

Clearfield Republican

Geo. B. GOODLANDER, Editor and Proprietor. PRINCIPLES, not MEN. TERMS:—\$2 00 Per Annum, if paid in advance. VOL. XXXIII.—WHOLE NO. 1922. CLEARFIELD, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1866. NEW SERIES—VOL. VII.—NO. 5.

Professional & Business Cards.

W. A. WALLACE, FRANK FIELDS, WALLACE, BIGLER & FIELDS, Attorneys at Law, Clearfield, Pa. Legal business of all kinds promptly and accurately attended to. [May 15, '66-ly.]

THOS. J. McCULLOUGH, Attorney at Law.—Office adjoining the Bank, formerly occupied by J. B. McNally, 107 Market Street, Clearfield, Pa. Will attend promptly to Collections, Sale of Lands, &c. Dec. 17, '62.

JOHN L. CUTLER, Attorney at Law and Real Estate Agent, Clearfield, Pa.—Office on Market Street, opposite the jail. Respectfully offers his services in selling and buying lands in Clearfield and adjoining counties; and with an experience of twenty years as a Surveyor, Batters himself out as no other satisfaction. Feb. '63 if.

ROBERT J. WALLACE, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Penna. Office in Shaw's Row, opposite the School House. Dec. 1, 1858.

WM. M. McCULLOUGH, Attorney at Law, Clearfield, Penna. Office on Market Street, one door east of the Clearfield County Bank. May 4, 1864-ly.

ORVIS & ALEXANDER, Attorneys at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office 10th 1853-ly.

DR. J. P. BURCHFIELD, Late Surgeon of the 5th Regiment, Penna. Volunteers, having returned from the Army, offers his professional services to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity. Professional calls promptly attended to. Office on South East corner of 2d and Market streets. April 4, 1866-ly.

DR. A. M. HILLS, Desires to inform his patients that professional business confides him to his office all the time, and he will therefore be unable to make personal visits to any of his accustomed places this summer; but may be found at his office on the North-west corner of Front and Market streets, directly opposite the "Clearfield House," where he can be found at all times, ready and willing to attend to all calls in his profession. 207-209 Fall Street, Clearfield, Pa. [1866-ly.]

DENTISTRY. J. P. CORNETT, Dentist, offers his professional services to the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity. Office in Drug Store, corner Main and Thompson streets. [Clearfield, May 11, 1866-ly.]

J. BLAKE WALTERS, Groceries and Conveyancer, and Agent for the Purchase and Sale of Lands, Clearfield, Pa. Prompt attention given to all business connected with the county offices. Office with Hon. W. A. Wallace. Jan. 1, 1866-ly.

J. H. BRETH, Justice of the Peace, and Licensed Conveyancer, New Washington, Clearfield county, Pa. 170 '61-ly.

JAMES C. BARRETT, Justice of the Peace and Licensed Conveyancer, Lehighburg, Clearfield county, Pa. Collections and remittances promptly made, and all kinds of legal instruments executed on short notice. Lehighburg, May 29, 1866-ly.

SAMUEL MITCHELL, Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Merchandise, Groceries, Flour, Grain, &c. New Washington, Pa. October 23, 1863-ly. Clearfield Co., Pa.

C. KRATZER & SON, Merchants, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, Queensware, Shingles, and Provision. At the old stand on Front Street above the Academy. Clearfield, December 11th, 1865-ly.

J. P. KRATZER, Merchant, and Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, &c. Clearfield, Pa. [Market Street, opposite the Jail, Clearfield Pa. April 20th 1864.]

LEON M. COUTRIET, Merchant, and Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Cutlery, Queensware, Shingles, and Provision. At the old stand on Front Street above the Academy. Clearfield, December 11th, 1865-ly.

WARD & CO., Wholesale Grocers, Tobacco, Tea, Spices, &c., &c. N. E. cor. 6th & Market Sts. Philadelphia, Pa. [1866-ly.]

OTRENIUS HOWE, Justice of the Peace, For DECATUR Township, promptly attend to all business entrusted to him here. P. O. Address, Philipsburg Pa. Aug. 21st 1861.

