



GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, July 18, 1866.

Democratic Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR: HIESTER CLYMER, Of Berks county. FOR ASSEMBLY: T. J. McCULLOUGH, of Clearfield. (Subject to the action of the District convention.) FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES: JACOB WILHELM, of Graham. SAMUEL CLYDE, of Lawrence. FOR COMMISSIONER: HENRY STONE, of Clearfield. FOR AUDITOR: JOHN A. I. FLEGAL, of Goshen.

THE TICKET.—We place at our most head, this week, the ticket selected by the Democracy of this county at the primary election, on Saturday last. The gentlemen chosen as the standard bearers in October, are all true Union men—Democrats in thought, word and deed—and all possess the requirements necessary to a proper discharge of their respective duties. We will refer to this subject, at length, in the future.

The Infamous Forney.

This vile creature has lately written one of the vilest and most malignant letters to President Johnson, that has ever appeared in print, because the President refused to appoint a renegade named Walbridge Collector of the Port of New York. Soon after Collector King committed suicide, he posted over to New York, and found that this man would give him half the proceeds of the office if he was appointed. The following is a copy of a love letter to the President, soliciting this appointment. Mr. Johnson not complying with his request he, as with Mr. Buchanan, turned to slandering him, because the "government" refuses to be made a tool, for Forney's special use. Read the beggar's letter:

"New York, Jan. 2, 1866. MY DEAR MR. PRESIDENT.—I have been in this city for two days, and now write under an impulse which I cannot restrain, and I feel it to be for your own good and that of the country. I take it for granted that you are resolved not to be unkind to your own friends, and that you will not allow your friends, who heartily sustain your policy to feel that they are without your aid and encouragement, whether you are a candidate for President or not, and if you are not I shall be greatly surprised. With the wonderful favor that has crowned your restoration policy you should not allow the great office to go to indifferent men, or those clearly in the interest of your foes. I need not repeat to you that I am now, as ever for twenty years, as shown in my writings, and since your great and noble deed in 1850 especially, a true and ardent friend. Where I am to-day my two newspapers both daily show to the world. Hence, in what I now say I speak no idle words, but mean all I say. The Collector's Office at New York City is a post that you should dispose of outside of all the politicians; not that I mean to defy them, but to select your own man, who should be free only to help you and serve the Government—such a man they could neither attack nor use. Such a man is of this city.

"He was elected to Congress in 18— as a Democrat, but, like you, refused to follow the party in treason. He served a short time with great distinction, and resigned on account of ill health. He was a member of the Committee of Ways and Means, and won great applause. He is a very able man, educated to finance, intensely national, honest and independent, and could furnish millions of security. He has an organizing mind, would make you a party, or would fight your battle single handed. He is an ardent friend of the Democrat, and I write in the knowledge that he would accept, and that his appointment would be received with joy by this whole community. Yours truly, J. W. FORNEY.

"To the President, &c." Had the President appointed Forney's creature, the "government" would be vehemently supported by him, and the columns of the Press would teem with eulogistic praise, and the "bread-and-butter brigade" and "Johnson treason" would not be heard of. Forney undertook to treat President Johnson as he did "honest old Abe," demand and get everything he wanted—but he has found a statesman in the place formerly occupied by the jester; hence his rage. The "loyal" papers that used to call it treason to abuse the President, now make merry over the meanest things that can be said of that officer, by the meanest man too.

WHERE HE OUGHT TO BE.—The Hon. C. V. Culver, M. C., is now in jail at Franklin, instead of his cushioned chair at Washington, with Stevens & Co. This is a bad place for a "loyal" Congressman. If this man does not spend the next ten years in a penitentiary, the law of frauds may as well be wiped out.

HIGHLY HONORED.—A Vienna correspondent of the New York Citizen says, that Gen. McClellan is the only foreign military officer of any note who is allowed free access to the Austrian military headquarters.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE. Who are for the the Union?

On the 7th day of January, 1864, Mr. Rogers, Democrat, of New Jersey, in the House of Representatives of the United States, offered resolutions, declaring that a State or States, "when ever they shall desire to return to the Union, and obey the Constitution of the United States and laws made in pursuance thereof, have a right to come back, their laws and acts of secession being unconstitutional and void; that we are for the most united, determined, and vigorous prosecution of the war, for the purpose of enforcing the Constitution of the United States and a restoration of the Union under the Constitution."

Mr. Stevens (disunionist) moved that the series of resolutions be laid upon the table; which motion was carried, by a vote of seventy-eight disunionists—all Republicans—to forty-two Unionists—all Democrats.

