THE REPUBLICAN.

THURSDAY.....August 22, 1867.

To CORRESPONDENTS. — "Amicus," will please send us his real name and P. O. address; "Volney," do.; "Subscriber," do.

We invite the attention of those seeking relief through the humane and just system of Bankruptcy, to a notice in our advertising columns.

The Commissioners of Forest county are going to build a Court House at Tionesta, the new county seat; and will receive proposals until the 10th of September next.

A CHANGE.—We notice by the last Elk *Advocate*, that our old "Devil," Mr. J. F. Moore, has withdrawn from the concern as publisher, and that our young friend, Mr. C. W. Barrett, is now running the "machine." Go your best "licks," Curt.

READ IT.—On our first page will be found a letter on the subject of reconstruction, from ex-Gov. Perry, of South Carolina. Do not fail to read it. No man living comprehends his country's evils more fully than this experienced statesman.

We have received several communications lately inquiring, "what has become of the committees and the funds raised for the erection of a monument to Major Larrimer?" Not having been a member of the committee, nor handled any of the funds, we cannot furnish our correspondents with the information they seek.

The editor of the Clarion *Democrat* assigns as one reason why the Carrier Seminary should be erected at that place, that "it is a healthy and moral place." The morals must be in the possession of the late candidate and Congressional conferees from that county, if we are to believe loyal affidavits.

THE STATE ROBBERS.—We call the attention of our readers to an article in this issue, taken from the Reading *Gazette*, exposing the "loyal" method adopted by Geary & Co. of robbing the tax payers of the several counties, for the purpose of keeping up the State Treasury, and loyal shoddyites in particular.

A NEW DODGE IN HORSE-THIEVING. A new system of tactics in stealing horses has been detected. A man goes at night to a pasture in which horses are kept, and lets down the bars or opens the gate. Of course the horses wander out and away. They are sort of picked up at convenient distances by the parties in the "ring," and kept in out-of-the-way places until they are given up as lost, and all excitement has died away. Then they are either sold to horse-dealers, or else taken to distant places and sold.

QUACK HUMBUGS.—We notice that Dr. Jackson, one of the "celebrated physicians" whose sands of life have not quite "run out," has discovered, not a cure for the ills of life, but that the people of Clearfield county have still a few stamps left, which he wishes to possess for his own private use. We observe by his handbills that he intends making a raid upon us during this and next week, to learn how many fools are still alive in this county whom he can plunder for the third or fourth time. This man Jackson is the left bower to the celebrated uriscopian individual who eloped from this vicinity a short time ago. These public plunderers, we are aware, cannot be indicted for highway robbery; but when they make a raid through a neighborhood, they accomplish just what a highwayman does: take your money without an equivalent. If they were good physicians they need not adopt the circus plan of practicing their profession, because they could get employment at their homes. These humbugs are annually as expensive to our people as the horse thieves; and as long as *wise* people patronize them, they will infest and plunder the community.

SNAKISH.—On Wednesday, Aug. 7th, Henry Yale, of Hellen, in this county, while out on Boon's mountain after huckleberries with two small brothers, came upon a den of rattlesnakes and found themselves surrounded by them. The boys were on a rock. Before they could get away they killed fifty-seven snakes and piled them on the rock. All the snakes were females, containing from eight to twelve young snakes inside, making a loss of snakes of from five to six hundred. The boys say they killed about half thesnakes. The balance took refuge under the rocks.—*Elk Advocate.*

Last week a party of men who were estimating the quantity of timber on a tract of land in the Alleghany mountains, killed thirty-five rattlesnakes, of large size, within two days. In one place sixteen were killed together.

This species of snake seems to be gregarious. Some time ago a party of surveyors, among whom were W. P. Mitchell and D. Rockafeller, killed twenty-five in one place. We formerly regarded these as mere "snake" stories, but are now convinced of their truth.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

M. Rouher in debate accused the French Government as "guilty of inveracity." The phrase is not patented; our Congressmen use it.

Lena Miller's Case.

The Counsel for the defence in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Mrs. Miller, at June term, took an appeal to the Supreme Court. The case came up before that body on the 9th inst., when the following opinion was rendered by Justice Thompson:

"The application for a writ of error in this case made under the provisions of the criminal procedure act of 1860, is founded and rests mainly on an exception taken to one point in the charge of the learned President of the Court. It is true, there are one or two other reasons assigned of less apparent consequence. For instance, that the docket entries in the case do not show that a bill of indictment was returned to court by a grand jury. If, according to the utmost strictness, this was objectionable, it is merely formal and technical, and was waived by pleading and going to trial without objection. Sec. 53 of act of 1860. It was not objectionable, however, for the indictment and the return of "true bill," signed by the foreman, is part of the record in the case, and proves the finding and return by the grand jury.

