



GEORGE B. GOODLANDER, Editor.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1866

FOR GOVERNOR HESTER CLYMER, OF BERKS COUNTY.

Mean Men.

The world has been greatly annoyed by this class of creatures. But it seems that the present generation is compelled to harbor the meanest, and most degraded, of all mean things, and that too, in the shape of two creatures, who now hold the place, and draw the pay of United States Senators. We refer to Lot M. Morrill, of Maine, and William M. Stewart, of Nevada. The former had paired off with a sick colleague, upon the question of ousting a Democratic member—Mr. Stockton—from his seat; but learning that the sick man, was unable to leave his bed, he gave notice that he would vote against every precedent that had ever been established in a Legislative body—and did vote. The latter, absented himself from the Chamber, until after the vote was taken, knowing full well that if he remained in the hall, his conscience would compel him to vote in accordance with his oath. The treachery and depravity of those two loyal gentlemen (?) has resulted in turning a Senator out of his seat, who was just as legally elected, as any member of that body. They must belong to the class that "Wear friendship's mask for purposes of spite, Fawn in the day, and butcher in the night."

BANK SUSPENSION.—The failure of the extensive bankers, Culver, Penn & Co., of New York, sets hard on the oily banks. The notes of the following Pennsylvania banks, have been thrown out in the commercial cities: Petroleum Bank, at Titusville; Venango county Bank, at Franklin; First National Bank, at Corry; Lawrence county Bank, at Newcastle; Crawford county Bank, at Meadville; Oil City Bank; Tioga county Bank, at Wellsboro; First National Bank, at Plummer; and the paper of A. D. Colton & Co., of Petroleum Centre. For the present, the notes and drafts of all these institutions are discredited, though like the story of all broken concerns, their friends allege all will be right soon. Mr. Culver, who owns a large amount of stock in most of those concerns, is the present member of Congress, from the Oil district, and to him is attributed the failure, because of unfortunate speculations.

RECONSTRUCTION.—We observe by the New York papers that Christopher R. Robert, Esq., of that city, has purchased the battlefields of Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge, comprising about 2000 acres, for which he has paid \$150,000, with the intention of erecting a College on the former and a Seminary on the latter, for the education of white children of the South. He has in addition purchased all the government buildings on Missionary Ridge, and intends by the 15th of May next, to be able to accommodate 500 scholars. This is quite a different mode of reconstructing the Union from that pursued by our Northern dis-Unionists.

KILLED BY HIS OWN GUN.—The Rev. Mr. Danks, a member of the Legislature, from Lancaster county, stated, in speaking of Constitutional amendments, treason, traitors, and loyal niggers; that treason was a crime that should never be forgiven, and that neither Congress nor the President, had the right to pardon traitors. Reader, this man like Judas Iscariot, also, betrayed his Divine Master. Instead of working for Him with whom he hired, he has forsaken Him, and turns up at Harrisburg slandering his neighbor, and denouncing the "government." A fit subject, to denounce treason and traitors.

WHITE men recollect, that Gen. Geary, was nominated by the dis-Union cabal, controlled by Stevens Forney & Co., and like them, is opposed to the "government," and in favor of the social and political equality of the negro, and must all will do all, he can, should be elected Governor, to have the word white, stricken out of the Constitution.

A BOLD CHARGE.—The editor of the Pittsburgh Dispatch, not having the fear of the Legislature before his eyes, has actually went so far, as to charge corruption upon the Committee on "Vice and Immorality," which is chiefly composed of ex-Rev. individuals, of intense loyalty. To settle this question, the Rev. Danks, one of the members of the Committee, has had a special committee appointed to investigate the charges of corruption. This is all humbug. There are no three men in that body, outside of the Rev. politicians, who are well enough schooled, in total depravity, to discover anything corrupt against that committee. A clergyman who forsakes his ordination vows for pelf, and turns up in the House of Representatives, is a little too sharp to be caught in his own trap, or that of an investigating committee.

