The Clearfield Republican.

WEDNESDAY MORNING,::::::::JULY 20th.

VALEDICTORY.

The last number of the *Clearfield Republican* closed the fourth volume of that journal under the control of G. B. GOODLANDER & Co., and with it closes my connection as junior editor and publisher.

As to the manner in which the late editors conducted their paper, I shall allow the public to judge for themselves; except to merely state, that, during this period, the subscription list has been increased about thirty-three per cent., and the job work about one hundred per cent. But the most gratifying of all to me is the fact that during the same period the Democratic majority has advanced from about two hundred up to nine hundred, while surrounding counties and States were meekly yielding themselves a willing sacrifice to that hell-born malady, Abolitionism, which has most effectually destroyed our political Eden.

G. B. GOODLANDER.

TO OUR PATRONS.

With the last issue closed the fourth volume of the *Republican* under the exclusive control of MOORE & GOODLANDER. It is left to others to say whether or not it has discharged its duty, and maintained its standing among the Democratic papers of Pennsylvania during that period.

The difficulties that had to be met and surmounted during the greater part of these four years, were far greater than were ever experienced in the history of newspaper publication in Pennsylvania. The cost of every item used in the printing office, and the family, has more than doubled; yet, by some means or other, we have been enabled to keep afloat. That this was very much owing to the thoughtful liberality of the noble Democrats of Clearfield county, is a pleasure to record. Since we took charge of the paper, in July, 1860, we have added to our list four hundred regular paying subscribers, and our other patronage has increased quite in proportion. Still, had it not been for the exercise of the most ceaseless industry and watchful economy on our part, it would have been impossible to have weathered the storm.

Now that Mr. Goodlander retires, and again commits the destinies of the *Republican* to the hands of the undersigned, it is thought that, after a connection, in one way and another, with this establishment of more than a quarter of a century, no foreshadowing of the principles and policy which he intends to pursue, and by which he intends to be guided, will be required. In the midst of the general gloom that now covers the land—amidst the threatened wreck of all that patriots should venerate and hope for, he can only say that, in the future, as in the past, his aim will be the national honor, and the people's welfare. With the faithful aid and council of those who believe and think as he does, he will live in the hope that his labor will not be altogether in vain.

In separating with our late partner we lose the aid and counsel of an invaluable assistant. To supply the vacancy the good wishes, the candid advice, together with the liberal and hearty support of every advocate of constitutional liberty, of States' Rights, of a restored Union, and of every man who desires the continued triumph of the Democratic party of Clearfield county, will be required. The prospect, pecuniarily, is by no means inviting. But the almost absolute necessity of a newspaper, to give tone to the sentiment of the twenty-two hundred Democratic voters of the county, is admitted.—Every Democrat feels the necessity of it, and we are sure that each one is willing to contribute his mite. The opportunity is now offered. And believing that we can furnish such a want as cheaply, (if not as ably,) as any other person, we are willing to make the effort.

D. W. MOORE.

☞During the first year of the war, when its *purpose* was simply a restoration of the Union and an enforcement of the Law, more volunteers offered their services than were needed; and it required a solemn declaration in Congress to stop them.

Now, when the *purpose* of the war is changed to that of negro emancipation and equality, all the eloquence and "prayers" of Gov. CURTIN are insufficient to induce men to volunteer even for one hundred days—to defend the soil of Pennsylvania from hostile invasion. Is there nothing wrong?

A REMARKABLE CASE.— The most remarkable case of gunshot wound we ever heard of is that of a soldier wounded at Resaca, brought to Marietta on Wednesday, and now in the hospital at that place. Two bullets passed through his head, making four holes, at which the brains were coming out, and, astonishing to tell, he was perfectly conscious, and conversed intelligently concerning his situation, and was anxious to know the doctor's opinion of his case. He was alive about thirty-six hours after the wound was inflicted, and may be yet, as we have not heard of his death.

☞Those voters who desire to cast a conscientious vote on the proposed amendments to the State Constitution, should be careful not to be misled by the claptrap slang of those who hope, by the aid of one of the proposed amendments, to retain the fat offices they now enjoy. Let all sincere patriots remember that this measure is not for a merely temporary purpose—for the present occasion—when it happens that many of our citizens are absent in the military service of the General Government; but the proposition is to change our fundamental law in its most vital part—and to last for all time. Adopt the first proposed amendment, and there is no outrage and fraud upon the ballot-box that may not be committed with perfect impunity.