"That the Court heard objections to the testimony of the witness, who proposed to swear to confessions by the prisoner in the presence of the jury, and also counter testimony to exclude it, was not made the subject of an exception, and we do not know whether it was likely to effect the prisoner injuriously or not, for we do not know what was said or done on the occasion. We cannot, therefore, say or presume there was error. Indeed, I see not how a Court could do otherwise than was done in this case, viz: to hear and determine objections as they rose in the presence of the jury. The discretion of a Court is to be presumed sufficient protection to the prisoner in matters pertaining to the mode of conducting the trial. We have no reason or ground to fear that it was not so in this case, or to apprehend a wrong done to the prisoner.

"We see no inadequacy in the charge to the requirements of the case. It was full, cautious, and well considered, and not a word appears in it of which the prisoner, in view of the testimony, could justly complain. That portion of it embraced in the exception is as follows, and is to be found near the end of the charge, thus: 'If, then, after a careful examination and comparison of all the evidence in the case, you are convinced and believe, first, that the deceased came to his death by poison, and secondly, that the poison was voluntarily and criminally administered by the prisoner, it is your duty to render a verdict of murder in the first degree.' The statute expressly declares that the voluntary killing by such means shall be deemed murder in the first degree. Was it not, therefore, the duty of the jury so to find if the facts established a wilful and criminal administration of the poison, and that it produced death? No one will doubt this, nor consistently doubt the right of the Court to *advise* them so to find.

"The objection, however, is not to the accuracy of the instruction, but to its character, because it was thought to be a binding instruction on a matter solely within the province of the jury to find, to wit: the degree. By reference to the charge, it appears that the learned Judge, almost in the outset, distinctly told the jury that they were constitutionally the judges, both of the law and the facts, and that his duty consisted solely in advising them as to what the law in such a case was, and he proceeded to state the degrees of murder as defined in the statute, and what constituted murder in the first and second degree. The instruction was, in my opinion, only advisory, its form being considered, and most certainly so, by reference to this surrender of the law to the judgment of the jury as well as the facts. My brother Agnew, to whom I submitted the point, agrees with me fully herein. The case of Rhodes vs. the Commonwealth, 12 W., 396, is not in point in this case. There the indictment was not in form at common law. It was under the statute, and did not allege the means by which the murder was perpetrated. The Court, seeming to be of opinion that the killing, if done by the prisoner, must have been in the perpetration of the crime of robbery, charged the jury, that if they believed the prisoner guilty of the murder, they *must* find him guilty of murder in the *first* degree. This was clearly a binding instruction, and we reversed the judgment. It was a very different instruction, from that given in this case. Indeed, in this case, the Judge has scrupulously followed what we said; in that, to be the duty of a judge in such trials, viz., 'to advise the jury of the distinction between the degrees of murder; to apply the evidence, and to instruct them to which of the degrees it pointed.' The entire propriety of the charge in the particular referred to will strike the mind still more readily when it is remembered that the indictment charged a wilful, malicious and felonious murder by poison, and there was not a syllable of evidence to show that if the prisoner administered the poison, it was not designed to result in the death of her husband, as it did. Not a word was uttered by any witness to found a hypothesis for a verdict of murder in the second degree.

"The act of the 31st of March, 1860, requires cause to be shown before the Court, or a judge is authorized to allow a writ of error. There must be grounds of possible error committed by the Court in the trial or in the record shown. If anything had been shown in this case to raise a doubt of the accuracy of the trial—of the correctness of Judicial action in it, I would certainly allow the writ of error—but I cannot doubt even. Cause not having been shown, I am therefore obliged, in obedience to the statute, to refuse the *allocatur* prayed for. *Allocatur* refused.

This decision settles the case so far as the Judiciary is concerned, and it now becomes the duty of the Executive to fix the day of execution. What time the Governor will consume in considering the case, or whether a pardon will be applied for, we cannot now tell.

IMPEDIMENTS.—Gen. Sheridan styles parties whom he wishes to remove "impediments." The term seems to have taken the fancy of the ruling race at the South, the —— not plain, and we hear that these parties in Tennessee have now determined to remove from the State "all impediments." This being the case, will some kind friend suggest a nice location for a (they will pardon our using such a word) white Liberia?