FORNEY ON HIS THIRD HEAT.—This political paricide, is now engaged on his third job. He fawned and betrayed President Pierce; he fawned and betrayed President Buchanan; he fawned and has likewise betrayed President Johnson. Like all criminals, in this third and last act, he appears on the stage, much heavier mailed, than on former occasions, besides his experience and adaptiveness for such work, he has the Philadelphia Press and the Chronicle, with all the modern loyal improvements, added; through which he retails his venom and treachery, to a hungry public. He has but one thing to do yet; by which he can prove to the world that he has been honest in that which appears to his fellow man, like knavery and the basest ingratitude—go and hang himself.

SOMEBODY NEEDS HANGING.—A double-leaded editorial, appeared last week in the Reconstructionist, a paper published at Washington, by that he woman, Jane Swisshelm, charging President Johnson with complicity in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, and otherwise slandering the "government" most outrageously. We wonder what has become of the Abolition mobs, that used to squelch Copperheads and dis-loyalty generally, about this time last year. Where's the "divine" Stanton? and that other just and God-fearing man—Holt? It seems as though loyalty had fled from the National Capital.

A RESULT.—A loyal nigger in the town of Paris, Ky., on Wednesday last, committed a rape on a white child only 10 years old, of which she died the same day. The white people assembled around the Jail, and ordered the Sheriff to let him out, or have the building torn down. The officer refused, but the doors were soon battered down, the loyalist brought forth, and fastened to a limb of the first tree, where he hung for two days, in the public street. This is some of the fruits of the doctrine of the political and social equality of the two races, and taught by our member of Congress and his allies.

READ THIS.—As a specimen of literary loyalty, produced under the influence of "grand moral ideas," we clip the following from the New York correspondent of the Philad'a. Press: "The thieves of our Eighth and Fourteenth wards have been missing a week or longer, and our detective policemen wondered where they were until yesterday, when it was ascertained that they had gone to Connecticut to aid in the election of English. Their high priests have been engaged by the Connecticut Democracy to do the spouting, and the small fry are to circulate among the crowds and attend to that branch of Democratic canvassing which is popularly known as pocket picking. The fag-ends of the crowd, having been unable to get money enough to carry them into Connecticut, are here, busily hurrahing for Andrew Johnson, the modern Moses."

IT IS truly remarkable to see how "loyalty" has become the enemy of the "government." A GOOD ACT.—We observe that Mr. Wallace, on Thursday last, had a bill passed through the Senate, and will most likely pass the House; appropriating \$10,000, for the purpose of removing natural obstructions, and improving the channel of the West Branch, above the mouth of Sinnemahoning creek. The commissioners named in the bill, to superintend the work, are James B. Graham, John McHaffey and William Powell; gentlemen who possess the practical knowledge and energy to do this necessary, and long needed work.

The election for Governor and other State officers was held in Connecticut, on Monday last, but nothing has been received to indicate the result.

The Veto and its Consequences.—The brief period of suspension which intervenes before the final trial of strength between the President and Congress is fraught with momentous consequences. If it shall turn out that the veto can be overruled, the same majority of two thirds by which this is done will suffice to depose the President from his office by impeachment. No one cognizant of the infuriated and vindictive temper of the radicals can doubt the use they would make of this power, if they should find they possessed it. Mr. Johnson's right to his office would not weigh with them a feather. Of what avail is the right of the eleven unrepresented States? or the right of Senator Stockton to his seat? or the right of Mr. Voorhees, who has been, or of Mr. Brooks, who is about to be turned out of the House? The radicals will prostrate all obstacles which lie in their path, if they possess the power.

The ominous bill which precedes final action on the veto will not be a season of inactivity. The death of Senator Foot affords a pretext for delay. Behind the respectful deencies of senatorial sorrow the utmost exertions will be made, by the enemies of the President, to rally all their forces. They will not permit the vote to be taken until the successors of the deposed Senator Stockton and the deposed Senator Foot make their appearance in the Senate. The Legislature of Vermont is not in session, and the new Senator from that State will be a temporary appointee of the Governor. Mr. Sumner, who announced Senator Foot's decease and moved thereupon an adjournment of the Senate yesterday, had already, we cannot doubt, telegraphed to Governor Dillingham, urging the prompt appointment of a thick-and-thin radical.

