



GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

CLEARFIELD, PA.

Wednesday Morning, Nov. 28, 1866.

\$600,000--The Great Corruption Fund.

The shysters and scallywags who now lead and control the Disunion party are as prolific in hatching and propagating schemes of political de-

bauchery, as a dog is in producing fleas. The glorious feast they enjoyed during the reign of A. L., by plundering the Treasury and the people, to forward their infamous schemes of party success and consequent disunion, has received a serious check since the accession of Andrew Johnson to the Presidential Chair and Mr. McCulloch to the Treasury.

These Providential changes disconcerted the Rumpers for a while. Defeat at the then approaching election stared them in the face, unless they could concoct some scheme by which they could, as heretofore, corrupt the people. Johnson in the White House and McCulloch in the Treasury was a Bull Run to them. They tried for months to regain their lost position. Scouts were sent twice a day to the old battle-field, who at length reported nothing but Quaker-guns in position.

Gen. Thad. and his forces made an assault, and Bull Run No. 2 was the result. This ground was abandoned. Money must be had to carry the elections. Six hundred thousand dollars was the sum agreed upon. The route to Richmond (the Treasury) was viewed and reviewed. The elections were coming, and the patriotic shouts of "On to Richmond" (the Treasury) reverberated from every quarter of loyaldom.

The Wilderness route (Seward's Department) was next examined. The engineer reported that it would take all summer, and then probably Richmond (the Treasury) could not be reached until too late for the election. The Shenandoah Valley route (Navy Department) was pronounced too great a circle, and would take too long to swing around it.

The Christian Commission was approached, through Rev. James Harlan, Secretary of the Interior, who promised to furnish one half the sum required. He stated that he had the power to sell eight hundred thousand acres of Indian lands, for which he could get one dollar and twenty-five cents an acre; now, if he could succeed in cheating the Indians out of twenty-five cents an acre, he would close the contract.

A universal shout went up of "On to Richmond," (cheat the Indians); the sale was made; but, to the chagrin of loyaldom, the Government proclaimed the sale a fraud. No money yet. Bad for the commission, but bully for the Indians. Strategy was now brought into requisition. The last ditch was approached. Every fortification was flanked, and the money--\$600,000 strong--was raised by 150 loyal members of Congress voting themselves \$4,000 extra pay, which they used as an electioneering fund.

Modern Religion, as Promulgated through the "Advocate."

The following article is taken from the New York Christian Advocate, previous to the late election, and shows the interest the "Book Concern" takes in two of the worst men in the country--Douglas (the negro) and Phillips--both infidels and disunionists. The "divine march," as the editor calls it, has therefore commenced. Read:

"But while Massachusetts has the great opportunity offered her of thus honoring herself in sending such a man to the next Congress, New York can take a yet grander step in this divine march. She has a citizen worthy of her highest honors, his equal in talents, fame, or faithfulness. He is also akin to the race in whose behalf God is so wonderfully stirring up an unwilling nation. New York, as the Empire State, ought not to allow her little Eastern sister the pre-eminence. How can she secure it? By sending Frederick Douglass to Congress. Let her do this, and Boston will have to transfer its honors to Rochester.

"This nomination would be most popular. There are timid people in every party as in every generation. And we find it is one of the signs of age, in politics as elsewhere, that men are afraid of that which is high. But the young men of a party as of humanity, have no great fears. They aspire to that which is high. Those of Boston showed this in demanding the nomination of Mr. Phillips. They would respond to that of Mr. Douglass. His popularity at Philadelphia surpassed that of all his delegation, and of all other delegations. So would it be in his district. Gerrit Smith was triumphantly elected years ago. It would be a far less step to-day to elect Frederick Douglass. We shall thus answer the taunt of the rebels, here and South, that we do not wish equal rights for ourselves. The abolition of its black law from the statute books of New York would thus be insured, and the beginning practically of the only possible end of American life, and one fast hastening the perfect equality in rights and privileges, in opportunity and honor, of all men, without regard to outward distinctions of color, language, or condition.

"If it is too late, on account of other nominations, to make him the Congressional standard-bearer, let him, at least, appear in the legislature. The thousand representatives of New York who hailed him as an honored associate at Philadelphia, would rejoice to see him at Albany if he cannot go to Washington. But the last is the place where he must yet stand, and the first leads thither. In this appeal to embody our principles in our most advanced leaders, we are still only preaching the whole Gospel, which can and never will cease contending till the policy and the representatives of man in every post of duty shall recognize its laws and conform to its God-ordained requirements.