THOMAS M. CRISMAN, Agent for the Singer Sewing Machine. Philipsburg, Centre co., Penna. Dec. 11th, 1865-ly.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—D. M'GAUGHY, Having purchased the Photograph establishment formerly conducted by B. Bridge, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Clearfield and adjoining counties, that he has recently made additional improvements to both sky-light and apparatus, and he flatters himself that he can fairly be said to possess the most extensive and complete gallery in the State. He also keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of 1/2, 3/4, 1, 2, and 3 inch plates, and an endless variety of new, booklets, etc., which he will dispose of at very moderate prices, for cash. His gallery is in Shaw's row, (opposite) Market Street, Clearfield, Pa. where he is always ready to accommodate customers who may be in need of good photographs of themselves or friends. Particular attention paid to copying all kinds of pictures, etc. November 15th, 1865.

W. H. WHITE and Linseed Oil, Family Dry Goods, Groceries, and Paints of all kinds ground and sold by H. & L.

SEWING MACHINES.—Persons desiring to have a Superior Machine, should buy the Singer's Sewing Machine, as it is the best of all, and the most reliable. H. F. SAULS, Agent. Clearfield, February 28, 1866-ly.

Persons and substantial supporters of every kind of the latest improvements, for sale at the Drug Store of HARTWICK & JENNY.

SOLDIERS' STATE CONVENTION.

The Rank and File, the Maimed and Wounded, in Council.

Johnson, Clymer and the Union, their Motto.

Radicalism, Negro Equality, Negro Suffrage, and all, Denounced by the Boys in Blue.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM.

HARRISBURG, August 1, 1866. The first day of August, is indeed a gala day at Harrisburg. The war worn veterans of Pennsylvania assembled at the Capitol of the State under different auspices from those a few years ago. The nod or order of military superiors no longer restrains them from expressing their political views and opinions; but arrayed in the garb and privileges of freemen, they have again met in council together, and pledge anew their lives in defence of the Union, the Constitution and the liberties of the people. Good men, true men and brave men from every county in the State are here. The crippled hobbling about with one leg, the maimed with but an arm, and the wounded with honorable scars upon their breasts, all attest the devotion of the patriotic gathering to the Union and the flag of their fathers. Enthusiastic and defiant they have met here to vindicate the superiority of their own race. They as one man are for Hiestor Clymer for Governor. How could it be otherwise? No soldier could support John W. Geary, who is pledged to negro suffrage. They uphold the Administration of Andrew Johnson, and denounce the Radical Rump Congress.

The Beaver county delegation is composed of twelve delegates. Of these nine are wounded men formerly Republicans, who never voted the Democratic ticket. These soldiers are now enthusiastic for Hiestor Clymer. Among the Cambria delegation is Captain John Humphreys, who served with distinction during the Mexican war, and for three years during the rebellion. When Geary was made Lieut. Colonel, at Pittsburg, on the way to the Mexican war, Humphreys was made Captain of his company, and commanded it throughout that struggle, and at the final charge on Chapultepec.

The Berks county delegation carried a banner, on which was inscribed, "For Governor, Hiestor Clymer." On a transparency was inscribed the words, "Old Berks, 8,000 majority for Clymer." They entered the hall at 10 o'clock, preceded by the Ringold brass band, of Reading. They were greeted with cheer after cheer, the dense audience rising to their feet and rolling up in thunder tones cheers for Clymer and old Berks. Beck's band played a medley consisting of "Hail Columbia," "The Star Spangled Banner," "The Union Forever," "Lincoln Soldiers Come," "Hurrah! Hurrah!" and "Marching Along," amid the cheers of the gallant boys. The convention which met in Wayne county to elect delegates to the Harrisburg meeting was composed of fifty-nine members, but of this number but twelve have been in the habit of voting the Democratic ticket, all the rest being strong in their devotion to the principles for which they fought in the field. At first it was feared that the Republicans had packed the meeting, but every man present signed a declaration of his intention to support Clymer.

