



GEORGE B. GOOLANDER, Editor. CLEARFIELD, PA. Thursday Morning, Oct. 17, 1867.

The Election and its Lessons.

The Philadelphia Age says that while the public mind is excited over the returns of the elections in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Ohio, Iowa, and Indiana, it is necessary to consider the causes of these results. Sorrowful as it is, yet it cannot be denied, that for the past five years the politics of the passions have subordinated the politics of the reason. We have been going through a revolution all this while—a revolution in which many of the worst features of the French Revolution have been strikingly exhibited. The emotions of the masses have been stimulated by cunningly-devised plans and means, so that efforts to reach their deliberate judgment have been paralyzed. The reason of men has had no opportunity to act upon the exhibitions of power recurring with such frequency in the Legislatures of States, and in the capital of the Federal Government. The war having ended, the wrongs and tyrannies which the war was used to justify, became elements in so-called governmental action. The people were daily becoming accustomed to learn that the power to govern was the government. The Rump Congress at Washington with its seat in the "Senate House" and at the Capitol, was abusing the inherent faith and confidence of the people in a Federal legislature. The Constitution of the United States, under and by virtue of which a Congress meets and legislates, was secretly ignored, while it was invoked as the authority for its own destruction. Usurped powers were grasped by a minority of representatives of the people, and in order to shield themselves from accountability to the people, debate and investigation were denied to those of their associates who were opposed to revolutionary action.

Under the plea of "reconstructing States," every principle of State rights, and the liberty and freedom of the people of States, were destroyed. Under this same plea, an inferior race was made to be the political and social equals of the governing race of this country, notwithstanding the obstacles which the Constitutions of States arrayed against it. Under this plea the powers of the government, created by the organic law, have been almost destroyed, and this so-called Congress has claimed to make laws and execute them, thus usurping the duties and powers of the Federal Executive. These, and other usurpations of political power, as well as plans for revolution in our system of government, were adopted by those who were maintaining the politics of passion—either misleading or deceiving the masses, and thereby holding power and seeking to increase it. For five years past this has been the condition of the country. At last the time arrived when the "policy of Congress" could be examined. Taxation, repudiation, and impeachment, weapons by which Congress was making war on a people they sought first to subjugate and then to rule with a military despotism, excited and earnest and anxious attention of the whole country. The people began to see and understand, that if one State could be made a "military district," and the negro given the right to vote, by a military "order," Legislatures driven from State capitols by negro troops; members of Congress denied admission into the House of the Federal representatives, by a coalition of the members representing a minority of the States and the people of the States; if the President could be driven from the Executive chair; if the Supreme Court of the United States could be managed till it became a political agent of a party made up of representatives of a minority of the people of half the States; then, and thus the people not only saw but felt their government, liberties, rights and freedom were at the mercy of men whose only principle of action was based on the power to rule. The patriots of Connecticut acted on this true revelation of the real policy of the Rump Congress. The gold State followed. Our State has joined in the reaction with Ohio, Iowa, and Indiana. The politics of reason have again their sway. What was called the sober "second thought," or the politics of the judgment, has risen superior to the politics of the passions.

Tuesday, the 8th Inst., was the day which inaugurated this return of reason and pure patriotism. Five States have awakened to the perils the country was about to be placed in by Radical rule. Civil war, a war of races, impeachment, the destruction of credit and industry, were hanging on the issues of the elections of Tuesday. The lessons of these elections teach us that the Radical rule of the Rump Congress is at an end. The people of five States, in an many hours, have, by the ballot, preserved us from an appeal to the bullet. The Radicals have been taught that a Congress to be constitutional must represent the white people of the whole country; that State Constitutions are above and beyond all power but the people of the States themselves; that "impeachment" is a constitutional punishment for crimes, not a political trick to keep power by the minority over

the people; that any reconstruction of the Southern States which is not based on the soundest principle of constitutional government will not be endorsed; and lastly, that the white race on this continent will not permit political power to be divided with the negro. These are some of the lessons of the late elections. We close this review in the firm belief that Providence has thus saved our country from perils which else might have terminated in its destruction.

Representative-Official. The return judges for this Representative district, met in the Court House, in this place, on Tuesday last, and presented the following returns: Counties. McCallough. Welch. Clearfield, ----- 2,739 1,442 Elk, ----- 765 Forest, ----- 313 288 Total, ----- 3,817 1,730 Maj. for McCallough, Dem., 2,087 *No votes polled for Welch in Elk county.

A FAILURE.—The loyal circus that has been exhibiting throughout the country for the past month, seems to have been a profitless affair to the proprietors. The ring-master, Mr. Frank Jordan, we presume, will soon call upon his loyal fellow citizens to assist him to liquidate the bills. The military lions, Sheridan and Sickles, we presume, can be purchased cheap, and we have no doubt but that the reputation of these military celebrities is considerably damaged by their association with the loyal skunks and shoddy patriots.