"That will do for the State. Now for the Church. The following is from the St. Louis Central Advocate, in reference to a proposed union with the African Church: "The question of the union of these two bodies should be discussed with calmness and common sense. Prejudices should be dismissed and a true Christian spirit cultivated. We have conversed with intelligent ministers of the African Church, and have tried to see and understand their wants and fears. We had a pleasant conversation with Bishop Campbell on this question, and we have often talked with our old personal friend, Rev. Dr. Rev. Mr. With a full conviction of the importance of the question, and with its difficulties, we venture some suggestions which have grown up in our own mind after studying the matter in all of its bearings.

"Conversing recently with Bishop Ames on this question, we were glad to find that we agreed on the main points of a union that would be honorable to both Churches. We do not wish to embarrass the question by thrusting upon our friends any theories, nor mere speculations; we prefer to give what we conceive to be a fair, practical plan of agreement, which we submit to our readers and friends with a sincere conviction that the Methodist Episcopal Church ought in some way efficiently to aid her weaker sister, and both parties ought to be united. We propose the following basis of union, not as an authority in the case, but humbly desiring to do good to all: "1. Let commissioners be appointed by the General Conference of each Church, with full power to form a union.

"2. The African Church would, we think, be willing to accept of our book of Discipline, believing, as they do, our doctrines and adhering to the main features of our government. We are all Methodists; we have our Bishops, as our chief pastors, elected by our respective General Conferences. We have elders and deacons, Quarterly and Annual Conferences. There need not be the slightest dispute about these matters.

The Clergy in Politics.

Nearly all the persons who preached in the City of Churches on Sunday, the 4th instant, devoted their discourses to the elections, recommending how their flocks should vote to-day, and denouncing the corruptions of the "ring." Politics belong not to the pious, but to the newspapers and the politicians. Morals and religion come properly within the province of the clergy. They know nothing about the "ring" except what they get from the newspapers, and as to the salvation of souls, no one supposes that the "ring" has any connection with that. Why don't the persons give a little attention to the theatres for example, the model artists theatre on Broadway, where from five to fifty young ladies are dancing every night nearly naked, exhibiting all the beauties of nature, and its consequences. There the persons might find something touching morals and religion. They ought to go and see this piece of practical morality, and then they would be able to tell their congregations the naked truth about it. There is Mr. Wheatley, the elegant gentleman, Wheatley, the practical moralist, Wheatley, the fast growing millionaire, making a fortune out of his artists, while the other associated theatres are going to the bad altogether. Here is poor Waddell in an awful strait for want of houses, and poor Stuart almost seedy. The persons may learn from this fact how morals and religion may be affected by the theatres, and how much more becoming subjects for their solicitude they are than the innocent elections of the imbecillate "ring."--New York Herald.

"The Emperor of Brazil--It has already been announced that Don Pedro II., when on his way to the Empire of the United States, and it is now stated that His Majesty will take advantage of this opportunity to make an extended tour through the States. He has long desired to see this country, and to witness the progress we have made in the arts and sciences. He is a good chemist and civil engineer, accomplished linguist, and a great admirer of American institutions; and he is animated by all the world, to make a good friend of the United States government.

TEACHERS.--The Legislature of Georgia proposes to secure native teachers, by providing that every Georgia soldier, under thirty years of age, named in the service, may be educated at the State University at the public expense for such a length of time as he will give his obligation to teach after leaving the University.

Married, On the 23d of November, 1866, by Rev. P. L. HARRISON, Mr. HENRY C. OWENS to Miss SOPHIA R. BARGER, both of this county. On the 18th of November, 1866, by FREDERICK HOLLOPETER, Esq., Mr. JOHN PLACE to Miss HARRIET DIXON, both of Hudson township. On November 2, 1866, by JOSEPH W. LULL, Esq., Mr. ANDREW WHISTLER to Miss ELIZA ANN ROCKENBURY, all of Berks township, Clearfield county, Pa.

Died, In Graham township, on the 6th of November, 1866, MARY REBUCK, daughter of WILLIAM A. and SOPHIA LANSBERRY, aged 6 months and 29 days. That angel babe, so sweet, so fair, Where is it now? "Rejoice, rejoice," "Wah!" and parental tears and sighs, Hope gleams onward to the skies. There, in that land that knows no night, Her spirit looks in heavenly light, Though fondly loved, and loving too, Yet Jesus holds her still more true. Oh, Mary, dear, thy mission still This ministering; be with us still; Till freed from our sad earthly way, To dwell with those to endless day.

