a negro woman dug a hole near her cabin, placed her two children in it, then lighted a fire and actually burned them up. She was subsequently arrested, and when asked why she did the horrible deed, said her children would not obey her, and so she concluded to kill them.

The expenses of assessing and collecting the Internal Revenue for the last year was $88,541,400. If we could go back to the old Democratic system of letting States collect the revenue by their own officials, it would not cost the people comparatively anything. This whole Federal machinery for collecting the revenue is an organization of thieves.

The Universalist clergy seem to think that the phrase universal suffrage is a compliment to their denominational name, and they have gone in for it with a perfect looseness. They even consent to eternal hell torments for all who do not go for it.

Old Ben. Wade is willing, according to a Washington letter, to "sacrifice himself upon the alter of his country." It would have been well for his country if he had been sacrificed upon one of its *halters* thirty years ago.

Married.

In Lawrence township, on December 31st, 1868, by P. A. ROWLES, Esq., Mr. MOSES CONRAD to Miss TABITHA M'KEE.

On Thursday, December 24th, 1868, by J. R. CALDWELL, Esq., Mr. LEMUEL C. BLOOM to Miss FANNIE BEAUMAN; both of Knox tp.

On Thursday, December 31st, 1868, at the residence of the bride's brother-in-law, G. L. WAY, by Rev. S. J. HAYES, Mr. JAMES R. THRONE, of Wayne, Clinton county, Pa., to Miss CATHARINE ARABELLA DICK, of Curwensville, Clearfield county, Pa.

New Advertisements.

GREAT BARGAINS—In Cloths, Tweeds, Cassimers, Satinetts, Shirting Flannels, Velvet Cords, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

FURS.—Ladies', Gents and Childrens' Furs Balance of stock at greatly reduced prices' at the KEYSTONE STORE.

WANTED,—Country produce in exchange for cheap goods, at the KEYSTONE STORE.

DELAINES.....20c.
CALICO.....10@12½
MUSLINS.....10 and upwards.
At the KEYSTONE STORE.

SHOES.—A fresh invoice of Glove Calf Buttoned Boots, Star Polish Balmorals, &c., &c., at prices to suit the times, at the KEYSTONE STORE.

BLANKETS—BLANKETS.—A large stock of fine white Woolen Blankets, Army Blankets, Artillery Blankets, Gum Blankets, Horse Blankets, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

WOOLEN GOODS AT COST.—After this date all Woolen Goods, including Hoods, Nubias, Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Children's Capes, Scarfs, Caps, &c., will be sold at cost, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

MUSICAL GOODS.—Violins, Flutes, Accordeons, Fifes, Italian Strings, Clarionet Reeds, Guitar Strings, Music Paper, Instruction Books, for sale by J. P. KRATZER, jan7-1m Agent for Pianos and Organs.

ESTRAY SHEEP.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, residing in Bell township, about the month of September last, five head of SHEEP—four with left ear cropped, and one black one, right ear off. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, or they will be dealt with according to law.
jan7-3t JAMES McCLINCEY.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of EMANUEL WISER, deceased, late of Bradford tp., Clearfield county, Pa., having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will please make payment, and those having claims or demands will present them properly authenticated for settlement and allowance without delay.
JONATHAN WISER,
jan7-6t Administrator.

BANK NOTICE.—The annual election for seven Directors of the County National Bank of Clearfield, will be held at the bank, on Wednesday, January 13th, 1869, between the hours of one and 3 o'clock, p. m.
dec31-3t JAS. T. LEONARD, Pres't.

FOR SALE.—Four valuable town properties, in the borough of Clearfield. Locations desirable and buildings new. Apply to
WM. M. McCULLOUGH,
dec17 Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Pa.

New Advertisements.