The New Jersey Legislature is in session the republicans having a majority. They will probably elect Mr. Stockton's successor to day, unless the competing claims of rival candidates shall embarrass their choice. The votes of the new Senators will be balanced by those of Mr. Dixon and Mr. Wright, if the health of the latter permits them to be present; and the crisis is so important that they will, if necessary, be carried in on couches. The possibility of their presence will cause the radicals to stare off the vote until the new Senators arrive in Washington. They would otherwise lose the fruit of their injustice to Mr. Stockton.

Conservative Senators who voted for the civil rights bill on its passage, but who yet do not think it worth a revolution and a new war, should weigh well the consequence of a defeat of the veto. Are they willing to encourage the radicals in their hope of impeachment and deposing the President? Will they lend themselves to unsettling the public mind, undoing the nearly completed work of reconstruction, and throwing the country back into a more dangerous state than ensued on the assassination of President Lincoln? The country needs tranquility; but a triumph over the President, and a demolition of the reconstructed State governments, would set the public mind all agog. It would kindle a conflagration enveloping the whole country from Passamaquoddy bay to the Rio Grande.

While twenty-two Senators having a clear right to seats are excluded, the President might fairly question the competency of the court.—That he has a majority of the people—meaning thereby the people of the whole country—on his side, there can be no doubt; and he would therefore be supported by a preponderance of physical force. To arrest a conflict of this portentous character, now apparently near, is the duty of those conservative Senators who are not willing to see the constitution overturned, the President deposed and the country plunged into the horrors of another desolating civil war. On them it depends whether the approaching wave shall pass safely under the ship, or dash it upon rocks which will terribly test its strength.

ARE THEY ALL TRAITORS?—The late Republican State convention fully and emphatically endorsed the Congressional course of Thad Stevens. Now, as President Johnson has declared Thad Stevens to be a traitor, it follows that every delegate in the Republican convention, as well as every man in the State who approves the proceedings thereof, must be engaged in the work of treason. There is no way to escape from this conclusion—although all who support the renegade candidate of the Thad Stevens party, solemnly aver that those who advocate a certain line policy are Traitors. Then, look at the proceeding of the 7th of March State convention, and you will discover who the President means.

The out-spoken, unselfish, untimidated Republican journals are very severe on President Johnson. One of them, published in Kansas, terms the President a "crazy inebriate," who "has gone over to the embrace of treason." Another expresses the opinion that he was "engaged in the plot to assassinate Lincoln." As the President is reported to regard all such ebullitions with the utmost unconcern, it is not probable that he can thus be diverted from the path of duty he has marked out. It is encouraging to believe that we now have a President who has some regard for his oath of office.—Crawford Democrat.

Examine the Treasurer's tax list on the fourth page.

Address of the Democratic State Central Committee. STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS, 1 HARRISBURG, MAR. 27, 1866 To the People of Pennsylvania:

A civic contest, laden with grave results, has just been entered upon. The great political organizations of the State have announced their platforms and presented to you their candidates. The Democracy distinctly avow their purpose to restore the Union and to maintain the superiority of the white man. Their opponents refuse to restore the Union, treat with silent contempt the policy of the President, and again attempt to deceive you in regard to negro suffrage. The restoration of the Union is an issue embracing and overshadowing all other. If it be postponed, and agitation continued, you will deny that the war was "a war for the Union;" you will shake your form of government to its very base, jeopardize the security of your National debt, incur the hazard of financial revulsion, fetter the development of your industrial resources, make a desert of the fairest portion of the Republic and aid in elevating the negro at the expense of the white man. The period of reaction is often fatal to free institutions than the severest throes of civil warfare, and radical disunionists seize that hour to consolidate your Government by amending the Constitution and to perpetuate their power through the political equality of the negro. Pro-Longed agitation or prompt restoration are the alternatives presented.

Men of the Keystone: Look back upon your history, and in the light of that retrospect determine whether you will be led to your ruin by a reckless disturber of the peace of your Commonwealth, or will follow the President by the paths of the Constitution to the haven of peace, order and security. The Democracy present to you, with pride, their candidate for Governor: a Pennsylvanian by birth; of revolutionary family; pure, honest, capable; possessed of large experience, and gifted with the rarest qualities of the head and of the heart; no man need blush to follow when HESTER CLYMER leads the way.

