



GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

Thursday Morning, Nov. 14, 1867.

Things begin to look as though Thad. Stevens would again be compelled to take a leap from a back window, or surrender in the most humiliating manner possible.

PLAYED OUT.—Bayonet elections and loyalty, two of the ingredients out of which shoddy patriotism is made. Nigger and greenbacks are the other two. A pretty kettle of fish, indeed!

The result of the late election in Massachusetts is likely to be as hard on Senator Sumner, as the German Baron. The latter has destroyed his domestic peace, and the election will rob him of his loyalty and expose him to the fangs of the "Copperheads".

ANSWER.—If the Lincoln family was poor when it went to Washington, how did it become to be worth \$110,000, besides \$24,000's worth of shawls and rings, while other Presidential families usually spent \$50,000 during their term of office?

Great efforts have been made, in different sections of the country, to have the laws so amended as to allow women the right to vote. This is labor for naught, as few females would ever get old enough. No single lady would ever get to be 21 years old.

We notice that many of our contemporaries are asking "what will Congress do?" We would suggest that the members adopt Judah's plan—go and hang themselves. If this is the doom for betraying one's master, those who betray their country can expect no less.

The people are just now enabled, through the revelations of Mrs. Lincoln and Ben. Wade, to realize what the loyal term, "honest old Abe," meant, while the old joker pillaged on earth. It was going into office poor, and coming out worth \$130,000, while spending a like sum.

The Massachusetts temperance fanatics, of fifteen years standing, now give as an excuse for their late sumnerism in favor of license, "that it is no test of real virtue to be sober where there is nothing to drink." If this is so, somebody has done a great deal of virtuous lying for some time past.

The Black Republican scallywags still insist that "the colored troops fought bravely, and but for them the Union would be lost." This is a high compliment to the white "boys in blue." We are to infer from this that the niggers subjugated the rebels.

Boston.—The hub of the universe, and in which the fires of loyalty burned brightly (for the British) during the war of 1812, and again in 1861-4, has now, as during the Revolution, declared for the Union. The Black Republicans carried this city last year by 5,000; the Democrats carried it on the 5th by 1,350, and this change has been made in a vote of less than 16,000.

BE OFF.—Some of our loyal neighbors seem to loathe the Salt River trip very "muchly." But if they don't soon pack their trunks and make a movement in that direction, we will call upon the "government" to send them beyond the lines; because their disloyal utterances are often offensive to our ears, and if allowed to be continued will eventually break out in open rebellion.

REPENT.—Governor Geary has, after some hesitation, also designated the 25th instant as a day of thanksgiving and prayer. We hope that all who are in the habit of calling upon God, on these special occasions, will ask Him to pardon his excellency for perpetrating the Fort Delaware fraud at the late election. The Governor's modesty has no doubt prevented him from alluding to this crime. But, as the prayer of the christian availeth much, let Geary have the benefit in this instance.

The loyal Rump reconstructors and treason-mongers meet at Washington, on Wednesday next. We suppose, in view of the late elections, that the first business in order will be the appointment of half a dozen committees to ascertain whether Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, and several other States, have a "Republican form of government." It is a great pity that these loyal souls could not all be placed on about a score of committees, so that each member could rob the Treasury of \$20,000 more than he is entitled to by law.

The November Elections.

"The War for the Union," on a Democratic basis, is still being waged with vigor. A great battle was again fought, on the 5th of November, between Democracy and Despotism—the friends and enemies of the American Union.

NEW JERSEY.—The Democratic army met and defeated the Disunion hoists—niggers and all—in this State, by nearly 14,000 majority; and that, too, on the fields made memorable by the heroes of the Revolution. Gen. Washington's victories over the combined British and Hessian forces at Princeton and Monmouth, ninety years ago, in a moral point of view, was no greater than that achieved by the Democrats, on the 5th inst., over the combined hosts of niggers and loyalists. The Democrats also carried the Legislature, and have a majority of 14 on joint ballot. Last year the Rads had a majority of eleven. The Disunionists carried this State two years ago, for Governor, by 3,000 majority.

NEW YORK.—Loyalty, like the treason of Arnold, is despised by the people of this State. Champlain, Long Island, Stony Point, and other Revolutionary reminiscences, have been called to remembrance by the inhabitants of the Empire State. Hence, the Disunion majority of 14,000 last year is confiscated, and a Democratic majority of 43,000 run up on the Union side. For the first time in many years the Democrats have carried the Legislature in this State, and will have a majority of 12 on joint ballot.