NEW COUNTERFEIT.—A new counterfeit $20 bill on the Fourth National Bank of Philadelphia has been put in circulation. The note can easily be detected, as the engraving is very roughly executed, and the entire note presents a pale appearance. Still we advise our readers to closely inspect all bills of that denomination on this bank before taking them.

PROHIBITION IN MICHIGAN.—The Radicals of Michigan, in Convention, have incorporated in their State Constitution a prohibitory clause against the sale of liquors in the State, including lager beer, wines, &c, and refusing separate submission to the people by twelve majority. Loyalty is evidently on a swell in this state

All those too lazy or too proud to work for their living, are in favor of Ben Wade for the Presidency, as he is in favor of taking the property from the industrious and dividing it with those who have none. Horace Greeley says any number of such statesmen can be found in the State Prison at Sing Sing.

Maximilian's saddle, valued at more than one thousand dollars in gold, has been presented by Gen. Trevers, of the Mexican army, to Mr. C. H. Shelley, of the Metropolitan Hotel, Washington. The saddle is ornamented and inlaid with silver and gold.

The Newburgh *Journal* notices a birth that took place on the cars, and heads it: "Born at thirty-nine miles an hour." Another cotemporary says, "If that youth isn't fast, it won't be because he hadn't a good start."

Fancy Goods—one half of the rosy cheeks you meet with. Some, indeed, carry their fancy a shade too deep.

Representative Convention.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the previous Conference, the Democratic delegates from the counties of Clearfield, Elk and Forest, comprising the Twenty-third Representative district of Pennsylvania, assembled at St. Mary's, on the 15th instant, at two o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Assembly.

On being called to order, on motion of Hon. George Dickinson, B. D. Hall, Esq., was elected President, and Herman Kretz, Secretary.

The counties being called, the following named delegates presented their credentials, viz:

Clearfield—B. D. Hall, H. Woodward and Aaron C. Tate.

Elk—George Dickinson, Joseph S. Hyde and Herman Kretz.

Forest—Daniel Black, John Siggins and Dr. Weyman.

The nomination of candidates being in order, Mr. Tate nominated Thomas J. M'Cullough, of Clearfield; Mr. Black nominated Isaac C. Siggins, of Forest; Mr. Kretz nominated John D. Hunt, of Forest.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot; when five ballots were had, as follows:

FIRST BALLOT.		THIRD BALLOT.	
M'Cullough	3	M'Cullough	4
Siggins	3	Siggins	3
Hunt	3	Hunt	2
SECOND BALLOT.		FOURTH BALLOT.	
M'Cullough	3	M'Cullough	3
Siggins	3	Siggins	4
Hunt	3	Hunt	2
FIFTH BALLOT.			
M'Cullough	6	Siggins	3

On motion of Hon. George Dickinson, the nomination was then made unanimous.

On motion of Mr. Kretz, a committee was appointed to wait upon Mr. M'Cullough, and inform him of his nomination.

Mr. M'Cullough appeared before the Convention, and, in a few appropriate remarks, thanked the Convention for the honor conferred upon him.

On motion of Hon. George Dickinson, the Convention was adjourned, to meet at Ridgway, Elk county, on the 15th day of August, 1868.

On motion of Mr. Hyde, the proceedings were ordered to be published in all the Democratic papers in the district.

B. D. HALL, President.
H. KRETZ, Sec'y.

A beautiful Jewess, just married in New York, wore ear rings valued at $50,000. She was indeed precious in her husband's eyes.

Markets.

Clearfield Markets.

Reported weekly for the CLEARFIELD REPUBLICAN by J. P. KRATZER, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, &c., Market st., Clearfield.

CLEARFIELD, August 22, 1867.

Apples, green	$0 00	Hogs, dressed	00
Dried, ℔ lb	12½	Hides, green	7
Apple butter, ℔ gal	1 00	Hams, sugar cured	25
Butter	30	Shoulders	15
Beans	$2 00@ 4 00	Sides	15
Buckwheat	0 00	Lard	20
Buckwheat flour ℔	0	Mess pork, ℔ bbl	30 00
Beef, dried	20	Oats	75
Beef, fresh	12@ 15	Onions	1 50
Boards, M	15 00@ 20 00	Potatoes	0 00
Corn, shelled	1 50	Peaches, dried, ℔	20
Corn, ear	75	Plaster, ℔ bbl	4 50
Corn meal, ℔ sack	1 75	Rye	1 50
Chop, ℔ cwt	3 25	Rags, ℔ ℔	3
Cloverseed	00 00	Salt, ℔ sack	3 50
Cheese	00	Shingles, 18 in., M	5 00
Cherries, ℔	00	Shingles, 26 in	12 00
Chickens, drsd, ℔	20	Timothy seed	0 00
Eggs	25	Tallow	15
Flaxseed	2 00	Wheat	3 00
Flour	12 00@ 13 00	Wool	40
Hay	10 00@ 12 00	Wood, ℔ cord	4 00

Pittsburg Markets.