The glorious victory gained over the World, the Flesh and the Devil, and their confederates, Loyalty, Bards and Thad Stevens & Co., by the Democracy of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, has caused rejoicings from the Gulf to the St. Lawrence, and from Maine to California. One united shout for the Union has gone forth for the first time in seven years, hence a jubilee. Democracy and Union are synonymous, and as necessary for the happiness of our people in the World, as a belief in God and a virtuous life.

A great hub-bub was raised among the bankers in New York and Philadelphia, on Friday last, by the discovery of a large amount of counterfeit United States 7-30 bonds—over three hundred thousand dollars. The national robbers pronounced them counterfeit, but business men declare that they are duplicates issued by the Treasury agents and their confederates, which is the most probable. We have no doubt but that there will be millions more after a while.

"OLD BENNETT."—Somebody has been foolish enough to write to Ben. Butler, soliciting him to become a candidate for the Presidency. The "beast" withhold the name of the interrogator, but issues a flaming assent. If the late "honest" "lamented" plundered the White House of everything, what will be left of it if the Dutch Gap Canaler unfortunately gets into it.

PECULIAR CONDUCT.—For a Democrat to tell you that he had not time to go to the election on Tuesday last, and then loaf about town the half of the next day, "looks fishy." All we have to say, is, that he should be drafted, put into a nigger regiment, and sent to the rocky mountains, this winter, to fight the Indians. He might, by next fall, be able to get to the polls.

The renowned Gen. Tom Thumb and his associates, consisting of Mrs. Thumb, Commodore Nutt and pretty little Minnie Warren, appeared at the Assembly Buildings, in Philadelphia, on Monday evening last, for a short season. Those fond of seeing "big-little" folks will of course repair to the Assembly Buildings, when in the city.

We wonder how soon Gen. Sheridan and Gen. Sickles will exhibit in Philadelphia again? Will some of our loyal friends inform us? We might go all the way down there to see them perform for their loyal league masters.

It is reported that when the shoddy patriots get fairly located on the banks of Salt River, that intend to issue and make Loyal League shin plasters a legal tender, and that Judge Williams will fully establish their legality.

The man who refused to go to the election on the 8th inst. and vote the Democratic ticket, cares but little for his personal rights, and less still for the liberties of his country. He is evidently more necessary than patriotic.

It will be noticed by the returns from Forest county, that our neighbors now poll over 600 votes, since the annexation of a portion of Venango county—quite respectable; besides the Cops carry the county. Nicholas Vandevinder, who, a few weeks ago, was put on trial in Indiana county, for the murder of John B. Bowers, on the 1st of July last, has been acquitted. Our loyal friends, like poor old Job, refuse to be comforted. We hope the Lord will take a "flogging" to them, too.

Official Vote of Clearfield County, at the General Election held October 8, 1867.

Table with columns: Gov. 1866, S. Judge, Assembly, Sheriff, Treasurer, Dist. Atty, Co. Com'r, Jury Com., Auditor, Coroner. Rows list districts: Beccaria, Bell, Burnside, Bloom, Boggs, Bradford, Brady, Clearfield, Crowsville, Chest, Covington, Decatur, Fox, Ferguson, Graham, Goshen, Girard, Gulish, Huston, Jordan, Knox, Karthaus, Lumber City, Lawrence, Morris, N. Washington, Osceola, Penn, Pike, Union, Woodward, Total, Maj.

State Election Returns for 1866 and 1867.

We reproduce the official returns of the elections held in this State for Governor in 1866, and the majorities for Supreme Judge in 1867, which is always interesting in making comparisons:

Table with columns: GOV. 1866, SUP. J., 1867. Rows list counties: Adams, Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Bradford, Bucks, Butler, Cambria, Cameron, Carbon, Centre, Chester, Clinton, Clearfield, Columbia, Crawford, Cumberland, Dauphin, Delaware, Donegal, Erie, Fayette, Franklin, Fulton, Forest, Greene, Hunting, Indiana, Jefferson, Juniata, Lawrence, Lebanon, Lehigh, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Mercer, Mifflin, Monroe, Montgomery, Northampton, Northumberland, Perry, Philadelphia, Pike, Potter, Schuylkill, Snyder, Somerset, Sullivan, Susquehanna, Taylor, Tioga, Union, Venango, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Westmore, Wyoming, York. Total: 290,696,307,274. Majorities: 17,178.

It will be noticed that we only publish the majorities for Supreme Judge at this time. We will give the full official vote in our next issue. The majority for Judge Sharswood will be between seven and eight hundred. This may be considered close work, but consider it better than 20,000, because it will compel every man to be at his post next fall, when we will make it 50,000.

There is not a Mongrol newspaper in the country which is not barking and howling at the President for "opposing the will of the people." They make no charge that he is opposing the Constitution, but the "will of the people" meaning the passions and hatred of the Mongrol party, is the substitute for Constitution and law. Well, the "will of the people" has undergone a very great change in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Connecticut, California, and even in Maine, and if the change keeps going on, it will not be more than a year or so, before the "will of the people" gets back on the grounds of the old Constitution, and then these rascals will hate the "will of the people" as much as they now hate the Constitution.