MARYLAND.—"My Maryland," another of the glorious thirteens, having alternately embraced Federalism, Whiggery, Anti-Masonry, Whiggery again, Know Nothingism, Black Republicanism, Loyalty and treason, has at length swung clear around the circle and turns up on the Union side by giving 40,000 majority for the Democrats, who, for the first time in the history of the State, have carried every county in it, and every office worth having.

MASSACHUSETTS.—This State, it is true, is one of the old thirteen, but she is the cradle of crime and fanaticism, under the cloaks of religion and loyalty. Her leading men are guilty of more great crimes against the citizen and State, than those of any spot on this continent. The Disunion majority in this State last year was 65,000; "old Abe" carried it over McClellan, in 1864, by 78,000; now they have but 24,000 majority. The Democratic vote last year was about 21,000; this year it is 68,000—more than three times. The Disunionists have but six out of the 34 Senators, and 40 out of 195 Members of the House. The blue lights in this State, by another year, will be wholly extinguished, and the State reconstructed on a Democratic basis.

WISCONSIN.—The Cops have done nobly in this State. They have gained four State Senators and thirteen members of the House, and reduced the Disunion majority from 10,000 to about 3,000.

KANSAS.—"Bleeding Kansas" is nearly done bleeding, and by another election will declare for the Union and against fanaticism and treason. Both female and negro suffrage is defeated by thousands. The Democrats have gained many members of the Legislature and have carried all the counties along the Pacific railroad, where intelligence has been free to combat treason and fanaticism. The Democrats have heretofore cast only from five to eight thousand votes out of the 30,000 polled; but if they gain next year as they have in the past, they will carry the State. It seems as though the soul of John Brown had ceased "marching on." Loyalty has nearly become "odious" at the fountain. The Sharpe's rifle religion and politics in this State is about "played out."

The elections in Illinois, Michigan and Missouri were for county and local officers, but the returns indicate that the "old Union savers" have gained largely on the popular vote in each State. It is evident to every mind that the Democratic, or people's, plan of reconstruction is fully inaugurated, and that the loyal bummers and their Rump backers will be compelled to surrender to the old Union forces without firing a gun.

Loyalty, shoddy patriotism and mongrelism, the three elements which constituted the Black Republican party, "have gone dead." The first was imported from Mother England; the second is modern philanthropy—furnishing paper soled shoes, muslin pantaloons, rotten beef, etc., to the soldiers; and the third is a cross of a white cravatted Massachusetts Puritan and a South Carolina African slave. This is the whole stock in trade held by Thad. Stevens & Co.

PARDONED.—The President has pardoned William Johnson, of Altoona, tried at Pittsburgh some months since, and convicted of dealing in counterfeit money. The pardon was granted on the petition of prominent Pennsylvanians without regard to party, and on the application of a large number of the county where Johnson resides.

The Loyal Circus.

This mammoth concern, which has been exhibiting throughout the "loyal North" the past season, closed its labors at Boston, on the 5th instant. We understand that the agent, mules, monkeys and clowns, were pretty badly "played out." Hereafter, no exhibition will be held outside of the loyal State of Vermont. The manager, Secretary Stanton, and the two clowns, Sheridan and Sikes, are undergoing a good grooming, and will likely retire before the next season opens; because the enterprise has proved a failure, and nearly bankrupted the proprietors—who, we learn, have made sale of the concern to Rev. Henry Ward Beecher and several New England clergymen of the "grand moral idea" persuasion, who, together with Wendell Phillips, Horace Greeley, Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Miss Lucy Stone, Rev. J. W. Hurlcutt, (of Va.,) Rev. W. G. Brownlow, (of Tenn.,) Fred. Douglass and a lot of other niggers, will, in the future, manage and direct the troupe. The proceeds of the next season will be wholly spent for the benefit and behoof of the Freedmen's Bureau, while the expenses are to be borne equally by the "loyal millions" North and South. Greeley is to be manager next year, while Hurlcutt or Brownlow and Fred. Douglass will act as clowns in the place of Sheridan and Sikes, while the mule performance comes off under the supervision of Mrs. Stanton and Miss Lucy Stone.

Loyal Repudiation.