QUARTERLY REPORT of the COUNTY NATIONAL BANK of Clearfield, on the morning of the first Monday of January, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$116,196 74
Over drafts		1,568 60
U. S. Bonds deposited with Treasurer of U. S., to secure circulation		75,000 00
Furniture and fixtures		331 16
Current expenses and taxes		2,052 79
Legal Tender, Bank Notes, Cash Items, &c.		17,495 56
Due from other Banks and Bankers		16,799 45
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00	
Circulation outstanding	65,525 00	
Due depositors	44,456 61	
Surplus fund and profits	12,498 49	
Total	222,569 50	223,569 50

I hereby certify that the above statement is a true copy of the original sent to the Comptroller of the Currency this 5th day of January, 1869.
D. W. MOORE, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF CLEARFIELD, PA., for the Quarter ending January 2, 1869:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$100,816 43
Over drafts		1,766 88
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating Notes		100,000 00
Due from National Banks		16,452 87
Due from other Banks & Bankers		1,042 46
Furniture and fixtures		1,187 18
Cash...(including stamps)		12,923 04
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00	
Surplus fund	7,000 00	
Dividends unpaid	4,000 00	
Profit and Loss	1,194 51	
Notes in circulation	86,479 00	
Individual deposits	33,975 97	
Due to National Banks	1,863 26	
Due to other Banks and Bankers	870 00	
Total	235,382 86	235,382 86

I certify that the above is a true abstract from the Quarterly report made to the Comptroller of the Currency for the quarter ending Jan. 2, 1869.
A. C. FINNEY, Cashier.

REMOVAL!

REMOVAL!

C. KRATZER & SONS,

To the large and elegant room, on SECOND STREET, adjoining Merrell & Bigler's hardware store; where they will be pleased to see all their old and new customers.

Citizens of the county visiting CLEARFIELD, and wishing to make purchases, will find it to their advantage to examine their stock.

Goods at CASH PRICES exchanged for all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. jan7

ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber, residing in Morris township, Clearfield county, Pa., about the 15th of September last, a black and white spotted BULL, supposed to be about 18 months old. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of as the law directs.
dec31-3t PETER MONS.

AT COST! AT COST!!

NIVLING & SHOWERS

Propose to sell their entire stock of WINTER Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Breakfast Shawls,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS,

Flannels, Blankets, Undershirts and Drawers, Cassimere Shirts, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Gloves, Hosiery, Ladies' Coats,

LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' HATS,

Hats and Caps, Bonnet Velvets, Frames, Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, &c., at NET COST, to reduce their stock for Spring. jan7

LOST.—On Friday, December 18th, between the residence of W. W. Kelly and Curwensville, a patent lever, hunting case, silver Watch. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning the same to the undersigned at Lumber City.
dec31-3t JOHN T. HAGERTY.

1869. Going it Alone. 1869.

E. R. L. STOUGHTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.,

HAVING opened business on my own hook, at the old stand in Shaw's Row, I therefore announce to the public that I have now on hand a well selected and large assortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

Beavers, and all kinds of Goods for men and boys' wear, and am now prepared to make up to order CLOTHING, from a single article to a full suit, in the latest styles and most workmanlike manner. Special attention given to custom work and cutting-out for men and boys. I offer great bargains to customers, and warrant entire satisfaction. A liberal share of public patronage is solicited. Call and see me.
jan7-tf E. R. L. STOUGHTON.

LICENSE NOTICES.—The following persons have filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Clearfield county, their petitions and bonds for License, at the January sessions next, agreeably to the act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to regulate the sale of Intoxicating Liquors," &c:

HOTEL LICENSE.