ALL IS WILL; YOUR CANDIDATE WILL BE SUSTAINED; TRIFLING PERSONALITIES GIVE WAY BEFORE THE ONWARD MARCH OF GREAT PRINCIPLES. BE ASSURED OF SUCCESS, AND LABOR TO DESERVE IT. By order of the Democratic State Central Committee, WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Chairman.

The Peace Society Again.—The Hub of the Universe is getting around to its normal position rapidly. The canting Puritans of that blessed city have ravished the Peace Society. Before the war, Charles Sumner used to read his scrap books before it, and quote Latin and Greek to the perfect dismay of college tutors. Greeley used to whine before it on the wrong of taking human life, and a whole bevy of female-men in bloomers raised their cracked and squeaky voices in condemnation of the art of war. That, however, was when these people thought that they might one day desire to secede from a Union that was "a covenant with death and an agreement with hell." The good luck of having an Administration on their side, had not entered their heads, but no sooner did they find the government in their hands, than, whew! away went the Peace Society. Its meetings were discontinued and its archives buried. Every one of its members became a ranting, roaring, bloodthirsty monster. They not only desired to murder and hang everybody down South, but they regarded it as a Christian duty to do so. Indeed, this amiable disposition was not confined to the South, but everybody at the North who dared to differ from them, was held to be equally worthy of death. Lately, however, a change has come over the spirit of these Abolition saints. They fear that the administration is slipping out of their hands! And lo! how soon a change comes over the spirit of their dreams. They now roar as gently as any sucking dove. They begin to see beauties in the white winged messenger of Peace. The fiery son of Mars is no longer a pleasure to their eyes. Sumner will soon be making his frothy speeches before it. He will leave off rummaging the Greek and Roman bard for war-like quotations, and betake himself to the study of the Quaker poets. Greeley will be again calling our soldiers "Uncle Sam's journeyman throat cutters," as he did in days of yore, and soon the eternal fitness of things will be again adjusted. We see every day signs of hope for our country. Wendell Phillips denouncing the Union, and a Peace Society in Boston, sound like old times. Now let Garrison ring out his old slogan, "Down with the American Union—it is a lie," and the picture will be complete.—Day Book.

IN HASTE.—The Central Directory, at Washington, in one hour after they had turned Senator Stockton, out of his seat, telegraphed to the Legislature of New Jersey, ordering that body to elect a Senator at once, and that a radical too. The body of Senator Foot, was not cold, when Charles Sumner telegraphed the Governor of Vermont, to appoint a Senator at once, "so that he can be here by Monday, 2d.

RESIGNED.—Hon. Hester Clymer, the Democratic nominee for Governor, has resigned his seat, as Senator. We wonder how soon the disunionist candidate, Geary, will throw up his commission, as Maj. Gen. of the Shoddy army, now in the field in this state, and warring against the Union.

NEWS ITEMS.

General Pemberton, who commanded at Vicksburg, has bought a farm in Virginia, and is cultivating it.

A bill to prevent the spread of the cattle plague has passed the British Parliament.—E. We hope it will be more successful than the cattle doctors have been.

Generals Sherman and Grant are called "makers of history." In view of the fact that Gen. Geary was his own correspondent can't he be called a history maker too?

A despatch to the Chicago Times states that an order received from St. Louis takes away War Department advertising from all papers in that city that have been abusing the President.

The vicinity of Sullivan, Moultrie county Illinois, was visited by a terrific tornado on the 26th inst., causing great destruction to property. Twenty houses were entirely demolished, and several persons injured.

The sale of twenty-five thousand gallons of confiscated whiskey at New York by the government has been postponed till next week.

A Philadelphia writer says that Mr. Jay Cooke's new house "will contain fifty bed chambers, a chapel, a gymnasium, a library and all the accessories to the palatial home of a Christian banker."

Christina Berger, the murderer of Miss Anna Watts, who was to be executed in Philadelphia on the 27th of April, was found dead in his cell on the morning of the 30th ult. It is supposed to be apoplexy.

There are now in Boston four murderers awaiting punishment. They are Green, the Malden murderer; Scratch Gravel, the murderer of the Joyce children; Moran, the murderer of Miss Kearney, and Gallagher, who shot a man on the street lately. This is where loyalty and Puritanism go hand in hand, governed by "grand moral ideas."