PITTSBURG, August 19, 1867.

FLOUR.			
Dayton Snow Flake, White Winter			$11 50
Grant's O. K. Kentucky, White Winter			11 75
Jenkins' Lilly Mills			11 50
Choice Brands Spring Wheat			11 25@ 11 50
Rye flour, ℔ bbl	8 50	Candles	14
Corn meal, ℔ bus	1 10	No. 3 Mackerel, ℔ barrel	16 50
Buckwheat flour, ℔ hundred	0 00	Lard, choice	12½@ 13½
Wheat, new	0 00@ 2 15	Tallow	10½
Rye	0 00@ 1 25	BACON.	
Oats	55@ 65	Sides	00@ 14½
Corn, shelled	$1@ 1 10	Shoulders	12½@ 12½
Potatoes, c., new, ℔ barrel	0 00@ 2 00	Hams, s. c.	21@ 22
Onions, ℔ barrel	3 00	Mess Pork	24 00
Timothy seed	0 00@ 3 00	Brooms	2 50@ 3 25
Clover seed	9 00	Refined Oil	48
Flax seed	2 00	Coffee	23@ 27
Middlings	0 00@ 2 00	SUGARS.	
Beans, navy	3 00	Brown	11½@ 14
Butter, roll	00@ 20	Refined, hard	18
Cheese	00@ 18½	A coffee	17
Eggs	00@ 16	TEAS.	
Apples, ℔ bu	3 50@ 5 50	Black	75@ 1 20
Dried apples, prime	7	Green	90@ 1 65
Dried peaches	10@ 12	Syrups	75@ 1 00
Salt, ℔ barrel	2 50	Molasses	75@ 85
		Rice	9½@ 11
FLOUR		PROVISIONS.	

T. C. JENKINS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WHOLESALE DEALER & RECEIVER OF
FLOUR, PROVISIONS, AND ALL KINDS OF REFINED OILS.
Cheapest Flour House in Pittsburgh.
On hand, reliable and well known brands. Quality of Flour guaranteed. Inducements to dealers and Prices Current sent every week.
CHECKERED FRONT, 273 LIBERTY STREET,
jan24-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

Philadelphia Grocery Market.

PHILADELPHIA, August 19, 1867.

Teas are in good demand and unchanged. Syrups are meeting with increased sales at an advance of 5@7c. per gallon, with indications of further advance on the higher grades, which are scarce and wanted; the manufacturers of such goods being mostly sold ahead. Sugars are firm at the decline, and the market is quite active for raw, though refined are not so much in demand on the moment; no further decline of importance is looked for, as we are near the opening of Fall trade; Cuba and Porto Rico 12½@14 for grocery grades; Steam Refined Yellows 10¾@11¼. Rio Coffee is in active demand at an advance of ¼c. per pound, gold, for cargoes; choice continues scarce, Molasses quiet, except for choice, which is higher and in demand. Rice inactive. Gold 1.41½.

TEAS.		COFFEES.	
Young Hyson—		Rio, common	22½@ 23½
Superior	$ 85@1 15	Good	24 @ 24½
Fine	1 25@1 45	Prime	25 @ 25½
Finest	1 55@1 75	Choice	26 @ 27
Hyson—		Java, old gov.	36 @ 37½
Superior	1 05@1 25	Laguara	26 @ 26½
Fine	1 30@1 50	W. A. Cumana	18
Finest	1 55@1 65	Dandelion pa	17
Imperial—		SUGARS.	
Superior	1 15@1 30	Crushed	00 @ 17
Fine	1 40@1 65	Coarse pulv'd	00 @ 17
Finest	1 70@1 80	Fine do	00 @ 17
Gunpowder—		A	00 @ 16
Superior	1 25@1 40	B	00 @ 15½
Fine	1 55@1 70	Extra C	00 @ 15½
Finest	1 75@2 00	C & yellow	12½@ 15
Black—		SYRUPS.	
Superior	85@ 88	Common	45@ 50
Fine	1 00@1 15	Fair	58@ 62
Finest	1 20@1 40	Good	67@ 70
Japan—		Prime	75@ 80
Superior	95@1 15	Choice	85@ 93
Fine	1 20@1 25	Choice extra	95@1 05
Finest	1 25@1 35	MOLASSES.	
RICE.		N. O., choice	1 05@1 10
Carolina	11½@ 13	Porto Rico	67@ 80
East India	9½@ 10½	Cuba	55@ 67

Clement R. Wainwright. Israel R. Wainwright. Joseph R. Wainwright.
WAINWRIGHT & Co.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS AND TEA DEALERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
april PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Banks.