Thad. Stevens has issued a five column proclamation, favoring repudiation. This is what we have long predicted: That the very men who manufactured and bombarded the people into putting their money in Government bonds, would be the first to repudiate and disinherit their own offspring. The man who has defrauded the Pennsylvania bondholders out of nearly five millions of dollars the past four years, will not hesitate to cheat the United States bondholders out of five hundred millions. It is an historical fact, that those men who, in 1860, followed the loudest for "free speech" and a "free press," were the first and only men to imprison their neighbors for exercising the former, and mobbed and destroyed printing offices for claiming the latter. In like manner will those men who created our "national blessing" be the first to repudiate it, and deliberately cheat the soldier's widow and orphans out of their bounties and pensions: Such is loyalty! It lives, moves, and has its being in fraud, dissimulation and knavery.

A young man, of the name of Blair, his party the "dang-hill party," and Brother Greeley calls it the "Ostrich party." Horace says that the strategy of the Grant bummers reminds him of this strategic bird. When it is alarmed it runs and hides its head, while it lets its hind end stick out, to be kicked and cuffed by every passer by. We are well aware that this dang-hill-ostrich-party has had more aliases than any highwayman that ever infested this country; yet, after robbing their neighbors for seven years, they wish to be considered respectable. Their impudence far out-weighs their patriotism and common sense, because they have invested both in "loyalty" and "greenbacks," which is likely to take wings and fly away, and leave the original bird of prey naked and alone.

BALTIMORE.—To fully comprehend the devilry and hatred for free institutions manifested by the Disunion party during the palmy days of the "late lamented" and his miserable satraps, we need but point to the fact that during their reign they always carried this city by from 10,000 to 15,000 majority. Since the close of the war, and while the ballot box is respected and guarded by law instead of Massachusetts bayonets, the Democrats carry it by 16,000, while the miserable scallywags cannot even raise 5,000 votes. These things demonstrate this fact: That a Lincoln, Schenck, or a Lew Wallace, can perpetrate crimes equal with the half-civilized Mexican, Jaurez, when in power.

OBITUARY.—"The dog's dead." The celebrated female dog, Radical, kennelled and raised in Massachusetts in 1856, and which has been barking over the country ever since, was attacked with the "gripes" on the 2d Tuesday of October, and lingered in agony and pain until the 1st Tuesday in November, when, with her pups, loyalty, shoddy and shin plasters, she wandered across New Jersey into New York, and there encountered a lot of Copperheads, who, for the purpose of relieving the poor animals of their acute suffering, dispatched the whole litter. "The dog's dead."

The official canvass of the vote in Ohio on the constitutional amendment is as follows: Total vote cast, 484,000; for the amendment, 216,987; against the amendment, 255,846; majority against it, 38,353. The remaining 12,276 were blanks, and, of course, also against negro suffrage. This makes the majority against "John Brown's pet lambs" voting in the Buckeye State, 50,629.

Strange Tactics.

A great deal of puffing and blowing has lately been done in the military line, to the effect that the standard and character of the military had lately very much elevated and improved. We were prepared for this; there was plenty of room; but if the following, taken from a loyal source, is true, it would seem as though bummers were running the machine. An exchange says: "It is said that General Sheridan, being assured of the good conduct of General Hays in the future, telegraphed General Grant recommending a disapproval of his removal as sheriff. Mr. Bullitt then declined the appointment, and Hays was restored." If this is true, it is no wonder that plenty of white officers can be found mean enough to command niggers. If officers removed from command, dictate and control appointments in the manner indicated in the above quotation, it is no wonder that half the officers in the Southern dominions are afflicted with the nigger-itch. If Sheridan, while running a circus in New England, can reinstate officers in New Orleans, we should like to hear and learn in what direction the military standard has been elevated. Why pay a District Commander, and thereby deplete the Treasury of its thousands, if a bummer in Boston can do the business? We see the "standard," but to our view it is *down* instead of *up*. What say you, West Pointers?

GROUND AND LOFTY TUMBLING.

The Plymouth Rockers, in the religious and loyal State of Massachusetts, after preaching tototism through legislative enactments and moral suasion for nearly twenty years, on the 5th instant elected a rum Senate and Assembly, numbering more than two thirds. Somebody said, more than eighteen hundred years ago, that there were people in the world who would choke at a goat and yet swallow a camel. We wonder if he had the "Puritan Fathers" in His mind's eye at the time?

SHARE.—A loyal exchange, after producing Geary's Thanksgiving proclamation, says: "The President has also issued a proclamation recommending the same day." This is remarkable from the fact that the President's is one week the oldest.