E. A. Thompson.....Woodward.
Samuel Hoover.....Beccaria.
D. H. Faulkner.....Beccaria.
Louis Fitzbell.....Morris.
Isaiah Bloom.....Lumber City.
Milo Hoyt.....Osceola.
Benjamin Bloom.....Curwensville.
Henry Goss.....Osceola.
Casper Leipoldt.....Clearfield.
W. R. Thompson.....Chest.
John Malone.....Bogg.
Samuel C. Hepburn.....Penn.
George Knarr.....Brady.
A. S. Holden.....Bloom.
Matthew C. Gamble.....Covington.
Julia Ann Feeney.....Clearfield.
Philander Smith.....New Washington.
Isaac Ricketts.....Beccaria.
John O'Dell.....Morris.
Robert Boyd.....Morris.
George N. Colburn.....Clearfield.
Isaac Shimmel.....Bogg.
John J. Read.....Curwensville.
Arnold Schnerre.....Covington.
Peter Garnier.....Covington.
Andrew Shoff.....Guelich.
J. C. Henderson.....Osceola.
Jacob Stine.....Bald Hills.

SALOON LICENSE.

Daniel Bowman.....Clearfield.
Benjamin Swaggart.....Osceola.
David McGaughey.....Clearfield.
Catharine Graf.....Curwensville.
W. Bedrox.....Clearfield.
Mary E. Montgomery.....Shawville.

RESTAURANT.

I. L. Reinstein & Co.....Clearfield.
Augustus Lecoute.....Girard.
George E. Rebecker.....Huston.
dec17-3t A. C. TATE, Clerk.

NEW STOCK! NEW STYLES!!

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY GOODS,

AT

MISS SUSAN REED'S,

MARKET ST., CLEARFIELD, PA.

Having just received all the novelties of the season in the Millinery line, request the ladies to call and examine them.
Clearfield, Pa., Nov. 5, 1868.

New Advertisements.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS!

TO those wishing DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, &c., we offer the following REAL BARGAINS, to close out our Winter stock:

Shawls, worth	$10 00 at	$8 00
Shawls, worth	8 00 at	6 00
Coburg, worth	65 at	50
Fr'ch Merino, worth	1 00 at	75
Fr'ch Merino, worth	1 25 at	1 00
Empress Cloth, worth	1 00 at	75
Poplin Reps, worth	1 65 at	1 35
Silk, worth	3 00 at	2 62
Silk, worth	2 50 at	2 12

And all other goods at greatly reduced figures. Call and see.

WILLIAM REED & CO.,
Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.
dec31-4t

GREAT BARGAINS

New Store in Mulsonburg!

In the room formerly occupied by P. T. Hegarty.

L. M. COUTRIET

TAKES this method of informing the citizens of Covington, Karthaus, Girard and the surrounding country, that he has just opened a large stock of SUMMER GOODS, which he is determined to sell TEN PER CENT CHEAPER than the same quality of Goods can be purchased for in any other store in the neighborhood. His stock consists of

Dry Goods of all Kinds,

Such as Satinetts, Cassimeres, Muslins, Delaines, Linen, Drillings, Calicoes, Trimmings, Ribbons, Lace,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS.

Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, Fish, Salt, Linseed Oil, Fish Oil, Carbon Oil.

Hardware, Queensware, Tinware.

Castings, Plows and Plow Castings, Nails, Spikes, Corn Cultivators, Cider Presses, and all kinds of Axes.

☞ My Plows are of the Curwensville and Centre county make, and are warranted to be of good quality.

Drugs and Medicines,

Perfumery, Paints, Varnish, Glass, and a general assortment of Stationery,

GOOD FLOUR,

Of different brands, always on hand, and will be sold at the lowest possible figures.

LIQUORS,

Such as BRANDY, WINE, GIN & WHISKY

5000 pounds of Wool wanted for which the highest price will be paid.

☞ Call and see for yourselves. You will find everything usually kept in a retail store.
L. M. COUTRIET.
Frenchville P. O., June 18, 1868-6m-pd.

Valuable Farm at Private Sale.

THE undersigned now offers at Private Sale his farm, situate in Lawrence township, Clearfield county, Pa., bounded on the north by the Philipsburg & Erie Turnpike, and on the west by the Susquehanna river,

CONTAINING EIGHTY-FOUR ACRES,

Between fifty and sixty of which are cleared and under cultivation, and having thereon a LOG HOUSE, BANK BARN, and all the necessary outbuildings, an orchard, and a spring of good water at the door.