DREXEL & CO.,
No. 34 South Third Street, Philadelphia,
BANKERS,
And Dealers in Government Securities.
Application by mail will receive prompt attention, and all information cheerfully furnished. Orders solicited. apr11-tf

C. R. Foster. Edward Perks. J. D. M'Girk
Banking & Collection House
OF
FOSTER, PERKS & Co.,
Successors to Foster, Perks, Wright & Co.,
Philipsburg, Centre co., Pa.
WHERE all the business of a Banking House will be transacted promptly and upon the most favorable terms. mar7-tf

County National Bank.
CLEARFIELD, PA.
THIS Bank is now open and ready for business. Office on Second street, in the building formerly occupied by Leonard, Finney & Co.
DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.
JAS. B. GRAHAM, RICHARD SHAW,
WM. A. WALLACE, WM. PORTER,
A. K. WRIGHT, GEO. L. REED,
D. W. MOORE, JAS. T. LEONARD,
jn28,'66] Cashier. President.

Clearfield County Bank.
THE Clearfield County Bank as an incorporated institution has gone out of existence by the surrender of its charter, on May 12, 1865. All its stock is owned by the subscribers, who will continue the Banking business at the same place, as private Bankers, under the firm name of the "Clearfield County Bank." We are responsible for the debts of the Bank, and will pay its notes on demand at the counter. Deposits received and interest paid when money is left for a fixed time. Paper discounted at six per cent. as heretofore. Our personal responsibility is pledged for all Deposits received and business transacted. A continuance of the liberal patronage of the business men of the county is respectfully solicited. As President, Cashier and officers of the late Clearfield County Bank, we require the notes of said Bank to be presented for redemption.
JAS. T. LEONARD, RICHARD SHAW,
WM. PORTER, JAS. B. GRAHAM,
A. K. WRIGHT, G. L. REED,
WM. A. WALLACE.
The business of the Bank will be conducted by John M. Adams, Esq., as Cashier. [jun28,'65

Hardware, Tinware, Etc.

NEW HARDWARE STORE
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
G. H. ZEIGLER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Hadwae, Wood, Willow and Tin Ware, Stoves, Oils, Paints, Glass, &c., &c.
THE attention of Mechanics, Builders, Farmers, Lumbermen, and Buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are offering a better assortment of goods in our line than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at
Prices to Suit the Times.
Our stock comprises a general assortment of Tools and Materials used by Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Carriage and Wagon Makers, &c., with a large stock of
IRON, NAILS, STEEL, SPIKES, MINING SUPPLIES, SADDLERY, ROPE, CHAINS, GRINDSTONES, CIRCULAR, MILL & CROSS-CUT SAWS,
ENAMELED, FINISHED & PLAIN HOLLOW WARE, CABLE CHAINS,
Lard, Linseed, Col, Lub rcating and Fish Oils,
TURPENTINE,
BENZINE, VARNISHES,
COAL OIL LAMPS AND LANTERNS.
An excellent assortment of Fine Cutlery, comprising
KNIVES, DESERT, TEA & TABLESPOONS, FORKS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &c.
BRITANNIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.
TIN WARE IN GREAT VARIETY AND BEST MANUFACTURE.
Household, Horticultural, Farming and Rafting Implements of the latest and most improved patents.
Blacksmiths can be supplied with Anvils, Bellows, Vices, Sledges, Hammers, Horse and Mule Shoes, Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron and Steel.
Carpenters and Builders will find in our establishment a superior stock of Planes, Saws, Augers, Hatchets, single, double-bit and peeling Axes, Hammers, Chisels, Files, Hinges, Screws, Bolts, Locks, Pulleys, Sash, Cord, &c., &c., &c.
Farmers and Raftmen will find everything in their line, and cheaper than can be had elsewhere.
☞ Particular attention is invited to our stock of Stoves, comprising Spear's celebrated Anti-Dust, Cook and Parlor Stoves of all sizes. Also, the Niagara Cook, Parlor Cook, Brilliant, Dawn, Dew Drop, Arctic, and Common Egg Pocket, &c.
All of the above goods will be sold cheap for cash.
G. H. ZEIGLER & Co.
Philipsburg, Oct. 10, 1866-1y

