of the holders would be enhanced one handred per cent.

At the time of the formation of that efficient steps and make all necessary old and silver a tender in payment debts.

The anomalous condition of our Our circulation now embraces, first, otes of the National Banks, which re made receivible for all dues to the by all its creditors, accepting in paythe securities themselves; second legaltender notes, issued by the United States, and which the law requires shall be received as well in payment of all debts between citizens as of all Government dues, excepting imposts; and, third, gold and silver coin. By the operation of our present system of finance, however, the metallic currency, when collected, is reserved only rone class of Government creditors. who, holding its bonds, semi-annually receive their interest in coin from the into disrepute the obligations of the nation. In the payments of all its debts, the plighted faith of the Govern-ment should be inviolably maintained. a fraudulent currency, and the robber-But while its acts with fidelity toward | ies committed by depreciated paper. the bondholder who loaned his money be preserved, it should at the same enough of the demornlizing tendency, the injustice and the intolerable opmasses of the people, who, have res-caed the Union from the perils of re-disposed of a degraded paper currency, million forty-one thousand one hanable to fulfill its engagments. There one of the most successful devices, in from sales and fees exceeded by is no reason which toils in the nations workshops, or the money.

duty of the Government, as early as mints, since 1849, of eight hundred the 30th of September last, was 56. The increase of expenditures for 1867 dity of the Government, as early as may be consistent with the principles of sound political economy, to take rach measures as will enable the bolder of is notes and henceft, and specimens of the manes to convert them, without loss, into specie or its equivalent. A re-dation need not necessarily follow. This, however, would depend upon the law of demand and supply,though This, nowever, would use in the pert of the country, and military establishment, as well as the ment at Hong Kong, reducing very it should be borne in mind that by all our coin is to become a more article numbers of the army, are now three largely the rates of ocean and land I agree with them also that it is making legal tender and bank notes of traffic and speculation, to the en- times as great as they have been in postages to and from and within these leave the question of such absorption to convertible into com or its equivalent, bancement in price of all that is indis- time of peace; while the discretiona- countries. their present specie value in the hands pensable to the comfort of the peo-to add millions to this expenditure by ish our mints, thus saving the nation an increase of the army to the maxi-

Legislation for the accomplishment of a result so desirable is demanded by the highest public considerations. The Constitution contemplates that The Constitution contemplates that the has come, however, when the Government and National Banks instrument the country had just arrangements for a resumption of spe- in that region. Instigated by real or ded trade, travel and commerce abroad, emerged from the war of the Revolu-tion, and was suffering from the effects ble period. Specie payments having of a redundant and worthless paper of a redundant and worthless paper currency. The sages of that period were anxious to protect their pos-terity from the evils which they them-selves had experienced. Hence, in providing a circulating medium, they conferred upon Congress the power to value d and silver currency.

"Every man of property or industry, pi and the Pacific. They entered Government and the Republies of ever man who desires to preserve without delay upon the execution of Hayti and San Domingo, and our corwhat he honestly possessess, or to ob- their trust, but have not yet made dial relations with the Central and The anomatons condition of our what he can honestly possesses, or to be and their proceed. South American States romain un-tention of Congress is respectfully called direct interest in maintaining a safe ings. It is of vital importance that changed. The tender, made in con- to a singular and embarrassing conflict of direct interest in maintaining a safe ings. It is of vital importance that changed. The tender, made in con-circulating medium-such a medium our distant territories should be ex. formity with a resolution of Congress, as shall be real and substantial, not empt from Indian ontbreaks, and that of the good offices of the Government, liable to vibrate with opinions, not the construction of the Pacific Rait, with a view to an amicable adjust Government, excluding imposts, and subject to be blown up or down by the road, an object of national importance ment of peace between Brazil and her allies, on one side, and Paraguay on the securities themselves; second legal. one of the greatest political evils. It material interests and the moral and allies, on the one side, and Spain on andermines the virtues necessary for intellectual improvement of the Indi- the other, though kindly received, has the support of the social system, and encourages propensities destructive of its hapiness ; it wars against industry, frugality and, economy, and fosters sive use, and located at points remote ly maintained. On the other hand, the evil spirits of extravaganee and from our highways and encroaching actual hosilities between the Pacific speculation." It has been assorted by white settlements. one of our profound and most gifted