GEN. GRANT AND THE PRESIDENCY.—The discussion over the political status of Gen. Grant and the paragraph relative to his relations with Congressman Washburn, continues to be generally discussed. Forney reiterates all that he has said about General Grant's politics, and adds in the *Chronicle* that he is authorized to denounce as unapplicable the stories published in the *Chronicle*. Montgomery Blair is understood to be the gentleman who had the interview with General Grant, and made the statement that the latter repudiated the *Chronicle*'s editorial nominating him for the Presidency on the Radical platform. It is regarded as somewhat probable that General Grant will write a letter defining his position, in view of the efforts of certain of his influential friends in that direction.

As a weary traveler was winding his way through the mud in a far-west region of the country, he discovered a young maiden seated in front of the door of a small log house. He rode up in front of the cabin, and asked the girl for a drink of water. He drank it, and she being the first woman he had seen for several days, offered her a dime for a kiss. The young maiden accepted the offer, and received both the kiss and the dime. The traveler was about to resume his journey, but the girl, never before having seen a dime, asked: "What am I to do with the dime?" "You may use it any way you wish," he replied. "It is yours." "If that's the case," said she, "I'll give you back the dime and take another kiss." Innocent creature!

The majority report of the House Judiciary Committee will be against the impeachment of the President. A minority report, favoring impeachment, signed by Messrs. Boutwell, Thomas, Lawrence, and Williams, will be rendered. In short, the committee stand now as it did before the recess. Both reports will be ready to be submitted on the 21st inst., the first day of the session.

Misses Clara and Bell Matteson, daughters of ex-Governor Matteson, of Illinois, were married last week. The former to Mr. Powell, of Chicago, and the latter to a Mr. Harris, of Savannah, Ga. The bridal outfits were imported from Paris. It is reported the ex-Governor has settled \$5,000 per annum on each of his daughters. Nice, indeed.

It is stated that Gen. Butler's committee appointed to investigate the assassination of President Lincoln, has not taken any evidence on the subject, and that none will be taken before the assembling of Congress, consequently they will not be able to report during the present session.

A young Englishman of wealth and culture recently fell in love with a squaw in Omaha, Kansas, and married her. The next day she got drunk and turned somersaults in the street. The young Englishman of wealth and culture, at last accounts, was seeking for a divorce, on the ground of incompatibility of tastes.

The Dayton *Journal* says that there are twenty-four churches and one hundred and fifty drinking saloons in that city. A church was sold for taxes the other day in St. Louis and a cemetery was put up, but found no buyers.

Ben Wade.

HIS RELATIONS WITH A J.—MRS. LINCOLN.—THAD. STEVEN'S CONFISCATION BILL.

"Mack," of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, has been spending a day with Hon. Ben. Wade, and details his conversation with the distinguished Senator, in a two column and a half letter. The following are the concluding paragraphs: PRESIDENT JOHNSON. Mr. Wade related the following about A. J. "Three or four days after the assassination, Johnson sent for me, and I went to see him. He met me very cordially, shaking me with both hands, and said he was exceedingly glad to see me, and that there wasn't a man in Washington whose advice he would as soon have as mine. I told him I was very glad and very proud of that. We sat down, and he said he wanted to hear my views on public questions and public policy. Well, said I, the first thing I've got to say to you is, be warned by the fate of all Vice Presidents who have been in your position. Look at Tyler and Fillmore, and pray to God every night to save you from their fate. Johnson seemed astonished to think that I had any apprehensions of that kind, but I told him he couldn't be too careful, for that he certainly would be tempted as they were. He said I need have no fears; that he meant to stand by the men and the party that elected him. I then went on to advise him what to do. I told him the first thing to do was to order the trial of a few of the leaders of the rebellion, before a military commission, and to hang them when found guilty. He said he would do that very thing, and would commence with Jeff. Davis. He told me to hunt up the law on the question, and I agreed to do it if he would name some one to help me. He named Ben. Butler. Butler and I called on him a day or two after to find out exactly what he wanted, and we had a long talk with him. He told us he meant to hang the leaders of the rebellion right away, as soon as they could be tried and convicted by a military commission. As we went away Ben. Butler said he was delighted with Johnson; that he seemed to be a regular trump. We looked up the law of the case, and in a few days I called on him again. I talked to him about this very question of reconstruction. He said he was very glad that it was a matter with which he had nothing to do; that it belonged to Congress exclusively, and he should let Congress take care of it. We parted, and soon after I went home, with the assurance from him that he would take no step not sanctioned by the leaders of the Republican party. I heard nothing from him until about two months later, when I met John Corvode at a hotel in Cleveland, and learned that the President had been in close communion with Copperheads and rebels, and had said to Corvode that he (Johnson,) could do without the Radicals better than the Radicals could do without him. About a month after I went on to Washington for the winter, and I called at the White House. I found the ante-room full of rebels and Copperheads, and I was soon convinced, from the style in which I was received, that Johnson had found friends and advisers outside of Republican party. I knew then that he had started on the downward track, and made up his mind to betray the party, and the country, too, if he could. I tried my best to keep him in, but it was no go.