The pretext is, to give the soldier "an opportunity to vote." Why give them an opportunity denied to citizens who are not soldiers, and an opportunity that may at the next, or any subsequent election, end in the total overthrow of republican liberty? But why are the Pennsylvania soldiers deprived of the opportunity to vote? Why is not the same opportunity extended to them that is extended to the soldiers of other States? When elections are held in the Eastern States, or in any other State whose soldiers are willing to vote as the Administration dictates, there is no trouble in sending them home. Why not extend the same privilege to the Pennsylvania soldiers?

O, says one, this is impossible. The Presidential election takes place on the same day throughout all the States, and to send the soldiers home on that day to each State, would leave none in the field. This is true; but how easy would it have been for Congress to have changed the law to suit the occasion. This would have given the Administration an opportunity to have sent every soldier to his own election district without danger to the public service, and without doing any violence to the sacred *principle* of free suffrage.

But if Mr. Lincoln and his followers desire to give the soldiers an opportunity to vote, they have but to cease this wasteful, causeless, and unnecessary war. He can make better terms with the rebels to-day, than he ever can hereafter. This would give every soldier such an opportunity to vote as freeman only desire.

We say, therefore, to the honest voter, be not deceived by the falsehoods of the office-holders and their sycophants. They only desire the army vote to perpetuate their power. We say, give every soldier (who is qualified by law) his vote. But to do so, do not overthrow the very foundation of political freedom.

GIVE BOTH SIDES A CHANCE.—Our neighbor announces that he has printed tickets "*for* the amendments" to the Constitution to be voted for on the 2d of August next, but not a word about tickets for 'tother side.

We likewise give notice that we have printed tickets both "*for*" and "*against*" the proposed amendments—determined that, so far as we are concerned, and as long as the least vestige of free suffrage remains to the people, they shall have the opportunity to express their real sentiments through the ballot-box.

Our country friends will please call and supply themselves and their districts.

JOHN GILLILAND, ESQ.—As there have been many mistepresentations respecting this gentleman, regarding his candidacy for County Commissioner at the late Primary Election, we publish- by special request—the following letter, which was our authority—and the only authority we had—for announcing his name. Let this settle all controversy as to *who* brought Mr. Gilliland out, and *why* he was brought out:

FRENCHVILLE, June 6, 1864.

George B. Goodlander, Esq — Dear Sir: Please to announce the name of John Gilliland, of Karthaus township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, in the name of many Democrats of Covington township; and you will oblige

Yours, truly, F. F. COUTRIET.

For the Republican.

July 11th 1864.

Messrs Editors:

The October election is fast approaching, and as yet there is no person recommended for the high and honorable position of Congressman—a position that at the present time requires the ablest and firmest talent of our country (a great deal more so than in former days.) Our once model government is now torn to pieces, and "laying about loose." All over this vast territory, great armies are raised to guard it, while speculators and government leeches appropriate it to their especial use; while the people are taxed beyond endurance to support the present political dynasties, both National and State, in all their repeated violations of the Constitution of the United States, of the laws, and of all former practices of its chief magistrates; with the heavens shrouded in mourning for the wrongs committed by our rulers, gold selling at 280, and the first engineer of the greenback rag-mill absquatulated! Oh, what a prospect for the future! Comment is unnecessary. We will experience it too soon. The times demand that we should be represented by men of giant minds—not by mere pigmies to any dictatorship; but men that know their duties to their God, their country, and to their fellow-man; and are not afraid to discharge them, though the artillery of both North and South is turned against him, and all the bastiles with their jaws extended, and their insides blackened with the many damning acts of the American Autocrat to receive him he will do his duty. In that indefatigable Democrat, our fellow-citizen, WM. A. WALLACE, we find all the necessary qualifications, both of the heart and head, to discharge the duties of that high and honorable position. Give us Mr. Wallace as our flag-bearer and we will go into the contest with an unshaken confidence—sure that we will come out with banners flying and our efforts crowned with victory. I could say a great deal more in Mr. WALLACE'S favor, but praise from me is unnecessary, as he is known, well and favorably known, all over the State. He has served two sessions in the State Senate, and has on all occasions successfully combatted the ablest talent the opposition party of the State could produce. No availability candidate, for they nearly always disgrace their friends. I would rather die an honorable death than live a dishonorable life.

Respectfully yours,

OLD SCHOOL.