There are THREE VEINS of COAL on this farm. One two-foot vein, now open; one forty-inch vein, of as good coal as can be found in the county, also open, and one five-foot vein, unopened.

☞ For Terms and other particulars, apply on the premises, to JORDAN READ.
Lawrence tp., Dec. 17, 1868-2m-pd.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS

JOS. SHAW & SON

Have just opened a

NEW STORE, on Main St., CLEARFIELD, PA., lately occupied by Wm. F. IRWIN.

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES of the best quality,

QUEENSWARE, Boots and Shoes,

and every article necessary for one's comfort.

Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. May 9, 1866-tf.

WM. TEN EYCK.....R. S. THOMPSON

TEN EYCK & THOMPSON

CURWENSVILLE, PA.

HAVING just received from New York one of the largest and best selected stocks of Goods, we are now ready to offer the same to our old customers, (to whom we return thanks for past favors,) and the citizens of the county generally, at

Prices that will Render Satisfaction.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, and thereby save from 5 to 20 per cent on your goods.

Our stock consists of a great variety, such as

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

CLOTHING, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,

QUEENSWARE, PAINTS, OILS,

DRUGS, FRUIT OF ALL KINDS,

Fish, Salt, Leather, Shoe Findings, BOOTS and SHOES (eastern and home made) in great variety, and at reduced figures; TINWARE, FLOUR, &c., &c.

TEN EYCK & THOMPSON.

Having re-associated H. B. Thompson with me in the above trade, I desire all persons indebted to me, by Note or Book account, to call and settle the same without delay.
WM. TEN EYCK.
Curwensville, May, 7, 1868-tf.

NEW STORE.

Cor. Second St. and Hill Road.

R. MITCHELL

HAS just received and opened, at the above named place, an entire new stock of SUMMER GOODS, which he will sell VERY CHEAP FOR CASH. His stock consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Ready-Made Clothing, etc. He also keeps choice

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, FEED,

Chop, Bacon, Fish, and Dried Fruits.

Persons desirous of purchasing goods at fair rates are respectfully requested to give him a call.

☞ Approved country produce will be taken, at the highest prices, in exchange for goods.
Clearfield, June 18, 1868-tf

FURS.—German Fitch sette, French Squirrel sette, American Squirrel sette, Sable Victorines, Silver Martin sette, Mink capes and muffs, Gents fur collars, (Beaver and Mink) at
J. P. KRATZER'S.

Miscellaneous.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, Hon. C. A. MAYER, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the twenty-fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre and Clinton—and Hon. SAMUEL CLYDE and Hon. JACOB WILHELM, Associate Judges of Clearfield co., have issued their precept, to me directed, for the holding of a Court of Common Pleas, Orphan's Court, Court of Quarter Sessions, Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Court of General Jail Delivery, at the Court House at Clearfield, to and for the county of Clearfield, commencing on the **second Monday, 11th day of January, 1869,** and to continue ONE WEEK.

NOTICE IS, therefore hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, in and for said county of Clearfield, to appear in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices, and in their behalf, pertain to be done.

GIVEN under my hand at Clearfield, this 23d day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty eight.
CYRENIUS HOWE, *Sheriff.*

A. T. BOYNTON.....GEO. S. YOUNG

BOYNTON & YOUNG,

Manufacturers of

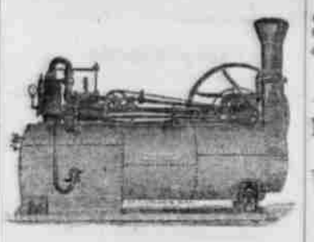
STEAM ENGINES

AND

MACHINISTS,

Corner of Fourth and Pine Streets.

CLEARFIELD, PA.