Every county in the State is represented—a remarkable fact, when it is remembered that the convention consisted of private citizens generally, and not politicians. A low estimate put upon the previous politics of those present was that over one-third were Republicans, but could not go the Radical programme, and so had come out flat-footed for the only true Union party left.

At 10 o'clock the meeting was called to order by General W. H. Davis, of Bucks county. He said that he would make a suggestion. There were several soldiers present who had lost limbs in the service of their country. He trusted that those occupying seats would give them to their disabled companions. (Loud cheers.) Immediately there was a rush for the disabled men, and they were promptly supplied with seats.

Mr. Davis continued by remarking that the convention was so large, that the chamber would not accommodate all the members. The meeting this morning was merely for the purpose

of temporary organization. In the afternoon they would reassemble on the green. (Cheers.) He nominated for temporary chairman, General Jacob B. Sweitzer, of Pittsburg, which was ratified amid enthusiasm.

Speech of General Sweitzer. FELLOW-SOLDIERS: I thank you for the honor you have done me, in calling upon me for a time to preside over the deliberations of this magnificent convention. As stated by Colonel Davis, this room is too small to hold the immense crowd of soldiers who have assembled at the call of their country. (Cheers.) Therefore, it is proper that I should thank you but a short time. The objects for which you are assembled are well understood. The call of this meeting sets forth those objects clearly, honestly, and explicitly. No one can say that he has been deceived by misrepresentation and overpowered by a packed convention. (Loud cheers.) We have served our country in the field, and would soon to sow do, in civil life, a dishonest or unmanly act. (Cheers.) No man can charge us with dishonesty. We have an important duty to perform now as we had to perform in the field. Having struck down the enemies of the country when they met us in battle array, we must now strike them down when they assail the Union and the Constitution at home. (Tremendous enthusiasm.) We have met with detraction and abuse. Our opponents tried to break down this convention by saying that only boot-leggers and deserters would attend it. (Ironical laughter.) If so, I would like to know whose soldiers were. (Cheers.) Every man who came in the delegation from any county has bravely served his country in the field, and come home with the testimonials of his honor; and I hurt back the ungenerous, unmanly ascription of our enemies with contempt. A patriot where I live has said that the names of no major-generals are attached to the call for this convention, but only small officers and privates. (Laughter.) Why is this? Simply because those who agree with us in sentiment could not get a commission if they had taken Richmond.

This was received with uproarious demonstrations of approval, amid which the general resumed his seat, notwithstanding loud calls for him to proceed.

Temporary Secretaries. There having been no private arrangement made as to temporary officers, the meeting was called upon to elect temporary secretaries. Immediately the soldiers began to shout out the names of their favorite associates. Finally, the following gentlemen were elected:

- Captain Jeremiah Sullivan, 115th Regiment.
- A. C. Greenland, 49th Regiment.
- Adjutant Becker, of Berks county.

Calling the Lists of Delegates. The Secretary, being directed to call the delegates from the different counties, commenced to perform that duty, but as they numbered some seven or eight hundred, it was found that too much time would be occupied in so doing. It was moved and seconded that the reading of the names be dispensed with.

Maj. Keenan, of Greensburg, thought the name, with the title and regiment, of each delegate, had better be called. He desired the people of Pennsylvania to know that the soldiers were here in force, and that thousands of brave men who had been denounced as "skeddaddlers" and "deserters," were here to resent the insult. He finally withdrew his motion, and a motion to dispense with the reading of the names was adopted.