What does this vote mean? What does it assert? It means that the Republicans in Congress, and the radical portion of the constituency they represent, were in 1864, as they are in 1866, and will ever be, opposed to the return of any of the rebellious States to the Union, no matter how submissive and repentant they may be; it asserts, that they (the rebellious States) have no right to come back, although we lavished millions of treasure and piled up whole hecatombs of lives to compel them to come back; it defends a war, which, by their votes, they declared should not be prosecuted for the enforcement of the Constitution and the restoration of the Union. In a word, this vote of the Republican party in Congress, proves them to be secessionists, disunionists and traitors.

What else does this vote mean, assert and defend? It means, that the Democrats in Congress, and the conservative constituencies they represent, were in 1864, as they are in 1866, in favor of the return to the Union of all the States who obey the Constitution and the laws; it asserts, that this submission being shown, they have a right to come back; and it defends the war, as one which was carried on for the sole purpose of bringing these States back, under the Constitution, the Union and the laws.

The Republican disunionists say they shall not come back; the Democratic Unionists say they shall come back. GEARY represents the Republican disunionists; CLYMER represents the Democratic Unionists. GEARY represents Stevens, Sumner and the "boys in black;" CLYMER represents Johnson, Cowan and the "boys in blue." Stevens, Sumner and the "boys in black" are disunionists—so is GEARY; Johnson, Cowan and the "boys in blue" are Unionists—so is CLYMER. VOTE FOR CLYMER!

Returning to the Dark Ages. Forney—speaking for his disunion Radical confederates—tells us that without the adoption of the proposed amendments to the Constitution the Civil Rights Bill—which secures to the Negro equal rights with the white race—will be a dead letter, a mere nullity—as every judge who has yet pronounced upon it has declared it to be unconstitutional. This is an important admission, and men of sense should not fail to make a note of it. It is nothing more nor less than a confession that they propose to reverse the order of human government. All wise statesmen, after devising a Constitution—an Organic Law—require all their subsequent laws and statutes to conform thereto. Those that conflict with that instrument are either repealed, or treated as dead letters. But the disunionists of our day propose to reverse this order, and first pass laws to suit the mad and transient passions of the hour, and then change the Constitution to conform thereto. This is their proposition. Nothing more—nothing less. Is this statesmanship? Yea, is it not disgraceful to our age and civilization? How much better would it be to follow in the footsteps of our forefathers, and after having established a Constitution—an Organic Law—require all subsequent laws and statutes to conform thereto? This is what all wise statesmen, in all civilized nations, in all ages, have done. The idea of changing an organic law to suit every transitory political excitement might do for the untutored savage, but for our boasted civilization it is disgraceful.

WHO ARE THE DISUNIONISTS? The Damning Record.

On the 14th day of December, 1863, in the House of Representatives at Washington, Mr. Holman, of Indiana, a Democrat, offered a series of resolutions declaring "that the States in rebellion are not out of the Union, and should not be held as Territories and subjugated provinces; that the only condition to proper relations should be unconditional submission to the Constitution and laws of the United States, and that when this is accomplished, the war ought to cease."

Thaddeus Stevens (disunionist) moved to lay the resolutions on the table; which motion was carried, by a vote of eighty-eight disunionists—all Republicans—to sixty-six Unionists—nearly all Democrats.

The vote on this resolution establishes beyond all cavil and dispute, that the Democracy are not only the true friends of the Union, but that they endeavored to preserve inviolate, the faith of the nation as pledged by the Crittenden resolution; while the Republicans are the bitter and unrelenting foes of the Union, who recklessly violated a pledge, given with a unanimity that should have sanctified it against infringement.

White men of Pennsylvania, remember this record; read it to your neighbors; post it, in printed placards, in public places, where it can be seen and read by all men!

EIGHTY-EIGHT REPUBLICANS voted that the States in rebellion were out of the Union.

SIXTY-SIX DEMOCRATS voted that they were not out of the Union.

EIGHTY-EIGHT REPUBLICANS voted that the rebellious States should be Territories or subjugated provinces.

SIXTY-SIX DEMOCRATS voted that they should have all their rights, unimpaired, by unconditionally submitting to the Constitution and laws of the United States.

EIGHTY-EIGHT REPUBLICANS wanted the dismembered Union of Sumner, Stevens and Geary.

SIXTY-SIX DEMOCRATS wanted the unbroken Union of Washington, Johnson and Clymer.

EIGHTY-EIGHT REPUBLICANS violated their oaths of office, by acknowledging secession as a "fixed fact," and changing the war for the Union into a crusade for the subjugation and annihilation of the States.