statesmen, that "of all the contrivances for cheating the laboring classes of mankind, none has been more effectual than that which deludes them with main line and branches of the Pacific enlightened sagacity and comprehen arguments of those who would bring man's brow. Ordinary tyranny, op. terminus of the last section of con One thing more seems needfal to aspression, excessive taxation-these bear lightly on the happiness of the by the Government on the 24th day South America. I refer to those peace Our own history has recorded for our that the integrity of the Union might instruction enough, and more than strongest assurance that the completion of the road from Sacramento to Omaha will not be long deterred. During the last fiscal year seven

bellion, now hear the burdens of tax-authorized by law or in any way dred and fourteen acres of public land ation, that the Government may be countenanced by Government." It is were disposed of, and the cash receipts dred and fourteen acres of public land will be accepted times of peace or war, expansions or half million dollars the sum realized as satisfactory by the people why revulsions, to accomplish the transfer from those sources during the preceed those who defend us on the land and of all the precious metals from the ing year. The amount paid to penprotect us on the sen; the pensioner great mass of the people into the sioners, including expenses of disburse pon the gratitude of the nation, bear. hands of the few, where they are ments, was \$18,619,956, and thirty ing the scars and wounds received hoarded in secret places or deposited six thousand four hundred and eighty while in its service; the public ser. In strong boxes under bolts and bars, two names were added to the rolls vants in the various Departments of while the people are left to endure all The entire number of pensioners on vants in the various Departments of while the people are soft to endure all The entry humbers of pensioners of the Government; the farmer who sup-plies the soldier of the army and the sailor of the navy; the artisan who a depreciated and worthless paper toils in the nations workshops, or the money.

The condition of our finances and designs were issued during the year mechanics and laborers who build its The condition of our finances and designs were issued during the year is great edgect, and be ready to adopt edifices and construct its forts and the operations of our revenue system ending September 30, 1867, and at any measure which may tend to facilitate edifices and construct its forts and the operations of our revenue system ending September 30, 1001, and any include accomplishment. vessels of war-should, in payment of are set forth and faily explained in that date the balance in the Treasury its ultimate accomplishment. On the 25th of February, 1802, Congress their just and hard-earned dues, re-ceive depreciated paper, while another class of their countrymen, no more 30th of June, 1866, the public debt

as50,000,000. This fact makes it the Notwithstauding a coinage by our gate strength of our military force, on and stamped envelopes was \$785,404. peror of Russia, and it now many imper-Indian naturally gravitate to, and may he expected ultimatoly to be absorbed by the Continental States, including our own. this process of natural political gravita-tion. The Islands of St. Thomas and St. The report of the Acting Commis- tion,

tion, The islands of St. Thomas and St. John's, which constitute a part of the group called the Virginia blands, seemed to offer us advantages lumediately de-sirable, while their acquisition could be sioner of Agriculture concisely prosonts the condition, wants and pro-

the presence of a large military force home, and the resumption of extenconsideration. It will hardly be necessarry to call the

the disaffected bands, and select for the value of government. A good understand-ing continues to exist between our from the Mississipconstitution, have induced me to renew effort to obtain a just and prompt settlement of the long vexed question concern-ing the claims of foreign States for military service from their subjects, naturalized in the United States. In connection with this subject the at laws. The Executive Department of this Government has hitherto uniformly as it now holds, that naturalization, in con formity with the Constitution and laws of the United States, absolves the recipient from his native allegiance. The courts of imitations ! Great Britain hold that allegiance to the British Crown is ind flowable, and not ab-solved by our laws of naturalization. British Judges cite courts and law author-ities of the United States in support of that theory against the position held by the Executive anthority of the United

citizens, and impairs the national authori ty abroad. I called attention to this sul-States and Spain have been more than Since the commencement of the sec- a year suspended. I shall, on any ject in my last annual message, and now again respectfully appeal to Congress to colare the national will unmistakably upon this important question. The at use of our laws by the clandestine National Troasury. They are thus paper money. This is the most effect made to occupy an invidious position, which may be used to strengthen the man's fields by the sweat of the poor of the Rocky Mountains, whilst the tributaries to universal commerce. prosecution of the African slave-trade from structed road in California, accepted sure a rapid and cheering progress in of October last, was but eleven miles ful habits without which States and distant from thesummit of the Sierra Nations cannot, in this age, well ex-Novada. The remarkable energy pectmaterial prosperity or social ad-