Meat Market.
THE undersigned would take this method of informing the citizens of Clearfield and the surrounding vicinity, that they have opened up a MEAT MARKET, in the basement of the Clearfield House, where they will be found with a supply every
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
Farmers and jobbers in the surrounding country will be supplied with Meats to order. A liberal share of public patronage solicited.
D. R. FULLERTON,
aug1,'67 M. G. BROWN.

GENT'S French Calf Boots, (warranted,) for $6.50, at H. W. SMITH'S.

Drug Stores.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.
JOHN F. ROTE . . . . A. L. SHAW.
ROTE & SHAW,
DRUGGISTS,
(Second street, opposite the Court House,)
CLEARFIELD, Penn'a.
THE subscribers having entered into partnership in the Drug business, and purchased the entire interest of Mr. C. D. Watson, would respectfully inform the citizens of Clearfield county, that they are now prepared to furnish—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
Dye Stuffs, Tobacco, Cigars, Confectioneries, Stationery, &c.
PHYSICIANS
Will find our stock of Drugs FULL and COMPLETE, and at a very slight advance on Eastern prices.
SCHOOL BOOKS.
Teachers and others will be furnished with classical and miscellaneous books by express, at short notice.
STATIONERY,
Consisting of Cap, Flat Cap, Foolscap, Letter and Perfumed Note Papers; also, a very neat stock of Mourning Note Paper and Envelopes on hand. Pens, Pencils, Ink, &c.
HOUSEKEEPERS
Will find a full stock of PURE SPICES, SODA, SODA ASH, Concentrated LYE, SOAP, &c.
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
Are requested to examine our stock of Perfumery, Hair Oils, Fine Toilet Soaps, Brushes, Combs, Toilet Suits, &c., &c.
SMOKERS AND CHEWERS
Will find a full supply of prime Chewing and Smoking TOBACCO, Imported and Domestic CIGARS, Snuff, Fine-Cut, &c., &c.
CARBON OIL,
Of the best brands, always on hand.
LIQUORS.
The best quality of Liquors always on hand, for medical purposes.
☞ Physicians' Prescriptions promptly and carefully compounded.
Aug. 1, 1867. ROTE & SHAW.

A NEW FIRM.
HARTSWICK & IRWIN,
Druggists, Clearfield, Pa.
HAVING refitted and removed to the room lately occupied by Richard Mossop, now offer, low for cash, a well selected assortment of
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.
Also, Patent Medicines of all kinds, Oils, Gla Putty, Dye Stuffs, Stationery,
TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
Confectionery, Spices, and the largest stock of varieties ever offered in this place, and warranted to be of the best the Market affords.
J. G. HARTSWICK,
Dec. 13, 1865. JOHN IRWIN.

DRUGS! DRUGS! DRUGS!
JOSEPH R. IRWIN,
On Main St., one door west of Ripple & Faust's Store,
CURWENSVILLE, PA.,
Has now on hand a large assortment of
Drugs, Medicines, Oils, Paints, Dye-Stuffs, Patent Medicines,
Trusses, Shoulder-Braces, Elastic Stockings and Supporters, Glass, Putty,
Perfumery, Toilet Goods, Confectioneries, Spices Canned Fruit, Tobacco, Cigars, Books, Stationery, Pencils, Pens, Ink, and a general variety of Notions.
His stock embraces all articles needed in a community, is entirely new, and of the best quality, and will be sold at reasonable prices.
Call and examine the goods; they cannot fail to please. dec5-tf

The Best in the Market!
WHITE LEAD,
In one to twenty pound packages.
WASHINGTON MEDAL WHITE ZINC
Ground in Oil.
A large assortment of
COLORED PAINTS IN OIL AND DRY, LINSEED OIL, TURPENTINE.
VARNISH OF THE BEST QUALITIES,
And a fine assortment of
VARNISH AND PAINT BRUSHES.
Just received and for sale by
HARTSWICK & IRWIN,
May 16, 1867. Clearfield, Pa.