IMPORTANT DECISION.--It will be recollected that some time ago four citizens of South Carolina were arrested, by command of Major General Sickles, and having been tried by a military court, under the orders of that officer, were sentenced to death. The sentence was commuted by the President to imprisonment for life, and the prisoners having been first dispatched to the Dry Tortugas, in order to evade a writ of habeas corpus, were eventually incarcerated in Fort Delaware. Here they were demanded by the civil authority, under a writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Hall, the District Judge of the United States for the district of Delaware. Judge Hall is a magistrate venerable alike by his years and by the dignity and firmness with which he has, through a long career, administered his high office. The mandate of his court was obeyed; the prisoners were brought before him, and after a patient hearing of the case, they were discharged, on the express ground that "according to the law of the land the prisoners ought not to be held under the commuted sentence of this military commission, and that they be discharged."

UNION OF CHURCHES.--The two Methodist societies in Harrisonburg, Va., have been merged into one body, and have placed themselves under the pastoral care of the Baltimore Conference of the Episcopal Methodist Church. This union was fully accomplished week before last, when the two societies met together in a spirit of cordial fraternity and blended into one. The interview between these brethren of the same family who have so many years been separated and estranged from each other, although living in the same town, was full of touching interest.--Rockingham Reg.

Discovery of John H. Serratt.

Madrid, Nov. 22--John H. Serratt, the alleged accomplice in the murder of President Lincoln, was discovered serving in the Papal Zouaves, under the name of John Watson. He was arrested upon a demand of General King, the United States Minister, but afterwards escaped. He ran the guard, and leaped over a precipice, and escaped into Italian territory. The Italian authorities are on the alert, and endeavoring to recapture him.--Cable Dispatch.

SETTLED.--The Buffalo and Erie railroad have settled the claims of a person injured by the late accident for \$25,000. The friends of the deceased accepted \$5,000 each, and the remainder will be distributed among the wounded. James Mahoney, the trackmaster, gave bonds in \$2,000 for his future appearance.

Also, Thirty-Five Acres of Land, Adjoining the same. All will be sold together or separate, to suit purchasers. Any further information can be obtained by addressing him, at Glen Hope, Clearfield county, Pa. JEREMIAH COOPER.

New Advertisements.

GOODS REDUCED! GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GOODS AT H. W. SMITH & CO.'S. Prints, that we formerly sold at 25 cents, we now sell at 22. Unbleached Muslins, formerly sold at 20, we now sell at 18. Bleached Muslins, formerly sold at from 25 to 50, we now sell at 20@40. Alpaca, formerly sold at from 45 to 50, we now sell at 35@65. Cashmeres, 10 per cent above cost. All-Wool De Laines, at 55. Common De Laines, at 25. And all Dress Goods at the same rates.

BOOTS AND SHOES, Of the best quality, at an immense reduction. FISH, We will sell Mackerel, Herring, &c., AT COST. BEST COAL OIL, 85 CENTS. HOODS, NUBIAS, BREAKFAST SHAWLS, ETC., Of every description, greatly reduced. We offer our stock of Dry Goods at the above figures up to the 1st of January, 1867. They are all of the first quality, New and fashionable. Any one can now have an Alpaca for the cost of a De Laine. This offer is made in good faith, and all desirous of economizing in the proper manner, have now an excellent opportunity to supply themselves at the cheapest rates. Strictly for Cash. H. W. SMITH & CO. no21-3m

ANOTHER EXCITEMENT! A FALL IN PRICES. New Goods at the Cheap Cash Store OF WILLIAM F. IRWIN, South Second street, Clearfield, Pa. A FRESH ARRIVAL OF Fall and Winter Goods, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. I am just receiving and opening a carefully selected stock of fashionable Spring & Summer Goods of almost every description. STAPLE & FANCY A beautiful assortment of Prints and Dry Goods, of the newest and latest styles. Also a great variety of useful notions. DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS. Bonnets, Shawls, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, (a large quantity) Hardware, Quinacry, Drug Medicines, Oils & Paints, Carriage Oil Cloths, GROCERIES AND FRUITS, Foreign and Domestic, such as Apples, Peaches, Currants, Prunes, Raisins, Oranges and Lemons. FISH, BACON AND FLOUR. Mackerel, in 1/2 and 1/4 barrels, of the best quality, all of which will be sold at the lowest cash or ready pay prices. My old friends and the public generally, are respectfully invited to call. W. F. IRWIN, Clearfield, Nov. 28, 1866 if