THE WAR NEWS.

THE INVASION.

BALTIMORE, July 13, 12 Noon.—Nothing has been received from Washington since the arrival of the early train yesterday. You may safely set down all these exciting reports as sensational, or at most as mere rumors.

The reports of the capture of Annapolis Junction) are pronounced at headquarters as unfounded.

I have just seen General E. B. Tyler, which settles the question as to his escape.

I have just received a report, believed to be well founded, that Gen. Franklin managed to make his escape from his captors on Monday night, and that they spent nearly all day yesterday in hunting for him without success.

I will send you all that I can learn that is at all reliable.

The rebels left 420 of their wounded in Frederick city, in our hospitals there.

We are informed by Mr. S. M. Felton, President of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, that arrangements have been made to run trains daily each way from Baltimore and Philadelphia, to Perryville by rail, and from Perryville to Baltimore by steamer. The Company is now prepared to take passengers, mails, troops, and supplies.

BALTIMORE, July 13.—There was a general suspension of business this afternoon, and the citizens turned out largely and reported for duty at the various wards. All the public houses are closed and the city is very quiet.

Confidence is restored, and the only anxiety now is that the enemy should not escape without being duly punished.

BALTIMORE, July 13.—A locomotive and tender which left Washington at one o'clock to-day has arrived here safely.—They saw but one rebel on the road, and he was nearly starved to death.

There is no enemy in sight, and no fighting of moment going on.

All looks well and it is expected the road will resume trains to-morrow.

Telegraphic communication will also be resumed no doubt very soon.

WASHINGTON, July 13, Evening.—Skirmishing had been constantly going on, and our troops had acted strictly on the defensive, until yesterday evening, when the rebel sharpshooters, becoming annoying, it was determined to dislodge them from the front of Fort Stevens.

This was effectually done, amid the shouts of applause of those who witnessed the action.

The rebels retired in hot haste, leaving at the house of F. P. Blair, at Silver Springs, a hundred of their wounded, including eleven officers, and also left all their dead on the field.

Reconnoissances made to-day showed the rebels had during the night disappeared from the front of our fortifications, after firing a number of buildings they had previously occupied as a shelter for their sharpshooters.

Scouts report that the rebels were this morning re-crossing the Potomac nearly opposite Poolesville, driving before them about 2,000 head of cattle, which they had stolen, while a dispatch received by Gen. Halleck, from Rockville, says the retreating rebels passed through that place at 3 o'clock this morning, and they were at that time moving in the direction of Edwards Ferry.

The rebels near Bladensburg made off between 8 and 9 oclock this morning, taking the road westward, and driving with them a large number of horses, cattle, etc., stolen from that place. The militia and volunteers and employees in the several departments of Government were called out to-day, and performed the duty assigned them. There has been no extraordinary excitement in Washington. Several Squads of rebel prisoners were brought in to-day.

Our killed and wounded yesterday amounted to about two hundred, among them Major Crosby, 61st Penna., arm amputated, Lieut. Col. Johnson, 49th New York, killed; Col. Visscher, 43d New York, killed; Lieut. McLaughlin, 61st Penna., killed; Major Jones, 7th Me., killed. The bodies of these officers have been embalmed.

FROM WASHINTON.

WASHINGTON, July 16—Additional alarm was occasioned on the Virginia side of the Potomac yesterday by reports that the rebels are running the railroad up to Manassas. The truth of this report is not yet established, but many persons observant of military affairs think it not improbable, and the design of the rebels is to hold the gaps and keep open the communication between Gordonsville and the valley.

The *Star* says: A force of rebel raiders, numbering between 220 and 300 men, passed through Little Washington, Sperryville and Creighersville on Thursday night, on their way towards Madison Court House and Gordonsville. They had with them 150 horses and 25 prisoners, who were mounted on the captured animals.

They passed Creigherville about 8 o'clock, and half an hour afterwards a small forces of Union cavalry from the west, who crossed the Shenandoah about Conrad's store, made their appearance at the same place, and pursued the rebels. The latter gave out that they were making their way to Gordonsville and thence to Richmond. They seemed to be in a hurry, having received information that Sheridan, with a large cavalry force was smashing things generally.

This rebel force was doubtless part of the force lately operating in Maryland.

Gen. M'Cook, Gen. Payne and Gen. Doubleday have been relieved from duty in this department. Gen. M Cook is to report to the Adjutant General for instructions, and Gens. Doubleday and Payne will resume their positions on general court martial.

