

The Debate on the Stanton Resolutions

The following is a portion of the debate between Senators Wallace and Fisher, while the restoration of Stanton was under consideration in the State Senate.

Mr. FISHER said: I state these facts to prove this position and to contradict the statement unwittingly made by the Senator from Clearfield [Mr. Wallace].

The Senator from Clearfield [Mr. Wallace] and the Senator from Berks [Mr. Davis], and all those gentlemen seem to squirm under the idea that an impression would be left on the minds of the people that it was the Democrats that opposed the war.

Mr. WALLACE A Republican. Mr. FISHER. I put it to the Senator from Clearfield now; I ask him who it was?

Mr. WALLACE. I will answer the gentleman. The man who shot the provost marshal had never, until after he killed him, voted a Democratic ticket; he voted always for the Republican ticket.

Mr. McCONAUGHY. He has voted the Democratic ticket since, I suppose.

Mr. WALLACE. He has, I presume, because you drove him out of the country. He has not been in our country since.

Mr. FISHER. I will take the gentleman's answer; that might be so. But who opposed the drafts, and denounced the war, and refused to vote supplies? I say ninety-nine out of every hundred of those who belonged to the Democratic party, although there may have been one who Republicanism had become enlightened by his association with the Democracy of the county of Clearfield.

Mr. WALLACE. Mr. Speaker, it was not my intention to speak to-night, but attacks have been made upon me to which I must reply. When I argue a point I speak with warmth; but I endeavor to respect the feelings of my brother Senators, and certainly very seldom attack their constituents, and never intend to wound their personal feelings.

Mr. FISHER. The Senator from Lancaster [Mr. Fisher] has attacked my people, my county has been pointed out as having been found faithless in the hour of distress. Sir, I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Mr. WALLACE. I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Mr. FISHER. I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN

GEO. B. GOODLANDER, Proprietor. PRINCIPLES—NOT MEN. TERMS—\$2 per annum, in Advance. VOL. 40—WHOLE NO. 2059. CLEARFIELD, PA., THURSDAY, FEB. 27, 1868. NEW SERIES—VOL. 8, NO. 31.

them. Many of them were taken to Fort Mifflin, and there incarcerated for ten or twelve days, and then sent home, without a trial, without the presentment of a single charge against them.

Mr. FISHER. Will the Senator allow me to interrupt him? I will answer his question. I understood the Senator, last night, to say they were Democrats who went into the army; it is to that I was referring.

Mr. WALLACE. The Senator unfortunately struggles against the truth. [Laughter.] But all this is aside from the main question on hand to-night.

Mr. FISHER. I will answer the gentleman. The man who shot the provost marshal had never, until after he killed him, voted a Democratic ticket; he voted always for the Republican ticket.

Mr. WALLACE. He has, I presume, because you drove him out of the country. He has not been in our country since.

Mr. FISHER. I will take the gentleman's answer; that might be so. But who opposed the drafts, and denounced the war, and refused to vote supplies? I say ninety-nine out of every hundred of those who belonged to the Democratic party, although there may have been one who Republicanism had become enlightened by his association with the Democracy of the county of Clearfield.

Mr. WALLACE. Mr. Speaker, it was not my intention to speak to-night, but attacks have been made upon me to which I must reply. When I argue a point I speak with warmth; but I endeavor to respect the feelings of my brother Senators, and certainly very seldom attack their constituents, and never intend to wound their personal feelings.

Mr. FISHER. The Senator from Lancaster [Mr. Fisher] has attacked my people, my county has been pointed out as having been found faithless in the hour of distress. Sir, I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Mr. WALLACE. I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Mr. FISHER. I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Official Impertinence of a State Officer. PENNSYLVANIA STATE BONDS. Below will be found the correspondence between our Black Republican State Treasurer and the banking house of August Belmont & Co., of New York.

New York, Jan. 28, 1868. To the Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania: We have received from Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Sons, of London, \$100,000 Pennsylvania State 5 per cent. stock, which we sent to Philadelphia for redemption, to be followed in a few days by a further lot of \$100,000.

Mr. FISHER. Will the Senator allow me to interrupt him? I will answer his question. I understood the Senator, last night, to say they were Democrats who went into the army; it is to that I was referring.

Mr. WALLACE. The Senator unfortunately struggles against the truth. [Laughter.] But all this is aside from the main question on hand to-night.

Mr. FISHER. I will answer the gentleman. The man who shot the provost marshal had never, until after he killed him, voted a Democratic ticket; he voted always for the Republican ticket.

Mr. WALLACE. He has, I presume, because you drove him out of the country. He has not been in our country since.

Mr. FISHER. I will take the gentleman's answer; that might be so. But who opposed the drafts, and denounced the war, and refused to vote supplies? I say ninety-nine out of every hundred of those who belonged to the Democratic party, although there may have been one who Republicanism had become enlightened by his association with the Democracy of the county of Clearfield.

Mr. WALLACE. Mr. Speaker, it was not my intention to speak to-night, but attacks have been made upon me to which I must reply. When I argue a point I speak with warmth; but I endeavor to respect the feelings of my brother Senators, and certainly very seldom attack their constituents, and never intend to wound their personal feelings.

Mr. FISHER. The Senator from Lancaster [Mr. Fisher] has attacked my people, my county has been pointed out as having been found faithless in the hour of distress. Sir, I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Mr. WALLACE. I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

In conclusion, I take this opportunity to express my regret that the State of Pennsylvania should have for its Treasurer a person who could so far disgrace the State as to assume to represent and forget the dignity of the office he holds, as to reply to a civil business communication in a manner which must raise the blush of shame on the cheek of every citizen of that great and honored State. I am your obedient servant.