"GEARY PHOTOGRAPHER."—Little urchins are constantly running around the Legislative Halls at Harrisburg endeavoring to sell photographic likenesses of General Geary. They represent the General bare-headed, in full uniform, and with a fierce pair of black whiskers. The market is rather dull, with a downward tendency, at twenty-five cents per head.

GENERAL CONFERENCE.—The General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, composed of delegates from all the annual conferences of the entire church, will meet in New Orleans to day. The General Assembly has tendered the Legislative Hall for the use of the conference. Nearly two hundred ministers will be present from every section of the South, and the session will probably continue one month.

A HONORABLE RECORD.—The Stocktons of New Jersey, with one of whom the radical majority of the Senate have been trifling for some days past, have a record which their constituents will remember with honor when the excitement of the present day passes away. Richard Stockton, the son, was a United States Senator while Washington lived. Robert F. Stockton, the grandson, also was a Senator, and now the great grandson, who succeeded to this inheritance of honor, has been expelled for party reasons by a despotic majority of the Senate.—New York Express.

The jail at Port Tobacco, Maryland, was burned on the night of the 18th ult. Two negroes who have fled, are supposed to have committed the deed.

READER, BEAR IN MIND, that every dis-unionist and "traitor," in the state, is the open advocate of John W. Geary, and those arch enemies of the Government, Stevens, Kelly, Forney & Co., have him under perfect control.

A "LOYAL" DECISION.—The negro advocates in Wisconsin, not satisfied with the vote taken in that State last fall, upon the question of black suffrage, which the people voted down by over 10,000 majority, have now extorted a decision out of the Abolition Supreme Court, to the effect that negroes have the right to vote in that State, under a law passed as far back as 1849. If there is such a law, it is remarkable that the courts were so long finding it out.

ANOTHER VETO.—The "government" has vetoed the Negro Civil Rights Bill. This bill is more outrageous, in its design than the Negro Bureau bill was, and if it meets with the same fate in the Senate, the country will have gained a great victory over its enemies, who now occupy and control the halls of Congress in the guise of friends, and Pharisee like, assume to be the especial friends of the Union, while every breath that permeates their nostrils, is impregnated with treason. We will publish the message in full next week.

RESIGNED.—Hon. Hester Clymer, the Democratic nominee for Governor, has resigned his seat, as Senator. We wonder how soon the disunionist candidate, Geary, will throw up his commission, as Maj. Gen. of the Shoddy army, now in the field in this state, and warring against the Union.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.—The "Western Hotel," formerly, Kyrtown, Clearfield county Pa. This hotel, well established and favorably known, is now offered for sale. It is one of the best locations in the County, and affords inducements for any person wishing to engage in that business. There is about ONE Acre land attached to the house, upon which is erected a large frame Stable and all necessary buildings for an establishment of this kind, together with a commodious two story Store House, finished and in good repair. Immediate possession given. For price and terms of Sale, apply to address J. BLAKE WALTERS, April 4th, 1866. Clearfield, Penn'a.

Agents Wanted!—\$175 per month. See thing entirely new. The Photograph Co. and Family Record. This is a great opportunity for enterprising persons of energy to make money. It is an article of which the public has felt the need. It retails at a low price, and beauty and utility is universally acknowledged. The success which has attended its sale warrants the assurance that you can be sold to almost every family. We are prepared to show that we have agents who are clearing \$175 every month. Address for Circulars and Terms. RAYMOND & CO., Manufacturers, April 4th, 1866. 614 Chestnut St., Phila.

Wanted, Agents—\$75 to \$200 per month for Gentlemen, and \$25 to \$75 for Ladies everywhere, to introduce the Common Sewing Machine, improved and perfected. It will sew, felt, stitch, quilt, blind, brae and embroider beautifully. Price only \$43 making the elastic lock stitch, and fully warranted for three years. We pay the above wages on a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Address or call on C. Bowers & Co. Office, No. 225 E. Fifth St., Philadelphia, Penn'a. All letters answered promptly, with circulars and terms. April 4th 1866-1mo.