Gen. Harnden has been ordered to resume the command of his division garrisoning the defences of Washington north of the Potomac.

BLACK VS. WHITE.—The unlimited freedom granted "citizens of African descent" at the late Sanitary Fair, is now working its sequel. A day or two ago a colored woman entered one of the cars on the Seventeenth and Nineteenth Streets Railway, which happened to be comfortably filled at the time, and unobserved by the Conductor she began search for a seat.—Among the passengers there happened to be a Leaguer and his lady, who, noticing that his sable friend was not likely to be accomodated, magnanimously arose and placed her beside his wife. All eyes were now upon the Miscegenator. A scene of confusion ensued. The other passengers vacated their places, vowing vengeance upon the Leaguer and his dark acquaintance, and but for the timely interference of the Conductor both would have been precipitated into the street. The car was stopped and the objectionable party removed. It is evident that there is not the least possible chance of colored "pussuns" being permitted to ride with white people in the city cars, although the Leaguers would have it so.—*Philadelphia Age, July* 11.

☞Andy Cooper, a free American of the purest African descent, came near losing his life on Saturday. He was a waiter at one of our hotels, and on the morning of that day, forcibly seized and kissed a respectable white married lady, living at the same hotel. As soon as the lady could escape his grasp she informed her husband, who took a revolver and went into the dining room, where Andy was at work, with the intention of blowing his brains out, but Andy, discovering his approach, and knowing his object, seized a girl standing by, and held her between himself and the enraged husband, until he could back to the "dummy," down which he pitched, carrying the girl with him, to the basement kitchen.—From there he made a frog leap through a window and then locomotive speed to "Nigger Alley," since when he has been invisible. If we don't mistake public sentiment, Andy will find Williamsport a very unsafe place of residence.—*Lycoming Gazette.*

MARRIED—At the residence of the bride's mother, in Clearfield, on the evening of the 15th inst., by Rev. L. M. Gardner, Mr. HENRY ROSS to Miss MAGGIE FLANIGAN; all of this place.

DIED—In Bell township, near Lumber City, on Thursday, June 23d, LEWIS HOOVER, son of J. A. and C. Passmore; aged eleven months.

☞In this place, on Sunday last, ALICE MARY, daughter of Abram and Lucinda Humphrey, aged 3 years, 6 months, and 15 days.

New Advertisements.

AUCTION! AUCTION!!

THERE will be exposed to public sale, on SATURDAY, the 30th inst., at the tavern stand of BENJ. BLOOM, in the borough of Curwensville, the following property, to wit: ONE OVERCOAT, and the Fixtures of

A PANORAMA SHOW.

jy20-2t Mrs. NANCY BLOOM.

Orphans Court Sale of VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield county, there will be exposed to public sale on SATURDAY, the 20th day of AUGUST next, at the "Blue Ball Hotel," in Decatur township, the following described Real Estate, late the property of Peter Smeal, dec'd:

A certain tract of land in Boggs township, Clearfield county, containing

One Hundred and Nine Acres,

Beginning at a white pine, thence by lands of W. Smeal north 118 perches to post, thence east 157½ perches to post, thence by lands of G. D. Morgan & Co., south 118 perches to post, thence by land of Jeremiah Smeal 157½ perches to place of beginning—with about

Twenty-Four Acres of Cleared Land

thereon. Part of this land is well timbered with white and yellow pine, and is supposed to contain inexhaustible quantities of coal.

TERMS—One half cash at sale, and the remainder in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by judgment bond.

☞Sale to commence at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, when due attendance will be given by

CYRENIUS HOWE, Adm'r.
jy20-4t MARY SMEAL, Adm'x.

ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Finances of Clearfield Borough Sch District for school year ending June 1, 1864:

ASSETS.

Balance due from J. M. Kittlebarger, Treasurer, for school year ending June 1, 1864,	$24 72
Balance due from Benjamin Spackman, Collector for school year ending 1st June, 1863, (bearing interest,)	221 32
Balance due from William Radebaugh, Collector for school year ending 1st June, 1863, (bearing interest,)	864 06

LIABILITIES.