The Exposition of Universal Industry

be made for the recent political derange-ment of ludastry here the part which the United States has borne in this exhibition of invention and art may be regarded with very high satisfaction. During the Expos-ition a conference was held of delegates from several nations, the United States being the mails of the United States from several nations, the United States suffing from the diverse standards of mon-ey value were fully discussed, and plans were developed for establishing, by uni-versal consest, a common principle for the coinage of gold. These conferences are expected to be remewed, with the attend. the coinage of gold. Toose conterences are expected to be renewed, with the attend-ance of many foreign States not bitherio represented. A report of these interest-ing proceedings will be automitted to Con-ta, mail arrive at Tyrons by a p. m. s, which will no doubt justly appreciate

# The Republican.

GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

### CLEARFIELD, PA. Thursday Morning, Dec. 12, 1867.

WEIGHTY ARGUMENTS .- We lay be fore our readers this week, to the exclusion of everything else, the Message of President Johnson and the speech of Hon. William A. Wallace. We ask our readers to give them an attentive perusal.

The arguments contained in these two documents must convince all except tanatics and fools as to the true method or reconstruction, union and peace. Read and circulate them among your neighbors, especially

among the Pharisee-loyalists.

our thanks for that fine turkey she sent to our office the other day. May she never grow older, and travel on SOMETHING NEW IN SHAW'S ROW. this line. What a glorious chance for

Our devil claims that in giving our readers theenty-one columns of first class reading matter, these short days, is something that don't often occur in the back-woods; and he domands States. This conflict perplexes the public mind concerning the rights of raturs]ized that they be carefully read and studied.

> ANOTHER WANT SUPPLIED -We learn that Mr. Stadler has opened a Bakery, on Market street, between Third and Fourth. He comes among us to prosceute his business, and if properly patronized, will make our town his permanent residence. Mr. Stadler no doubt understands his business, as he comes highly recommended.

ADVERTISEMENTS .--- The County Commissioners publish au important notice to School Directors, to send in their tax votes.

Mr. Widemire offers a tract of valuabe Timber land, situated on Cienr-

and Mr. McGes an "Estray" notice .

impeachment farce is "played out." Fifty-seven demngogues have descended to their true level. The vote on

Fifty-seven Radical Disunionists voted for impeachment, and 40 Democrats FALL & WINTER, and 68 moderate (tad-pole) Rads voted against it. Mr. Scofield was ab-

sent, but if present would have voted with the 57 Disunionists. Poor fools! their days, like Belshazzar's, are num- FANCY GOODS, MILLINERY,

The Rump House, on the same day,

It is now pretty fully established

Married. On Sunday, December 8, 1567, by D.S. Moone Esq., Mr. ELAM LYDICK and Miss ELLEN

DUNKELBARGER ; both of Pike tp., Clearfield

In Lawrence township, on the 5th of December

county, Pa.

Clearfield county, Pa-

all of the former place.

New Berertisements.

Attention, School Directors ! T is impossible for the County Country to collect the minorited school tax on maless the several Boards of Directors notif unless the several Boards of Directory and by them of the rate per cash, abcauch. But fire of the Boards have attended to this motion. Thus, who up to this time have failed to inscend the number of mills taid for the school years ending June, 1860, and June 1877, are requested to make re-turn of the fast on or before the first day of June.

y next. The County Commissioners desire that a cortifionto be made out, stating the number of mills laid for each year, signed by the President of the Board and attested by the Secretary.

ind attented by the Secretary. By order of the Board, WM, S. BRADLEY, Cherk. Commissioners' Office, Chenfield, Dec. 12-34

VALUABLE REALESTATE SALE!

TULE following valuable property will be sold at public sale, in the stillage of GLEN HOPE, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of JANUARY, 1868 : ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF

CHOICE TIMBER LAND,

among the Pharisee-loyalists.
Hon. George W. Woodward will please accept our thanks for an offi-cial copy of the majority and minority reports of the Judiciary Committee on Impenchment.
The ELECTIONS — The borough and township elections for this county, will be held on Friday, the 27th inst. Constables must put up their adver-tisements by the 16th.
Mrs. Judge Clyde will please accept our thanks for that fine turkey she

Merchant Tailors.

FRANK & STOUGHTON,

#### Merchant Tailors, Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.,

AVING upened their new establishment in Shaw's Row, ou door east of the past office, and having just returned from the castern cities with a large accortment of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Beavers, and all kinds of Goods for men and hoys' wear, are now prepared to make up to order CLOTHING, from a single article to a full order CLOTHING, from a single article to a full roti, in the latest styles and most workmanilke manner. Special attention given to custom work and culting out for men and boys. We offer great bargains to sourcement, and wareast entice esticiation. A liberal share of public patronage is solicited. Call and see our goods. M. A. PRANK, orti7.4f [S:13] E. B. L. STOUGHTON.