SIXTY-SIX DEMOCRATS preserved their oaths unbroken, by repudiating the heresy of secession, and demanding that the flag that "bore on its azure field a star for every State, should also have a State for every star."

These eighty-eight Republicans are for GEARY and DISUNION.

These sixty-six Democrats are for CLYMER and the UNION.

So we Go.—A mysterious murder case is being "worked up" in Warsaw, Jefferson county. A man named Marchand has been missing since last October. The neighbors are now pretty well satisfied that he has been murdered, and buried up in an old stable. The wife, and a man named Boardman, soon after left for New York. Circumstances point strongly to them as the perpetrators of the foul deed. A kind of a shooting-match was had near Bellefonte some time ago, by some rowdies, in which a constable was killed, and the party arrested in this county, last week, for committing the deed, and was taken back, after first being shot through the shoulder. It is peculiar that these horrible deeds should be committed all around and among us, while the country is governed by a party controlled by "grand moral ideas." None but philosophers seem to understand this mysterious phenomena.

A GOOD TICKET.—The Democracy of Jefferson county have nominated Wm. P. Jenks, Esq., for Assembly; Capt. J. M. Steck, for Prothonotary; N. Carrier, jr., for Sheriff; J. A. Minish, for Commissioner, and Robert Dougherty, for Auditor. With Mr. Jenks and Mr. Steck, we are personally acquainted, and without any disparagement to their competitors, we unhesitatingly say that they have no men in the county better qualified to discharge the duties incumbent upon them, than those two gentlemen. The balance of the ticket, we presume, is of this class of Democrats. The Congressional Conferees are Dr. D. A. Elliott, L. A. Grunder and Edmund English, Esqs.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION, 1866—OFFICIAL VOTE.

Table with columns: ASSEMBLY, ASSOCIATE JUDGES, COMMISSIONER, DISTRICTS. Lists names and vote counts for various districts and offices.

COUNTY AUDITOR.—John A. I. Flegal received 1,235 votes in the county for Auditor. He had no opposition.

RESIGNED.—Hon. W. L. Dennison, the Post Master General, has resigned his place in the Cabinet of President Johnson. Ex-Gov. Randall of Wisconsin, has been appointed in his place. The reason he assigns for this act, is that he thinks more of Thad. Stevens & Co., than he does of the President—loves the negro more "than the best government ever devised by man." We hope that Speed, Harlan and Stanton will soon follow his example. These "traitors" should all be cleaned out of the Government Departments, as they are constantly furnishing information to the enemy.

A RELIC.—George F. Robinson, who happened to be in Mr. Seward's room the night Payne attempted to assassinate him, has had the knife used on the occasion, assigned to him for preservation, by the order of Holt and Stanton. The names of those two Haynaws will figure as prominently in the future history of our country, and be treated with as much contempt, as Payne's knife.

Hon. Fitz Henry Warren, Assistant P. M. General during Taylor's administration, has announced himself as an independent candidate for Congress, in the 1st District of Iowa, on the Johnson Union platform. This bare announcement has caused "loyalty," in that State, to flutter like wounded doves.

THE PATRIOTIC EXAMPLE OF THE ODD FELLOWS.—We referred yesterday, in illustration of the propriety and necessity of the National Convention of Conservatives, called to be held in Philadelphia, in August next, to the examples of national and brotherly feeling displayed since the war by the people generally through such agencies as have been available. The prompt reunion among the benevolent associations, whose organizations embrace the area of the whole republic, was one of the brightest instances in this regard which history affords. The great assemblage of the Independent Order of Odd-Fellows in this city, now nearly a year ago, when was summoned up from the States of the South the brethren so long absent by reason of the hostilities of the sections, their cordial and generous reception, the liberality of their treatment and salutary and wholesome effects, socially, commercially, morally and politically, is an event too good and glorious soon to be forgotten. Since that time the work then so well begun has not gone backward here in Maryland. But how is it with the country at large? Though the spirit and acts of the congressional representation at Washington would imply differently, we are fain to believe that the same is the case among people everywhere; and this now proposed national convention, bringing together again representatives from the North and the South, the East and the West, affords the needed opportunity for its full and complete demonstration, to the whole advantage, politically and materially, of a reunited nation.—Baltimore Sun.

Another "loyal" fellow, George N. Carleton, it seems, has left the Government Treasury minus about half a million dollars, as special agent and acting surveyor of customs at Memphis, Tennessee.