Mr. FISHER. Will the Senator allow me to interrupt him? I will answer his question. I understood the Senator, last night, to say they were Democrats who went into the army; it is to that I was referring.

Mr. WALLACE. The Senator unfortunately struggles against the truth. [Laughter.] But all this is aside from the main question on hand to-night.

Mr. FISHER. I will answer the gentleman. The man who shot the provost marshal had never, until after he killed him, voted a Democratic ticket; he voted always for the Republican ticket.

Mr. WALLACE. He has, I presume, because you drove him out of the country. He has not been in our country since.

Mr. FISHER. I will take the gentleman's answer; that might be so. But who opposed the drafts, and denounced the war, and refused to vote supplies? I say ninety-nine out of every hundred of those who belonged to the Democratic party, although there may have been one who Republicanism had become enlightened by his association with the Democracy of the county of Clearfield.

Mr. WALLACE. Mr. Speaker, it was not my intention to speak to-night, but attacks have been made upon me to which I must reply. When I argue a point I speak with warmth; but I endeavor to respect the feelings of my brother Senators, and certainly very seldom attack their constituents, and never intend to wound their personal feelings.

Mr. FISHER. The Senator from Lancaster [Mr. Fisher] has attacked my people, my county has been pointed out as having been found faithless in the hour of distress. Sir, I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Mr. WALLACE. I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Mr. FISHER. I have had to refer to this subject before. The reports of our Adjutant General's office will show that we sent into the field as many soldiers in proportion to our population as any other county in the Commonwealth.

Ladies' Goods. LATEST STYLES. FALL & WINTER. Not received at the Store of MRS. H. D. WELSH & Co., Dealers in FANCY GOODS, MILLINERY, NOTIONS, TOYS, and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

DRESS-MAKING. SPECIAL NOTICE—PARISIAN DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING. Ladies can have their Dresses, Suits, Coats, and Habits hand-made and trimmed, at the shortest notice, at the well-established stand, 1031 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Blacksmithing. Boggs Township Awake! GREAT EXCITEMENT AT THOMAS BEERS'S! THE N. Y. Tribune has the following first-class notice of Mr. Kemble.

BLACKSMITHING. NEW ARRANGEMENT. THE subscribers, in view of coming events, design adopting a new system of doing business and after the first of March, from that date we will adopt the CASH SYSTEM, and all work must therefore be paid for before leaving the shop.

CHEAP FURNITURE. JOHN GULICH. DESIRES to inform his old friends and customers, that having enlarged his shop and increased his facilities for manufacturing, he is now prepared to make to order such Furniture as may be desired, in good style and at cheap rates for CASH.

COFFINS OF EVERY KIND. Made to order, and funerals attended with a Hearse whenever desired. Also, House Painting done in order.

A GREAT REDUCTION. In all classes of DRY GOODS. AT J. P. KRATZERS. PRINCE, Mullins, Delaines, Merinos, Alpaca, Wool, Puffs, Ginghams, Silks, Linens, Cottons, Cloths, Corsets, Jerseys, Etc., Etc.

NOTICE TO LOG OWNERS. We are prepared to drive the Pennsylvania Horse, in the Spring of 1868, from Williamsport to the State of New York.

PORTABLE STEAM SAW MILL. FOR SALE. WE will sell, at a low figure, one Bloddy twenty-five horse power PORTABLE SAW-MILL, with heavy double SAW-MILLS, with 600 feet of iron shafting, and all necessary arrangements for shipping and hulling, capable of cutting one inch and half, in less than one hour.

WE ARE ALSO OPENING ANEW supply of Notions, Calicoes, Muslins, French, Swiss, Brocade, Shawls, Ladies' Coats, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Notions, Trimmings and Fancy Goods, at prices that defy competition.

Terms of Subscription. If paid in advance, or within three months... \$3.00. If paid after three months and before six months... \$4.00. If paid after six months and before nine months... \$5.00.

Marble Works. CLEARFIELD MARBLE WORKS. Italian and Vermont Marble finished in the highest style of the Art.

MARBLE YARD IN LUTHERBURG. THE subscriber, having purchased the entire stock and interest of Mr. Gubagan in the Marble Yard in Lutherburg, takes this method of informing the public that he is now prepared to furnish MONUMENTS, TOMB STONES, MANTLES, &c., on short notice and reasonable terms, and executed in the highest style of the art.

Clothing. HOW TO SAVE MONEY. THE times are hard; you'd like to know how you may save your dollars; to get a suit that is neat and cheap; to REIKENSTEIN & Co.

THE LATEST OUT! MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE! BE WISE! If you wish to purchase CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS, or Furnishing Goods, GO TO C. H. MOORE'S.

ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING. Adapted to all seasons of the year; also, Shirts, Drawers, Collars, and a large and well selected assortment of Fine Black Cassimeres and all Drabs, brown, light, and in fact.

NEWS. Daily and Weekly papers, Magazines, also, a large assortment of the latest and best Novels, Job Books, &c., constantly on hand at C. H. MOORE'S, in the Post Office Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Merchant Tailors. SOMETHING NEW IN SHAW'S ROW. FRANK & STOUGHTON, Merchant Tailors, Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.

Cloths, Cammures, Vestings. Dealers, and all kinds of Goods for men and boys wear, at low prices to make up to order CLOTHING from a single article in a full suit, in the latest styles and most workmanlike manner.

Best Choice of all "Shades and Colors." Such as Black Doublets of the very best French; Fancy Cammures, in great variety; also, French Gaiters, Drawers, Shirt Collars, and French Trimmings. All of which we will sell cheap for Cash, and made up according to the latest style by experienced workmen.