RICHARD MOSSOP IS NOW Selling, at half their usual price, DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS AND SHAWLS, BROWN SHEETINGS, FLANNELS AND BLANKETS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, MEN'S CLOTHING, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING Goods, LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES, GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES, BOYS' do do HOOP SKIRTS, BALMORALS, LADIES' COLLARS AND CUFFS, RAISINS AND CURRANTS, BROOMS AND TUBS, CANNED FRUITS, BEEF AND PORK, FLOUR AND FEED, &c. &c. &c. LIST OF TRAVERSE JURORS drawn for Special Adjourned Court, commencing on Monday, the 25th day of December, 1866: Bonanza--James Cree, Daniel Crowell, Bell--Geoffrey Weaver, Boggs--Robert C. Faust, Bradford--David Means, Henry Albert, Brady--Amos Bonnell, Henry Shagart, Frederick Winger, Joseph Linn, Jr., Matthew S. Clark, Burnside--George W. Gallagher, Coad--William Harvey, Covington--David Askey, Clearfield--William V. Wright, Decatur--David Green, Eastington Kephart, Fox--James McClain, Goshen--Amos A. Teal, Girard--Justin Fuglell, Graham--Peter Frink, Jordan--Robert Luffie, Karlsruhe--William Michaels, Knox--Aaron Wain, Martin G. Rirk, Lawrence--Andrew Alderman, John Lytle, Jr., Herman F. Rowie, Morris--Joseph C. Brennan, John Wills, Penn--Terence Krenan, Pike--William Frink, Union--John Panta, John Dresler, Woodward--William Rowie, George W. Shoff.

CANNED FRUIT of all kinds, at MERRILL & STOLEN'S

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.--Two LOG CABINs were built and set up, in Graham township, near the old spring, without my consent. The owner is required to remove them and prove payment, or otherwise, and take the same away, they will be removed according to law. JOHN LEONARD, no24-3m

PHILIP HILL, Manufacturer and Importer of Ladies' Fancy Jet Long Chains, AT BEST style Ladies' Jet Long Chains, \$1 00. Latest style Ladies' Jet Pins, 25. Latest style Ladies' Jet Ear Rings, 50. Latest style Gents' Vest Chains, 50. All articles sent by mail. Manufactured by PHILIP HILL, no21-1m 259 Market street, Philadelphia. PRIVATE SALE OF VALUABLE REAL & PERSONAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING 3,500 Acres of Timber Land. THE subscriber, residing at Glen Hope, now offers for sale one of the best TRACTS STANDS for Manufacturing and Lumbering in the county, or perhaps in the State. It is a large DWELLING HOUSE, STORE-ROOM, and all necessary outbuildings attached, together with Ten Town Lots in Glen Hope. Also, a LOT CONTAINING TEN ACRES of creek bottom land of the very best quality, on the east side of Clearfield Creek, opposite Glen Hope. A Tract of 200 Acres of Timber Land, Heavily timbered with pine timber, situated on a half mile from Glen Hope, on the township leading to Altoona, and also acres of which are cleared and under cultivation. The undivided One-third of 3500 Acres of Timber Land OF the very best quality, situate on Clearfield Creek, near the mouth of Whitman Run. Also, the entire Stock of Store Goods, Now on hand, consisting of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSLAND, and everything found in a place of general merchandise. The foregoing property will be sold together or separately, to suit purchasers, and upon reasonable terms. Any information in reference to the property, or terms, can be obtained by applying to the undersigned, either in person or by letter, at Glen Hope, Clearfield county, Penn. THOMAS GROOM, no21-3m