Balance due Wm. Porter, Collector for 1860	$1 16	
Outstanding orders not bearing interest	110 00	
Outstanding interest orders,	207 00	
Interest on same to 1st June, 1864, unpaid	18 96	
Due H. B. Wright, Judgment,	209 88	
Unpaid interest on same to 1st June, 1864	24 13	
Excess of assets	438 97	
	$1,110 10	$1,110 10

The per centage of Collector Spackman, and the exonerations and per centage of Collector Radebaugh, have not been deducted from the balances carried up against them.

GEORGE THORN, President.

Attest,
R. J. WALLACE, Secretary. jy20-3t

TAKE NOTICE—The Commissioners of Clearfield County will be in session on MONDAY, the 25th day of JULY, 1864, for the purpose of paying the veterans accredited to Clearfield county; at which time all persons having authority to receipt for veterans will attend. By order of the Board.

jy20-1t W. S. BRADLEY, Clerk.

FORMERLY AT THE BELLEFONTE FOUNDRY—CHANGE PLACE OF BUSINESS.

HAUPT & Co.,

HAVING leased the Foundry and Machine Shops at Milesburg, known as "GREEN'S FOUNDRY," are prepared to manufacture and repair Steam Engines, Sweep and Tread power Threshing Machines, New World and Hathaway Cook Stoves, Wagon Spindles, Plows, and Castings of all kinds at short notice. They also have both at Bellefonte and Milesburg, a variety of Cook and Parlor Stoves, for soft coal, of Pittsburg manufacture. Call and see for yourselves.

J. C. HAUPT is agent for the York and Columbia Insurance Companies. jy20,64-1y

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

Diseases of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary and Sexual Systems—new and reliable treatment—in reports of the Howard Association, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. jy20-'64 1y

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against taking an assignment of a promissory Note given by the undersigned to John Smith and Robert Stewart, dated in August or September, 1862, and payable in the Spring of 1863, as said note has been paid in full.

JOHN DIXON.

Bradford tp., July 20, 1864-pd.

LICENSED AUCTIONEER.

JUSTIN PIE, having applied for License as an Auctioneer, under the U. S. Revenue Laws, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is always prepared to attend public sales in any part of the county, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. He can be addressed, personally or by letter, at Lecont's Mills, Clearfield county, Pa.

jy13-4t JUSTIN PIE,

STRAY OXEN.—Strayed away from the premises of the subscriber, in Girard township, the one about the 23d, and the other about the 30th June last, TWO OXEN, 5 years old last spring—one with black sides, white streak along the back, and some white about the head; the other red, with white on his back, and right ear marked. A liberal reward will be paid for information concerning said oxen, by addressing the undersigned, either personally, or by letter to Leconte's Mills post office.

jy13 B. M'GOVERN.

POLITICAL CARICATURE NO. 2.

MISCEGENATION;

OR

THE MILLENIUM OF ABOLITIONISM.

THIS PICTURE, the same size as "The Grave of the Union," is a capital hit the new plank in the Republican platform. It represents society as it is to be in the era of 'Equality and Fraternity." Sumner is introducing a strapping 'colored lady" to the President. A young woman (white) is being kissed by big buck nigger, while a lady lecturer, supposed to be "The Inspired Maid," sits upon the knee of a sable brother urging him to come to her lectures, while Greeley, in very height of ecstatic enjoyment, is eat ice cream with a female African of monstrous physique, declaring that society had at last reached absolute perfection. In the back ground is a carriage, negroes inside, white drivers and footmen; a white servant girl drawing a nigger baby, and a newly arrived German surveying the whole scene exclaims, "Mine Got, vot a guntry! vot a beeples!"

No description can do justice to the hits contained in this picture. It holds "the mirror up to nature." The artist has achieved a great success in debicting the practical workings of "Miscegenation," the logical result of the "Equality and Fraternity" doctrine.

It ought to be circulated far and wide as a campaign document.

Price 25 cents per copy; 5 copies, $1; 11 copies, $2, post paid. By express, $10 per hundred.

Address, giving post office, county and State, in full, BROMLEY & Co.,

jy13-2t Box 4,265 New York Post Office.

Orpans' Court Sale,

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Clearfield County, the undersigned will expose to PUBLIC SALE at

Irwin's Mill in Burnside Township,

on *Wednesday the 3d day of August, A. D.* 1864, all the undivided one half part of all that certain tract of land situate in Bell and Burnside townships, containing **250 Acres** more or less Bounded on the East by the river, on the South by John Sunderland, on the West by Benj. Baird, on the North by J. F. Lee—late the estate of Jacob L. Smith, dec'd.