The delegations from the various districts then presented their credentials. We had intended to publish a full list of the delegates, but it being so large we are compelled to give the names of but the three following Representative Districts, viz:

- CLEARFIELD ELK AND FOREST.—Col. Walter Barrett, 84th; Surgeon J. P. Birchfield, 83d; Captain J. S. McKiernan, 53d; Captain Matthew Ogden, 84th; Private David Buck, 84th; Private R. S. Carr, 5th Reserves.
- CENTRE.—Col. Jas. F. Weaver, 148th; Captain Jos. P. Smith, 49th; Private John Myers, 148th; Private Israel Grenoble, 148th; Private Wm. Fry, 45th; Private John Kinnan, 18th; Private Robert Askey, 5th; Sergeant George W. Daisy, 53d; Private Daniel Woodring, 148th.
- CLARION AND JEFFERSON.—Lieut. A. S. McCulloch, 78th; Lieut. J. M. Alexander, 103d; Lieut. John W. McNatt, 14th; Capt. John M. Brinker, 78th; Captain Reed Carl, 155th; Serg. J. G. Wyant, 78th; Lieut. A. H. Beck, 8th; Private John P. Drum, 105th; Sergeant A. D. M'Pherson, 105th; Corp. C. Miller, 9th Res; Captain John Hastings, 155th.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen committee on permanent organization: Capt. C. B. Brockway, 1st Pa. artillery; Capt. C. D. Roush, 6th Reserves; Col. J. W. A. 201st P. V.; Maj. H. M. Moody, 183d P. V.; Col. Owen Jones, Sergt. F. L. Coar, 104th P. V.; Dr. James Kerr, Lt. C. F. Eldred, 11th New York cavalry; Col. Joseph Jack, 168th P. V.; Private J. W. Connard, 3d U. S. artillery; Corporal J. A. Humes, 150th P. V.; Adj. J. H. Odell, 30th Ohio; Captain Monilton Gouindie, 2d heavy artillery.

Colonel Davis moved that the Convention take a recess for half an hour. This was amended that the Convention adjourn until two o'clock. The amendment was lost. Col. Davis' motion was then adopted, and the Convention took a recess.

SECOND SESSION.

The Convention re-assembled at 12 o'clock.

Capt. Brockway, chairman of the committee on permanent organization, reported the following gentlemen as Permanent Officers of the Convention.

PRESIDENT. Gen. W. M. McCANDLESS.

VICE PRESIDENTS. Gen. Peter Lyle, 90th, Philadelphia; Col. Wm. A. Leech, 90th, Philadelphia; Gen. John F. Ballier, 98th, Philadelphia; Col. A. H. Tiphon, 68th, Philadelphia; Capt. J. M. C. Savage, 145th, Chester; Private J. Wagner, 145th, Montgomery; Private Daniel Kreader, 104th, Bucks; Col. T. H. Good, 47th, Lehigh; Col. John O'Neil, 3d Reserves, Berks; Sergeant George Bierman, 9th, Schuylkill; Captain H. O. Thayer, 67th, Wayne; Col. H. B. M'Kean, 6th, Reserves, Bradford; Capt. J. W. Gregory, 173d New York, Luzerne; Major C. Ryan, 136th, Tioga; Col. S. Wilson, 8th cav., Lycoming; Private H. White-man, 11th cav., Columbia; Private J. A. Stoher, 201st, Dauphin; Lieut. John A. Bitzer, 127th, Lancaster; Private H. Hegeuen, 122d, Lancaster; Col. Levi Maish 130th, York; Captain A. Ferguson, C. S. V., Franklin; Captain John H. Hite, 54th, Somerset; Private George W. Daisy, Centre; Col. B. M. Morrow, 205th, Blair; Sergeant A. D. M'Pherson, 105th, Jefferson; Captain John M. Brinker, 78th, Clarion; Adj. I. Uncapher, 11th, Westmoreland; Major James A. Lowry, Allegheny; Col. Robt. Anderson, 9th Reserves, Allegheny; Captain P. A. English, 17th cav., Beaver; Sergeant S. K. M'Ginnis, 1st art., Lawrence; Col. J. S. M'Callmont, 10th Reserves, Venango.