Notice.

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BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

Best quality Flour, put up in small sacks, at J. F. BRATER'S.

GRAIN WANTED.

The highest Market price paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats and Buckwheat, by S. R. BARTER.

TEACHER WANTED.

The School Directors of Carleton district wish to employ a MALE TEACHER, to whom liberal wages will be paid. Further information can be obtained by applying in person to the Directors, or by addressing the undersigned. SOLOMON MAURER, Frenchville, Nov. 7, 67.

House and Lots for Sale.

THE subscriber, desiring to change his residence, now offers for sale TWO LOTS, situated on Locust street, in the borough of Clearfield. Upon one of the lots is erected a plank frame DWELLING HOUSE and a STABLE, together with the usual outbuildings. Terms moderate. For further particulars apply on the premises, or address the undersigned, at Clearfield, P. O. 207-21.

School Books.

THE undersigned has been appointed General Agent, by the respective Publishers, for the sale and distribution of the series of SCHOOL BOOKS lately adopted by the Directors' Convention for this county, and kept constantly on hand a full supply, at the introductory prices, and such others as may be wanted, at the lowest rates. HARTSWICK & IRWIN, Clearfield, Nov. 7, 1867.

LATEST STYLES FALL & WINTER.

Just received at the Store of MRS. H. D. WELSH & Co., Dealers in FANCY GOODS, MILLINERY, NOTIONS, TOYS, and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

5th and 6th BONNETS made for \$1.00. 8th and 9th BONNETS made for \$1.25. All kinds of HATS for \$1.00.

Materials furnished on as reasonable terms as they can be had in the county. Terms moderate. Next door to First National Bank, 207-21 CLEARFIELD, PA.

GROCERIES to be had at HEATLEY & BIZLER'S.

Married.

On Sabbath evening, November 10, 1867, by Rev. P. L. HARRISON, Mr. JOHN W. DOREY, of Philadelphia, and Miss SARAH E. BARCLAY, of Clearfield.

On the 24th of October, 1867, by Rev. W. M. HENNINGFIELD, Mr. JOHN PATTERSON, of Jordan township, to Mrs. MARY BRIGHT, of Berwick township.

On the 31st of October, 1867, by Rev. W. M. HENNINGFIELD, Mr. JOSIAH LAMBORN, of Jordan township, to Miss ISABELLA J. SHOFF, of Berwick township.

In Cape Girardeau, Missouri, on the 31st of October, 1867, by Rev. HUGHES, Mr. GEORGE W. CLEPPARD, of that place, to Mrs. SARAH E. ARMAGOST, formerly of Union township, this county.

New Advertisements.

SITUATION WANTED.—The undersigned wishes to hire as a TEAMSTER or LABORER. Those in want of a hand, can address me through the Clearfield Post Office. WM. T. GLENN, Nov. 14, 1867. 27p[2]

STRAYED.—Strayed away from the subscriber, in Chest township, on or about the 10th of October last, a two year old BROWN COLT, with one white foot and a dim star on the forehead. Any person giving information as to its whereabouts, that will lead to its recovery, will be liberally rewarded. LOUIS J. HERB, Newburg, Nov. 13, 1867.