TERMS—Cash at confirmation of the sale.

PETER M. SMITH, Administrator.

July 6-pd.

DR. TOBIAS' VENITIAN LINIMENT.

More testimony! this is to certify that for the last five years I have used in my family Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment, and every instance have found it fully equal to his recommendations. I have found it to give instantaneous relief in cases of toothache, croup, bilious colic, sore throat, pain in the chest and back, and rheumatism, and I cheerfully recommend its trial to every one afflicted with any of the above-named diseases. JAMES H. WARNER.

Hartford, Conn., Oct. 16th, 1864.

Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Sold by all Druggists, Office 56, Cortlandt street N. Y.

July 6th, 1864-1m

CIRCULAR—HISTORY OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES.—Elias Barr, & Co. respectfully announce that they have preparation a history of the Pennsylvania Reserves from their organization to the expiration of their term of service.

The history will contain the names of all the officers and privates of the corps—their promotions, casualities and discharges—also, graphic descriptions of their camp life and their gallant achievements in the many battles in which they have taken part—all derived from official and authentic sources.

The History of the Pennsylvania Reserves will be in One Volume of 600 pages, octavo size, neatly printed on good paper, and substantially bound in black cloth, containing a steel engraving of the lamented Reynolds, and one of Gov. Curtin (who first recommended the formation of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps,) and will be sold only by subscription. It will be ready in August, next.

The publishers feel confident that the just pride which every Pennsylvanian must entertain for the brave men whose gallant achievements and patriotic self-devotion it records will secure for "The History" a generous and appreciative reception. ELIAS BARR & Co. Publishers.

No. 6. East King Street.

☞Active and reliable Agents wanted in every district in Pennsylvania to canvass for the above work.☜

JOHN F. MOORE, Clearfield Pa., Agent for Clearfield county, June 29, 1864.

THE CAMPAIGN AGE.

THE PUBLISHERS OF

THE PHILADELPHIA AGE

Will issue a Campaign Sheet for the Democratic and Conservative masses.

It will be printed on a large sheet of fine white paper, at such rates as will bring it within the reach of all. It will support the nominees of the Democratic National Convention, the full proceedings of which will be published in its columns. It will boldly advocate the rights of the white man, and fearlessly sustain all the constitutional rights of the citizen, no matter from what quarter they may be assailed.

The first number will be issued about the 5th of August. The whole number will be thirteen following each other weekly, until the Presidential election, the result of which will be contained in the final number. Democratic and Conservative Clubs, County Committees, Agents and all interested in the cause are invited to co-operate in the circulation of

THE CAMPAIGN AGE.

TERMS:

The CAMPAIGN AGE, of Thirteen Numbers.

SINGLE COPIES for the series	50 cents
IN CLUBS of not less than 20 to one address	45 "
" " 50 " "	40 "

Cash must accompany each order, and NO VARIATION WILL BE MADE IN ANY CASE FROM THE ABOVE TERMS.

Orders should be sent in immediately, or at latest by the first day of August, to

GLOSSBRENNER & WELSH,
430, Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

PROVISIONS—Flour, Cheese, Lard, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, received regularly from the west at the store of J. P. KRATZER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given, That Letters of Administration on the estate of Greenwood McCracken, late of Ferguson tp., Clearfield co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement. JOHN H. ROWLEY,

jun. 22 64-pd. Administrator.

FARM OF 226 ACRES FOR SALE.—Persons desiring to gain in the purchase of a FARM, will do well to embrace the opportunity now offered. The subscriber is situated in Morris township, Clearfield county, about 60 acres cleared and improved with good outbuildings, and is advantageously located and can be made highly productive. It will be sold at a bargain. ☞For further particulars apply to the subscriber either in person or by letter to Kylertown Post Office, Clearfield county.

wjun. 1, 2m pd. FREDERICK NERF.

BONNETS—Fashionable Bonnets, hats, Hats, Caps, Shakers, Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Crape, Bonnet Silks and Millinery Goods generally, cheaper than the cheapest at

J. P. KRATZER'S.

RELIEF NOTICE.—The Board of Relief for the county of Clearfield, will meet at the Commissioners' office, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 27th and 28th days of July 1864.

The Board have directed that all new applicants must appear before the Board and produce their sworn statement detailing name of soldier, regiment and company; when enlisted; the number of children, with age and sex of each; the township in which they resided at the time of enlistment, and their present residence; and if she is without the means of support for herself and children, who are dependent upon her.