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. THE PROPERTY OF THOMAS OWENS, LATE OF FERGUSON TWP., DEC'D. BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, Pa., directed to the undersigned Guardian, the following Real Estate, situate in the borough of Lumber City, and in Ferguson township, in said county, shall be sold at Public Auction, to the highest and best bidder, at the Lumber City Hotel, in said borough, On Friday, November 30, 1866, At 1 o'clock in the afternoon, three certain parcels, described as follows: The undivided half part of all that certain lot of ground, situate in the borough of Lumber City, bounded and described as follows: beginning at corner of Main street, north 20 degrees south, 150 feet, north 60 degrees east, 20 feet; thence by lot No. 2, north 30 degrees west, 180 feet; thence by lot No. 3, north 30 degrees east, 50 degrees east, 50 feet, to beginning of lot No. 1, in said borough, and so on premises conveyed by James T. Leonard to the administrator of Thomas Owens, by deed dated April 2, 1864, recorded in Deed Book C, page 234, &c. Also, all that certain tract of TIMBER LAND, situate in Ferguson township, Clearfield county, one mile from the river. Containing 95 Acres, more or less, being part of a larger survey in name of --, patented to Greenwood Bell and John Bell, by patent dated 4th June, 1823, and enrolled in Patent Book --, page 478, and the same premises conveyed by Robert and Peter Owens, by deed dated April 2, 1864, recorded in Deed Book C, page 69, &c. to Thomas Owens. Also, all that certain tract of land situate in Ferguson township, Clearfield county, bounded and described as follows: beginning at a headlock, thence north, 20 degrees east, to corner of the land of Thomas Owens and Thomas J. Brinkley; thence south, 50 degrees east, 100 feet; thence north, 30 degrees east, 20 degrees west, to place of beginning. Containing 200 Acres and Allowance, with one hundred acres cleared, and having erected thereon a large house and barn, an orchard of 100 apple trees, and other necessary outbuildings, being part of a larger survey in name of Robert Pinnacott, and same premises conveyed by Peter Owens and wife to Thomas Owens, by deed dated 8th August, 1823, recorded in Deed Book C, page 11, &c. The foregoing is all desirable property, the farm portion of it being under good cultivation, and the woodland well timbered with pine and oak. Any further information can be had by calling on the undersigned. TERMS OF SALE.--One half the purchase money to be paid in hand at confirmation of sale, and the residue in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by bond with surety on the premises. Guardian of minor heirs of Thos. Owens, dec'd. Nov. 7, 1866 if

NEW BOOKS. READ! READ! READ!!! A Youth's History of the Great Civil War. One Vol. 416 pages. Price \$1.50. Illustrated with 100 engravings. This is a full and complete account of the war and its causes. It is just such a book as business men, merchants, farmers, mechanics and laborers will want to read, and after they have read it, give to their children to read. Recollections of Henry W. Allen, late Governor of Louisiana and Brigadier-General U.S.A. This work will present the first accurate account of the late war in the Trans-Mississippi Department that has been given to the public from a Southern point of view. Governor Allen's political life and services are so intimately wrapped up with the history of the Louisiana Government in the southwest, that the relation of his services necessarily involves that of the management of the war in the Trans-Mississippi. Engraved, Buckram, Penmanship, and other prominent features in the southwest have reviewed and corrected the historical part of the work. War Poetry; by W. GILMORE SIMMS. Every family will want a copy of this work. It is filled with all the patriotic enthusiasm produced during the war. No man is better qualified to compile such a work than Mr. Simms. The Democratic Almanac for 1866-7. This Manual for 1866, to be continued now regularly each year, contains full election returns for 1866, 1864 and 1863; list of newspapers represented by the Lincoln Administration; Chronology of 1865, of battles, acts of Congress, &c. It contains matter to be had nowhere else; it is valuable and important to have at hand. The year 1867 will be a complete LIST OF THE ARBITRARY ARRESTS made by Mr. Lincoln, compiled expressly for the Democratic Almanac for 1867. This list will contain the names, names of arrest and terms of imprisonment of each prisoner, and be the most remarkable document in the history of Letters of Grevel ever published. It will contain, besides the usual matter of all Almanacs, full and official notices of all the elections for this year, compared with previous ones; the most important news of Congress, President Johnson's veto messages, lists of both the old and the new Congress, statistical and other information indispensable to every politician, printer, farmer, merchant or mechanic. PAMPHLETS. Abolition & Death; or, The Attempt to Equalize Races the Destruction of Society. The Abolition Conspiracy; or, A Ten Years' Record of the Abolition Society. The Negro's Place in Nature; a Paper read before the London Anthropological Society. By Dr. James Hunt, President of the Society. Soliloquy, by "Herc" Power, of "A Bond, a Slave, a Free Man," "A Plea for the Negro," "A Historical Sketch," &c., &c., 25 pages. All the above books, by mail at the Drug Store of C. D. WATSON, on Second street, nearly opposite the court house, Clearfield, Pa. no24-3m