RAWNOLD BURNES.—On last Wednesday the sawmill of Messrs. Shaffer, Sick & Haines, on Cherry Run, Big-creek township, and about 30,000 feet of boards and other stuff, was entirely consumed by fire. A lot of slabs had been set fire, and the wind conveyed the fire to the mill. The proprietors endeavored to check the flames but were unsuccessful. Loss about \$2,000. —Brookville Republican.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.—A small farm with a good house, situated on the Clearfield and Lawrence roads, near the town of Lawrence, Clearfield county, Pa. Apply to J. K. SMITH, Lawrence, Pa.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership existing between E. K. SMITH and J. K. SMITH, in the business of a grocery store, situated on the Clearfield and Lawrence roads, near the town of Lawrence, Clearfield county, Pa., has been dissolved, and the business of said store, since the date of dissolution, shall be conducted by J. K. SMITH, who is authorized to receive and pay all debts due to and by said store, and to sign all bills and receipts in relation thereto. Dated this 10th day of October, 1867. E. K. SMITH, J. K. SMITH.

POCKET BOOK LIST.—List of names of subscribers to the "Pocket Book" for 1867, including names like J. K. SMITH, E. K. SMITH, etc.

TO TEACHERS.—The School Directors of the Clearfield County School District, have the honor to inform you that the annual meeting of the Board of Directors will be held on the 15th day of October, 1867, at the school house in Lawrence, Pa. By order of the Board, J. K. SMITH, Secretary.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—A valuable farm, situated on the Clearfield and Lawrence roads, near the town of Lawrence, Clearfield county, Pa. Apply to J. K. SMITH, Lawrence, Pa.

Containing 309 Acres.—A tract of land, containing 309 acres, situated on the Clearfield and Lawrence roads, near the town of Lawrence, Clearfield county, Pa. Apply to J. K. SMITH, Lawrence, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE COUNTY, PA. G. H. ZEIGLER & CO., Foreign & Domestic Hardware, WOOD, WILLOW, & TIN WARE, Stoves, Oils, Paints, Glass, &c., &c.

THE ATTENTION OF MECHANICS, BUILDERS, FARMERS, LUMBERMEN, and BAYERS generally, is invited to the fact that we are offering a better assortment of goods in our line than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times.

IRON, NAILS, STEEL, SPIKES, MINING SUPPLIES, SADDLERY, HORSE CHAINS, GRINDSTONES, CIRCULAR MILLS, and Cross Cut Saws.

ENAMELED, FINISHED & PLAIN HOLLOW WARE, CABLE CHAINS, Lard, Linseed, Coal, Lubricating and Fish Oils, TURPENTINE, KEROSENE, VARNISHES, COAL OIL LAMPS and LANTERNS.

As an excellent assortment of Fine Cutlery, including KNIVES, FORKS, SCISSORS, TABLESPOONS, RAZORS, &c.

BRITANNIA & SILVER PLATED WARE. TIN WARE IN GREAT VARIETY and BEST MANUFACTURE.

Household, Horticultural, Farming and Milling Implements of the latest and most improved patterns.

Blacksmiths can be supplied with Axes, Hoes, Vines, Axes, Sledges, Hammer, Hoes and Male Shoes, Horse Ralls, and all kinds of Iron and Steel.

Carpeters and Builders will find in our establishment a superior stock of Floor, Wall, Paper, Borders, single, double and triple, and all kinds of Paper, and all kinds of Paper, and all kinds of Paper.

Particular attention is invited to our stock of Stoves, comprising Stoves of all sizes, also, the Superior Cook, Parlor, Office, Dressing, Bath, Bed, and Common Egg Stoves, &c.

All of the above goods will be sold cheap for cash. G. H. ZEIGLER & CO., Philsburg, Oct. 15, 1867.

Cheap Coal.—THE subscriber has on hand a large quantity of excellent COAL, which he will deliver to customers, if desired, at the lowest price, at reasonable rates. There is no better coal mined in this county. [Signatures]

Horses for Hire.—THE subscriber has on hand a large quantity of excellent COAL, which he will deliver to customers, if desired, at the lowest price, at reasonable rates. There is no better coal mined in this county. [Signatures]

Auction Sale!—THE subscriber has on hand a large quantity of excellent COAL, which he will deliver to customers, if desired, at the lowest price, at reasonable rates. There is no better coal mined in this county. [Signatures]

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes.—THE subscriber has on hand a large quantity of excellent COAL, which he will deliver to customers, if desired, at the lowest price, at reasonable rates. There is no better coal mined in this county. [Signatures]

PRINTING.—THE subscriber has on hand a large quantity of excellent COAL, which he will deliver to customers, if desired, at the lowest price, at reasonable rates. There is no better coal mined in this county. [Signatures]

Hotel for Rent.—THE subscriber has on hand a large quantity of excellent COAL, which he will deliver to customers, if desired, at the lowest price, at reasonable rates. There is no better coal mined in this county. [Signatures]