Table with columns: CAPITAL STOCK, NOTES IN CIRCULATION, DUE TO BANKS AND BANKERS, DIVIDENDS UNPAID, SURPLUS FUND, INTEREST & EXCHANGE.

I hereby certify that the above statement is a true copy of the original sent to the Comptroller of the Currency, Wm. V. BRIDGHT, July 15, 1866.—H. Cashier.

THE EAGLE HOTEL, CURWENSVILLE, PA.

L. W. TEN EYCK, PROPRIETOR.

THE undersigned, having become proprietor of the above hotel, wishes to give notice to the citizens of this county, as well as to the travelling public, that the house has been repaired and refurnished for the entertainment of his guests. His table will be furnished with everything the market affords. At his bar will be found the best brands of all kinds of liquors. GOOD STABLE attached, and none but careful hostlers employed.

REMINGTON & SONS, REVOLVERS, RIFLES, MUSKETS AND CARBINES.

Manufacturers of REVOLVERS, RIFLES, MUSKETS AND CARBINES. For the United States Service. Also, Pocket and Belt Revolvers, Repeating Pistols, Rifle Cannons, Revolving Rifles, Rifle and Shot Gun barrels, and gun materials generally. Sold by Gun Dealers and the trade generally.

REMINGTON'S REVOLVERS.

Circulars, containing cuts and description of our arms will be furnished upon application. E. REMINGTON & SONS, Hilo, New York. HOORE & NICIOLIS, Agents, No. 40, Courtland street, New York.

DRESSMAKING, ETC.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Parisian DRESSES & CLOAK Making. Ladies can have their Dresses, Suits, Coats and Basquines handsomely made and trimmed, at the shortest notice, at the old-established stand, 1831 Chestnut street. Fancy and plain Fashions, Mantilla trims, Dress and cloak buttons, Ribbons, Gloves and Garters, Lace, Bugle and Gimp Dress Trimmings, with a large variety of Staple and Fancy Goods, from 25 to 50 per cent less than elsewhere. Also, receiving daily, Paris Fashions in tissue paper, for Ladies and Children's Dresses. Sets of Patterns for Merchants and Dressmakers now ready, at Mrs. M. A. BINDER'S, 174-2nd 10th Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

NOTICE.—HAVING PURCHASED THE following property at Sheriff's sale, as the property of David Michael, and left the same in his possession, subject to my order, viz: one bedstead, one stand, one brass kettle, one bed cord, one coffee mill, one box and sundries, one feather bed, one do, do, one bed quilt, one do, do, two pillows, one box containing two brace bits, 5 sleigh bells, one straw bed, I warn all persons from purchasing or meddling with the same.

To Discharged Soldiers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons who are entitled to exemption under the late act of Assembly, and have failed to present their discharge papers at this office, will please attend to this duty on or before the 25th day of August next, as the Commissioners are determined to close out the Collectors' accounts by the 1st day of September next. Those failing to respond will be compelled to bear the penalty incurred by neglecting this notice.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, CLEARFIELD, PA., July 11, 1866.

CLEARFIELD ACADEMY.—The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on Monday, the 10th day of September, A. D. 1866.

Pupils can enter at any time. They will be charged with tuition from the time they enter to the close of the Session.

TERMS OF TUITION.

Orthography, Reading, Writing, and Primary Arithmetic, per Session (11 weeks) — \$3 00 Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, and History — \$6 00 Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Mensuration, Surveying, Philosophy, Physiology, Chemistry, Book Keeping, Botany and Physical Geography — \$9 00 Latin and Greek, with any of the above Branches — \$12 00

CRASS SCYTHES, Patent Snaths, Sythe Stoves, Rakes and Forks, for sale at J. P. KRATZER'S.

SPANISH SOLE LEATHER, French Calf Skins, Morocco, Linings, Bindings, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

CARRIAGE WHIP, Wagon Whip, Riding Whips, Rawhides, Lashes, &c., in great variety, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

LADIES' GLOVE KID GAITERS, Baltimore, kid, velvet and lacing Slippers, children's fancy Shoes, men's Walking Shoes, fine Boots, Gaiters and Brogans, cheap, at J. P. KRATZER'S.

Pure Liberty White Lead.—The Whitest, the most durable and the most economical. Try it! Manufactured only by ZIEGLER & SMITH, Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers, No. 137 North Third St., Phila., March 21, 1866. J. P. KRATZER.

Flour and Feed.—Extra Family Flour, Bolted Corn Meal, Rye Chop, &c., for sale by J. P. KRATZER.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE COUNTY National Bank of Clearfield, Pa.

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