Down! Down!!
THE LAST ARRIVAL
AND OF COURSE THE CHEAPEST!
A Proclamation against High Prices!
WE are now opening up a lot of the best and most reasonable Goods and Wares ever offered in this market, and at prices that rendered one of the good old days of cheap things. Those who lack faith upon this point, or deem our allegations superfluous, need but
CALL AT OUR STORE,
Corner Front and Market streets,
Where they can see, feel, hear and know for themselves. To fully understand what are cheap goods, this must be done. We do not deem it necessary to enumerate and itemize our stock. It is enough for us to state that
We have Everything that is Needed
and consumed in this market, and at prices that astonish both old and young.
dec29 JOSEPH SHAW & SON.

Farm for Sale.
THE subscriber residing in Graham township, Clearfield county, Pa., now offers his farm at private sale. It is located on the public road leading from Grahamton to Deer Creek, and will be within six miles of a railroad station, and
Contains 150 Acres,
Eighty-five of which are cleared and a large portion in Clover, the whole under good fence, having thereon erected
Two Dwelling Houses,
A large bank barn, and the usual out-buildings, together with two bearing orchards, a good spring of water, and timber enough to make three or four rafts. A church and school house within a short distance. For further particulars call on the undersigned, residing on the premises, or address him at Grahamton P. O.
je26,'67-3m.pd WM. R. GREEN.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc.

GREAT EXCITEMENT
ON SECOND STREET, CLEARFIELD.
NEW GOODS AT LOW PRICES.
THE undersigned respectfully invite the attention of the public generally to their splendid assortment of merchandise, which they are now selling
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Their stock consists in part of
Dry Goods of the Best Quality,
Such as Prints, De Laines, Alpacas, Merinos, Ginghams, Muslins, (bleached and unbleached,) Drillings, Tickings, cotton and wool Flannels, Satinetts, Cassimeres, Cottonades, Ladies' Shawls, Nubias & Hoods, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, &c.,
Also, a fine assortment of Men's Drawers and Shirts, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, all of which
WILL BE SOLD LOW FOR CASH.
Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Groceries and Spices.
IN SHORT A GENERAL ASSORTMENT
Of everything usually kept in a retail store, all CHEAP FOR CASH or approved country produce.
WRIGHT & FLANIGAN.
Clearfield, June 5, 1867.

GIRARD TOWNSHIP IN MOTION
Fresh Arrivals at the Cheap Store.
L. M. COUTRIET
HAS just received at his store, in Girard township, on the Clearfield road, one mile above Leconte's Mills, a large assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Which he is determined to sell
FIVE PER CENT. CHEAPER
Than the same quality of Goods can be purchased for in any other store in the neighborhood. His stock consists of
DRY GOODS OF ALL KINDS,
Such as Satinetts, Cassimeres, Muslins, Delaines, Linen, Drillings, Calicos of all kinds, Trimmings, Ribbons, Lace,
Ready-Made Clothing, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps,
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Rice, Molasses, Fish, Salt, Linseed Oil, Fish Oil, Carbon Oil.
Hardware, Tinware, Castings.
Plows, Plow-Castings, Nails, Spikes, Corn-Cultivators, Cider-Presses, all kinds of Axes,
Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Paints, Glass, Varnish, Stationery.
GOOD FLOUR ALWAYS ON HAND.
☞ Call and see for yourselves. You will find everything usually kept in a retail store.
☞ My Plows are of the Curwensville and Centre county make, and are warranted to be of good quality.
L. M. COUTRIET.
Girard township, May 23, 1867.

REMOVAL.
J. P. KRATZER
HAS removed to his new warerooms on Market street, Clearfield, Pa., where he has opened a very large stock of
DRY GOODS,
Merinoes, Ginghams, Cloths, Delaines, Prints Cassimeres, Alpacas, Silks, Satinetts, Rops, Cashmeres, Tweeds, Coburgs, Mohair, Jeans, Lanellas, Muslins, Flannels, Bonnets, Ribbons, Cloaks, Balmoral Skirts, Hoop-Skirts, Shawls, Dress Trimmings, Head Nets, Caps, Corsets, Gloves, Collars, Scarfs, Grenadine Veils, Table Covers.
CLOTHING,
Coats, Pants, Vests, Over-Coats, Gent's Shawls Shirts, Hats, Caps, Under-Shirts and Drawers, Boots, Shoes, Gum Shoes, Cravats, Gloves and Collars.
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES & MUSICAL GOODS.
GROCERIES,
Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Salt, Candles, Rice, Flour, Bacon, Fish, Tobacco, Raisins, Currants, Spices, Crackers, Vinegar, Oils, Varnish, Alcohol.
TIN-WARE, GLASS-WARE, WOODEN-WARE, and STATIONERY.
HOUSEHOLD GOODS,
Carpets, Oil-cloths, Drugget, Looking-Glasses Clocks, Churns, Washboards, Tubs, Buckets, Flat Irons, Pans, Window Blinds, Wall-paper, Coal Oil Lamps, Umbrellas, Bedcords, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Crocks, and Stove Blacking.
☞ All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, and the highest market price paid for Grain, Wool, and all kinds of country produce.
Clearfield, December 13, 1865.