H. BRIDGE.

MERCHANT TAILOR. (Store oue door east of Clearfield House.)

Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.

K EEPS on hand a full assoriments of Gents' Farniableg Goods, such as Shirts, Linem and Wonien Undershirts, Drawers and Socks, Neck ites, Pockat Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hats, Umbrelias, Ac., in great variety. Of Piece Umbrellas, de., in grunt variety. Goods he keeps the

Best Clothe of all "Shades and Colors," Best Gioths of all "Shades and Golors," Such as Black Docakin of the very best make; Fancy Cassimars, in great variety, aisa, Prench Coating, Beaver, Plict, Chinchilla, and Frieott overcoating. All of which will be add cheep for Cash, and made of according to the latest styles by asperimeed workmen. Also, Agent for Clearfield county for I. M. Einger & Co's, solutioned Seeing Machines. Nov, J, 1855-tf. H. BRIDGE.

Ladies' Goods. LATEST STYLES FGR.

Just received at the Store of

MRS. H. D. WELSH & Co.,

. Dealers in

NOTIONS, TOTS, and

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Post Office DEPARTERNT, Washington, October 21, 1867.

circumstances, no apprehensions of its re-newal in this part of the world are enter-tained. Under these circumstances it becomes a question whether we shall not propose to Her Majesty's Government a suspension or discontinuance of the stipu-lations for maintaining a naval force for the suppression of that trade. ANDREW JOHNSON. WANNINGTON, December 3, 1867.

# The Great Mail Letting.

#### Proposals will be received at the Contract Off f this Department until 3 p. m. of March 4, 1808

2216, Fram Beliefontw, by Milasharg, Snaw Shoe, Mashaman and Fine Gian, to Karkana, 16 miles and back, three times & Week. Laser Halls-fonts Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 s. m.

this question was taken on Saturday.

field ercek, for sale. Mr. Harman publishes a "caution" WASHINGTON NEWS-The great

ed and wide spread, and imperil the 226 leaving in the Treasury a surplus five hundred and seven gons, are in national credit.

tional standard may be seen by refer- 000,000, and that the expenditures are thirteen loss on squadron duty the rights, interest and honor of our counence to a few facts derived from our will be \$372,000,000, showing an excess than there were at the date of the try. It is not to be apprehended that Great of \$9,000,000 in favor of the Govern last report. A large number of ves. Britain will persist in her refasal to satisfy commercial statistics.

The production of precious metals ment.

a the United States from 1849 to in the United States from 1849 to 1857, inclusive, amounted to \$579, 000,000; and from 1861 to 1867, in-clusive, to \$457,590,000-making the grand aggregate of products since impost system should be so adjusted er suspended work upon them or lim-and colonized by European Sistes simul-1849, \$1,174,000,000. The amount of as to bear most heavily on articles of ited the slow completion of the steam specie coined from 1849 to 1857, in- luxury, leaving the necessaries of life vessels, so as to meet the contracts ration of the American continent. Most specie coined from 1849 to 1857, in-cusive, was \$439,000,000; from 1858 to 1860, inclusive, \$125,000,000; and sistent with the real wants of the to 1860, inclusive, \$125,000,000; and sistent with the real wants of the to 1860, inclusive, \$125,000,000; and sistent with the real wants of the real wan to 1860, inclusive, \$125,000,000; and from 1861 to 1867, inclusive, \$310,000, making the total coinage since 1849, \$874,000,000. From 1849 to 1857, inclusive, the net exports of specie amounted to \$271,000,000; from 4858 to 1860, inclusive, to \$148,000,000; and from 1861 to 1867, inclusive, \$322, 000,000—making the aggregate of net exports since 1849, \$741,000,000. These figures show an excess of product over net exports of \$433,000,000. These figures show an excess of product over net exports of \$433,000,000. These figures show an excess of product over net exports of \$433,000,000. These figures show an excess of \$433,000,000. These figures show and the Government. It would otices and the Government. It would otices and the Government. It would spiral show an excess of product over the stand, to the order of the stand, to the order of the stand, to the order of the spiral show and set of the second show the stand, to the order of the spiral show the stand, to the order of the spiral show the spira

resonable to expect a return to a rosperity, pence, and good will. resonable to expect a return to a rosperity, pence, and good will. rement, by continuing to issue irre-desmable potes, fills the channels of file several Bureaus firsulation with depreciated paper. of the War Department. The aggre.