Two witnesses of credibility, from the township in which she resides, must also be produced whose certificate, sworn to before the board, must set forth that the applicant is the person she represents herself to be; that the statement of the number and age of her family is true; that she is in destitute circumstances and her family in actual want; and that all the facts set forth in her application are just and true.

Forms containing these requisitions can be obtained at the office of the Board of Relief when application is made and the witnesses appear.

July 6, 1864. WM. S. BRADLEY, Clk.

New Watch and Jewelry Store.

S. H. LAUCHLIN, having purchased the interest of his late partner, is now going on his own hook in the shop formerly occupied by them on Second street, where he is prepared to keep up his reputation as a complete workman by doing all work entrusted to him on short notice, in the best manner, and on the most reasonable terms. Defying the county, all he asks is a fair trial, and a continuation of the patronage heretofore extended. Look out for the sign of

THE BIG WATCH.

N. B—The Cash will be positively expected when the work is delivered. S. H. L.

Clearfield, April 7, 1864. y

ROBERT J. WALLACE, ATTORNEY at Law, Clearfield, Pa., Office in Shaw's Row, opposite the Journal office.

dec. 1, 1858.—tf

CLOTHING—Full suits to match, of coats, pants and vests, overalls, duster, Boys' clothing at J. P. KRATZER'S.

National Hotel,

MAINE STREET, CURWENSVILLE, PA.

WM. A. MASON, Proprietor.

THIS long established and well known HOTEL, situated in the west end of the town, has been remoddled, enlarged and improved, and the proprietor respectfully announces to his numerous friends, and to the travelling public, that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call.

Ample, safe and comfortable stabling attached to the premises, and trusty attendants will always be on hand. Charges moderate.

Feb. 12, 1862.—tf.

NOTICE & CAUTION.

HAVING made application to the Assistant Assessor of the 19th Collection District of Pennsylvania, and a License as Auctioneer having been granted to me by the proper authority, I would inform the citizens of Clearfield county that I will attend to "calling sales" wherever desired in any part of the county, charges moderate. Address JOHN L. REAM,

Dec. 16, 1863-tf. Clearfield, Pa.

P. S.—Any person "calling" sales without a license is subject to a penalty of $50, which will be enforced in accordance with the law, against all persons violating the statute.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL HARRISBURG, Pa.

COVERLY & HUTCHISON, *Proprietors.*

THIS Hotel, so well known to the travelling public of Clearfield county, is now in addition to afford the most excellent accommodation either for the transient guest or the permanent boarder.

The "United States" has now all the conveniences of

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL

and the Proprietors are determined to spare no expense, time nor labor to ensure the comfort of the guests. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited. jy 1, '63.

D. G. BUSH. T. J. M'CULLOUGH,

BUSH & M'CULLOUGH,
Collection Office.
CLEARFIELD, PA.

☞IN GRAHAM'S NEW BUILDING.☜

Feb. 5, '62.

Clearfield Academy.

D. W. McCURDY, A. B. Principal.

THE next Quarter will open on Monday the 4th of April, 1864. Terms of tuition as follows:

Common English, comprising those branches not higher than Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, English Grammar and History, per quarter,	$5 00
Higher English, per quarter,	7 00
Languages, per quarter,	10 00

March 16, 1864.

WATCH & JEWELRY STORE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he has just received from the East, and opened at his establishment in *GRAHAM'S ROW*, Clearfield, Pa., a fine assortment of Clocks, WATCHES, and JEWELRY of different qualities, from a single piece to a full sett, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices for cash, or in exchange for old gold and silver.

CLOCKS of every variety on hand, at the most reasonable prices.

ALL kinds of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired and *Warranted.*

A continuance of patronage is solicited.

Sept. 19, 1860. H. F. NAUDER.

Boots, Boots! | Shoes! Shoes!

DANIEL CONNELLY begs leave to inform his friends, and the citizens of Clearfield and vicinity generally, that he has taken the shop lately occupied by George Newson, in Shaw's Row, where he intends to be ready at all times to wait upon those who may favor him with their custom.

He will guarantee his work to be as well executed as can be made elsewhere, and at quite as reasonable prices. He is bound to win the good opinion of all who walk in shoe-leather—whether male or female—and all he asks is a fair trial.

Clearfield, July 8, 1863—y