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NOTICE is hereby given that the Commissioners of Clearfield County, Pa., will meet at the following places, on the 19th inst. of each day named, for the purpose of hearing appeals from the triennial assessments: For the township of Goshen, at Shawville school house, on Monday, November 25, 1867. For the township of Girard, at Congress Hall school house, on Tuesday, November 26, 1867. For the township of Covington, at the house of Jacob Maure, on Wednesday, November 27, 1867. For the township of Keokuch, at the house of J. H. Hayes, on Thursday, November 28, 1867. For the township of Morris, at the house formerly occupied by J. P. Nelson, on Friday, November 29, 1867. For the township of Graham, at the house of Jacob Hubler, on Saturday, November 30, 1867. For the township of Bradford, at the house of Jacob Peare, on Monday, December 2, 1867. For the township of Boggs, at the house of Ed. W. Albert, on Tuesday, December 3, 1867. For the township of Ocoosa, at the house of Ed. W. Albert, on Wednesday, December 4, 1867. For the township of Deuster, at Centre school house, on Thursday, December 5, 1867. For the township of Woodward, at the house of Thomas Henderson, on Friday, December 6, 1867. For the township of Dulich, at the school house in Jackson, on Saturday, December 7, 1867. For the township of Berwick, at the house of Daniel Paulhamus, in Glen Hill, on Monday, December 9, 1867. For the township of Knox, at Ames' school house, on Tuesday, December 10, 1867. For the township of Clearfield, at the Commissioners' office, on Tuesday, December 11, 1867. For the township of Union, at the school house in Ansonville, on Wednesday, December 12, 1867. For the township of Ferguson, at the house formerly occupied by John Wray, on Thursday, December 13, 1867. For the township of Chest, at the school house near Simon Rohrbach's, on Friday, December 14, 1867. For the borough of New Washington, at the school house, on Saturday, December 14, 1867. For the township of Burnside, at the election house, on Monday, December 16, 1867. For the township of Bell, at the election house, on Tuesday, December 17, 1867. For the borough of Lumber City, at the public house of James Curry, on Wednesday, December 18, 1867. For the township of Penn, at the house of S. C. Hephurn, on Thursday, December 19, 1867. For the township of Pike, at the house of Leah Bloom, in Carversville, on Friday, December 20, 1867. For the borough of Carversville, at the house of Leah Bloom, on Saturday, December 21, 1867. For the township of Bloom, at the house of Algernon Holden, on Monday, December 23, 1867. For the township of Lanesburg, at the house of S. S. Schlemmer, on Tuesday, December 24, 1867. For the township of Union, at the house of Daniel Brubaker, on Wednesday, December 25, 1867. For the township of Fox, at the house of John I. Bundy, on Thursday, December 26, 1867. For the township of Hutton, at the house of W. Woodward, on Friday, December 27, 1867. For the township of Lanesburg, at the Commissioners' office, on Monday, December 30, 1867. An appeal from the valuations of unimproved lands will be held at the Commissioners' office, on Tuesday, December 31, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and all persons will please attend, as an appeal can be taken after that date. By order of the Board of Commissioners, W. M. S. BRADLEY, Clerk.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

Best quality Flour, put up in small sacks, at J. F. BRATER'S.

GRAIN WANTED.

The highest Market price paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats and Buckwheat, by S. R. BARTER.

TEACHER WANTED.

The School Directors of Carleton district wish to employ a MALE TEACHER, to whom liberal wages will be paid. Further information can be obtained by applying in person to the Directors, or by addressing the undersigned. SOLOMON MAURER, Frenchville, Nov. 7, 67.

House and Lots for Sale.

THE subscriber, desiring to change his residence, now offers for sale TWO LOTS, situated on Locust street, in the borough of Clearfield. Upon one of the lots is erected a plank frame DWELLING HOUSE and a STABLE, together with the usual outbuildings. Terms moderate. For further particulars apply on the premises, or address the undersigned, at Clearfield, P. O. 207-21.

School Books.

THE undersigned has been appointed General Agent, by the respective Publishers, for the sale and distribution of the series of SCHOOL BOOKS lately adopted by the Directors' Convention for this county, and kept constantly on hand a full supply, at the introductory prices, and such others as may be wanted, at the lowest rates. HARTSWICK & IRWIN, Clearfield, Nov. 7, 1867.

LATEST STYLES FALL & WINTER.

Just received at the Store of MRS. H. D. WELSH & Co., Dealers in FANCY GOODS, MILLINERY, NOTIONS, TOYS, and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

5th and 6th BONNETS made for \$1.00. 8th and 9th BONNETS made for \$1.25. All kinds of HATS for \$1.00.

Materials furnished on as reasonable terms as they can be had in the county. Terms moderate. Next door to First National Bank, 207-21 CLEARFIELD, PA.

GROCERIES to be had at HEATLEY & BIZLER'S.</