class of their countrymen, no more deserving, are paid in coin of gold and silver. Equal and exact justice re-quires that all the creditors of the Government should be paid in a cur-rency possessing a uniform value. This can only be accommised and the accounting due to \$21,226,664. During the fiscal year of \$01,226,664. During the receipts the disruty and horvar of the generous to the generous the generous to the generous to the generous to the generous the generous to the generous the discust the generous to the generous the generous to the generous to the generous to the generous to the generous the generous to the generous to the generous to the generous the generous to the generous the generous the generous to the generous the rency possessing a uniform value. This can only be accomplished by the restoration of the currency to the standard established by the Constitastandard established by the Constitu-tion, and by this means we would re-mated that the receipts for the fiscal men in every part of the world. Of the world of your stiention. No arrangement has yst been reached move a discrimination which may, if it has not already done so, create a prejudice that may become deep root-tares will reach the sum of \$393,269.

The feasibility of making our car-rency correspond with the constitu-that the receipts will amount to \$381,-has been reduced twelve, and there of \$9,000,000 in favor of the Govern- last report. A large number of ves-

decline the proposition of arbitration made by Her Majesty's Government, because it selt were commenced and in the course these just and reasonable claims, which

ent. The attention of Congress is earn-

knocked Secretary McCulloch's con-

per pound on cotton, was also repealed, by nearly a similar vote.

The National debt was increased

Sunday, at 12 m.; errive at Charfield by 5 p. m.; faster Charfield doily, except Sunday, at 7 a. m.; arrive at Philliphony by 12 m. 2253. From Charfield, by Curvenarille, Torest, Lathersburg, Jefferson Line, Reynoldrville, Brack-ville, Coreira and Straithau ille, at Charfield, Brack-ville, Coreira and Straithau ille, at Charfield and back, etc. Bines a week. Leave Charfield and p. m.; leave Curvensville daily, carept Sen-day, at 9 p. m.; arrive at Charfield by 16500 p.m.; have Curvensville daily, carept Smildy, at 2a. m.; arrive at Charlin by 8 p. m.; have Charlin daily, succept Smilday, at 6,50 a, m.; arrive at Carvons-ville by 8509 p. m. month of November ; and the revenues for the same period foll off forty per cent. An individual doing business in this way would not get out of debt very soon. We wonder how long Uncle Sam will entrust his purse to pick-pockets and negro- bureau

Freedowsky, at special may arrive at convention by Sofe p. m., 2254 From Clearfield, by Shaweville, Hold Hill, secarics' Mills, Frenchrile and Karthans, to Salt dek, 774 miles and back, twise a work. Lance hearfield Monday and Friday at 6 a. m., arrive it Soft Lick by 4 p. m.; bacw Salt Lick Turoday and Satarday, at 6 a. m.; arrive at Clearfield by 4 . m. agents. that no difference how great a "rebel"

a Southerner was during the "warfor and rathrday, at s a. m.; arrive a community of 2335. From Clearfield, by Clearfield Bridge, to Jeffries, 16 miles and back, twice a weak. Leave Clearfield Monitay and Friday, at 6 n. m.; arrive at Jeffries by 10 n. m.; beave definies Monday and Friday at 1 p. m.; arrive at Clearfield by 8 p. m. 2236. From Curwenreith, by Bioanville and New Milliperi, to Anomy Cle. 12 miles and head, once a week. Leave Curvenneithe Saturday, at 8 n. m.; arrive at Anomy Cle. 12 miles and head, once a week. Leave Curvenneithe Saturday, at 8 n. m.; arrive at Anomy Cle. 12 miles and head, once a week. Leave Curvenneithe Saturday, at 8 n. m.; arrive at Anomy Cle. 12 miles and head, by 5 p. m. the Union," he can easily get a seat in the Rump, if he agrees to vote as Thad. Stevens orders. Ilis "assaults upon the best government on earth," his "blood-red hand," and his "treasonable practices" are all wiped out if he becomes Thad's slave.

bits 5 p. m. 2257. From Gorsseparville to Lander City, 5 miles and back, three times a week. Leave Correspondence ville Tarefoldy, Thursday and Satarolay, at 8-56 a. m.; arrive al Lamber City by 10:10 a. m.; heave Lamber City Tarefoly. Thursday and Saturday, at 1998.

amore only revealey, thursday are reaching, at a. m.; active at Carwanaville by S. m. 2208. From Lathersburg, by Trantville, Big inn and Bell's Mills, to Putzentawiney, 20 miles and back, twice a week. Longe Lathersburg Toes-ing and Salardsy at 6 a. m. arrive at Putzenta-awarey by 12 m.; leave Putzentawiney Tensday and Saturday at 1 p. m.; arrive at Lathersburg by D. M.