SOMETHING NEW!
FLOUR AND FEED STORE
I WOULD announce to the citizens of Clearfield and the surrounding country that I have opened a FLOUR AND FEED STORE on
SECOND STREET,
Opposite the Fording, where I intend to keep constantly on hand a full assortment of
Flour, Pork, Bacon, Chop, Oats, Corn,
And all kinds of Feed, which I will retail cheap for cash, or in exchange for SHINGLES.
LUMBERMEN will consult their interest by giving me a call before they go elsewhere to purchase their supplies, as my arrangements are perfect, and am able to buy everything in my line at the lowest market prices.
LEANDER DENNING.
Clearfield, July 11, 1867.

R. ROBISON & CO.,
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Pork Packers,
Dealers in Glass, Iron and Nails
Family Flour of the Best Brands,
Bacon, Hams, Sides and Shoulders; Lard, Mess Pork, Cheese, Beans, Hominy, Dried Fruit, Carbon and Lard Oil, Dried Beef, &c.
No. 255 Liberty Street, (Red Front,)
mar7-1y PITTSBURG, PA.

Coal, Whale and Linseed Oils, Family Dye, varnishes and ... ware of all kinds ground in oil. For sale by ... H. & I.

Oils, Varnishes, Paints, Brushes.
JUST received and for sale cheap by
JOSEPH R. IRWIN,
april1-tf Curwensville, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

H. BRIDGE.
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Three one door east of Clearfield House,)
Market Street, Clearfield, Pa.
KEEPS on hand a full assortment of Gents' Furnishing Goods, such as Shirts, Linen and Woolen Undershirts, Drawers and Socks, Neck-ties, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hats, Umbrellas, &c., in great variety. Of Piece Goods he keeps the
Best Cloths of all "Shades and Colors,"
Such as Black Doeskin of the very best make; Fancy Cassimere, in great variety, also, French Coating, Beaver, Pilot, Chinchilla, and Frieott overcoating. All of which will be sold cheap for Cash, and made up according to the latest styles by experienced workmen.
Also, Agent for Clearfield county for I. M. Singer & Co's. celebrated Sewing Machines.
Nov. 1, 1865-tf. H. BRIDGE.

LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND
J. W. Bradley's Celebrated Patent
DUPLEX ELLIPTIC
(OR DOUBLE SPRING)
SKIRT.
THEY will not bend or break like the Single Spring, but will preserve their perfect and graceful shape when three or four ordinary Skirts will have been thrown aside as useless. The Hoops are covered with double and twisted thread, and the bottom rods are not only double springs, but twice (or double) covered, preventing them from wearing out when dragging down stoops, stairs, &c.
The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded when in use, to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a Silk or Muslin Dress, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any Single Spring Skirt.
A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.
The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the Fashion Magazines as the Standard Skirt of the Fashionable World.
To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in Crinoline, viz: superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape and finish, flexibility, durability, comfort and economy, enquire for J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, or Double Spring Skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.
CAUTION.—To guard against imposition, be particular to notice that skirts offered as "Duplex," have the red ink stamp, viz: "J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs," upon the waistband—none others are genuine. Also notice that every Hoop will admit of a pin being passed through the centre, thus revealing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength, and a combination not to be found in any other Skirt.
FOR SALE in all stores where first class skirts are sold, throughout the United States and elsewhere.
Manufactured by the sole owners of the Patent,
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
97 Chambers, and 79 & 81 Reade Sts., New York.
June 27, 1867-3m.

Great Cures by Dr. Childs' Antidote.
WILMINGTON, July 25, 1867.
MR. GALLAGHER—Dear Sir:—Three years ago last March, I bought a package of the Antidote for Tobacco, and used it according to the directions; and since that time I have not tasted Tobacco in any form. I found that it removed, as you said it would, all desire or hanging for it. I would recommend all who WANT to be cured of the habit, to try it.
Yours in gratitude,
J. W. GARRISON,
Tenth and Lombard streets.

WILMINGTON, July 20, 1867.
MR. GALLAGHER—Dear S