Canvassers Wanted, at \$200 per month. We want reliable agents (none other) male and female to take the exclusive agency in every county and township in the United States, to sell the Photograph Family Record, a work which every family will buy. It is bound like an album but has a printed blank page opposite each Photograph, for a complete record of the husband, wife and children, each with a photograph, containing marriage certificate, and pages for military history of any member of the family. Nothing like it ever published and no work that agents can sell so readily. Old canvassers and others should send for circulars and terms. It is necessary to have copies of the work to carry with you. Price by express \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 styles; money will be sent by mail. Name the townships wanted. Address BARTLESON & Co. April 4th, 1866-1mo. 611 Chestnut St., Phil'a.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Berks county, Penn'a. and Clearfield county Penn'a. the following Real Estate, on the Moshannon Creek, partly in Decatur township, Clearfield county, and Rush township, Centre county adjoining the Borough of Philipsburg, late the property of Aaron Mull, of Berks county, Penn'a. deceased, will be sold on Tuesday, the 1st of May, 1866.

All those six certain tracts or lots of land: "That is to say: The One undivided one fourth part of all that property adjacent to the Borough of Philipsburg, known as 'Steiners Mills,' composed of FIVE contiguous tracts of land, one thereof known as the 'C. Harnish' survey, containing Five Hundred and Ninety four acres and One Hundred and fourteen perches, one thereof known as the 'Flegal' survey, containing Seventy-eight acres and Twenty one and Seven-tenths perches, one thereof known as the 'Dr. Albert' survey, containing Sixty-two acres and 100 Perches, one thereof known as the 'G. H. & J. Steiner' survey, containing Thirty-five acres and Sixty perches, and one known as the survey of G. H. & J. Steiner & Co., containing Three Hundred and Twenty-eight acres, and Thirty perches, the said FIVE Tracts together containing, One Thousand and Ninety-nine acres and Twenty-eight perches, and a small portion, exclusive of small portions of said surveys, conveyed to Enoch Kline, John White, and Enoch Gearhart, respectively. ALSO, the undivided One-third, (1/3) part of a tract of timber land known as the 'Elgony tract,' situate in Rush township, Centre county, containing One Hundred and One acre, more or less, and immediately adjoining the foregoing described tracts; the whole containing about Twelve Hundred Acres, more or less." This property is desirably located near the Tyrone & Clearfield Rail Road, runs through the whole length of it. A portion of it is heavily timbered with White Pine, Oak and Hemlock, and the whole is underlain with BITUMINOUS COAL Veins from three to six feet thick. The improvements are: one Steam and one Water Saw Mill, a large two story dwelling House, Store room, and tenant house, barn, railroad station and siding, a good bearing Orchard, and about One Hundred acres of improved land in good cultivation.

TERMS & CONDITIONS OF SALE: The following terms and conditions have been fixed by the Court: One tenth of the bid at the time of striking down the property, one third of the remainder on the consummation of the Sale, and the remainder in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest from day of Sale, to be secured upon the premises by judgment bonds and mortgage. THE Sale will commence precisely at TEN o'clock, A. M., of said day, when and where due attendance will be given by the subscribers.

HENRY MULL, Admr's, LEVI MILLER, of Aaron Mull, late of Berks Co., dec'd. Clearfield, Penn'a., April 4th, 1866.

Sale of Personal Property.—There will also be exposed to Public Sale, at the same time and place, the following personal property, viz: The one half interest in and to a Shingle Machine, which will cut from nine to ten thousand shingles in Twelve hours, and in good repair. ALSO, the one half interest in and to six horses, harness, wagon, sleds, plows, harrows, &c., in which, everything necessary, and usually kept upon a farm, or an establishment of this character.

NOTICE.—The person who borrowed a Log Chain and a Riding bridle, out of my store, is requested to return them at once, or I will be under the necessity to send after it. JAMES A. MOORE, March 25, '66.

TIN WARE.—Cheap for Cash.—The largest Stock of well-made Tin ware in the State, constantly kept on hand. Merchants and Dealers are invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. MELLODY & SMITH, 123 Market St., between 7th and 8th, March 25th, '66. 41.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that Letters of Administration have this day been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of John Shoff, deceased, late of Berks township, Clearfield county, Pa. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them duly authenticated for settlement. WM. S. WELLS, March 28, '66. P. C. S. SHOFF, Admr's.