By a vote of 128 to 32 they order him Straw BONNETS made for..... to quit contracting the currency. All kinds of HATS for ...... The act imposing a tax of 24 conts Materials furnished on as reasonable terms as

Next door to First National Bank, OUV7-17 CLEARVIELD, PAL

sixteen million dollars during the Ladies' Fancy Furs. - 87 JOHN FAREIRA'S Old Established

> Fur Manufactory, No. 718 ARCH St., abor Seventh, Philadelphia. Have now in my store, of

Have now in my store, of my own Importation and Monafacture, one of the ingress and must becautiful ingress and children's for Ladies' and Children's war in the city. Also, a man maked to down's fur Garces and Collars.

Tam enabled to depose of my pools of very rea-coulds prices, and 1 would therefore solidith a call from my friends of Clearfield county and vicinity, Remember the name, number and street, 2011N FABELINA, No. 718 Arch Street, above 7th, muth side, neth-tan Fhiladeiphia, Pa.

DRESS-MAKING.

SAND CLOAR MARING. SPECIAL NOTICE---PARISIAN DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING - Ladies can have their Dresses, Suits, Conts, and Basquires hand-rowedy inside and triumed, at the shortest no. tion, at the old estabilished stand, 1931 Chestent street, Philadelphia. Fanoy and plain Fans, Mantilla Ornamenta, Dress and Cloak Buitone, Ribbons, Clany and Guipure Laces, Bugis and Gimp Dress Trim-ling, with a large scripts of Sizaba and Parcy

Guipare Laces, Bugle and Gimp Dress Trim-mings, with a large variety of Staple and Fanty Goods, from 25 to 26 per cost less than elsewhere. Also, receiving daily. Paris Fashions in tissus paper, for Ladles' and Children's Dresses. Sets of Patterns for merohants and Grass makers now ready, at Mrs. M. A. BINDER'S, jrd 17 1621 Chestout st., Philadelphia.

## GREAT BARGAINS!

AT PRIVATE SALE!

1887, by L. F. Juwis, Esq. Mr. GEORGE W. ROWLES and Miss JANE AUGHENBAUGH; Till subscriber, contemplating going into other husiness, will soll, at private sale, his entire stock of

At Exterioren, on the 3d of December, 1967, by the Rev. W. O. Werenv, Mr. WH.J.JAM A. Pottery and Stoneware, HAIGHT and Miss DRUBCILLA POTTER, of

At his Kile, in Clearfield. These who may need ware of this kind can secure it at a heavy reduction Morris township, Clearfield county, Pa-mp-A No. 1 visage of es Sovertary Chase ac-sourpanied the notice of this happy allair, for which the partice have our thanks. TEDERICK LEITZINGER.

FREDERICK LEITZINGER. Clmrfield, October 24, 1967-16.

### Six Horses for Sale.

THE antourities now offers for sale SIX VAL-UABLE HORSES-ino five years old, two six yours ald, and two situe years old. These

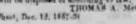
LADIES' FURS ! Mafr. Collars, Viciorines, and Berthaz. A face assortment, just received at the KEYSTONE STORE.

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS:

A supply, in Inte styles, just received and for sule at low figures, at the KEYSTONE STORE

CAUTION.----All persons are hereby continued against harboring or trasting on any assessme heard without any just cause or provession. I therefore hereby warnall p runs that I am detwa minel to pay no more dubta of here contracting after this date, (Des. 5th, 1987,) anises compatied by law. ELI HARMAN. Brady township, Des. 12, 1997-3t

Things to statute processing on the second state of the second state of the subscripts of the subscripts, in Bell town, in Bell town, in STEER, something same than a year old, Tas owner is requested to some forward, prove his property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law. THOMES A. Methamage and the second state of the second



New Advertisements. CAUTION .--- All periods are hereby enutioned