RESERVES. Col. John P. Linton, 54th, Cambria; Corporal George M'Kinney, Berks; Captain John Hart, 68th, Montgomery; Captain J. P. Newell, 30th, Venango; Lieut. J. Lynn, 129th, Carbon; Lieut. A. J. Smith, 11th, Luzerne; Captain C. F. Maguire, 90th, Philadelphia; Lieut. Wm. Fullwood, 102d, Allegheny; Surgeon Abram Stout, 133, Northampton; Dr. Wm. Church, 57th, Crawford; Captain John A. Corcoran, 104 Bucks; Col. B. M' Dermott, 54th, Cambria; Captain Jeremiah Hoffman, 142d, Lebanon.

General M'Callness was introduced by General Sweitzer, who said, it was unnecessary to say anything of him, but he would merely remark that he was as brave a soldier as ever drew a sword. General M'Callness was greeted with loud and long continued applause.

Address of the President. General M'Callness spoke for nearly an hour, being frequently interrupted by applause. We will endeavor to give his speech in the future.

When Gen. M'Callness had concluded, three cheers were given him with a will.

Beck's band then discoursed some beautiful music.

Col. Davis moved that a committee of one from each Senatorial district be appointed by the chair to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the Convention. Adopted.

Committee on Resolutions. Gen. W. H. DAVIS, Chairman.

- 1st—Col. W. D. Lewis, 110th.
- 2d—Sergt. A. C. Schank, 106th.
- 3d—Private Samuel F. Cloak, 72d.
- 4th—Lieut. U. Kneass, 8th cavalry.
- 5th—Adj. C. S. Tyson, 20th.
- 6th—Harry Howard, Mast. U. S. N.
- 7th—Capt. I. Swartzlander, 104th.
- 7th—W. H. Sowden, private 128th.
- 8th—Dr. H. M. Nagle, 11th.
- 9th—Major James Ellis, 48th.
- 10th—A. F. Kildeer, sergeant, 1st U. S. Dragoons.
- 11th—Capt. P. M. Burr, 52d.
- 12th—S. D. Dean, 1st Wynt, 61st.
- 13th—Major C. A. Lynn, 58th.
- 14th—A. B. Tate, Lieut. 125th.
- 15th—Gen. W. H. Ent.
- 16th—Col. E. L. Witman, 210th.
- 17th—Lt. Col. Fred S. Pyfer, 77th.
- 18th—Capt. John Wise, 9th cavalry.
- 19th—Capt. Wm. Penn Lloyd, 1st cav.
- 19th—Sergt. A. Tazetoff, signal corps.
- 20th—Capt. Thos. H. Lyons, 22d cav.
- 20th—Gen. J. A. Matthews.
- 21st—Major R. B. Petrick, 5th.
- 22d—Capt. L. S. Cantwell, 8th Res.
- 23d—Capt. John S. M'Kiernan, 53d.
- 24th—Capt. E. J. Keanan.
- 25th—Lt. J. A. Dunlang, Knapp's bat.
- 25th—Priv. Christian Miller, 9th.
- 26th—Corp. Thomas Clark, 140th.
- 27th—Capt. W. M'Calland, 1st art.
- 28th—Col. J. B. M'Allister, 17th cav.
- 28th—Lt. Col. W. O. Celt, 86d.

Upon motion the Chair was authorized to appoint a committee to wait upon the Hon. Hiestor Clymer, if in the city, and invite him to address the Convention. The Chair appointed Gen. Sweitzer, Col. Charles Glantz, Lieut. G. R. Clark and Gen. John F. Ballier.

THIRD SESSION.

The Convention re-assembled at 3 o'clock. In the absence of Gen. M'Callness, Gen. M'Callmont took the chair.

Upon the statement that the flag was not displayed from the Capitol, on motion a committee of three were appointed to see the Superintendent of the Public Buildings, and have the flag put up.

The Chair appointed the following: Capt. Bernard Reilly, Capt. Christian and Capt. Ogden.

Captain Brockway was then invited to address the Convention. Beck's band entered at this time, and was greeted with cheers. Capt. Brockway addressed the Convention in an eloquent speech, being loudly applauded.

During the absence of the Committee on Resolutions, the convention was addressed by Lieutenant William A. Albright, of York; Col. Levi Maish, of York; General William H. Miller, of Dauphin; Colonel John P. Linton, of Cambria, and General John B. Sweitzer, of Allegheny.