HAVING engaged in the manufacture of first-class MACHINERY, we respectfully inform the public that we are now prepared to fill all orders as cheaply and as promptly as can be done in any of the cities. We manufacture and deal in

Mulay and Circular Saw-Mills,

Head Blocks, Water Wheels, Shafting Pulleys, Gifford's Injector, Steam Gauges, Steam Whistles, Oilers, Tallow Cups, Oil Cups, Gauge Cocks, Air Cocks, Globe Valves, Check Valves, wrought iron Pipes, Steam Pumps, Boiler Feed Pumps, Anti-Friction Metres, Soap Stone Packing, Gum Packing, and all kinds of MILL WORK;—together with Plows, Sled Soles,

COOK AND PARLOR STOVES,

and other CASTINGS of all kinds.

☞ Orders solicited and filled at city prices. All letters of inquiry with reference to machinery of our manufacture promptly answered, by addressing us at Clearfield, Pa.
dec16-tf BOYNTON & YOUNG.

J. K. BOTTORF'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,

MARKET ST., CLEARFIELD, PA.

PERSONS desiring GOOD PICTURES, of any style and price, with all the modern improvements of the art, can be accommodated by calling at my rooms in Clearfield.

Negatives made in Cloudy as well as in Clear Weather.

CHILDREN'S PICTURES taken accurately, in a few seconds.

The TONE and FINISH of my Photographs guaranteed to equal that of any made in Philadelphia or New York.

Constantly on hand a large supply of

Frames, Albums and Stereoscopes,

Of all sizes, styles and prices, and of the best finish. Also,

STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS,

of the most interesting

AMERICAN & FOREIGN SCENERY,

for sale at reasonable rates.

FRAMES OF ALL SIZES,

From any style of moulding, made to order on short notice.
J. K. BOTTORF.
Clearfield, Dec. 16, 1868-tf

McGAUGHEY'S

RESTAURANT & REFRESHMENT

SALOON,

In Leary's New Building, (formerly occupied by Mr. Rote,)

SECOND ST., CLEARFIELD, PA.

CONSTANTLY on hand a fine selection of CANDIES, NUTS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c. Also, FRESH OYSTERS received daily, and served up to suit the taste of customers.

☞ BILLIARD SALOON on second story.
dec10-tf DAVID McGAUGHEY.

PASSMORE & BOWMAN'S

Grocery and Saloon,

(On Reed Street, near the Railroad Depot,)

CLEARFIELD, PA.

WE would respectfully inform the public that we are now prepared to sell Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Tobacco, Fish, &c., as well as Oysters, Nuts, Candies, and in short everything usually found in saloons and groceries. A share of public patronage is solicited. GEO. C. PASSMORE.
dec31-6m-tf DANIEL BOWMAN.

LUTHERSBURG POTTERIES

Luthersburg, Clearfield Co., Pa.

FARMERS, MECHANICS & DAIRYMEN

Look Here!

THE undersigned is prepared to furnish you with the best STONEWARE manufactured in this country. He has never yet failed to please the most fastidious, as to quality or durability. His ware consists in part of

CREAM POTS OF ALL SIZES!

MILK CROCKS AND PANS,

Fruit Cans, (for Canning Fruit,) Safety Tubes,

And in short EVERYTHING usually made and kept in an establishment of this kind.

MERCHANTS

Can have their ware delivered by me, at ANY TIME and to ANY PLACE desired.

Orders for ware solicited, and promptly filled.

☞ For general assortment, see Catalogue and Price List, mailed free to applicants.

☞ A liberal discount will be given to the wholesale trade.
GEO. C. KIRK.
Luthersburg, Pa., Dec. 5, 1868-tf

Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc.

GREAT EXCITEMENT

ON SECOND STREET, CLEARFIELD.

NEW GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned respectfully invite the attention of the public generally to their splendid assortment of merchandise, which they are now selling

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Their stock consists in part of

Dry Goods of the Best Quality,

Such as Prints, De Laines, Alpacas, Merino Ginghams, Muslins, (bleached and unbleached,) Drillings, Ticklings, cotton and wool Flannels, Satinetts, Cassimeres, Cottonades, Lad