Their addresses were received with shouts of applause.

The committee appointed to wait on the superintendent of the Capitol to have the stars and stripes raised over the Capitol reported that that gentleman replied he would gladly comply with the wishes of the Convention.

This report was received with cheers. Captain Brockway was followed by General J. S. M'Callmont, who gave the Radicals some severe hits, and closed by urging the soldiers to organize and meet the enemies of the Union at the polls in October next, and give them an overwhelming defeat.

General W. H. Davis, chairman of the Committee, then submitted the following Resolutions.

WHEREAS, The Convention, managed and controlled by politicians, which assembled at Pittsburg on the 6th of June last, pledged the officers, soldiers and seamen of Pennsylvania to the support of the radical and unconstitutional measures of Congress, and as opposed to the just and constitutional restoration policy of President Johnson; And whereas, The members of the said Convention falsely styled themselves "representatives of the soldiers and sailors of Pennsylvania," and presumed to speak for them without authority; And whereas, The proceedings of the said Convention misrepresents the true sentiments of the great mass of the returned soldiers and sailors of this State, and do great injustice to the late defenders of the Constitution and Union; therefore, be it Resolved, That we, authorized representatives of our late companions in arms, do repudiate the proceedings of the Pittsburg Convention of the 6th of June, because they do not represent the true sentiments of the officers, soldiers and seamen of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That we hold the same belief now that we did when we took up arms in 1861, that the war was "a war for the Union," and for no other purpose; that the agreement we made with the Government when we took up arms to defend her against armed rebellion is found in the joint resolution of Congress adopted July 22, 1861, which declares that "this war is not prosecuted on our part in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired." This is the bond many sealed with their lives, and many others signed in blood.

Resolved, That the failure of Congress to carry into effect this joint resolution, after the war is over, and to restore the Union, "with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired," is a gross violation of a solemn compact made with the defenders of the Government at her time of greatest need and peril.

Resolved, That we repudiate the action of the radical Congress, which is an insult to every officer, soldier and seaman who served in the Federal army during the rebellion. Her policy admits that our victories accomplished what the enemy could not—divide the Union—and the fruits of our toll and blood-bought victories turn to ashes in their hands.

Resolved, That we cordially endorse the restoration policy of President Johnson, as announced in his annual, special and veto messages, and as further made known to the country in his treatment of the States lately in rebellion. We believe it to be just and humane, and better adapted than any other known policy to restore those States to their constitutional relations to the Union, and bring renewed peace, happiness and prosperity to the country. It is in keeping with that generous treatment which a magnanimous victor always extends to a brave foe.

Resolved, That the action of Congress in refusing seats to the Senators and members from the South who bear true allegiance to the Constitution and laws, while that body is engaged in changing the fundamental law of the country in its important particulars, is revolutionary in its action, while their course in taxing the South without her consent, strikes at the vital principle of constitutional liberty—that there can be no taxation without representation.

Resolved, That we are opposed to negro suffrage. All legislation that has for its object the raising of the negro to a social or political equality with the white man, is revolutionary in its action, while their course in taxing the South without her consent, strikes at the vital principle of constitutional liberty—that there can be no taxation without representation.

Resolved, That we return thanks to Almighty God in giving victories to the Federal armies over armed insurgents, and we congratulate the country upon a return of peace. It is as much our duty now to use our best endeavors to heal the wounds of the rebellion as it was to take up arms in defence of the Union.

Resolved, That we deny that John W. Geary is the soldiers' candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. He is the choice of the Radicals who are now plotting to destroy the Union we periled our lives to preserve. The man who placed him in nomination, and who are now his most active supporters, repudiate the object of the war by declaring the South out of the Union. By accepting their nomination he assumes their principles, which violate everything he professed to contend for in the field.

Resolved, That we endorse the nomination of the Hon. Hiestor Clymer, (cheers.) Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, because he is a man of integrity and a statesman of experience, and approved the principles we advocate. We call upon our late companions in arms in this State to rally to his support, for his election will be an endorsement of the cause for which we fought

and bled, while his defeat will be a defeat to the cause of the Union.

Resolved, That the Radicals in Congress, professing to speak for the majority of the people, have recently testified their preference for the negro by appropriating money to support him in illness, by the payment to him of a bounty of \$200, and the repudiation of the white soldier and his claims, by the passage of a bounty bill allowing but \$100 to him, without even a provision appropriating money for the payment of the same, thus disregarding his faithful and patriotic services, demonstrates to the country their belief in the assertion that "the negro bears the palm." [Cheers.]

Resolved, That we, the soldiers of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, do return our sincere thanks to the Hon. Charles B. Bucklow and Hon. Edgar Cowan, our representatives in the Senate of the United States, for their noble conduct in sustaining the President's policy of reconstruction. [Cheers.]

The resolutions having been read, were adopted amid great enthusiasm, the Convention refusing to consider them specially.

At this point, Gen. Davis read a letter from Gen. Slocum, endorsing the movement of the Pennsylvania soldiers, that caused the hall to resound with cheer after cheer. When order had been restored, Colonel Barrett moved that a committee of ten be appointed to lay the proceedings of this convention before President Andrew Johnson, and assure him of the support of the soldiers of Pennsylvania.

The motion was carried, and a committee appointed with Colonel Barrett as chairman.

Gen. Davis, of Bucks, offered a resolution returning thanks to different railroad companies for furnishing the delegates with free transportation. Adopted.

Captain Albright, of York, offered the following:

Resolved, (by the Soldiers of Pennsylvania in convention assembled.) That a committee of three be appointed by the President of this Convention to propose to Gen. John W. Geary the following interrogatories:

- 1st. Are you in favor of negro suffrage?
- 2d. Do you endorse the action of Congress in conferring the right of suffrage upon the negroes in the District of Columbia?
- 3d. Are you in favor of the adoption, by the States, of the amendments to the Constitution which recently passed the National Congress?
- 4th. Are you in favor of the immediate admission of Southern Senators and Representatives to seats in Congress who are willing to take the oath?

They were adopted amid deafening cheers.

The reading of the questions was received with cheers and laughter. "That will get him," said one; "How are you, Gen'l?" cried another, and so on, until the Chair succeeded in getting a vote, which was unanimous for the resolutions.

Soldiers' State Committee. It was then moved that a Soldiers' State Committee should be appointed, of which General M'Callness was declared chairman.

Adjournment. The chair then declared the convention adjourned sine die, and requested the delegates to form in line on the green, and march in procession to the hotel at which Mr. Clymer was stopping.

At the Hotel. The procession, headed by General M'Callness, on horseback, soon reached the Breghler House, and filled the broad street in front of it. None of the enthusiasm abated; but, on the contrary, it appeared to be on the increase. Cheers for the different favorites rang loudly on the air, and the demands for Clymer were made in stentorian tones. Finally, that gentleman appeared on the balcony, and was greeted with an ovation. Quiet being restored, Mr. Clymer delivered an appropriate speech; at the conclusion he was followed by Mr. Wallace, whose speech we will publish as soon as we find room.

CONFISCATION.—The imperial government of Mexico has ordered the sequestration of Santa Anna's domains, by decree as follows:

We Maximilian, of Mexico, decree: Article 1. There shall be appointed a receiver to take an inventory of the property which Don Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna possesses within the limits of the empire.

Art. 2. Said receiver shall keep an exact account of the revenues yielded by such property, and shall make deposit of said revenues for safe-keeping, without deducting any sums except such as, with the approbation of this government, shall be allotted to the members of Santa Anna's family actually residing within the territory of the empire.

Art. 3. No contract having relation to the said property shall have the force of law without the written approbation of said receiver.

Our Minister of the Interior is charged with the execution of present decree. Given at the Palace, in Mexico, the 12th of July, 1866.

MAXIMILIAN.

Under the provisions of the new army bill, all enlistments in the regular army must be for five years in the cavalry and three for other branches of the military service.